



WHO Region Azji Południowo-Wschodniej

Regional report card - children

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/region/who-se-asia-region-4/>.

Występowanie otyłości

Dzieci



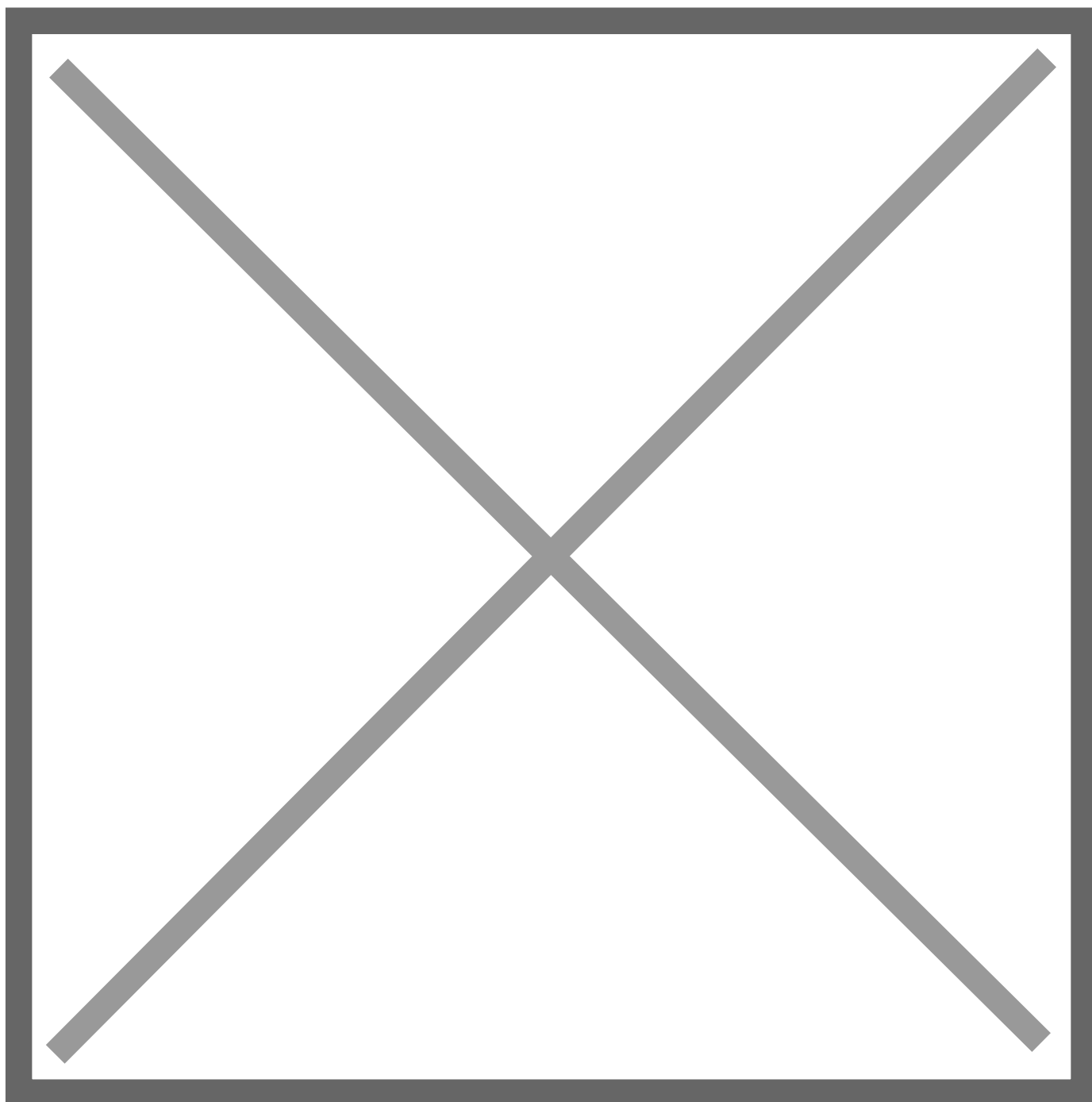
Typ ankiety:

Countries marked with a * are using self-reported data.

Uwagi:

Different methodologies have been used to collect this data and so it is not strictly comparable.

Chęć opcy



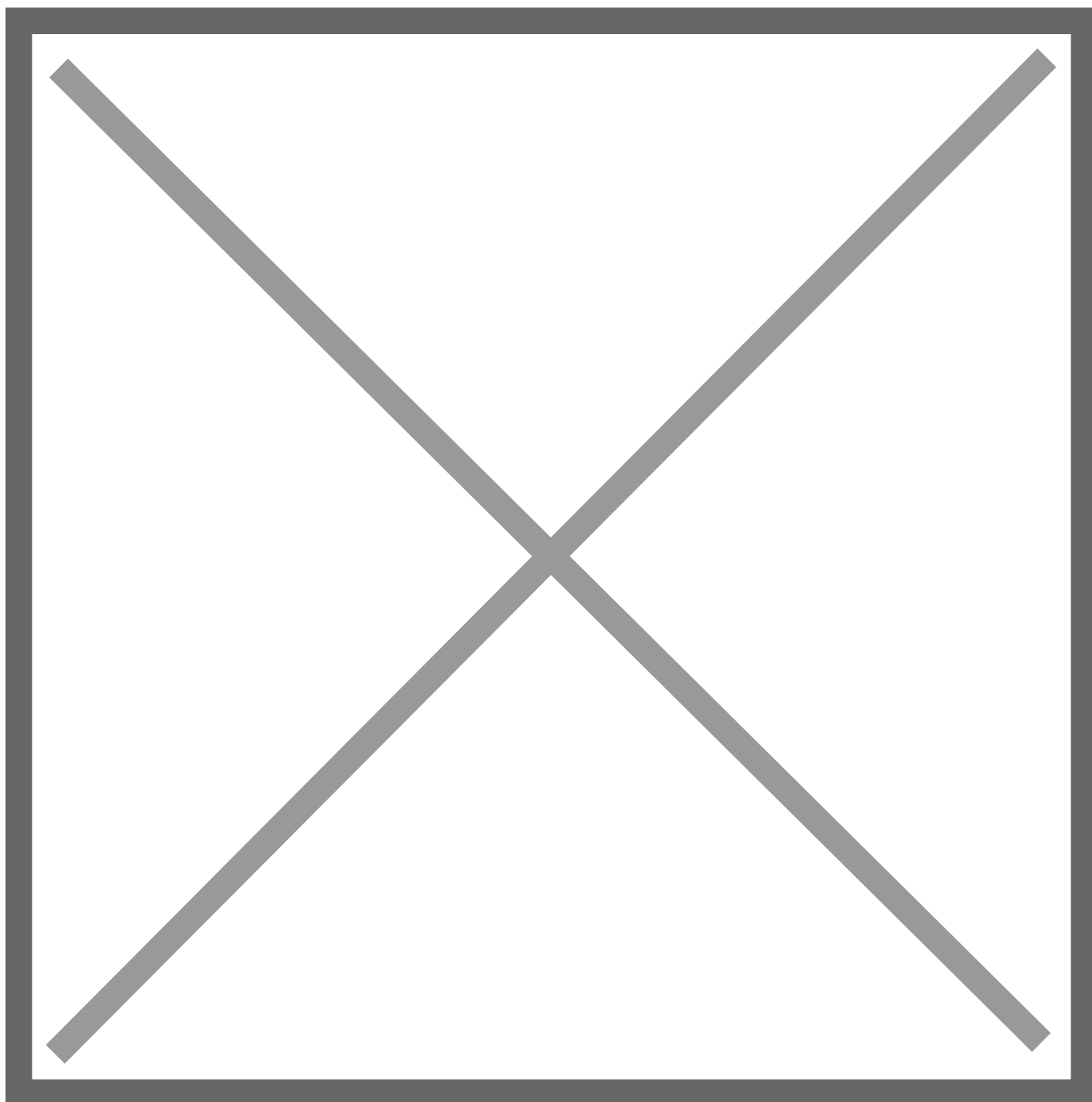
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Dziewczyna ta



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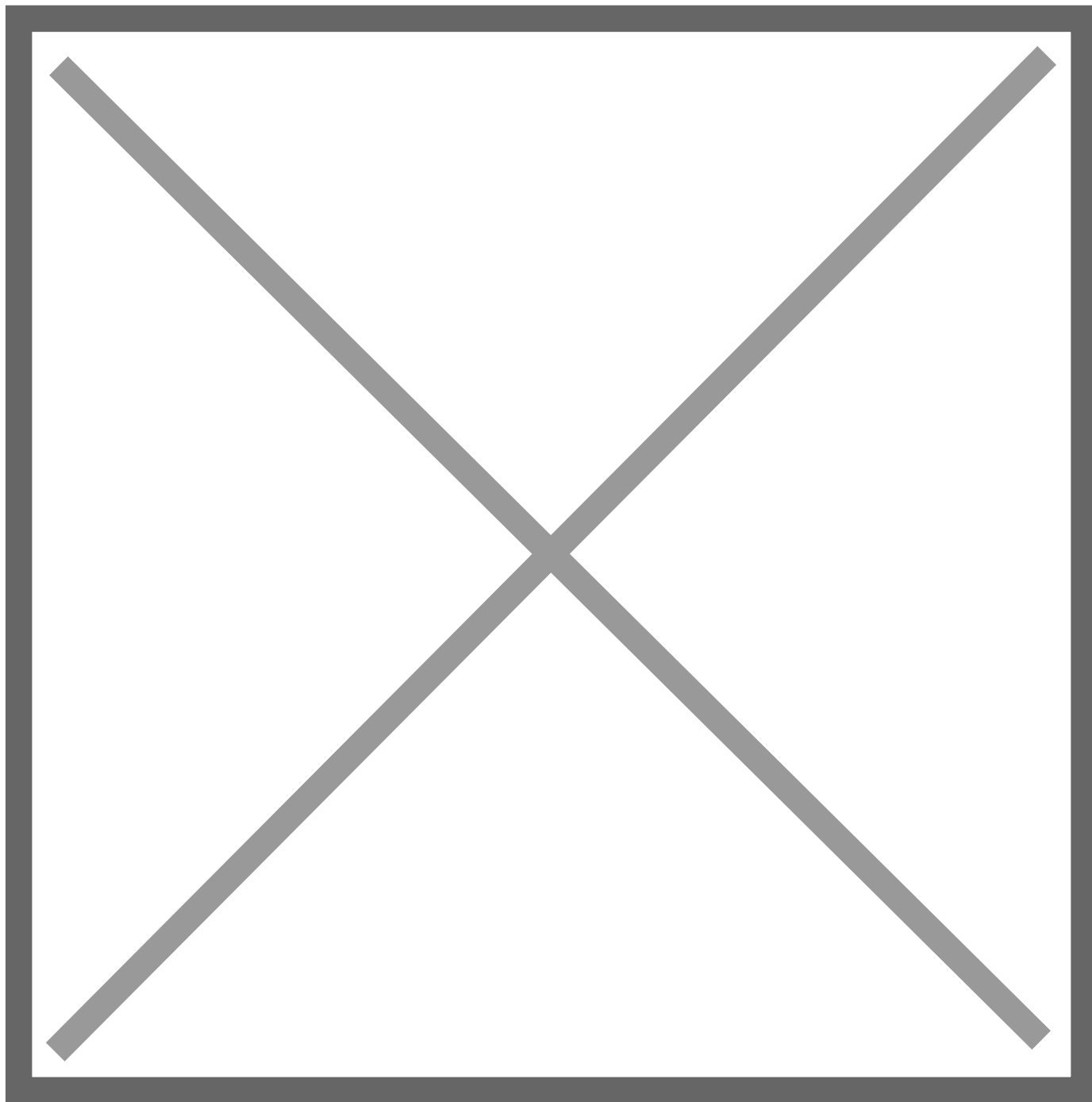
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Niewystarczająca aktywność

Dzieci, 2016



Typ ankiety:

Dane deklarowane

Wiek:

11-17

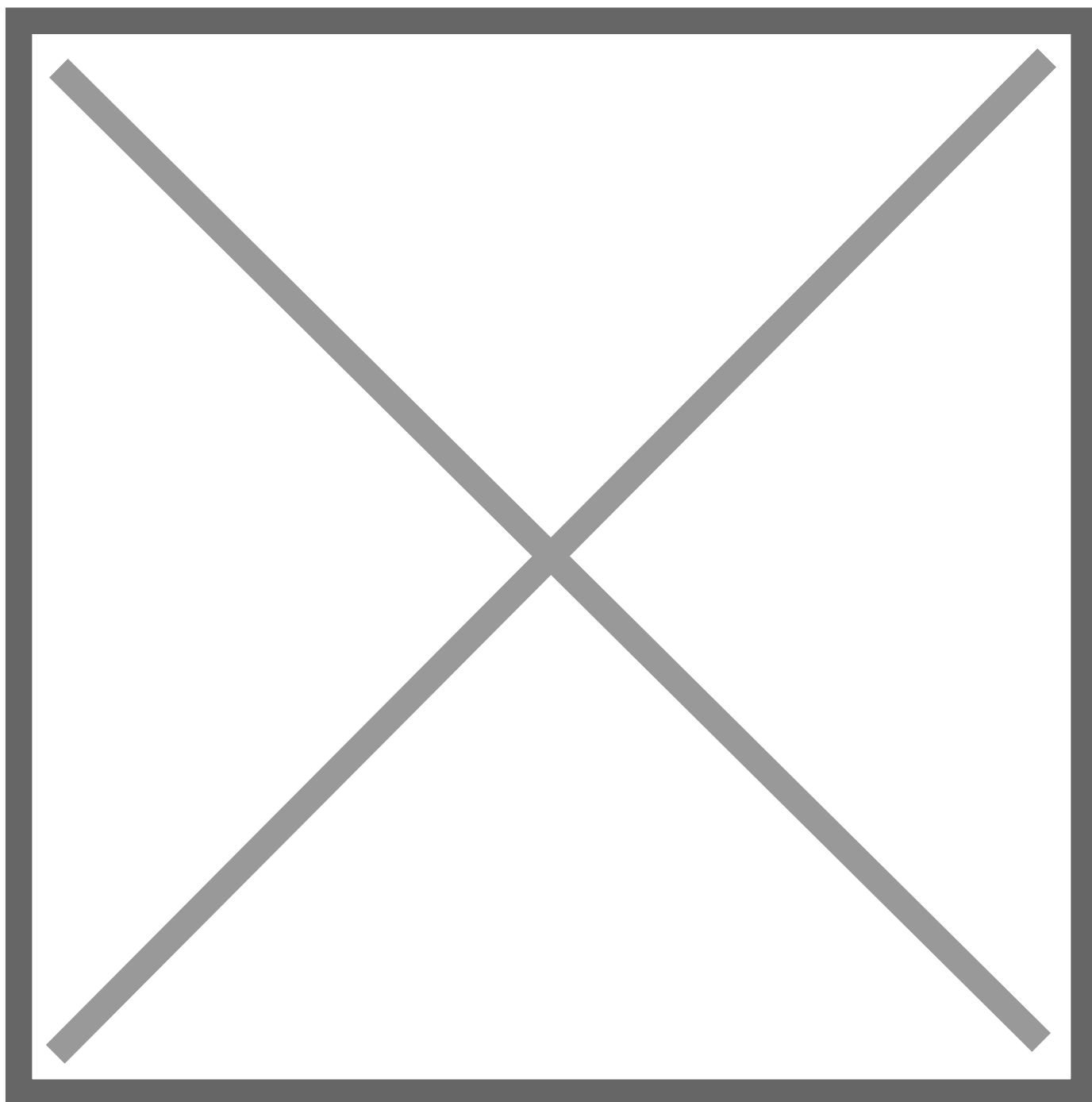
Bibliografia:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en> (last accessed 16.03.21)

Uwagi: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definicje
(dostępne tylko w języku angielskim): % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Chęć opcy, 2016



Typ ankiety:

Dane deklarowane

Wiek:

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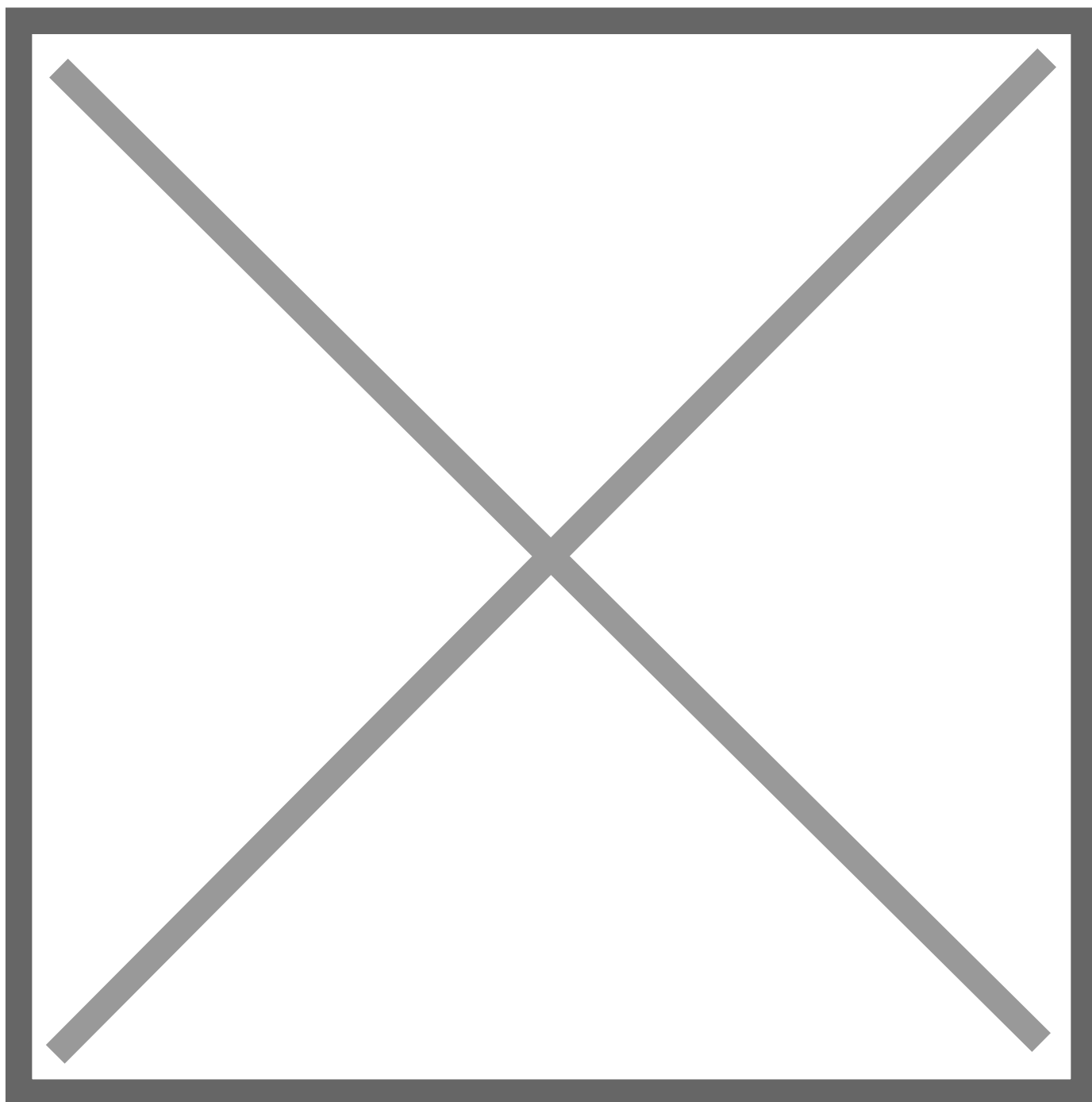
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% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

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tylko w języku
angielskim):

% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Dziewcząt, 2016



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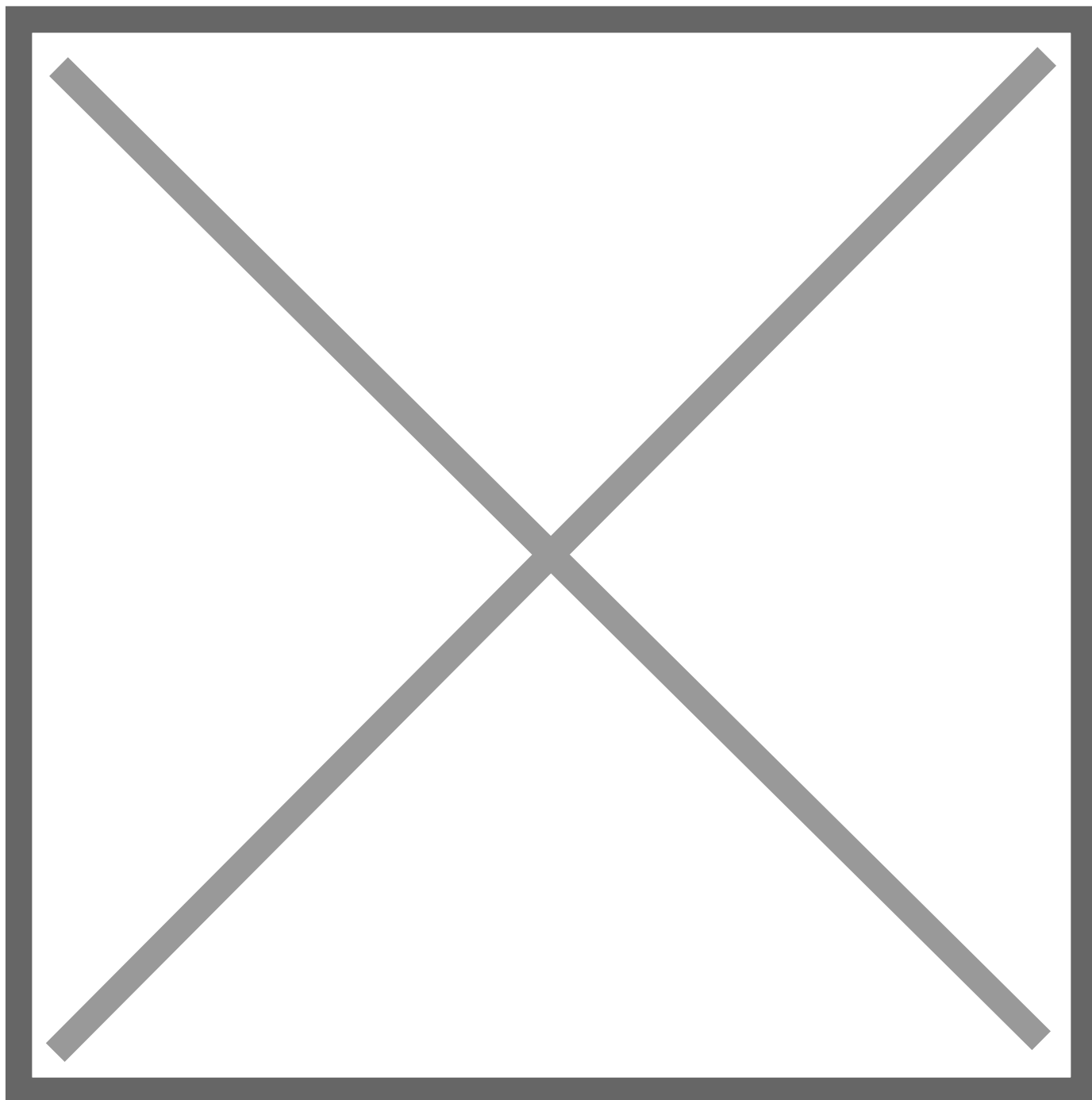
% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definicje
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tylko w języku
angielskim):

% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Średnia dzienna czarna stotliwa i spożycia gazowanych napojów bezalkoholowych

Dzieci, 2014-2015



Typ ankiety:

Dane obserwowane

Wiek:

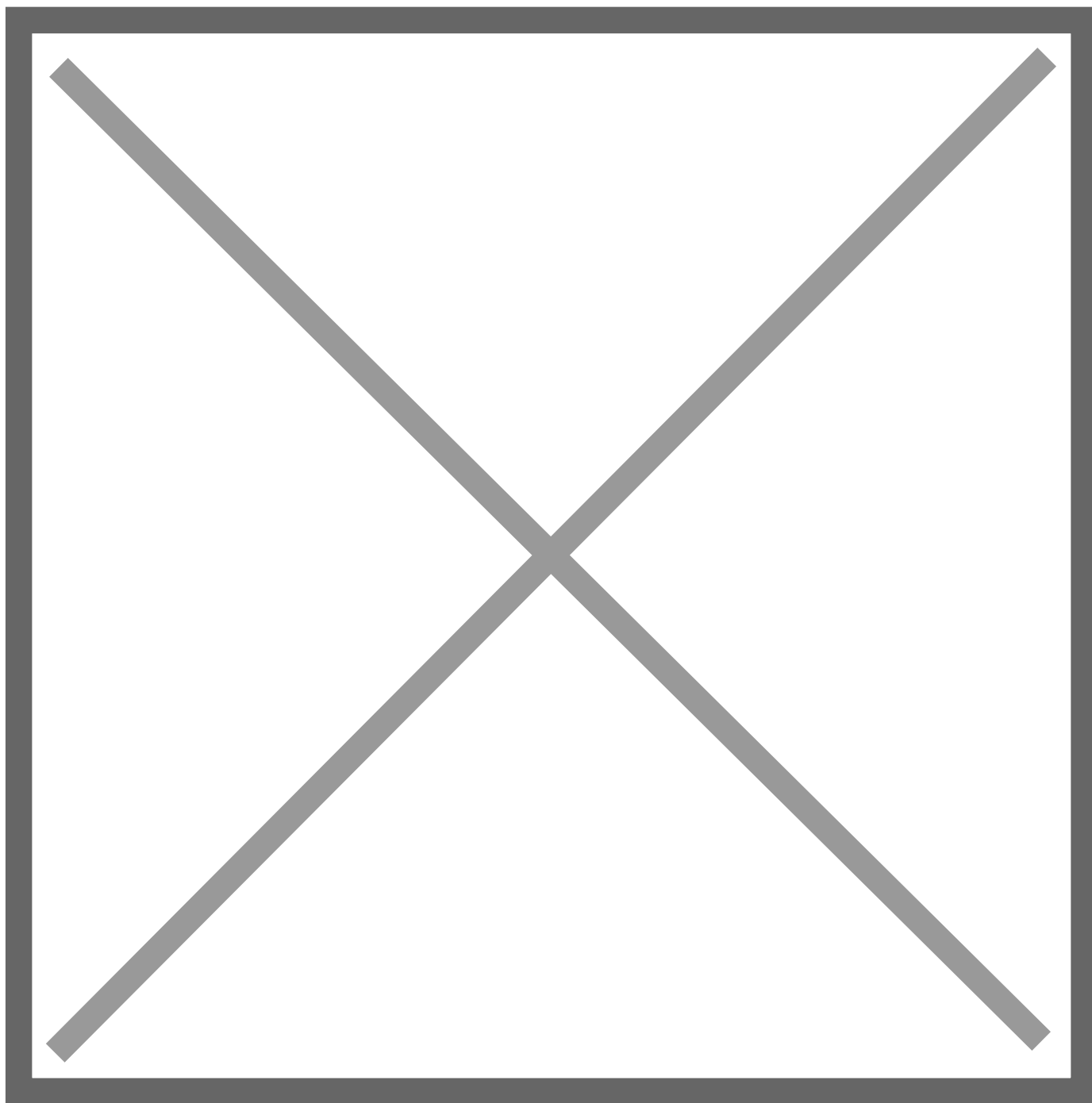
12-17

Bibliografia:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption

Dzieci, 2008-2015



Typ ankiety:

Dane obserwowane

Wiek:

12-17

Bibliografia:

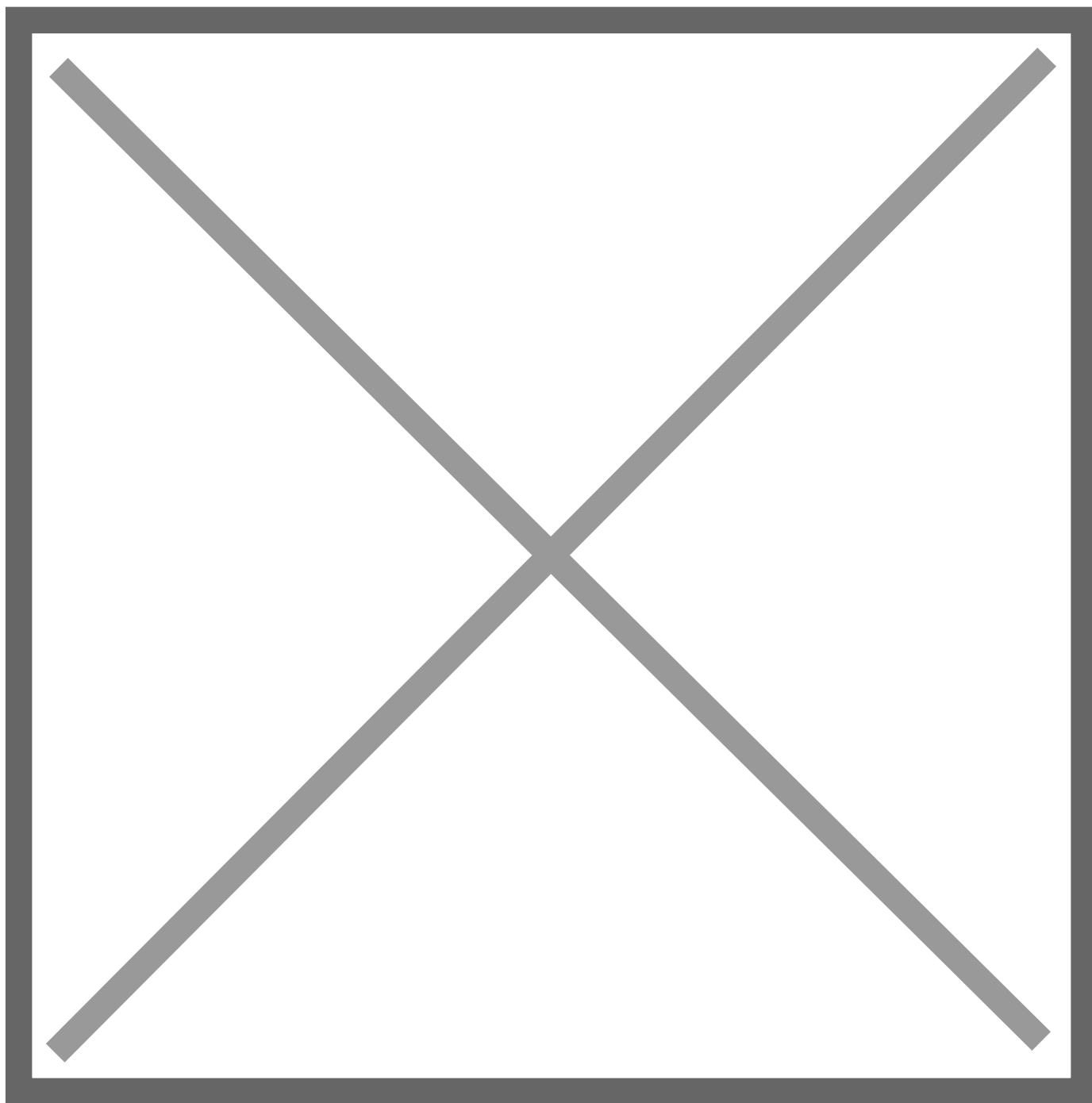
Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287>. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

**Definicje
(dostępne
tylko w języku
angielskim):**

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption

Dzieci, 2008-2015



Typ ankiety:

Dane obserwowane

Wiek:

12-17

Bibliografia:

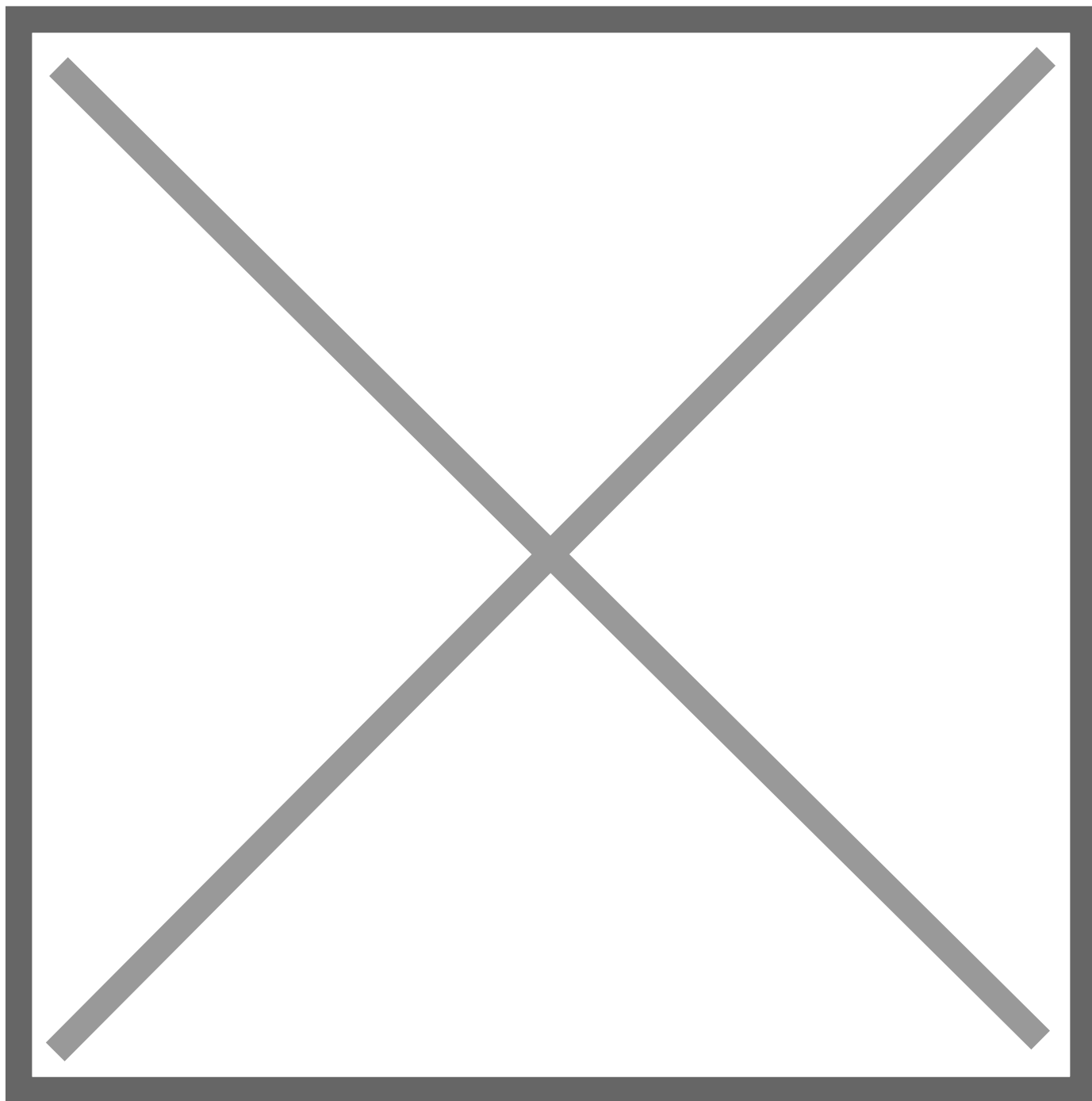
Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

**Definicje
(dostępne
tylko w języku
angielskim):**

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)

Średnia tygodniowa częstotliwość spożycia fast foodów

Dzieci, 2014-2015



Wiek:

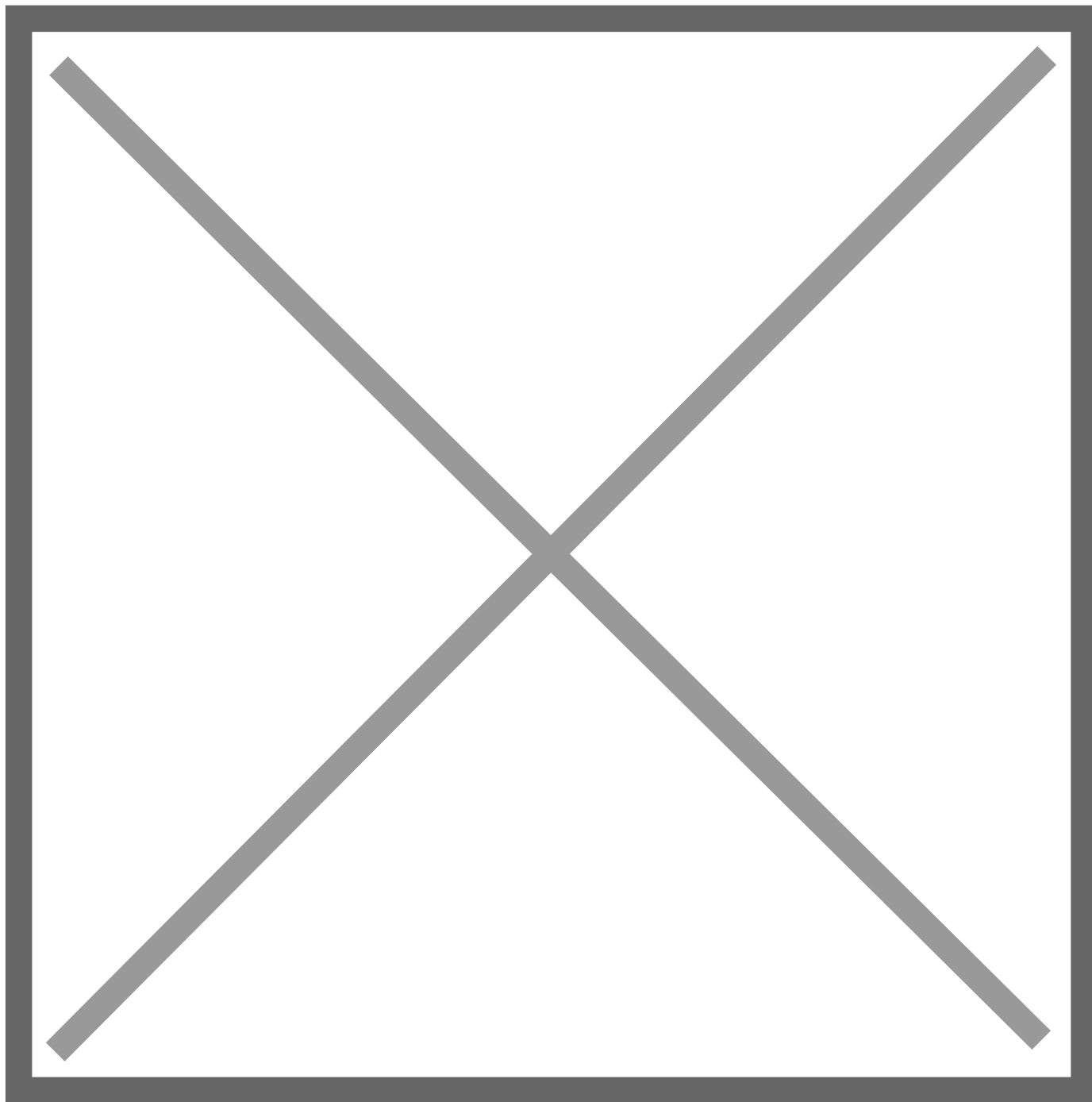
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Zdrowie psychiczne i zaburzenia depresyjne

Dzieci, 2021



Objęty
obszar:

Krajowe

Bibliografia:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definicje
(dostępne
tylko w języku
angielskim):

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Chęć opcy, 2021



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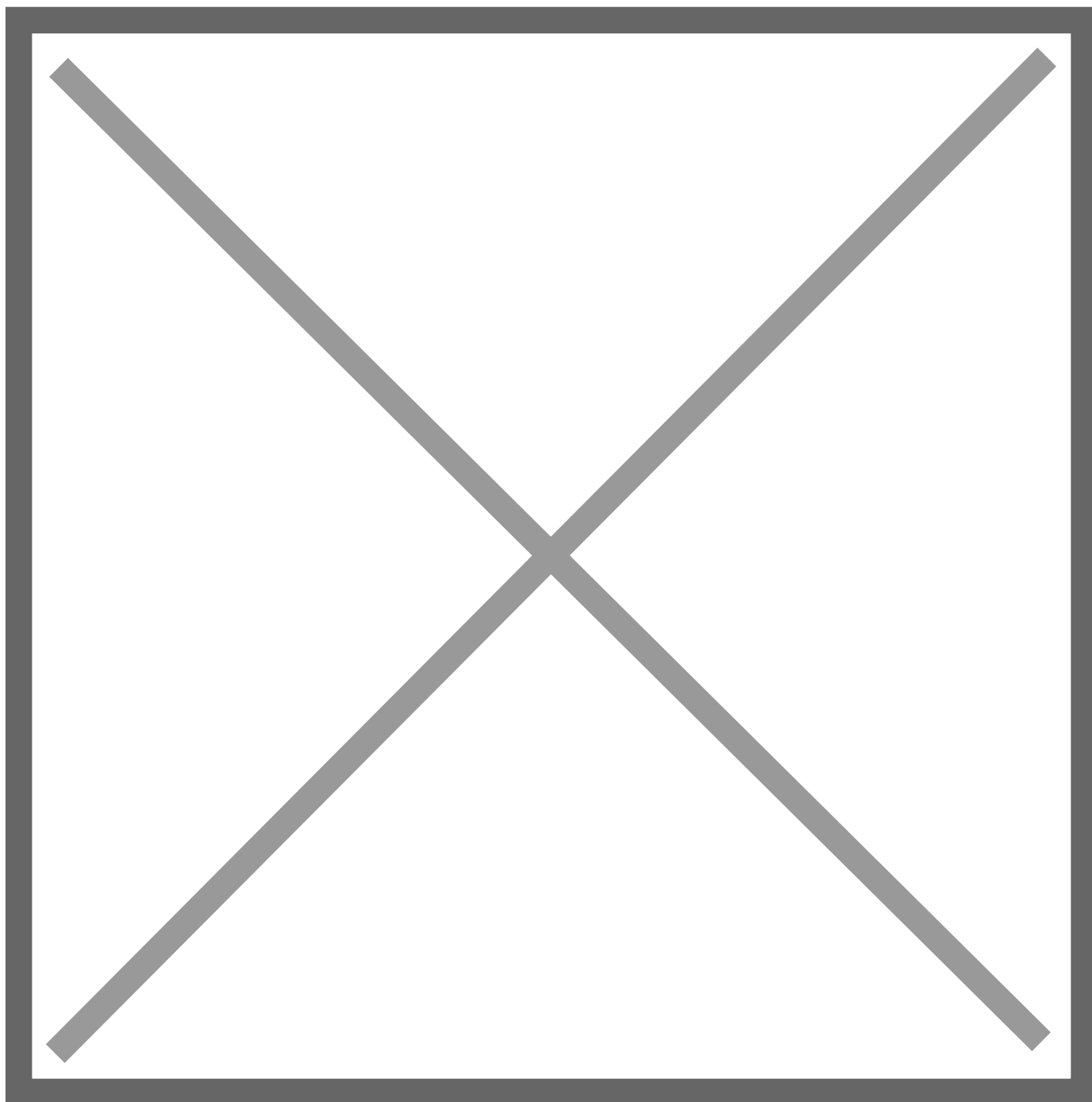
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

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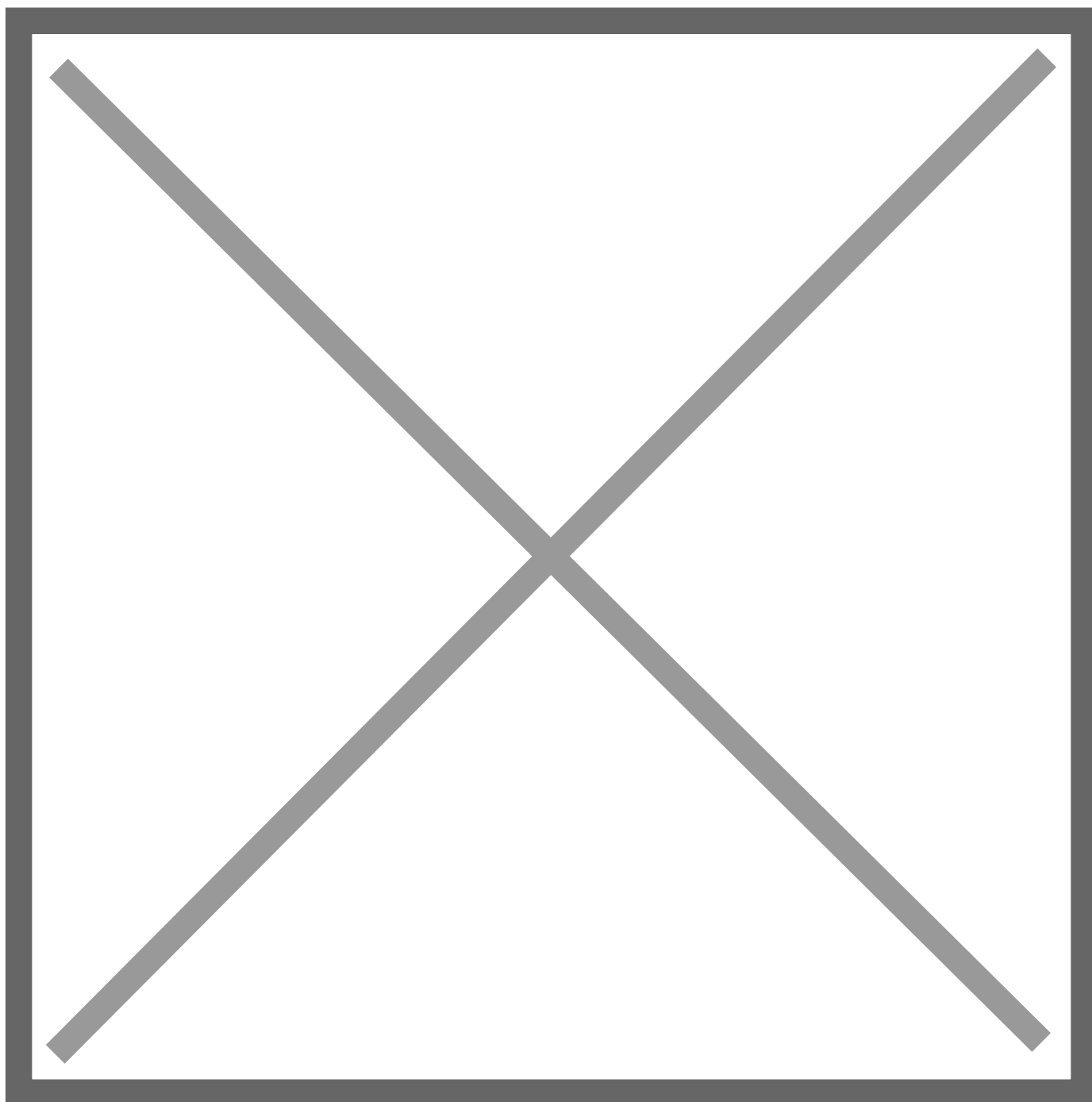
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Dzieci, 2021

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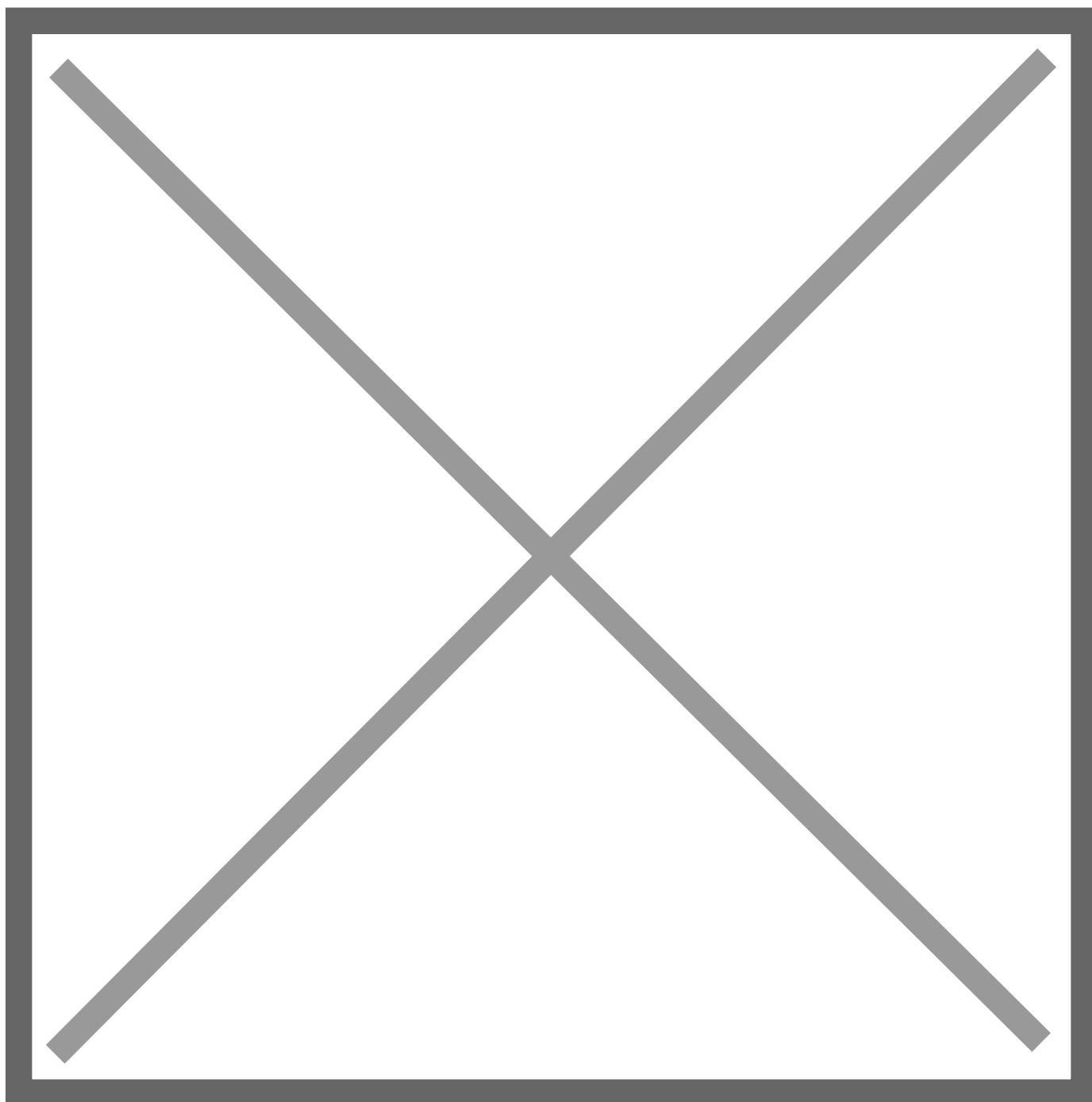
Chęć opcy, 2021



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