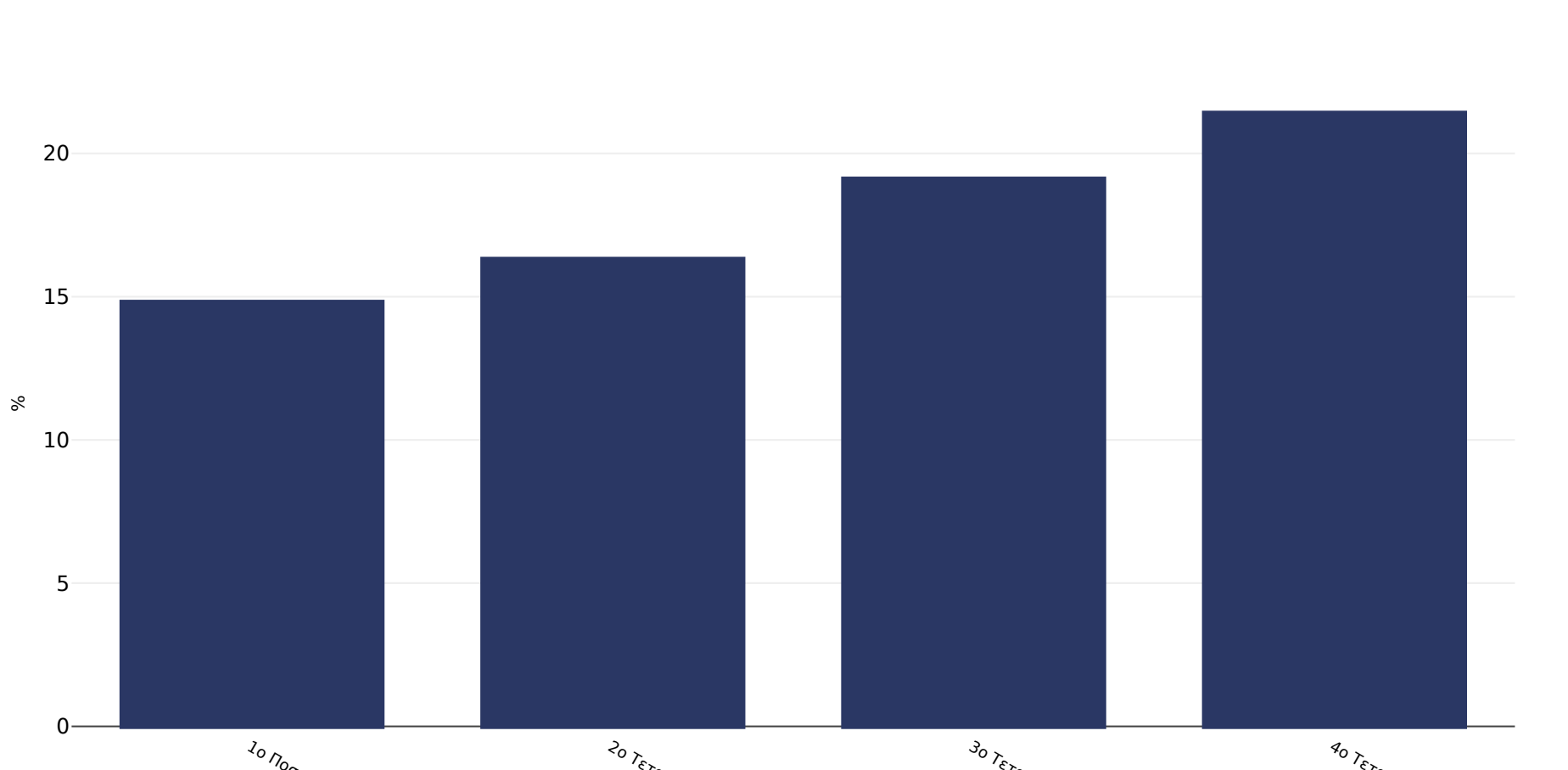


Κίνα: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Παιδιά, 2014

■ Υπερβολικό βάρος ή παχυσαρκία



Τύπος έρευνας: Από μέτρηση

Ηλικία: 5-12

Μέγεθος δείγματος: 9917

Γεωγραφική κάλυψη: Regional - Guangzhou (urban setting)

Παραπομπές: Liu W, Liu W, Lin R, et al. Socioeconomic determinants of childhood obesity among primary school children in Guangzhou, China. BMC Public Health. 2016;16:482. doi:10.1186/s12889-016-3171-1.

Σημειώσεις: BMI standard deviation scores (BMI z-score) were derived using the age (calculated by subtracting the date of birth from the date of examination) and sex specific WHO growth reference for school-aged children, which were further classified as non-overweight ($\leq 1SD$), overweight ($>1SD$) and obese ($>2SD$). Overweight and obesity prevalence by Father's education. Education was categorised into low (primary and junior high school level), medium (senior high and vocational school level) or high (university level or higher).

Cutoffs: WHO