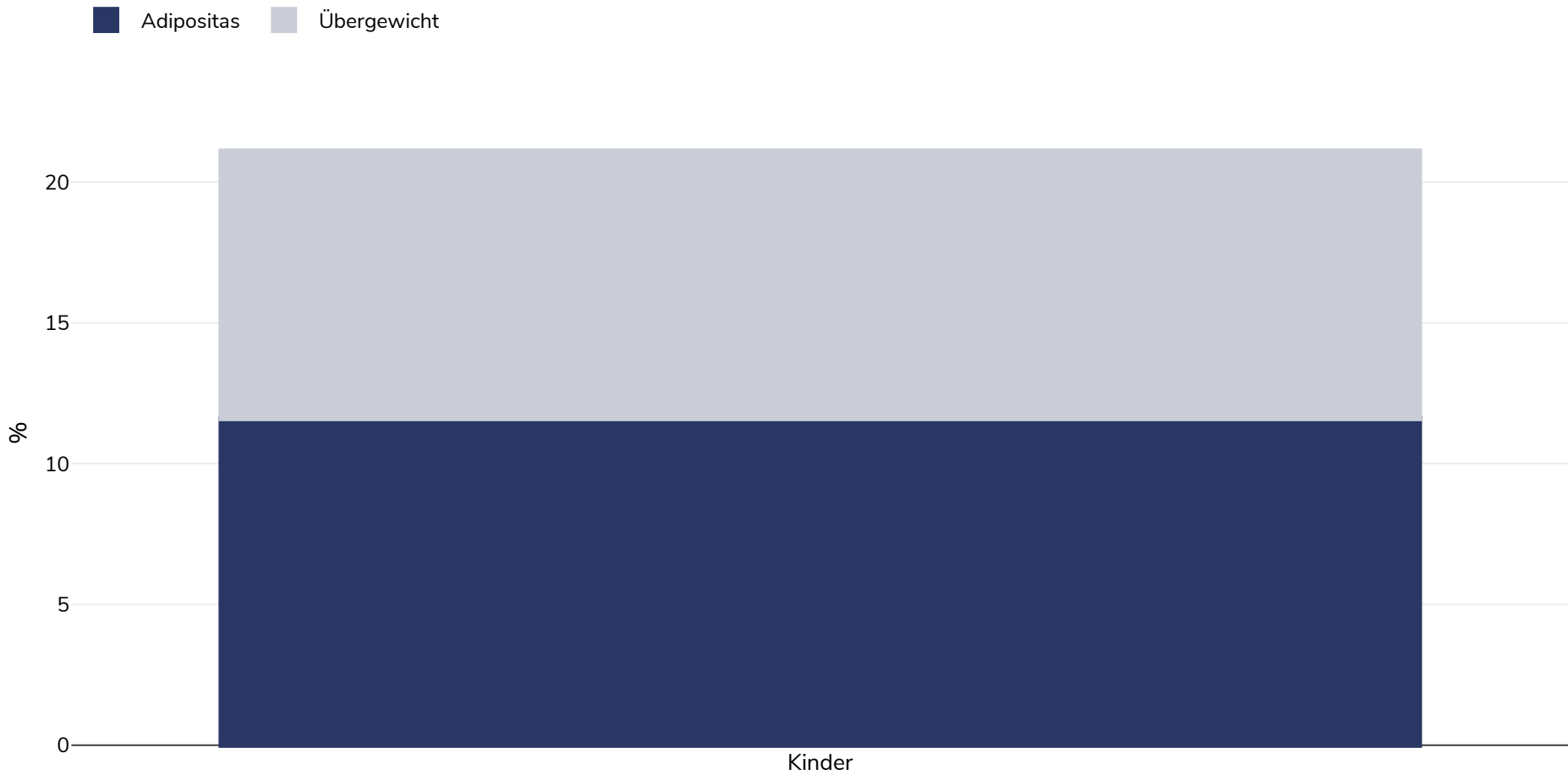


# Südkorea: Adipositasprävalenz

Kinder, 2016-2017



<b>Umfragetyp:</b>	Gemessen
<b>Alter:</b>	10-18
<b>Stichprobengröße:</b>	1256
<b>Geltungsbereich:</b>	National
<b>Referenzen:</b>	Lee JH. Prevalence of hyperuricemia and its association with metabolic syndrome and cardiometabolic risk factors in Korean children and adolescents: analysis based on the 2016-2017 Korea National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey. Korean J Pediatr. 2019;62(8):317-323. doi:10.3345/kjp.2019.00444
<b>Definitionen (nur in englischer Sprache verfügbar):</b>	BMI status was defined by sex- and age-specific percentiles: normal (BMI<85th percentile), overweight (85th percentile≤BMI<95th percentile), and obesity (BMI≥95th percentile). Height, weight, and BMI were converted to z scores by using the 2017 Korean National Growth Charts.
<b>Cutoffs:</b>	Other