Kinija: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Vaikai, 2014

■ Antsvoris arba nutukimas

| 1 kvartilis (mažiausias) | 2 kvartilis | 3 kvartilis | 4 kvartilis (didžiausias) |
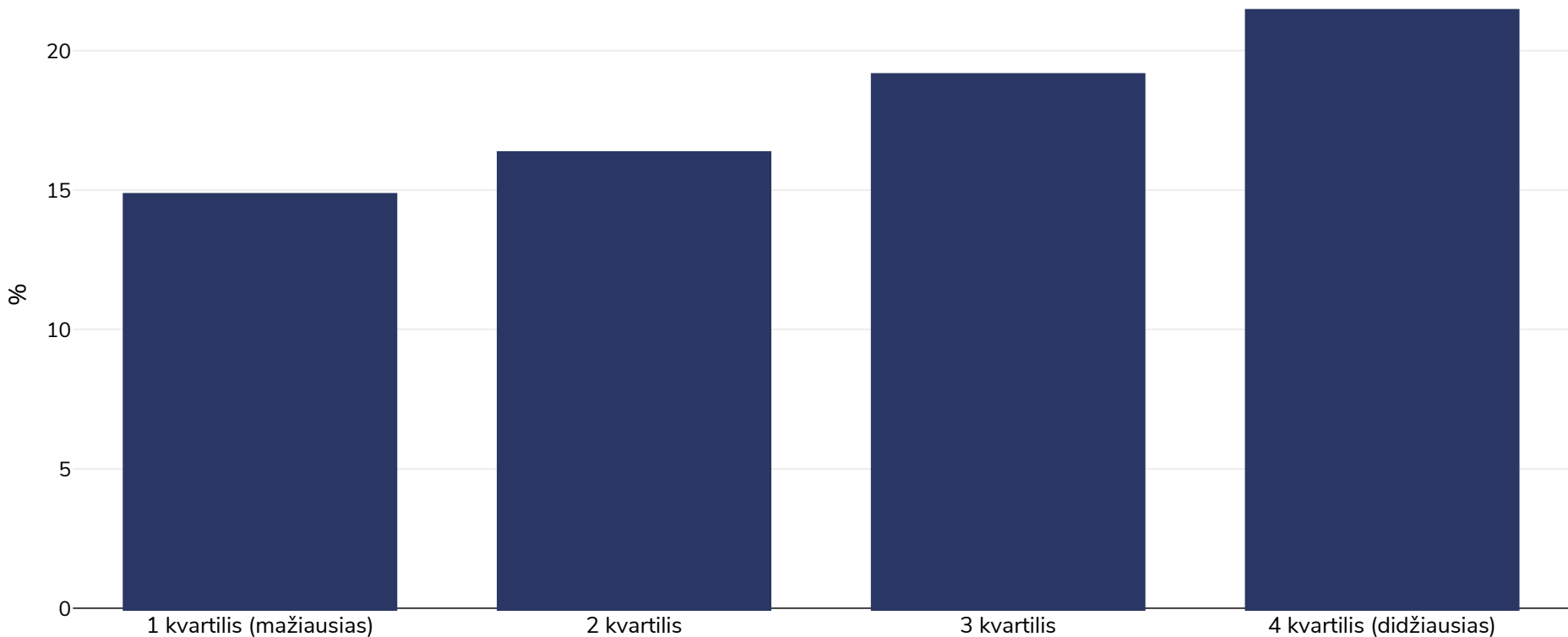
Tyrimo tipas:	Išmatuotas
Amžius:	5-12
Imties dydis:	9917
Teritorija:	Regional - Guangzhou (urban setting)
Nuorodos:	Liu W, Liu W, Lin R, et al. Socioeconomic determinants of childhood obesity among primary school children in Guangzhou, China. BMC Public Health. 2016;16:482. doi:10.1186/s12889-016-3171-1.
Pastabos (tik anglų k.):	BMI standard deviation scores (BMI z-score) were derived using the age (calculated by subtracting the date of birth from the date of examination) and sex specific WHO growth reference for school-aged children, which were further classified as non-overweight (≤1SD), overweight (>1SD) and obese (>2SD). Overweight and obesity prevalence by Father's education. Education was categorised into low (primary and junior high school level), medium (senior high and vocational school level) or high (university level or higher).
Cutoffs:	WHO