

# Jordan



# Economic impact of overweight and obesity

In 2019, the economic impact of overweight and obesity was estimated to be US\$850.48 million. This is equivalent to US\$84 per capita and 1.9% of GDP. Direct costs and indirect costs made up 30.6% and 69.4% of total costs respectively.

By 2060, economic impacts are predicted to increase to US\$8.97 billion. This is equivalent to US\$659 per capita and 4.5% of GDP, and represents a 10.5-fold increase in total costs.

#### Breakdown of economic costs over time (standard model)

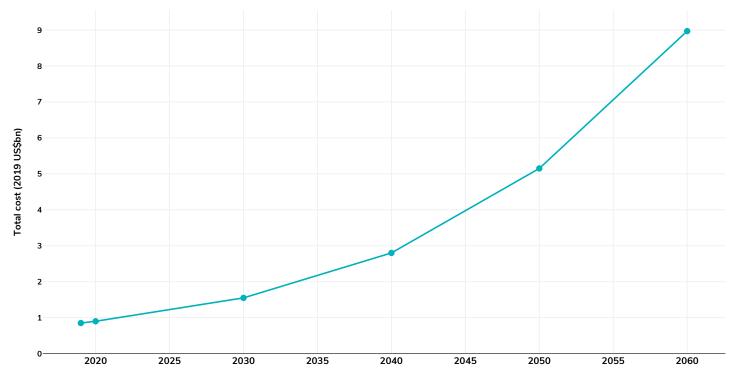
	2019	2030 (projected)	2060 (projected)
Total economic cost (direct + indirect costs):	\$0.85bn	\$1.55bn	\$8.97bn
Total economic cost as % of GDP:	1.91%	2.56%	4.50%
Total economic cost per capita:	\$84	\$145	\$659
Total direct costs:	\$0.26bn	\$0.38bn	\$0.89bn
Direct medical costs:	\$0.26bn	\$0.37bn	\$0.89bn
Direct-non-medical costs:	\$0bn	\$0bn	\$0.01bn
Total indirect costs:	\$0.59bn	\$1.17bn	\$8.08bn
Premature mortality costs:	\$0.41bn	\$0.93bn	\$7.66bn
Absenteeism costs:	\$0.04bn	\$0.05bn	\$0.08bn
Presenteeism costs:	\$0.14bn	\$0.19bn	\$0.34bn

All figures are in US\$

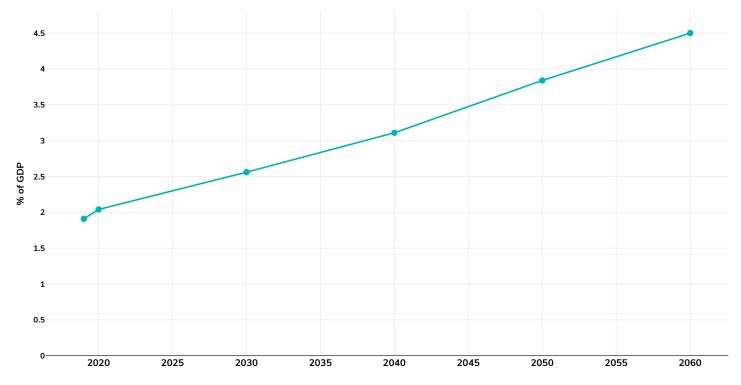


## Trend graphs (standard model)

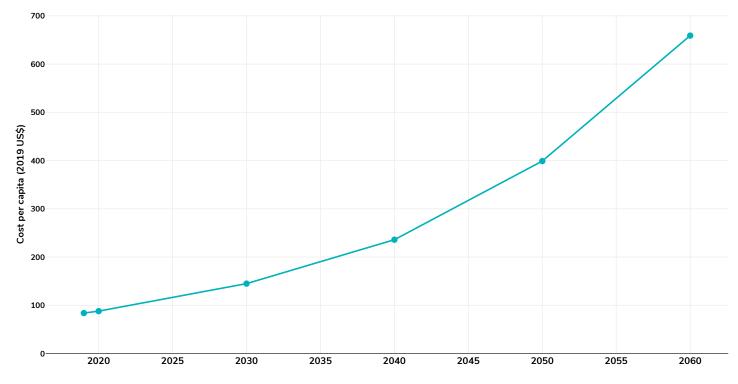
#### Total economic cost (in billions of 2019 US\$)



Total economic cost as % of GDP







## Total economic cost per capita (in 2019 US\$)

PDF created on September 19, 2023