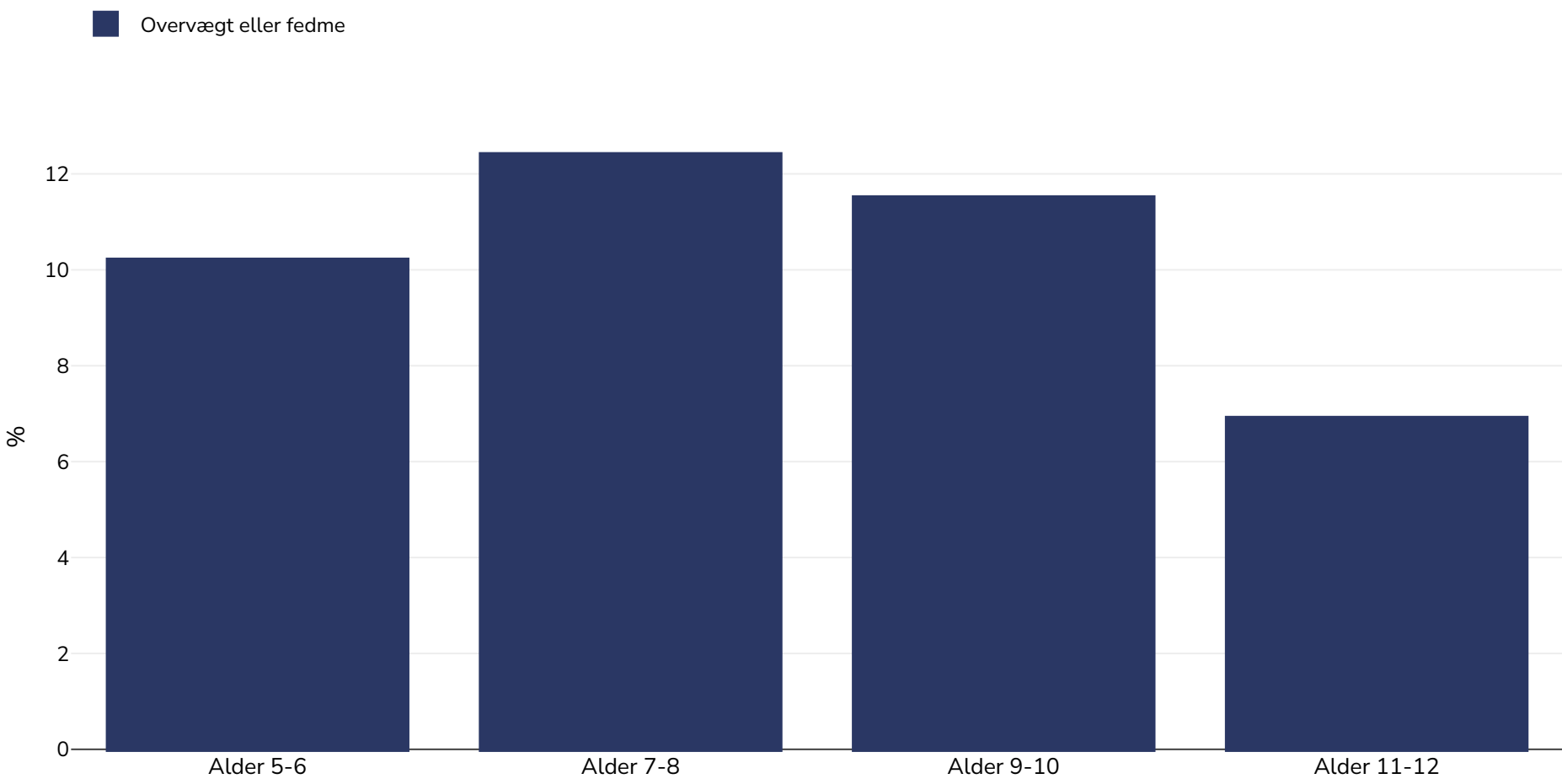


Colombia: Overvægt/fedme efter alder

Børn, 2006



Undersøgelsestype:	Målt
Prøvens størrelse:	3202
Area covered:	City of Bogotá
Referencer:	McDonald CM, Baylin A, Arsenault JE, Mora-Plazas M, Villamor E. Overweight Is More Prevalent Than Stunting and Is Associated with Socioeconomic Status, Maternal Obesity, and a Snacking Dietary Pattern in School Children from Bogotá, Colombia. <i>The Journal of Nutrition</i> . 2009;139(2):370-376. doi:10.3945/jn.108.098111.
Noter (kun tilgængelige på engelsk):	The study population is representative of low- and middle-income families from Bogotá, considering that the public school system enrolled 57% of all primary school children in the city by the end of 2005 and 89% of them were from low- and middle-income families. Child overweight or obesity was defined according to BMI cut-off points for sex and age corresponding to ≥ 25 in adults, following the International Obesity Task Force (IOTF) recommendations
Cutoffs:	Other