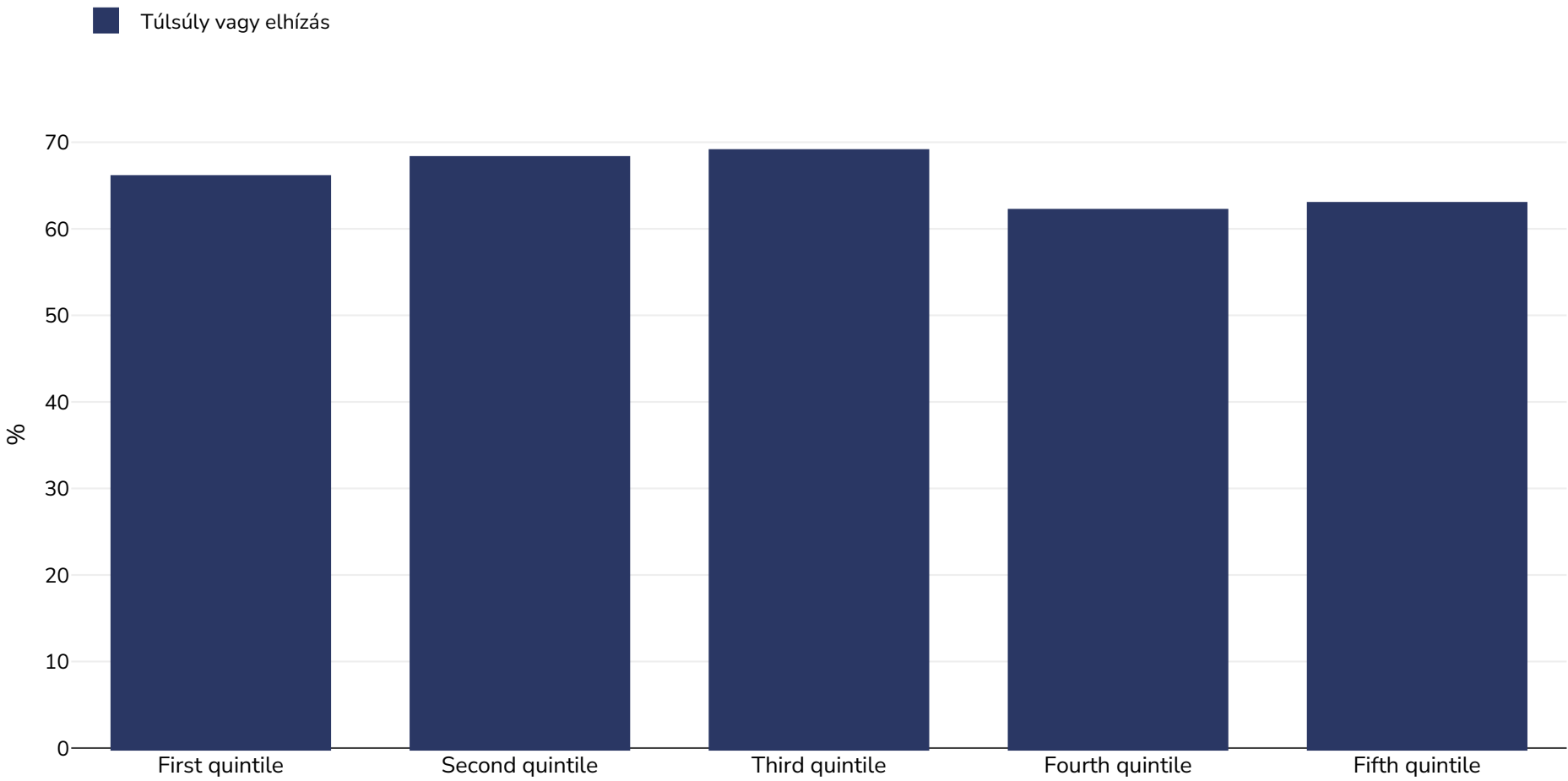


# Ausztrália: Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group



Felnőttek, 2022-2023



Felmérés típusa:	Mért
Életkor:	18+
Minta nagysága:	~12846
Érintett terület:	Országos
Referenciák:	Australian National Health Survey 2022-2023. <a href="https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/waist-circumference-and-bmi/2022#body-mass-index-bmi-">https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/waist-circumference-and-bmi/2022#body-mass-index-bmi-</a> (Accessed 03.01.2024)
Jegyzetek:	Provision of height, weight and waist measurements were voluntary. Self-reported health status, height, and weight was collected for all participants. In 2022, 41.8% of adult respondents did not have their height and/or weight measured. For these people, height and weight were imputed using a range of information including their self-reported height and weight
Definíciók (csak angol nyelven érhetők el):	A lower Index of Disadvantage quintile (e.g. the first quintile) indicates relatively greater disadvantage and a lack of advantage in general. A higher Index of Disadvantage (e.g. the fifth quintile) indicates a relative lack of disadvantage and greater advantage in general.
Hacsak másként nem jelezzük, a túlsúly 25 kg és 29,9 kg/m² közötti BMI-re, az elhízás 30 kg/m²-nél nagyobb BMI-re utal..	