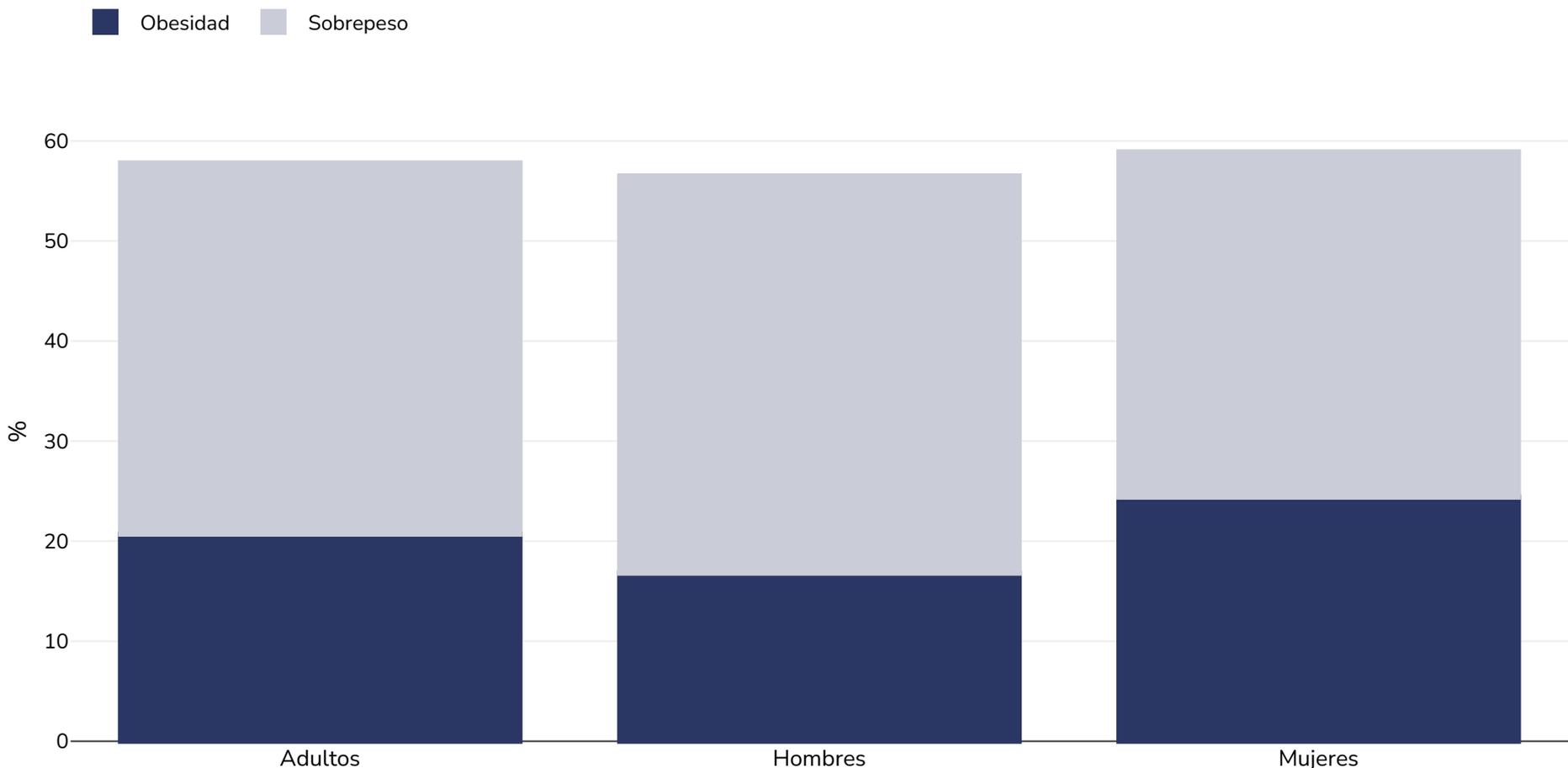


# Brasil: Prevalencia de obesidad

Adultos, 2013-2014



Tipo de encuesta:	Medido
Edad:	18+
Tamaño de la muestra:	59402
Zona abarcada:	Nacional

**Referencias:** FERREIRA, Arthur Pate de Souza; SZWARCOWALD, Célia Landmann and DAMACENA, Giseli Nogueira. Prevalence of obesity and associated factors in the Brazilian population: a study of data from the 2013 National Health Survey. Rev. bras. epidemiol. [online]. 2019, vol.22 [cited 2019-05-16], e190024. Available from: [http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci\\_arttext&pid=S1415-790X2019000100420&lng=en&nrm=iso](http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S1415-790X2019000100420&lng=en&nrm=iso). Epub Apr 01, 2019. ISSN 1415-790X. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/1980-549720190024>.

**Notas:** NB. Combined adult data estimated. These estimates were calculated by weighting male and female survey results. Weighting based on World Bank Population % total female 2019 (<https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS> - accessed 30.09.20)

A menos que se indique lo contrario, el sobrepeso se refiere a un IMC entre 25 kg y 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup> y la obesidad se refiere a un IMC superior a 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.