

# Cameroon



## Economic impact of overweight and obesity

In 2019, the economic impact of overweight and obesity was estimated to be US\$502.45 million. This is equivalent to US\$19 per capita and 1.3% of GDP. Direct costs and indirect costs made up 9.8% and 90.2% of total costs respectively.

By 2060, economic impacts are predicted to increase to US\$3.52 billion. This is equivalent to US\$59 per capita and 2.1% of GDP, and represents a 7-fold increase in total costs.

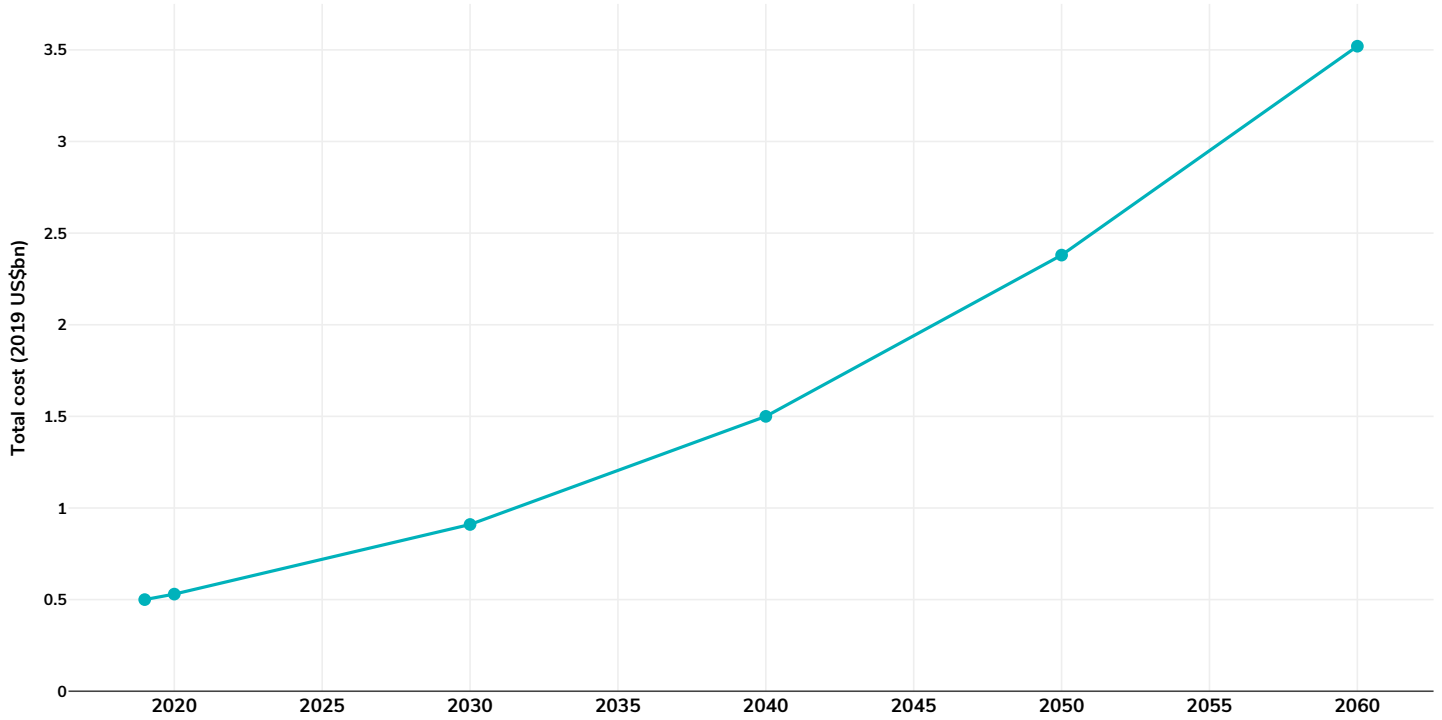
### Breakdown of economic costs over time (standard model)

	2019	2030 (projected)	2060 (projected)
<b>Total economic cost (direct + indirect costs):</b>	<b>\$0.5bn</b>	<b>\$0.91bn</b>	<b>\$3.52bn</b>
<b>Total economic cost as % of GDP:</b>	<b>1.27%</b>	<b>1.50%</b>	<b>2.12%</b>
<b>Total economic cost per capita:</b>	<b>\$19</b>	<b>\$27</b>	<b>\$59</b>
Total direct costs:	\$0.05bn	\$0.1bn	\$0.59bn
Direct medical costs:	\$0.05bn	\$0.1bn	\$0.57bn
Direct-non-medical costs:	\$0bn	\$0.01bn	\$0.02bn
Total indirect costs:	\$0.45bn	\$0.81bn	\$2.93bn
Premature mortality costs:	\$0.23bn	\$0.41bn	\$1.67bn
Absenteeism costs:	\$0.07bn	\$0.13bn	\$0.41bn
Presenteeism costs:	\$0.15bn	\$0.26bn	\$0.85bn

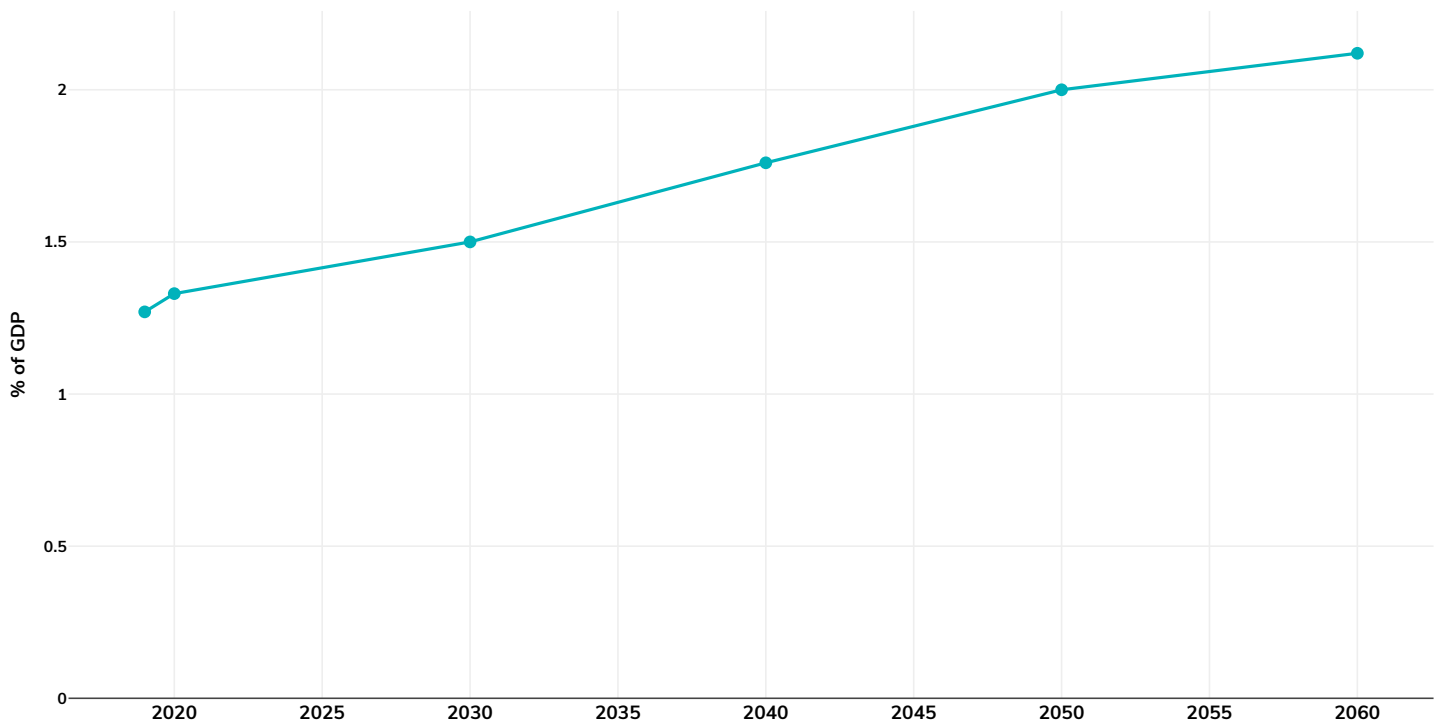
All figures are in US\$

## Trend graphs (standard model)

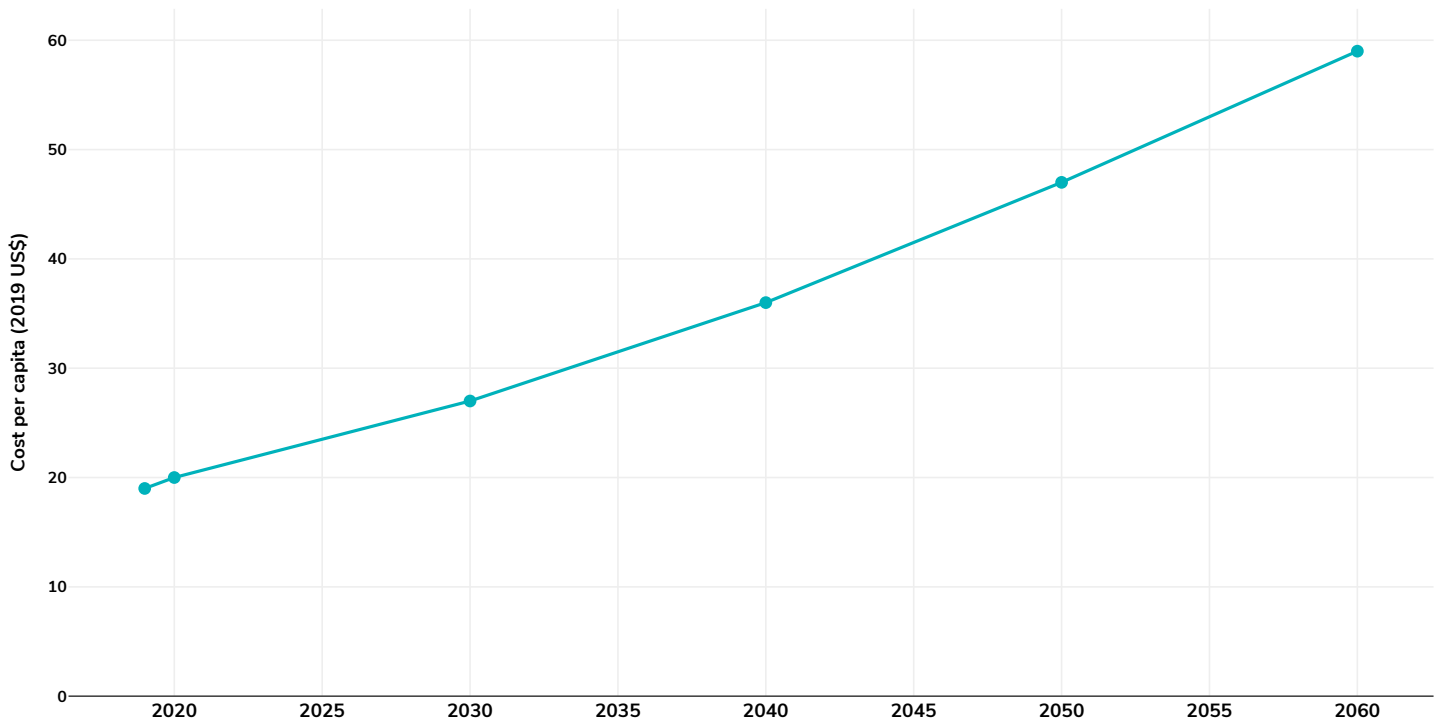
### Total economic cost (in billions of 2019 US\$)



### Total economic cost as % of GDP



### Total economic cost per capita (in 2019 US\$)



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