

An ÁšcrÁ¡in: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Daoine FÁ¡sta, 2001

Murtall Rómheáchan

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

Lowest

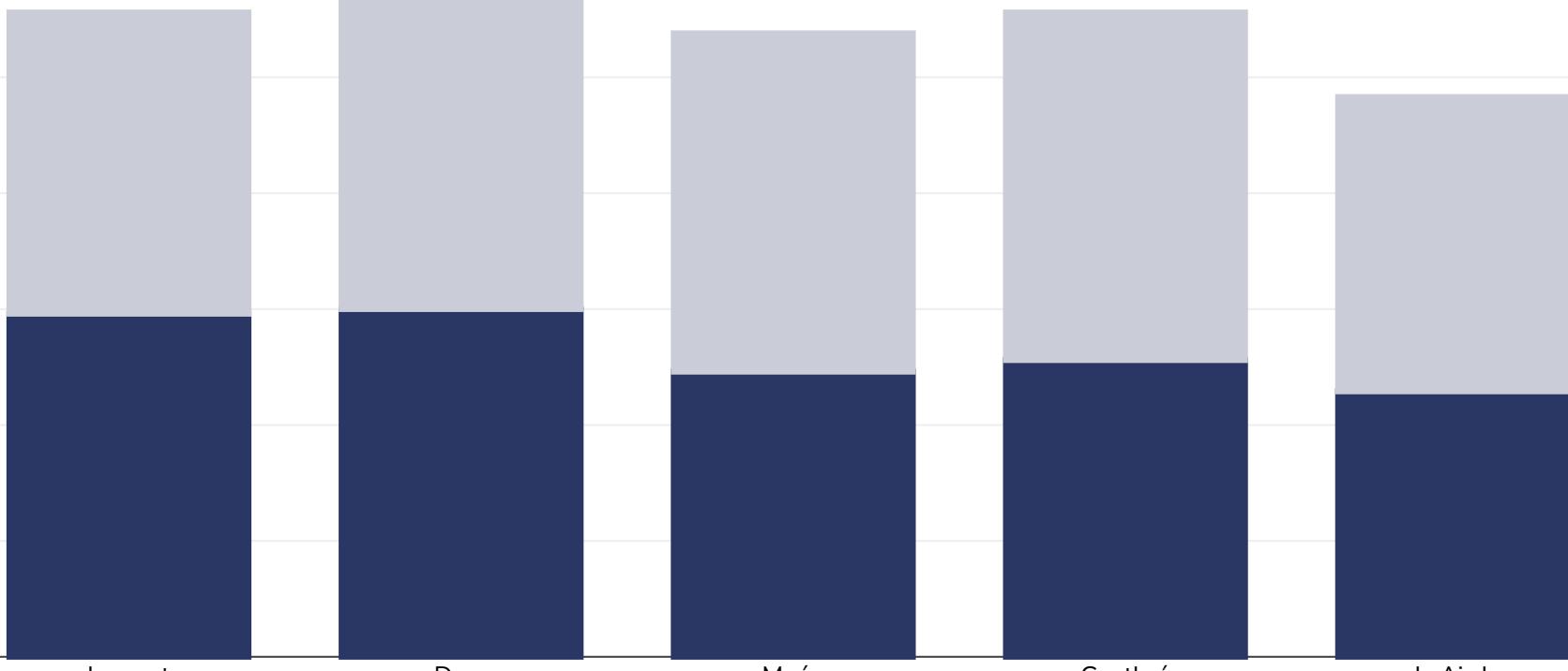
Dara

Meán

Ceathrú

Is Airde

%



CineÁ¡l an tsuirbhÁ©:

Féintuairiscithe

Aois:

18+

SamplamhÁ©id:

2400

Céantar CLÁ°daithe:

NÃ¡isiÃ°nta

TagairtÁ:

Suhrcke M, Walters S, Mazzuco S, Pomerleau J, McKee M and Haerpfer CW. Socioeconomic differences in health, health behaviour and access to health care in Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, the Republic of Moldova, the Russian Federation and Ukraine. World Health Organisation 2008. http://www.un.am/up/library/Socio%20Economic%20Differences_eng.pdf (last accessed 19 April 2016)

Nótaí:

Prevalence of overweight and obesity by asset quintiles. Socioeconomic quintiles are defined on the basis of assets and household characteristics, rather than income or consumption.

Mura gcuirtear a mhalairead i Á°l, is ionann rÃ³mheáchan agus ICM idir 25kg agus 29.9kg/mÂ², is ionann murtall agus ICM nÃos mÃ³ nÃ; 30kg/mÂ².