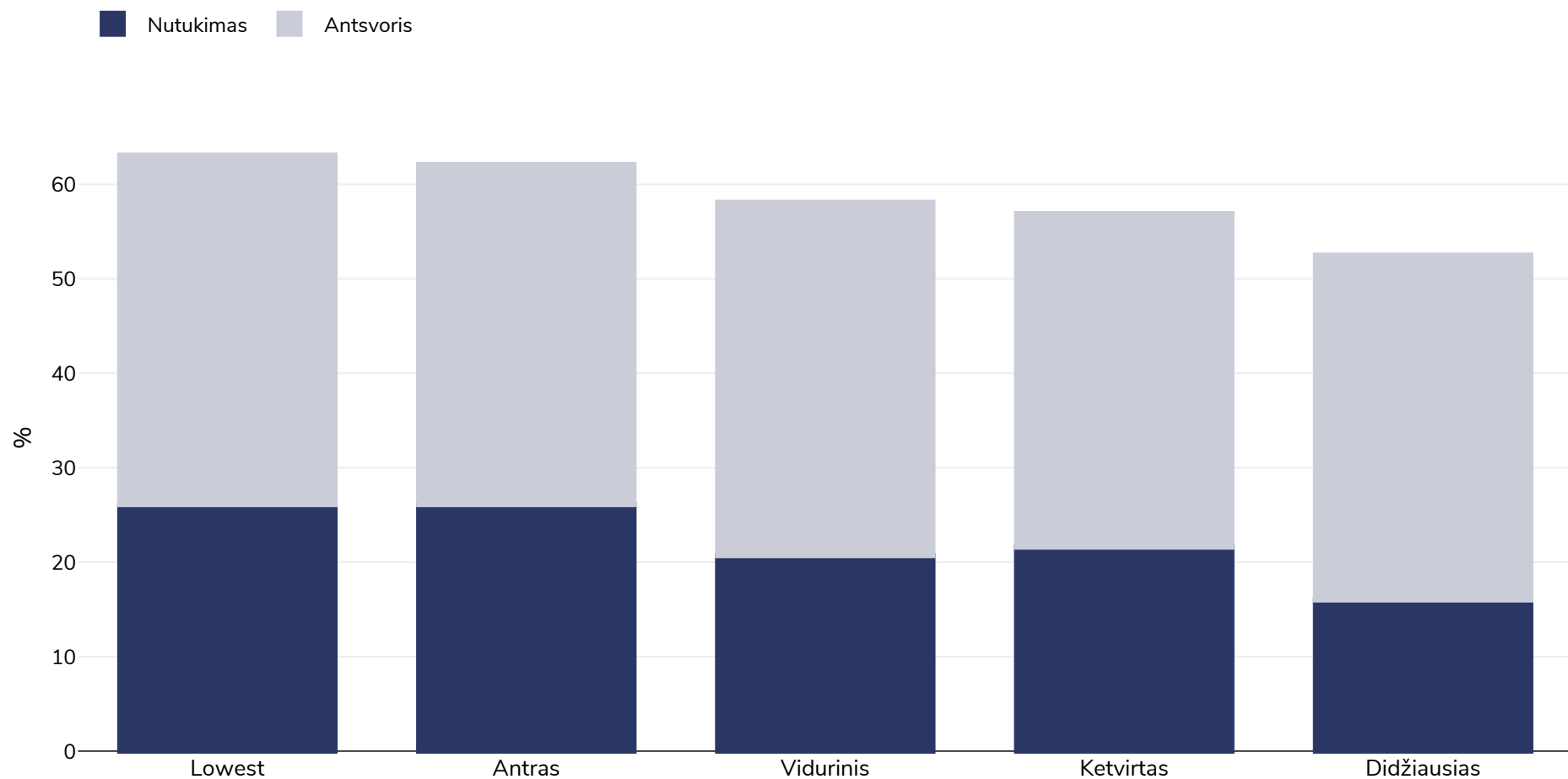


Baltarusija: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Vyrai, 2001



Tyrimo tipas: Deklaravo patys

Amžius: 18+

Imties dydis: 2000

Teritorija: Nacionalinis

Nuorodos: Suhrcke M, Walters S, Mazzuco S, Pomerleau J, McKee M and Haerpfer CW. Socioeconomic differences in health, health behaviour and access to health care in Armenia, Belarus, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, the Republic of Moldova, the Russian Federation and Ukraine. World Health Organisation 2008. http://www.un.am/up/library/Socio%20Economic%20Differences_eng.pdf (last accessed 19 April 2016)

Pastabos (tik anglų k.): Prevalence of overweight and obesity by asset quintiles. Socioeconomic quintiles are defined on the basis of assets and household characteristics, rather than income or consumption.

Jei nenurodyta kitaip, antsvoris reiškia KMI nuo 25 kg iki 29,9 kg/m², nutukimas – didesnis nei 30 kg/m² KMI..