

# Južna Afrika: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group



Odrasle osobe, 2007-2010

Pretilost

80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

1.5

2

2.5

3

3.5

4

4.5

%



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

50+

Veličina uzorka:

3836

Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

Reference:

Wu F, Guo Y, Chatterji S, et al. Common risk factors for chronic non-communicable diseases among older adults in China, Ghana, Mexico, India, Russia and South Africa: the study on global AGEing and adult health (SAGE) wave 1. BMC Public Health. 2015;15:88. doi:10.1186/s12889-015-1407-0.

Bilješke:

Prevalence of obesity for adults aged 50+ by income level. Lowest (Quintile 1) is the quintile with the poorest households and Highest (Quintile 5) the quintile with the richest households.

Ako nije drugčije naznačeno, prekomjerna tjelesna težina odnosi se na BMI između 25 kg i 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, a pretilost se odnosi na BMI veći od 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.