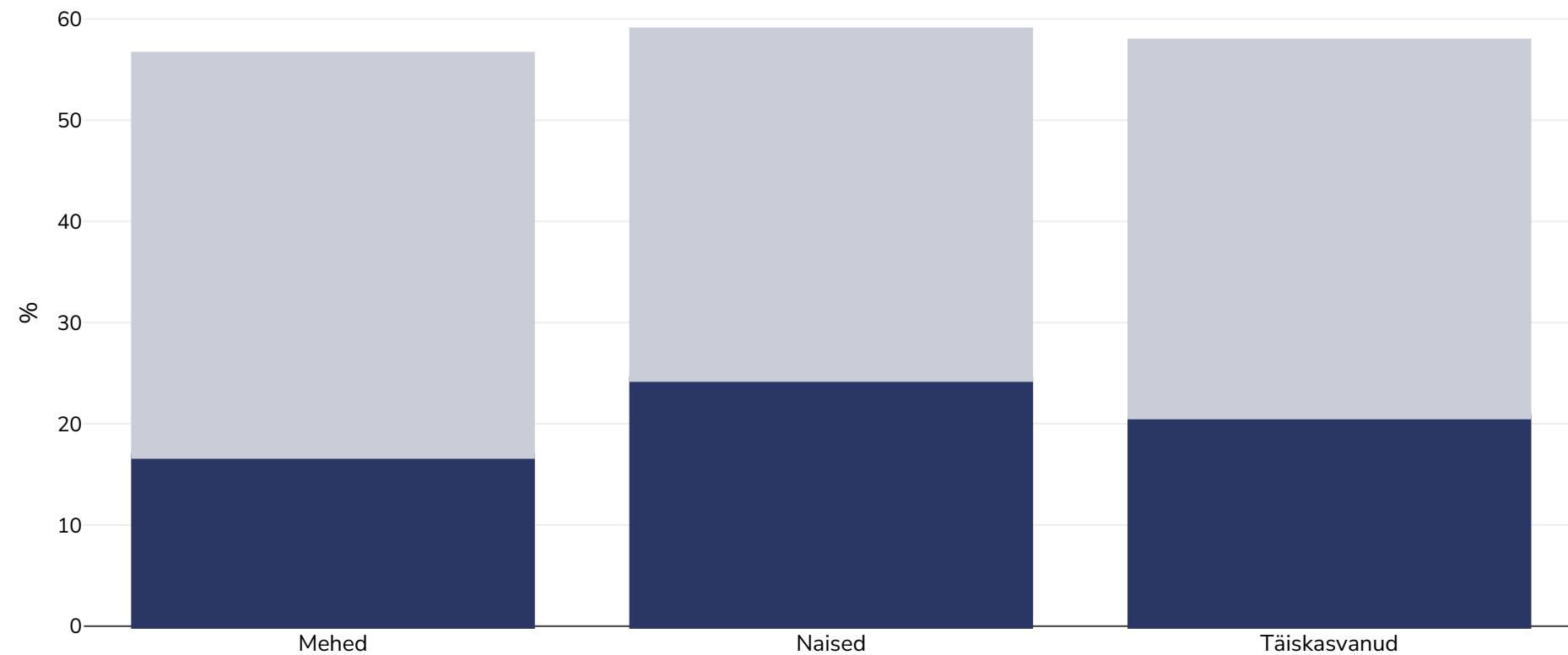


# Brasiilia: Rasvumise levimus

Täiskasvanud, 2013-2014

Rasvumine      Ülekaaluline



Uuringu tüüp:		Mõõdetud
Vanus:		18+
Valimi suurus:		59402
Hõlmatud piirkond:		Riiklik
Viited:	FERREIRA, Arthur Pate de Souza; SZWARCWALD, Célia Landmann and DAMACENA, Giseli Nogueira. Prevalence of obesity and associated factors in the Brazilian population: a study of data from the 2013 National Health Survey. Rev. bras. epidemiol. [online]. 2019, vol.22 [cited 2019-05-16], e190024. Available from: <a href="http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&amp;pid=S1415-790X2019000100420&amp;lng=en&amp;nrm=iso">http://www.scielo.br/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&amp;pid=S1415-790X2019000100420&amp;lng=en&amp;nrm=iso</a> . Epub Apr 01, 2019. ISSN 1415-790X. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/1980-549720190024">http://dx.doi.org/10.1590/1980-549720190024</a> .	
Märkused:	NB. Combined adult data estimated. These estimates were calculated by weighting male and female survey results. Weighting based on World Bank Population % total female 2019 ( <a href="https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS">https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS</a> - accessed 30.09.20)	

Kui ei ole märgitud teisiti, tähendab ülekaal KMI vahemikku 25 kg ja 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, rasvumine KMI-t üle 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.