

World Obesity Atlas 2023



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Foreword



Johanna Ralston CEO, World Obesity Federation





Professor Louise BaurThe University of Sydney



2022 was a year of real progress for global obesity policy, with new comprehensive World Health Organization recommendations adopted by countries and efforts put into accelerating action on obesity, starting with frontrunner countries in most regions. Recognition that addressing obesity is critical for achieving many global health goals appears to be increasing, but strong action will be needed to realise goals and address fragmentation which has undermined action and impact to date. Now attention must turn to developing or improving workable national action plans that can help make progress a reality in all parts of the world. To do so, national stakeholders must also have means of monitoring that progress, of highlighting future trends and roadblocks, and, where necessary, of holding governments to account.

We hope that the 2023 World Obesity Atlas can provide a starting point for these efforts. This fifth edition features updated predictions for the prevalence of obesity up to 2035, comparing regional outlooks and providing national scorecards for 187 countries assessing their readiness to deal with obesity locally. The data show there is a long way to go, but in time, they can be a marker of how far we have come.

This year, we also explore the economic impact of overweight and obesity; without action, these are projected to cost the global economy over US\$4 trillion of potential income in 2035. There are of course many reasons beyond financial ones to act on obesity, but this economic reality underlines just how important it is that we act quickly and decisively. Implementing the World Health Organization's Recommendations will be hard work, requiring coordinated efforts and resources, but the price of failing to act is far higher.

We have an unprecedented opportunity to turn global obesity commitments into effective national action, and in doing so to transform health outcomes for millions of people around the world. Let's not waste it.

Starting conversations – individual voices

Global, regional, and national data provide vital insights into the impact of obesity at a macro level, but it is important not to lose sight of the human experiences that lie behind every statistic. Listening to the insights and needs of people living and working with obesity is essential if we are to design programmes and policies that truly serve their intended communities.

The following statements are from people who are directly impacted by obesity. They were made in support of World Obesity Day 2023, which focused on encouraging meaningful conversations about obesity to change perceptions, shatter stigma, and catalyse action.

This Atlas was published on World Obesity Day and supports the campaign. It is written in the hope that it will inform fruitful ongoing discussions about obesity around the globe.

I have struggled with obesity my whole life. My obesity began in childhood and by the age of 21 my weight reached 160kg. By that time, I also had other metabolic diseases manifest. I was fortunate enough to be referred to an endocrinologist, and at that point I lost 90kg.

In Australia, we don't classify obesity as a chronic condition. I still struggle with obesity-related issues today, and with the stigmas attached. I also acknowledge the complexities around obesity and believe there is real power in sharing our stories – the successes but also the challenges we face – in order to create greater awareness and potentially reduce the stigma of obesity.

Ivana Blekic (Australia)





I decided to be an endocrinologist to understand what was broken in me. I have struggled with obesity for as long as I can remember. Today I am lucky to be a specialist in obesity and to be able to help others who are going through the same thing.

Let's talk about obesity. Let's understand that obesity is a disease that requires comprehensive treatment with a global and collective vision. It is not cured with willpower, but with interdisciplinary treatment that includes at least nutrition, physical activity, and better access to pharmacological and surgical options. That is why today more than ever we need to talk about obesity and make it part of the agenda.

Maria Eugenia Anselmi (Argentina)



I have lived with obesity my entire life. Since I was a child, I have been told that if I would simply eat less and move more, I would have no problems. I certainly embraced this because I believe in being active and I believe in eating well. But that, in and of itself, is not sufficient to cope with this disease more effectively in the long term. I hope that this is a springboard to conversations in the future which will quit assigning blame for a medical condition onto an individual and implying that they are non-compliant. That is simply not true.

Barbara Cady (USA)

The roots of obesity are systemic, societybased problems that require a collective response. You may ask: how can we work together to build a movement to beat obesity? It's very attainable. We can do it by changing the perception of obesity from 'me' to 'we'; by community efforts to promote affordable food and beverage choices; by encouraging breastfeeding; and by creating a safe community that supports physical activity. We can fund obesity collectives and secure the involvement of early childcare centres, hospitals, schools, and food sales venues in the education and implementation of obesity policies. Together we can help change the perspective of obesity.

Stephanie E. Ebosele (Nigeria)



Section 1: Summary

1. Summary

2023 marks the publication of the fifth annual World Obesity Atlas. Each Atlas has reported estimates for national obesity prevalence levels and trends, and each has also focused on a theme: the rise in childhood obesity, the likelihood of meeting global targets, the impact of obesity on COVID-19 risk, and the levels of disease and deaths associated with obesity. This year we focus on the economic impact of overweight and obesity and project how the economic impact will change by 2035.

Every country is affected by obesity, with some lower income countries showing the highest increases in the last decade. No country has reported a decline in obesity prevalence across their entire population, and none are on track to meet the World Health Organization's (WHO) target of 'no increase on 2010 levels by 2025'. But there is hope following the introduction of new comprehensive WHO recommendations adopted in 2022. We now need to increase efforts to prevent, manage and treat obesity throughout the life course. Action must be decisive, peoplecentred and integrated in order to increase our chances of successfully preventing and treating obesity.

While preventing and treating obesity requires financial investment, the cost of failing to prevent and treat obesity will be far higher. The estimates presented in this Atlas suggest that, on current trends, overweight and obesity will cost the global economy over US\$4 trillion of potential income in 2035, nearly 3% of current global gross domestic product (GDP).

The estimates for the continuing increase in obesity prevalence are based on published trends from 1975 to 2016. The period from 2020 to 2022 was marked by extensive restrictions or 'lockdowns' in many countries that appear to have increased risk of weight gain by curtailing movements outside the home, exacerbating dietary and sedentary behaviours linked to weight gain, and significantly reducing access to care. In addition, many national surveys and measurement programmes which monitor weight and weight gain were halted. A rise in obesity prevalence, which appears to have occurred especially among children, may prove hard to reverse, and suggests that a side-effect of managing the COVID-19 pandemic is a worsening of the obesity epidemic.

In addition to reporting obesity prevalence, this Atlas provides an Obesity-NCD Preparedness Ranking, first reported in the 2022 Atlas, which takes account of countries' current health system responses to non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and their commitment to the implementation of obesity prevention policies. This ranking gives an indication of how well, or poorly, countries are prepared to address the rise in obesity and to deal with the consequences.

The Atlas is completed by a series of national scorecards for over 180 countries globally, presenting the current estimates and projections for obesity, economic impacts and national preparedness. These scorecards provide a wealth of knowledge, particularly for advocacy directed at policymakers who have the power to make a difference.

Global overweight and obesity

The estimates for global levels of overweight and obesity (BMI \geq 25kg/m²), also referred to as high BMI throughout this Atlas, suggest that over 4 billion people may be affected by 2035, compared with over 2.6 billion in 2020. This reflects an increase from 38% of the world's population in 2020 to over 50% by 2035 (figures exclude children under 5 years old).

The prevalence of obesity (BMI \geq 30kg/m²) alone is anticipated to rise from 14% to 24% of the population over the same period, affecting nearly 2 billion adults, children and adolescents by 2035.

The rising prevalence of obesity is expected to be steepest among children and adolescents, rising from 10% to 20% of the world's boys during the period 2020 to 2035, and rising from 8% to 18% of the world's girls.

Table 1.1: Global overweight and obesity 2020–2035

Numbers of people (aged over 5 years) and percentage of the population with overweight or obesity*

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Number with overweight or obesity (BMI≥25kg/m²) | | | | |
| (millions) | 2,603 | 3,041 | 3,507 | 4,005 |
| Number with obesity (BMI ≥30kg/m²) (millions) | 988 | 1,249 | 1,556 | 1,914 |
| Proportion of the population with overweight or obesity | | | | |
| (BMI ≥25kg/m²) | 38% | 42% | 46% | 51% |
| Proportion of the population with obesity (BMI ≥30kg/m²) | 14% | 17% | 20% | 24% |

^{*} For children and adolescents, overweight and obesity are defined using the WHO classification of +1SD and +2SD above median growth reference.

Table 1.2: Global obesity trends for children, adolescents and adults by gender 2020–2035 Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years)*

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number with obesity (millions) | 103 | 140 | 175 | 208 |
| Proportion of all boys | 10% | 14% | 17% | 20% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number with obesity (millions) | 72 | 101 | 135 | 175 |
| Proportion of all girls | 8% | 10% | 14% | 18% |

^{*} For children and adolescents, obesity is defined using the WHO classification of +2SD above median growth reference.

Adults (aged 20 years and over)

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number with obesity (millions) | 347 | 439 | 553 | 690 |
| Proportion of all men | 14% | 16% | 19% | 23% |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number with obesity (millions) | 466 | 568 | 693 | 842 |
| Proportion of all women | 18% | 21% | 24% | 27% |

Global economic impact

Projected figures for the economic impact of overweight and obesity (BMI ≥25kg/m²) from 2020 to 2035 are shown in Table 1.3 (Okunogbe et al, 2022, 2021). This shows an impact of US\$1.96 trillion in 2020 rising to over US\$4 trillion in 2035, at constant US\$ value. Here, economic impact includes both the healthcare costs of treating obesity and its consequences and the impact of high BMI on economic productivity, with high BMI contributing to absenteeism, presenteeism (reduced productivity while at work), and premature retirement or death. The economic impact is estimated to reduce global GDP by 2.4% rising to 2.9% by 2035. These are annual economic impacts which compare to the estimated impact of COVID-19 which caused the world economy to shrink by 3% of GDP during 2020, the pandemic's worst year (World Bank, 2022).

Table 1.3: Global economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (trillions) | US\$ 1.96 | US\$ 2.47 | US\$ 3.23 | US\$ 4.32 |
| Impact as proportion of total global GDP | 2.4% | 2.5% | 2.7% | 2.9% |

While the figures presented here and throughout this Atlas are indicative, it is also important to acknowledge some of the limitations. Firstly, there are several consequences of obesity that were not accounted for in the model, both healthcare related and non-healthcare related. Additionally, the estimates are based on current obesity trends which are not certain to continue. For instance, the data presented may trigger policies which alter the trajectory in certain countries, treatment may become more effective and external factors (e.g. COVID-19) may also impact the projections.

Box 1: Additional consequences may add to the economic impact

In the modelling undertaken for the present Atlas, the economic impact of healthcare expenditure for the consequences of obesity relied on Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) estimates of national healthcare expenditure for these costs as a proportion of total national health expenditure. The OECD acknowledged that countries vary in the costs of delivering healthcare services, the types of services available and the share of the population with access to the services, and that some countries with relatively low levels of obesity prevalence may nonetheless show a high level of obesity's impact on health expenditure (e.g. Norway, the Netherlands) and others with high levels of obesity prevalence may nevertheless show a low level of impact on health expenditure (e.g. Romania, the Russian Federation) (OECD, 2019). As global economic development increases, the nature of the services offered and their accessibility may well lead to increased expenditure across a much larger number of countries than anticipated in the present Atlas.

The OECD's estimates for the costs are in turn derived from the estimated association between high BMI and a range of 38 disease conditions calculated by the Global Burden of Disease Collaboration (GBD, 2017). These 38 conditions cover many of the major comorbidities of obesity, including several forms of cancer, hypertension and cardiovascular disease, diabetes, liver and kidney disease and several other NCDs. However, the list is by no means exhaustive in terms of additional comorbidities associated with high BMI which are likely to have healthcare costs attached, such as mental health and neurological conditions (e.g. Frank et al, 2022, Afzal et al, 2021, Brewis et al, 2017, D'Onghia et al, 2021), endocrine disorders (Lim et al, 2012), respiratory conditions (Senaratna et al, 2017) and dental caries (Chen et al, 2018), amongst others, demonstrating the importance of addressing obesity. In addition, the modelling did not account for lower educational attainment, unemployment, long-term disability and early retirement, all of which are associated with obesity or its comorbidities, and all of which could increase economic impact.



Section 2: Comparing the regions

2. Comparing the regions

In this section, we show projected obesity prevalence and projected economic costs for the regions of the world defined by the WHO. Note that throughout this section obesity in children and adolescents is defined by the WHO as +2SD above the reference median (De Onis et al, 2007). For adults, obesity is defined as BMI ≥30kg/m².

African Region (Sub-Saharan Africa)

The prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in the African Region is predicted to rise rapidly during the period 2020 to 2035, with girls, in particular, seeing a major increase from 5% to 14%. For women, the prevalence of obesity is anticipated to rise from 18% to 31% (nearly a third of all women) by 2035. The annual economic impact is likely to reach over US\$50 billion per year by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), or 1.6% of the region's GDP.

Table 2.1: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) in the African Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 6 | 9 | 14 | 21 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 3% | 4% | 6% | 7% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 10 | 17 | 26 | 40 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 5% | 7% | 10% | 14% |

Table 2.2: Adults in the African Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 18 | 26 | 38 | 54 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 7% | 9% | 11% | 13% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 50 | Women 2025 69 | Women 2030 94 | Women 2035 128 |

Table 2.3: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the African Region 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 23 | US\$ 30 | US\$ 40 | US\$ 53 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 1.2% | 1.3% | 1.4% | 1.6% |

Region of the Americas (North, Central and South America)

The prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in the Americas is predicted to rise during the period 2020 to 2035, with boys, in particular, seeing an increase from 20% to 33%. Obesity prevalence is also anticipated to rise for men and women over the same 15-year period, with nearly half of all adults (47% to 49%) predicted to be affected by obesity by 2035. The annual economic impact of high BMI levels may approach US\$1.5 trillion (at constant 2019 dollars) by 2035, equivalent to 3.7% of the region's expected GDP.

Table 2.4: Children and adolescents (aged 5-19 years) in the Americas with obesity 2020-2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 24 | 28 | 31 | 35 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 20% | 24% | 29% | 33% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 16% | 19% | 23% | 26% |

Table 2.5: Adults in the Americas with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 111 | 134 | 160 | 187 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 32% | 36% | 41% | 47% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 135 | Women 2025 158 | Women 2030 183 | Women 2035 208 |

Table 2.6: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the Americas 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 870 | US\$ 1,030 | US\$ 1,230 | US\$ 1,470 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 3.2% | 3.3% | 3.5% | 3.7% |

Eastern Mediterranean Region (North Africa and Middle East)

The prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in the Eastern Mediterranean Region is predicted to double during the period 2020 to 2035, with both boys and girls seeing prevalence levels rise from 11% to 23% over the period. For women, the prevalence is anticipated to rise to over 40% by 2035. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to rise above US\$160 billion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to over 3% of the region's GDP at the time.

Table 2.7: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) in the Eastern Mediterranean Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 14 | 19 | 25 | 32 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 11% | 15% | 18% | 23% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 13 | 18 | 24 | 32 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 11% | 14% | 18% | 23% |

Table 2.8: Adults in the Eastern Mediterranean Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 43 | 56 | 72 | 92 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 20% | 23% | 27% | 31% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 63 | Women 2025 78 | Women 2030 97 | Women 2035 120 |

Table 2.9: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the Eastern Mediterranean Region 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 70 | US\$ 92 | US\$ 122 | US\$ 163 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 2.3% | 2.5% | 2.8% | 3.1% |

European Region

The prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in the European Region is predicted to rise during the period 2020 to 2035, with 14% of girls and 21% of boys expected to be affected by obesity by 2035. For adults, obesity is predicted to affect 35% of all women and 39% of all men by 2035. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to rise above US\$800 billion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to 2.6% of the region's GDP at the time.

Table 2.10: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) in the European Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 11 | 13 | 15 | 17 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 13% | 15% | 18% | 21% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 7 | 8 | 9 | 11 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 8% | 10% | 12% | 14% |

Table 2.11: Adults in the European Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 89 | 102 | 117 | 133 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 26% | 30% | 34% | 39% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 103 | Women 2025 111 | Women 2030 120 | Women 2035 130 |

Table 2.12: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the European Region 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 516 | US\$ 596 | US\$ 691 | US\$ 807 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 2.3% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 2.6% |

South-East Asian Region

Although currently at a relatively low level, the prevalence of obesity among children and adolescents in the South-East Asian Region is predicted to rise dramatically during the period 2020 to 2035, from 3% to 11% of girls, and from 5% to 16% of boys. Similarly, the prevalence levels for adults are expected to double over the period, from 4% to 10% of men, and from 8% to 16% of women. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to rise above US\$250 billion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to over 2% of the region's GDP at the time.

Table 2.13: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) in the South-East Asian Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 14 | 21 | 30 | 41 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 5% | 8% | 11% | 16% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 8 | 13 | 18 | 27 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 3% | 5% | 8% | 11% |

Table 2.14: Adults in the South-East Asian Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 28 | 40 | 56 | 77 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 4% | 6% | 7% | 10% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 51 | Women 2025 70 | Women 2030 95 | Women 2035 125 |

Table 2.15: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the South-East Asian Region 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 65 | US\$ 102 | US\$ 162 | US\$ 254 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 1.4% | 1.6% | 1.9% | 2.2% |

Western Pacific Region

Children and adolescents in the Western Pacific Region are likely to see a pronounced increase in the prevalence of obesity during the period 2020 to 2035, from 9% to 28% of girls, and from 19% to 41% of boys. For adults, the prevalence of obesity is expected to double over the period, from 8% to 19% of men, and from 9% to 16% of women. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to rise above US\$1.5 trillion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to nearly 3% of the region's GDP at the time.

Table 2.16: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) in the Western Pacific Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 36 | 50 | 58 | 60 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 19% | 26% | 34% | 41% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 16 | 25 | 33 | 38 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 9% | 15% | 21% | 28% |

Table 2.17: Adults in the Western Pacific Region with obesity 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 58 | 80 | 109 | 145 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 8% | 11% | 14% | 19% |
| | | | | |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | Women 2020 62 | Women 2025 80 | Women 2030 102 | Women 2035 127 |

Table 2.18: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in the Western Pacific Region 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 412 | US\$ 625 | US\$ 984 | US\$ 1,560 |
| Impact as proportion of total regional GDP | 1.7% | 2.1% | 2.5% | 2.8% |

Box 2: Climate change and new pandemics

There are several external factors which may exacerbate the economic impact of obesity. High among these are climate change and new viral pandemics.

A Lancet Commission report on *The Global Syndemic on obesity, undernutrition and climate change* was published in the Lancet in 2019 (Swinburn et al, 2019). It highlighted how the epidemics of obesity, undernutrition and climate change co-exist, share many of the same drivers and solutions, and pose a threat to both human and planetary health. Simply put, climate change increases food insecurity. While extreme food insecurity has been found to lead to undernutrition, mild or moderate food insecurity is linked to obesity.

Regarding climate change, high ambient temperatures can specifically affect people with higher BMIs because of their reduced ability to dissipate heat (Koch et al, 2021). With increasing frequency of heat waves the need for hospitalisation for heat strokes and heat-related respiratory, cardiovascular and kidney treatment may rise most severely for these individuals. The economic impact is not easily predicted at present, but climate patterns are showing trends that imply heat waves may be experienced in many regions of the world over the next decade.

Regarding respiratory infectious disease, the World Obesity Atlas for 2021 described the greatly increased risk of hospitalisation and intensive care experienced by people with higher BMI when suffering from SARS-CoV-2 infection and noted that this had been shown in earlier epidemics of other strains of respiratory viral infections (World Obesity, 2021). A significant proportion of the healthcare impact of the COVID-19 pandemic can be attributed to high BMI in the population. Future viral pandemics of the magnitude of COVID-19 are predicted to occur with a probability of 2% in any given year, and rising (Marani et al, 2021).

Box 3: The impact of environmental obesogens

Chemical pollutants have been found to have endocrine-affecting properties which promote weight gain and obesity. These chemical pollutants, collectively termed endocrine disruptors, have been identified in food packaging, cosmetics, roadside dust and in household furnishings. They derive from agrochemicals, plasticisers, anti-combustion sprays and marine paints. Global production of plastics has grown from 80 million metric tons (mmt) in

1980 to 400 mmt in 2020, and is forecast to reach nearly 800 mmt by 2030 and nearly 1,200 mmt by 2040 (Endocrine Society, 2020). Globalisation and the increase in ultraprocessed foods in countries globally, particularly lower-middle income countries, is likely to increase plastic-based products and plastic waste, including micro-plastics. In turn the exposure to potential obesogenic pollutants may rise rapidly.

Section 3: Comparing levels of economic development

3. Comparing levels of economic development

In this section, we show projected obesity prevalence and projected economic impact for regions defined by the World Bank income levels (World Bank, 2023). Note throughout this section that obesity in children and adolescents is defined by the WHO as +2SD above the reference median (De Onis et al, 2007). For adults, obesity is defined as BMI $\geq 30 \text{kg/m}^2$.

Low income countries

The World Bank defines low income as countries with a gross national income (GNI) per capita of less than US\$1,085 in 2021. Children and adolescents in low income countries are likely to experience a dramatic increase in the prevalence of obesity during the period 2020 to 2035, from 4% to 13% of girls, and from 2% to 6% of boys. The average prevalence of obesity in adults is expected to double over the period, from 5% to 11% of men, and from 14% to 26% of women. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to reach US\$9billion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to over 1% of low income countries' GDP at the time.

Table 3.1: Children and adolescents (aged 5-19 years) with obesity in low income countries 2020-2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 3 | 5 | 7 | 11 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 2% | 3% | 5% | 6% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 6 | 9 | 15 | 23 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 4% | 6% | 9% | 13% |

Table 3.2: Adults with obesity in low income countries 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 8 | 12 | 18 | 26 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 5% | 7% | 9% | 11% |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | 21 | 31 | 45 | 64 |
| Proportion of all women in the region | 14% | 17% | 21% | 26% |

Table 3.3: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in low income countries 2020-2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 3 | US\$ 5 | US\$ 6 | US\$ 9 |
| Impact as proportion of total low income countries' GDP | 0.9% | 0.9% | 1.0% | 1.1% |

Lower-middle income countries

Lower-middle income countries are defined by the World Bank as those with a GNI per capita between US\$1,086 and \$4,255. In lower-middle income economies, children and adolescents are likely to see a marked increase in the prevalence of obesity during the period 2020 to 2035, from 5% to 14% of girls, and from 6% to 16% of boys. For adults, the prevalence of obesity is expected to nearly double over the period, from 7% to 14% of men, and from 13% to 23% of women. The economic impact of high BMI is predicted to reach US\$362 billion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to over 2% of lower-middle income countries' GDP at the time.

Table 3.4: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) with obesity in lower-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 28 | 42 | 59 | 81 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 6% | 8% | 12% | 16% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 23 | 34 | 49 | 69 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 5% | 7% | 10% | 14% |

Table 3.5: Adults with obesity in lower-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 74 | 101 | 137 | 185 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 7% | 9% | 11% | 14% |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | 134 | 175 | 229 | 296 |
| Proportion of all women in the region | 13% | 16% | 19% | 23% |

Table 3.6: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in lower-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 112 | US\$ 164 | US\$ 244 | US\$ 362 |
| Impact as proportion of total lower-middle income | | | | |
| countries' GDP | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.9% | 2.1% |

Upper-middle income countries

Countries with a GNI per capita between US\$4,256 and USS\$13,205 are defined by the World Bank as being upper-middle income. Compared with children and adolescents in lower-middle income countries, those in upper-middle income countries are predicted to experience very high levels of obesity prevalence by 2035, with 31% of girls and 40% of boys living with obesity. Adults are predicted to reach 27% prevalence of obesity by 2035. The economic impact is predicted to exceed an annual US\$1.6 trillion (at constant 2019 dollars) by 2035, equivalent to more than 3% of upper-middle income countries' GDP at the time.

Table 3.7: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) with obesity in upper-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 51 | 70 | 82 | 87 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 19% | 26% | 33% | 40% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 29 | 42 | 53 | 62 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 12% | 17% | 23% | 31% |

Table 3.8: Adults with obesity in upper-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 130 | 167 | 213 | 268 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 14% | 18% | 22% | 27% |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | 175 | 208 | 247 | 291 |
| Proportion of all women in the region | 19% | 21% | 25% | 28% |

Table 3.9: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in upper-middle income countries 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|---|----------|----------|------------|------------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 474 | US\$ 699 | US\$ 1,070 | US\$ 1,660 |
| Impact as proportion of total upper-middle income | | | | |
| countries' GDP | 2.0% | 2.4% | 2.8% | 3.1% |

High income countries

High income countries are defined by the World Bank as those with a GNI per capita of US\$13,205 or more. In high income countries, childhood obesity levels are similar to those in upper-middle income countries. Although expected to rise over the period 2020–2035, the prevalence of childhood obesity in high income countries is likely to be overtaken by the prevalence in upper-middle income countries. For adults, high income countries show the greatest obesity prevalence levels of any income group, and this continues throughout the period, with obesity prevalence expected to reach 37% of women and 42% of men by 2035. The economic impact was estimated to exceed US\$1.3 trillion in 2020, rising to nearly US\$2.3 trillion annually by 2035 (at constant 2019 dollars), equivalent to 3% of high income countries' GDP at the time.

Table 3.10: Children and adolescents (aged 5–19 years) with obesity in high income countries 2020–2035

| | Boys 2020 | Boys 2025 | Boys 2030 | Boys 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Number of boys with obesity (millions) | 21 | 24 | 26 | 29 |
| Proportion of all boys in the region | 19% | 23% | 26% | 30% |
| | Girls 2020 | Girls 2025 | Girls 2030 | Girls 2035 |
| Number of girls with obesity (millions) | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| Proportion of all girls in the region | 14% | 16% | 19% | 22% |

Table 3.11: Adults with obesity in high income countries 2020–2035

| | Men 2020 | Men 2025 | Men 2030 | Men 2035 |
|---|------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| Number of men with obesity (millions) | 136 | 160 | 185 | 211 |
| Proportion of all men in the region | 29% | 33% | 37% | 42% |
| | Women 2020 | Women 2025 | Women 2030 | W 2025 |
| | Women 2020 | women 2025 | vvomen 2030 | Women 2035 |
| Number of women with obesity (millions) | 135 | 153 | 172 | 191 |

Table 3.12: Economic impact of high BMI (BMI ≥25kg/m²) in high income countries 2020–2035

| | 2020 | 2025 | 2030 | 2035 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Economic impact (US\$ at 2019 value) (billions) | US\$ 1,370 | US\$ 1,610 | US\$ 1,900 | US\$ 2,270 |
| Impact as proportion of total high income countries' GDP | 2.6% | 2.7% | 2.9% | 3.0% |

Comparison of trends across income groups

From the tables in this section, we can compare how the prevalence of obesity is developing over time for the different income groups as a proportion of the total. Of the world's children and adolescents living with obesity, an estimated 20% were resident in high income countries in 2020, and this proportion is predicted to fall to less than 13% by 2035. By far the greatest proportion of both boys and girls living with obesity are resident in middle income countries.

Figure 3.1: A rising proportion of boys with obesity live in middle income countries

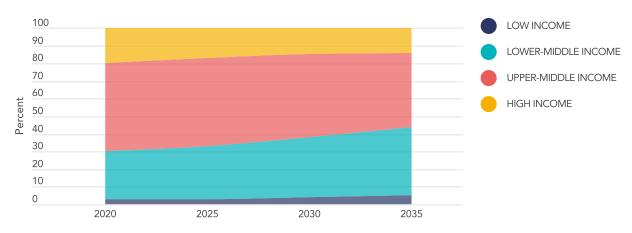
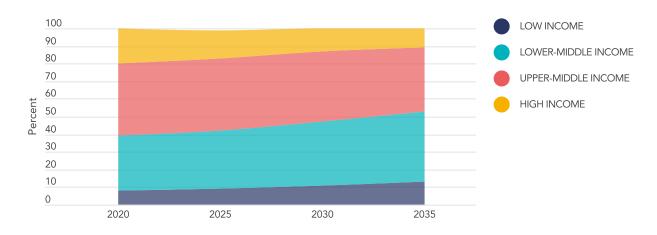


Figure 3.2: A rising proportion of girls with obesity live in middle income countries



Of the world's men living with obesity, 39% were resident in high income countries in 2020, but this is predicted to fall to 31% by 2035. Of women living with obesity, the percentage resident in high income countries is anticipated to fall from 29% to 23%. In contrast, the proportion of people with obesity who are resident in middle income countries is expected to increase to 66% of men and 70% of women.

Figure 3.3: A rising proportion of men with obesity live in middle income countries

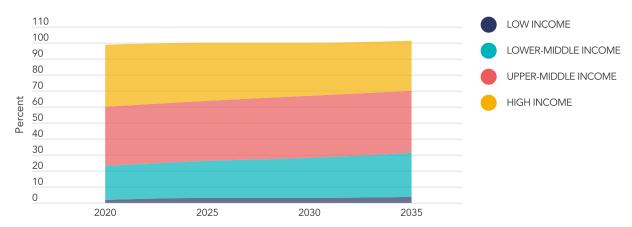
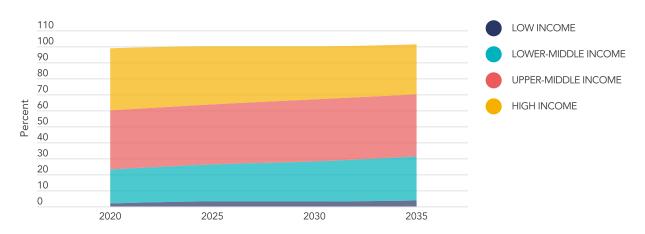


Figure 3.4: A rising proportion of women with obesity live in middle income countries



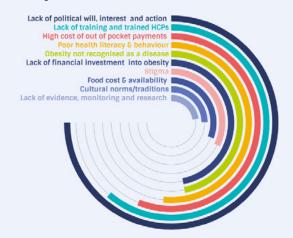
In some but certainly not all higher income countries, the rate at which obesity prevalence levels are rising appears to be slowing down. In lower income countries there are many reasons to expect rising obesity prevalence, including (a) trends in dietary preferences towards more highly processed foods, (b) trends towards greater levels of sedentary behaviour, (c) weaker policies to control the food supply and food marketing and (d) less well-resourced healthcare services to assist in weight management and in health education in the population – all of which can continue to stimulate an increase in obesity prevalence. Put another way, while globalised food systems have largely affected high income and increasingly upper-middle income countries, the last two decades have seen lower income countries drawn into global food systems, with corresponding nutrition and health behaviours. Similar arguments may be made for a potential increase in obesity prevalence in the geographical regions where prevalence is currently low.

As shown in the previous section, the trends suggest a gradual rise in prevalence for all groups over the period 2020 to 2035, but the pace of change for lower income countries and especially the lowest income countries could well increase relative to the last two decades. Lower-middle income countries with large populations, such as India, Pakistan, Indonesia and Nigeria may quite quickly follow the pattern of upper-middle income countries such as Mexico, Brazil, and Turkey in seeing a rapid rise in obesity prevalence, especially among children and adolescents.

Box 4: Strengthening health systems on obesity

World Obesity Federation's research shows that people living with obesity face a number of barriers to care: they often cannot get a diagnosis (because obesity may not be classified as a disease) or access the treatment they need from knowledgeable and trained health professionals, and are forced to incur substantial out-of-pocket expenses to receive appropriate medical treatment.

Top perceived barriers to effective obesity treatment



Based on findings from over 274 obesity specialists from 68 countries (Leach et al, 2020)

As described in the 2022 World Obesity Atlas, there are no robust measures of national capacity or capability to provide surgical procedures or primary care weight management services, and there are few indicators available showing success in obesity reduction measures through prevention policies. The World Obesity Federation has developed a proxy measure for a country's preparedness for the high levels of obesity it may face, using available evidence of a country's health systems regarding relevant NCDs. The Obesity-NCD Preparedness Rankings provide an indication of the most and least well prepared countries. It is clear that the preparedness ranks are not distributed uniformly around the globe but vary markedly across national income levels and geographical regions. Unsurprisingly, health services in low and middle income countries are least prepared to treat obesity, a deeply concerning fact given how many people in these areas live with obesity or are predicted to be living with obesity in 2035.

Table 3.13: Country preparedness, by country income group and region

| Region | Population- weighted average rank (out of 183) |
|-----------------------|---|
| | |
| Africa | 150.2 |
| Americas | 64.5 |
| Eastern Mediterranean | 121.8 |
| Europe | 37.0 |
| South-East Asia | 105.0 |
| Western Pacific | 53.5 |
| | |
| Low income | 153.6 |
| Lower-middle income | 116.3 |
| Upper-middle income | 57.7 |
| High income | 29.3 |
| | |
| World | 87.0 |
| | |

Source: World Obesity Federation, 2022



Box 5: Impact of COVID-19 lockdown requirements

Early in the COVID-19 pandemic obesity was recognised as a significant risk factor for the development of serious respiratory problems after contracting SARS-CoV-2. However, it is the reverse issue that may affect the prevalence of obesity into the future, namely the impact of public health measures to limit the spread of COVID-19 by restricting movements during periods of 'lockdown'. Several surveys have been undertaken which compare health behaviours and obesity prevalence before and during lockdown, and these have demonstrated reduced physical activity, increased consumption of processed foods and a rise in the prevalence of overweight and obesity, especially among children.

One meta-analysis looking at 38 studies in 17 countries around the globe suggested that periods of lockdown added around 1.5kg bodyweight to adults and adolescents (aged ≥16 years) (Bakaloudi et al, 2021). A study of over 10,000 adolescents and young adults in China found the lockdown period during early 2020 to have increased obesity prevalence from 10% to 12.5% and overweight prevalence from 21% to 25% (Yang et al, 2020). Similarly, a 2021 meta-

analysis of 12 studies from 8 countries focused on younger children found an increase in obesity prevalence from 22% to 25% and an increase in overweight prevalence from 25% to 28% during the lockdown period (Chang et al, 2020).

It is generally the case that weight gain in a population are hard to prevent or reverse, as found with many attempts to do so in both child and adult populations. It might be assumed, therefore, that a rise in prevalence occurring in a short period of time might lead to continuing higher levels of overweight and obesity in subsequent years, indicating that the modelled trends used in the present Atlas would need to be adjusted upwards to take account of the COVID-19 lockdown periods. Although one large-scale survey of children in England conducted in the school year 2021 to 2022 suggests that some reversal of the increase may be possible, especially among younger children (NHS, 2022), the cause of such a reversal and whether it is sustained remains to be demonstrated. There is a need for further research on the impact, especially in the long term, of COVID-19 lockdowns on weight and health behaviours.



Section 4: Taking action: comprehensive national plans and universal health coverage

4. Taking action: comprehensive national plans and Universal Health Coverage

As highlighted throughout this Atlas, the number of people with obesity is increasing globally, with significant economic impact. Furthermore, there are significant differences between regions and levels of economic development that require urgent and tailored action to address obesity and reduce the prevalence. Action on obesity is commonly siloed and fragmented, and obesity remains under-prioritised within global health and NCD strategies as a risk factor rather than a disease in its own right. False trade-offs are often seen between prevention and treatment, when the reality is population-level prevention strategies need to be complemented with action within health systems.

Accelerating global action on obesity

2022 marked a crucial year for obesity policy globally, with the new International Classification of Disease (ICD-11) coming into force which includes an improved definition of obesity (WHO, 2022iii)*, a new set of WHO recommendations on the prevention and management of obesity throughout the life course (WHO, 2022iv) and an accompanying Acceleration Plan to support implementation of the recommendations in key frontrunner countries (WHO, 2022v). The new recommendations serve as the foundations for global and national action plans and strategies which can support and expedite meaningful, integrated and comprehensive action on obesity.

The new recommendations reiterate a number of existing recommendations on obesity, particularly related to food environments and physical activity. In addition, for the first time there are also concrete recommendations for the health system, including clear criteria for providing a continuum of care through health promotion, disease prevention, diagnosis, treatment and management of obesity which is equitably offered and progressively implemented as part of Universal Health Coverage (UHC) and included within primary health care (PHC).

As evidenced throughout this Atlas, there are vast differences in obesity prevalence and economic impact between regions and levels of economic development. Furthermore, every country has different political situations and entry points. This highlights the importance of contextualising the global recommendations and tailoring the local context in terms of need and situation. While on the one hand we know that action on obesity requires comprehensive action across a number of key areas (as demonstrated by the ROOTS framework – see Box 6) we also know that no one size fits all. Finding appropriate entry points at the national level, and sometimes subnational, will be vital for ensuring the impact of action taken.

* Obesity is a chronic complex disease defined by excessive adiposity that can impair health. It is in most cases a multifactorial disease due to obesogenic environments, psycho-social factors and genetic variants. In a subgroup of patients, single major etiological factors can be identified (medications, diseases, immobilization, iatrogenic procedures, monogenic disease/genetic syndrome). Body mass index (BMI) is a surrogate marker of adiposity calculated as weight (kg)/height² (m²). The BMI categories for defining obesity vary by age and gender in infants, children and adolescents. For adults, obesity is defined by a BMI greater than or equal to 30.00 kg/m². There are three levels of severity in recognition of different management options.

Strengthening health systems and improving environments

Despite now having recommendations for obesity to be integrated within PHC and UHC, health systems remain ill-equipped to address obesity and its comorbidities, putting pressure on fragile health systems worldwide.

The new recommendations and emphasis on health system policies for obesity come ahead of the second United Nations (UN) High Level meeting on UHC (UN HLM on UHC) which takes place in September 2023. During the first UN HLM on UHC in 2019, UN Member States committed to 'Progressively covering 1 billion additional people, with a view of covering all people by 2030'. This included a commitment to address NCDs as part of UHC and agreed to take multisectoral action to promote active and healthy lifestyles and ensure a world free from malnutrition in all its forms. Progress towards achieving UHC is off track, exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic which has brought the world further away from the 2023 targets set by the Political Declaration of the first UN HLM on UHC. Ensuring that UHC provides a framework for the prevention, management and treatment of obesity is a vital element of global efforts to meet 2025 targets on obesity and NCDs and the 2030 Sustainable Development Goals. Ahead of the second UN HLM on UHC, 7 priority actions have been identified for obesity within the context of UHC, these include: high-level political commitment and investment in UHC, leaving no one behind, investment in health workers, better surveillance and data collection of disease prevalence, increasing public financing for health, and stronger accountability mechanisms.

In addition to strengthening health systems, UN Member States need to underpin their health system policies with commitments which address the social, commercial and environmental determinants of health which, left unaddressed, can undermine all efforts and investment in health promotion. For instance, exposure to the promotional marketing of less healthy food products and infant formula is likely to continue, especially in the less developed economies discussed above. Meanwhile, incentives for sedentary behaviour, increased use of mechanised labour and mechanised transport, along with increased urbanisation, are also likely to continue at least at the current pace.

Addressing these determinants can help promote health across the population and increase the efficacy of obesity treatments. This will require significant cross-government efforts and is important for preventing obesity across all populations, particularly vulnerable populations such as children and those from lower socioeconomic groups who are more susceptible to the wider determinants of health and who will benefit the most from action. Governments should take steps to improve environments, using legal frameworks and regulation to protect all, including comprehensive marketing restrictions on foods high in fat, sugar and salt and strong mechanisms to protect the policymaking process from health-harming industries.

Box 6: ROOTS Framework

In 2020, World Obesity Federation, in consultation with its members, developed the ROOTS framework which sets out an integrated, equitable, comprehensive and person-centred approach to addressing obesity. The framework is based on five key pillars which encompass the recognition of obesity as a disease and driver of other NCDs, enhanced monitoring and surveillance, prevention of obesity throughout the life course, the provision of improved health services and treatment for people living with obesity, and the need for a systems-based approach. These pillars identify the key areas in which action is needed to address obesity, while allowing for tailoring to suit different contexts, starting points and economic situations.



Priority actions for UHC and their applicability to obesity

High-level political commitment and investment in UHC, ensuring efforts are cross-departmental and cross-sectoral.

For obesity, this means investing in prevention, management and treatment of obesity; recognising that obesity is a disease; including obesity in national NCD strategies; and national recommendations and guidelines for a holistic multidisciplinary approach to obesity.

Leave no one behind, regardless of race, gender, age, citizenship or ability, ensuring all have access to health services without financial hardship. Redressing inequality is at the heart of UHC.

For obesity, this means the progressive realisation of equitable access to publicly funded obesity health care, and addressing weight bias, which is often a systemic barrier to access to care.

Investment in health workers, recognising the importance of well-trained professionals for delivering high-quality care.

For obesity, this means ensuring that health professionals are trained and equipped in the prevention, management and treatment of obesity.

Community empowerment, giving patients, communities and citizens more control over their health and ensuring civil society are consulted and engaged.

For obesity, this includes a personorientated approach to obesity prevention, management and treatment, which addresses weight stigma and bias and ensures that people with obesity are involved in service design, guidelines and professional training. Better surveillance and data collection of disease prevalence to ensure care is prioritised and delivered where it is most needed and to aid early diagnosis and secondary prevention.

For obesity, this includes national health monitoring survey and/or surveillance that includes measured height and weight, especially in children.

Increase public financing for health, ensuring resources are used equitably and efficiently so that everyone can get the care they need without financial hardship, including through using innovative domestic resource mobilisation.

For NCDs including obesity, this could include funding treatment through a tax on sugar-sweetened beverages, tackling both the environmental determinants of obesity and the underfunding of care.

Ensure strong accountability mechanisms, nationally and globally, to monitor progress and commitments.

For obesity, this includes monitoring progress towards achieving global obesity targets.



Section 5: Country scorecards

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Serbia

Seychelles

Sierra Leone

Singapore

Slovakia

0.

Slovenia

Solomon Islands

Somalia

South Africa

South Korea

Spain

Sri Lanka

Sudan

.

Suriname

Sweden

. . .

Switzerland

Syrian Arab Republic

Т

Taiwan

Tajikistan

Tanzania

Thailand

Timor-Leste

Togo

Tonga

Trinidad and Tobago

Tunisia

Turkey

Turkmenistan

U

Uganda

Ukraine

United Arab Emirates

United Kingdom

United States of America

Uruguay

Uzbekistan

V

Vanuatu

Venezuela

Viet Nam

Y

Yemen

Z

Zambia

Zimbabwe



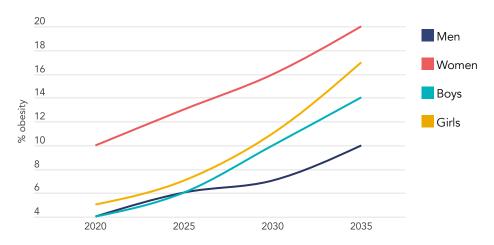
Afghanistan

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

15%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

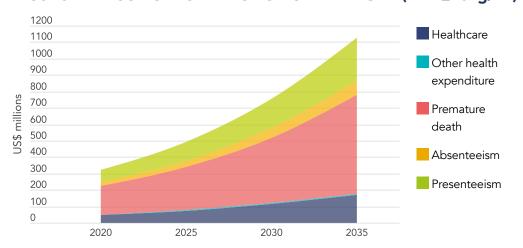


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 48 | 322 | 18 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 75 | 495 | 24 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 115 | 755 | 31 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 169 | 1,129 | 40 | 2.8% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



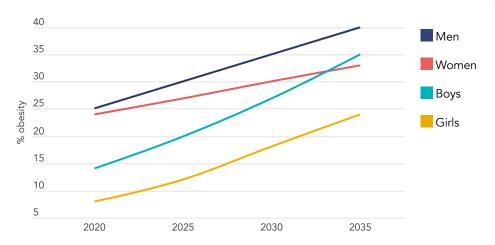
Albania

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

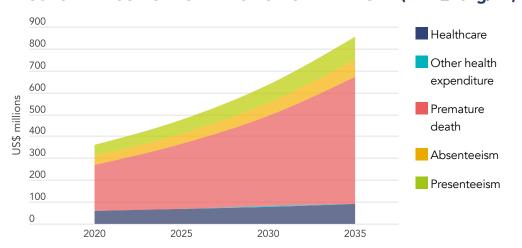


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.7%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.3%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 58 | 359 | 15 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 69 | 476 | 18 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 79 | 634 | 21 | 3.0% |
| 2035 | 91 | 853 | 26 | 3.3% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 59/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

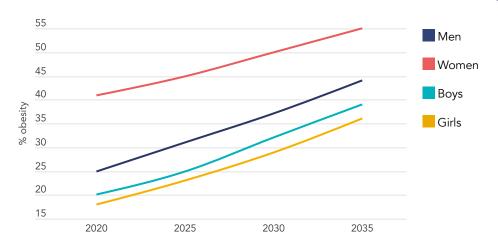
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.



Algeria

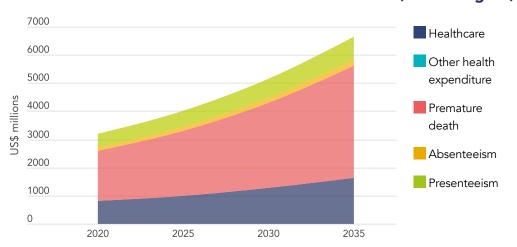
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
49%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.7%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 805 | 3,196 | 163 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 1,007 | 4,028 | 184 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 1,282 | 5,162 | 205 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 1,631 | 6,640 | 233 | 2.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
61/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

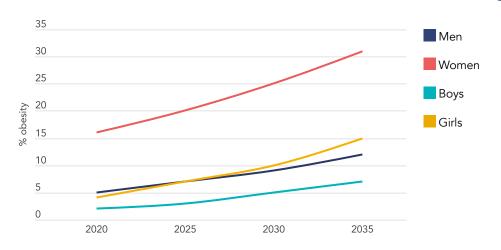




Angola

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
22%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

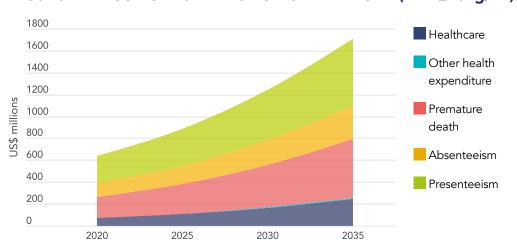


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.9%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **1.2%** HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 69 | 640 | 80 | 0.8% |
| 2025 | 108 | 891 | 92 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 167 | 1,241 | 115 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 248 | 1,707 | 145 | 1.2% |



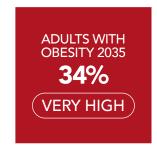
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

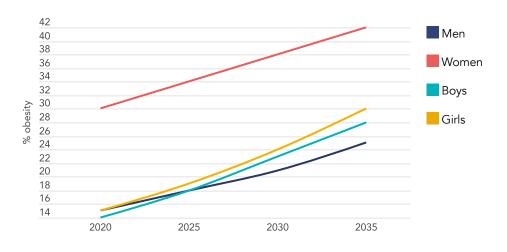
Global Preparedness:



Antigua and Barbuda



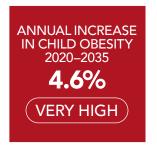
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

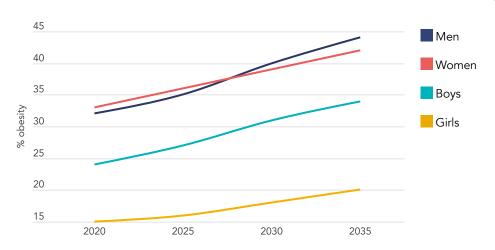
Global Preparedness:



Argentina

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
43%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

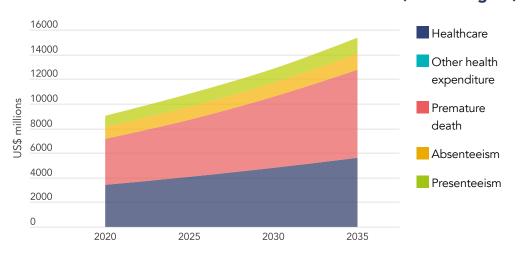


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3,420 | 9,017 | 407 | 2.2% |
| 2025 | 4,064 | 10,798 | 504 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 4,794 | 12,863 | 563 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 5,627 | 15,333 | 635 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 81/183
AVERAGE

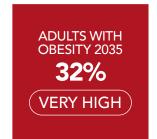
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

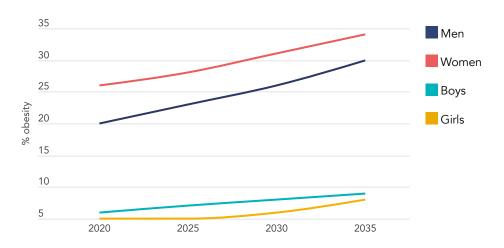
Global Preparedness:



Armenia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

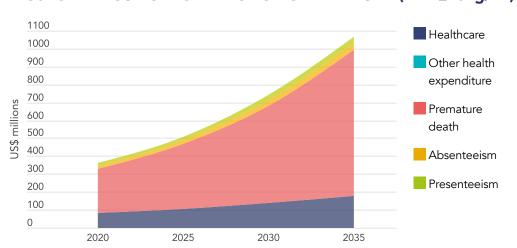


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 81 | 365 | 13 | 2.9% |
| 2025 | 105 | 511 | 15 | 3.3% |
| 2030 | 139 | 740 | 20 | 3.7% |
| 2035 | 180 | 1,065 | 27 | 4.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING

56/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



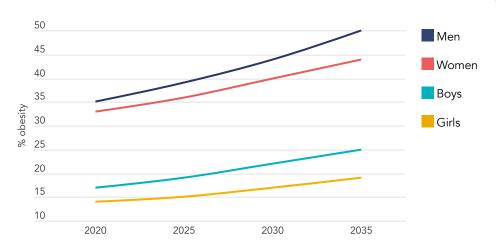


Australia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
47%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

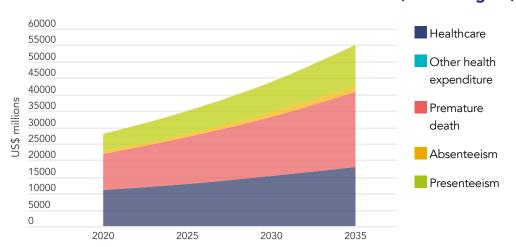


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 10,952 | 28,083 | 1,395 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 12,917 | 35,104 | 1,631 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 15,249 | 43,907 | 1,873 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 17,914 | 55,024 | 2,170 | 2.5% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





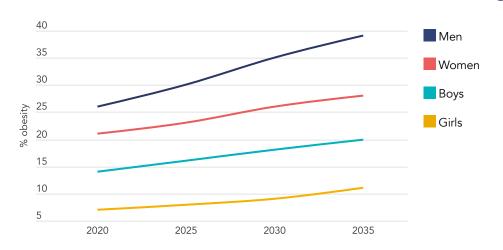
Austria

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

34%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

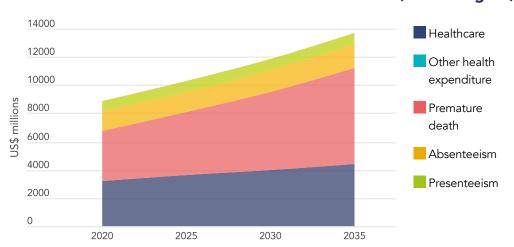


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3,186 | 8,872 | 415 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 3,599 | 10,314 | 478 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 4,009 | 11,898 | 526 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 4,422 | 13,746 | 581 | 2.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

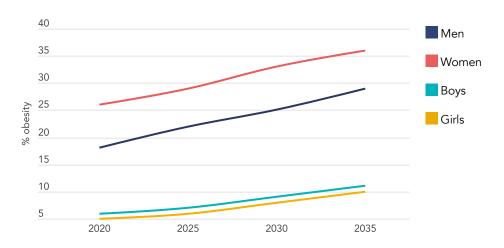
Global Preparedness:



Azerbaijan

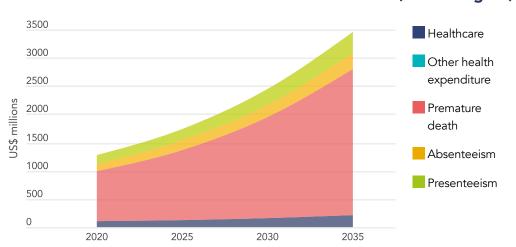


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 108 | 1,273 | 46 | 2.8% |
| 2025 | 130 | 1,740 | 54 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 165 | 2,444 | 64 | 3.8% |
| 2035 | 210 | 3,461 | 79 | 4.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
101/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

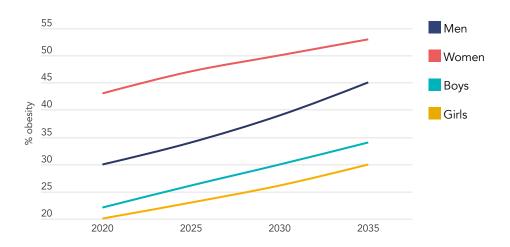




Bahamas

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
49%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

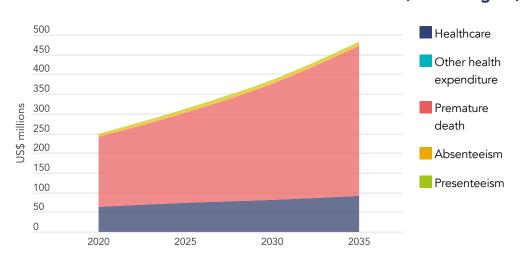


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 64 | 250 | 11 | 2.2% |
| 2025 | 73 | 311 | 14 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 82 | 386 | 15 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 91 | 483 | 17 | 2.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 84/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

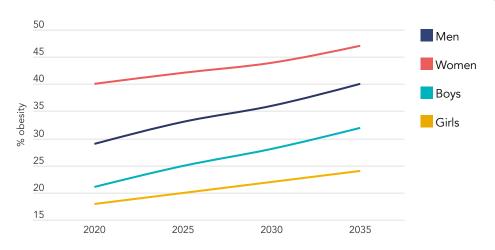




Bahrain

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
43%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

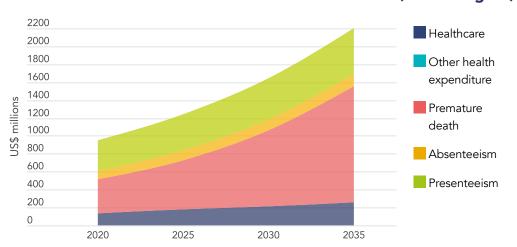


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.8%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 137 | 947 | 37 | 2.6% |
| 2025 | 174 | 1,235 | 42 | 2.9% |
| 2030 | 214 | 1,638 | 50 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 255 | 2,194 | 60 | 3.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 54/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness: A ranking of all countries for their relative preparedness to tackle obesity, from

1=best to 183=worst. See Appendix.





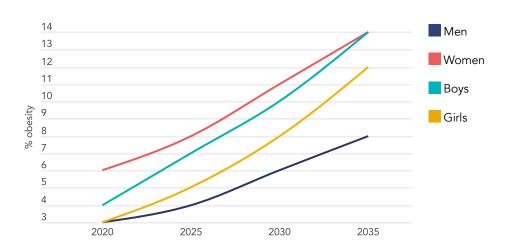
Bangladesh

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

11%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

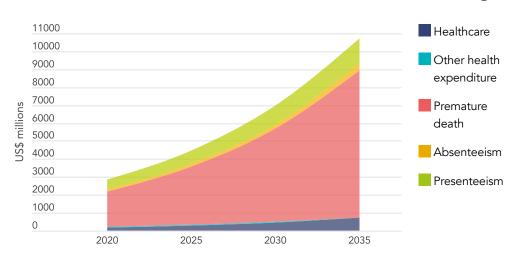


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.7%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.4%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 193 | 2,820 | 313 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 306 | 4,485 | 429 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 474 | 6,982 | 576 | 1.2% |
| 2035 | 703 | 10,743 | 750 | 1.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



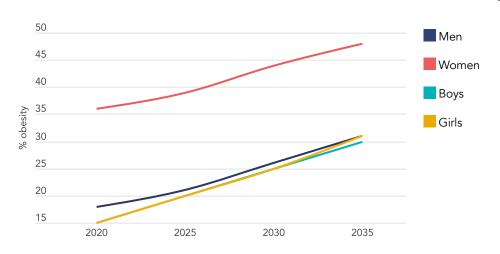
Barbados

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

39%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

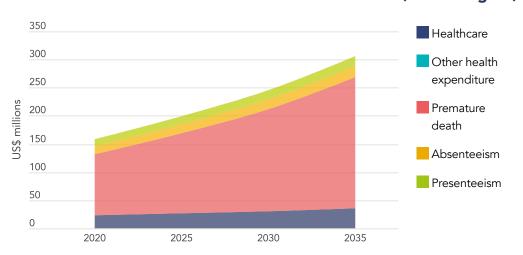


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 23 | 159 | 5 | 3.5% |
| 2025 | 27 | 200 | 6 | 3.5% |
| 2030 | 31 | 245 | 6 | 4.0% |
| 2035 | 35 | 305 | 7 | 4.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =51/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





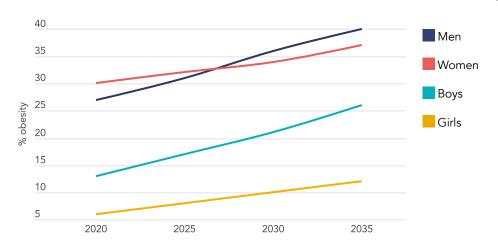
Belarus

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

38%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

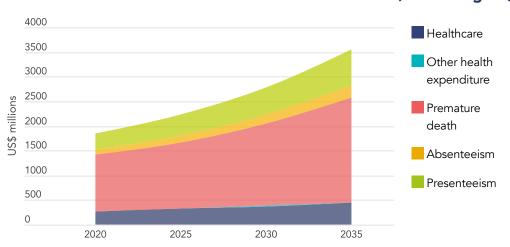


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 268 | 1,853 | 64 | 2.9% |
| 2025 | 315 | 2,224 | 63 | 3.5% |
| 2030 | 375 | 2,789 | 71 | 3.9% |
| 2035 | 451 | 3,546 | 85 | 4.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.



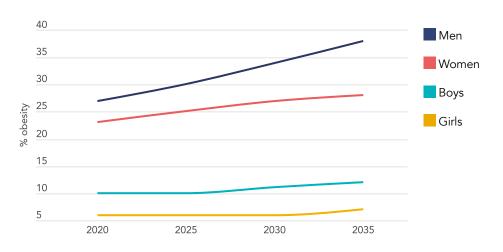
Belgium

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

33%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

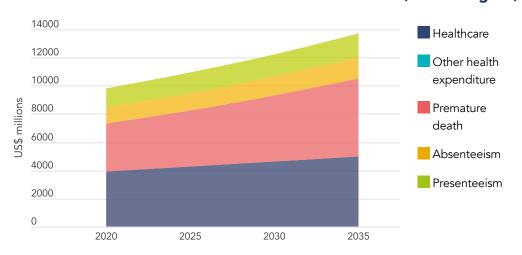


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.8%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

1.2%

MEDIUM

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3,898 | 9,829 | 505 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 4,250 | 10,973 | 569 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 4,585 | 12,228 | 614 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 4,960 | 13,690 | 670 | 2.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 10/183 GOOD

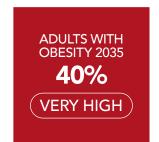
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

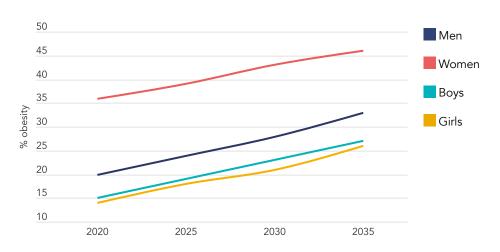
Global Preparedness:



Belize



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

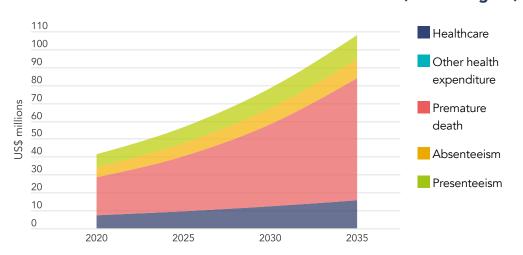


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.6%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 7 | 41 | 2 | 2.5% |
| 2025 | 10 | 57 | 2 | 2.8% |
| 2030 | 12 | 78 | 2 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 15 | 108 | 3 | 3.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

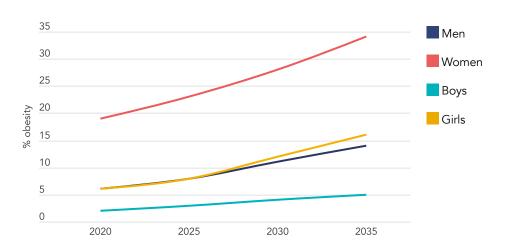




Benin



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

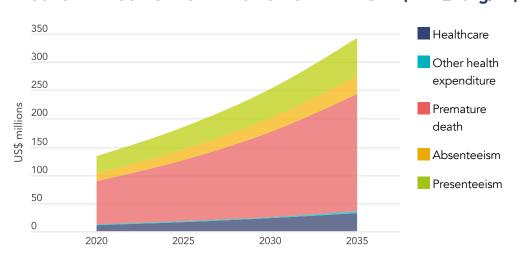


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.3%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 11 | 133 | 15 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 16 | 185 | 20 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 23 | 253 | 26 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 33 | 343 | 31 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

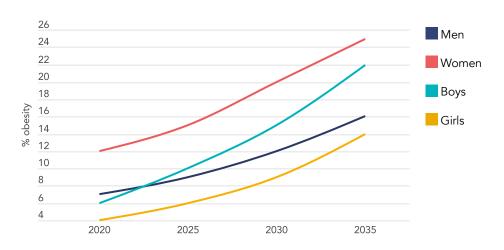
Global Preparedness:



Bhutan



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

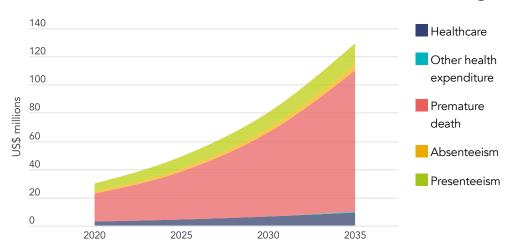


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.9%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3 | 30 | 2 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 4 | 49 | 3 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 7 | 80 | 4 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 9 | 129 | 5 | 2.5% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



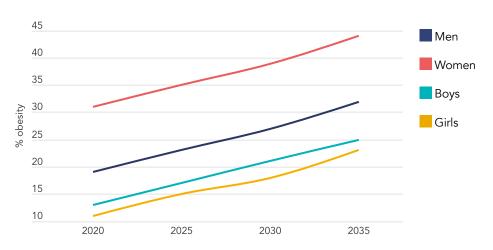
Bolivia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

38%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

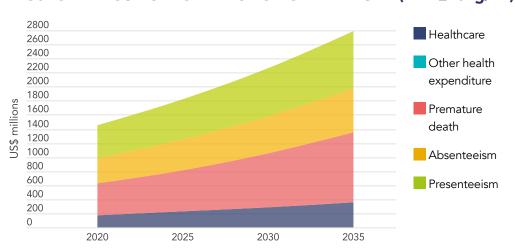


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.9%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.3%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 174 | 1,448 | 37 | 3.9% |
| 2025 | 224 | 1,818 | 46 | 4.0% |
| 2030 | 284 | 2,258 | 54 | 4.2% |
| 2035 | 353 | 2,780 | 64 | 4.3% |



SOURCES

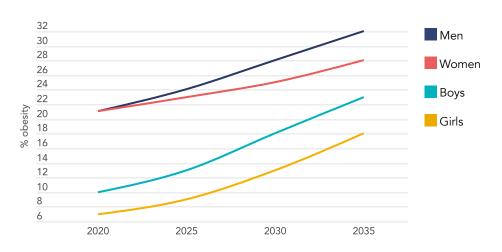
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Bosnia and Herzegovina



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

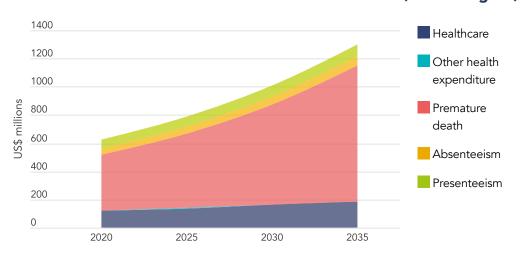


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.5%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 118 | 622 | 20 | 3.2% |
| 2025 | 138 | 786 | 23 | 3.4% |
| 2030 | 161 | 1,007 | 27 | 3.8% |
| 2035 | 184 | 1,297 | 31 | 4.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 38/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

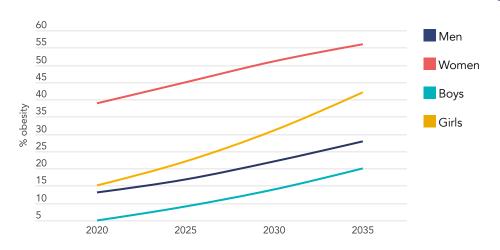
Global Preparedness:



Botswana

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
43%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

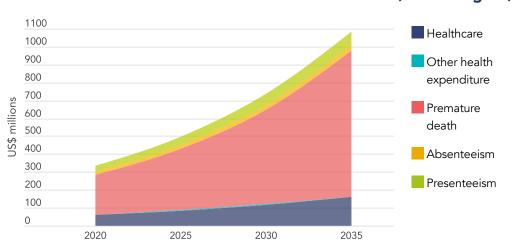


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.3%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 60 | 337 | 15 | 2.2% |
| 2025 | 86 | 497 | 20 | 2.5% |
| 2030 | 120 | 735 | 25 | 2.9% |
| 2035 | 163 | 1,083 | 33 | 3.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

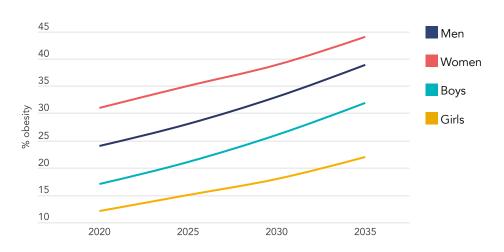




Brazil

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
41%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

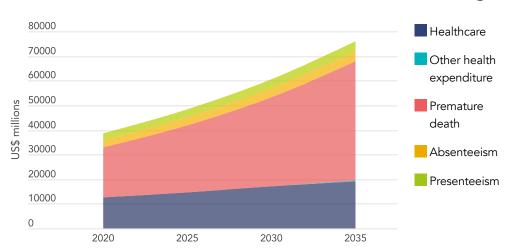


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 12,426 | 38,646 | 1,801 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 14,739 | 48,392 | 2,007 | 2.4% |
| 2030 | 16,947 | 60,437 | 2,249 | 2.7% |
| 2035 | 19,234 | 75,849 | 2,541 | 3.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
67/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

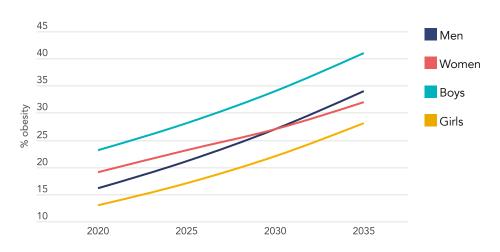
Global Preparedness:



Brunei Darussalam



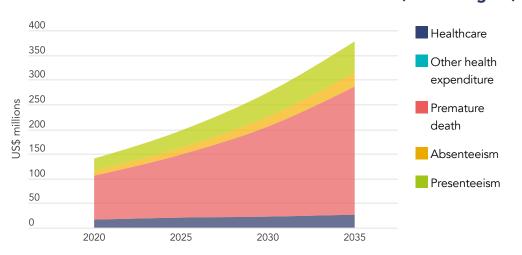
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 17 | 141 | 14 | 1.0% |
| 2025 | 20 | 197 | 15 | 1.3% |
| 2030 | 23 | 273 | 17 | 1.7% |
| 2035 | 25 | 378 | 18 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 57/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

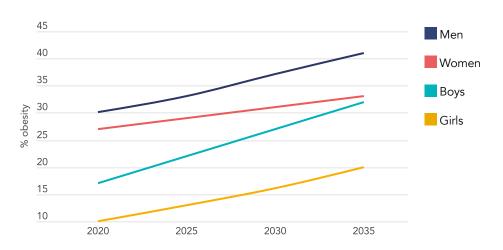
Global Preparedness:



Bulgaria



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

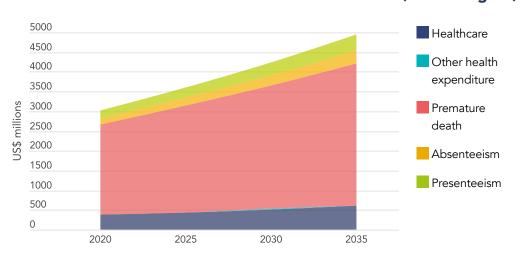


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.8%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
5.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 379 | 3,010 | 66 | 4.6% |
| 2025 | 441 | 3,596 | 79 | 4.5% |
| 2030 | 519 | 4,233 | 88 | 4.8% |
| 2035 | 598 | 4,953 | 96 | 5.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.





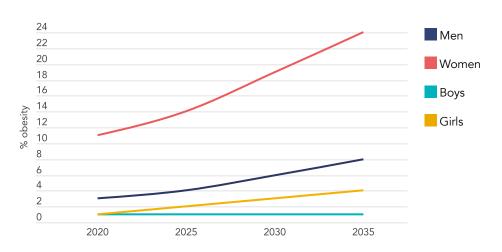
Burkina Faso

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

16%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

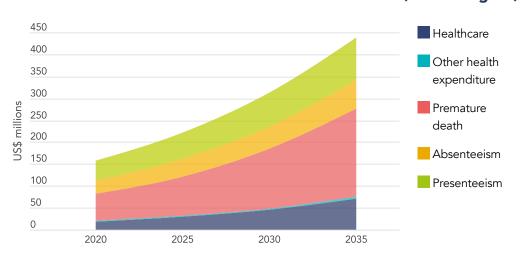


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.8%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.3%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 18 | 157 | 16 | 1.0% |
| 2025 | 29 | 222 | 21 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 45 | 312 | 27 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 71 | 439 | 35 | 1.3% |



SOURCES

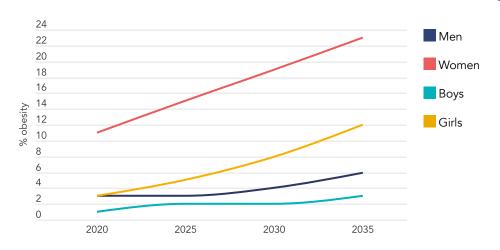
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Burundi

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
15%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

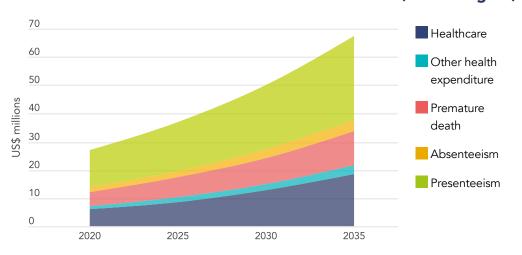


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.6%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 6 | 27 | 3 | 1.0% |
| 2025 | 9 | 37 | 3 | 1.1% |
| 2030 | 13 | 50 | 4 | 1.3% |
| 2035 | 18 | 67 | 4 | 1.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 176/183 VERY POOR

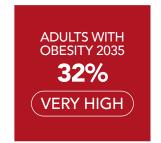
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

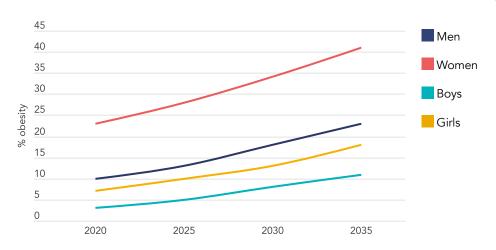
Global Preparedness:



Cabo Verde



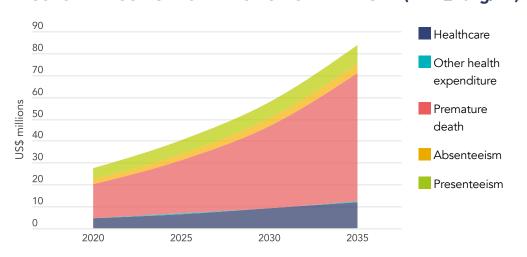
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.3%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 5 | 28 | 2 | 1.6% |
| 2025 | 7 | 40 | 2 | 1.8% |
| 2030 | 9 | 58 | 3 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 12 | 84 | 4 | 2.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

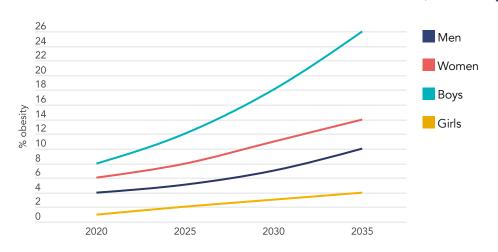




Cambodia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
12%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

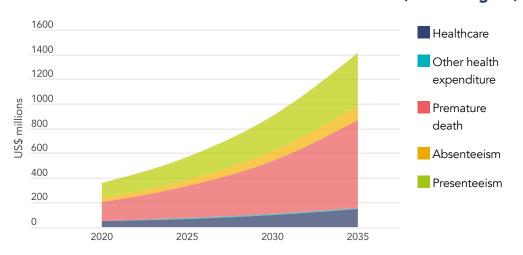


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 45 | 360 | 26 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 68 | 572 | 34 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 101 | 902 | 46 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 147 | 1,416 | 64 | 2.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

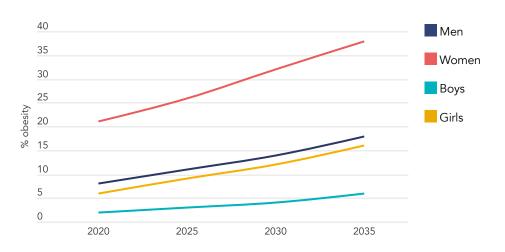




Cameroon

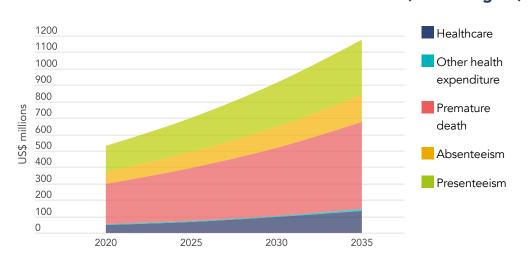
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
28%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.3%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.9%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.6%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 49 | 530 | 40 | 1.3% |
| 2025 | 69 | 700 | 50 | 1.4% |
| 2030 | 98 | 912 | 61 | 1.5% |
| 2035 | 136 | 1,177 | 72 | 1.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

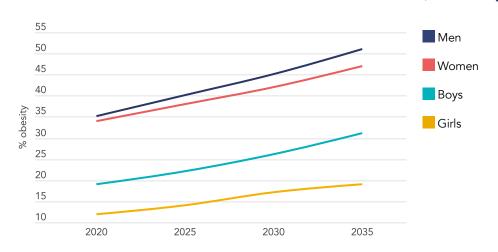
Global Preparedness:



Canada

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
49%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

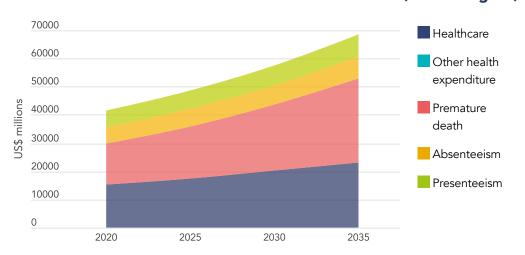


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 15,240 | 41,480 | 1,651 | 2.5% |
| 2025 | 17,527 | 48,763 | 1,907 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 20,095 | 57,604 | 2,117 | 2.7% |
| 2035 | 23,003 | 68,586 | 2,386 | 2.9% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



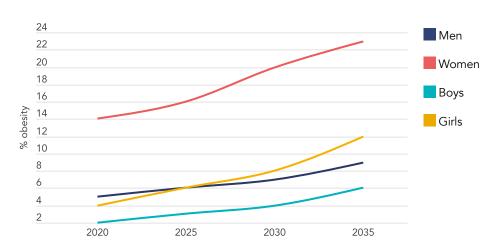
Central African Republic

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

16%

MEDIUM

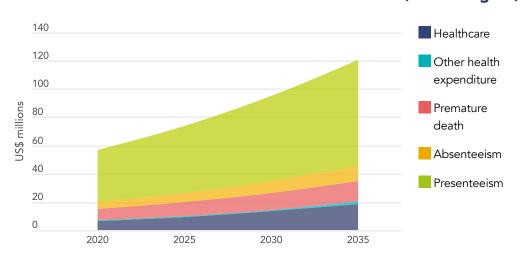
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.3%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 7 | 57 | 2 | 2.5% |
| 2025 | 9 | 74 | 3 | 2.7% |
| 2030 | 13 | 95 | 3 | 3.0% |
| 2035 | 19 | 121 | 4 | 3.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



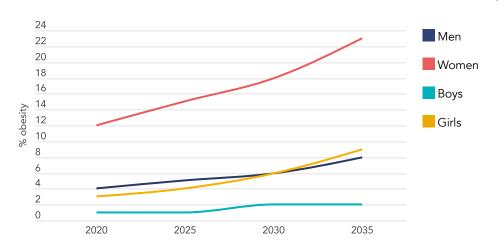
Chad

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

15%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

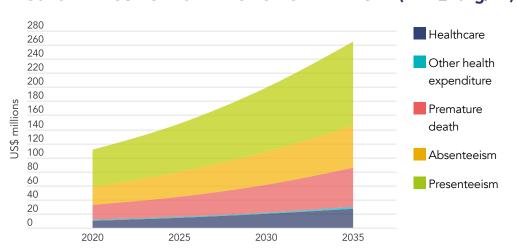


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

7.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.5%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 10 | 110 | 11 | 1.0% |
| 2025 | 14 | 148 | 12 | 1.2% |
| 2030 | 20 | 199 | 15 | 1.4% |
| 2035 | 27 | 265 | 18 | 1.5% |



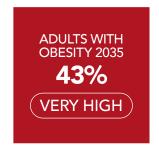
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

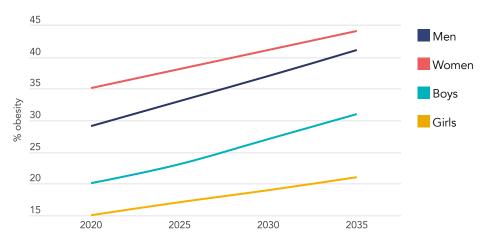
Global Preparedness:



Chile



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

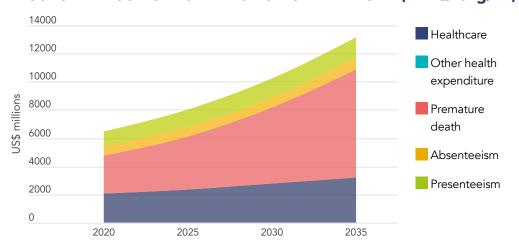


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,048 | 6,476 | 262 | 2.5% |
| 2025 | 2,368 | 8,027 | 310 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 2,746 | 10,218 | 368 | 2.8% |
| 2035 | 3,183 | 13,175 | 452 | 2.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =37/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





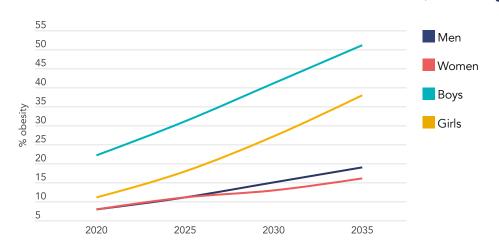
China

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

18%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

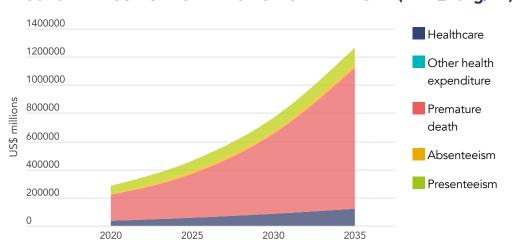


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.6%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 36,815 | 283,306 | 14,662 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 55,891 | 458,913 | 19,171 | 2.4% |
| 2030 | 82,832 | 766,352 | 27,072 | 2.8% |
| 2035 | 118,490 | 1,268,157 | 41,087 | 3.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
47/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



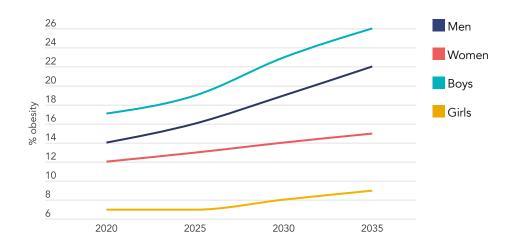
China (Hong Kong SAR)

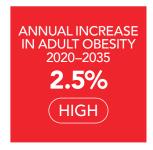
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

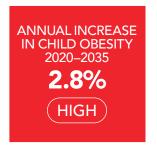
18%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)











SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





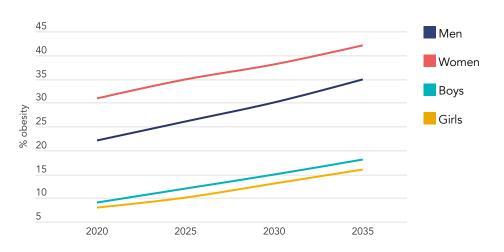
Colombia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

39%

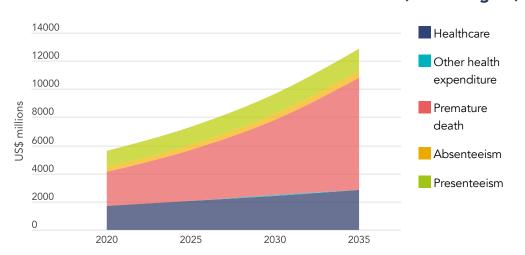
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,726 | 5,613 | 300 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 2,069 | 7,335 | 389 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 2,448 | 9,666 | 461 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 2,857 | 12,885 | 546 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 76/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



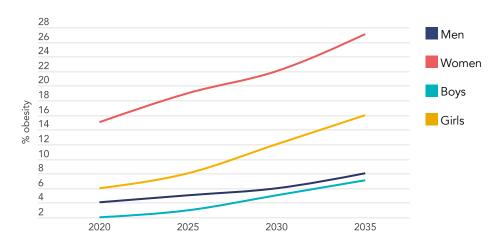
Comoros

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

17%

MEDIUM

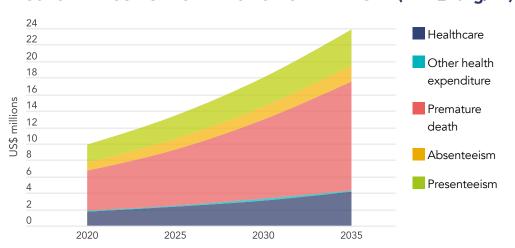
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

7.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.3%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 0.8% |
| 2025 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 3 | 18 | 2 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 4 | 24 | 2 | 1.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness: A ranking of all countries for their relative preparedness to tackle obesity, from

1=best to 183=worst. See Appendix.



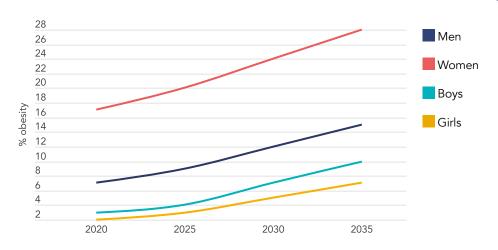
Congo

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

22%

HIGH

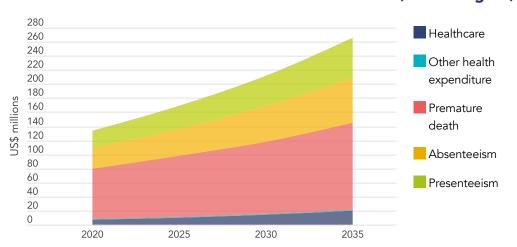
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.6%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 8 | 134 | 12 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 11 | 169 | 13 | 1.3% |
| 2030 | 14 | 212 | 15 | 1.4% |
| 2035 | 20 | 265 | 16 | 1.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING

137/183

POOR

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

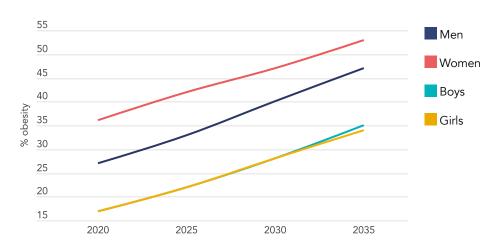
Global Preparedness:



Costa Rica



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

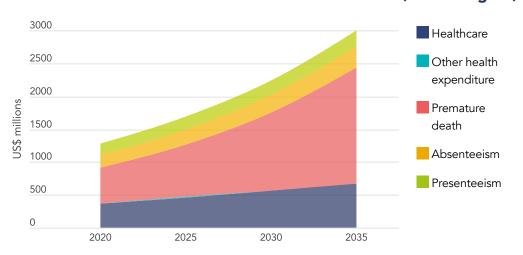


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.1%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 372 | 1,275 | 62 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 464 | 1,689 | 75 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 560 | 2,237 | 90 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 667 | 2,994 | 107 | 2.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 69/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

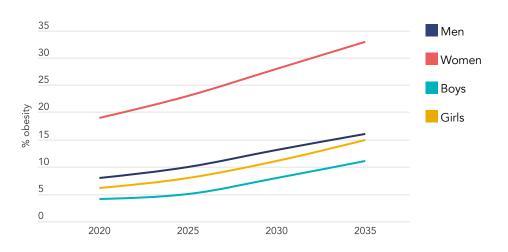


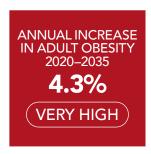


Cote d'Ivoire

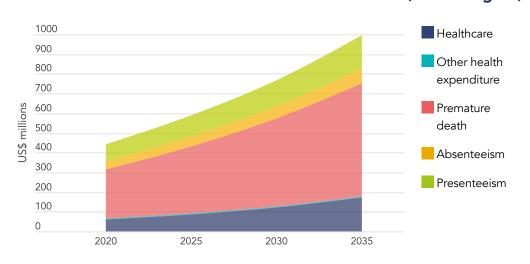


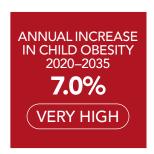
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)





PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)





OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

0.8%

MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 61 | 440 | 60 | 0.7% |
| 2025 | 88 | 589 | 81 | 0.7% |
| 2030 | 124 | 769 | 100 | 0.8% |
| 2035 | 172 | 996 | 118 | 0.8% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



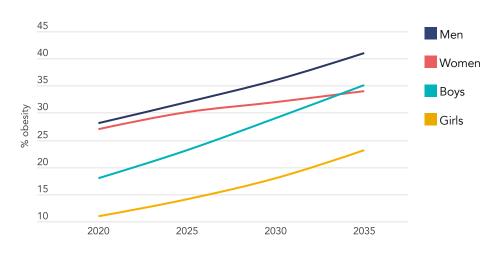


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

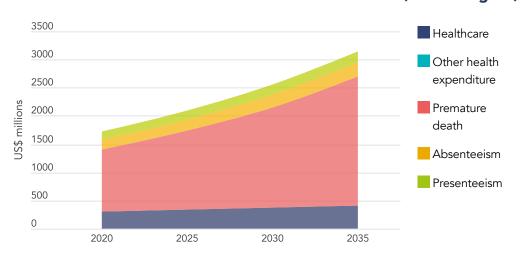
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 299 | 1,729 | 57 | 3.0% |
| 2025 | 330 | 2,105 | 72 | 2.9% |
| 2030 | 366 | 2,563 | 84 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 407 | 3,149 | 98 | 3.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **25/183** GOOD

SOURCES

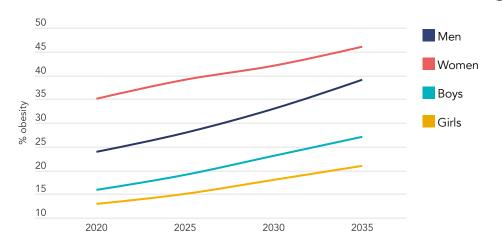
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
42%
VERY HIGH

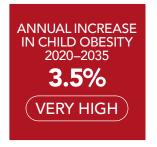
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

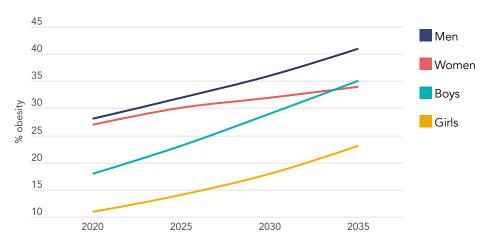




Cyprus



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

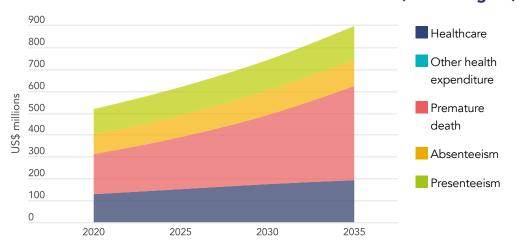


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 130 | 516 | 24 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 151 | 617 | 29 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 171 | 741 | 34 | 2.2% |
| 2035 | 194 | 894 | 41 | 2.2% |



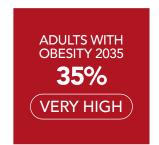
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

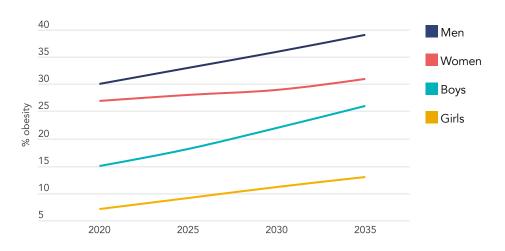




Czechia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

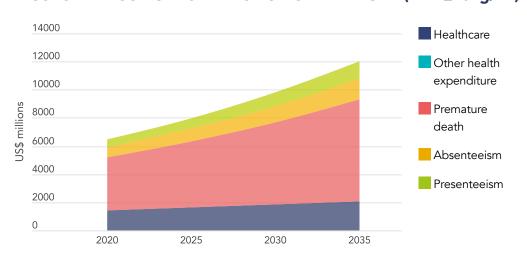


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.3%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,410 | 6,455 | 238 | 2.7% |
| 2025 | 1,600 | 7,964 | 280 | 2.8% |
| 2030 | 1,839 | 9,783 | 316 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 2,087 | 12,036 | 358 | 3.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **21/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.



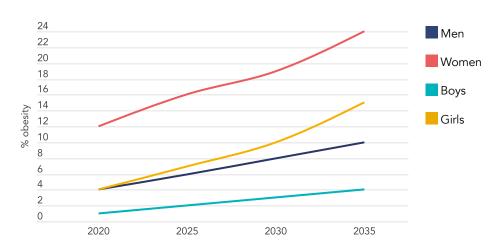
Democratic Republic of the Congo

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

17%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

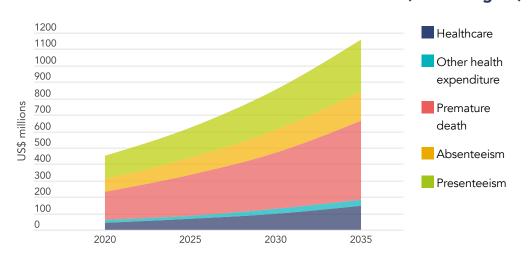


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.7%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 43 | 449 | 51 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 65 | 623 | 70 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 97 | 853 | 89 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 145 | 1,158 | 107 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





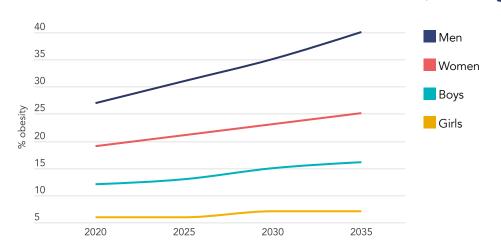
Denmark

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

32%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

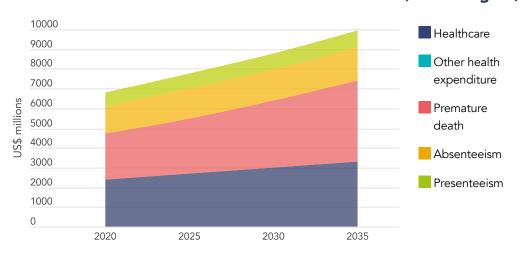


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,374 | 6,827 | 340 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 2,668 | 7,760 | 382 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 2,995 | 8,806 | 418 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 3,290 | 9,959 | 458 | 2.2% |



SOURCES

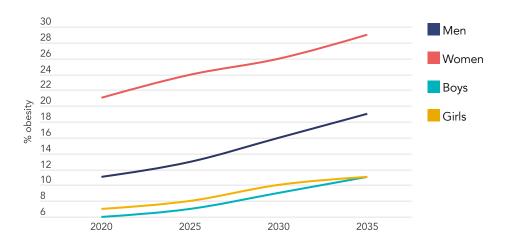
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.



Djibouti



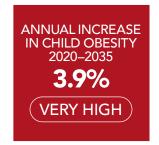
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

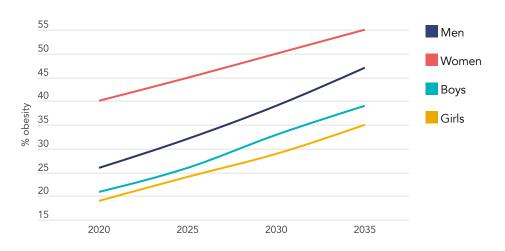




Dominican Republic

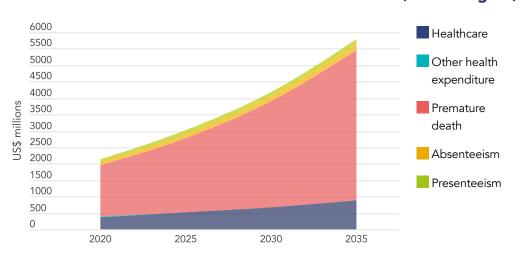


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.9%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 379 | 2,139 | 83 | 2.6% |
| 2025 | 512 | 3,011 | 114 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 679 | 4,178 | 143 | 2.9% |
| 2035 | 885 | 5,790 | 179 | 3.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





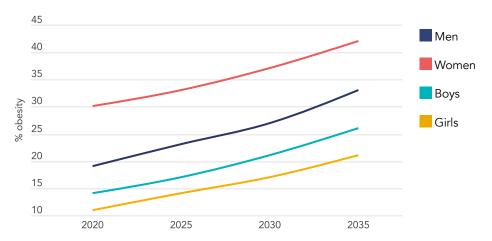
Ecuador

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

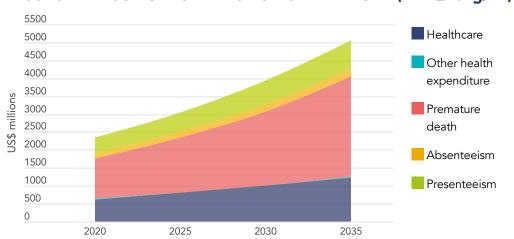


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.3%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 626 | 2,351 | 100 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 801 | 3,054 | 116 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 1,005 | 3,930 | 132 | 3.0% |
| 2035 | 1,240 | 5,048 | 151 | 3.3% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =78/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

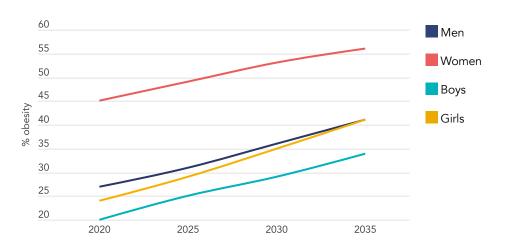




Egypt



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

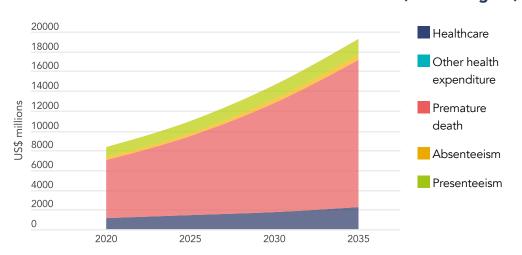


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.0%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,116 | 8,355 | 314 | 2.7% |
| 2025 | 1,406 | 10,999 | 402 | 2.7% |
| 2030 | 1,763 | 14,610 | 517 | 2.8% |
| 2035 | 2,251 | 19,327 | 650 | 3.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING

103/183

AVERAGE

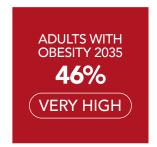
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

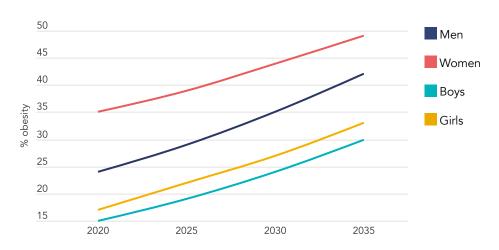
Global Preparedness:



El Salvador



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

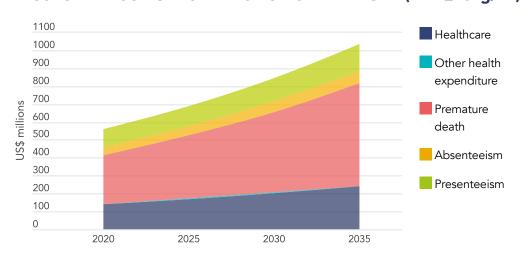


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 139 | 557 | 25 | 2.2% |
| 2025 | 169 | 689 | 30 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 203 | 844 | 33 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 240 | 1,032 | 36 | 2.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 98/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





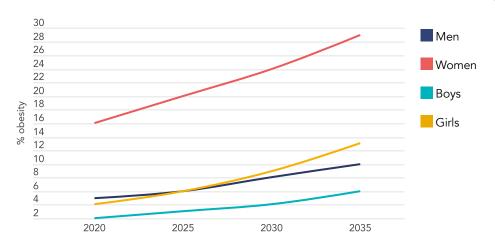
Equatorial Guinea

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

18%

MEDIUM

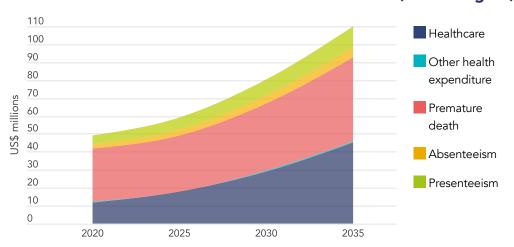
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.9%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 12 | 49 | 11 | 0.5% |
| 2025 | 18 | 59 | 9 | 0.6% |
| 2030 | 29 | 80 | 9 | 0.9% |
| 2035 | 45 | 110 | 10 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



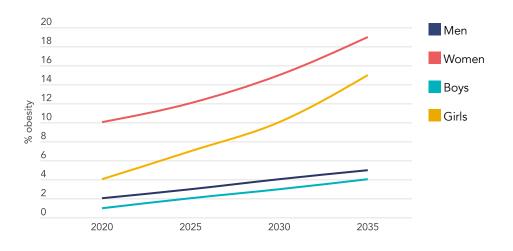
Eritrea

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

12%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.7%

VERY HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

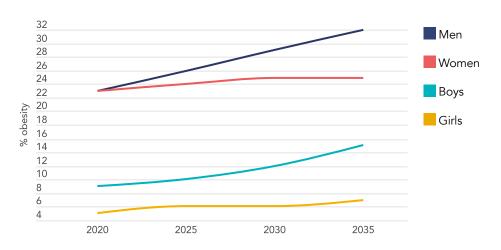
Global Preparedness:



Estonia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
28%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

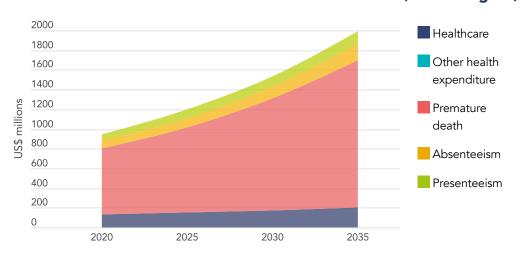


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.7%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 133 | 943 | 30 | 3.1% |
| 2025 | 151 | 1,194 | 36 | 3.3% |
| 2030 | 176 | 1,538 | 43 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 202 | 1,995 | 53 | 3.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **22/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

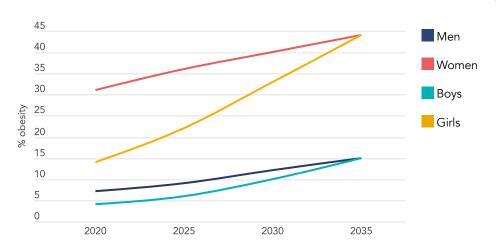




Eswatini

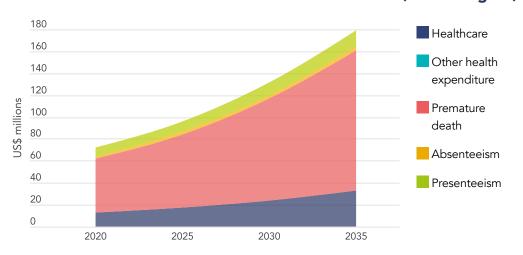


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.8%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.6%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 13 | 72 | 4 | 1.6% |
| 2025 | 17 | 96 | 5 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 24 | 131 | 6 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 33 | 179 | 7 | 2.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



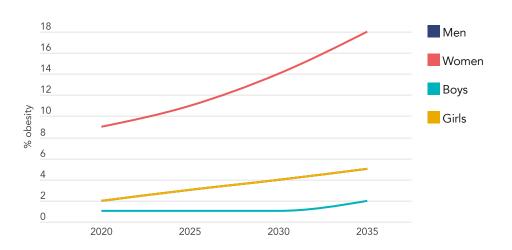
Ethiopia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

12%

MEDIUM

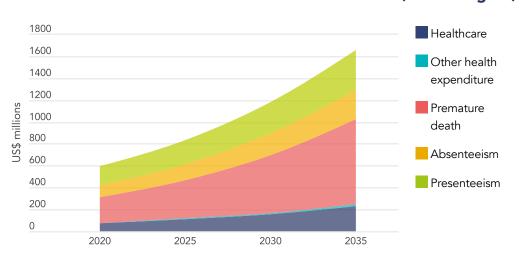
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.9%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **0.7%** MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 70 | 591 | 102 | 0.6% |
| 2025 | 105 | 835 | 135 | 0.6% |
| 2030 | 156 | 1,180 | 185 | 0.6% |
| 2035 | 226 | 1,657 | 251 | 0.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

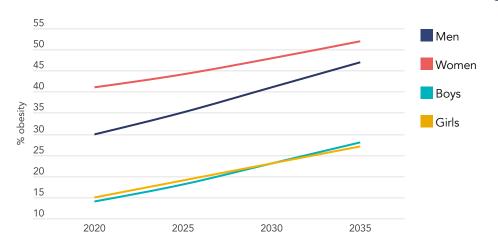








PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

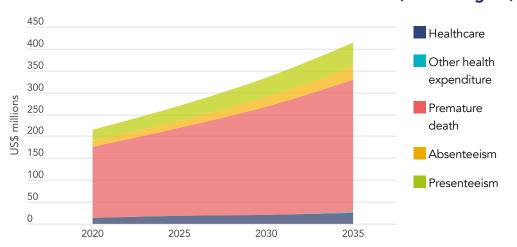


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
5.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 15 | 214 | 5 | 4.6% |
| 2025 | 17 | 268 | 6 | 4.7% |
| 2030 | 21 | 332 | 7 | 5.0% |
| 2035 | 26 | 414 | 8 | 5.5% |



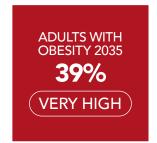
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

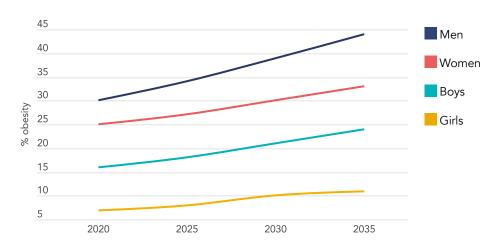




Finland



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

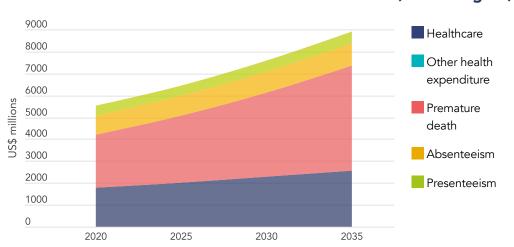


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
2.9%
HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,791 | 5,536 | 262 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 2,027 | 6,456 | 288 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 2,284 | 7,587 | 315 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 2,569 | 8,924 | 350 | 2.5% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:





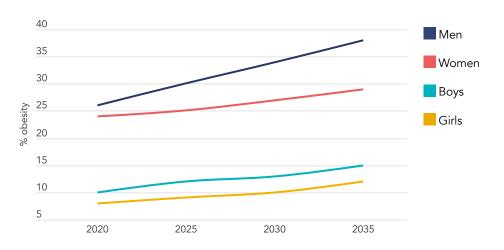
France

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

34%

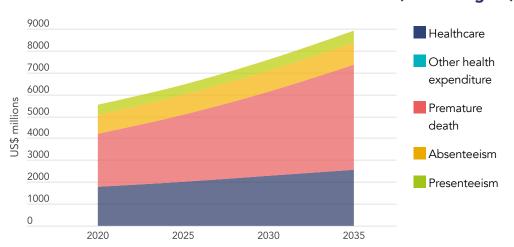
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.5%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 22,154 | 51,585 | 2,512 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 24,718 | 58,288 | 2,888 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 27,456 | 65,856 | 3,144 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 30,485 | 74,559 | 3,457 | 2.2% |



SOURCES

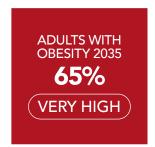
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

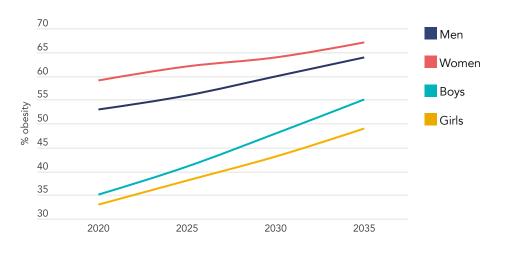




French Polynesia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.0%

MEDIUM

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.9%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**

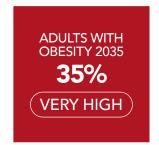


SOURCES

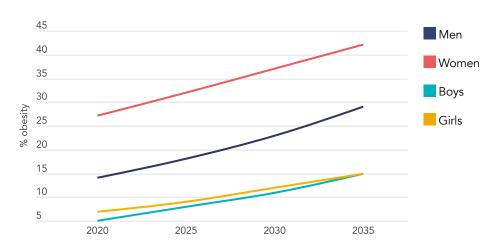
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.



Gabon



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

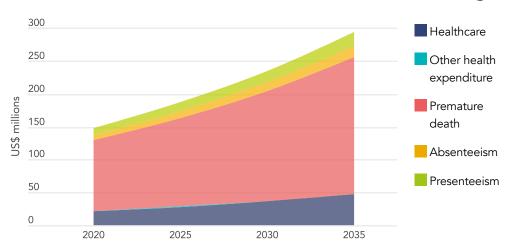


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.2%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.2%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 21 | 148 | 17 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 28 | 187 | 19 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 36 | 235 | 22 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 47 | 294 | 25 | 1.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



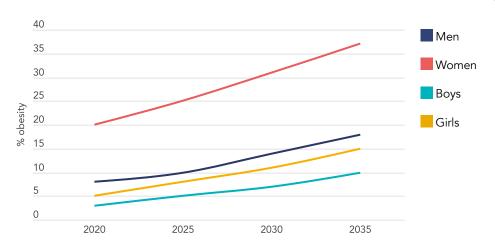
Gambia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

28%

HIGH

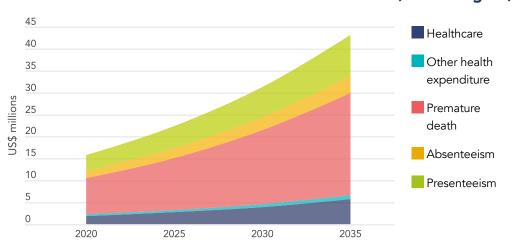
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.7%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

7.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.3%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2 | 16 | 2 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 3 | 23 | 2 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 4 | 31 | 3 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 6 | 43 | 3 | 1.3% |



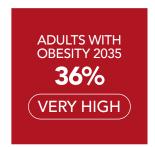
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

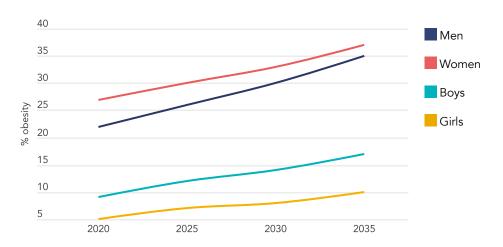
Global Preparedness:



Georgia

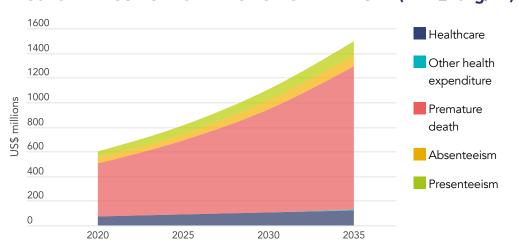


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 77 | 605 | 16 | 3.7% |
| 2025 | 89 | 814 | 22 | 3.7% |
| 2030 | 105 | 1,104 | 28 | 3.9% |
| 2035 | 126 | 1,496 | 36 | 4.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 74/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





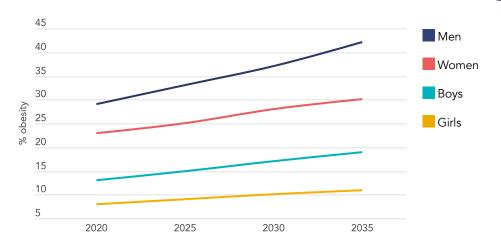
Germany

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

36%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

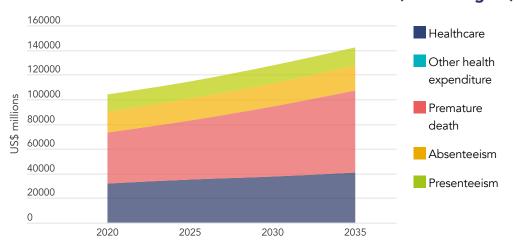


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 31,767 | 103,571 | 3,711 | 2.8% |
| 2025 | 34,848 | 114,792 | 4,117 | 2.8% |
| 2030 | 37,717 | 127,198 | 4,419 | 2.9% |
| 2035 | 40,699 | 141,996 | 4,784 | 3.0% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

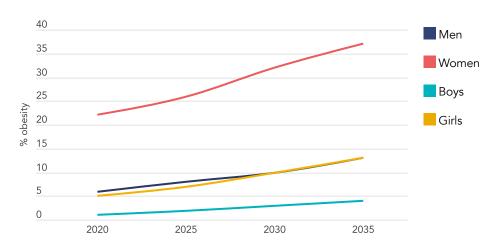




Ghana

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
25%
HIGH

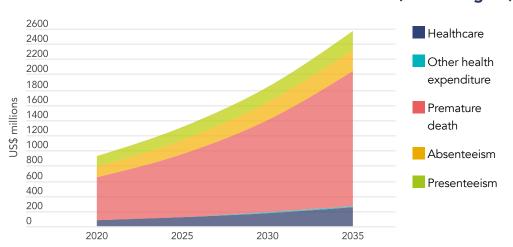
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **1.8%** HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 80 | 929 | 69 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 118 | 1,303 | 88 | 1.5% |
| 2030 | 174 | 1,837 | 114 | 1.6% |
| 2035 | 256 | 2,579 | 147 | 1.8% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



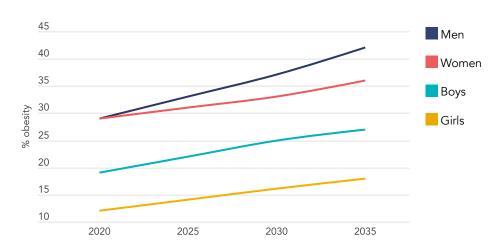
Greece

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

39%

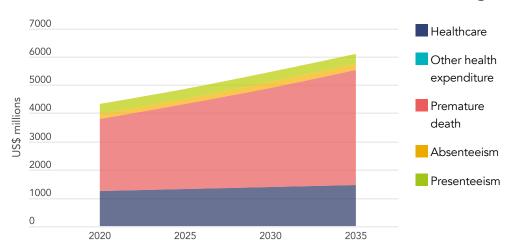
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **2.4%** VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,258 | 4,331 | 187 | 2.3% |
| 2025 | 1,319 | 4,883 | 223 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 1,397 | 5,484 | 240 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 1,453 | 6,125 | 260 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **28/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

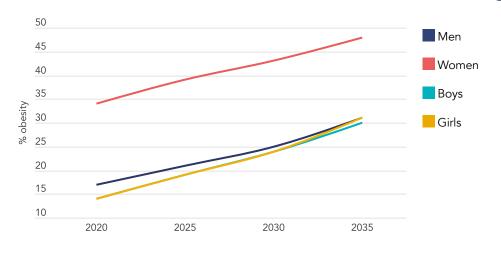
Global Preparedness:



Grenada



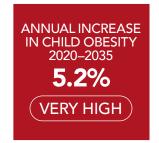
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

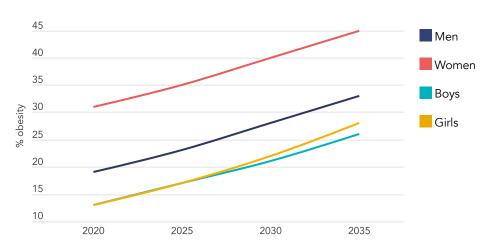




Guatemala



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

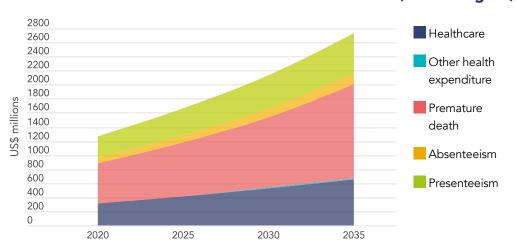


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.1%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 308 | 1,266 | 76 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 412 | 1,662 | 95 | 1.8% |
| 2030 | 529 | 2,133 | 111 | 1.9% |
| 2035 | 659 | 2,723 | 128 | 2.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





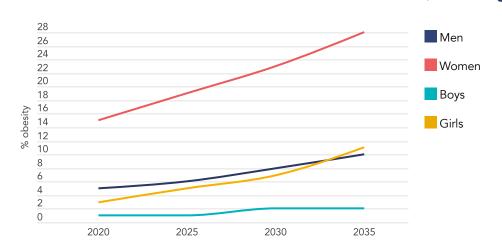
Guinea

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

19%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

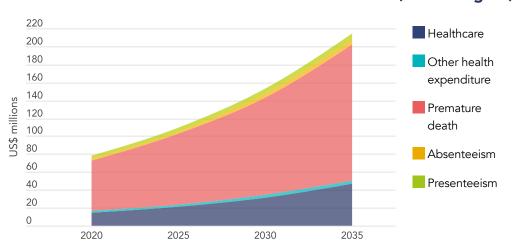


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.4%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

0.7%

MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 15 | 78 | 14 | 0.5% |
| 2025 | 22 | 110 | 19 | 0.6% |
| 2030 | 32 | 153 | 23 | 0.7% |
| 2035 | 47 | 214 | 29 | 0.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



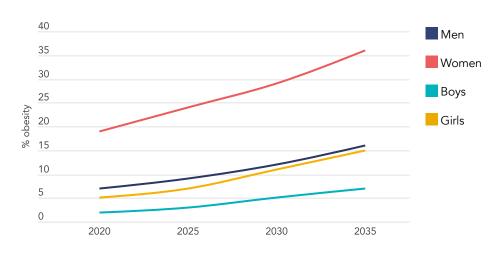
Guinea Bissau

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

27%

HIGH

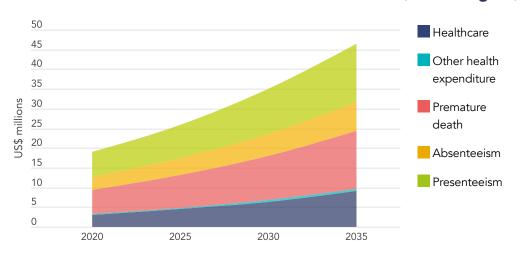
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.9%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **1.7%** HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3 | 19 | 1 | 1.3% |
| 2025 | 4 | 26 | 2 | 1.4% |
| 2030 | 6 | 35 | 2 | 1.6% |
| 2035 | 9 | 46 | 3 | 1.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



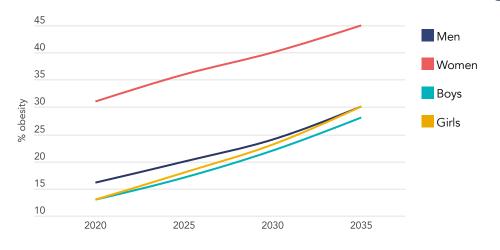
Guyana

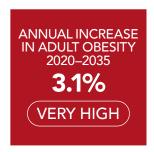
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

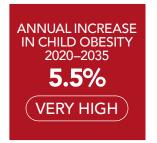
37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



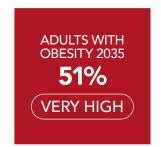
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

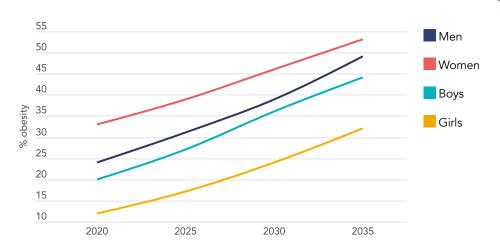
Global Preparedness:



Haiti



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

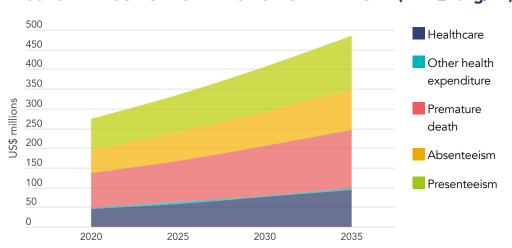


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.9%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.1%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 46 | 274 | 14 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 59 | 335 | 15 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 76 | 406 | 16 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 95 | 484 | 17 | 2.9% |



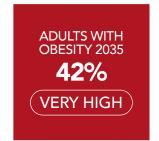
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

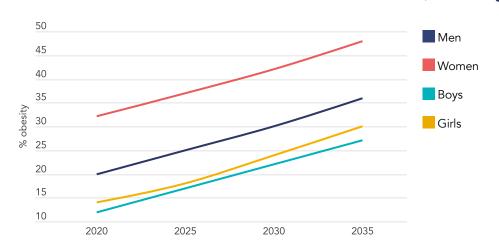
Global Preparedness:



Honduras



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

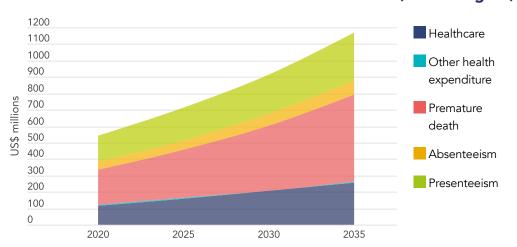


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 118 | 542 | 23 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 159 | 711 | 29 | 2.4% |
| 2030 | 205 | 916 | 35 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 257 | 1,167 | 42 | 2.8% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

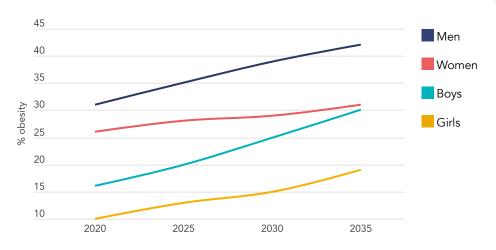


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

36%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

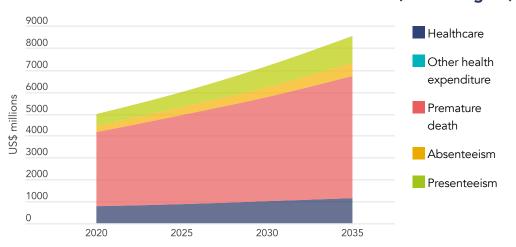


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.6%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 777 | 4,968 | 156 | 3.2% |
| 2025 | 887 | 5,984 | 192 | 3.1% |
| 2030 | 1,013 | 7,160 | 217 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 1,140 | 8,542 | 241 | 3.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
48/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

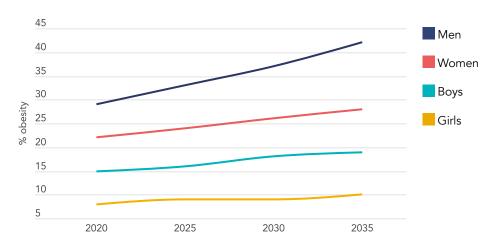




Iceland

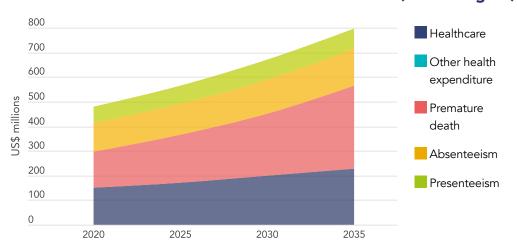
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
35%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.2%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

1.7%

MEDIUM

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 150 | 481 | 23 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 172 | 564 | 27 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 199 | 669 | 31 | 2.2% |
| 2035 | 229 | 798 | 36 | 2.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



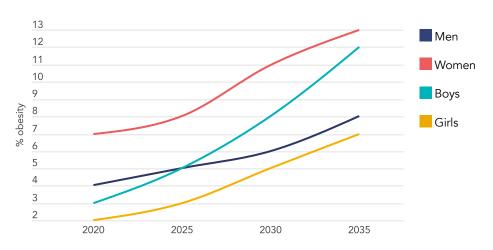
India

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

11%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

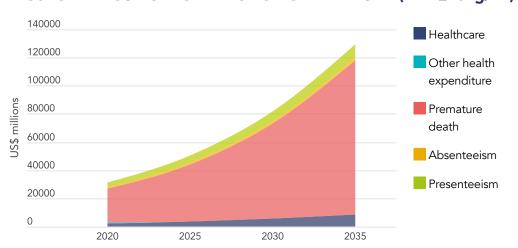


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

9.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.8%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,456 | 31,603 | 2,645 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 3,785 | 50,696 | 3,815 | 1.3% |
| 2030 | 5,730 | 81,527 | 5,206 | 1.6% |
| 2035 | 8,430 | 129,326 | 7,117 | 1.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 99/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

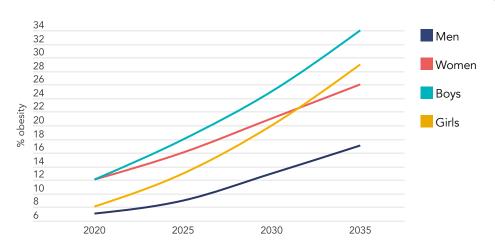
Global Preparedness:



Indonesia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

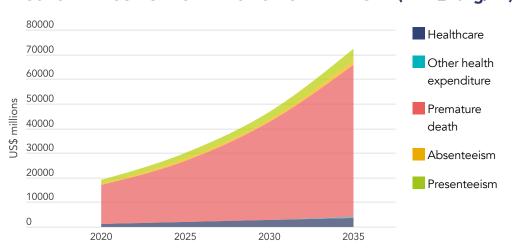


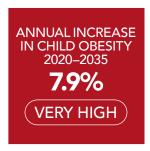
ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)





OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,265 | 18,950 | 1,096 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 1,884 | 29,854 | 1,416 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 2,724 | 46,761 | 1,826 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 3,837 | 72,178 | 2,355 | 3.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

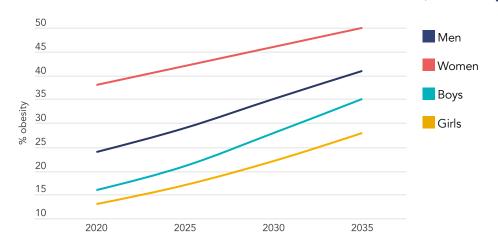




Iran



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

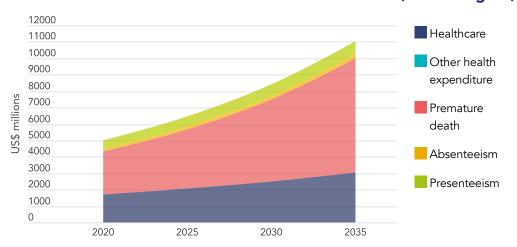


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,692 | 4,992 | 296 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 2,071 | 6,458 | 337 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 2,503 | 8,382 | 377 | 2.2% |
| 2035 | 3,019 | 11,015 | 425 | 2.6% |



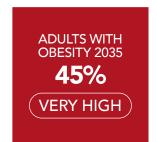
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

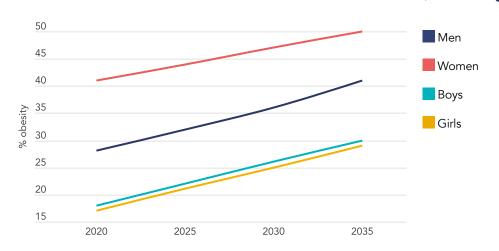
Global Preparedness:



Iraq



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

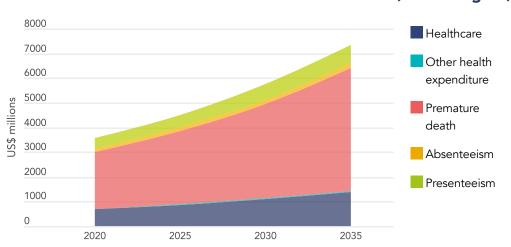


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 675 | 3,554 | 197 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 868 | 4,516 | 255 | 1.8% |
| 2030 | 1,105 | 5,754 | 300 | 1.9% |
| 2035 | 1,398 | 7,360 | 362 | 2.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 95/183

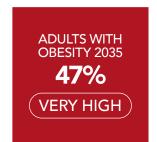
AVERAGE

SOURCES

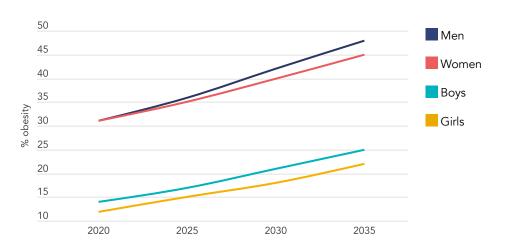
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Ireland



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

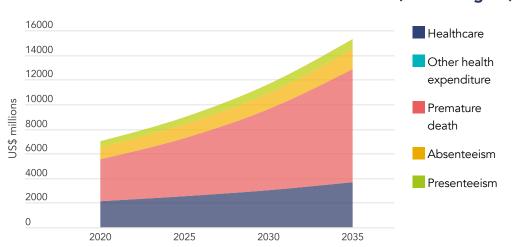


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.8%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,109 | 6,990 | 423 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 2,532 | 8,964 | 568 | 1.6% |
| 2030 | 2,999 | 11,612 | 684 | 1.7% |
| 2035 | 3,672 | 15,243 | 845 | 1.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **9/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

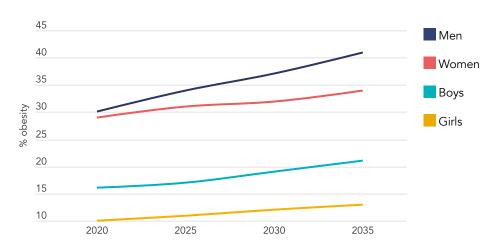
Global Preparedness:



Israe

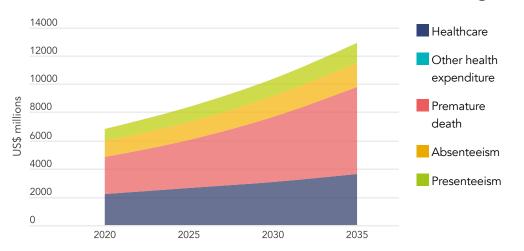
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035 38% **VERY HIGH**

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035 **MEDIUM**

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035 **MEDIUM**

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 1.8% HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,207 | 6,817 | 389 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 2,596 | 8,358 | 490 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 3,064 | 10,380 | 593 | 1.7% |
| 2035 | 3,644 | 12,904 | 727 | 1.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS **RANKING** 18/183 **GOOD**

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References.

Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035.

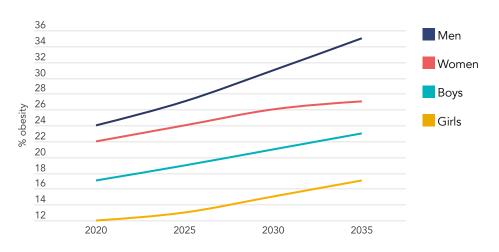
Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References

Global Preparedness:



ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
31%
VERY HIGH

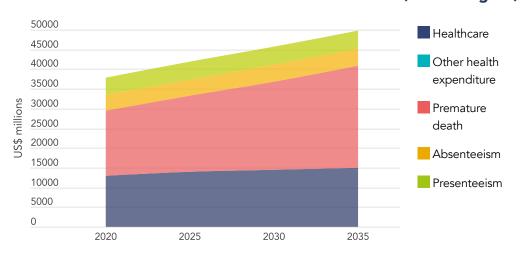
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.1%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 12,982 | 37,776 | 1,830 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 13,863 | 41,836 | 2,078 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 14,528 | 45,686 | 2,189 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 15,060 | 49,821 | 2,330 | 2.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

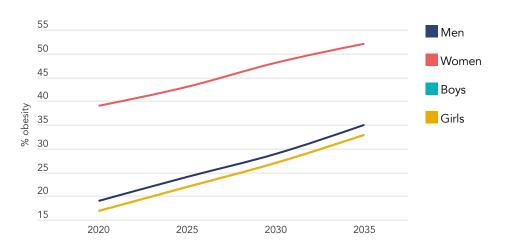




Jamaica

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
44%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

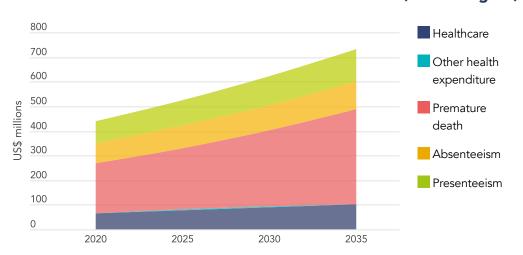


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 66 | 439 | 14 | 3.1% |
| 2025 | 79 | 524 | 16 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 90 | 620 | 18 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 101 | 730 | 19 | 3.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
66/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

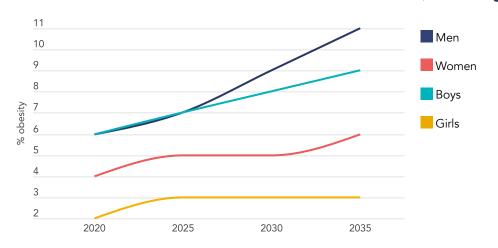
Global Preparedness:



Japan



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

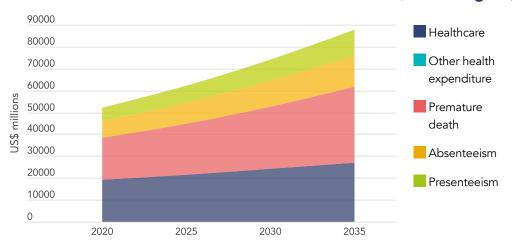


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.4%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 19,237 | 52,294 | 4,893 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 21,590 | 62,089 | 5,287 | 1.2% |
| 2030 | 24,232 | 74,095 | 5,595 | 1.3% |
| 2035 | 27,031 | 87,829 | 6,063 | 1.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

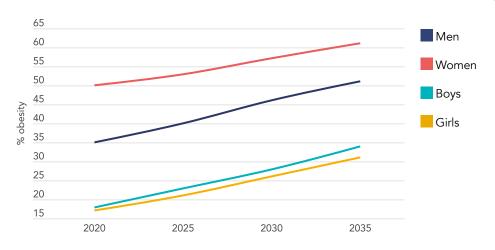


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

56%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

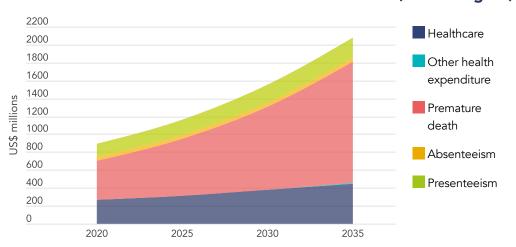


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 267 | 895 | 44 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 313 | 1,164 | 50 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 375 | 1,548 | 61 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 449 | 2,075 | 74 | 2.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 68/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

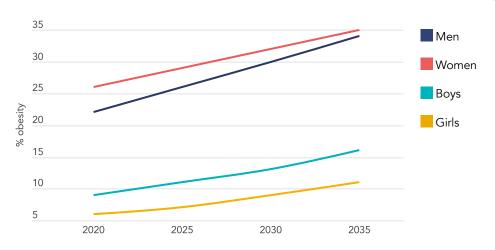
Global Preparedness:



Kazakhstan

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
35%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

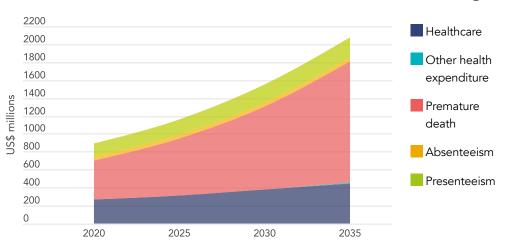


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 302 | 3,639 | 177 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 371 | 4,712 | 214 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 474 | 6,232 | 260 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 612 | 8,284 | 326 | 2.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 58/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





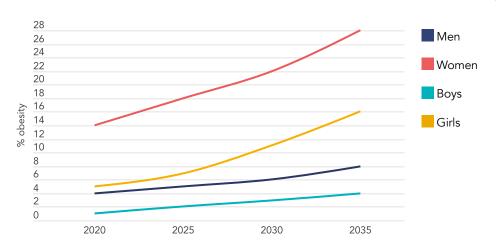
Kenya

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

18%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

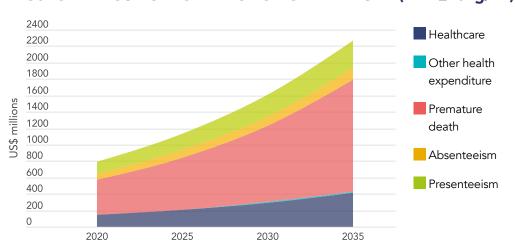


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 141 | 796 | 100 | 0.8% |
| 2025 | 204 | 1,138 | 133 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 293 | 1,608 | 166 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 414 | 2,262 | 201 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



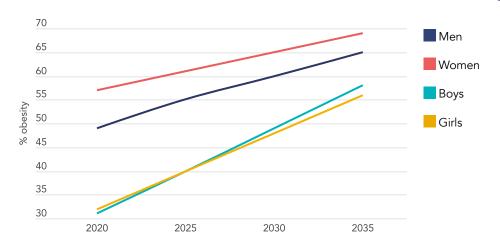
Kiribati

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

67%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.5%

MEDIUM

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

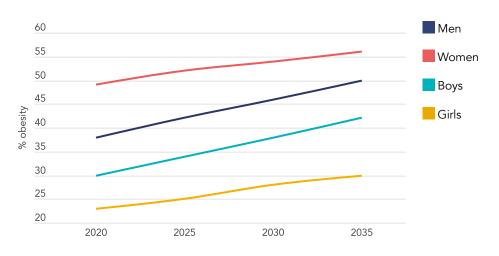


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

52%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

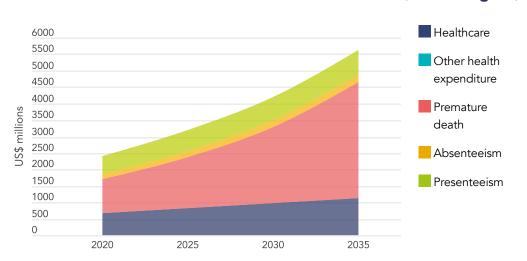


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.5%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 668 | 2,414 | 124 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 830 | 3,184 | 147 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 972 | 4,200 | 167 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 1,119 | 5,620 | 189 | 3.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 72/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





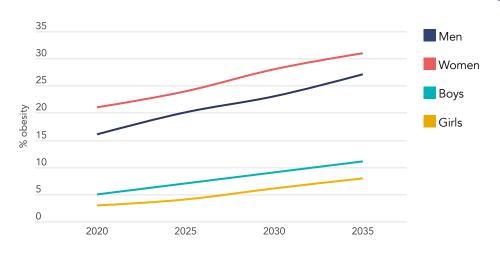
Kyrgyzstan

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

29%

HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

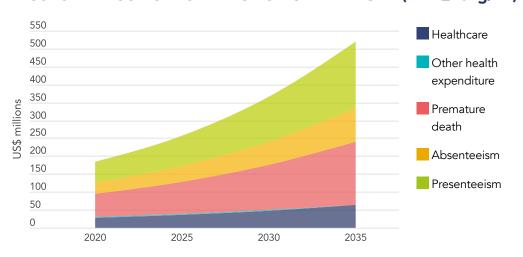


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.7%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 29 | 184 | 8 | 2.3% |
| 2025 | 37 | 258 | 10 | 2.7% |
| 2030 | 48 | 367 | 12 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 63 | 520 | 14 | 3.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 93/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





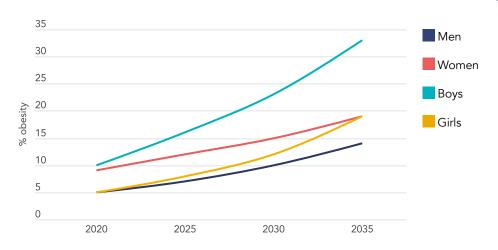
Lao PDR

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

17%

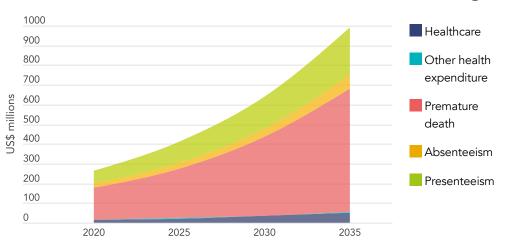
MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
6.1%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.9%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 14 | 265 | 19 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 23 | 410 | 22 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 35 | 640 | 28 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 53 | 989 | 38 | 2.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

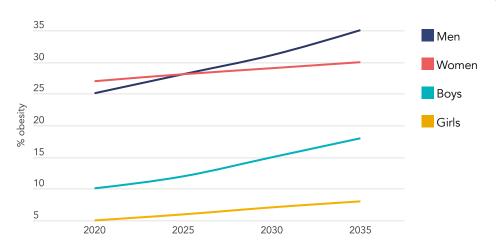


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

32%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

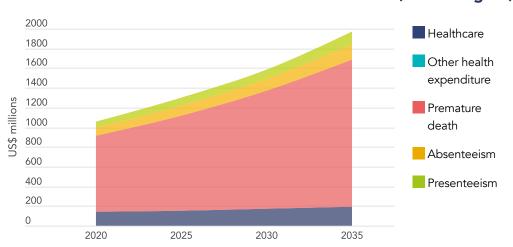


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 140 | 1,061 | 33 | 3.2% |
| 2025 | 151 | 1,296 | 38 | 3.4% |
| 2030 | 172 | 1,588 | 46 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 193 | 1,967 | 56 | 3.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **29/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

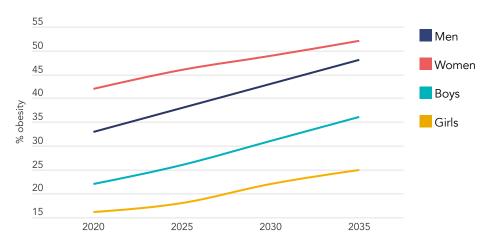




Lebanon

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
50%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

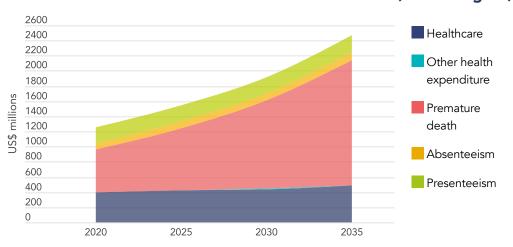


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 391 | 1,256 | 41 | 3.1% |
| 2025 | 418 | 1,540 | 49 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 441 | 1,915 | 58 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 482 | 2,467 | 70 | 3.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 52/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

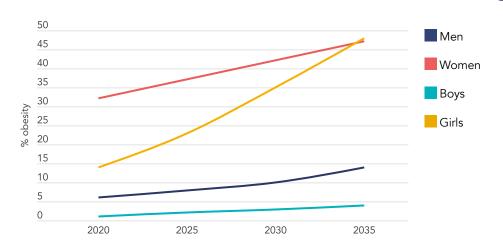


Lesotho

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
31%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

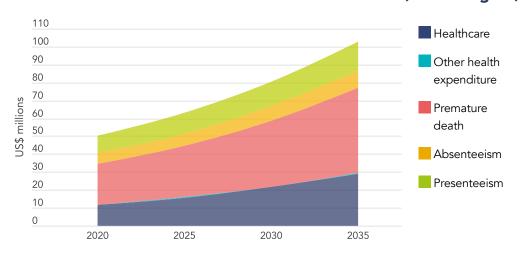


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.1%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.3%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 11 | 50 | 2 | 2.3% |
| 2025 | 16 | 63 | 2 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 22 | 80 | 3 | 3.0% |
| 2035 | 29 | 103 | 3 | 3.3% |



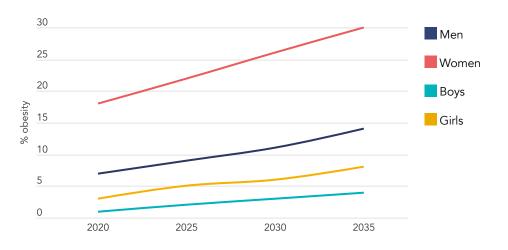
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:





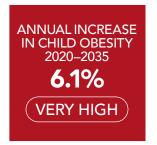
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

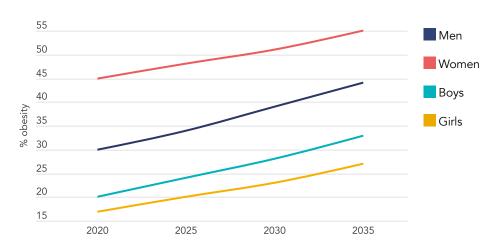
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
49%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

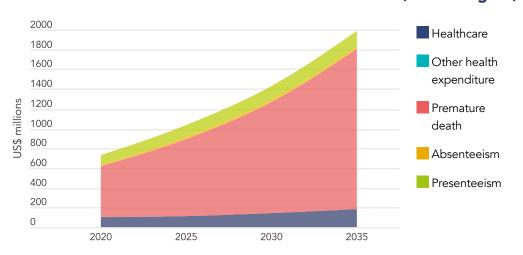


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 102 | 736 | 16 | 4.7% |
| 2025 | 113 | 1,032 | 51 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 143 | 1,430 | 61 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 186 | 1,988 | 71 | 2.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 97/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





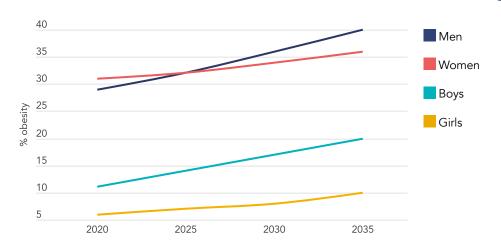
Lithuania

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

38%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

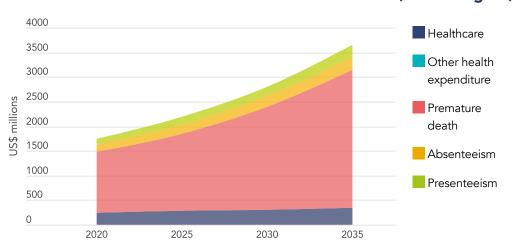


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.5%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 248 | 1,754 | 55 | 3.2% |
| 2025 | 277 | 2,185 | 64 | 3.4% |
| 2030 | 312 | 2,810 | 76 | 3.7% |
| 2035 | 354 | 3,653 | 95 | 3.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **27/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



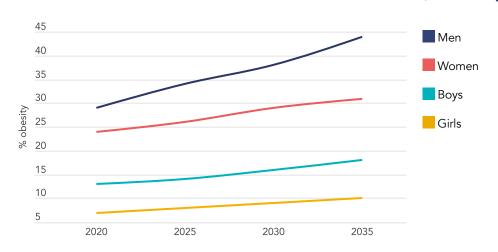
Luxembourg

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

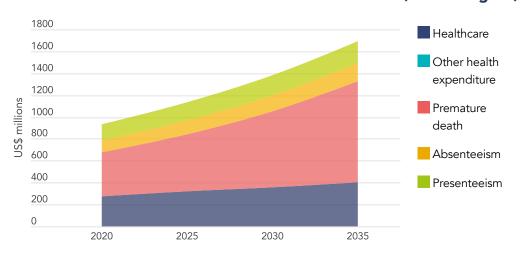


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.5%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 273 | 932 | 69 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 319 | 1,134 | 81 | 1.4% |
| 2030 | 357 | 1,378 | 95 | 1.5% |
| 2035 | 398 | 1,686 | 114 | 1.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **23/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





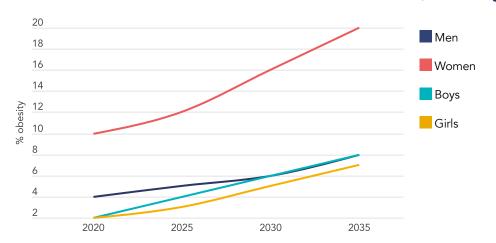
Madagascar

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

14%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

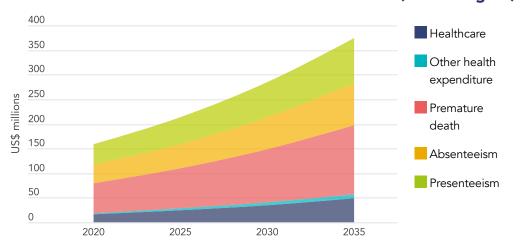


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.7%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 16 | 158 | 13 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 24 | 213 | 17 | 1.3% |
| 2030 | 34 | 283 | 20 | 1.4% |
| 2035 | 49 | 373 | 22 | 1.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



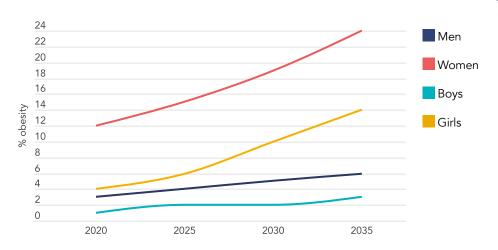
Malawi

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

15%

MEDIUM

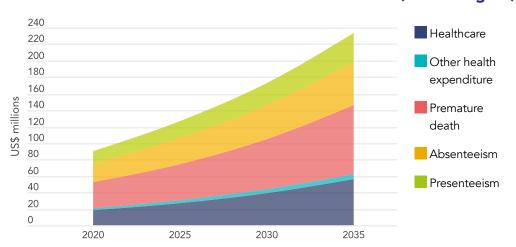
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 19 | 91 | 11 | 0.8% |
| 2025 | 27 | 126 | 14 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 39 | 172 | 17 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 56 | 234 | 20 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

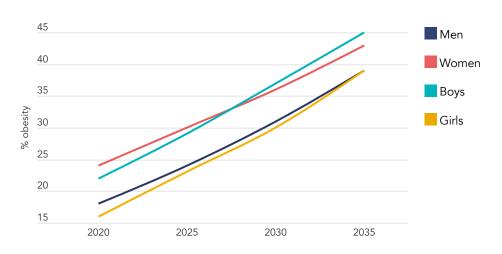
Global Preparedness:



ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
41%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

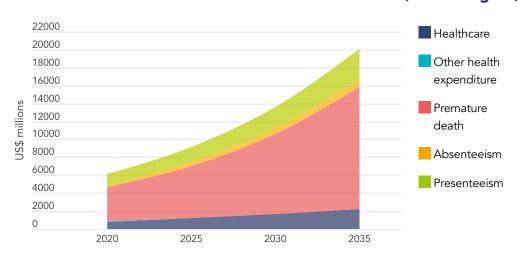


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.7%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 837 | 6,113 | 345 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 1,205 | 9,180 | 434 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 1,661 | 13,649 | 551 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 2,186 | 20,152 | 714 | 2.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 55/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





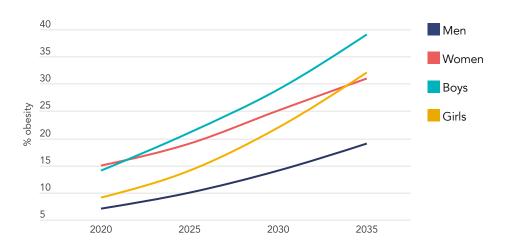
Maldives

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

24%

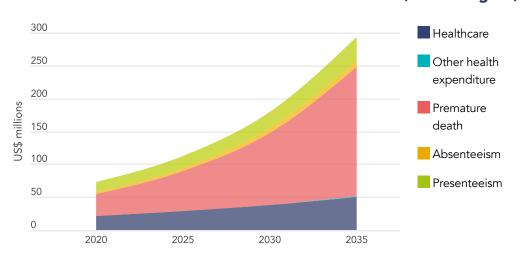
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
6.0%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.9%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 22 | 72 | 4 | 1.9% |
| 2025 | 28 | 113 | 6 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 37 | 180 | 9 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 51 | 293 | 12 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 39/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

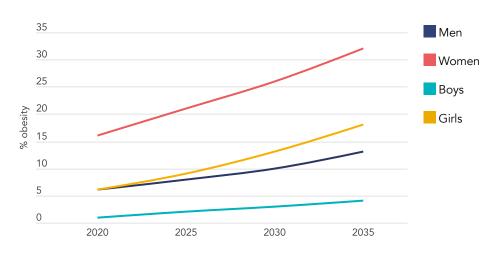


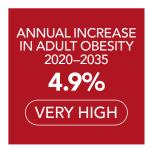


Mali

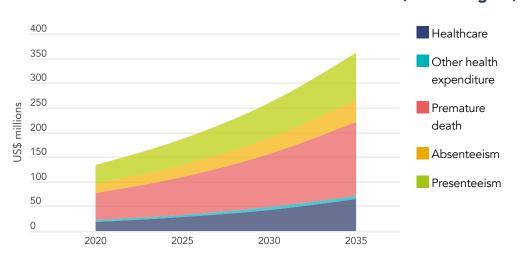


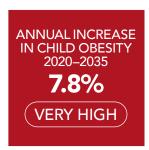
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)





PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)





OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 19 | 134 | 17 | 0.8% |
| 2025 | 29 | 188 | 21 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 43 | 261 | 26 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 65 | 361 | 32 | 1.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

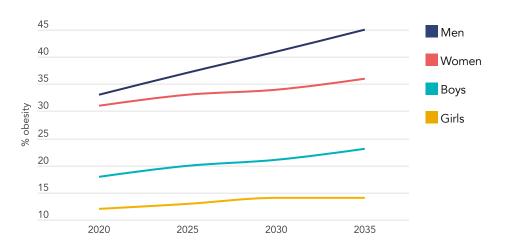
Global Preparedness:



Malta



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

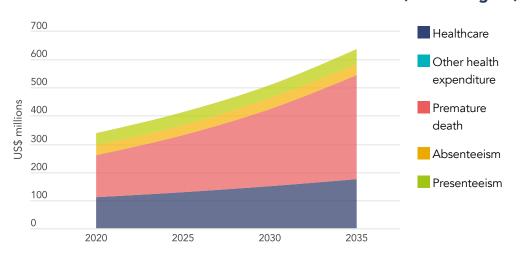


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.5%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 108 | 338 | 14 | 2.3% |
| 2025 | 128 | 413 | 19 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 151 | 509 | 22 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 175 | 635 | 27 | 2.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.





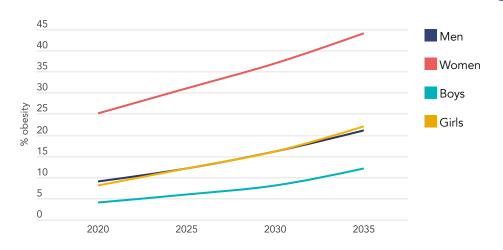
Mauritania

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

32%

VERY HIGH

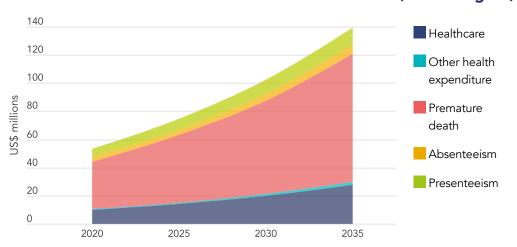
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **1.0%** MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 10 | 53 | 8 | 0.7% |
| 2025 | 14 | 75 | 10 | 0.7% |
| 2030 | 20 | 102 | 12 | 0.8% |
| 2035 | 28 | 139 | 15 | 1.0% |



SOURCES

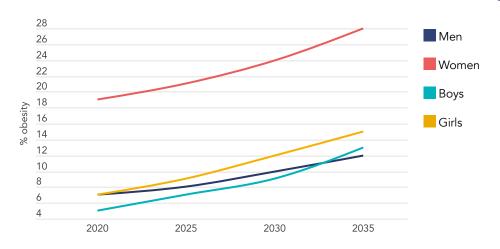
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Mauritius

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
20%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

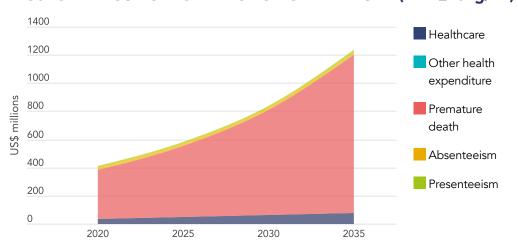


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.1%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.9%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

5.4%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 34 | 412 | 12 | 3.4% |
| 2025 | 46 | 586 | 15 | 3.9% |
| 2030 | 61 | 842 | 18 | 4.6% |
| 2035 | 77 | 1,233 | 23 | 5.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **82/183** AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



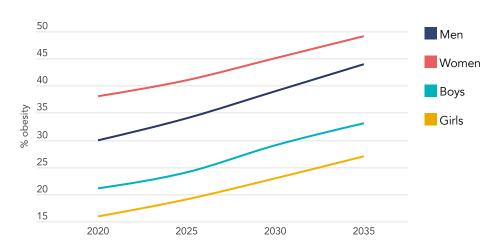


Mexico

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
47%

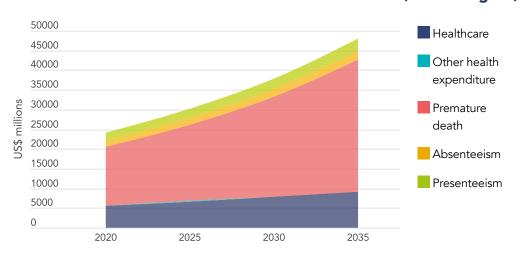
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 5,521 | 24,070 | 1,166 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 6,707 | 30,194 | 1,326 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 7,902 | 37,843 | 1,470 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 9,184 | 47,879 | 1,634 | 2.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 90/183

AVERAGE

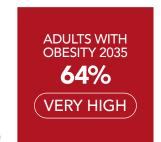
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

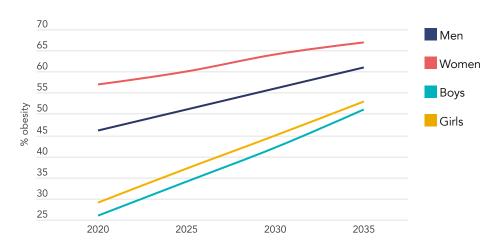
Global Preparedness:



Micronesia (Federated States of)



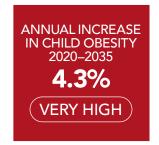
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.5%

MEDIUM



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

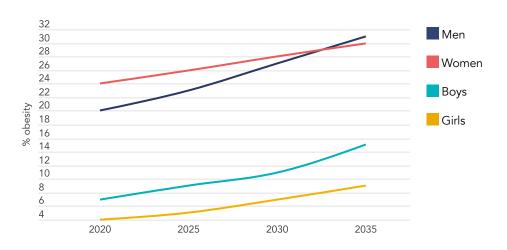
Global Preparedness:



Moldova

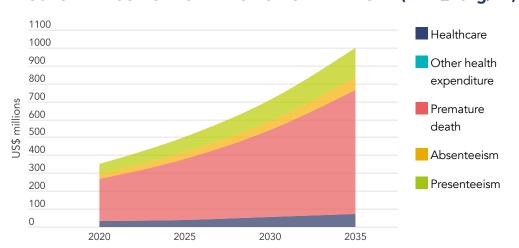
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
30%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 49 | 329 | 11 | 3.0% |
| 2025 | 54 | 420 | 14 | 2.9% |
| 2030 | 59 | 535 | 17 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 67 | 685 | 20 | 3.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





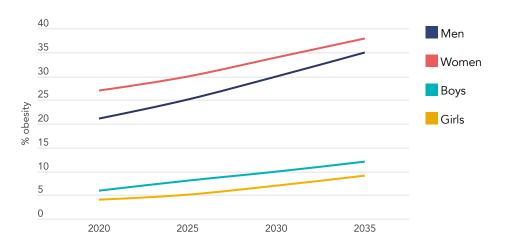
Mongolia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

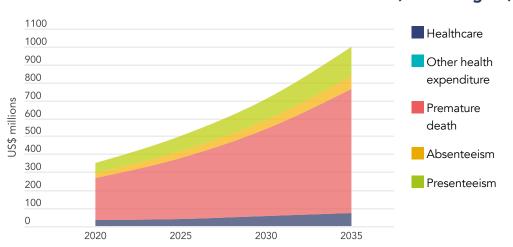


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.7%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 31 | 354 | 14 | 2.6% |
| 2025 | 40 | 501 | 17 | 3.0% |
| 2030 | 54 | 708 | 22 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 73 | 1,002 | 27 | 3.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

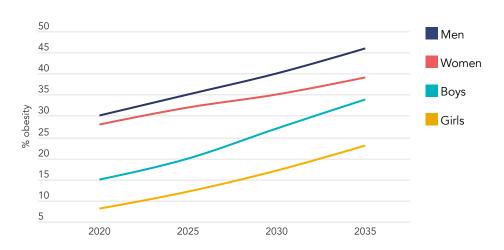
Global Preparedness:



Montenegro

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
42%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

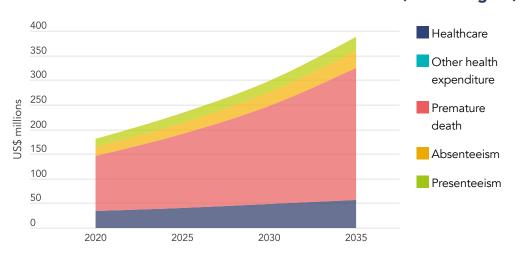


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.0%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 34 | 180 | 5 | 3.8% |
| 2025 | 41 | 233 | 6 | 3.9% |
| 2030 | 49 | 299 | 7 | 4.2% |
| 2035 | 57 | 389 | 8 | 4.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
46/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



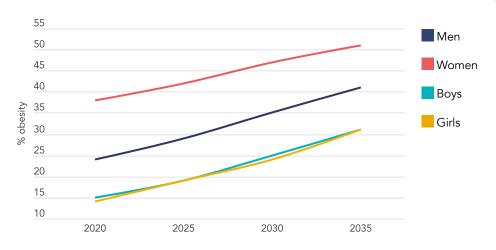


Morocco

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
46%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

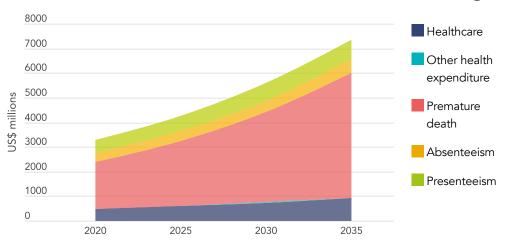


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 470 | 3,306 | 112 | 2.9% |
| 2025 | 595 | 4,282 | 135 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 746 | 5,589 | 160 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 933 | 7,340 | 191 | 3.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **89/183** AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



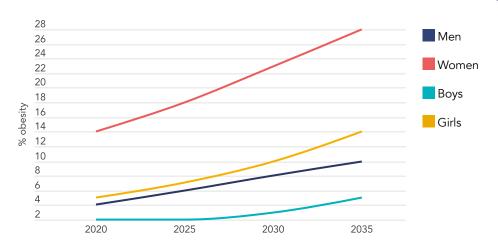
Mozambique

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

19%

MEDIUM

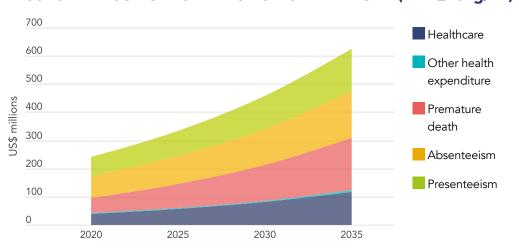
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

7.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

1.6%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 39 | 241 | 15 | 1.6% |
| 2025 | 56 | 335 | 19 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 81 | 459 | 29 | 1.6% |
| 2035 | 117 | 624 | 39 | 1.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



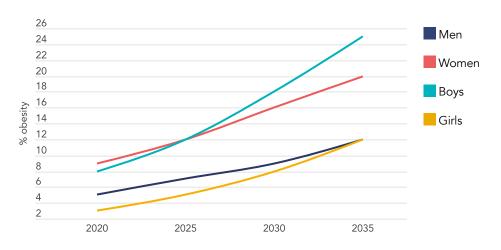
Myanmar

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

16%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

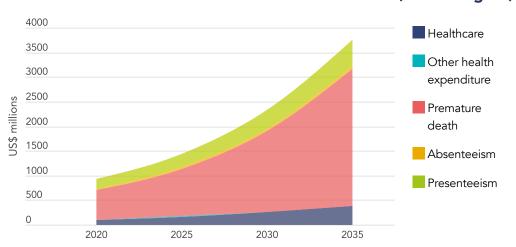


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.5%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 109 | 932 | 71 | 1.3% |
| 2025 | 171 | 1,451 | 65 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 258 | 2,337 | 85 | 2.7% |
| 2035 | 377 | 3,764 | 122 | 3.1% |



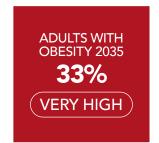
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

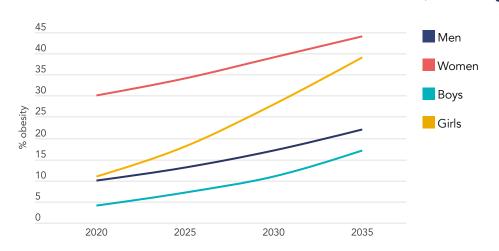
Global Preparedness:



Namibia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

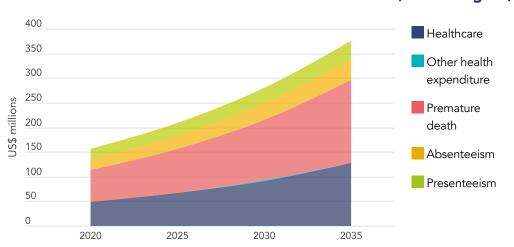


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.3%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

9.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 48 | 157 | 11 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 66 | 209 | 13 | 1.6% |
| 2030 | 92 | 281 | 15 | 1.9% |
| 2035 | 127 | 376 | 17 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 102/183 AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



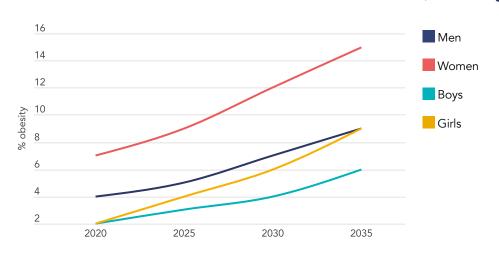
Nepal

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

12%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

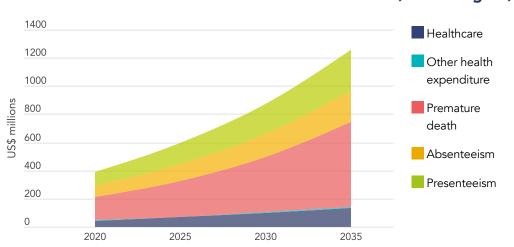


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.3%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **1.9%** HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 44 | 390 | 33 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 69 | 595 | 42 | 1.4% |
| 2030 | 99 | 874 | 54 | 1.6% |
| 2035 | 136 | 1,256 | 67 | 1.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING

139/183
POOR

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

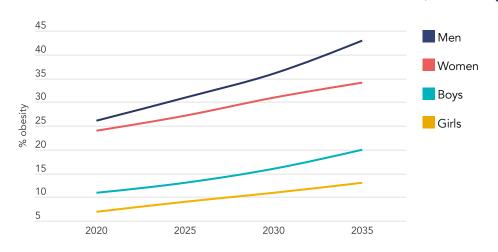




Netherlands

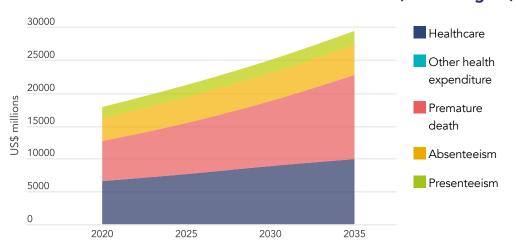
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035 38% **VERY HIGH**

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035 2.9% HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020-2035 4.0% **VERY HIGH**

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 2.4% **VERY HIGH**

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 6,566 | 17,837 | 875 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 7,650 | 21,111 | 998 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 8,770 | 24,913 | 1,093 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 9,898 | 29,411 | 1,209 | 2.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References.

Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035.

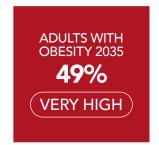
Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References

Global Preparedness:

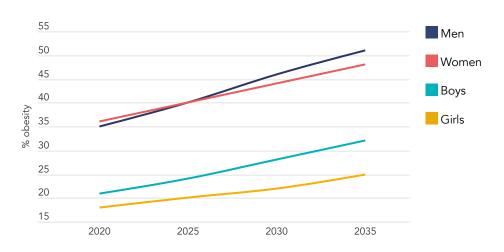




New Zealand



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

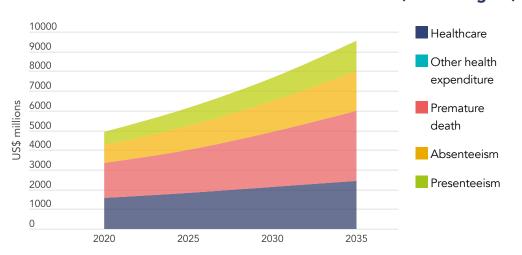


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,573 | 4,921 | 207 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 1,831 | 6,134 | 238 | 2.6% |
| 2030 | 2,121 | 7,651 | 269 | 2.8% |
| 2035 | 2,425 | 9,540 | 306 | 3.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 19/183 GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



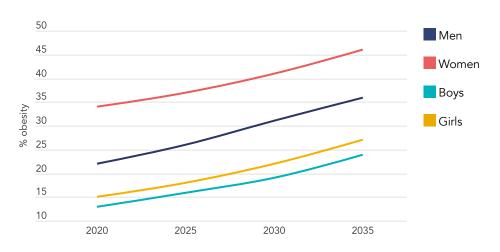


Nicaragua

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
41%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

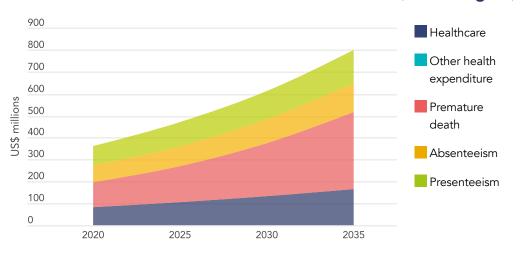


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.9%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 80 | 359 | 12 | 2.9% |
| 2025 | 103 | 468 | 15 | 3.1% |
| 2030 | 131 | 613 | 18 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 164 | 801 | 21 | 3.9% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **86/183** AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





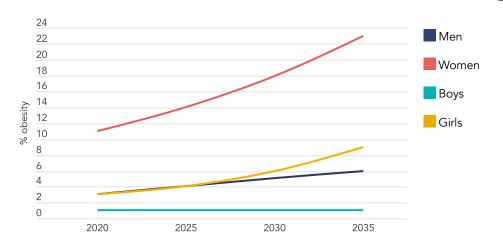
Niger

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

15%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

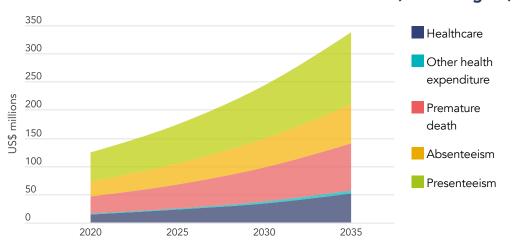


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

4.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.1%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 15 | 124 | 13 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 22 | 175 | 20 | 0.9% |
| 2030 | 34 | 243 | 25 | 1.0% |
| 2035 | 52 | 337 | 31 | 1.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 183/183

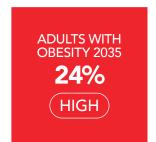
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

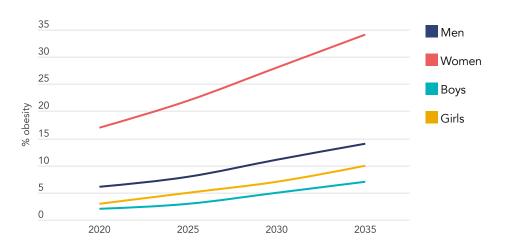
Global Preparedness:

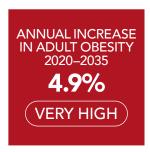


Nigeria

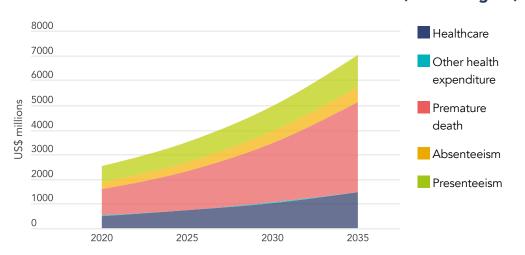


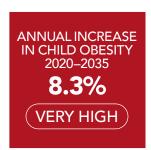
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)





PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)





OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **0.9%** MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 502 | 2,518 | 440 | 0.6% |
| 2025 | 716 | 3,512 | 515 | 0.7% |
| 2030 | 1,019 | 4,970 | 617 | 0.8% |
| 2035 | 1,442 | 7,045 | 759 | 0.9% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





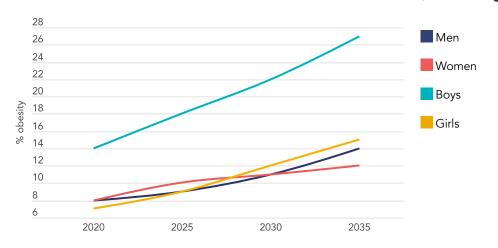
North Korea

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

13%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.3%

VERY HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

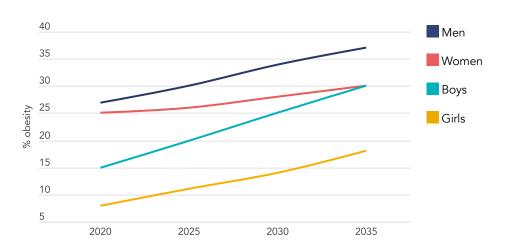


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

34%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

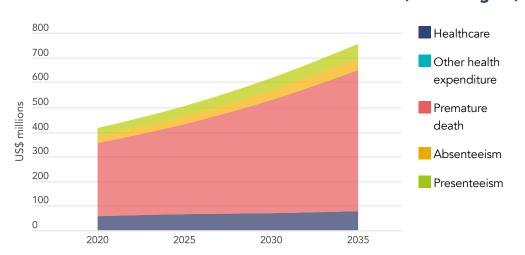


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.8%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 57 | 414 | 12 | 3.5% |
| 2025 | 63 | 505 | 14 | 3.6% |
| 2030 | 69 | 617 | 16 | 3.8% |
| 2035 | 75 | 755 | 19 | 4.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =44/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

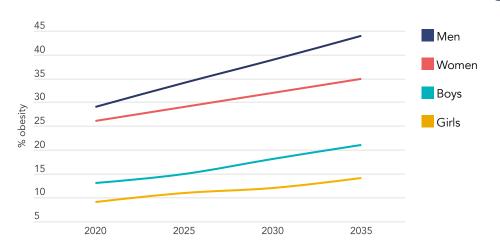
Global Preparedness:



Norway

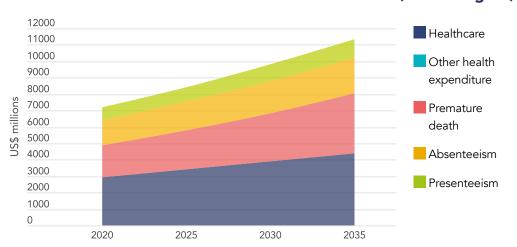


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.0%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,941 | 7,203 | 402 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 3,390 | 8,410 | 463 | 1.8% |
| 2030 | 3,875 | 9,785 | 509 | 1.9% |
| 2035 | 4,365 | 11,320 | 570 | 2.0% |



SOURCES

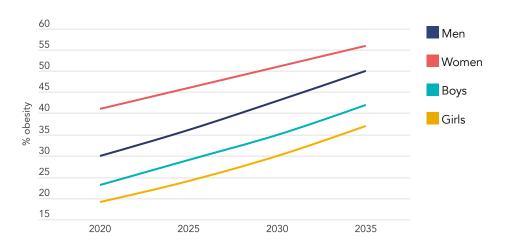
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Oman



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

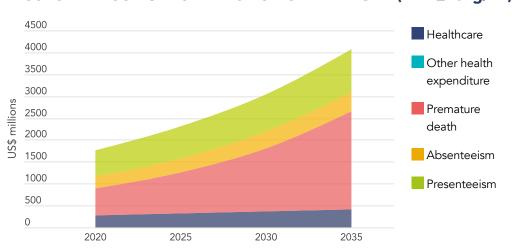


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.0%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.3%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 269 | 1,766 | 74 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 316 | 2,306 | 87 | 2.7% |
| 2030 | 360 | 3,047 | 104 | 2.9% |
| 2035 | 404 | 4,072 | 130 | 3.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 49/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

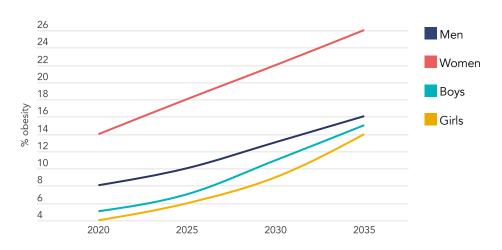
Global Preparedness:



Pakistan



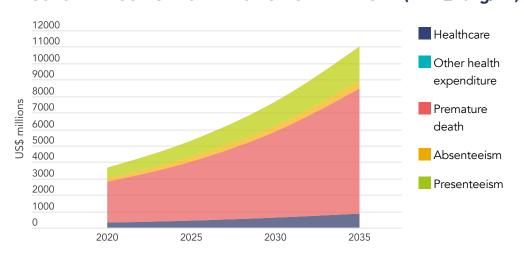
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.5%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.7%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 289 | 3,660 | 318 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 415 | 5,300 | 398 | 1.3% |
| 2030 | 588 | 7,674 | 504 | 1.5% |
| 2035 | 825 | 11,041 | 634 | 1.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

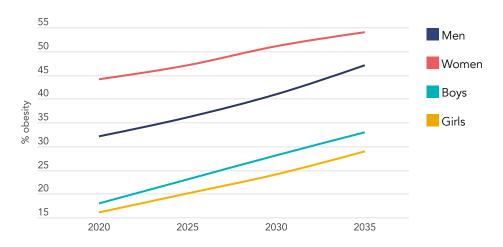




Palestine

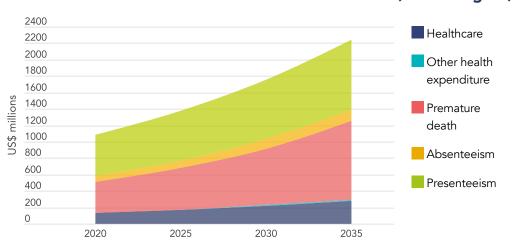


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 130 | 1,081 | 54 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 171 | 1,374 | 65 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 222 | 1,755 | 76 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 284 | 2,237 | 92 | 2.4% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

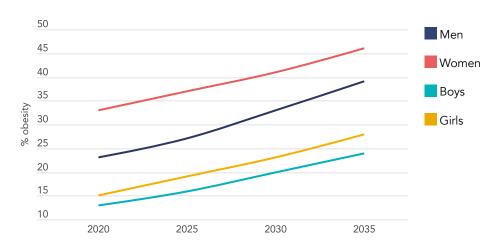




Panama

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
42%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

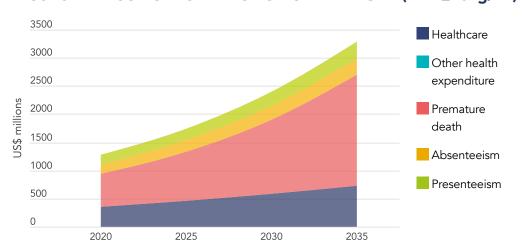


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

4.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 356 | 1,276 | 55 | 2.3% |
| 2025 | 458 | 1,749 | 79 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 581 | 2,393 | 102 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 726 | 3,287 | 134 | 2.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 70/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

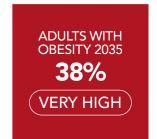
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

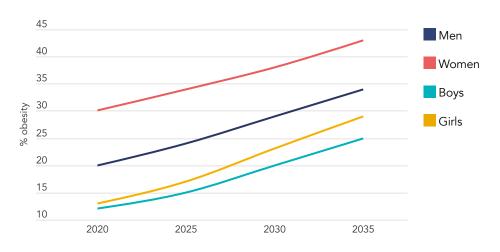




Papua New Guinea



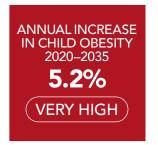
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



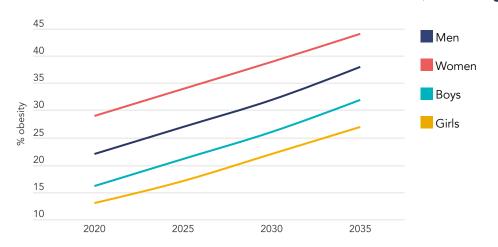


Paraguay

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
41%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

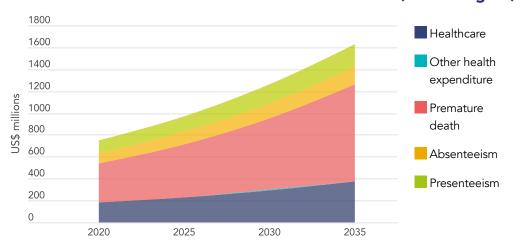


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.2%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.7%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 179 | 748 | 38 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 231 | 973 | 44 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 297 | 1,258 | 52 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 373 | 1,627 | 60 | 2.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 94/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



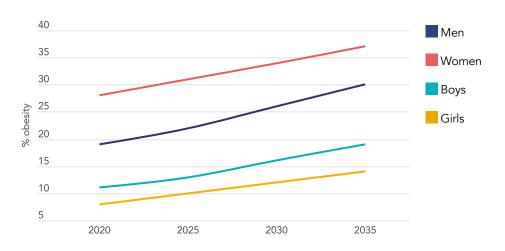
Peru

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

34%

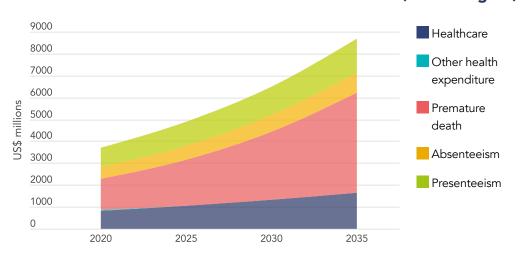
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 844 | 3,700 | 205 | 1.8% |
| 2025 | 1,056 | 4,872 | 262 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 1,324 | 6,477 | 315 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 1,645 | 8,660 | 388 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
65/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





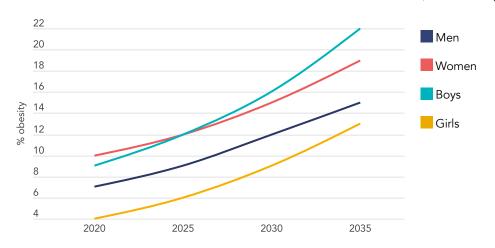
Philippines

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

17%

MEDIUM

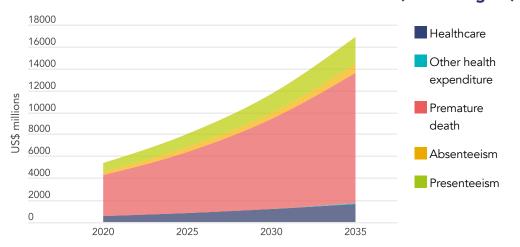
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.9%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 553 | 5,405 | 341 | 1.6% |
| 2025 | 818 | 8,013 | 462 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 1,185 | 11,710 | 589 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 1,682 | 16,888 | 716 | 2.4% |



SOURCES

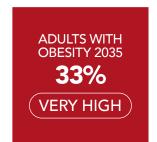
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

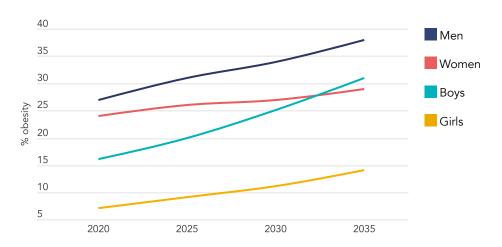




Poland



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

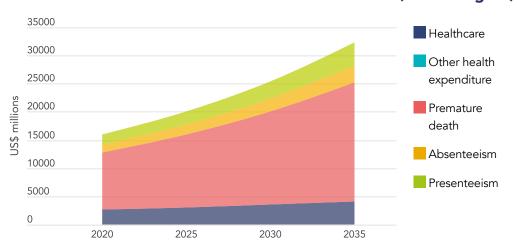


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.7%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,611 | 15,989 | 582 | 2.7% |
| 2025 | 3,020 | 20,056 | 699 | 2.9% |
| 2030 | 3,521 | 25,405 | 811 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 4,075 | 32,246 | 934 | 3.5% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

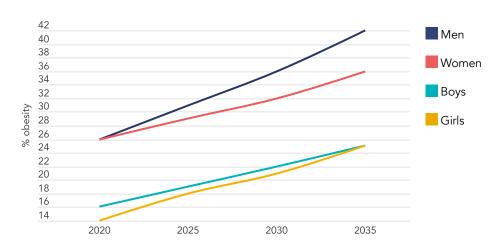




Portugal



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

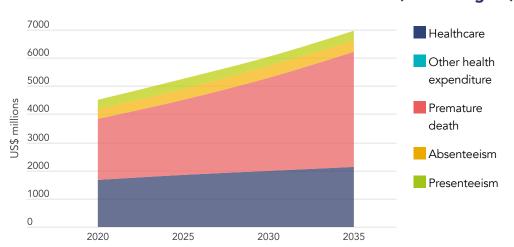


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,669 | 4,519 | 220 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 1,837 | 5,246 | 256 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 1,995 | 6,054 | 284 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 2,143 | 6,966 | 317 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **8/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

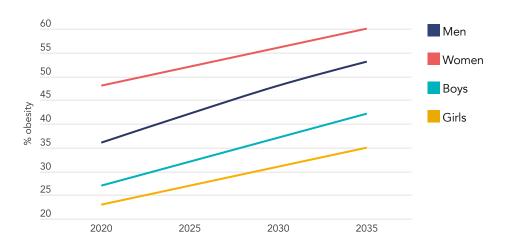




Puerto Rico

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035 **57%** VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020-2035 2.8% HIGH)

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References.

Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035.

Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

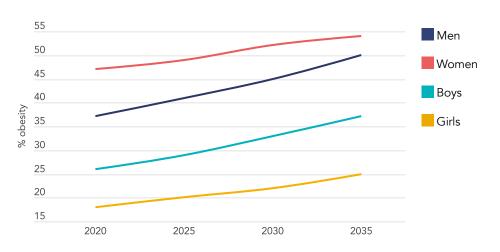


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

51%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

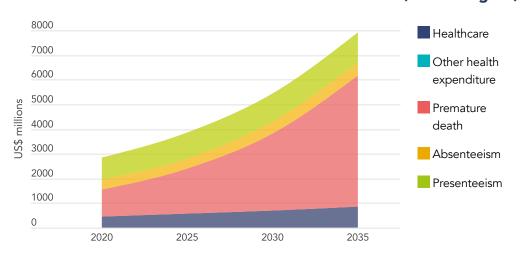


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.8%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.7%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 444 | 2,848 | 170 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 561 | 3,856 | 191 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 703 | 5,432 | 233 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 852 | 7,912 | 290 | 2.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
62/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

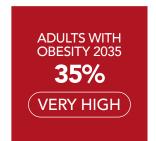
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

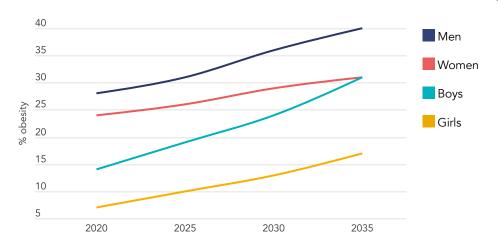




Romania

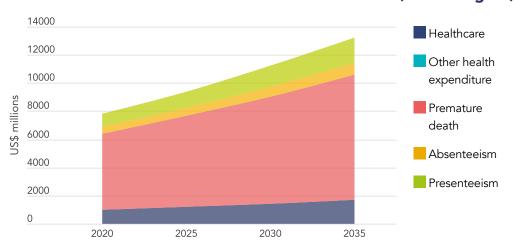


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 977 | 7,817 | 241 | 3.3% |
| 2025 | 1,179 | 9,381 | 289 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 1,431 | 11,216 | 331 | 3.4% |
| 2035 | 1,685 | 13,251 | 370 | 3.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 80/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

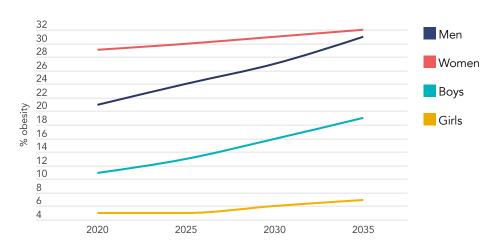




Russian Federation



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

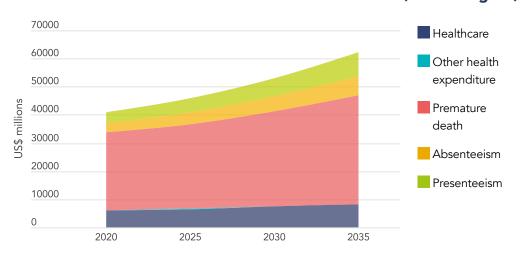


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 5,967 | 40,922 | 1,647 | 2.5% |
| 2025 | 6,572 | 45,803 | 1,581 | 2.9% |
| 2030 | 7,296 | 53,062 | 1,688 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 8,172 | 62,187 | 1,837 | 3.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 43/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





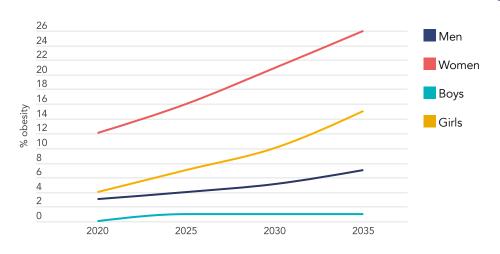
Rwanda

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

17%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

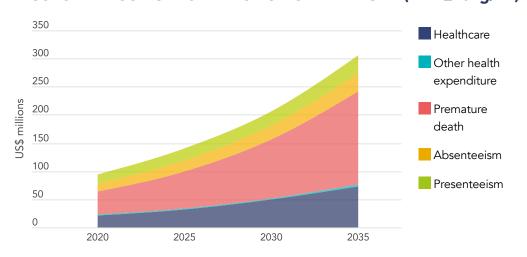


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.2%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 21 | 94 | 10 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 32 | 140 | 15 | 1.0% |
| 2030 | 49 | 206 | 19 | 1.1% |
| 2035 | 73 | 305 | 26 | 1.2% |



SOURCES

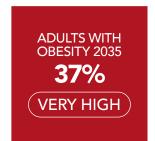
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

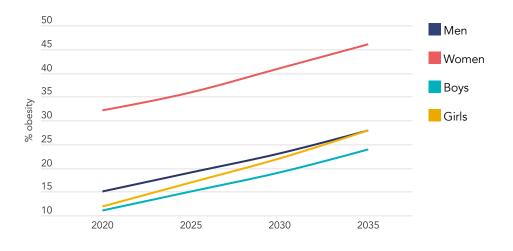




Saint Lucia



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.9%

HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

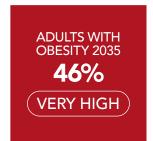
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

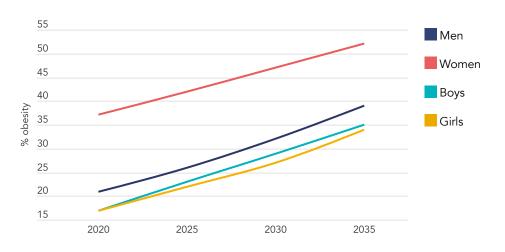


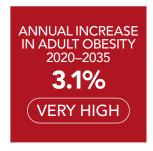


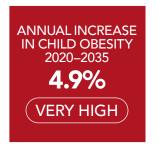
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

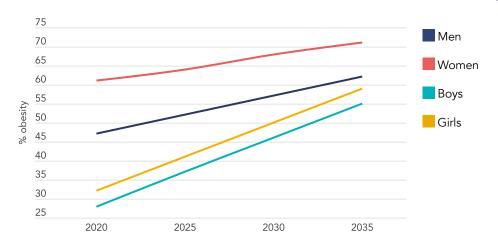
Global Preparedness:





ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
66%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

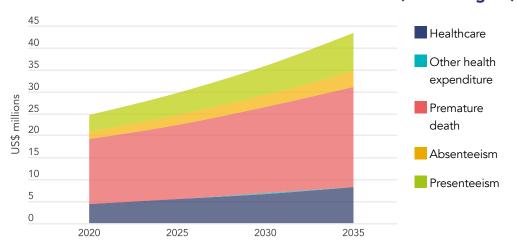


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.1%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 4 | 24 | 1 | 2.9% |
| 2025 | 5 | 30 | 1 | 3.5% |
| 2030 | 7 | 36 | 1 | 3.7% |
| 2035 | 8 | 43 | 1 | 4.1% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 110/183 POOR

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

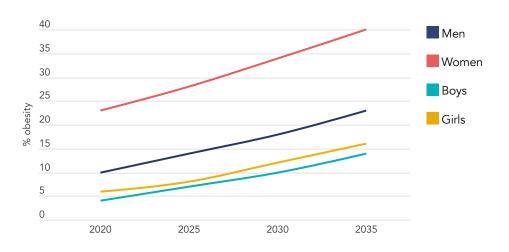
Global Preparedness:

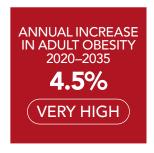


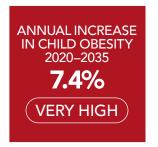
Sao Tome and Principe



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



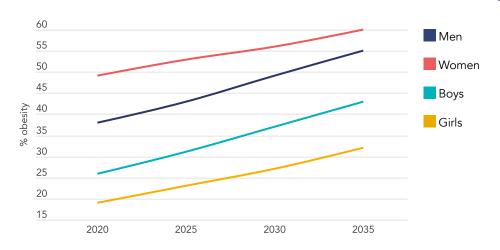
Saudi Arabia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

57%

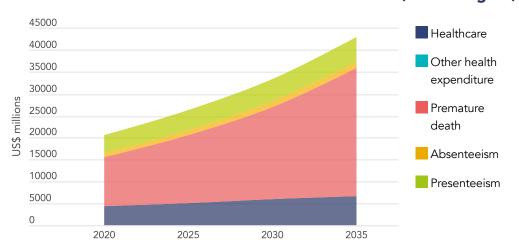
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 4,354 | 20,513 | 770 | 2.7% |
| 2025 | 5,136 | 26,162 | 935 | 2.8% |
| 2030 | 5,919 | 33,447 | 1,081 | 3.1% |
| 2035 | 6,677 | 42,949 | 1,257 | 3.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
100/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:





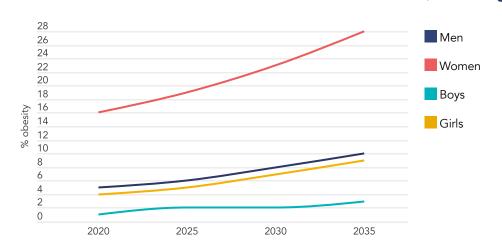
Senegal

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

19%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

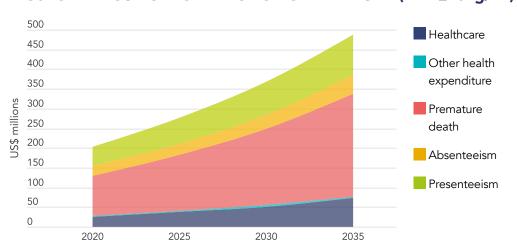


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.6%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.0%
MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 26 | 204 | 24 | 0.9% |
| 2025 | 37 | 276 | 34 | 0.8% |
| 2030 | 52 | 367 | 41 | 0.9% |
| 2035 | 73 | 487 | 50 | 1.0% |

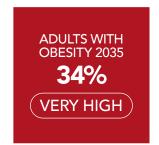


SOURCES

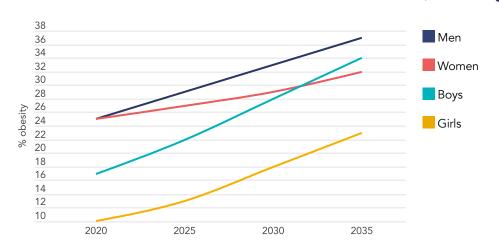
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Serbia

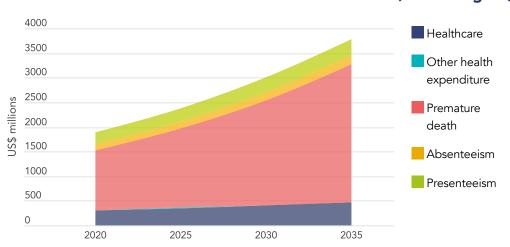


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 304 | 1,879 | 51 | 3.7% |
| 2025 | 354 | 2,380 | 64 | 3.7% |
| 2030 | 409 | 2,996 | 77 | 3.9% |
| 2035 | 466 | 3,784 | 92 | 4.1% |

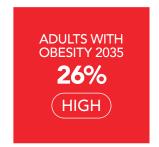
GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 60/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

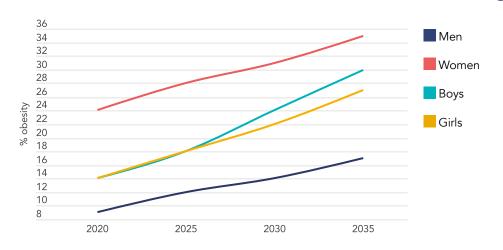
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Seychelles



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.1%

VERY HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

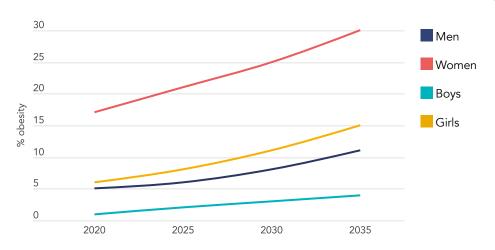




Sierra Leone

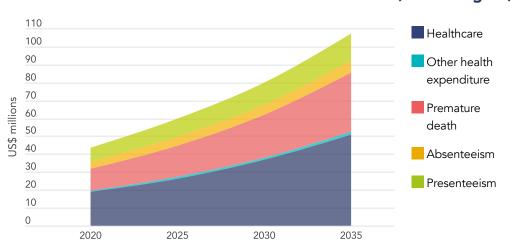


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.8%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.6%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 19 | 44 | 4 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 26 | 59 | 5 | 1.2% |
| 2030 | 37 | 80 | 6 | 1.4% |
| 2035 | 51 | 107 | 7 | 1.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



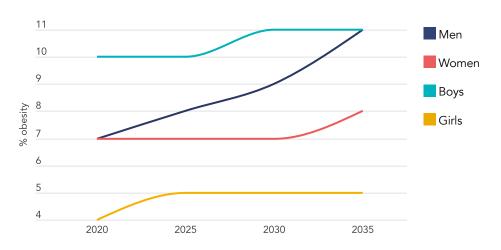
Singapore

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

9%

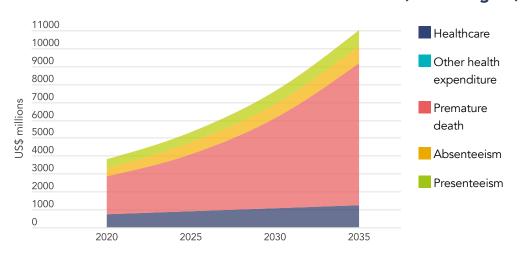
LOW

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

0.8%

LOW

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.5%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 710 | 3,783 | 360 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 877 | 5,300 | 436 | 1.2% |
| 2030 | 1,054 | 7,586 | 539 | 1.4% |
| 2035 | 1,251 | 10,993 | 709 | 1.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 71/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

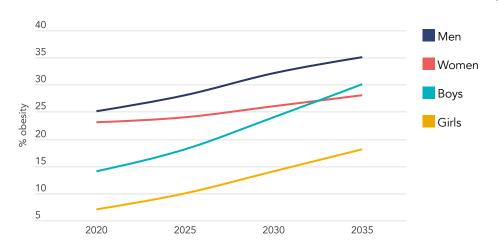




Slovakia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
31%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

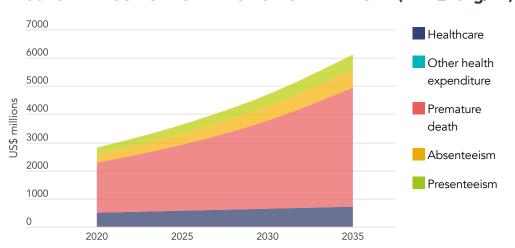


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.6%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 486 | 2,808 | 101 | 2.8% |
| 2025 | 554 | 3,614 | 120 | 3.0% |
| 2030 | 635 | 4,688 | 142 | 3.3% |
| 2035 | 726 | 6,110 | 170 | 3.6% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 53/183
FAIRLY GOOD

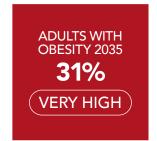
SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

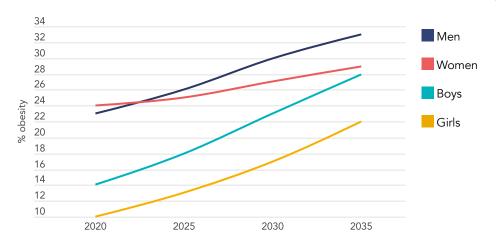
Global Preparedness:



Slovenia

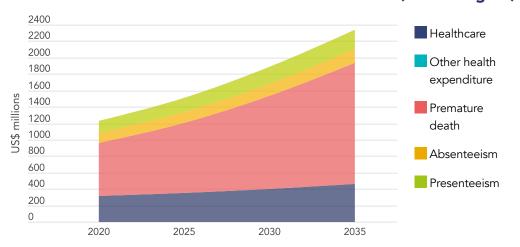


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.7%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 312 | 1,233 | 52 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 355 | 1,515 | 63 | 2.4% |
| 2030 | 406 | 1,883 | 74 | 2.6% |
| 2035 | 465 | 2,333 | 86 | 2.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

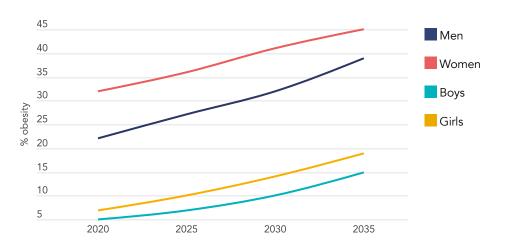




Solomon Islands

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
42%
VERY HIGH

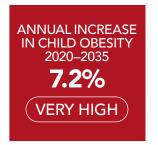
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.9%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





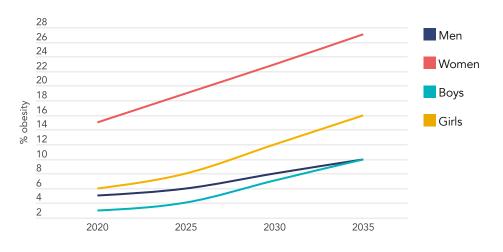
Somalia

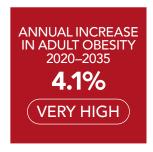
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

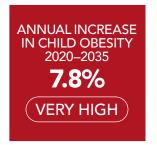
19%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

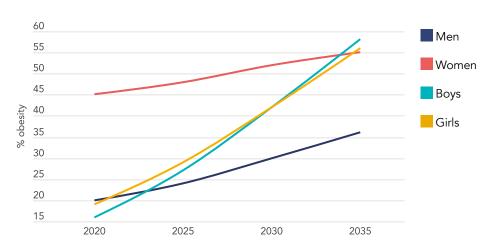




South Africa

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
46%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

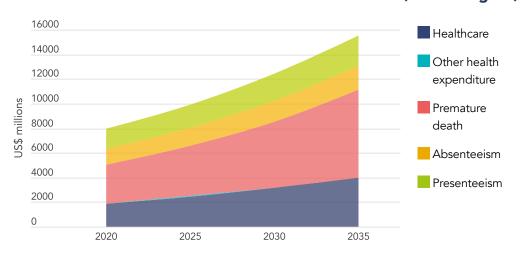


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.2%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.1%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,891 | 7,936 | 363 | 2.2% |
| 2025 | 2,461 | 9,948 | 405 | 2.5% |
| 2030 | 3,152 | 12,465 | 445 | 2.8% |
| 2035 | 3,940 | 15,542 | 498 | 3.1% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

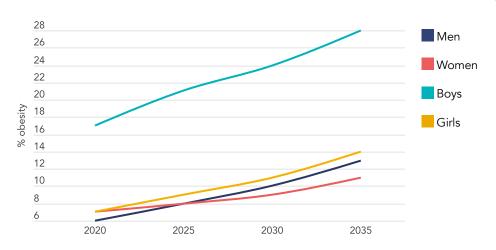




South Korea

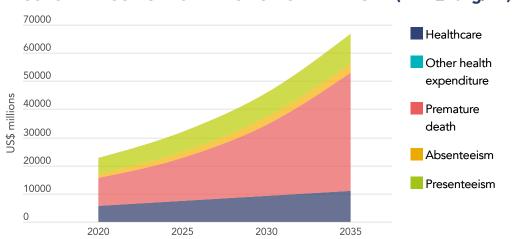
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
12%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 5,855 | 22,614 | 1,637 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 7,406 | 31,902 | 1,890 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 9,124 | 45,998 | 2,331 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 11,005 | 66,857 | 3,065 | 2.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:





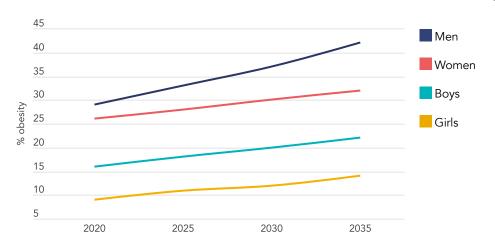
Spain

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

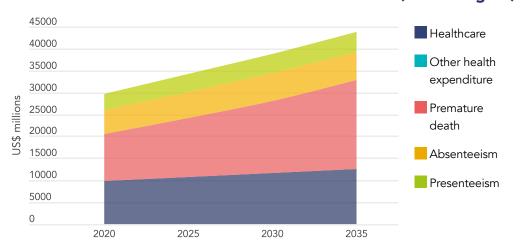


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 9,729 | 29,784 | 1,242 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 10,760 | 34,153 | 1,487 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 11,688 | 38,746 | 1,653 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 12,494 | 43,915 | 1,865 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =51/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



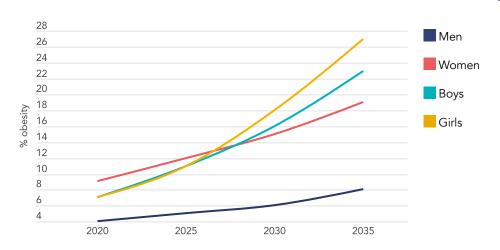
Sri Lanka

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

14%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

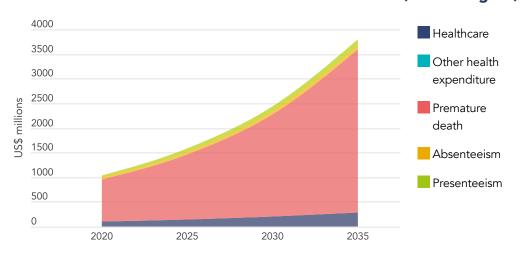


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.1%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.7%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 99 | 1,044 | 81 | 1.3% |
| 2025 | 141 | 1,579 | 93 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 200 | 2,430 | 113 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 276 | 3,788 | 142 | 2.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 40/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

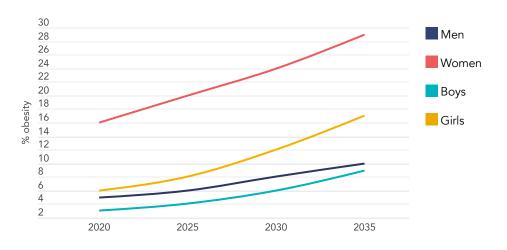
Global Preparedness:

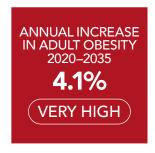


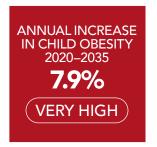


ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
20%
MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)











SOURCES

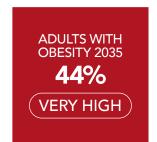
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

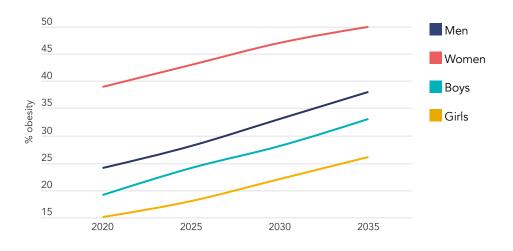




Suriname



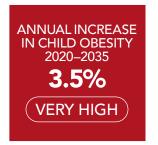
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH



OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





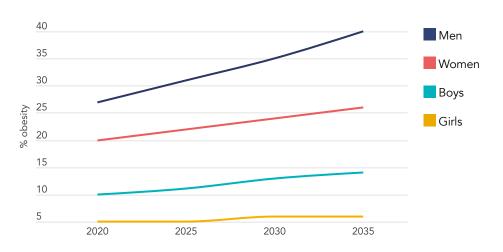
Sweden

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

33%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

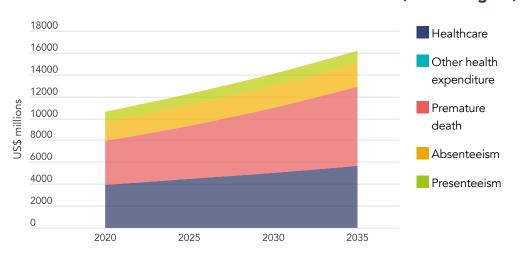


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.2%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.1%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3,926 | 10,590 | 518 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 4,435 | 12,203 | 599 | 2.0% |
| 2030 | 5,042 | 14,060 | 667 | 2.1% |
| 2035 | 5,672 | 16,212 | 747 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **5/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



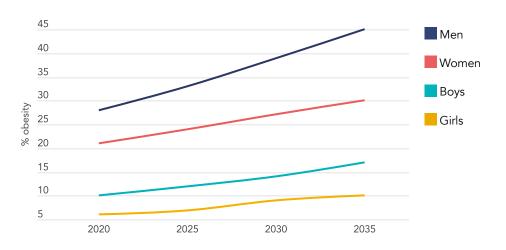
Switzerland

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

37%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

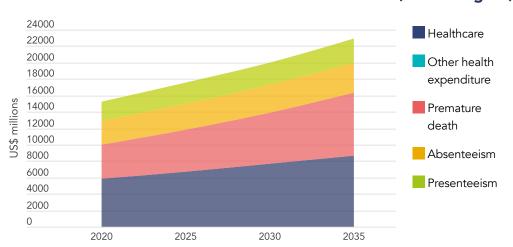


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 5,907 | 15,274 | 714 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 6,741 | 17,513 | 791 | 2.2% |
| 2030 | 7,652 | 19,985 | 858 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 8,650 | 22,882 | 935 | 2.4% |

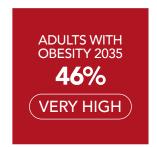
GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 1/183 GOOD

SOURCES

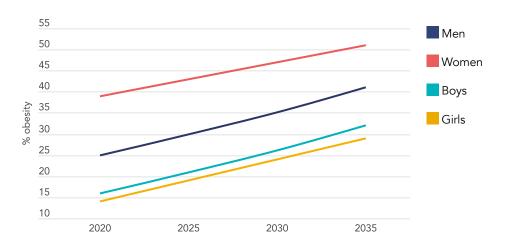
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

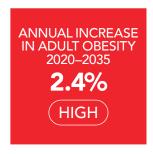


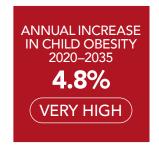
Syrian Arab Republic



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





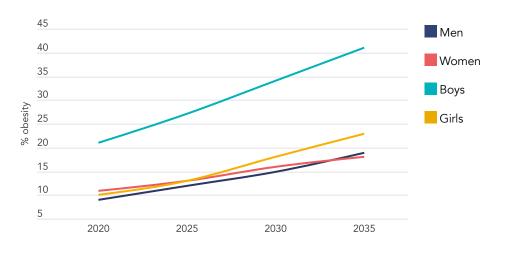
Taiwan

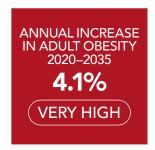
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

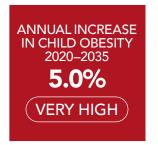
19%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)







OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

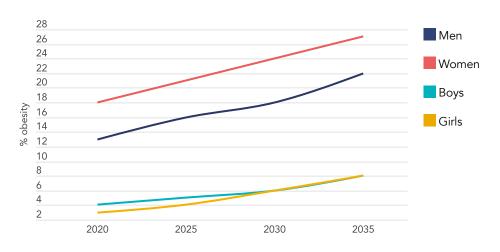
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Tajikistan

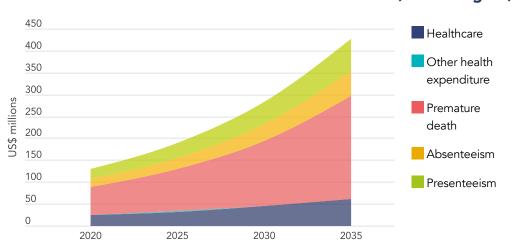
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
25%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
3.0%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.3%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 25 | 129 | 9 | 1.5% |
| 2025 | 33 | 189 | 11 | 1.7% |
| 2030 | 45 | 283 | 14 | 2.0% |
| 2035 | 61 | 427 | 19 | 2.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

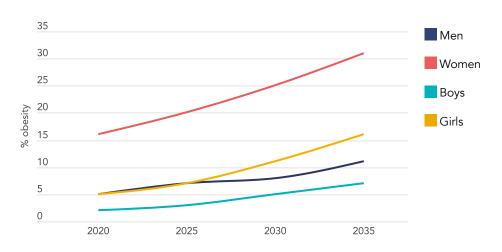




Tanzania

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
21%
HIGH

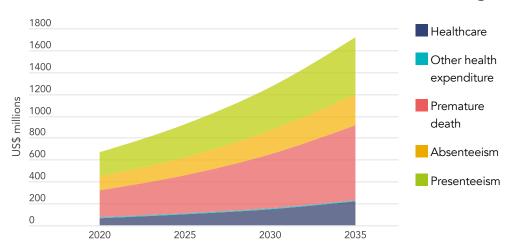
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.6%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.2%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 66 | 670 | 64 | 1.0% |
| 2025 | 98 | 925 | 83 | 1.1% |
| 2030 | 146 | 1,263 | 108 | 1.2% |
| 2035 | 217 | 1,714 | 139 | 1.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
104/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

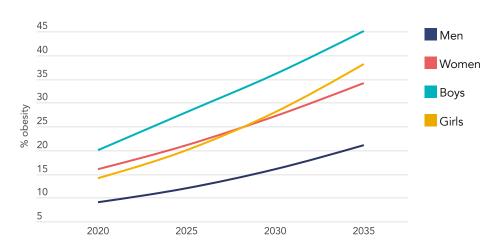




Thailand

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
28%
HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

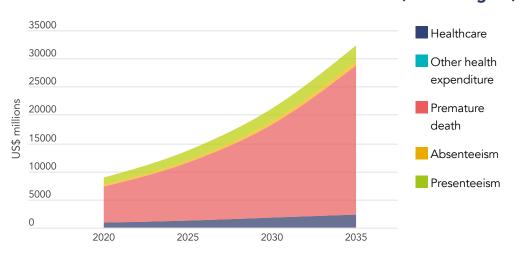


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.3%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.2%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 964 | 8,864 | 510 | 1.7% |
| 2025 | 1,285 | 13,602 | 599 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 1,719 | 21,083 | 730 | 2.9% |
| 2035 | 2,227 | 32,341 | 916 | 3.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 86/183
AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



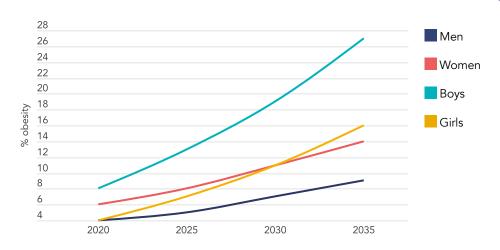
Timor-Leste

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

12%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

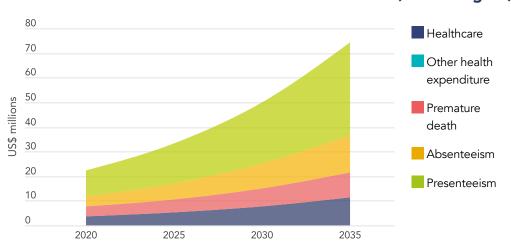


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

5.9%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 4 | 22 | 2 | 1.4% |
| 2025 | 5 | 34 | 2 | 1.9% |
| 2030 | 8 | 50 | 2 | 2.5% |
| 2035 | 11 | 74 | 2 | 3.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

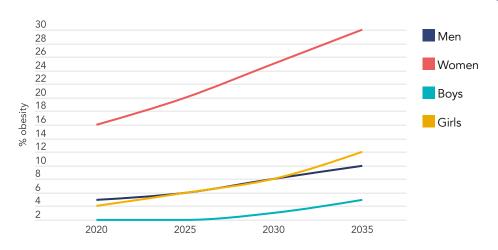
Global Preparedness:





ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
20%
HIGH

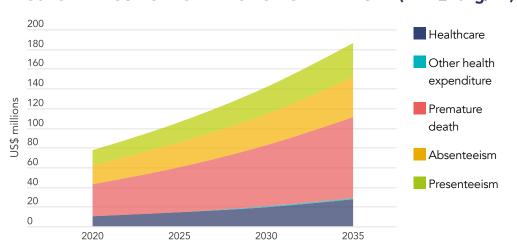
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
7.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.3%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 10 | 78 | 7 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 14 | 106 | 10 | 1.1% |
| 2030 | 20 | 141 | 12 | 1.2% |
| 2035 | 27 | 186 | 14 | 1.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

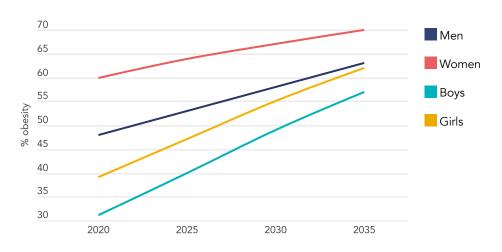
Global Preparedness:







PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

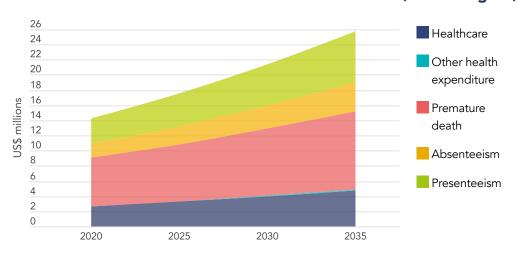


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.4%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

3.6%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 3 | 14 | 1 | 2.8% |
| 2025 | 3 | 18 | 1 | 3.2% |
| 2030 | 4 | 21 | 1 | 3.5% |
| 2035 | 5 | 26 | 1 | 3.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 109/183 POOR

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





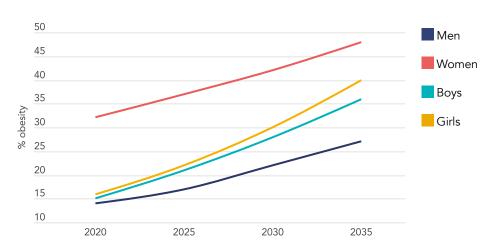
Trinidad and Tobago

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

38%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

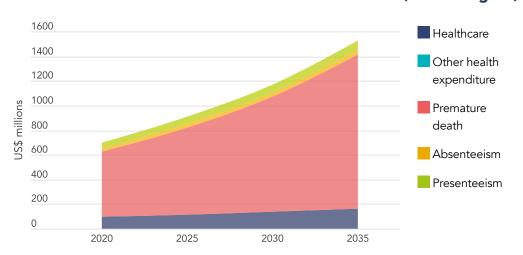


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.1%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

5.2%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 95 | 702 | 22 | 3.2% |
| 2025 | 115 | 906 | 25 | 3.6% |
| 2030 | 138 | 1,172 | 27 | 4.4% |
| 2035 | 160 | 1,526 | 30 | 5.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING
63/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



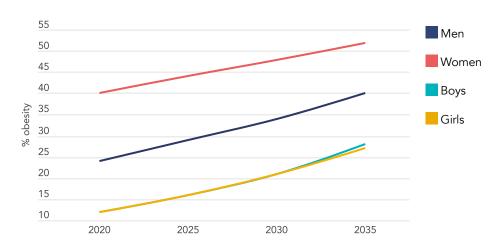


Tunisia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
46%

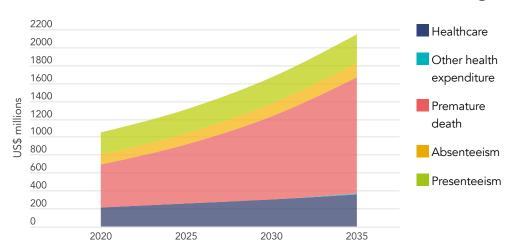
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.5%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
3.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 212 | 1,047 | 38 | 2.8% |
| 2025 | 254 | 1,310 | 44 | 3.0% |
| 2030 | 303 | 1,669 | 52 | 3.2% |
| 2035 | 363 | 2,144 | 61 | 3.5% |



SOURCES

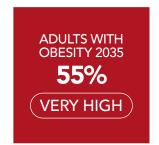
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

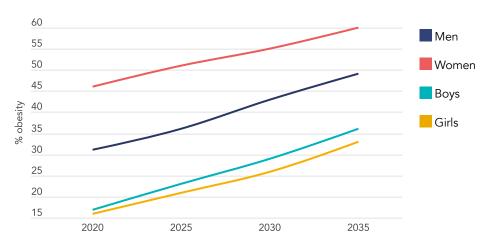




Turkey



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

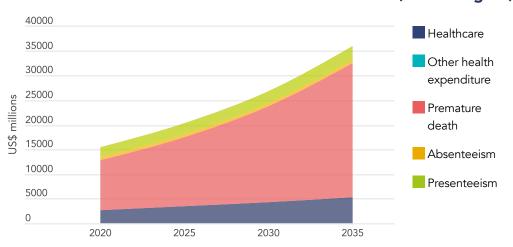


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.3%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.5%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2,674 | 15,395 | 775 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 3,383 | 20,244 | 975 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 4,227 | 26,797 | 1,180 | 2.3% |
| 2035 | 5,214 | 35,846 | 1,456 | 2.5% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING =37/183

FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

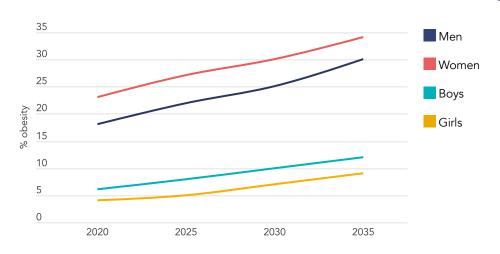




Turkmenistan



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

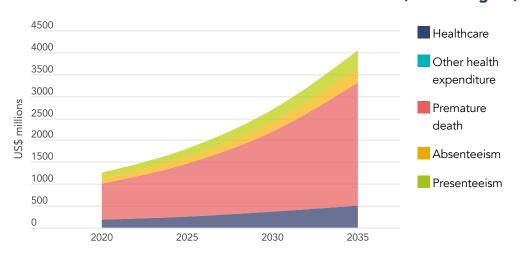


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 181 | 1,253 | 51 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 260 | 1,805 | 58 | 3.1% |
| 2030 | 365 | 2,696 | 72 | 3.7% |
| 2035 | 510 | 4,046 | 97 | 4.2% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:





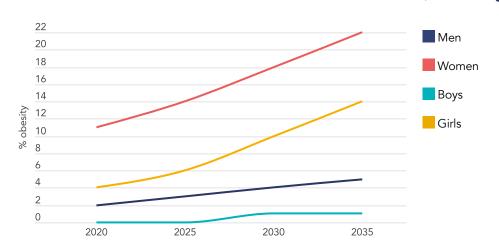
Uganda

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

14%

MEDIUM

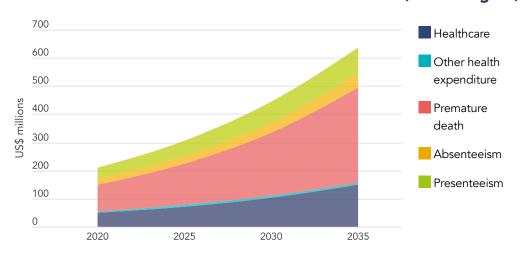
PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
4.7%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **0.7%** MEDIUM

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 49 | 211 | 37 | 0.6% |
| 2025 | 71 | 306 | 49 | 0.6% |
| 2030 | 103 | 443 | 66 | 0.7% |
| 2035 | 148 | 637 | 87 | 0.7% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

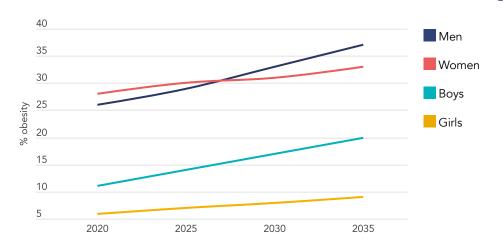




Ukraine



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

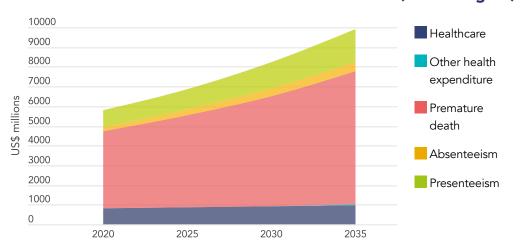


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.6%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
4.0%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.7%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 798 | 5,781 | 148 | 3.9% |
| 2025 | 844 | 6,868 | 167 | 4.1% |
| 2030 | 907 | 8,204 | 187 | 4.4% |
| 2035 | 978 | 9,874 | 209 | 4.7% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 79/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:

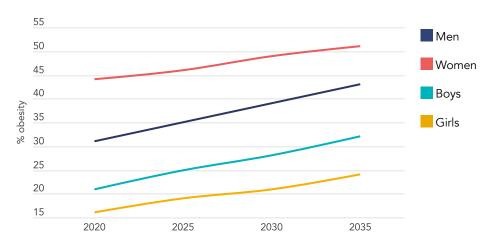


United Arab Emirates

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
45%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

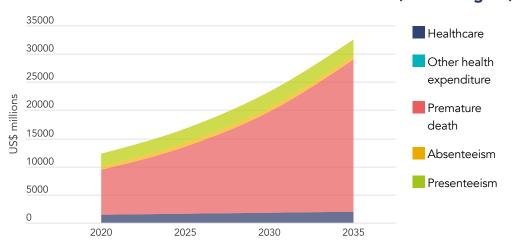


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.7%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.8%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 1,457 | 12,326 | 392 | 3.1% |
| 2025 | 1,681 | 16,775 | 468 | 3.6% |
| 2030 | 1,827 | 23,213 | 564 | 4.1% |
| 2035 | 1,925 | 32,594 | 672 | 4.8% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 92/183

AVERAGE

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:





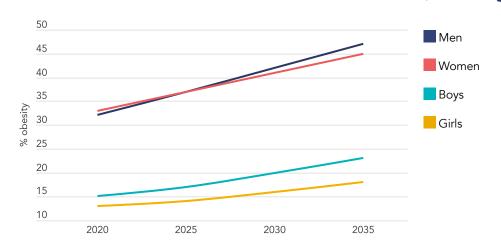
United Kingdom

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

46%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

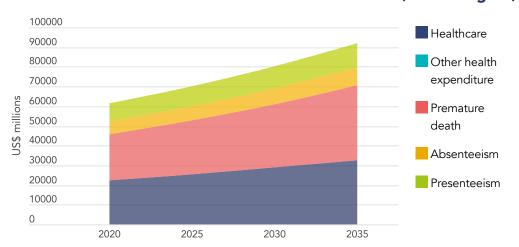


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.4%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 22,482 | 61,530 | 2,612 | 2.4% |
| 2025 | 25,421 | 70,247 | 3,056 | 2.3% |
| 2030 | 28,749 | 80,294 | 3,383 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 32,422 | 91,761 | 3,792 | 2.4% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING **7/183** GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

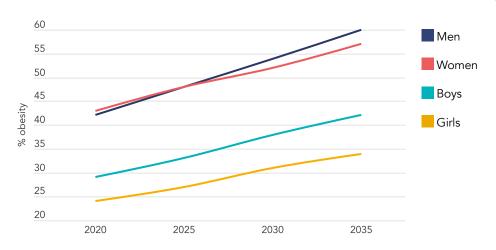




United Statesof America

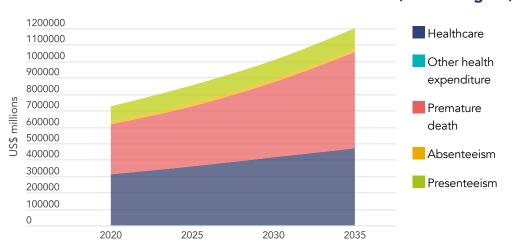
ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
58%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.1%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.4%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 312,964 | 726,152 | 20,645 | 3.5% |
| 2025 | 360,101 | 850,469 | 23,862 | 3.6% |
| 2030 | 411,595 | 1,005,286 | 26,623 | 3.8% |
| 2035 | 467,470 | 1,198,463 | 30,205 | 4.0% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 41/183 FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

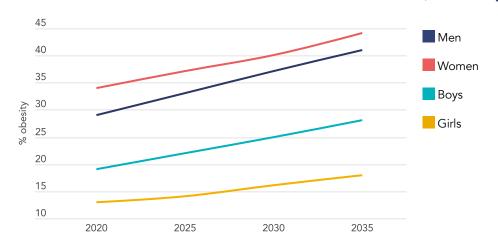




Uruguay

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
42%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

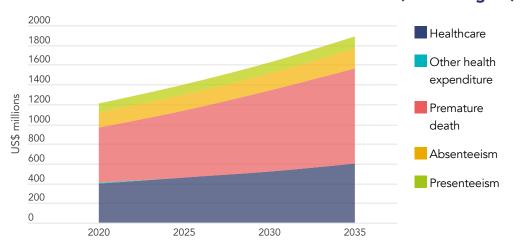


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

1.9%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.2%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 400 | 1,206 | 57 | 2.1% |
| 2025 | 457 | 1,401 | 68 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 521 | 1,624 | 75 | 2.2% |
| 2035 | 594 | 1,885 | 84 | 2.2% |

GLOBAL PREPAREDNESS RANKING 42/183
FAIRLY GOOD

SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

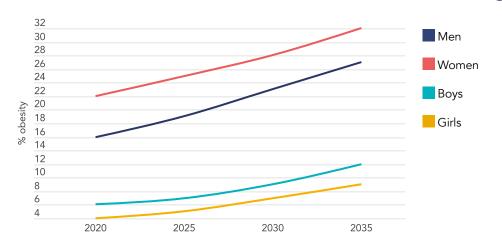




Uzbekistan

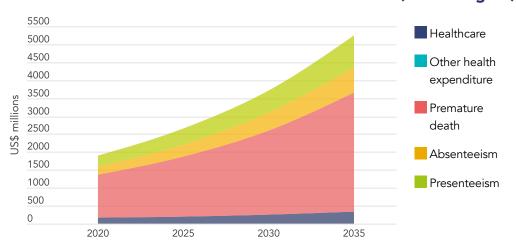


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.9%
HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.5%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
4.0%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 158 | 1,893 | 61 | 3.1% |
| 2025 | 200 | 2,648 | 79 | 3.4% |
| 2030 | 255 | 3,719 | 102 | 3.6% |
| 2035 | 327 | 5,241 | 131 | 4.0% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

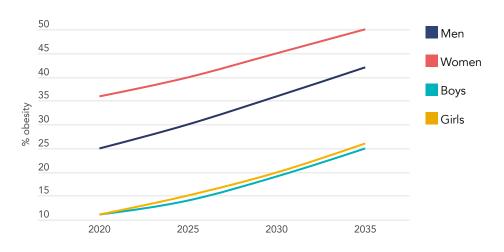




ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
46%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

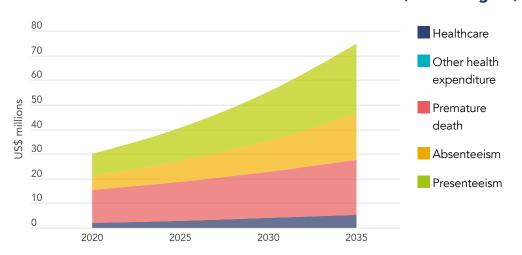


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.8%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

5.7%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035

5.6%

VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 2 | 30 | 1 | 3.4% |
| 2025 | 3 | 41 | 1 | 4.0% |
| 2030 | 4 | 55 | 1 | 4.8% |
| 2035 | 5 | 75 | 1 | 5.6% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

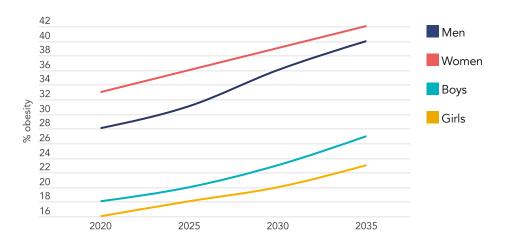


Venezuela

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035
41%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
2.0%
HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:

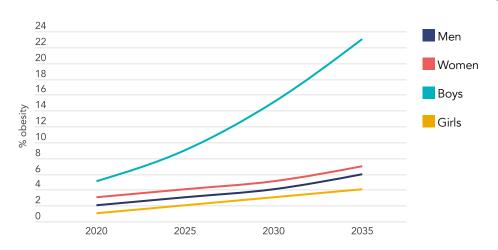




Viet Nam

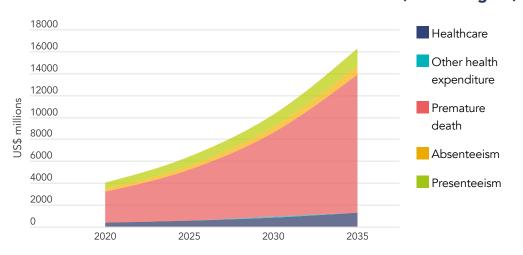


PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035
6.3%
VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

9.8%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.0%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020–2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 372 | 4,001 | 340 | 1.2% |
| 2025 | 569 | 6,375 | 454 | 1.4% |
| 2030 | 864 | 10,235 | 619 | 1.7% |
| 2035 | 1,269 | 16,282 | 833 | 2.0% |

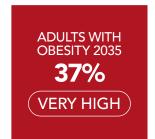


SOURCES

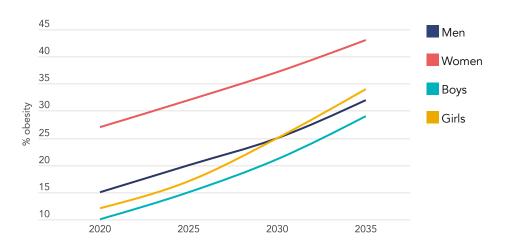
Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



Yemen



PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.8%

VERY HIGH

ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

7.4%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT IMPACT ON NATIONAL GDP 2035 **N/A**



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



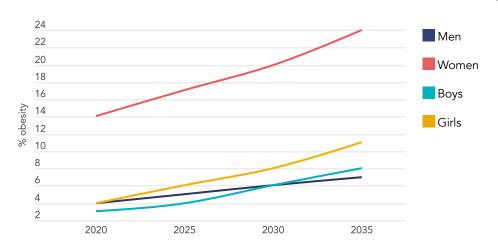
Zambia

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

16%

MEDIUM

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

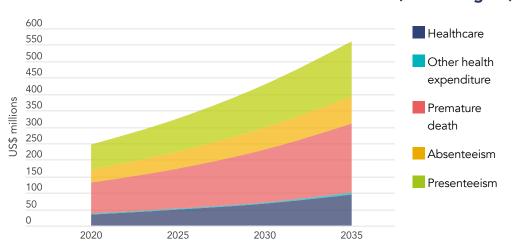


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

3.4%

VERY HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035
6.9%
VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
1.3%
HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 34 | 248 | 23 | 1.1% |
| 2025 | 48 | 326 | 27 | 1.2% |
| 2030 | 67 | 429 | 34 | 1.3% |
| 2035 | 93 | 561 | 42 | 1.3% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References. Global Preparedness:



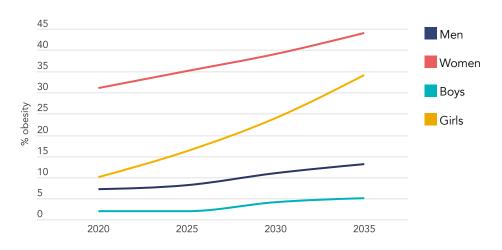
Zimbabwe

ADULTS WITH OBESITY 2035

29%

HIGH

PROJECTED TRENDS IN THE PREVALENCE OF OBESITY (BMI ≥30kg/m²)

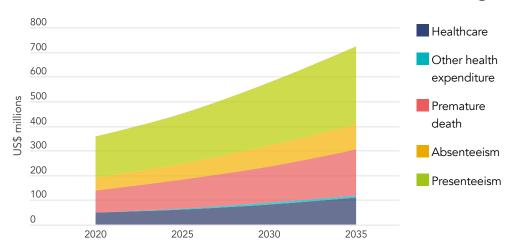


ANNUAL INCREASE IN ADULT OBESITY 2020–2035

2.6%

HIGH

PROJECTED ECONOMIC IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²)



ANNUAL INCREASE IN CHILD OBESITY 2020–2035

8.1%

VERY HIGH

OVERWEIGHT
IMPACT ON
NATIONAL GDP
2035
2.8%
VERY HIGH

IMPACT OF OVERWEIGHT (BMI ≥25kg/m²) 2020-2035

| | Healthcare impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Total economic impact of BMI ≥25kg/m², US\$ million | Estimated GDP US\$ billion | Impact of BMI ≥25kg/m² on GDP |
|------|--|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | 47 | 356 | 18 | 2.0% |
| 2025 | 62 | 452 | 22 | 2.1% |
| 2030 | 83 | 577 | 24 | 2.4% |
| 2035 | 111 | 721 | 26 | 2.8% |



SOURCES

Obesity data: RTI projections from NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (rights reserved). See References. Annual increase: Compound annual growth rate 2020 to 2035. Economic impact estimates: Summarised from RTI projections (rights reserved). See References.

Global Preparedness:



References

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Appendix: Methods

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Definitions

Overweight and obesity

Definitions are the ones used by the World Health Organization based on body mass index (BMI), shown here. For children, they are the definitions used by the World Health Organization for children over 5 years old. Unless otherwise stated in the text, 'overweight' includes obesity.

| | Adults | Children |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Overweight | BMI ≥25.0 kg/m ² | BMI >1 standard deviation above the WHO reference median |
| Obesity | BMI ≥30.0kg/m² | BMI >2 standard deviations above the WHO reference median |
| including severe obesity | BMI ≥35.0kg/m² | |
| and very severe obesity | BMI ≥40.0kg/m² | |

Colour-coding of country scorecard 'traffic light' data

The prevalence of obesity can be categorised from very low to very high, using the following threshold values (see <u>Lobstein and Jewell, 2021</u>). Categorisation of change (compound annual growth) and impact on GDP have been defined for the present Atlas. Categorisation in the country cards are based on unrounded figures.

| | Prevalence in adults | Prevalence in children | Annualised change in obesity prevalence (adults and children) | Impact on national Gross Domestic Product |
|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| Very Low | <5% | <2.5% | <0.5% | <0.2% |
| Low | 5% to <10% | 2.5% to <5% | 0.5% to <1.0% | 0.2% to <0.5% |
| Medium | 10% to <20% | 5% to <10% | 1.0% to <2.0% | 0.5% to <1.0% |
| High | 20% to <30% | 10% to <15% | 2.0% to <3.0% | 1.0% to <2.0% |
| Very high | 30% and over | 15% and over | 3.0% and over | 2.0% and over |

| | Obesity-NCD Preparedness rank (out of 183) |
|-------------|--|
| Good | <35 |
| Fairly good | 35 to <70 |
| Average | 70 to <105 |
| Poor | 105 to <140 |
| Very poor | 140 and over |

Data sources

Prevalence of obesity projections 2020 to 2035

Projections undertaken by RTI International (Okunogbe, 2021, 2022; World Obesity Federation 2022i) based on the Non-communicable Disease Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Additional analyses undertaken by Dr A Okunogbe at RTI International on behalf of World Obesity Federation.

Estimates for obesity prevalence in World Health regions and World Bank income groups are averaged from national data weighted by national population size (UN Population estimates 2020-2035).

Annual change in obesity prevalence 2020 to 2035.

This is the compound annual growth rate (CAGR) based on the 2020 and 2035 estimated obesity prevalence levels for each country and age group.

Economic impact of overweight and obesity

Projected GDP and the economic impact of ill-heath and productivity losses estimated by RTI International (Okunogbe, 2021, 2022; World Obesity Federation 2022i) with summary data published by World Obesity.

Obesity-NCD preparedness ranking

The obesity-NCD preparedness ranking is a novel metric for assessing a country's readiness to cope with the predicted rising levels of obesity, especially in its more severe forms, and the consequential NCDs that arise. There are no statistics available providing direct indicators of obesity treatment or management services or obesity prevention services, so instead the index compares countries for their reported competence to cope with ill-health and especially with the NCDs most likely to arise from obesity (principally cardiovascular disease, diabetes and cancer). The rankings are based on four primary components, described below, on which countries are ranked separately. Data were available 183 countries, so the ranking within each of the four components ranges from 1 (best preparedness practices) to 183 (worst preparedness practices). A country's final ranking score was the simple average of its four component ranking scores.

The obesity-NCD preparedness ranking is generated from the following four components:

- 1. The Institute for Health Metrics' estimate of Effective Universal Health Coverage for 2019. This is a composite index of 23 indictors covering a range of health service types collected for the Sustainable Development Goals, and weighted by potential health gains. Data are published for 204 countries and territories.
- 2. The WHO Global Health Observatory's listing of premature deaths due to NCDs as a proportion of all NCD deaths. Data for 2019 are available for 183 countries.
- 3. The WHO Global Health Observatory's listing of whether or not countries provide the following NCD-related indicators in the public health system. This component of the preparedness ranking is the total number of 'yes' responses (out of a possible 18) for each country. Data are the latest available for 183 countries.
 - a. General availability of diabetes testing (by blood glucose measurement, OGTT) at the primary health care level
 - b. General availability of diabetes testing (by HbA1c) at the primary health care level
 - c. General availability of total cholesterol measurement at the primary health care level
 - d. Availability of cardiovascular risk stratification in 50% or more primary health care facilities

- e. General availability of metformin in the public health sector
- f. General availability of thiazide diuretics in the public health sector
- g. General availability of ACE inhibitors in the public health sector
- h. General availability of Angiotensin II receptor blockers (ARBs) in the public health sector
- i. General availability of CC blockers in the public health sector
- j. General availability of beta blockers in the public health sector
- k. General availability of statins in the public health sector
- I. General availability of oral morphine in the public health sector
- m. General availability of sulphonylurea(s) in the public health sector
- 4. The WHO Global Health Observatory's listing of whether or not countries provide the following NCD-related policy-related indicators for the prevention of NCDs at national level. This component of the preparedness ranking is the total number of 'yes' responses (out of 12) for each country. Data for 2019 are available for 183 countries.
 - a. Existence of a set of time-bound national targets based on WHO guidance
 - b. Existence of an operational, multisectoral national NCD policy, strategy or action plan that integrates several NCDs and their risk factors
 - c. Existence of any policies on marketing of foods to children
 - d. Existence of any policies to reduce population salt consumption
 - e. Existence of national policies on saturated fatty acids / trans-fats
 - f. Existence of national policies on trans-fatty acid elimination
 - g. Existence of operational policy/strategy/action plan for cancer
 - h. Existence of operational policy/strategy/action plan for cardiovascular diseases
 - i. Existence of operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes
 - g. Existence of operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity
 - h. Existence of operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce unhealthy diet related to NCDs
 - k. Implementation of physical activity public awareness program

Caveat: The obesity-NCD preparedness rankings are not adjusted for the prevalence of obesity and the potential health gains that might result from better preparedness. Furthermore, the results are **ranking scores:** the countries with best rankings do not necessarily offer 'ideal' obesity-related services, only services which are better than lower ranking countries.





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