



# WHO-Region Americas

## Regional report card - children

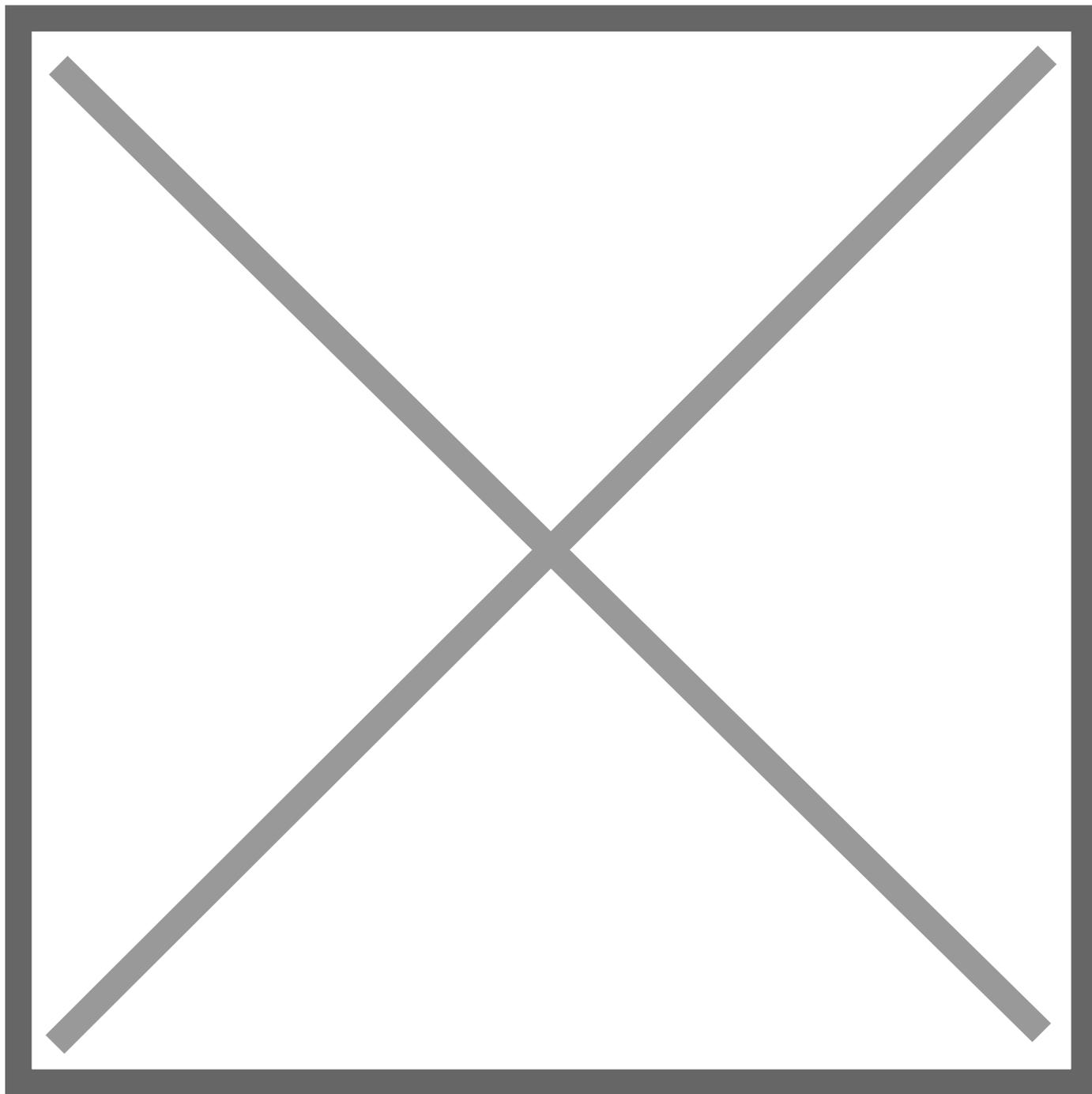
*This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.*

*View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/region/who-americas-region-3/>.*



## Adipositasprävalenz

### Kinder



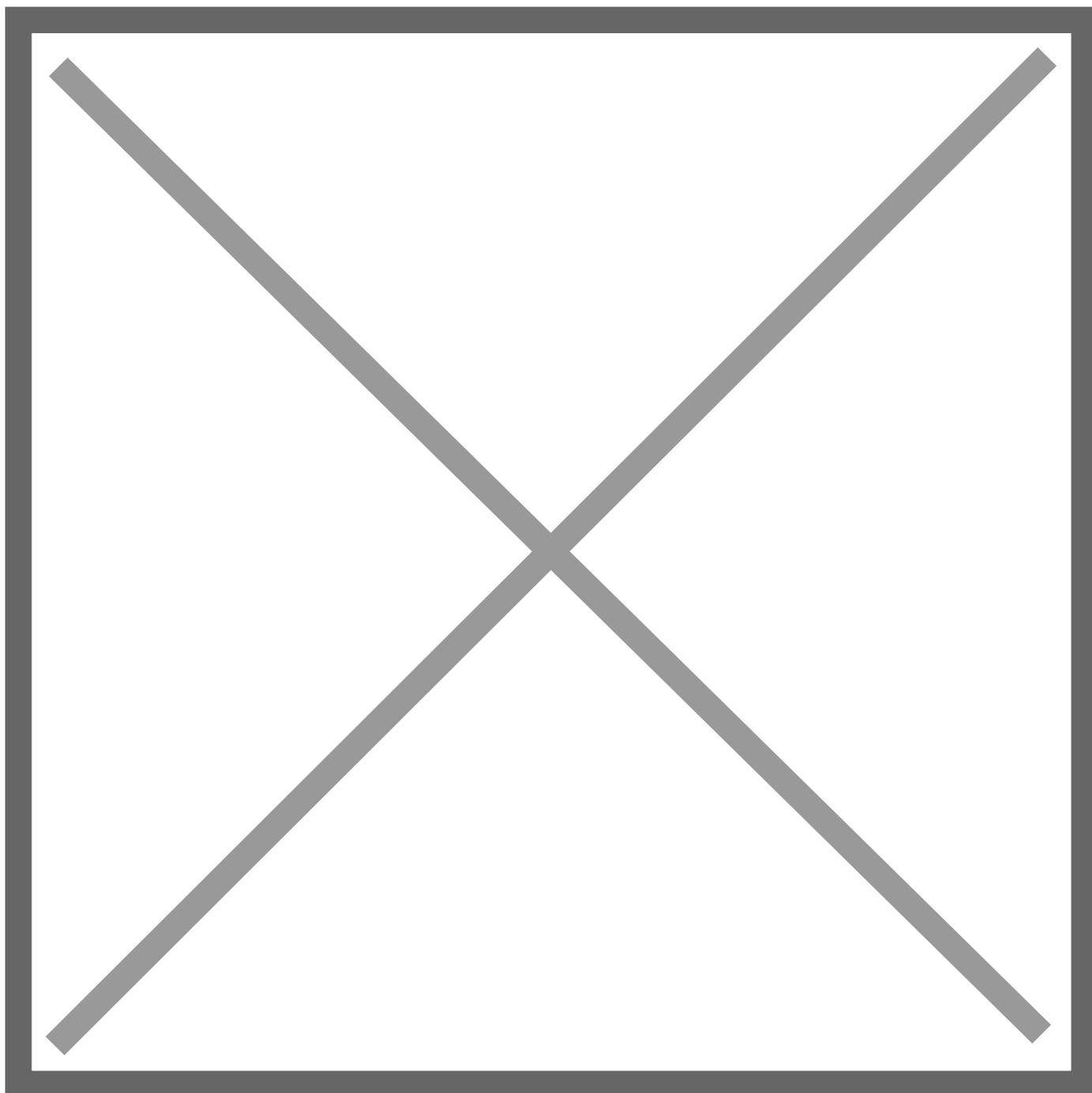
**Umfragetyp:**

Countries marked with a \* are using self-reported data.

**Anmerkungen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Different methodologies have been used to collect this data and so it is not strictly comparable.

## Jungen



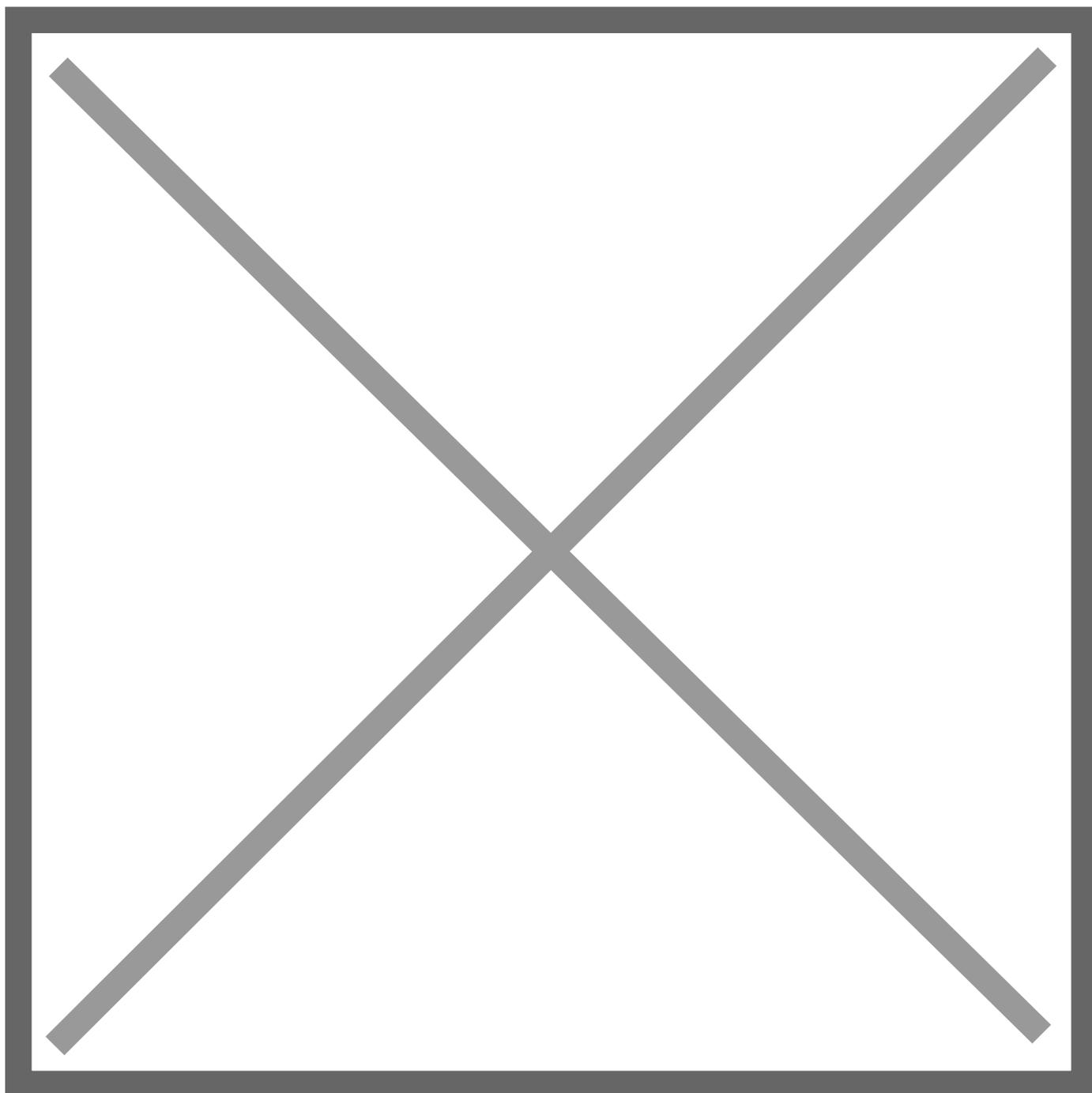
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## MÄdchen



**Umfragetyp:**

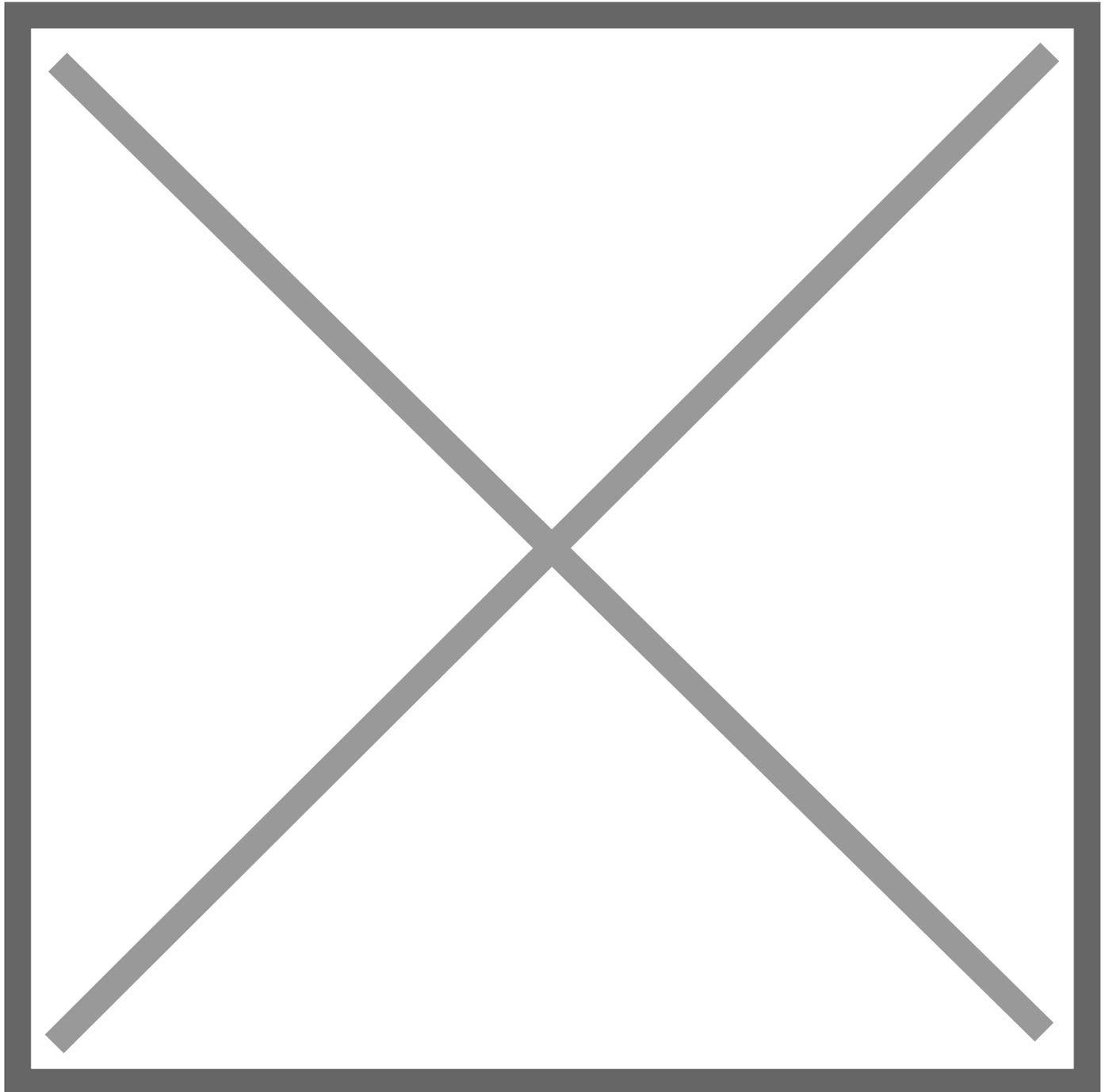
Countries marked with a \* are using self-reported data.

**Anmerkungen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Different methodologies have been used to collect this data and so it is not strictly comparable.

## Unzureichende Aktivität

Kinder, 2016



**Umfragetyp:**

Selbst berichtet

**Alter:**

11-17

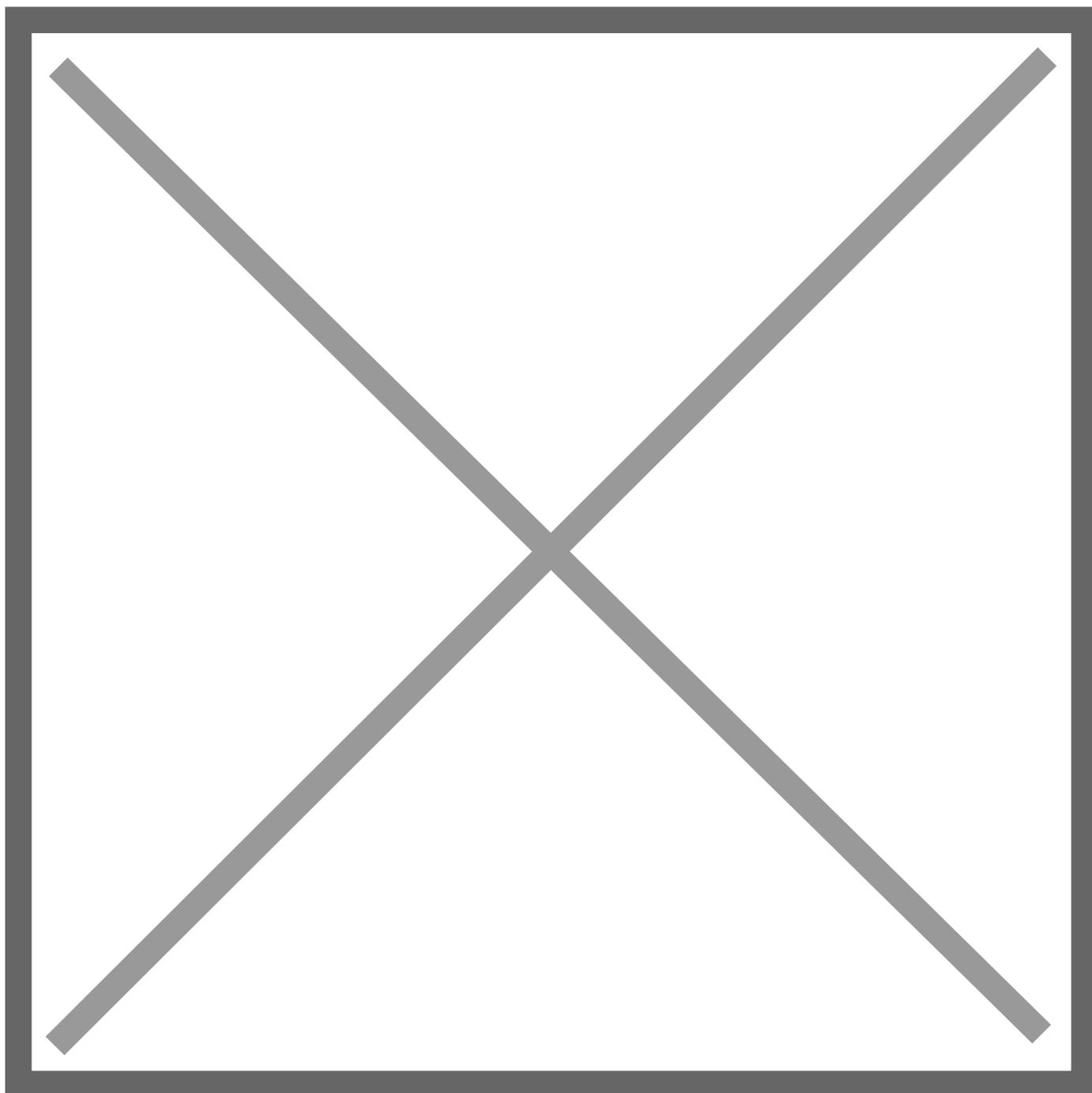
**Referenzen:**

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en> (last accessed 16.03.21)

**Anmerkungen** % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60  
(nur in minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfÄ¼gbar):

**Definitionen** % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfÄ¼gbar):

## Jungen, 2016



**Umfragetyp:**

Selbst berichtet

**Alter:**

11-17

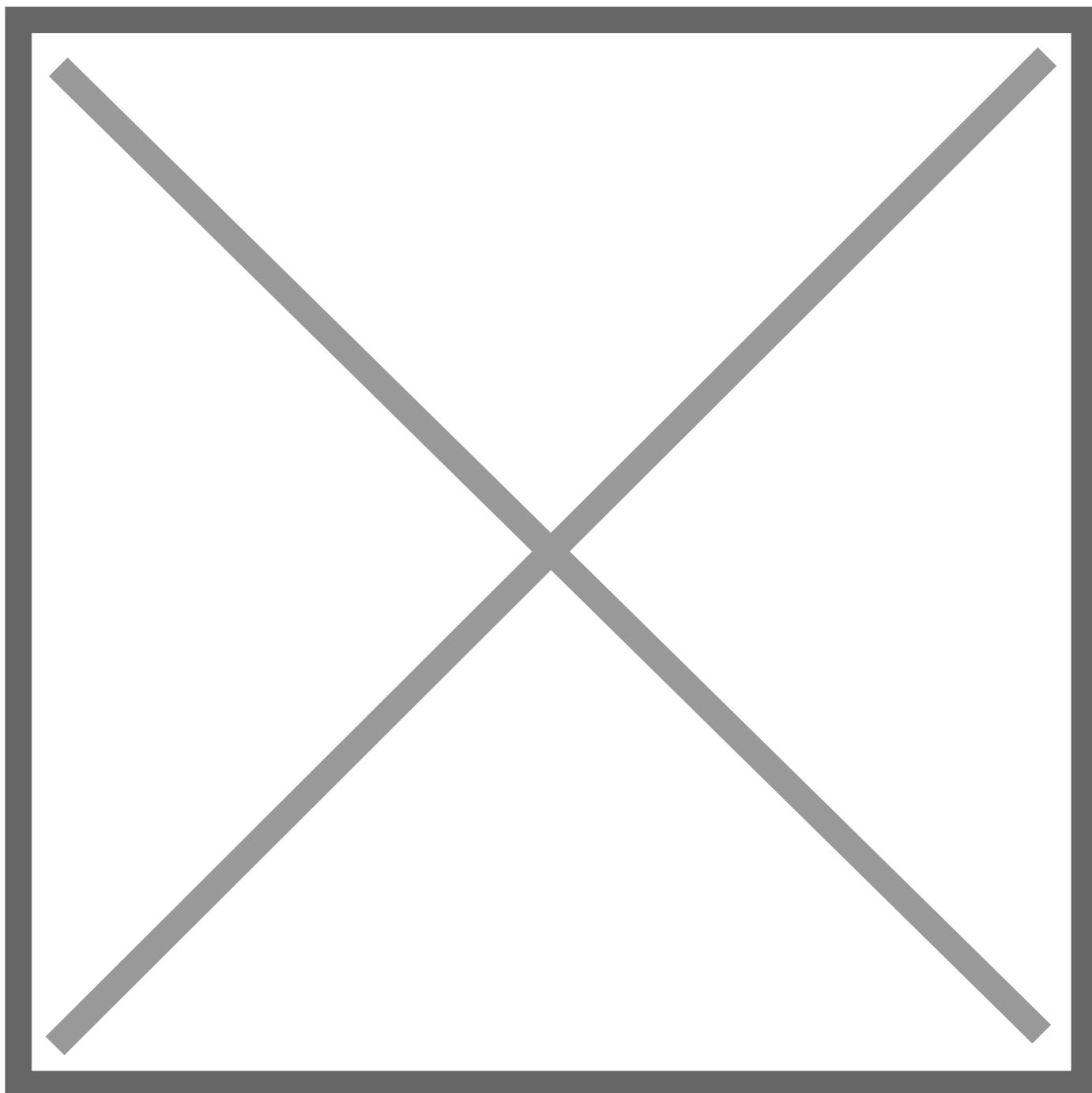
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(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfÄ¼gbar):

## MÄxdchen, 2016



**Umfragetyp:**

Selbst berichtet

**Alter:**

11-17

**Referenzen:**

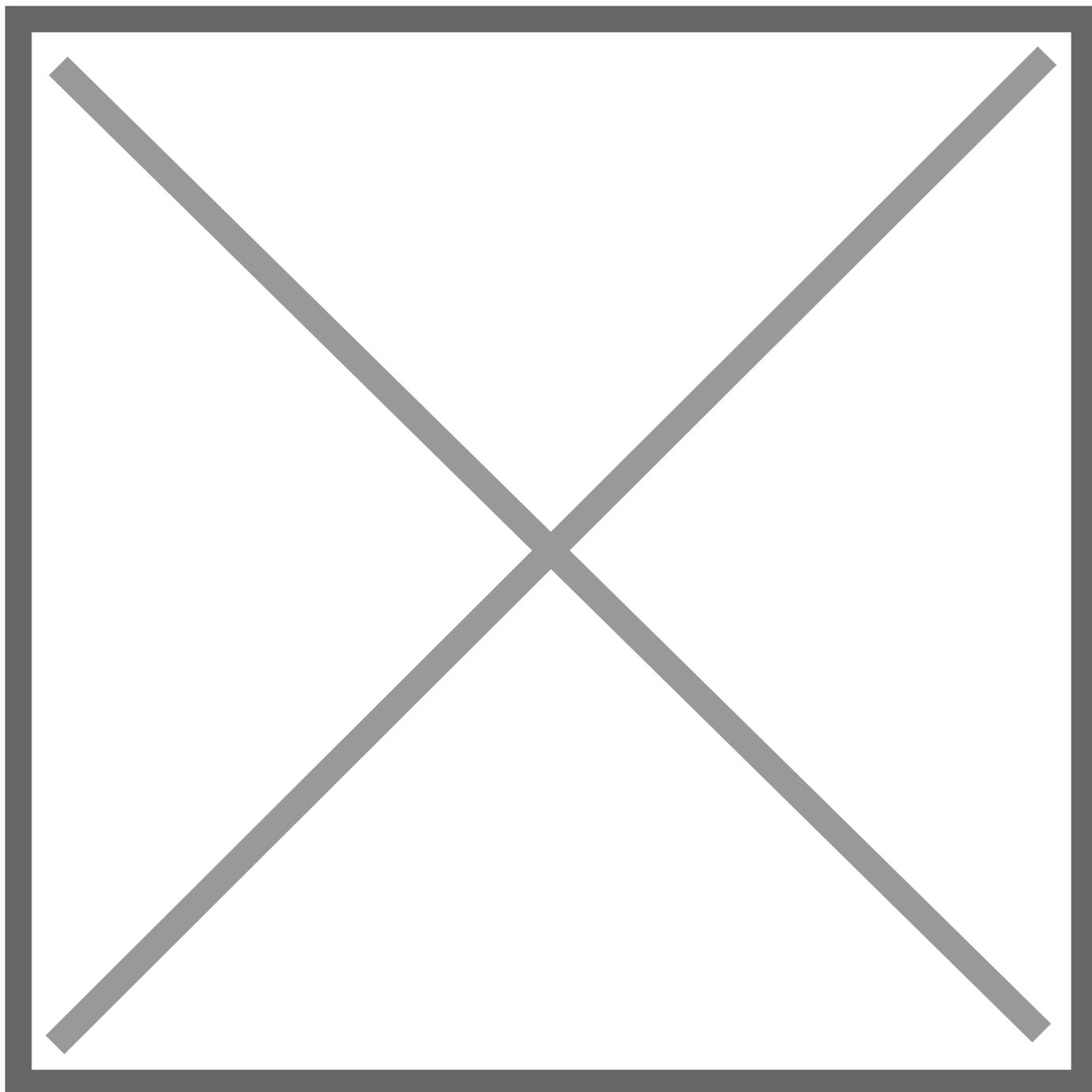
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(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfÄ¼gbar):

**Definitionen** % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfÄ¼gbar):

## Prävalenz von mindestens täglichem Verzehr von kohlenstoffhaltigen Erfrischungsgetränken

Jungen, 2021-2022



Geltungsbereich:

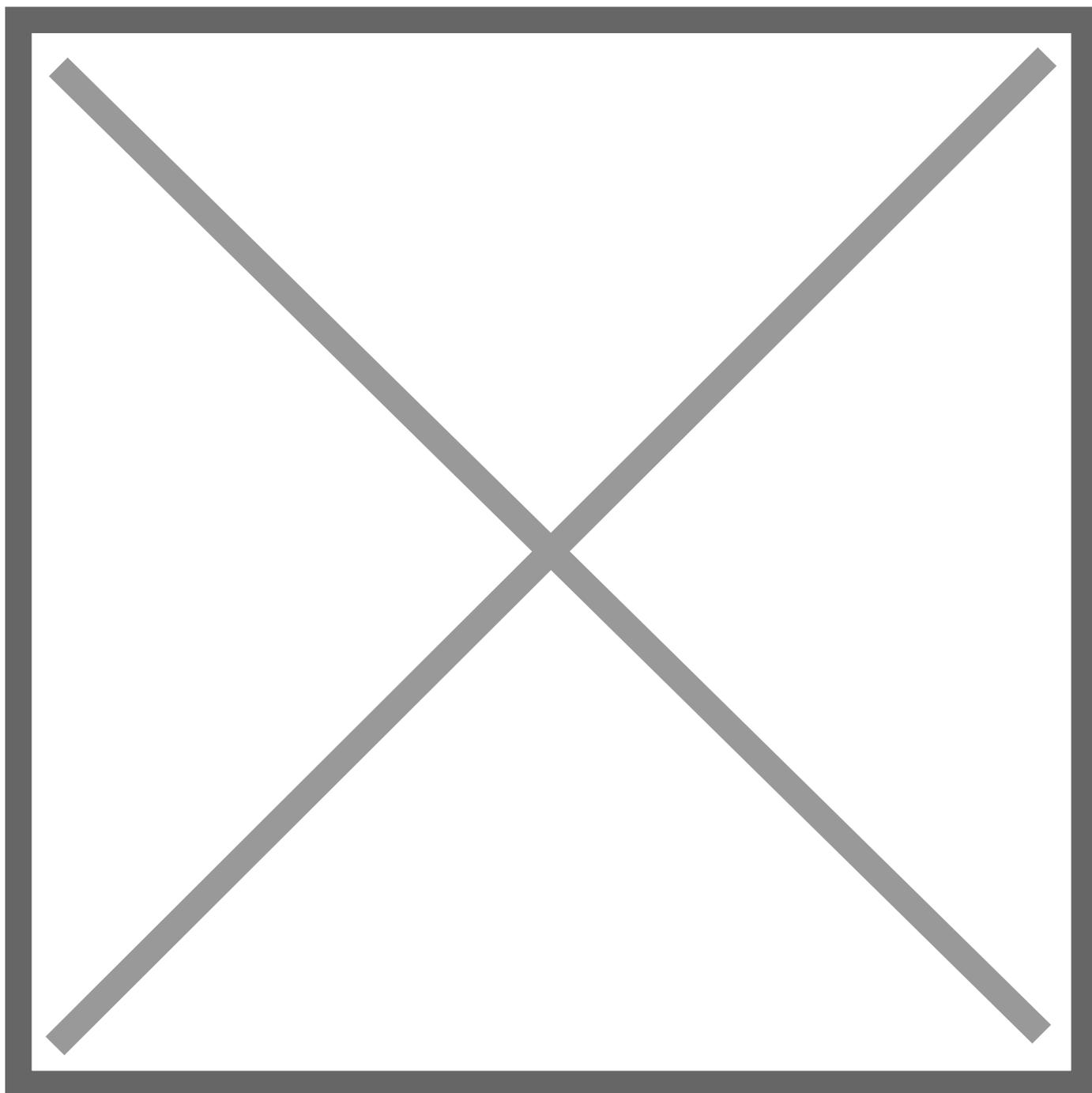
National

**Referenzen:** Health Behaviour in School-aged Children study (2023), Data browser (findings from the 2021/22 international HBSC survey): <https://data-browser.hbsc.org>. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children study (2020), Data browser (findings from the 2017/18 international HBSC survey): <https://data-browser.hbsc.org>.

**Definitionen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Proportion who reported drinking sugary soft drinks daily (at least once)

## Mädchen, 2021-2022



**Geltungsbereich:**

National

**Referenzen:**

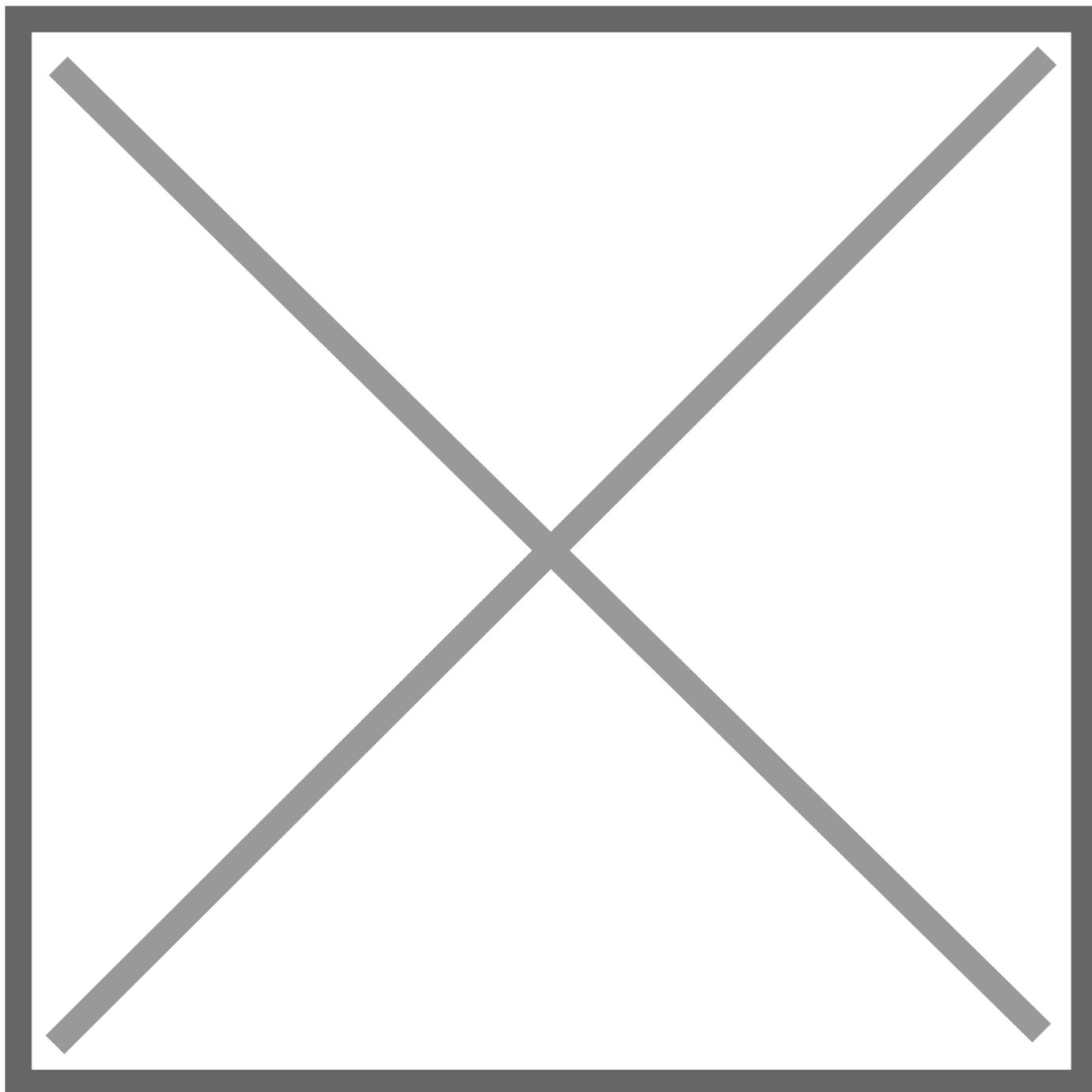
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**Definitionen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Proportion who reported drinking sugary soft drinks daily (at least once)

## Durchschnittliche Häufigkeit des täglichen Konsums von kohlenensäurehaltigen Erfrischungsgetränken

**Kinder, 2009-2015**



**Umfragetyp:**

Gemessen

**Alter:**

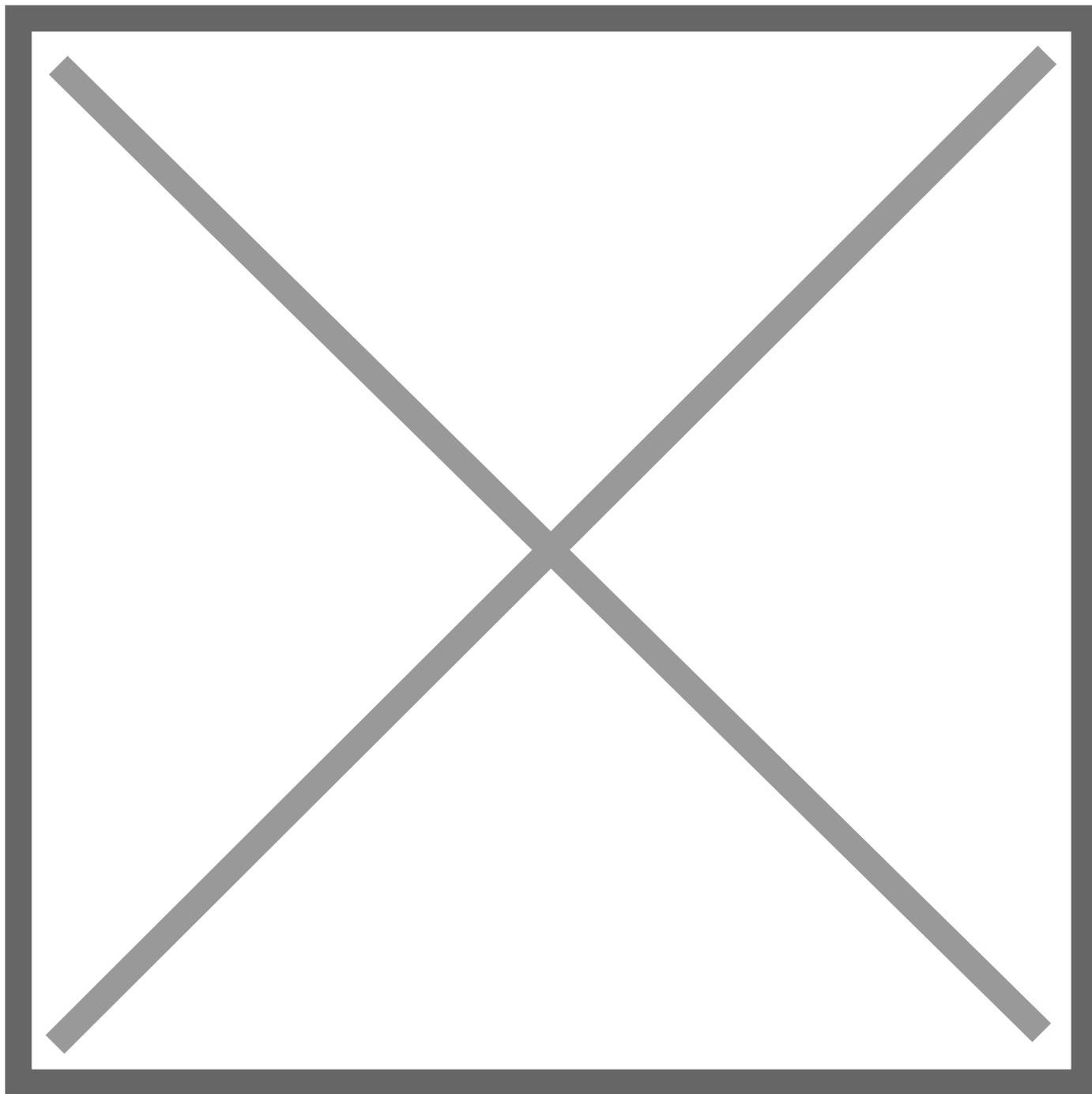
12-17

**Referenzen:** Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

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## Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption

**Kinder, 2009-2015**



**Umfragetyp:**

Gemessen

**Alter:**

12-17

**Referenzen:**

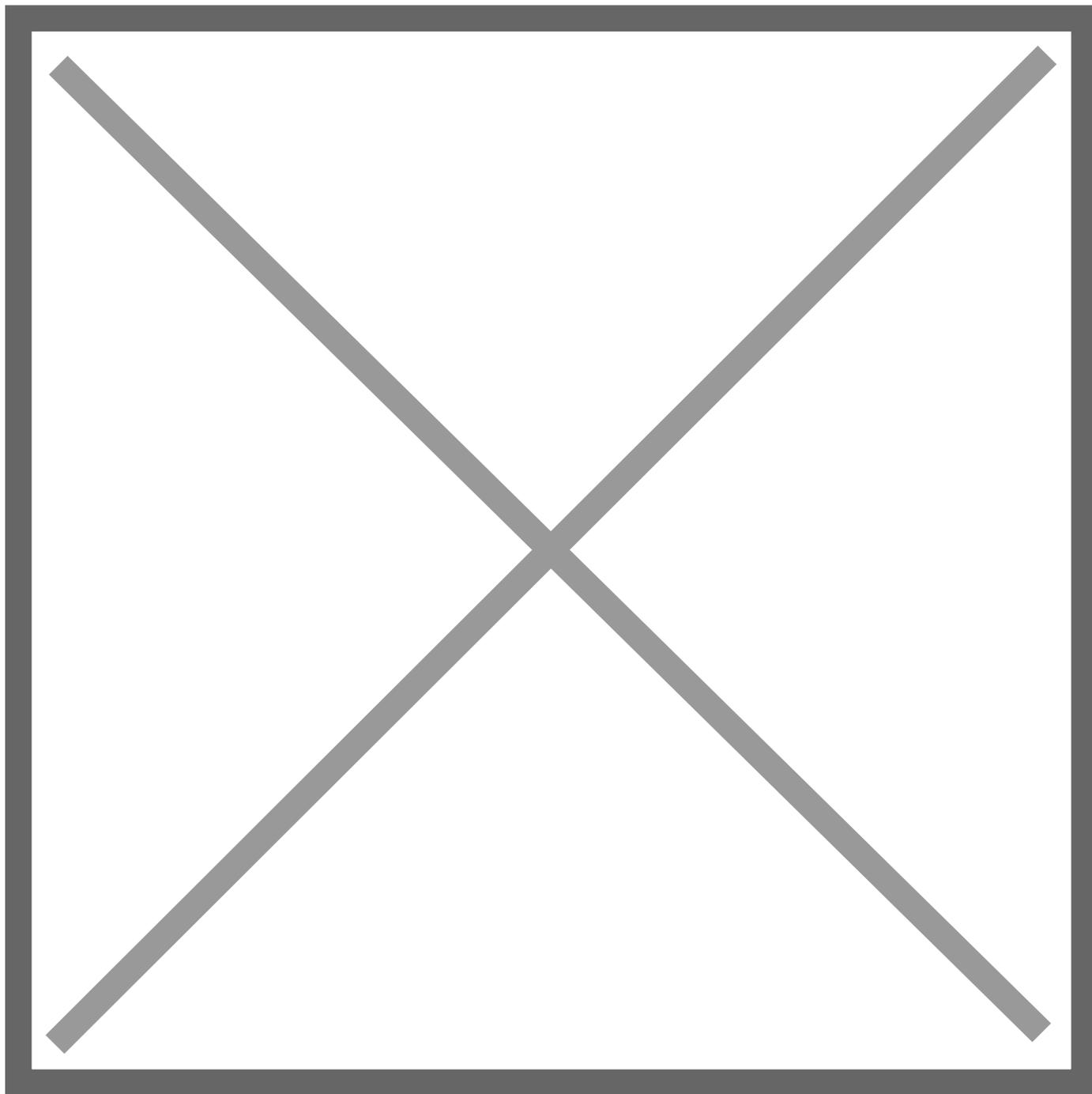
Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287>. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

**Definitionen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)

## Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption

**Kinder, 2009-2015**



**Umfragetyp:**

Gemessen

**Alter:**

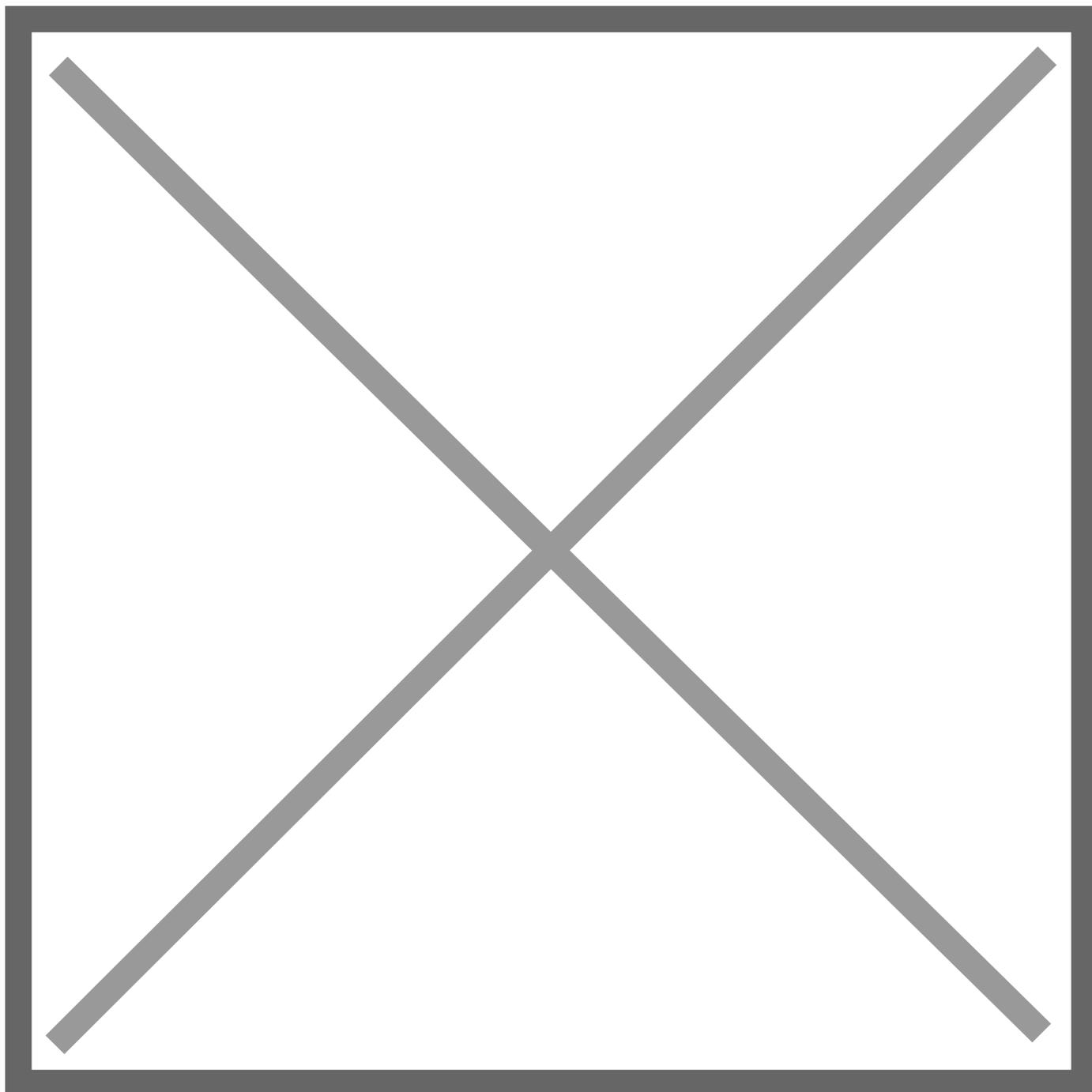
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**Definitionen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):** Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)

## Durchschnittliche wöchentliche Häufigkeit des Konsums von Fast-Food

**Kinder, 2009-2015**



Alter:

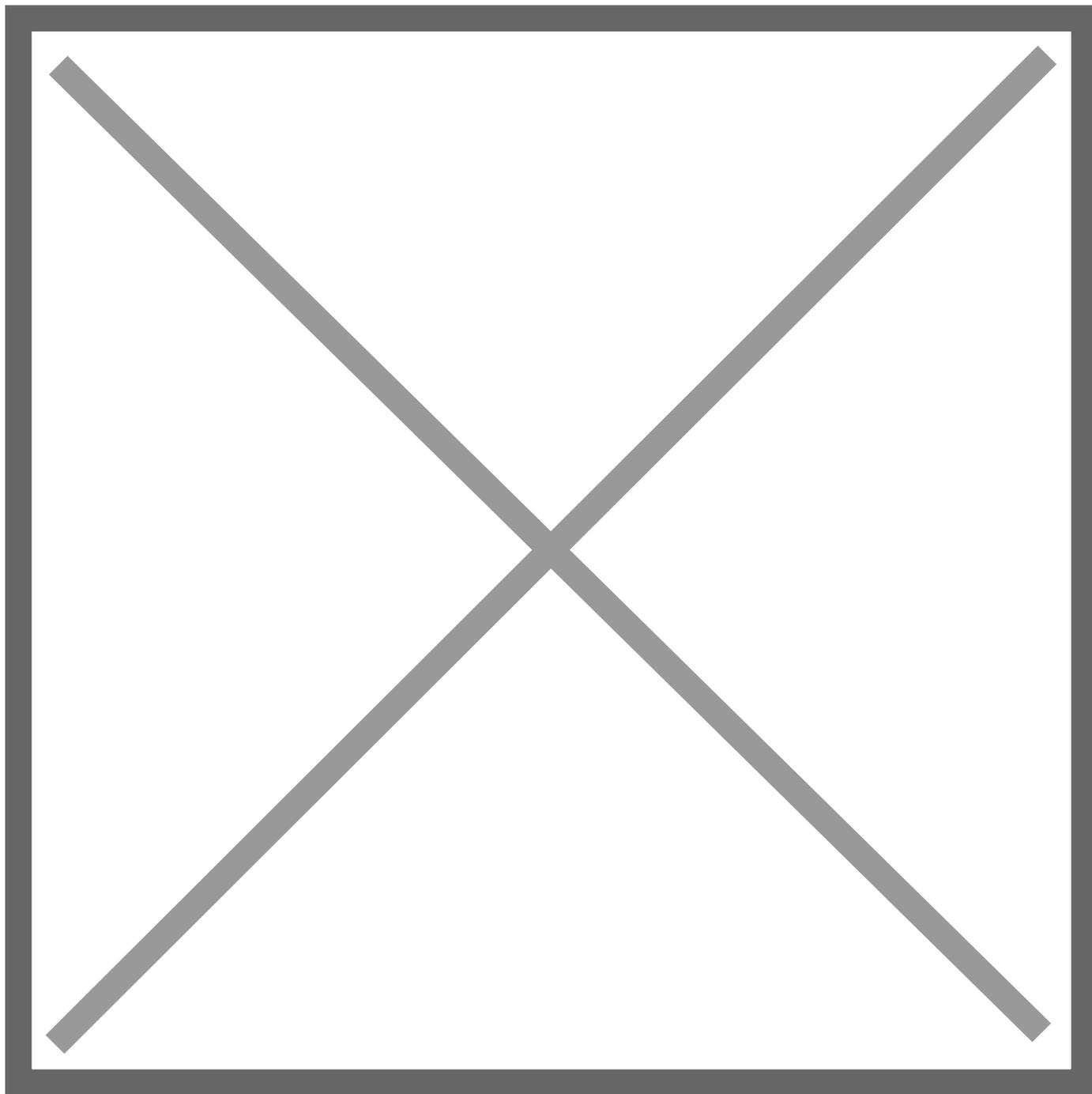
12-17

**Referenzen:** Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

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## Psychische Gesundheit & Depressionstörungen

Kinder, 2021



**Geltungsbereich:**

National

**Referenzen:**

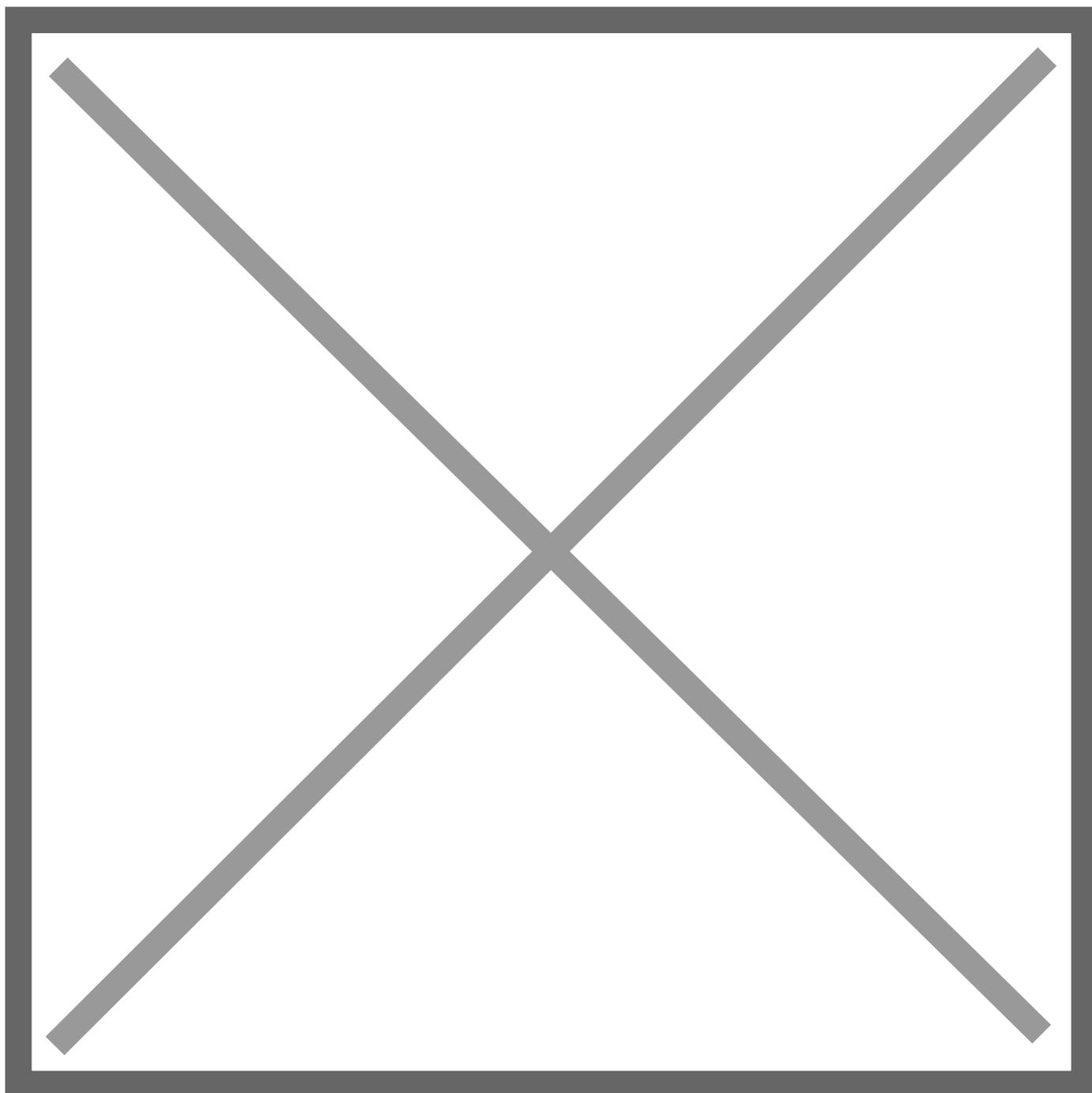
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definitionen  
(nur in  
englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

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## Jungen, 2021



**Geltungsbereich:**

National

**Referenzen:**

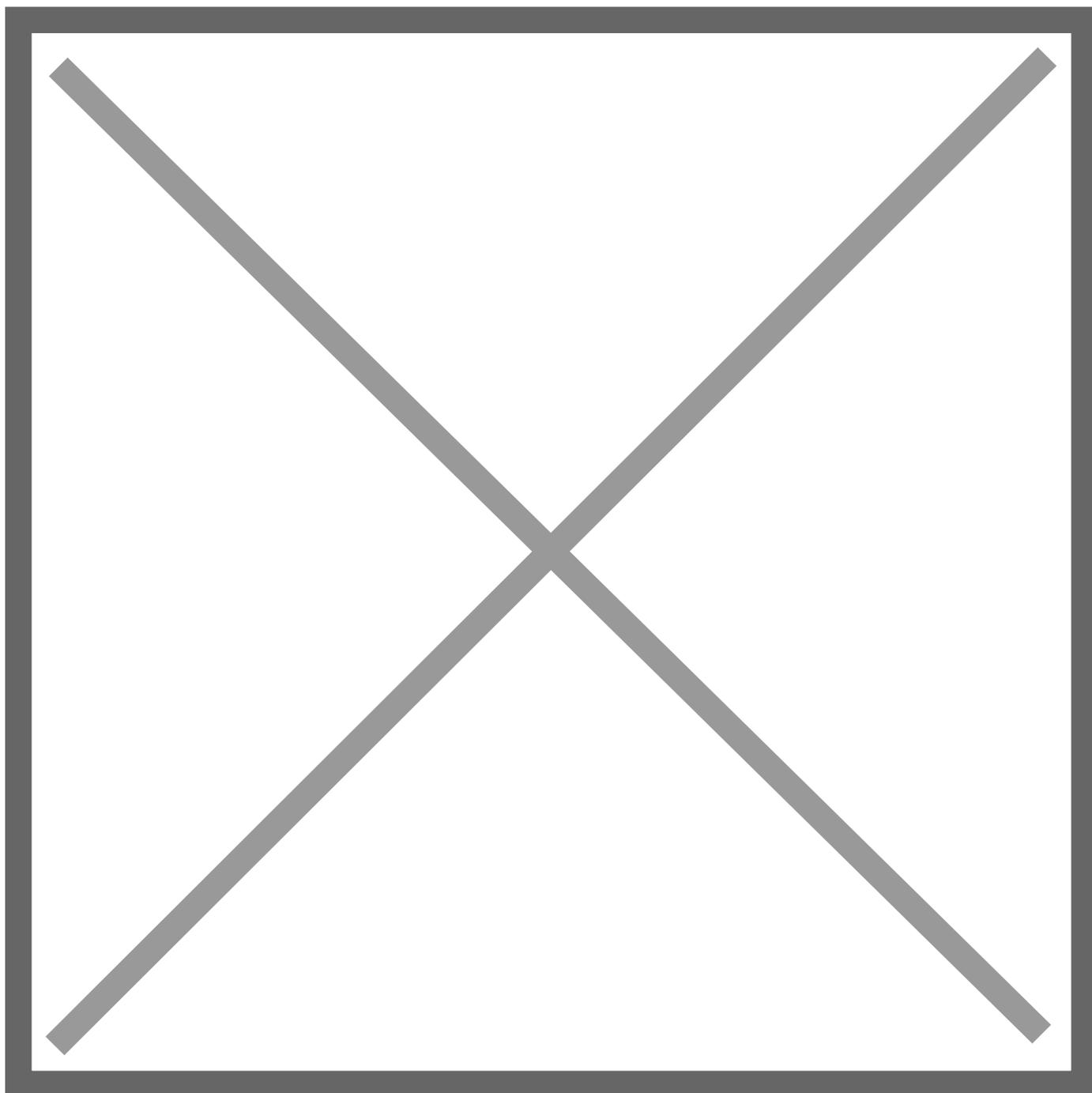
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englischer  
Sprache  
verfügbar):**

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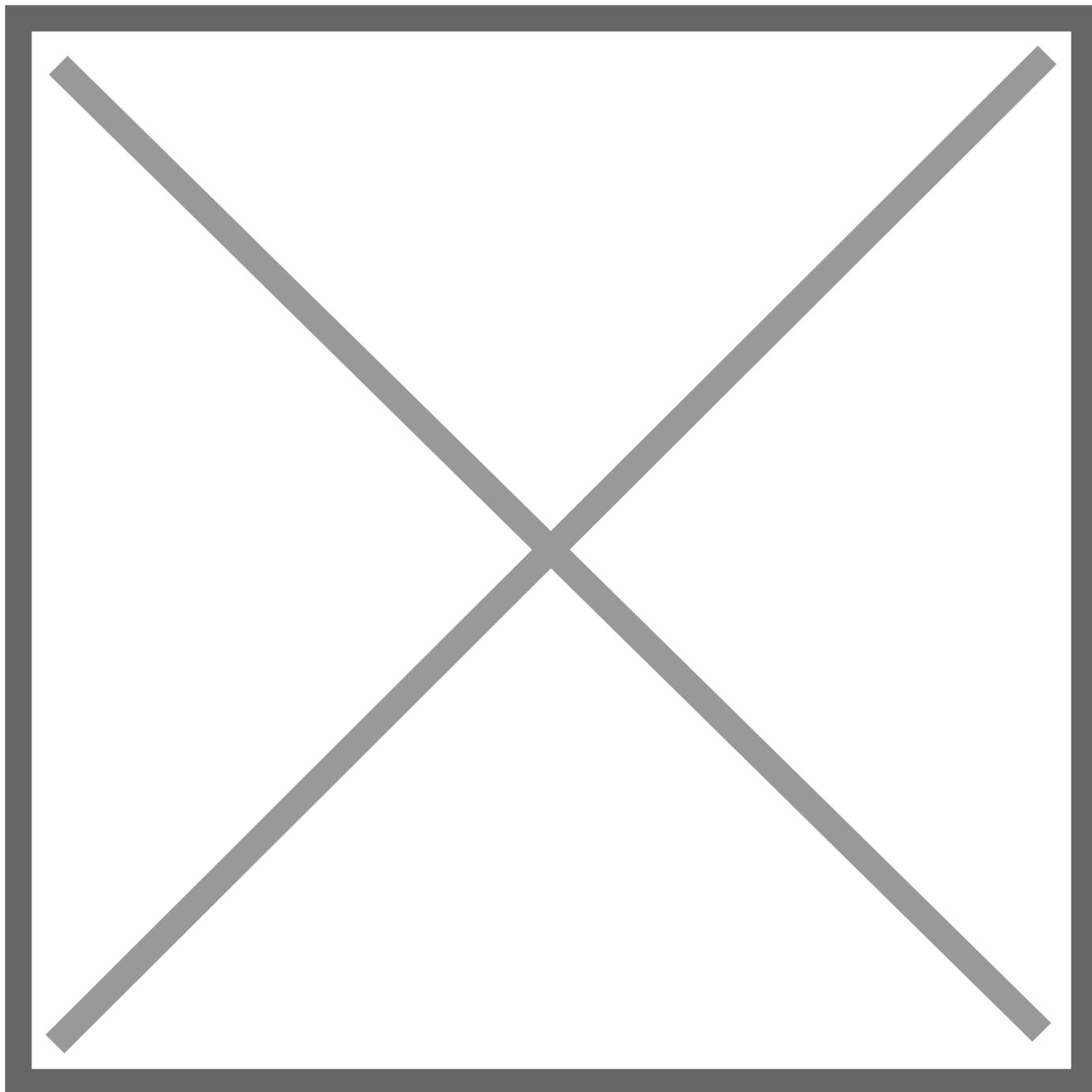
**Definitionen  
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verfügbar):**

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## Psychische Gesundheit & Ängststörungen

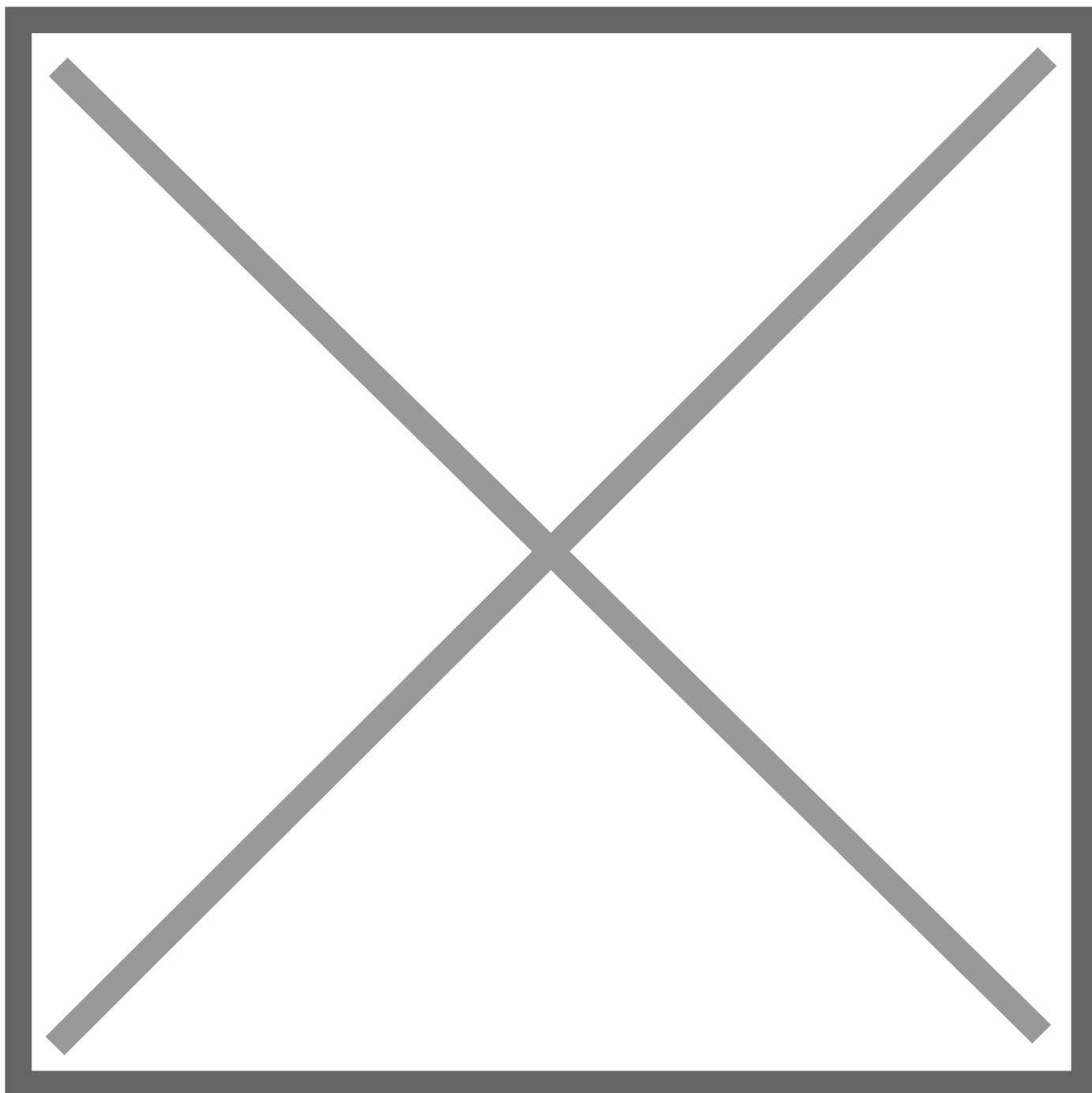
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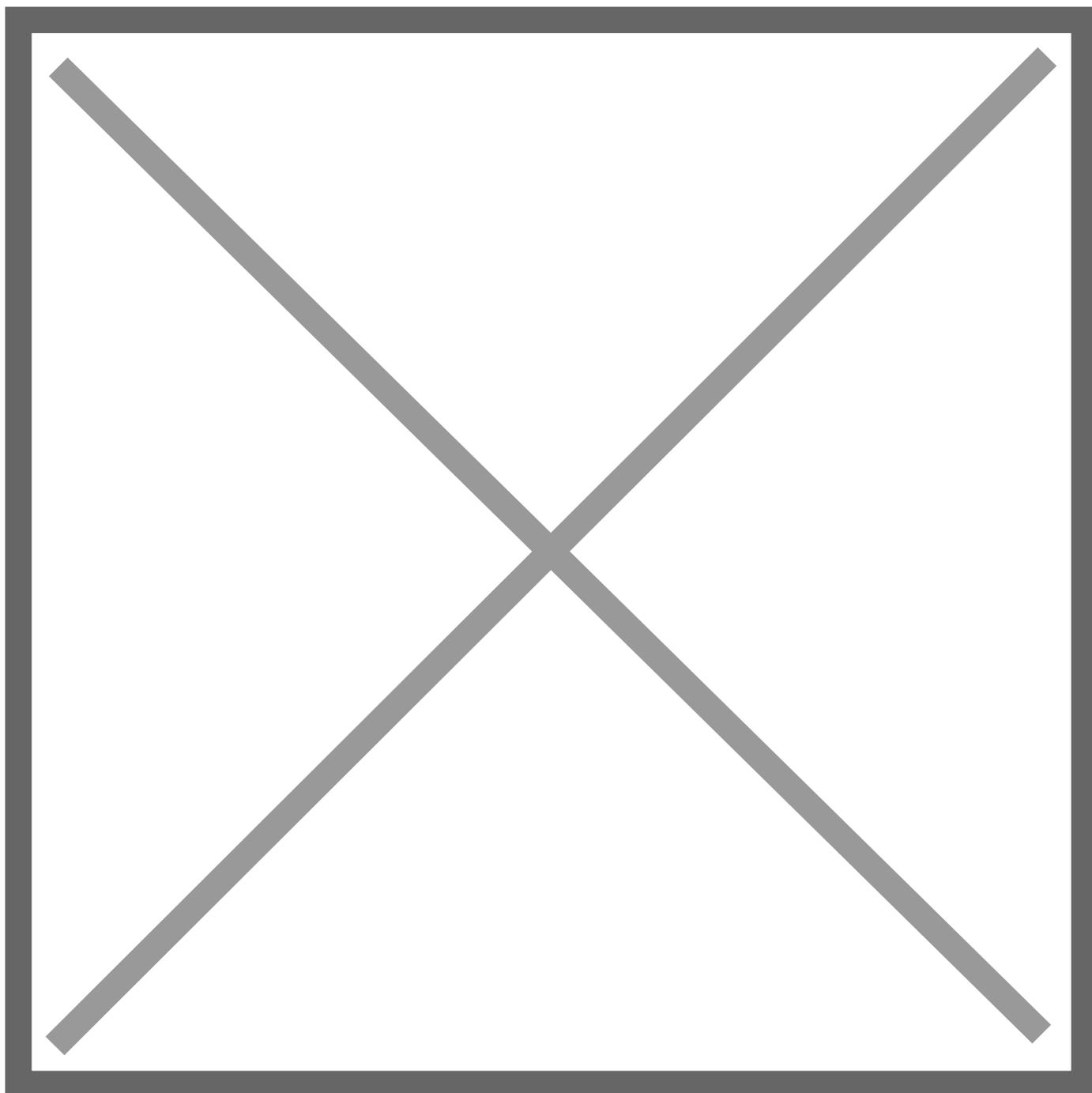
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