



# Thajsko



## Country report card - adults

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for adults. Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

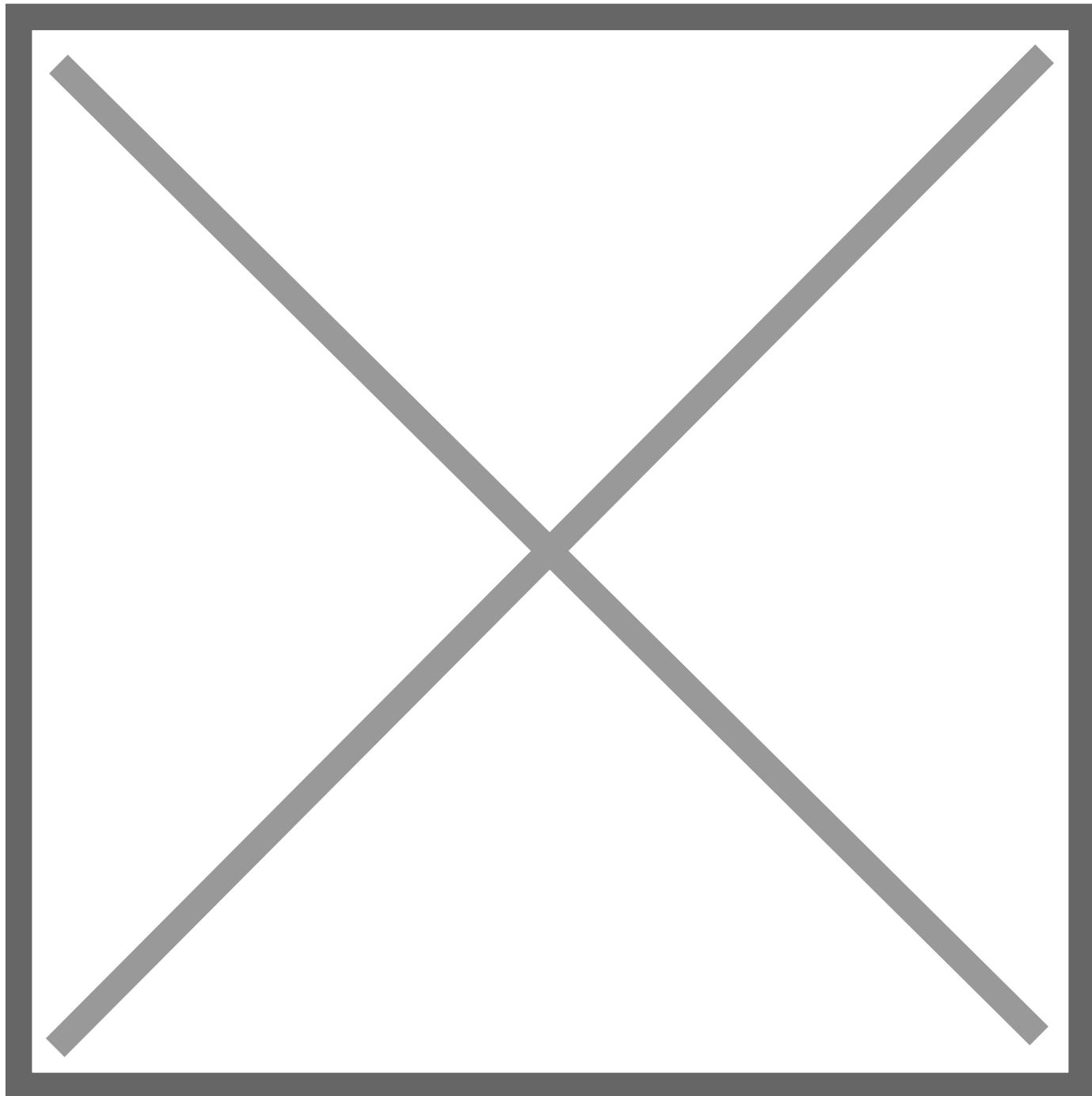
View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/country/thailand-214/>

Riziko nÃ¡rodnÃ© obezity \***8/10**This is a composite â€œ obesity riskâ€œ score (out of 10, the highest risk) based on obesity prevalence, rate of increase, likelihood of meeting the 2025 target, treatment indicator and childhood stunting levels.Riziko dÃ©tskÃ© obezity \***7/11**This is a â€œ risk scoreâ€œ for each countryâ€™s likelihood of having or acquiring a major childhood obesity problem during the 2020s, taking account of current prevalence levels and risk for future obesity (based on stunting among infants, maternal obesity, maternal smoking, and breastfeeding rates).

\* Na zÃ¡kladÃ© odhadovanÃ½ch dat. DalÃ¡ informace najdete vÂ sekci Publikace

## Prevalence obezity

Dospělí ČA, 2019-2020



**Typ  
prážkumu:**

Naměřené

**Věk:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

22,459

**PokrytĂ; oblast:**

NĂ;rodnĂ;

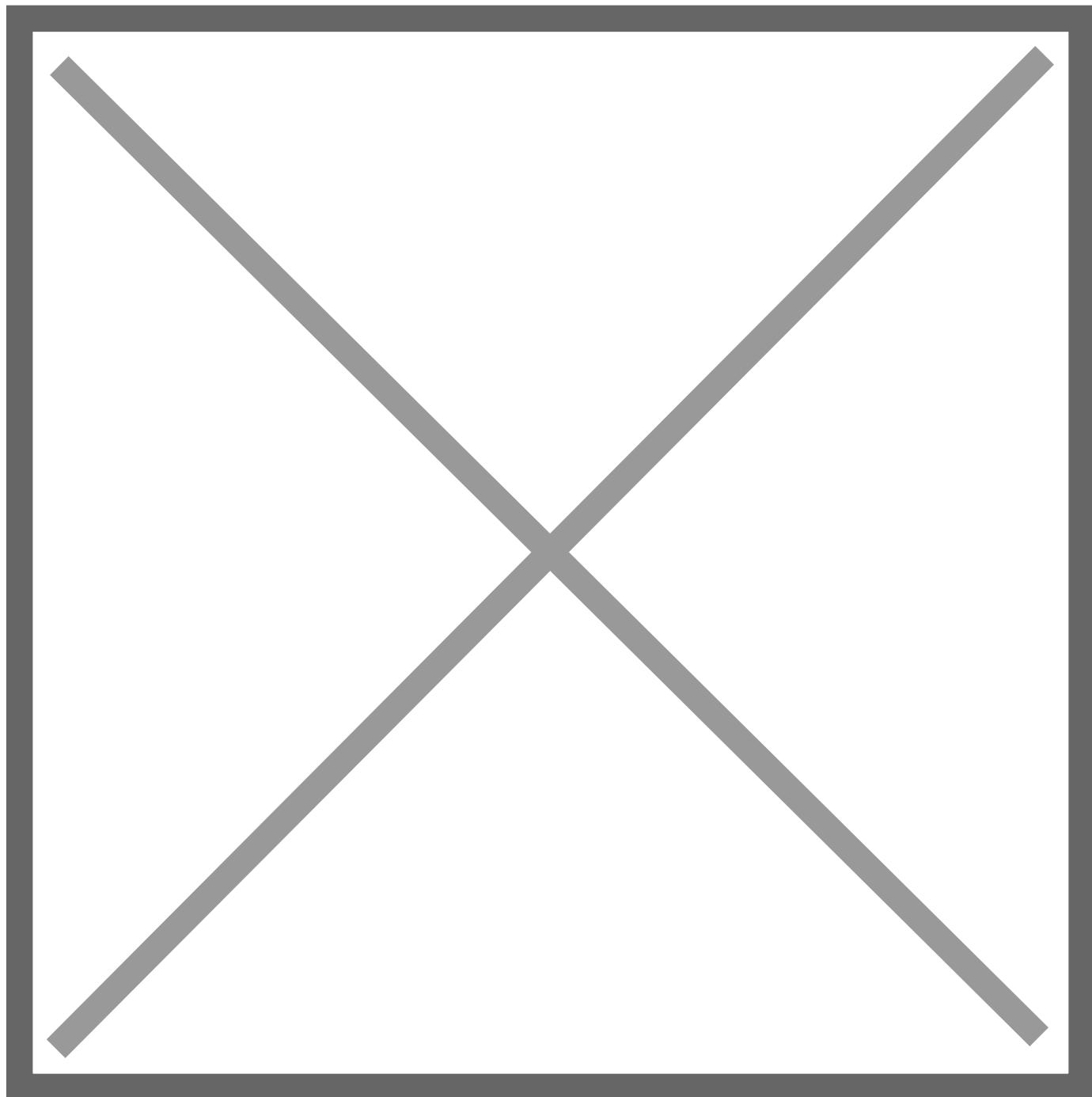
**Reference:** Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.**Poznámky:** 9,390 men, 13,069 women. NB. Combined adult data estimated. These estimates were calculated by weighting male and female survey results. Weighting based on World Bank Population % total female in Thailand 2020 (<https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS?end=2020&locations=TH> - accessed 11.07.25)**Definice (kĂ dispozici pouze vĂ angliĂ) :**

WHO standard cutoffs shown to allow comparison with non-Asian countries

*Pokud nenĂ uvedeno jinak, nadvĂ;ha znamenĂ; BMI mezi 25 ā 29,9 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamenĂ; BMI vyĂ; ā neĀ; 30 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>.*

## % Adults living with obesity in Thailand 1997-2019

**Men and women**

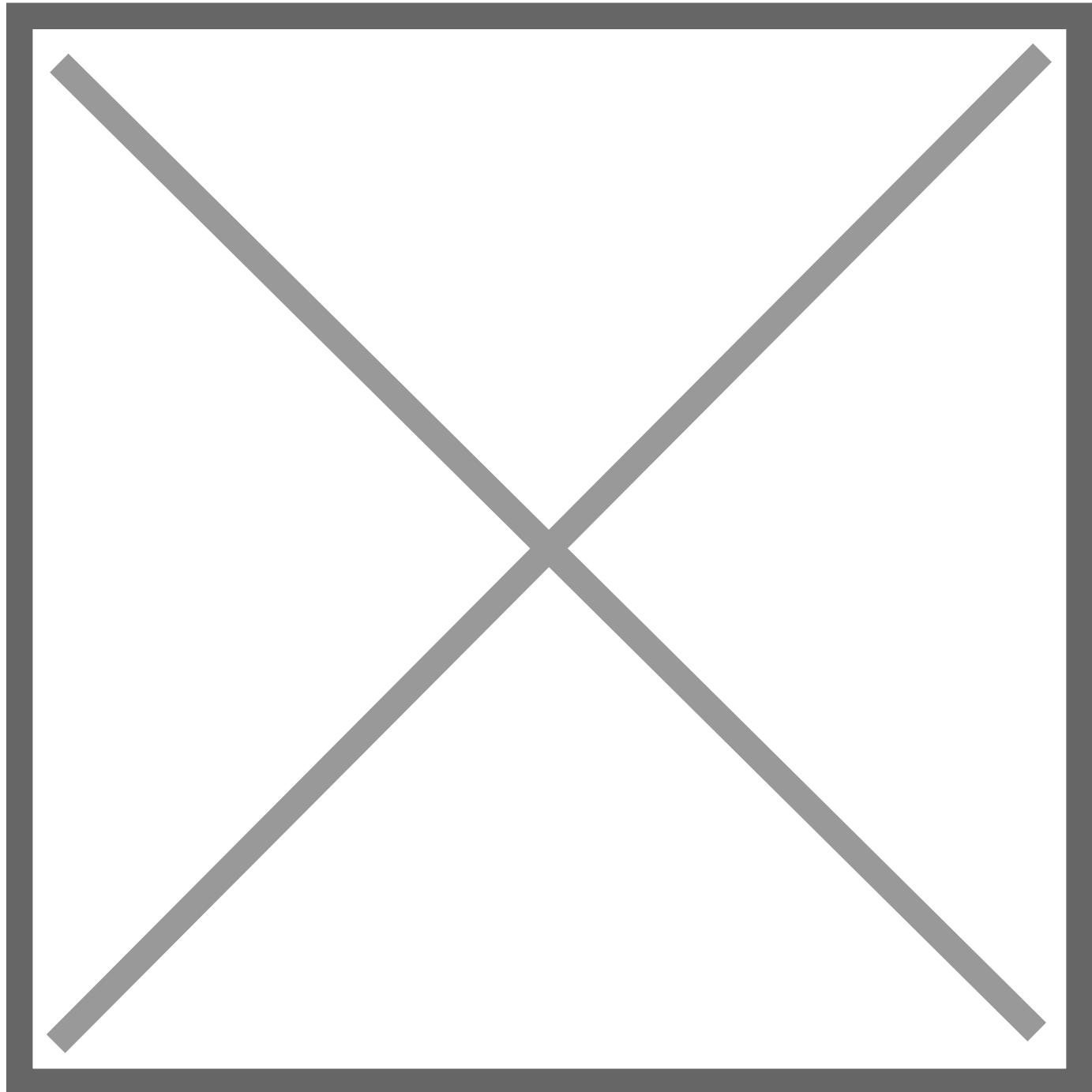


- Reference:**
- 1997: Aekplakorn W, Chaiyapong Y, Neal B, Chariyalertsak W, Kunanusont C, Phoolcharoen W, Suriyawongpaisal P. Prevalence and Determinants of Overweight and Obesity in Thai Adults: Results of the Second National Health Examination Survey. *J Med Assoc Thai* 2004;87(6):685-93
- 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
- 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. *Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
- 2009: Wichai Aekplakorn, Rungkarn Inthawong, Pattapong Kessomboon, et al., "Prevalence and Trends of Obesity and Association with Socioeconomic Status in Thai Adults: National Health Examination Surveys, 1991-2009," *Journal of Obesity*, vol. 2014, Article ID 410259, 8 pages, 2014. doi:10.1155/2014/410259
- 2013: Report of the 5th National Health Examination Survey 2014. Office of Policy and Strategy, Ministry of Public Health, Health Promotion Fund, Health Systems Research Institute (HSRI).
- <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2014&l=sreport5> (Accessed 11.07.25)
- 2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená; BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená; BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Ke shromáždění ování týká chto údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů všechny srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz příslušné zdroje údajů.*

## Å¹eny



Typ  
prÅ¾zkumu:

NamÄº Åº enÄ©

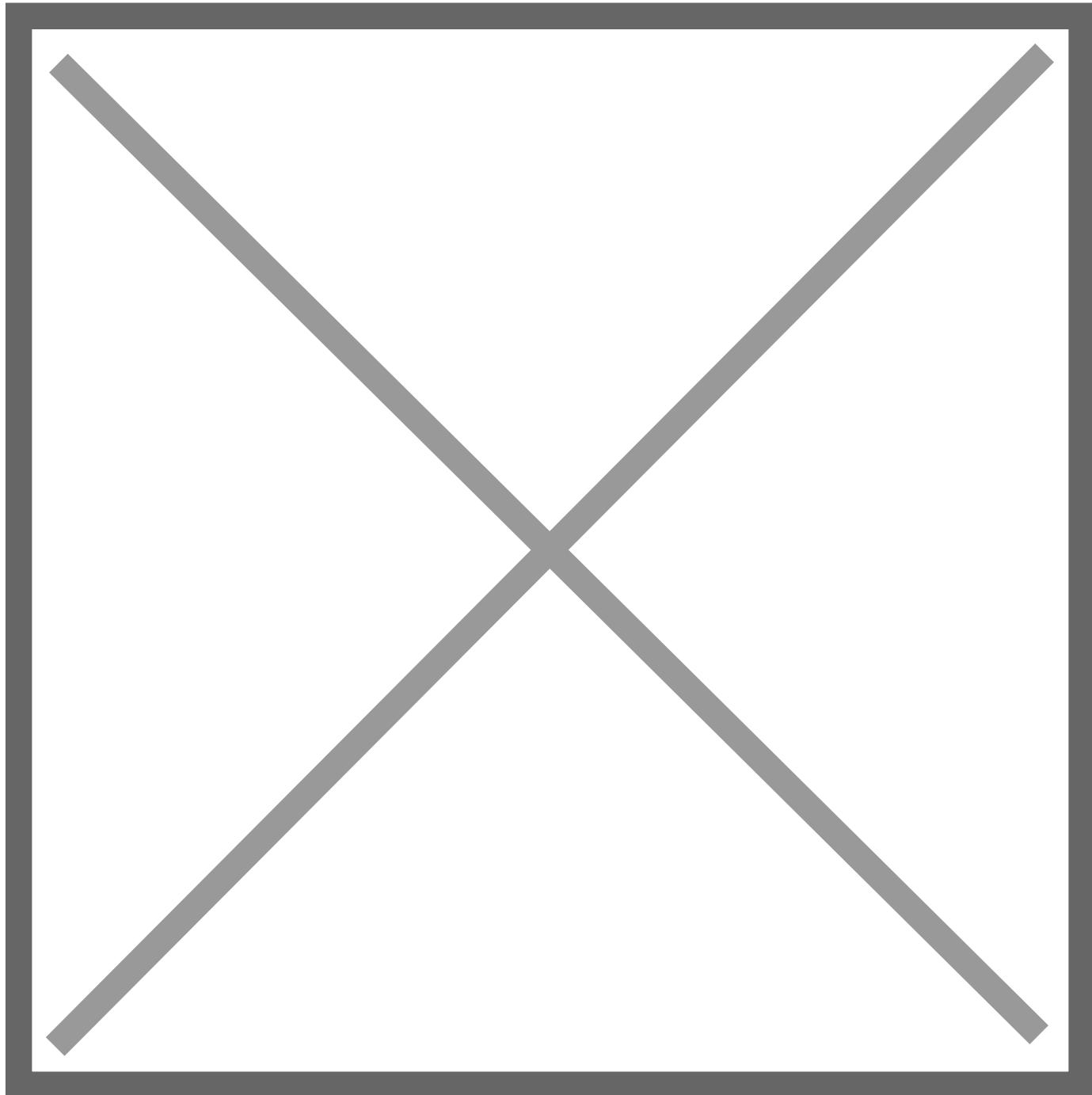
- Reference:**
- 1997: Aekplakorn W, Chaiyapong Y, Neal B, Chariyalertsak W, Kunanusont C, Phoolcharoen W, Suriyawongpaisal P. Prevalence and Determinants of Overweight and Obesity in Thai Adults: Results of the Second National Health Examination Survey. *J Med Assoc Thai* 2004;87(6):685-93
  - 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
  - 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. *Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
  - 2009: Wichai Aekplakorn, Rungkarn Inthawong, Pattapong Kessomboon, et al., "Prevalence and Trends of Obesity and Association with Socioeconomic Status in Thai Adults: National Health Examination Surveys, 1991-2009," *Journal of Obesity*, vol. 2014, Article ID 410259, 8 pages, 2014. doi:10.1155/2014/410259
  - 2013: Report of the 5th National Health Examination Survey 2014. Office of Policy and Strategy, Ministry of Public Health, Health Promotion Fund, Health Systems Research Institute (HSRI).
  - 2019: <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2014&l=sreport5> (Accessed 11.07.25)

2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená; BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená; BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².*

*Ke shromáždění ování tedy chto údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů významné srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz příslušné zdroje údajů.*

Mu $\ddot{A}^{3/4}$ i



Typ  
prázkumu:

Naměřeno

- Reference:**
- 1997: Aekplakorn W, Chaiyapong Y, Neal B, Chariyalertsak W, Kunanusont C, Phoolcharoen W, Suriyawongpaisal P. Prevalence and Determinants of Overweight and Obesity in Thai Adults: Results of the Second National Health Examination Survey. *J Med Assoc Thai* 2004;87(6):685-93
  - 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
  - 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. *Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
  - 2009: Wichai Aekplakorn, Rungkarn Inthawong, Pattapong Kessomboon, et al., "Prevalence and Trends of Obesity and Association with Socioeconomic Status in Thai Adults: National Health Examination Surveys, 1991-2009," *Journal of Obesity*, vol. 2014, Article ID 410259, 8 pages, 2014. doi:10.1155/2014/410259
  - 2013: Report of the 5th National Health Examination Survey 2014. Office of Policy and Strategy, Ministry of Public Health, Health Promotion Fund, Health Systems Research Institute (HSRI).
  - 2019: <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2014&l=sreport5> (Accessed 11.07.25)

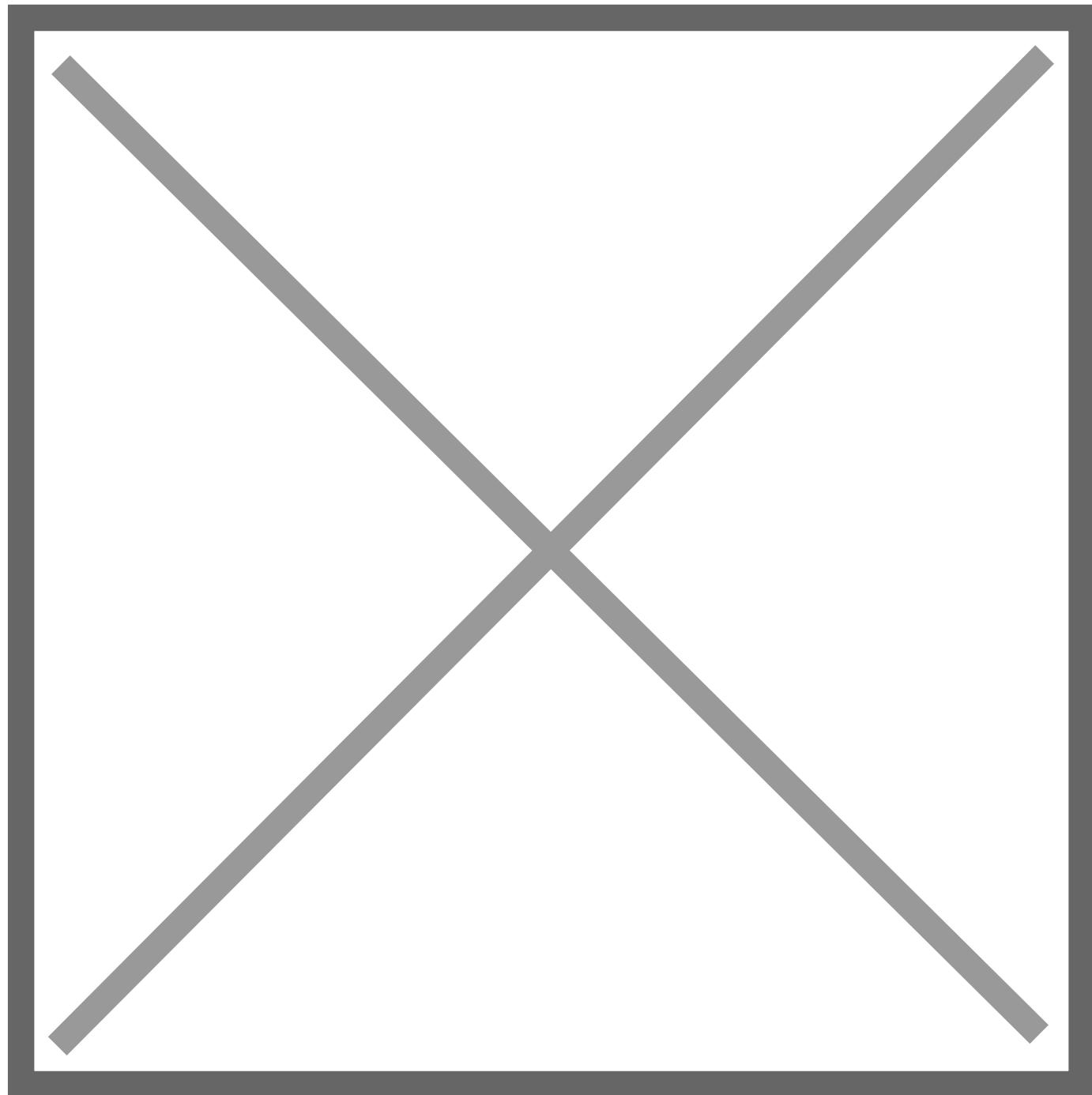
2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená; BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená; BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².*

*Ke shromáždění ování tedy chto údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů významné srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz příslušné zdroje údajů.*

## % Adults living with overweight or obesity in Thailand 2003-2019

**Men and women**

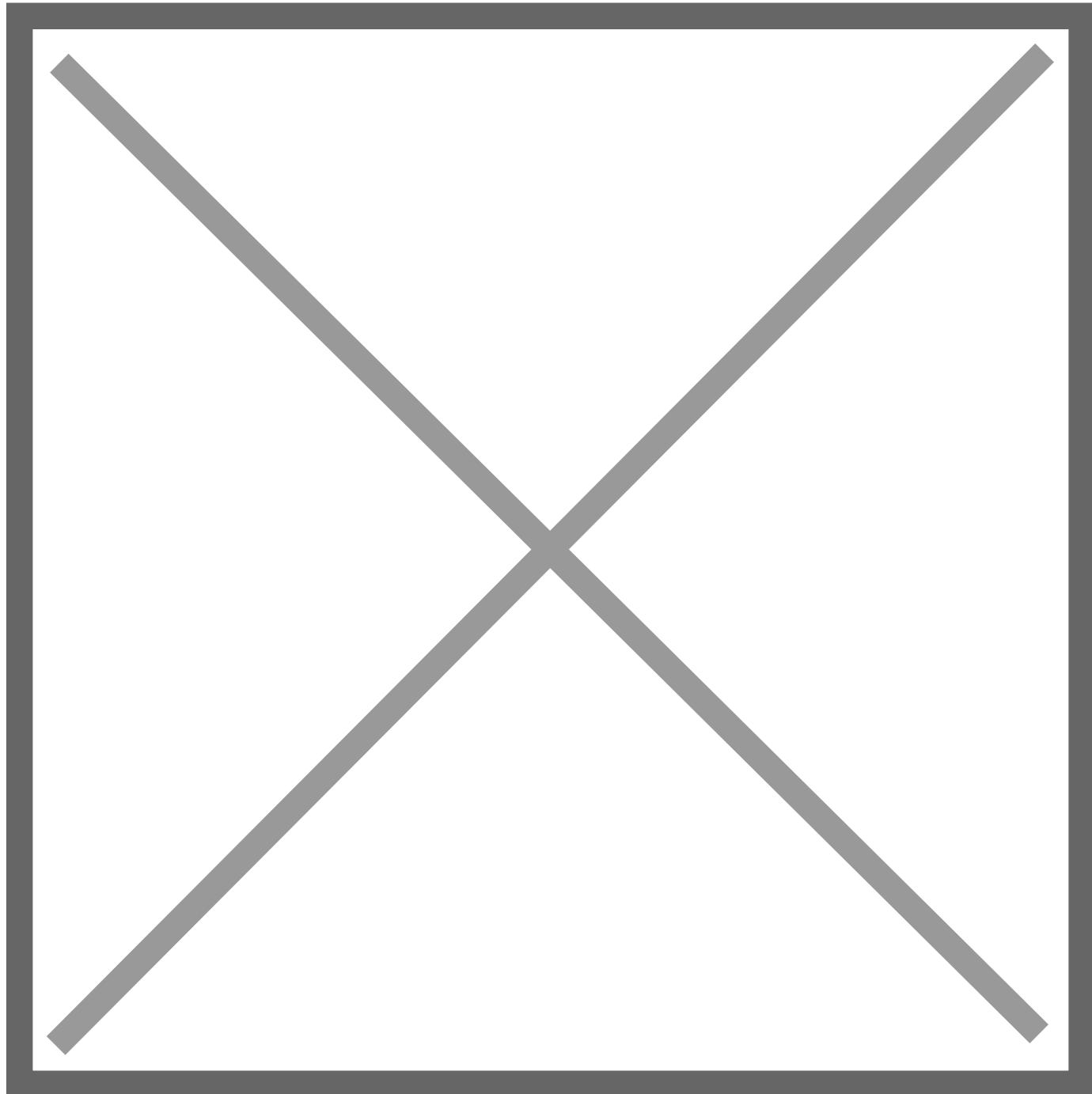


- Reference:**
- 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
  - 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. *Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
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  - 2013: Report of the 5th National Health Examination Survey 2014. Office of Policy and Strategy, Ministry of Public Health, Health Promotion Fund, Health Systems Research Institute (HSRI).
  - <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2014&l=sreport5> (Accessed 11.07.25)
  - 2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Ke shromáždění ování týká se, že údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů výhodně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz původní zdroje údajů.*

## Å¹eny



Typ  
prÄžkumu:

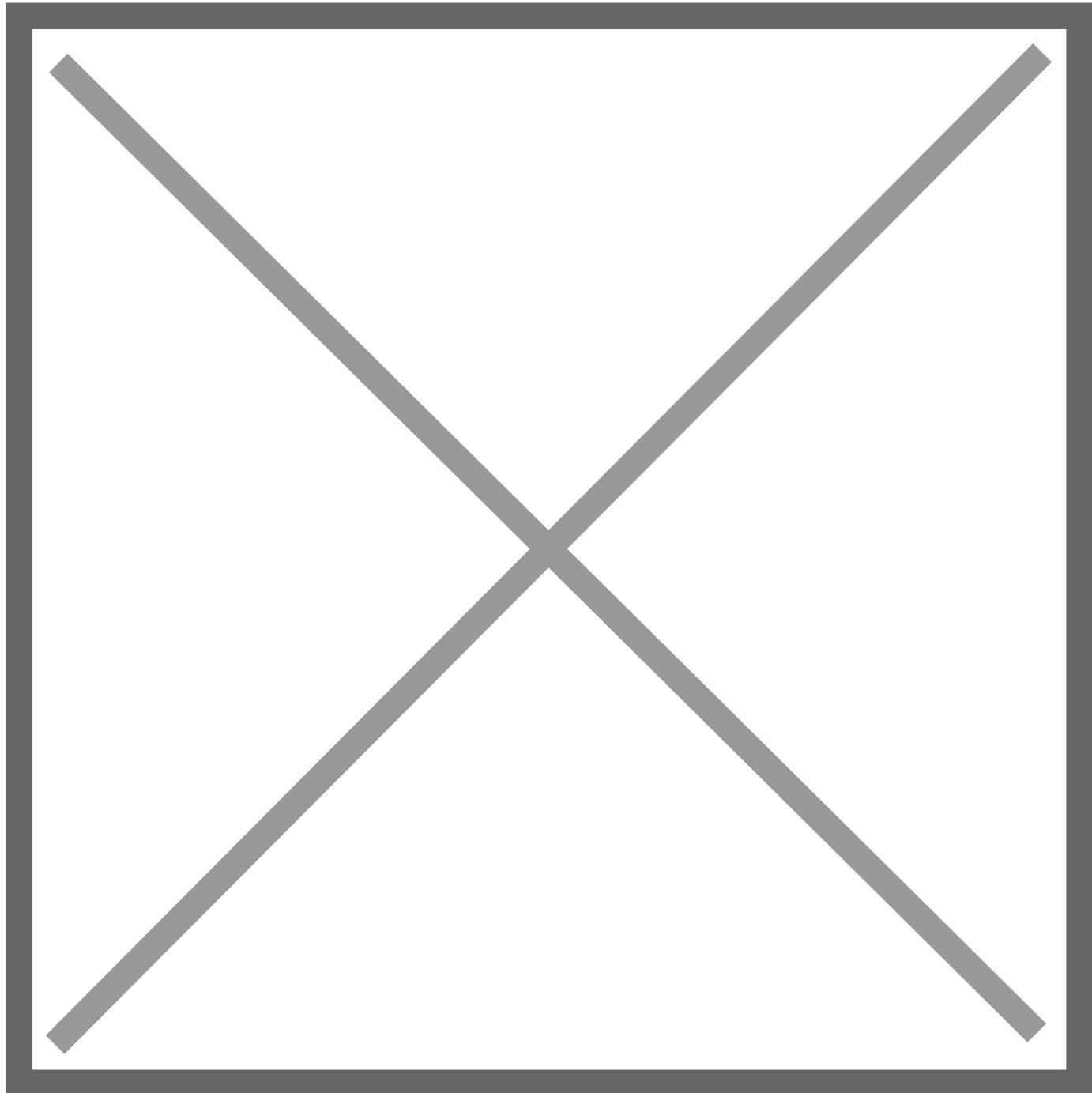
NamÄº Åº enÄ©

- Reference:**
- 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
  - 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. *Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
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  - <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2014&l=sreport5> (Accessed 11.07.25)
  - 2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Ke shromáždění ování týká se, že údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů výhodně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz původní zdroje údajů.*

**Mu $\Delta^{3/4}$ i**



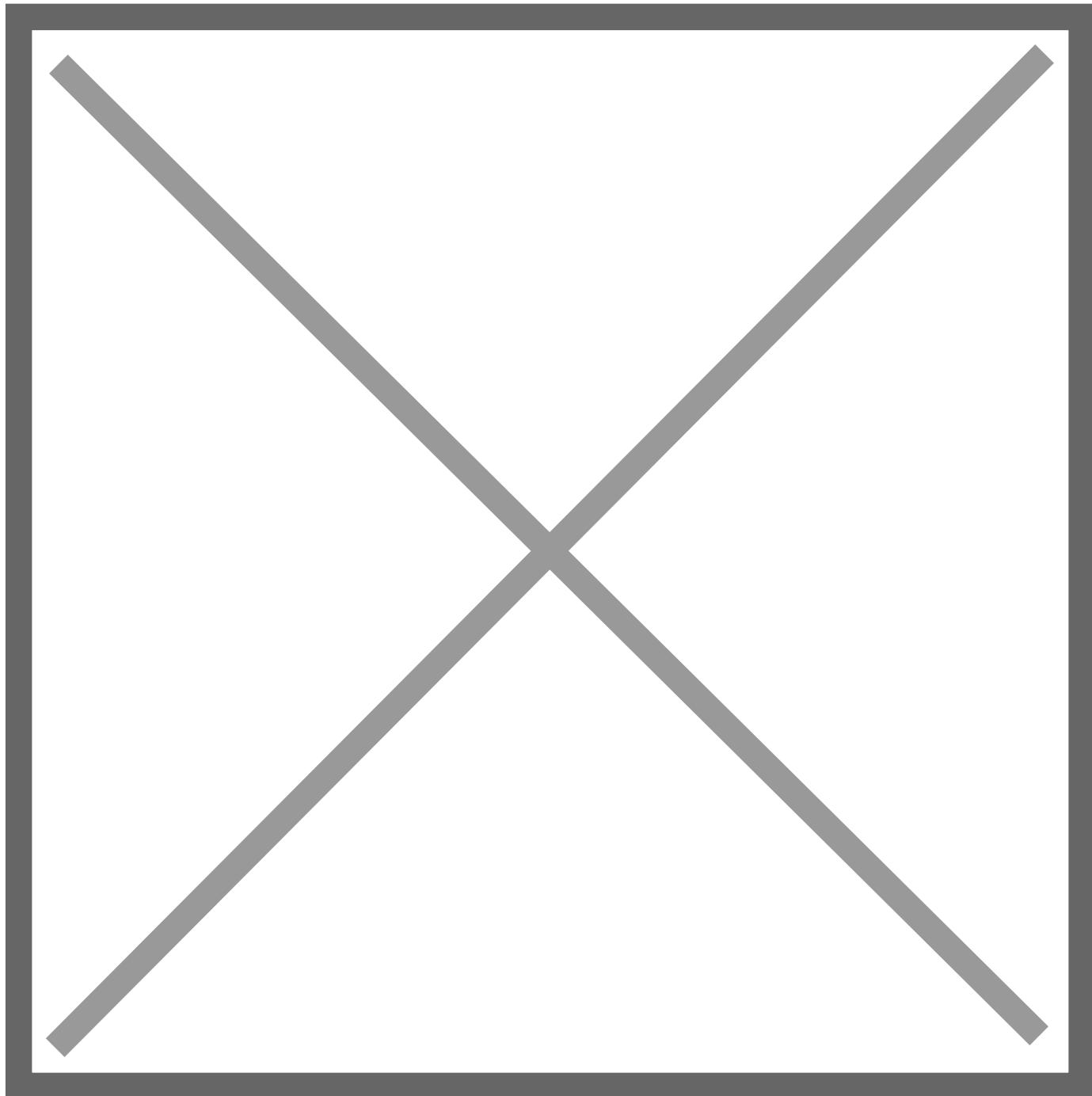
**Typ  
prázkumu:**

Naměřené

- Reference:**
- 2003: Jitnarin N, Kosulwat V, Rojroongwasinkul N et al. Prevalence of overweight and obesity in Thai population: Results of the National Thai Food Consumption Survey. 2011;16:e242-e249
  - 2004: Aekplakorn W and Mo-Suwan L. (2009). National prevalence of obesity. Prevalence of obesity in Thailand. *Obesity Reviews*, 10: 589 - 592.
  - 2009: Wichai Aekplakorn, Rungkarn Inthawong, Pattapong Kessomboon, et al., "Prevalence and Trends of Obesity and Association with Socioeconomic Status in Thai Adults: National Health Examination Surveys, 1991–2009," *Journal of Obesity*, vol. 2014, Article ID 410259, 8 pages, 2014. doi:10.1155/2014/410259
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  - 2019: Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020.

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Ke shromáždění ování týká se, že údaje mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů výhodně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz původní zdroje údajů.*

**Nadváha/obezita podle vzdálenosti****Dospělá populace, 2021****Typ  
průzkumu:**Samonahlášení<sup>1/2</sup>**Věk:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

207,191

**PokrytĂ; oblast:**

NĂ;rodnĂ;

**Reference:**

Polathea Vichitkunakorn, Warintorn Bunyanukul, Kanarit Apiwan, Detphop Tanasanchonnakul & Monsicha Sittisombut (2025) Prevalence of non-communicable disease risk factors and their association with economic status: findings from the 2021 health behaviour of population survey in Thailand, Global Health Action, 18:1, 2485689, DOI: 10.1080/16549716.2025.2485689 [Accessed 11.07.25]

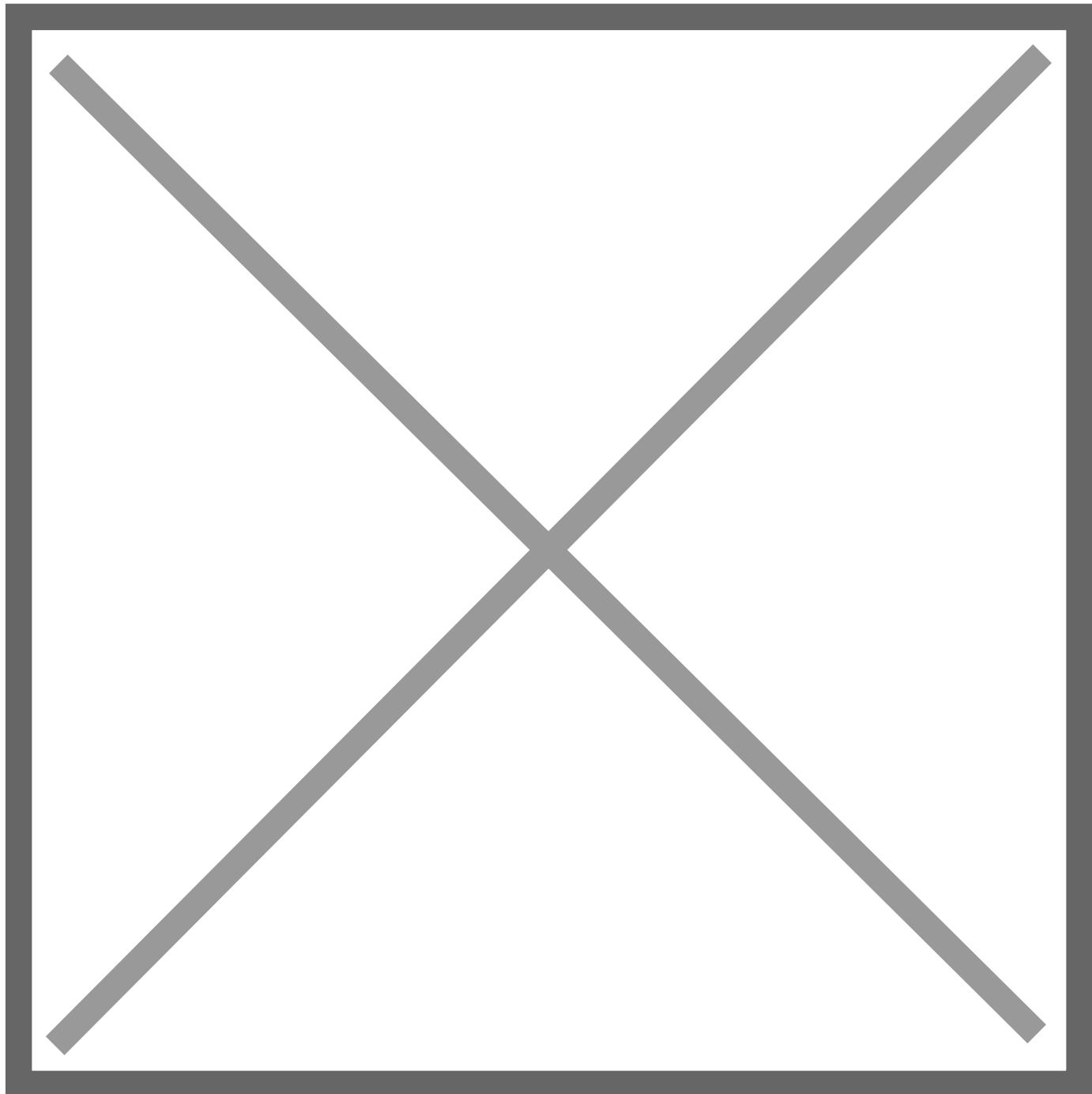
**Definice (kĂ; dispozici pouze vĂ; angliĂ; tinĂ; ):**

BMI  $\geq$  23 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

**Cutoffs:**

WHO Asia

*Pokud nenĂ; uvedeno jinak, nadvĂ;ha znamenĂ; BMI mezi 25 aĂ; 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamenĂ; BMI vyĂ;řiři neĂ;řiři 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

**Nadvážha/obezita podle věku****Dospělí ČA, 2019-2020****Typ  
průzkumu:**

Naměřené

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

22,459

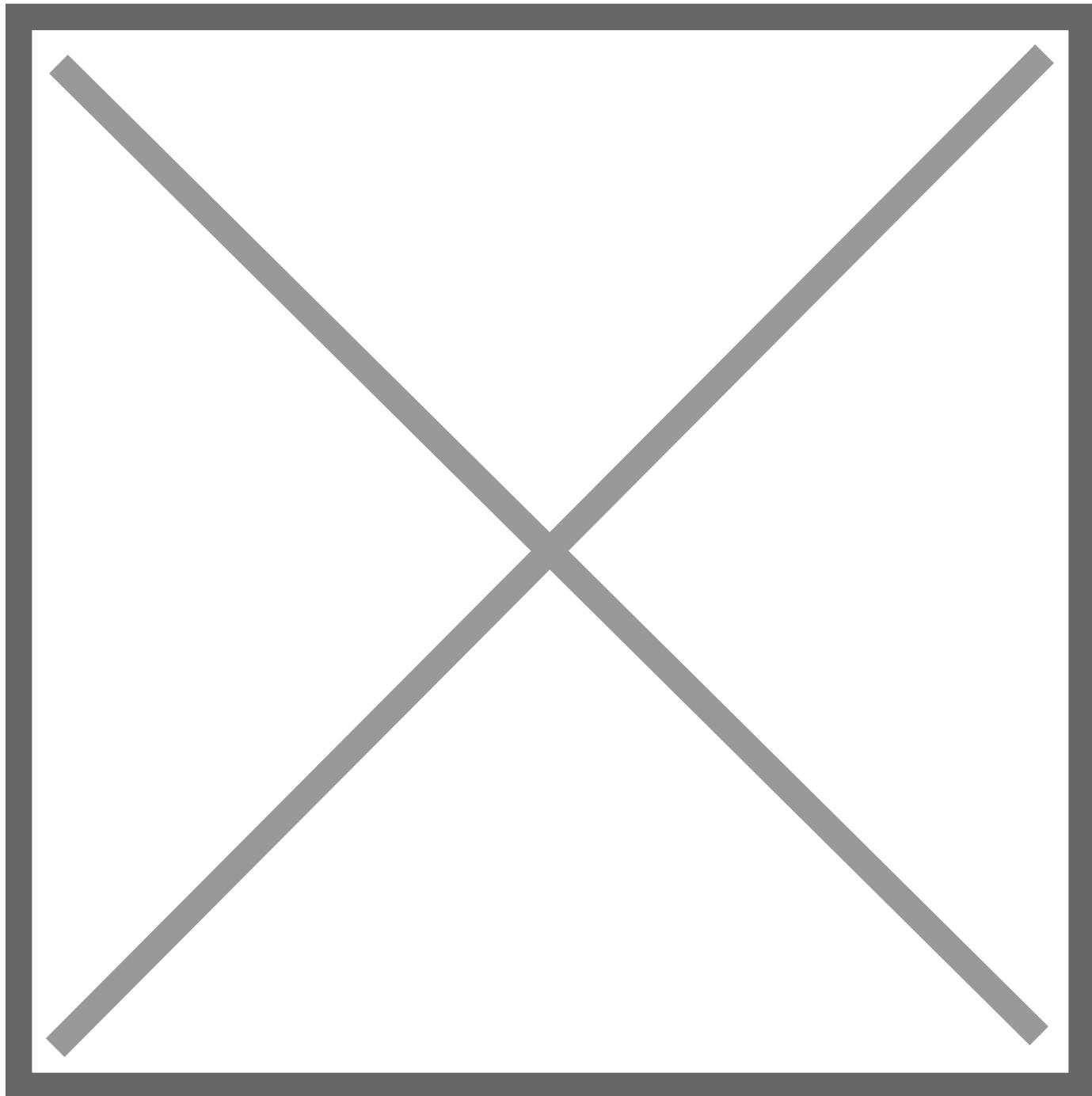
PokrytĂ; oblast:

NĂ;rodnĂ;

**Reference:** Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020. <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2019&l=sreport6> [Accessed 11.07.25]

**Poznámky:** WHO standard cutoffs shown to allow comparison with non-Asian countries, data using WHO Asia cutoffs also available

*Pokud nenĂ uvedeno jinak, nadvĂ;ha znamenĂ; BMI mezi 25 ā 29,9 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamenĂ; BMI vyĂ;říj ď neĂ¾ 30 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>.*

**Nadváha/obezita podle regionu****Dospělí ČA, 2019-2020****Typ  
prážkumu:**

Namáhožené©

**Váha:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

22,459

PokrytĂ; oblast:

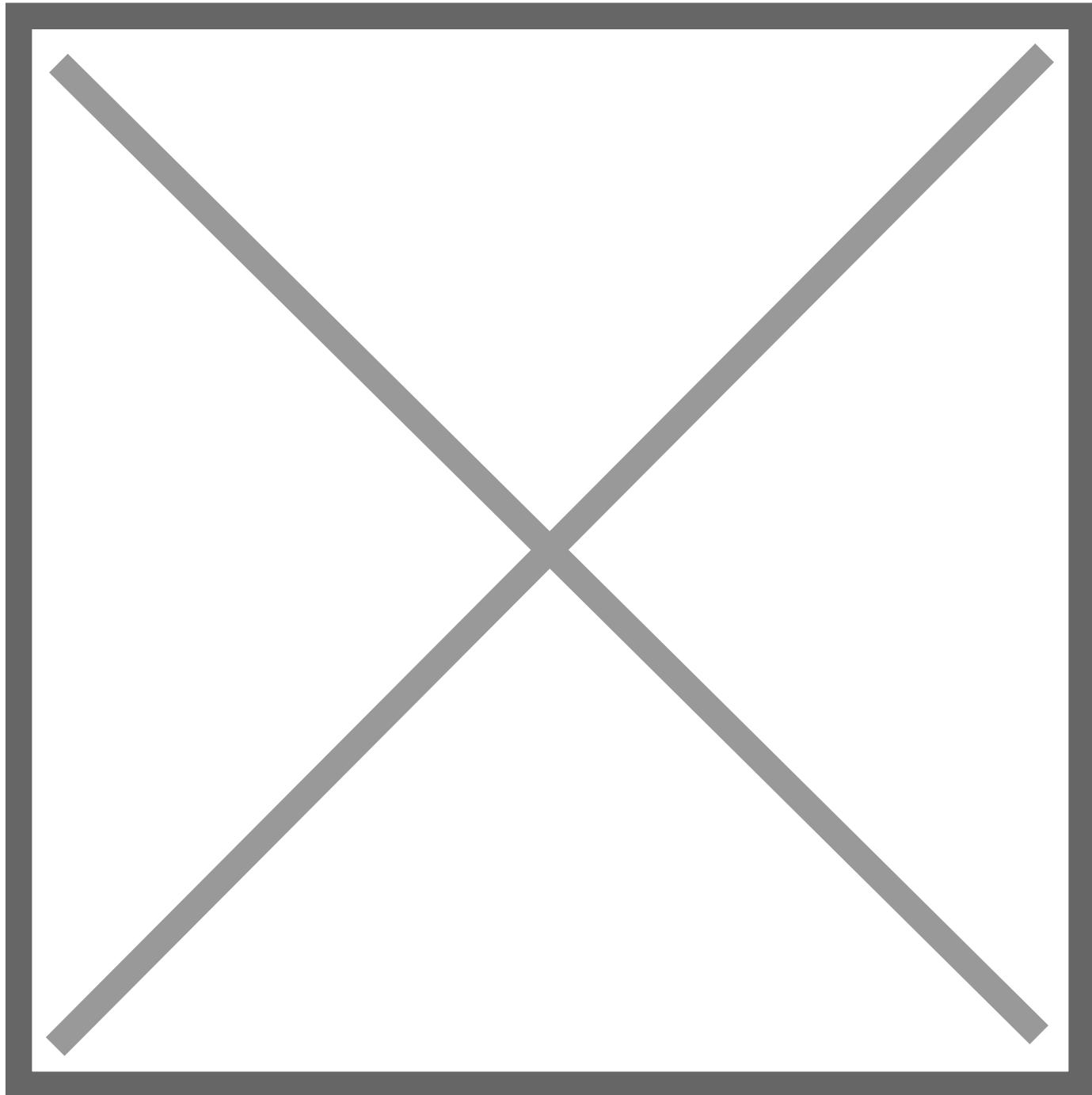
NĂ;rodnĂ;

**Reference:** Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020. <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2019&l=sreport6> [Accessed 11.07.25]

**Poznámky:** WHO standard cutoffs shown to allow comparison with non-Asian countries, data using WHO Asia cutoffs also available

*Pokud nenĂ uvedeno jinak, nadvĂ;ha znamenĂ; BMI mezi 25 ā 29,9 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamenĂ; BMI vyĂ;říj ď neĀ¾ 30 ā kg/mĂ<sup>2</sup>.*

## MuÅ¾i, 2019-2020



**Typ  
prÅ¾kumu:**

NamÄº ÄºenÄ©

**VÄº k:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

22,459

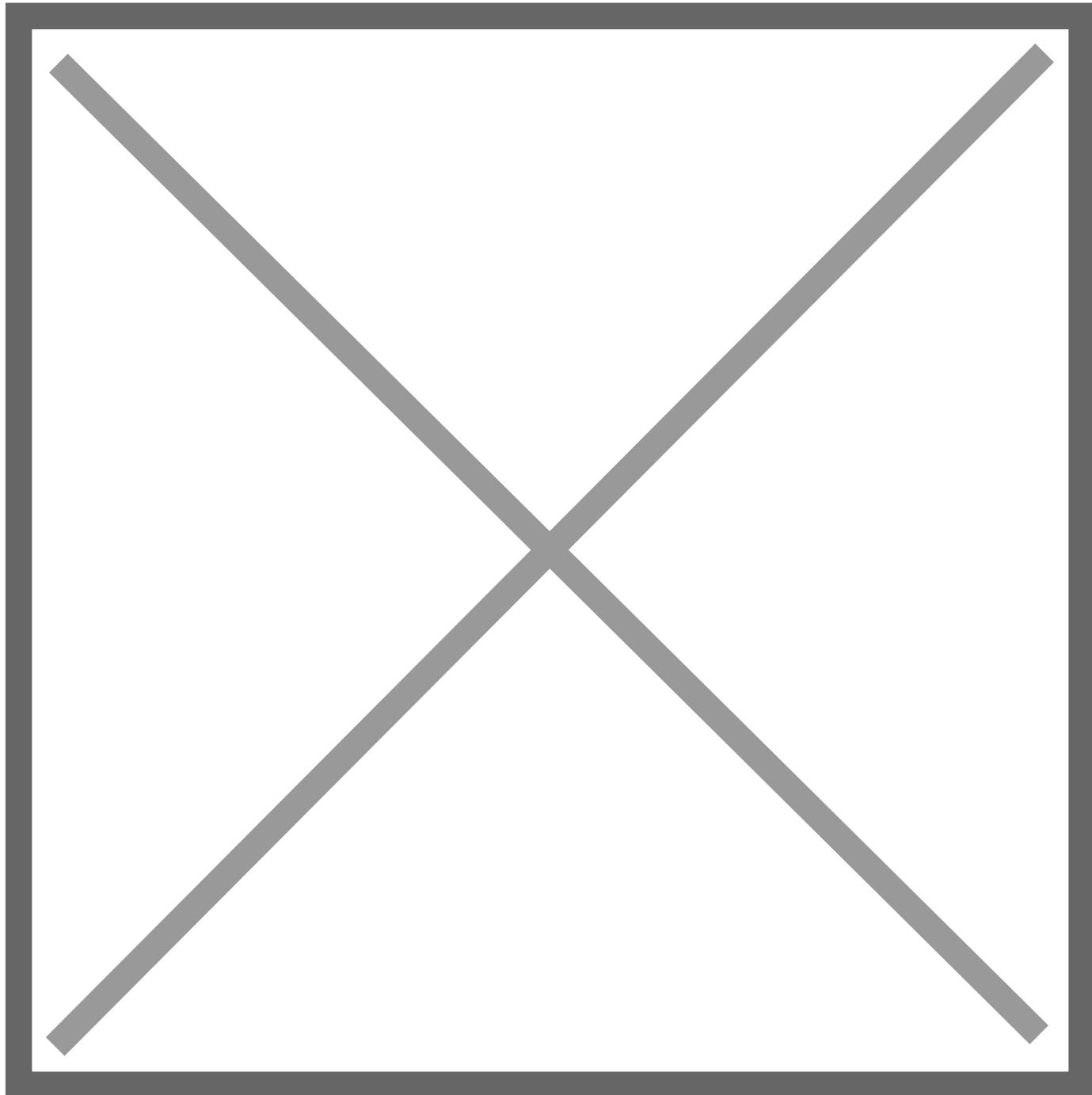
**PokrytÄ¡  
oblast:**

NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020. <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2019&l=sreport6> [Accessed 11.07.25]

**Poznámky:** WHO standard cutoffs shown to allow comparison with non-Asian countries, data using WHO Asia cutoffs also available

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená; BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená; BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

**Å¹eny, 2019-2020****Typ  
prÄzumu:**

NamÄÅ ÅÅ enÄ©

**VÄÅ k:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

22,459

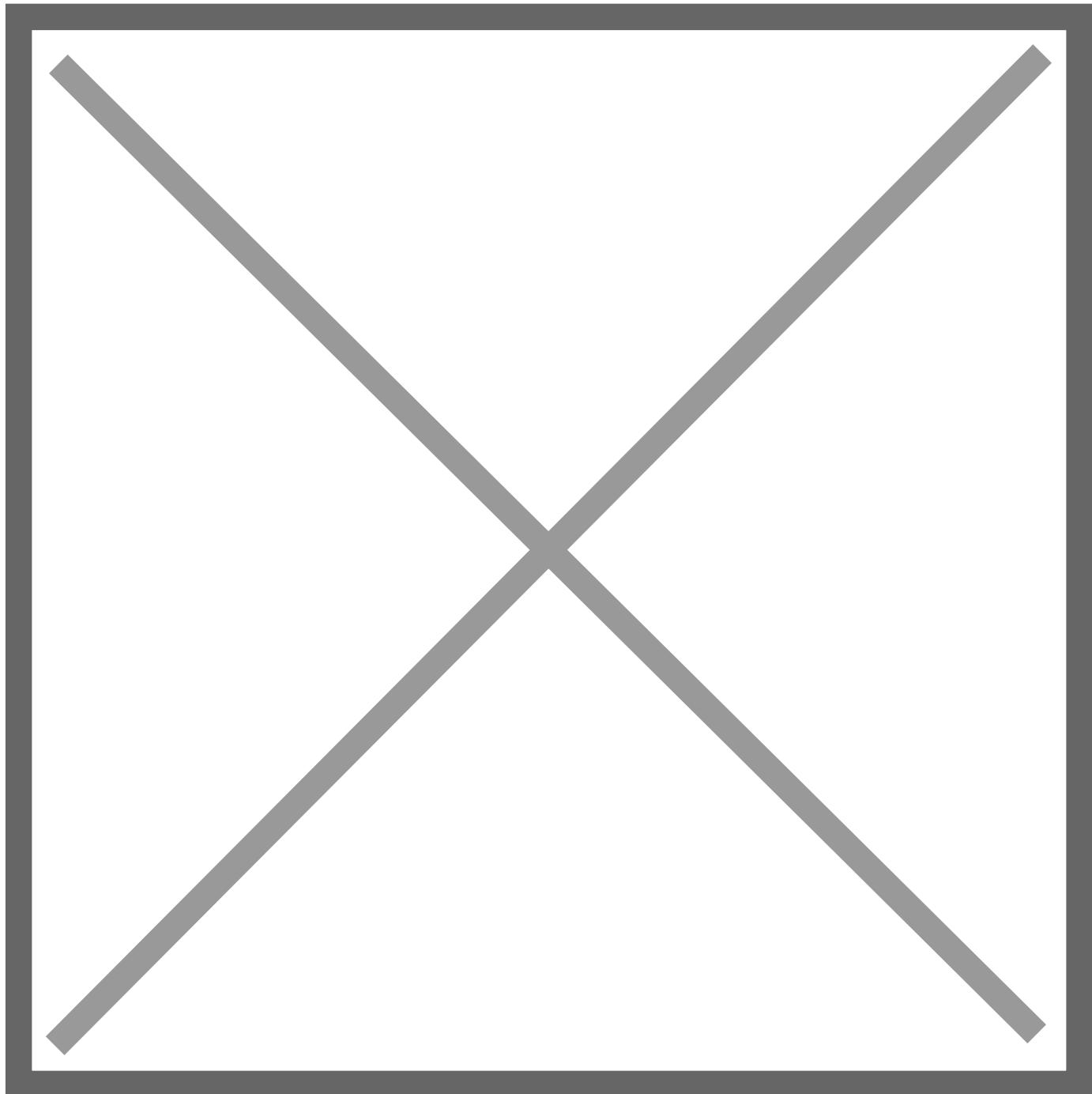
**PokrytÄ; oblast:**

NÄjrodnÄ

**Reference:** Aekplakorn, W., Puckcharern, H., and Satheannoppakao. (2021). The 6th National Health Examination Survey 2019-2020. <https://www.hiso.or.th/thaihealthstat/report/sreport.php?y=2019&l=sreport6> [Accessed 11.07.25]

**Poznámky:** WHO standard cutoffs shown to allow comparison with non-Asian countries, data using WHO Asia cutoffs also available

*Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená; BMI mezi 25 až 29,9 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obezita znamená; BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

**NadvÄ;ha/obezita podle sociÄ;lnÄ; -ekonomickÄ; skupiny****DospÄ;l īA, 2021****Typ  
prÅ¾zkumu:**

SamonahlÄ;jenÄ½

**VÄ;k:**

15+

**Velikost  
vzorku:**

201,191

**PokrytĂ; oblast:**

NĂ;rodnĂ;

**Reference:**

Polathea Vichitkunakorn, Warintorn Bunyanukul, Kanarit Apiwan, Detphop Tanasanchonnakul & Monsicha Sittisombut (2025) Prevalence of non-communicable disease risk factors and their association with economic status: findings from the 2021 health behaviour of population survey in Thailand, Global Health Action, 18:1, 2485689, DOI: 10.1080/16549716.2025.2485689 [Accessed 11.07.25]

**Definice (kĂ; dispozici pouze vĂ; angliĂ; tinĂ; ):**

BMI  $\geq 23 \text{ kg/m}^2$

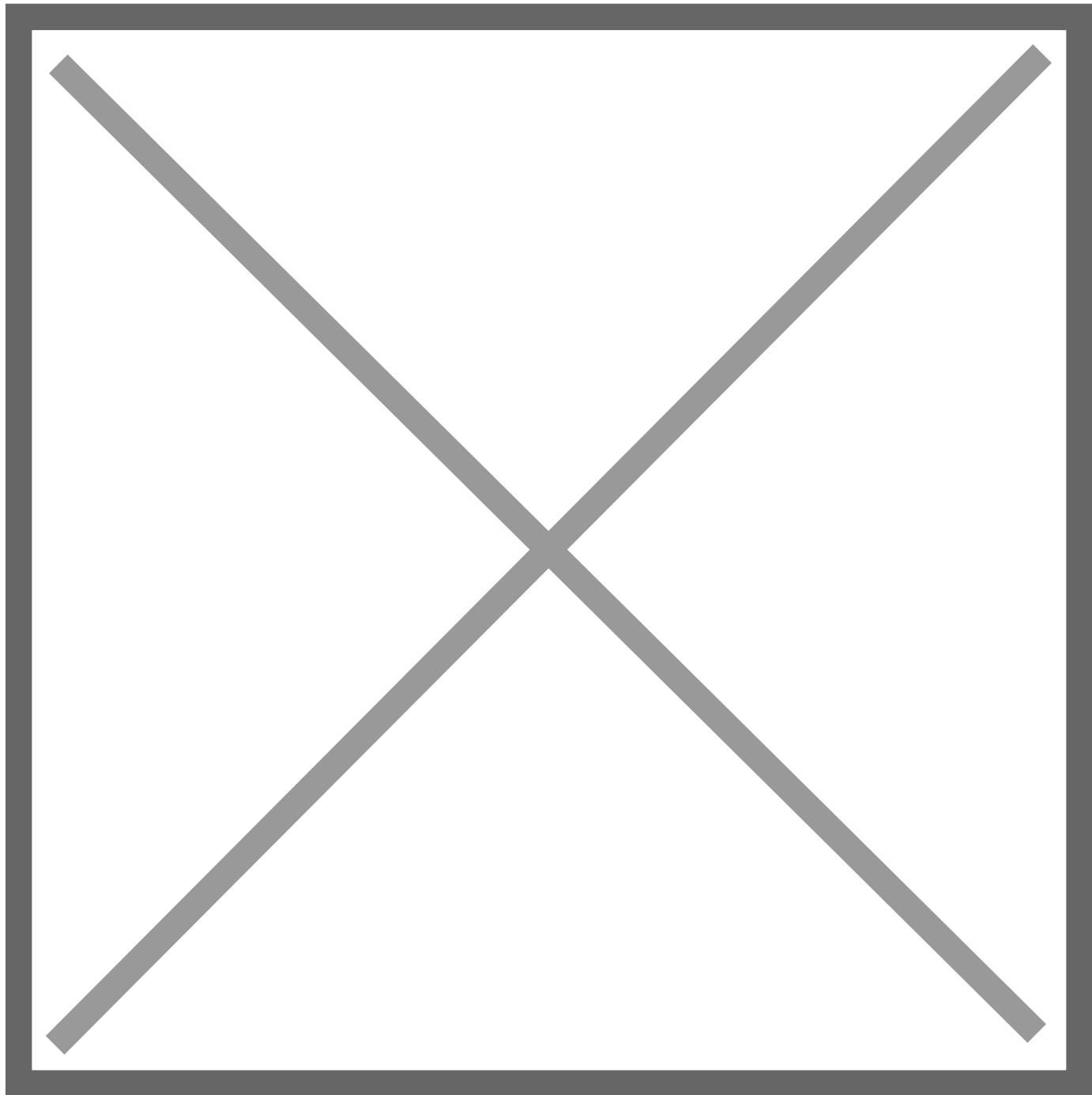
**Cutoffs:**

WHO Asia

*Pokud nenĂ; uvedeno jinak, nadvĂ;ha znamenĂ; BMI mezi 25 aĂ; 29,9 kg/mĂ; , obezita znamenĂ; BMI vyĂ;řiři neĂ;řiři 30 kg/mĂ;.*

## Double burden of underweight & overweight

Dospělí ČA, 2022



**Typ  
prázkumu:**

Naměřené

**Věk:**

20+

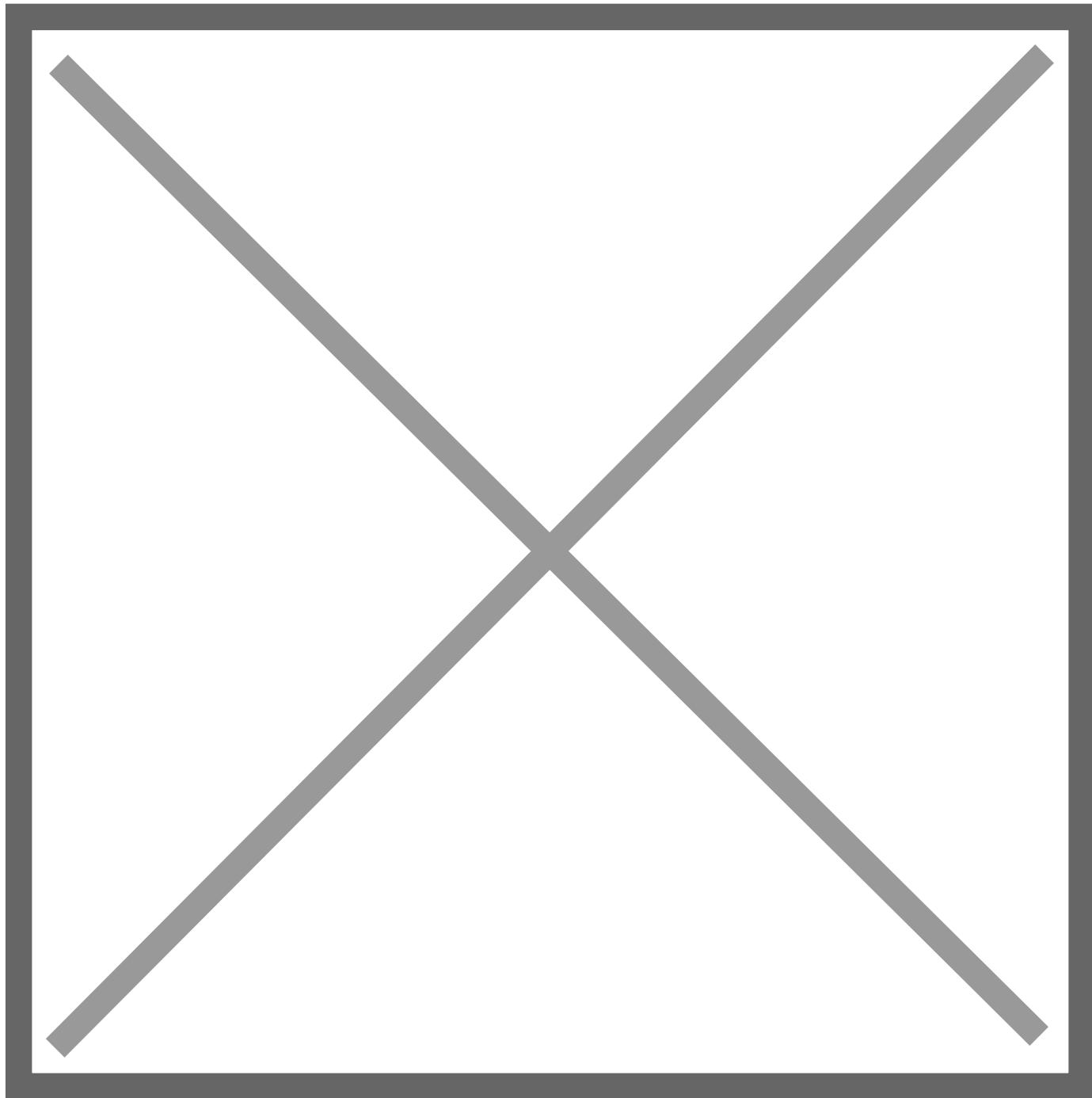
**Reference:**

NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Worldwide trends in underweight and obesity from 1990 to 2022: a pooled analysis of 3663 population representative studies with 222 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet 2024; published online Feb 29. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(23\)02750-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2).

**Poznámky:**

Age Standardised estimates

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ ):**Combined prevalence of BMI<18.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and BMI>=30 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (double burden of underweight and obesity)

**Nedostatečná fyzická aktivita****Dospělá, 2022****Typ  
průzkumu:**

Samonahlájení

**Věk:**

18+

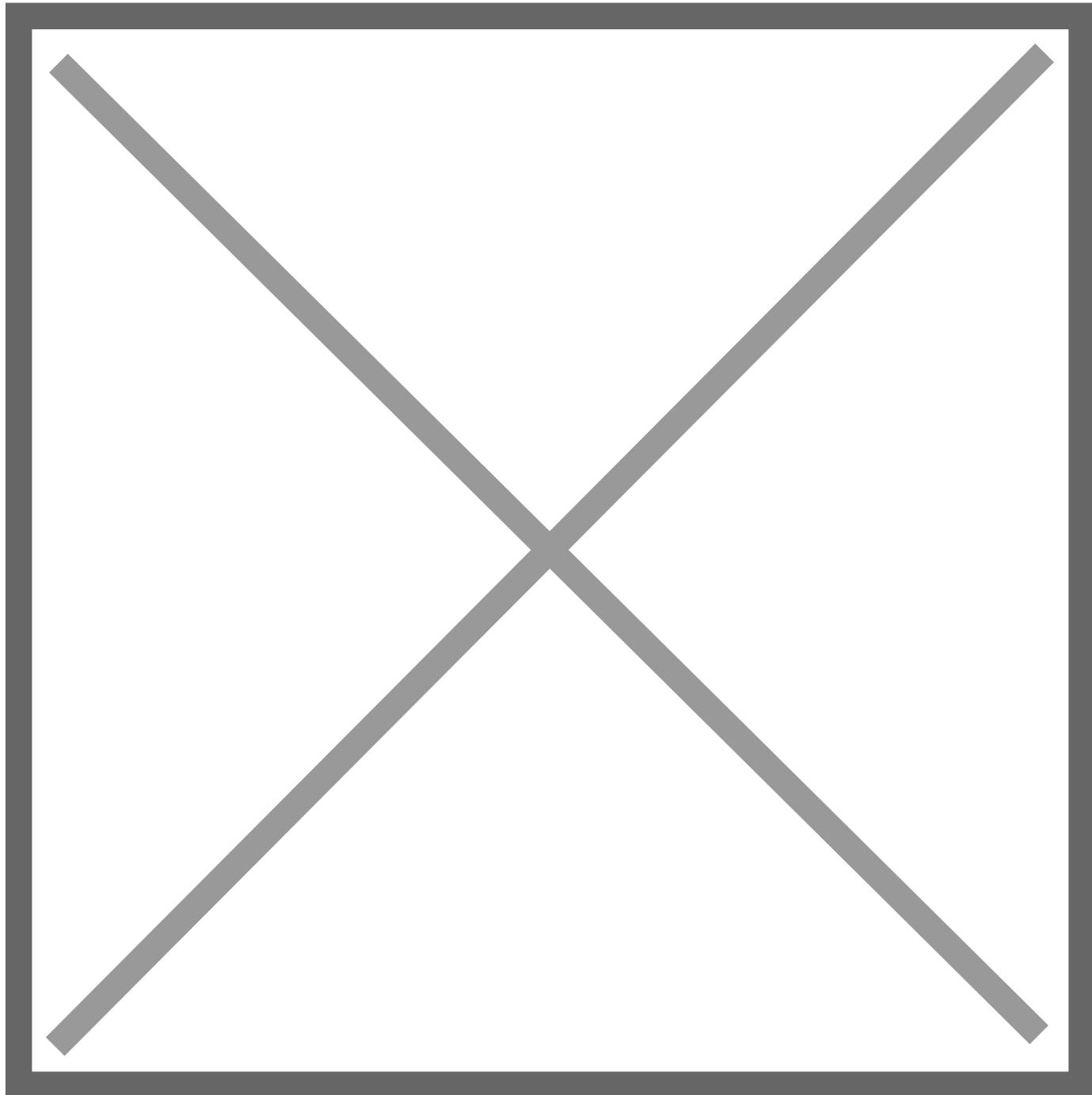
**Pokrytá  
oblast:**

Národní

**Reference:** WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(--\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(--))

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):** Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

## Muži, 2022

**Typ prázdkumu:**

Samonahlájení

**Věk:**

18+

**Pokrytí oblast:**

Národní

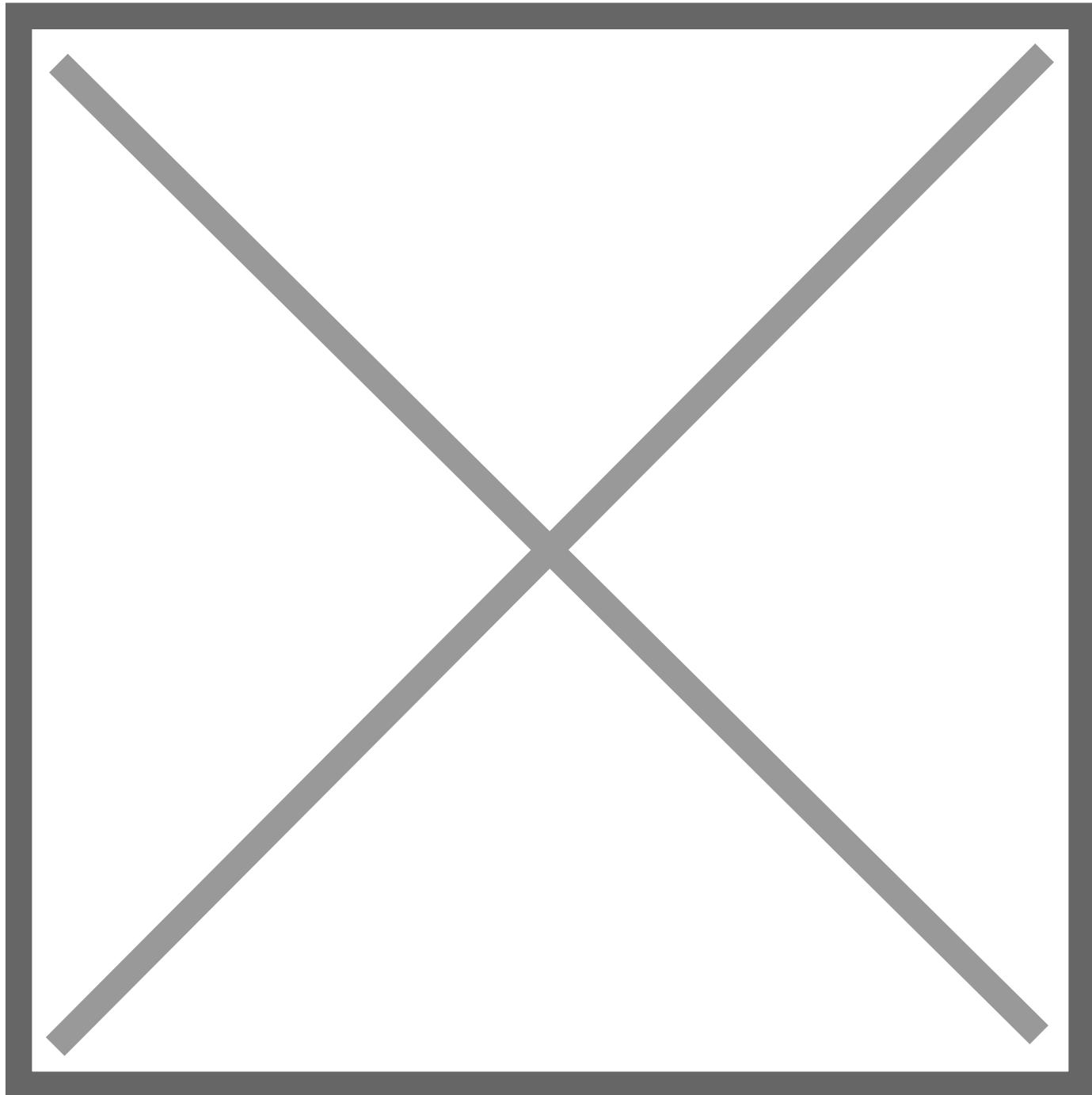
**Reference:**

WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022.  
Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(--\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(--))

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Å¹eny, 2022

**Typ prÄzkuµu:**

SamonahlÄjenÄ½

**VÄk:**

18+

**PokrytÄj oblast:**

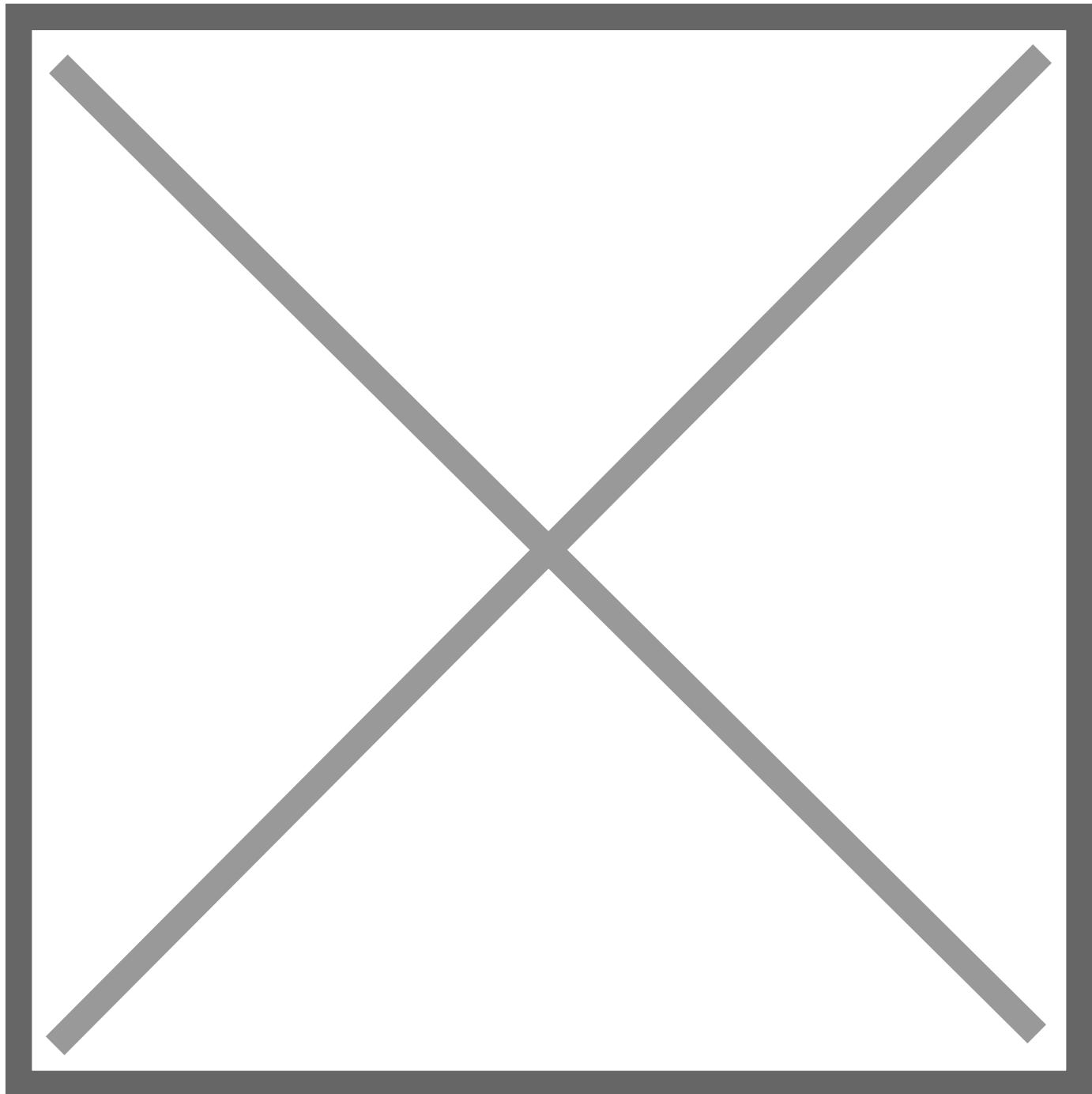
NÄjrodnÄ

**Reference:**

WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022.  
Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(--\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(--))

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

**Estimated per capita fruit intake****Dospělí Čí, 2017****Typ průzkumu:**

Naměřeno

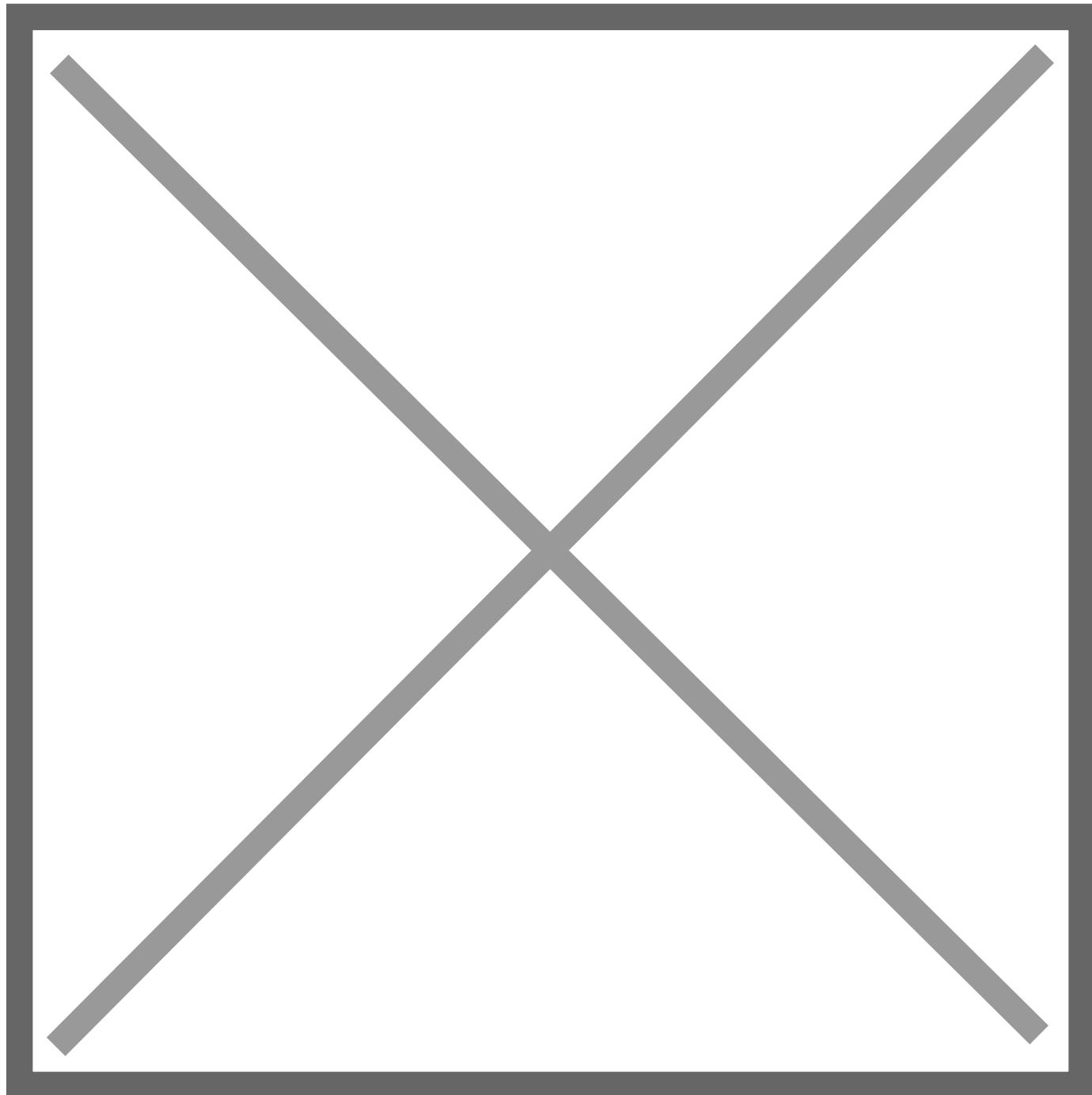
**Věk:**

25+

**Reference:**Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Estimated per-capita fruit intake (g/day)

**Odhadovaný pÅ™íjem zpracovaného masa na osobu****DospÄ l ľA, 2017****Typ prÅ™íznamu:**

NamÄ Å  enÄ 

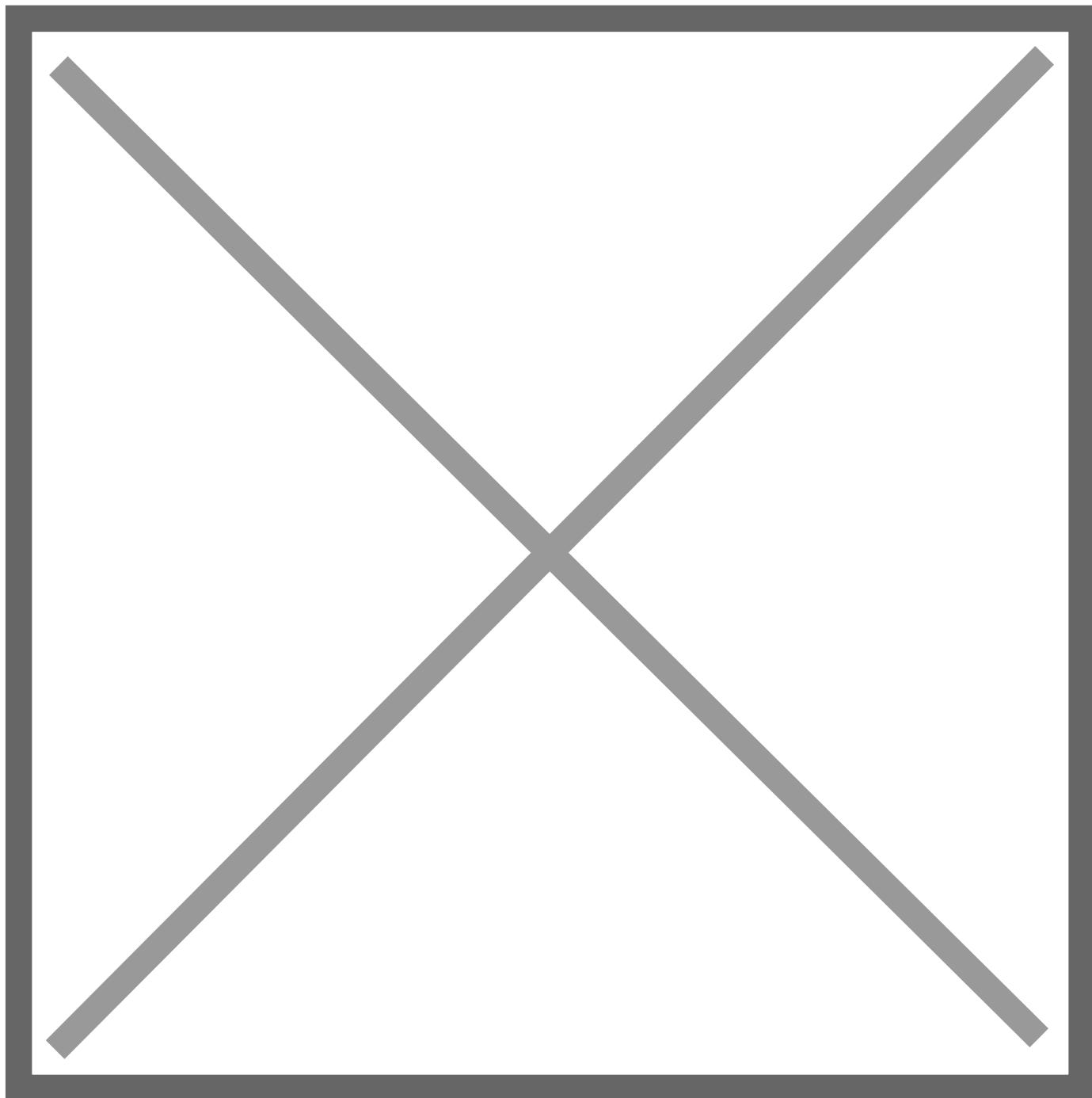
**VÄ k:**

25+

**Reference:**Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Estimated per-capita processed meat intake (g per day)

**Estimated per capita whole grains intake****Dospělí ČA, 2017****Typ  
prázkumu:**

Naměřeno

**Věk:**

25+

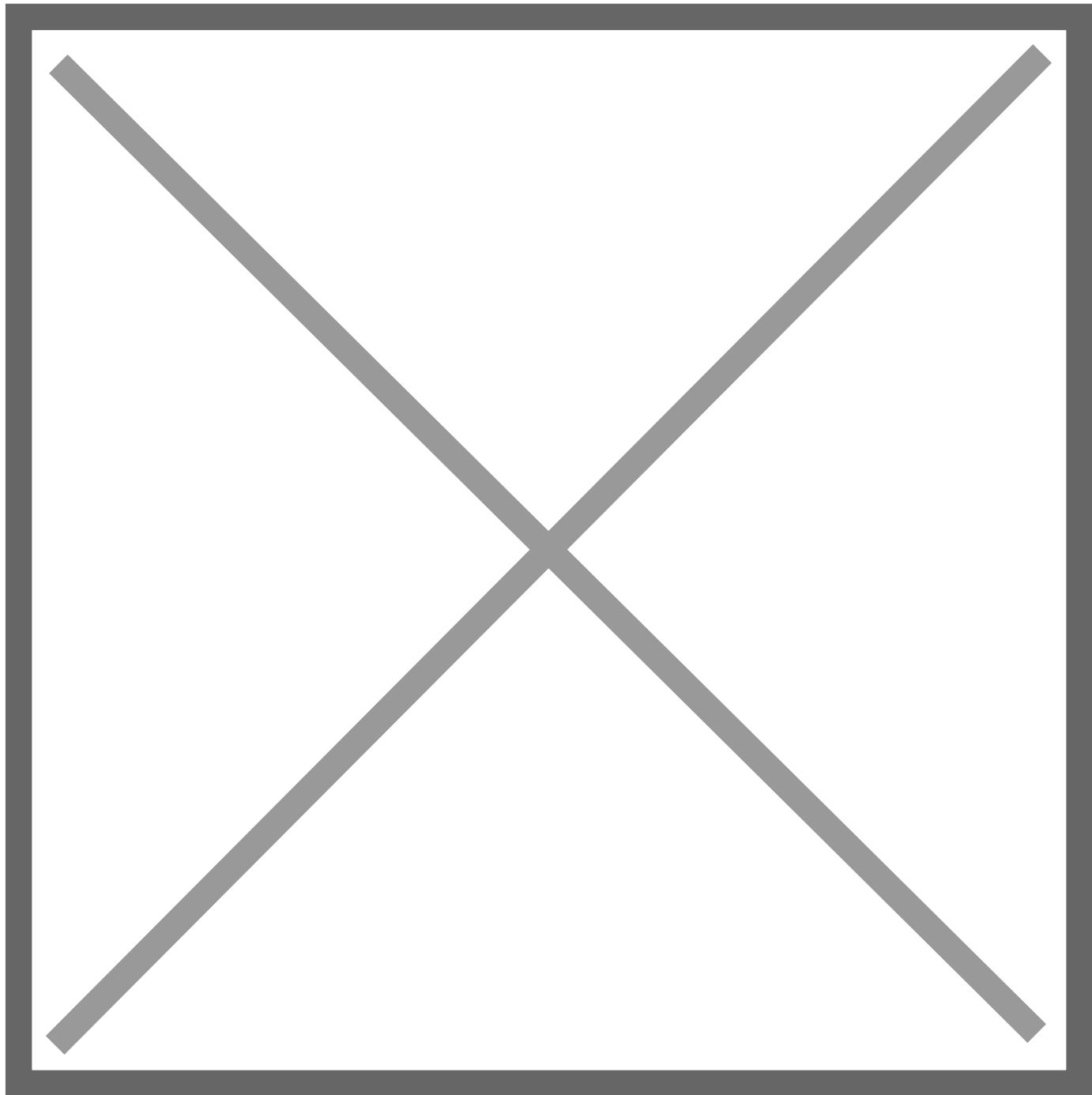
**Reference:**Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Estimated per-capita whole grains intake (g/day)

## DuÅ¡evnÃ zdravÃ âíí stavy deprese

DospÄI IÃ, 2021



vÄk:

20+

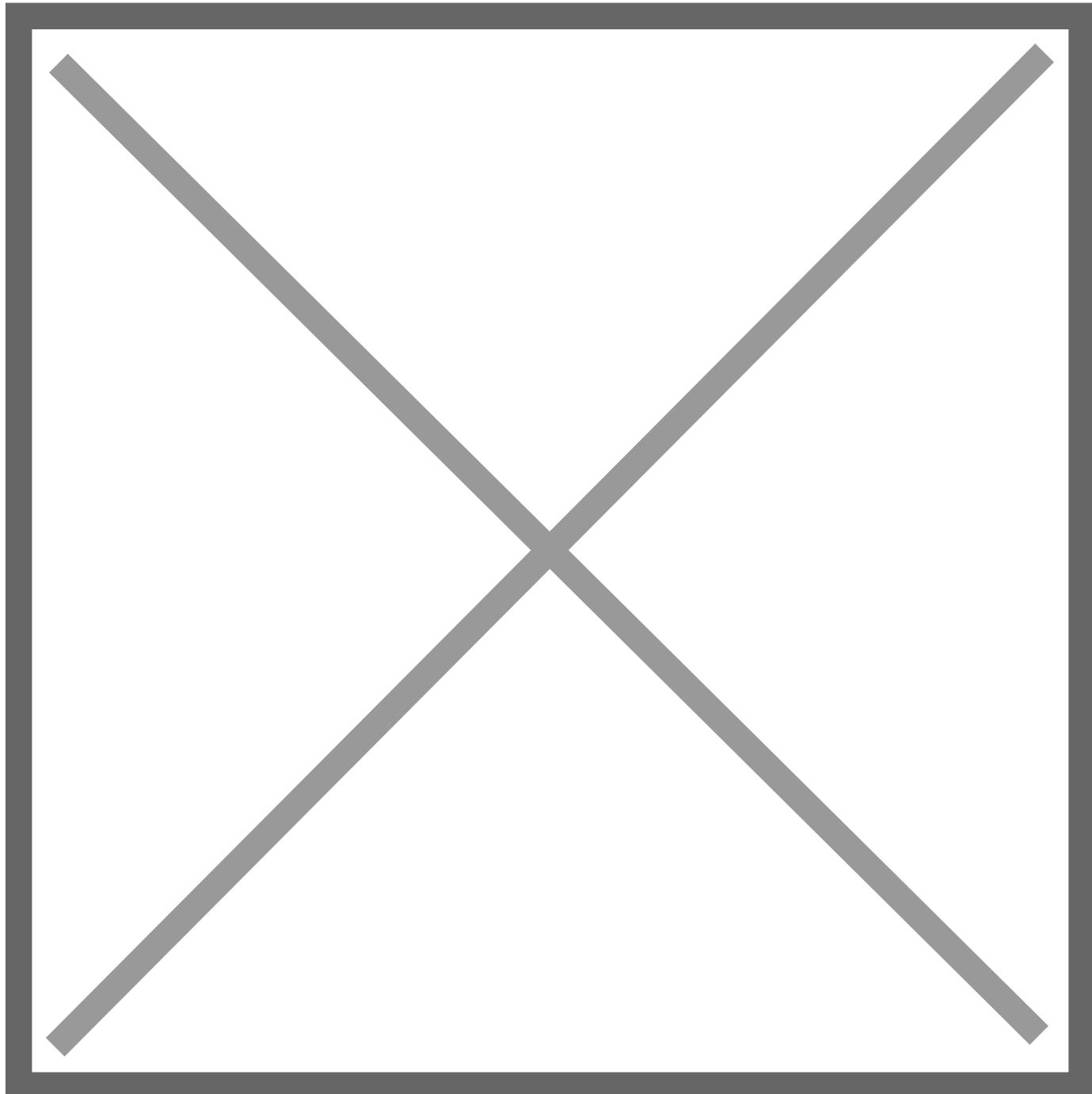
PokrytÃj  
oblast:

NÃjrodnÃ

**Reference:** Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

**MuÅ¾i, 2021****VÄÅ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

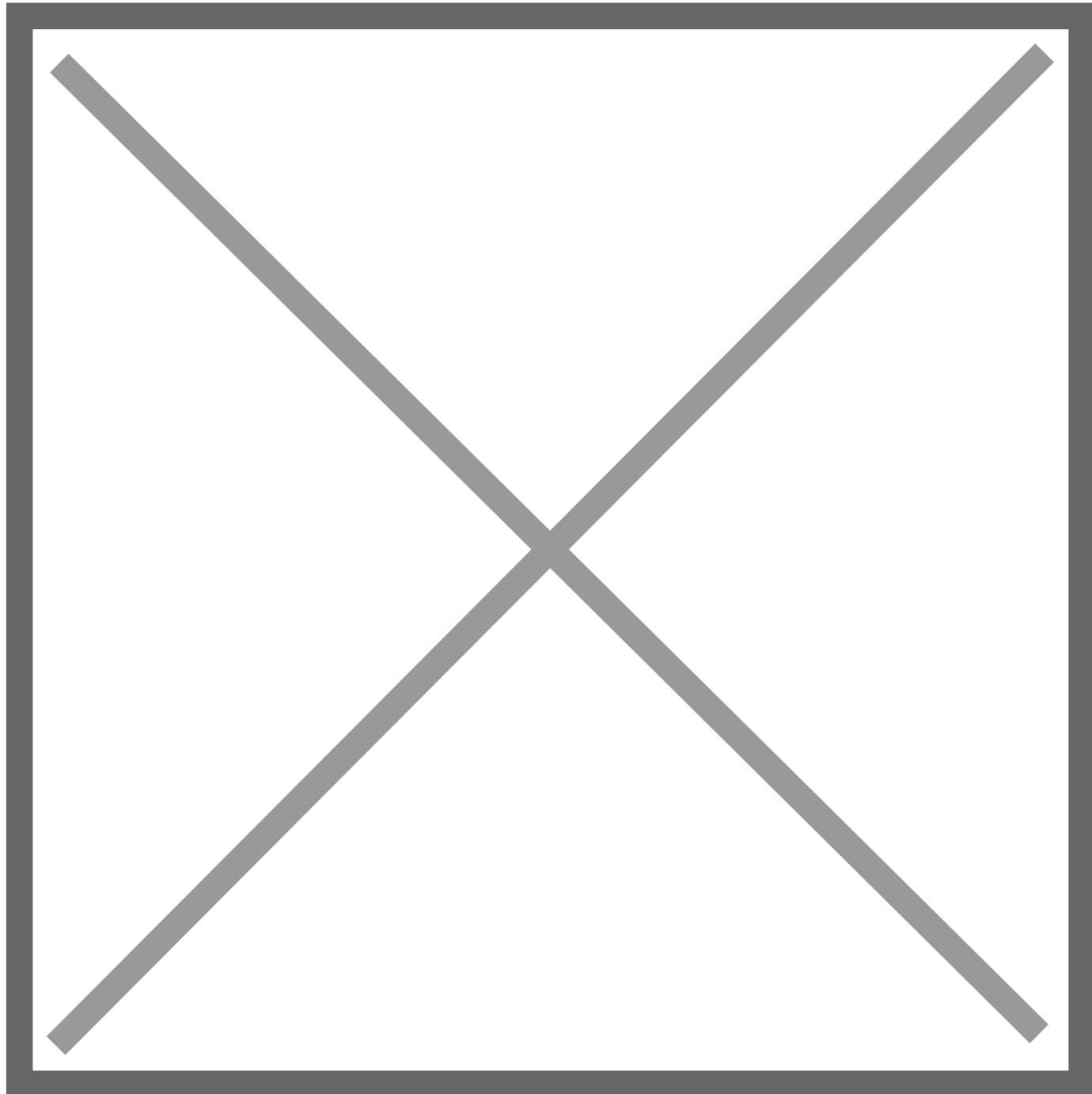
NÄjrodnÃ

**Reference:**

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

**Å¹eny, 2021****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

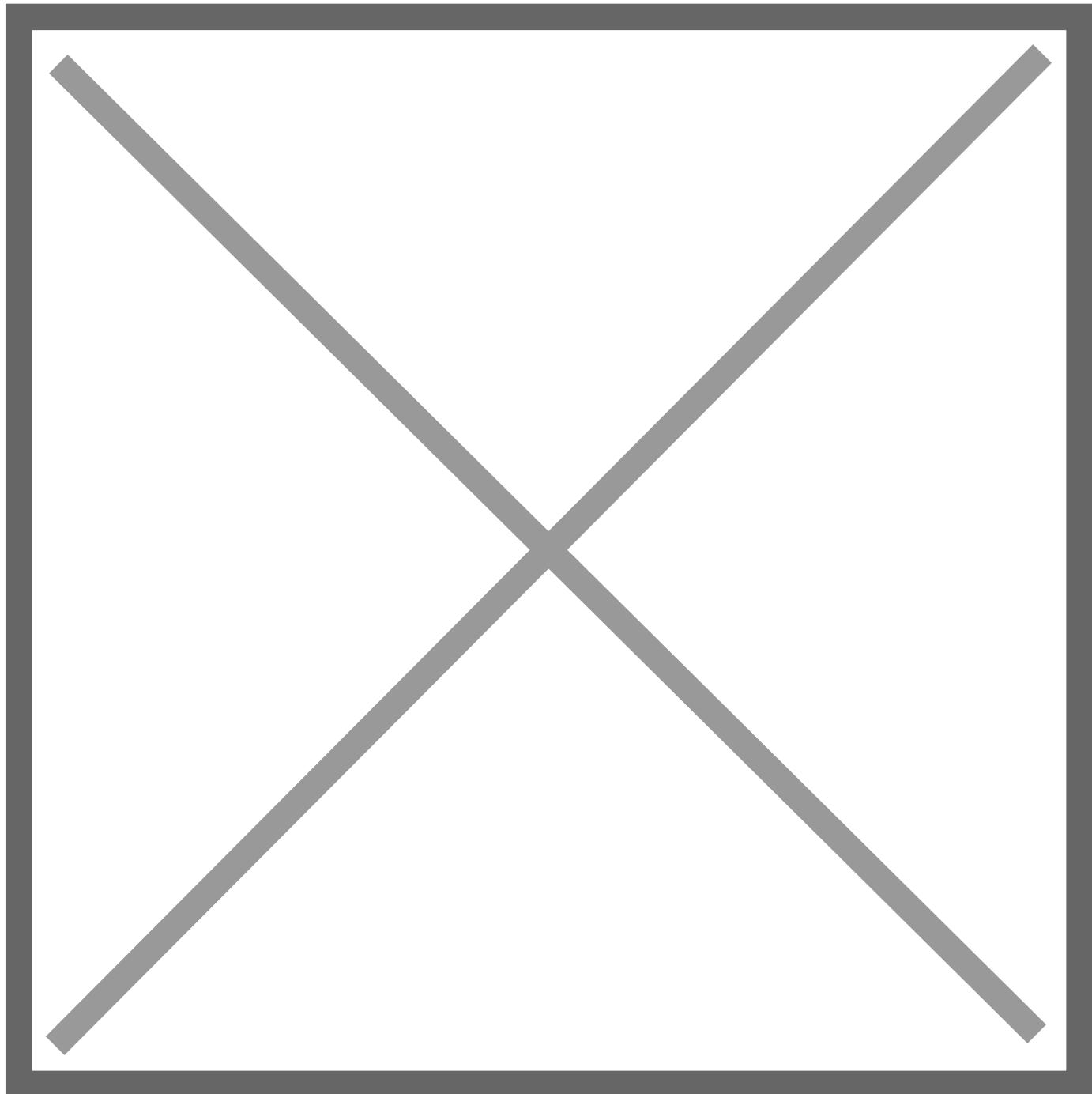
NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

**DuÅ¡evnÃ zdravÃ âíí stavy Åøzkosti****DospÄk IÃ, 2021****vÄk:**

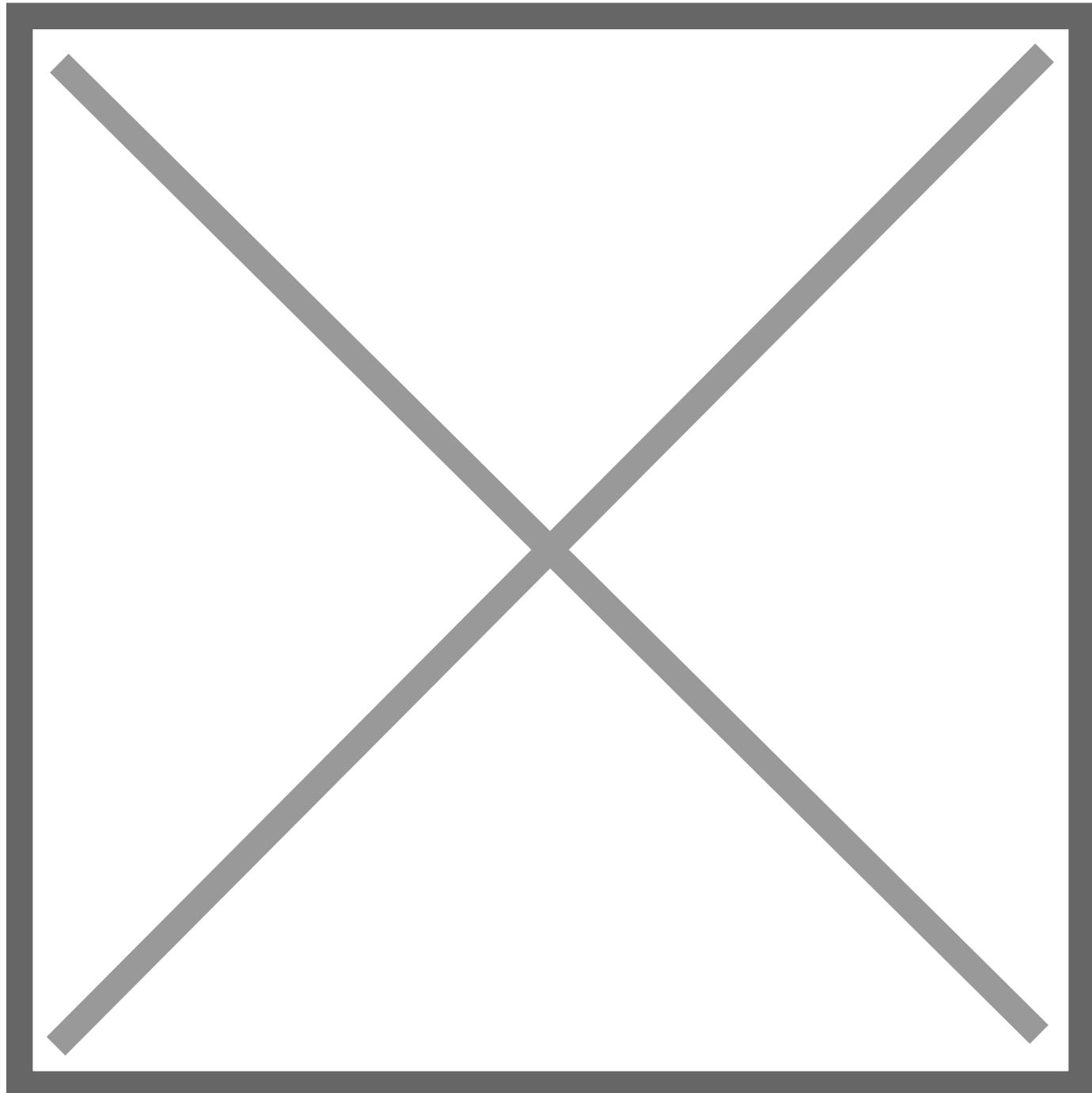
20+

**Reference:**

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

**MuÅ¾i, 2021****VÄÄ k:**

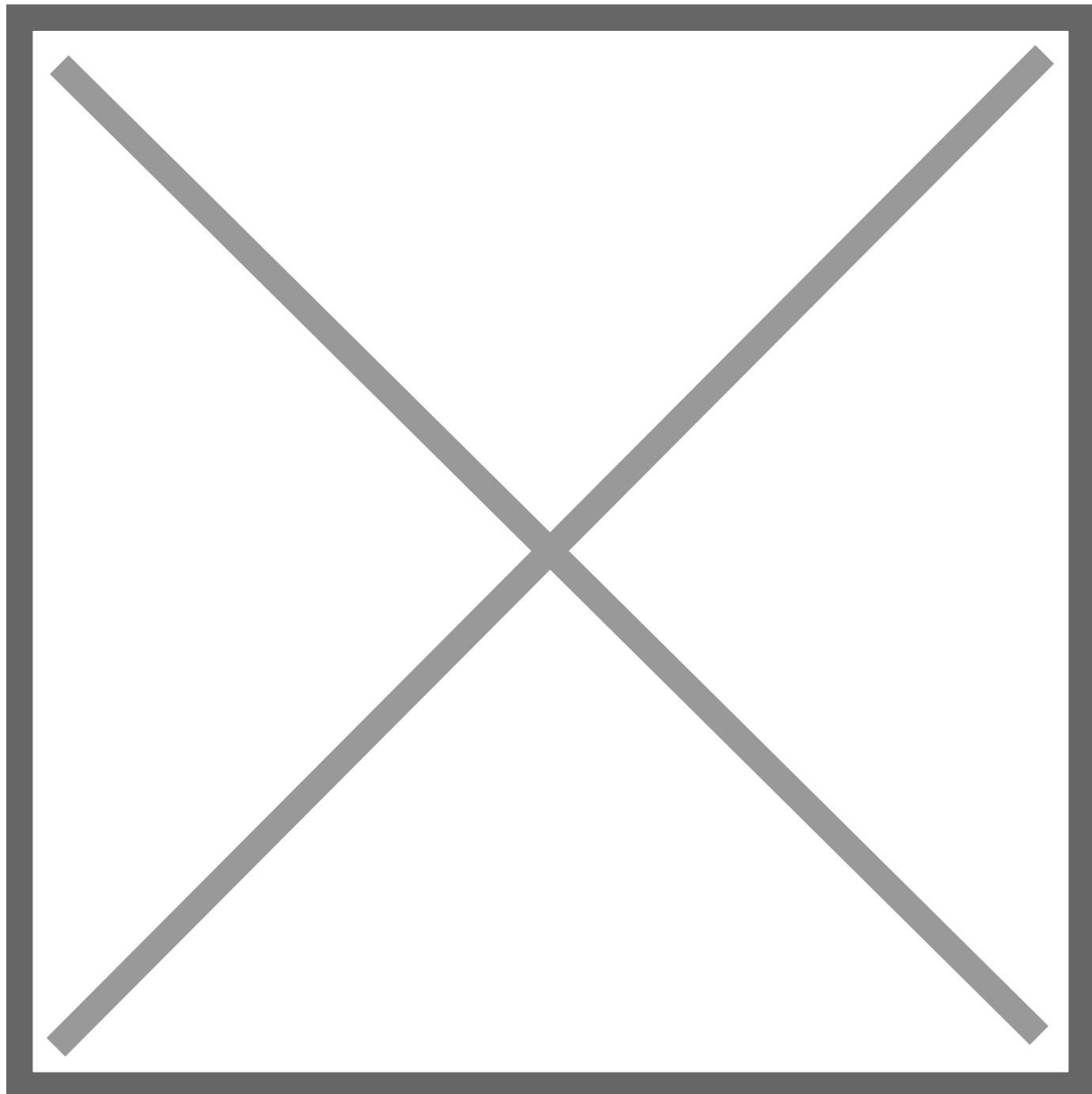
20+

**Reference:**

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

**År/ény, 2021****VÄL k:**

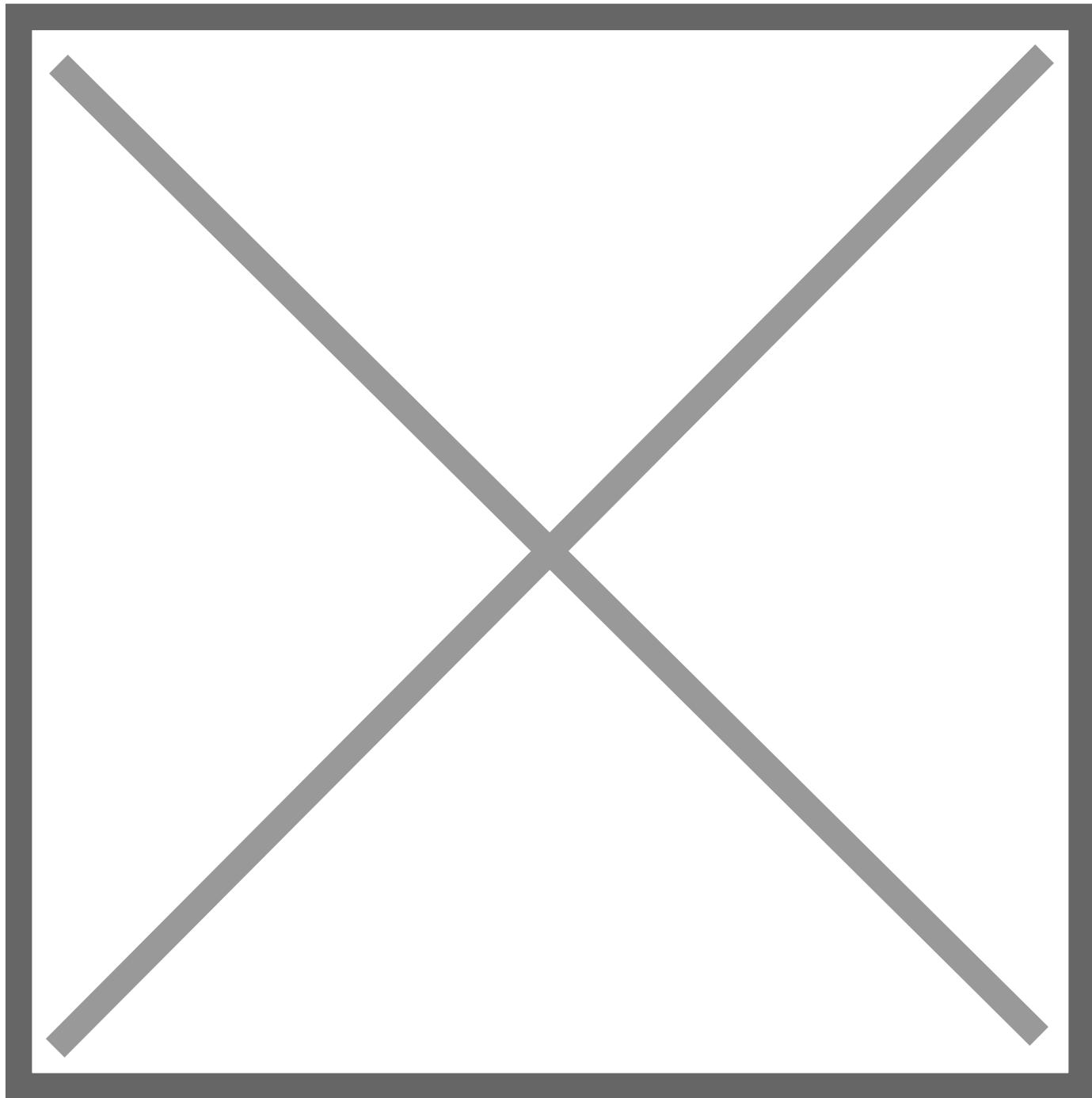
20+

**Reference:**

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

**Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet****Dospělí ČA, 2022****PokrytĂ¡  
oblast:**

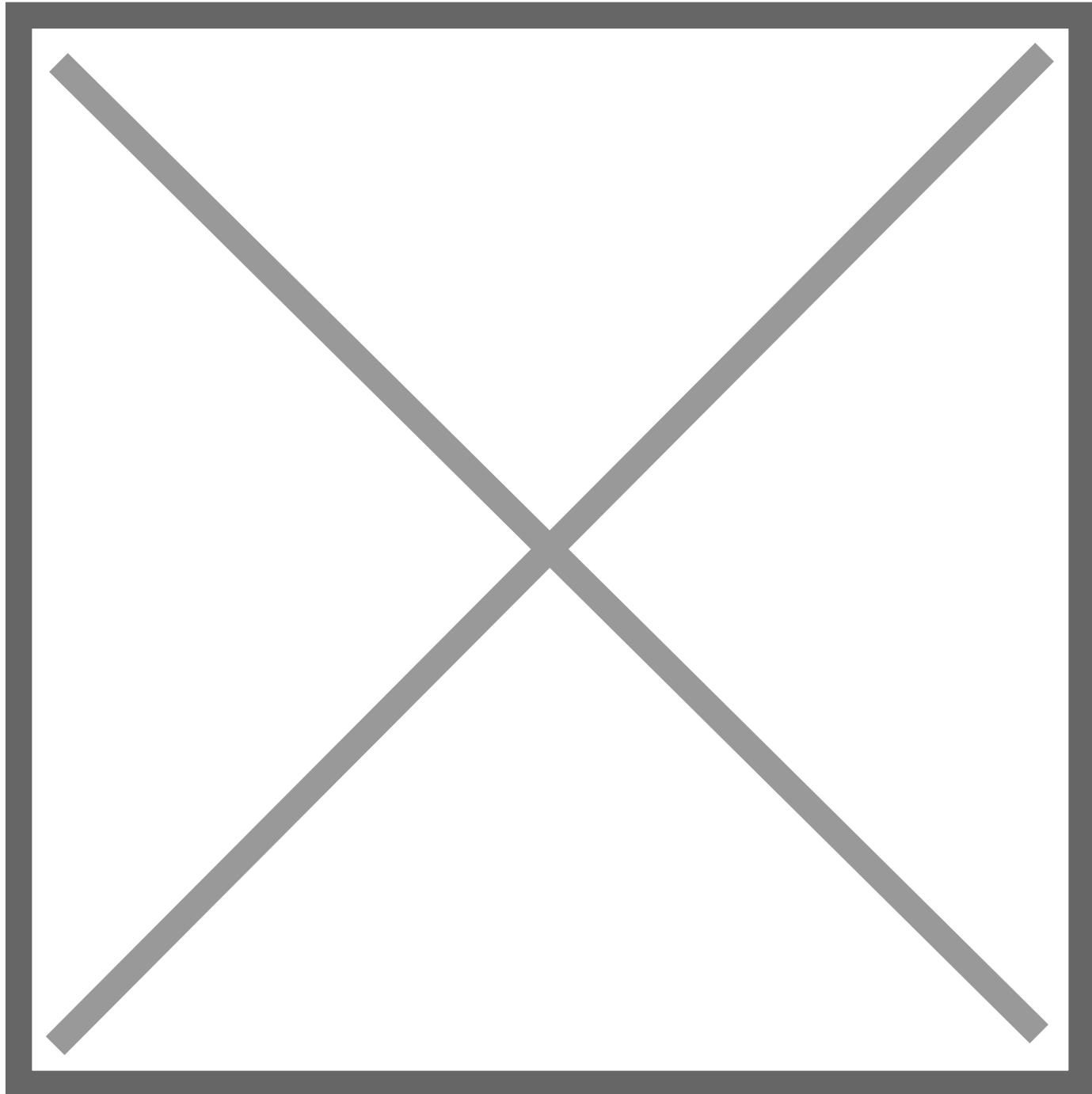
NĂ¡rodnĂ

**Reference:**

The Food Systems Dashboard. The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), The Columbia Climate School, and Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. 2024. Geneva, Switzerland.  
<https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org>. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36072/db>.

## Rakovina jÁcnu

MuÅ¾i, 2022



vÄek:

20+

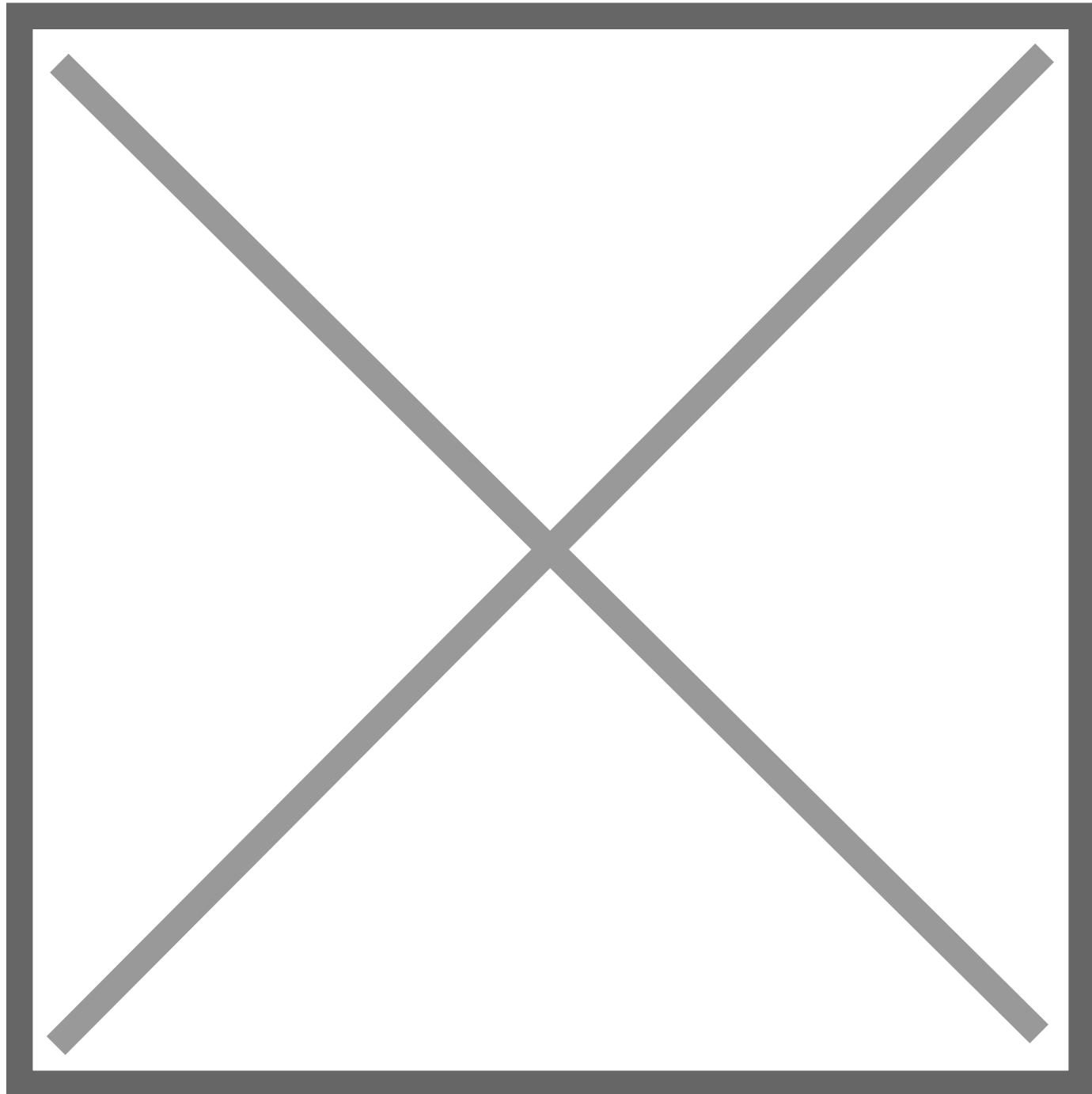
PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Indidence per 100,000

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

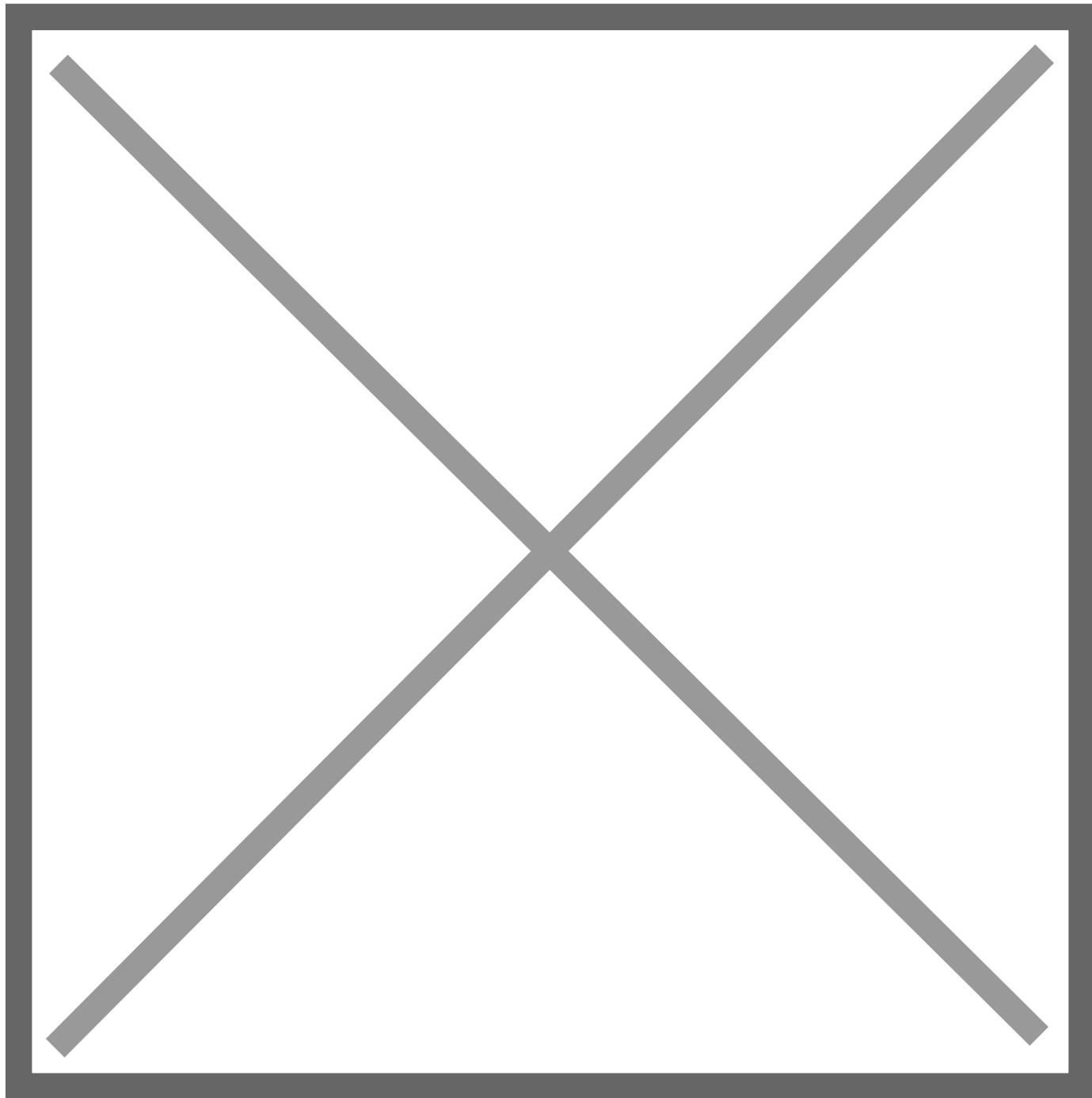
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Indicence per 100,000

## Rakovina prsu

Å¹eny, 2022



PokrytÃ¡  
oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

Reference:

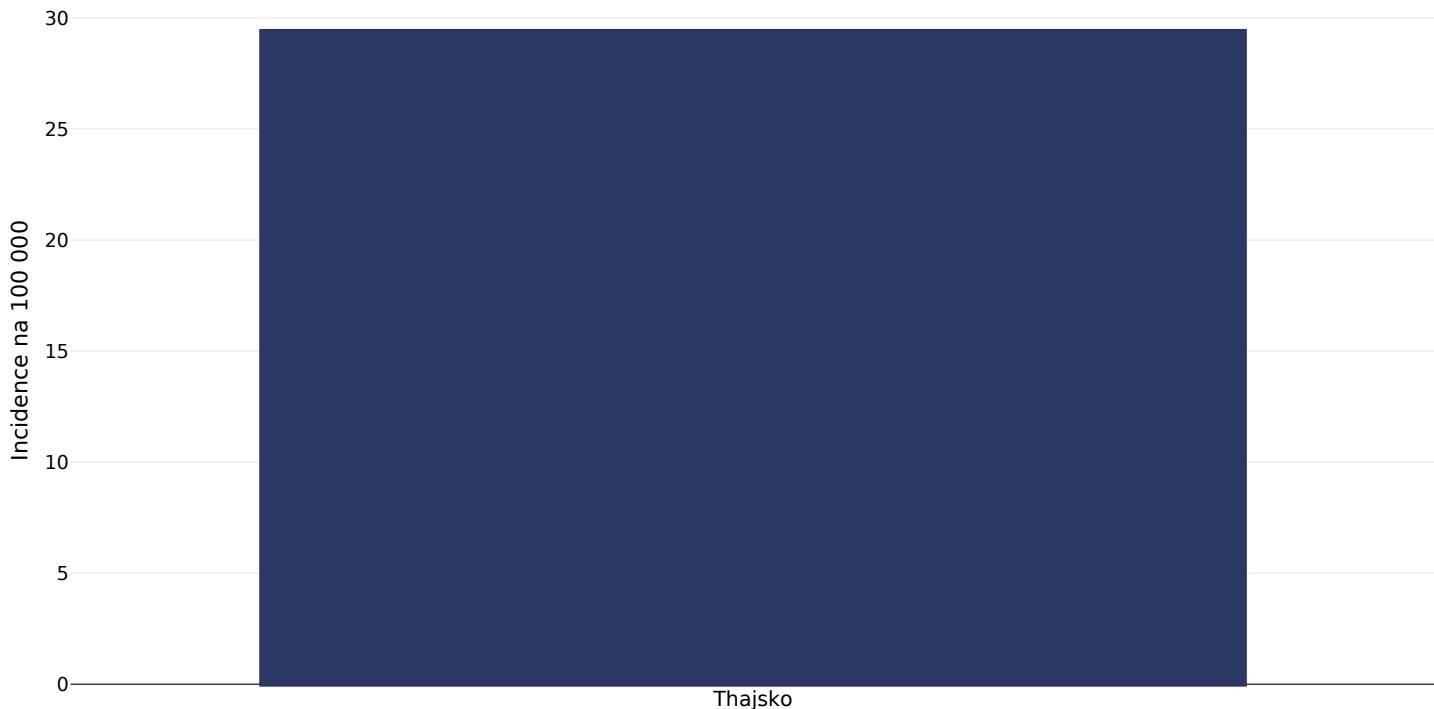
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Incidence per 100,000

## Rakovina tlustého státu eva a konečné náku

### Muži, 2022



Vek:

20+

Pokrytí oblast:

Národní

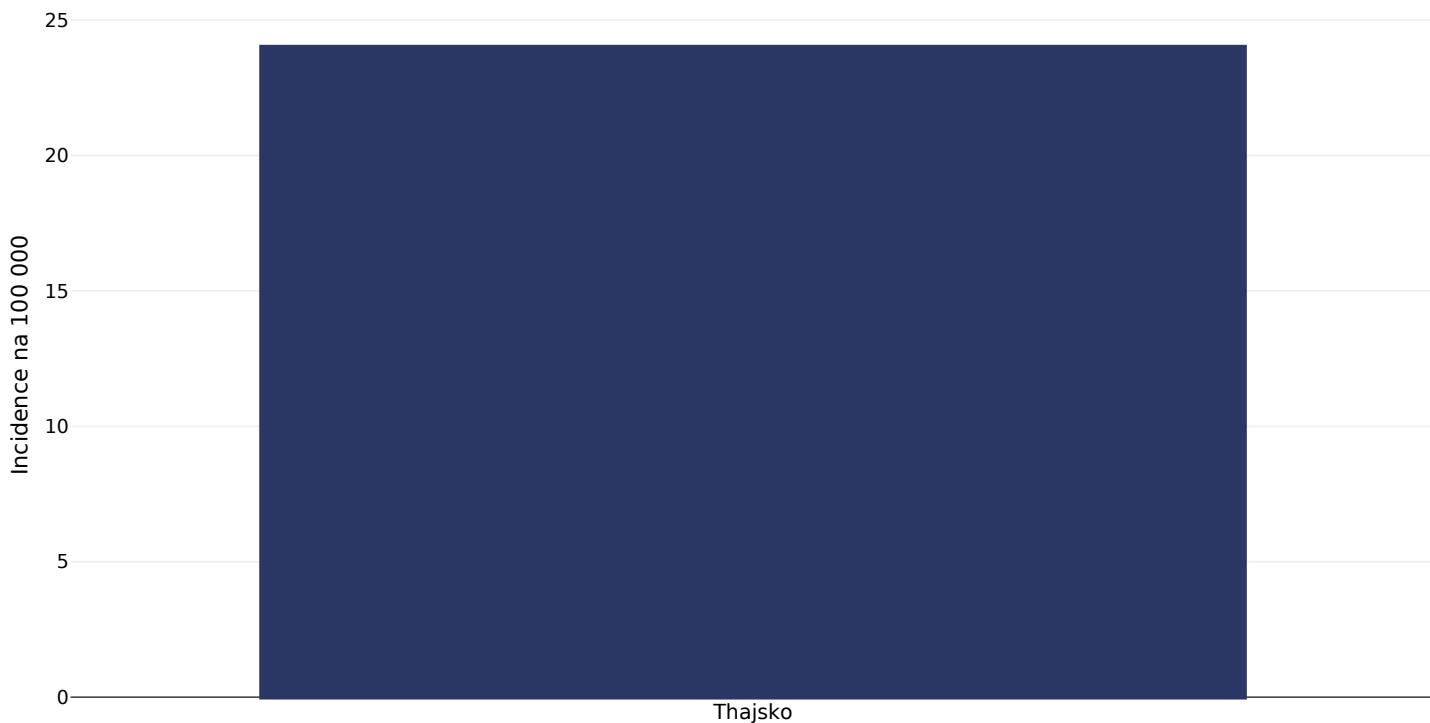
Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice (k dispozici pouze v Angličtině):

Incidence per 100,000

## Å¹eny, 2022



vÄek:

20+

PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

NÄ¡rodnÄ¡

Reference:

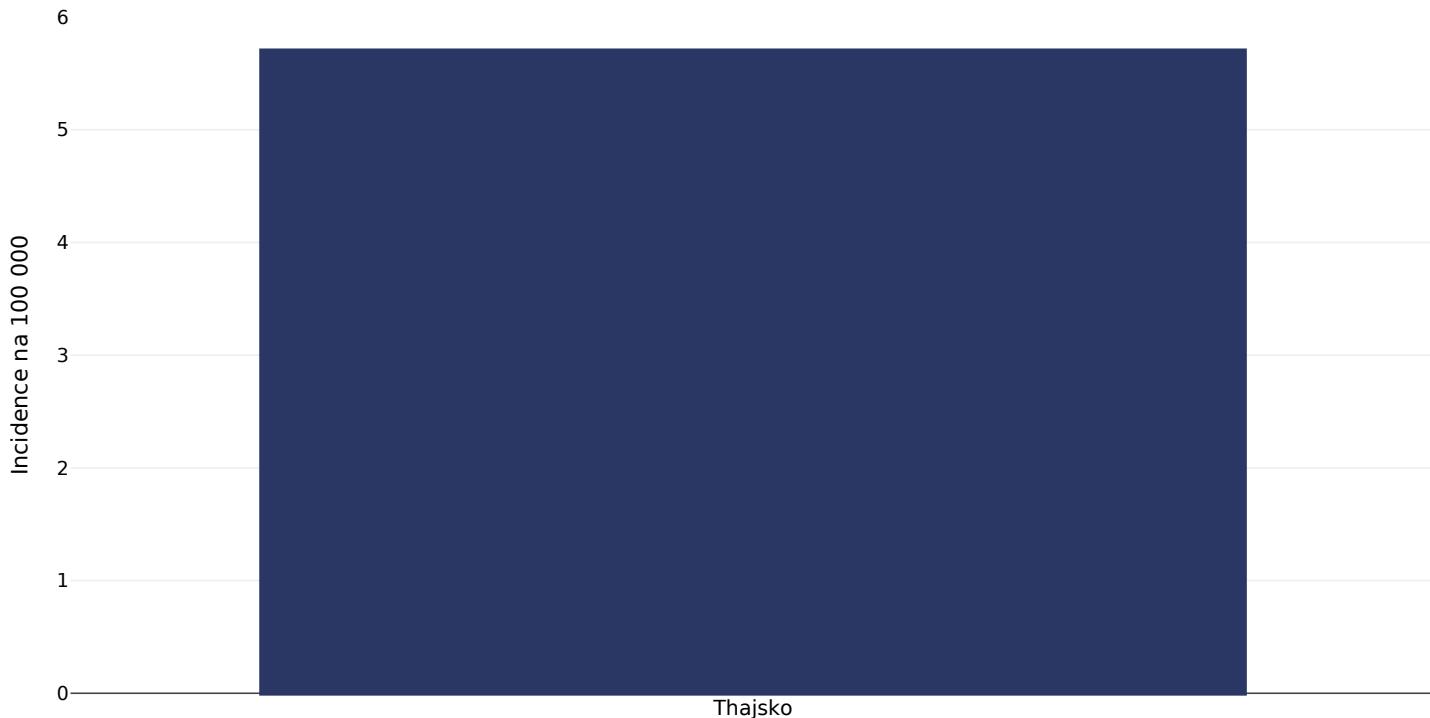
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÄ¡ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):

Incidence per 100,000

## Rakovina slinivky bÅ¾í iÅ¡inÃ

MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÄž k:

20+

PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÅ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÄ  
tinÄ):

Incidence per 100,000

## Å¹eny, 2022



vÄek:

20+

PokrytÃ¡ oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

Reference:

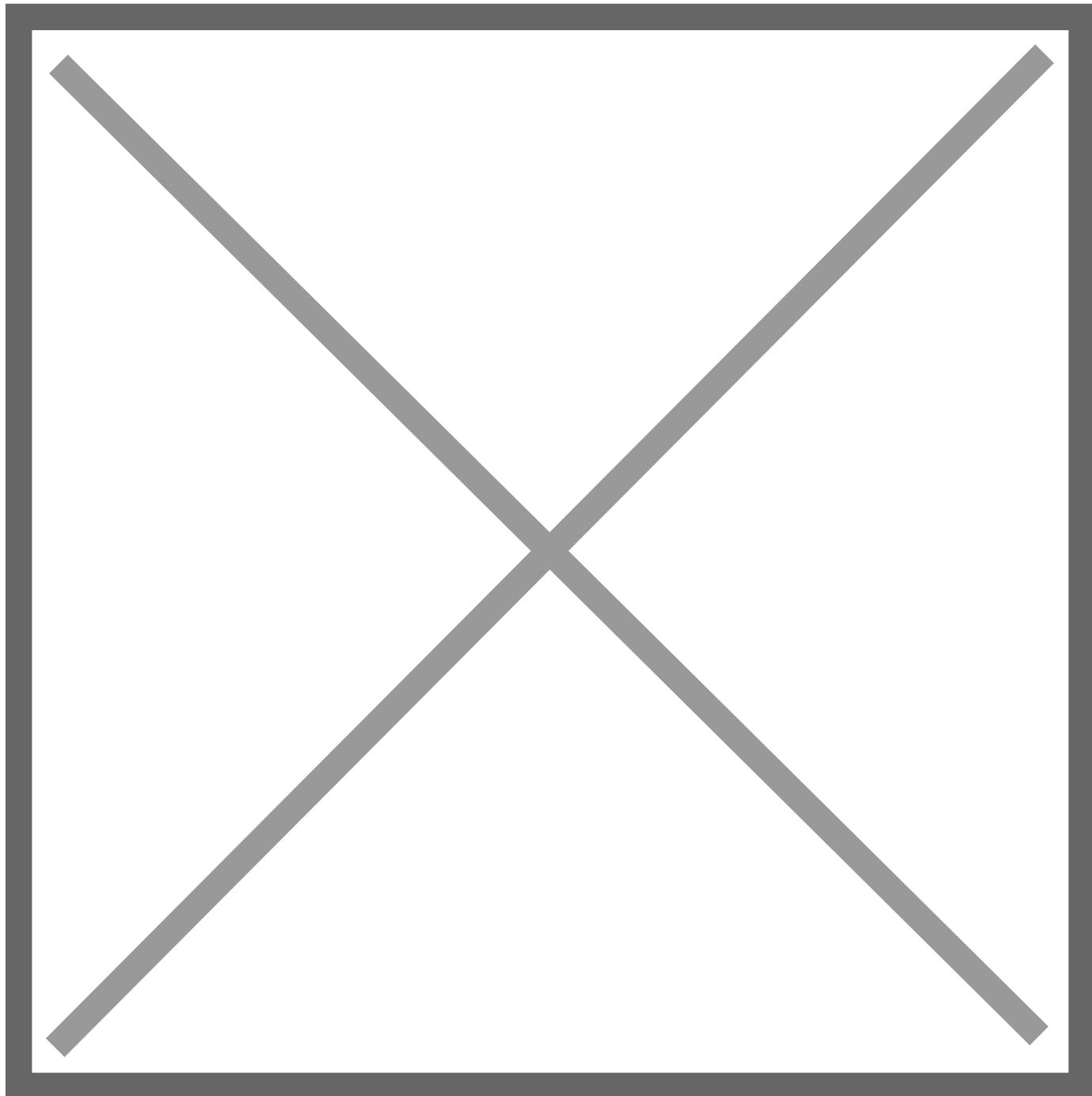
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice (kÃ¢ dispozici pouze vÃ¢ angliÃ¢tinÄ):

Incidence per 100,000

## Rakovina Å¾íluÅ nÅku

MuÅ¾í, 2022



vÅ k:

PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:

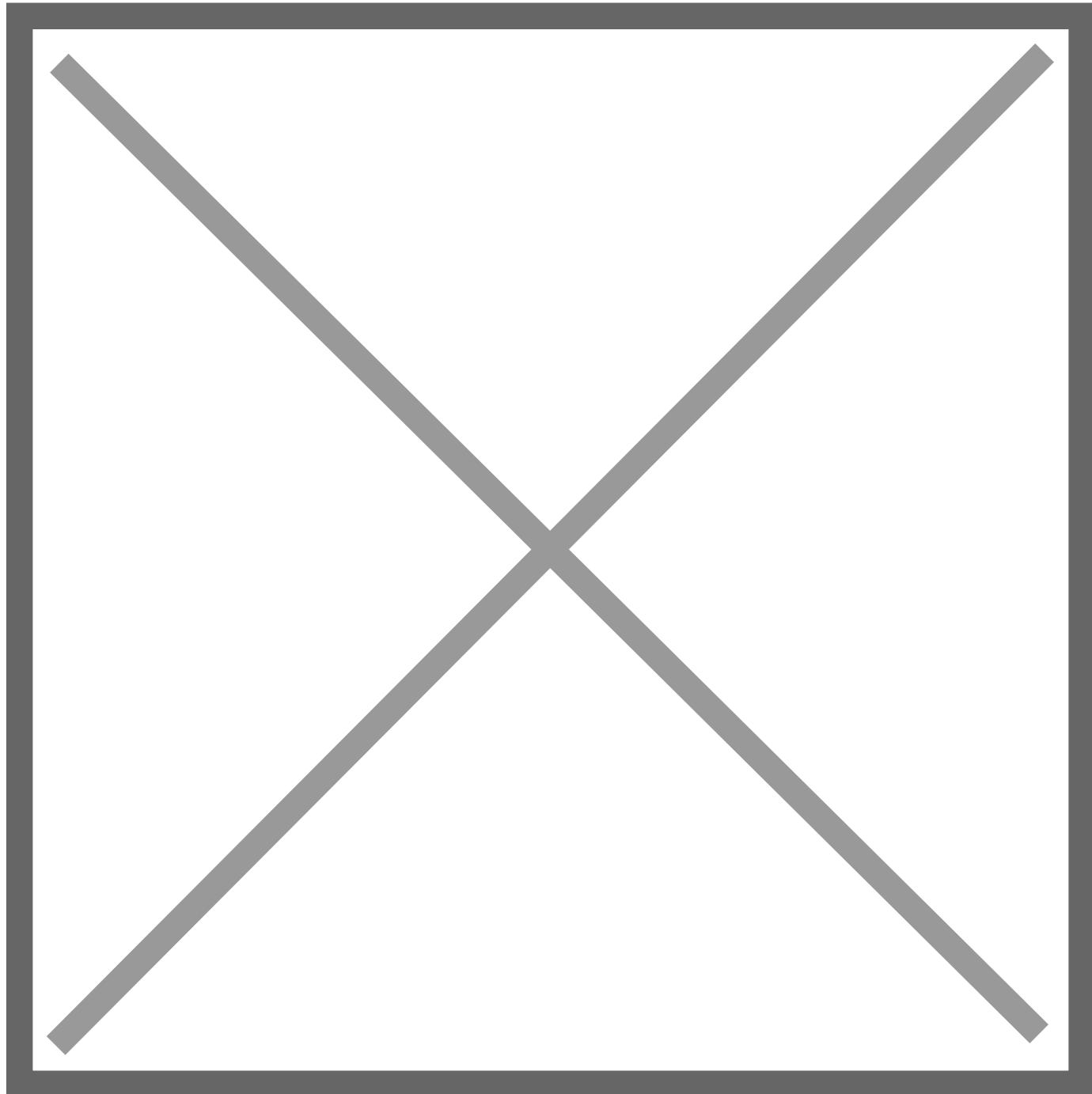
20+

NÅ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Indidence per 100,000

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

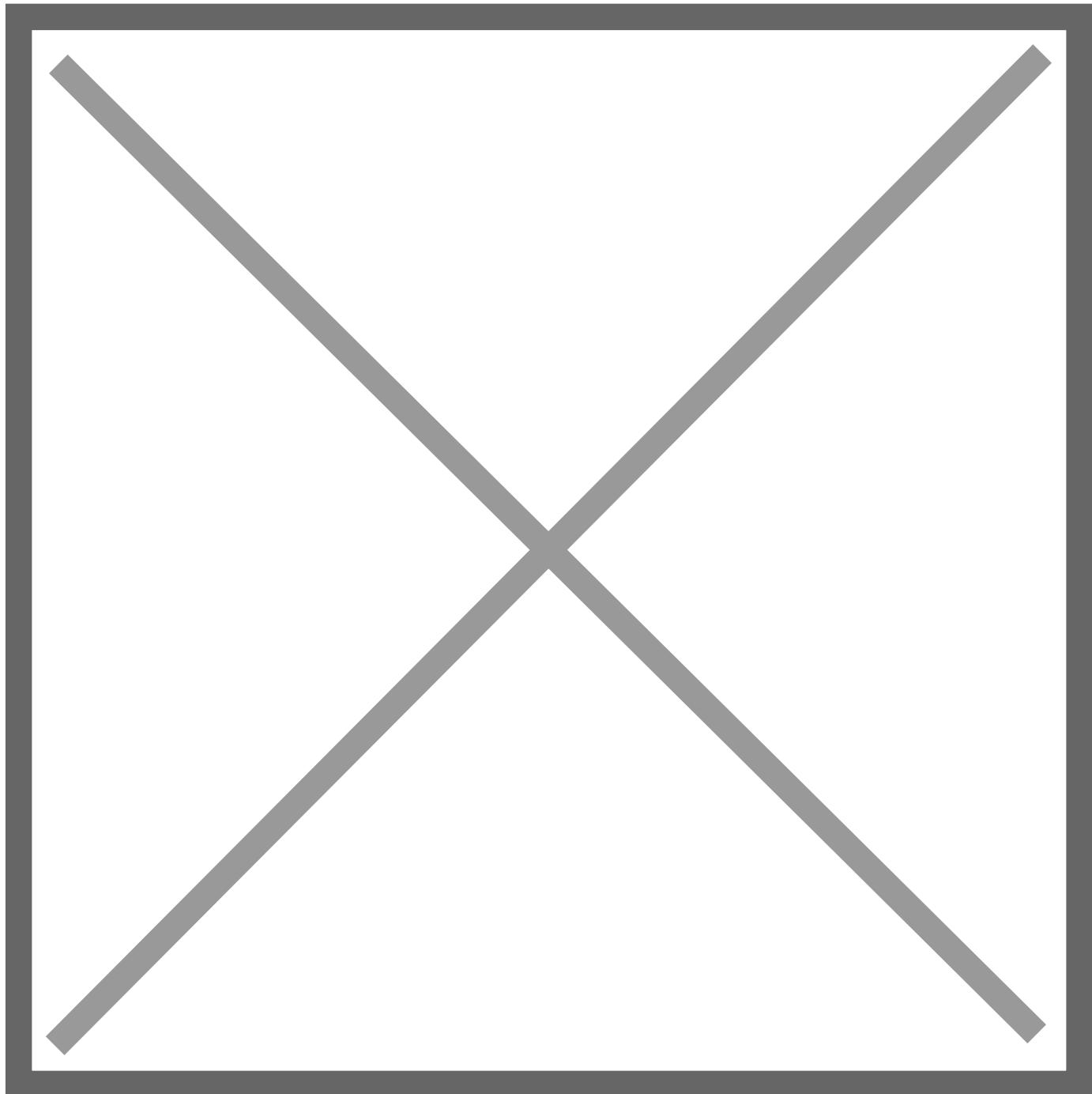
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Indicence per 100,000

## Rakovina ledvin

MuÅ¾i, 2022



vÄek:

20+

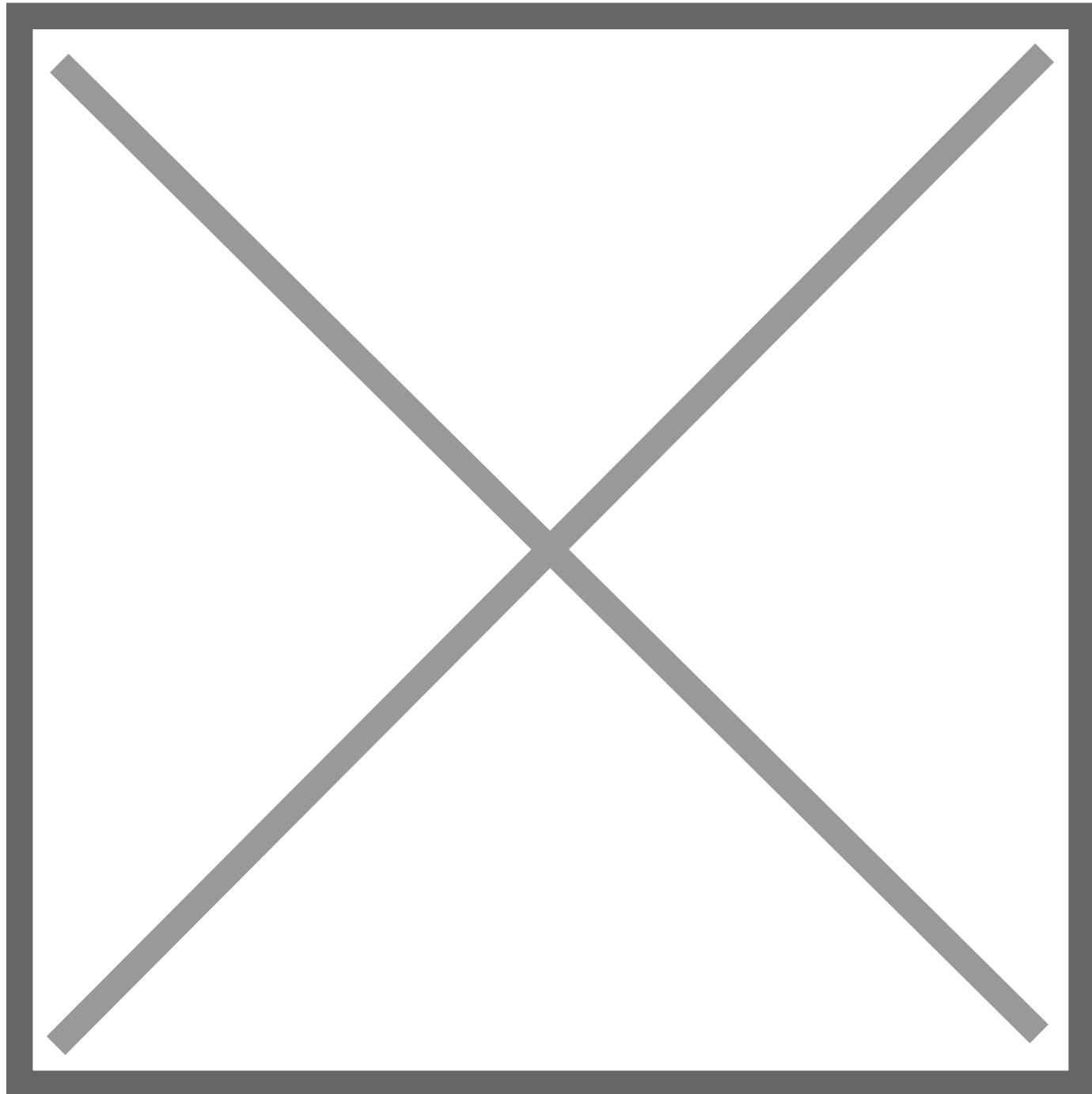
PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

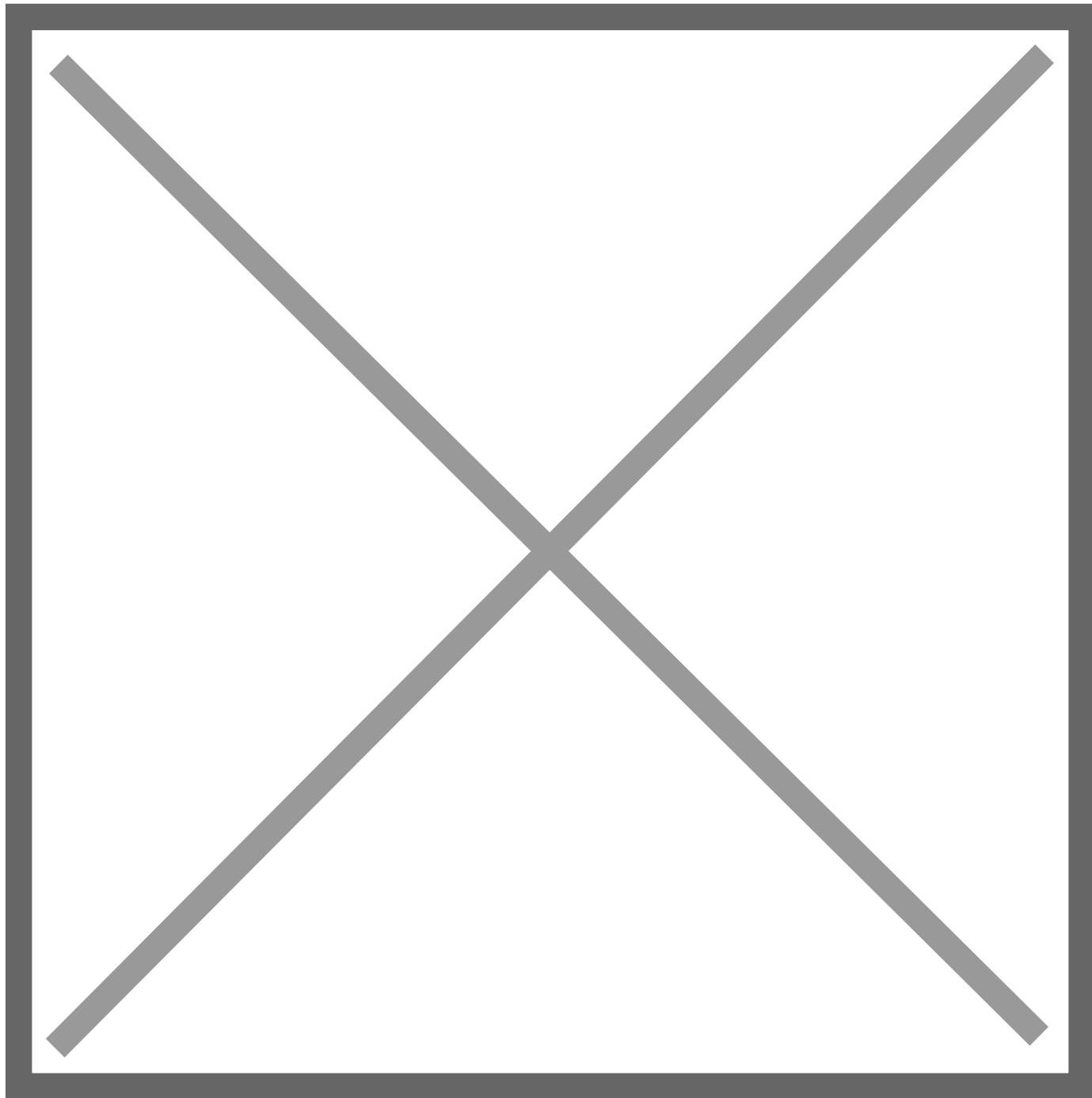
NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÅ dispozici  
pouze  
vÅ angliÄ  
tinÄ):

Incidence per 100,000

**Rakovina dÄí lohy****Å¹ízeny, 2022****vÄí k:**

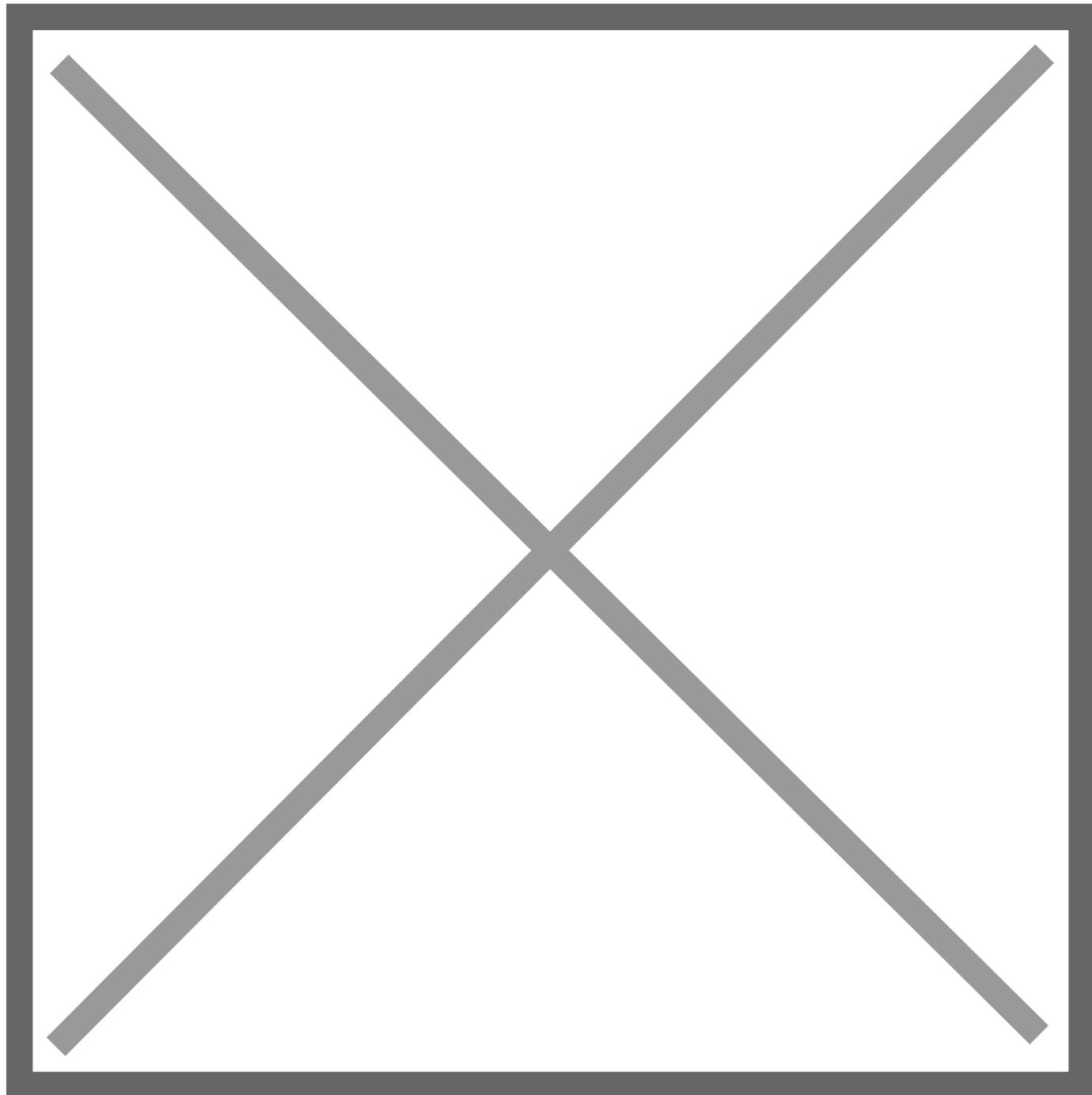
20+

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÂ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÄ  
tinÄ):

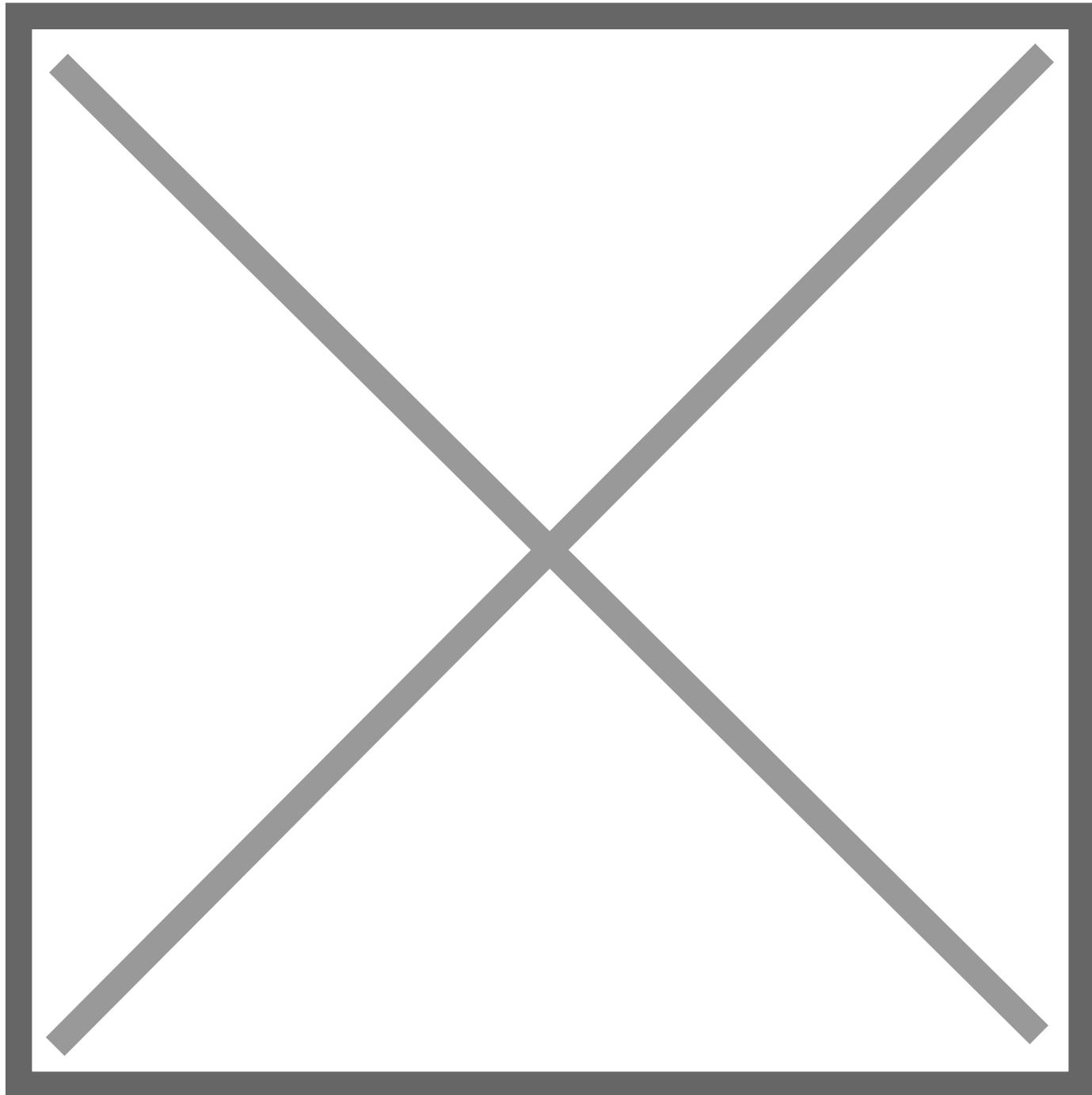
Incidence per 100,000

**ZvÄ½Å¡enÄ½ krevnÄ tlak****DospÄ® IÄ, 2015****Reference:**

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

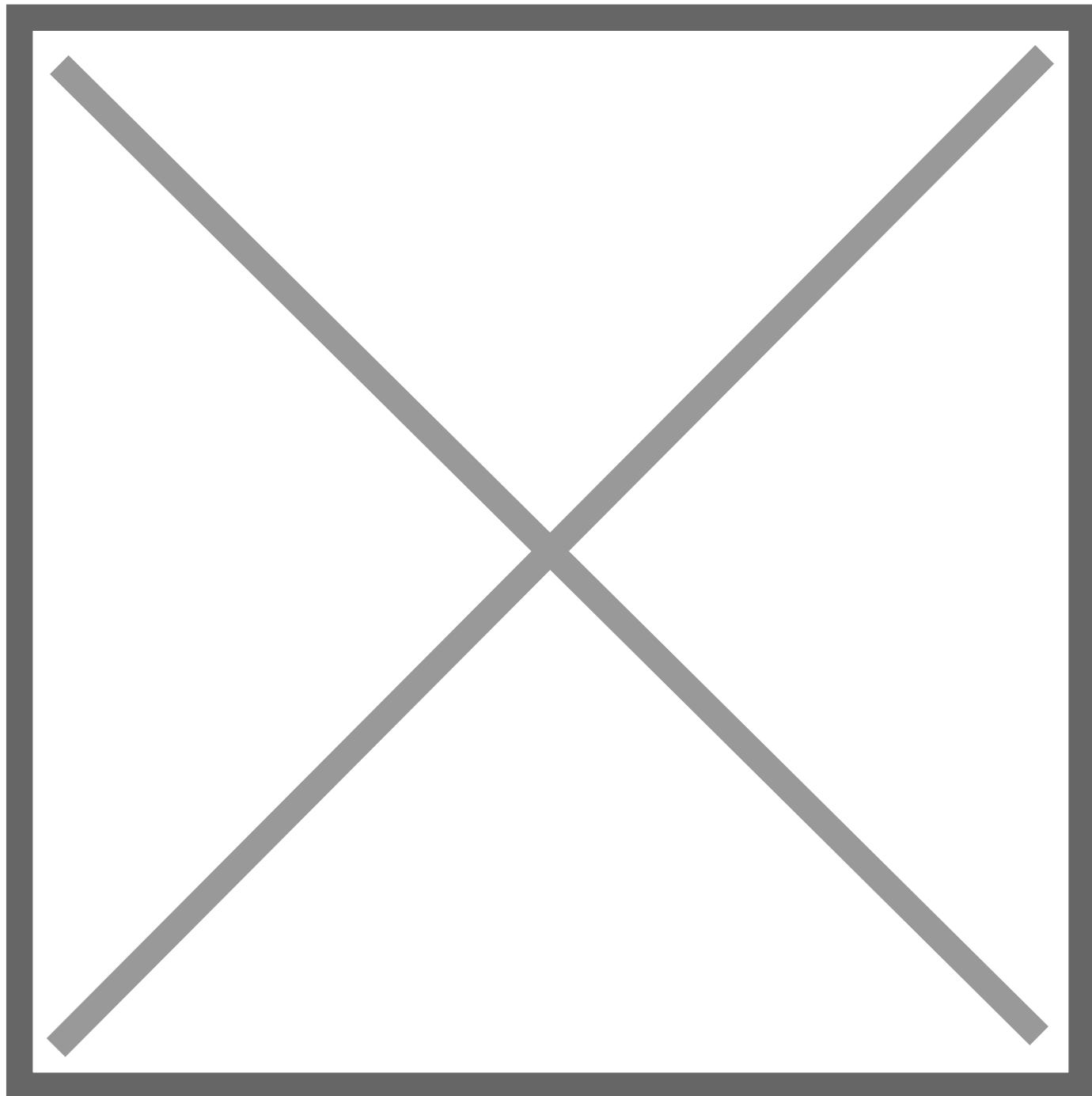
Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).

**MuÅ¾i, 2015****Reference:**

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ©  
tinÄ):**

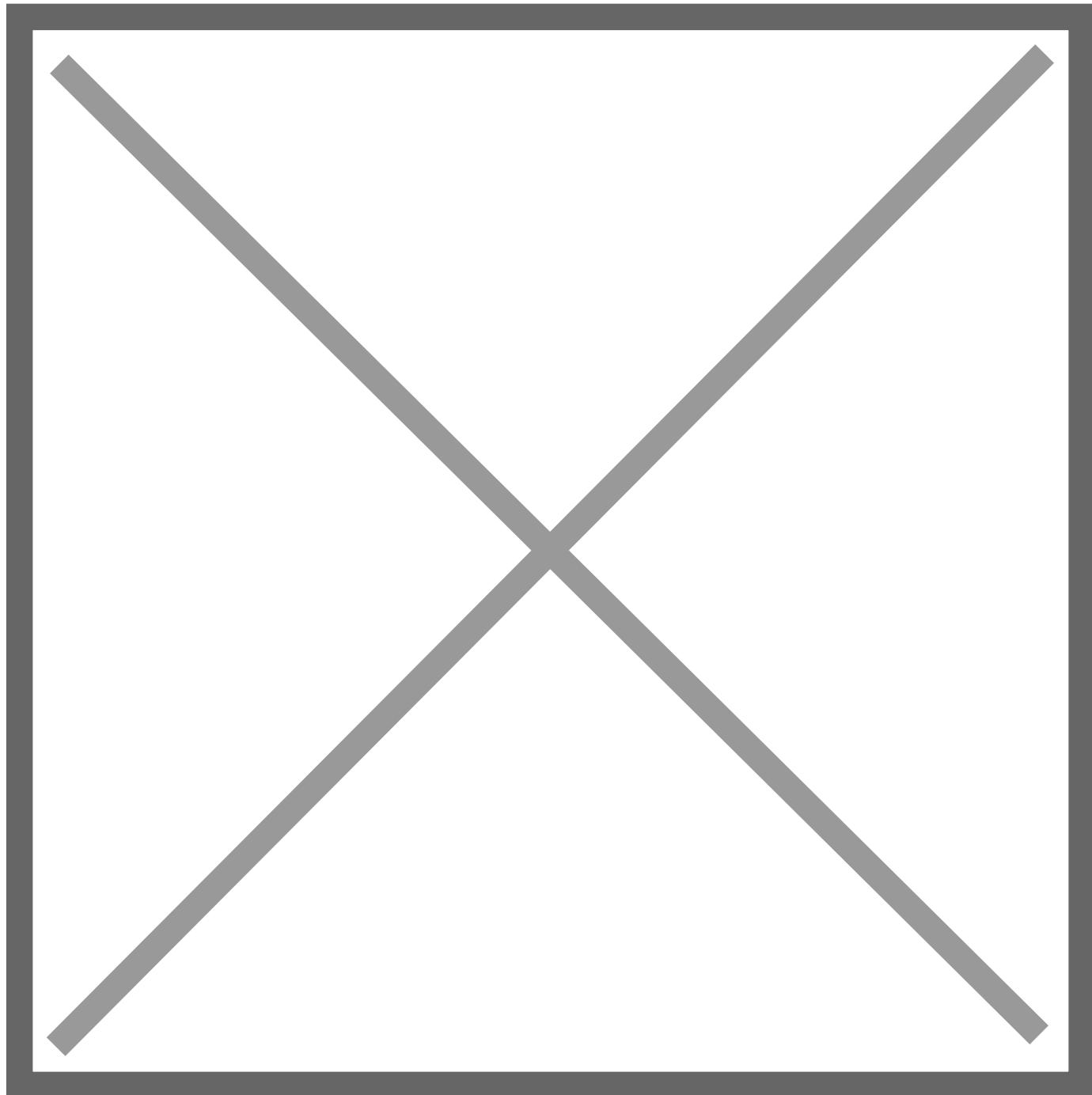
Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).

**Å¹eny, 2015****Reference:**

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

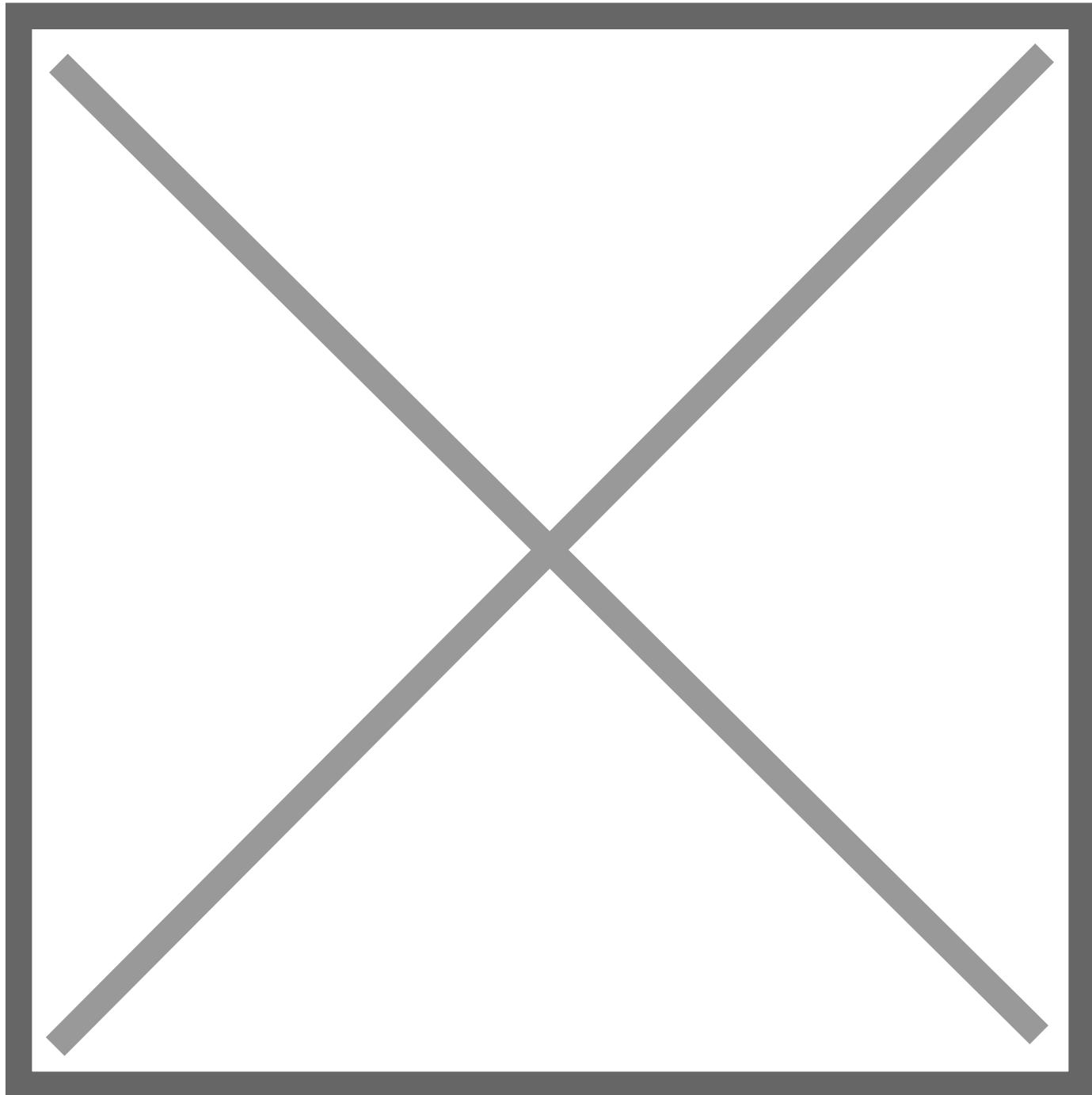
**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÃ©  
tinÄ):**

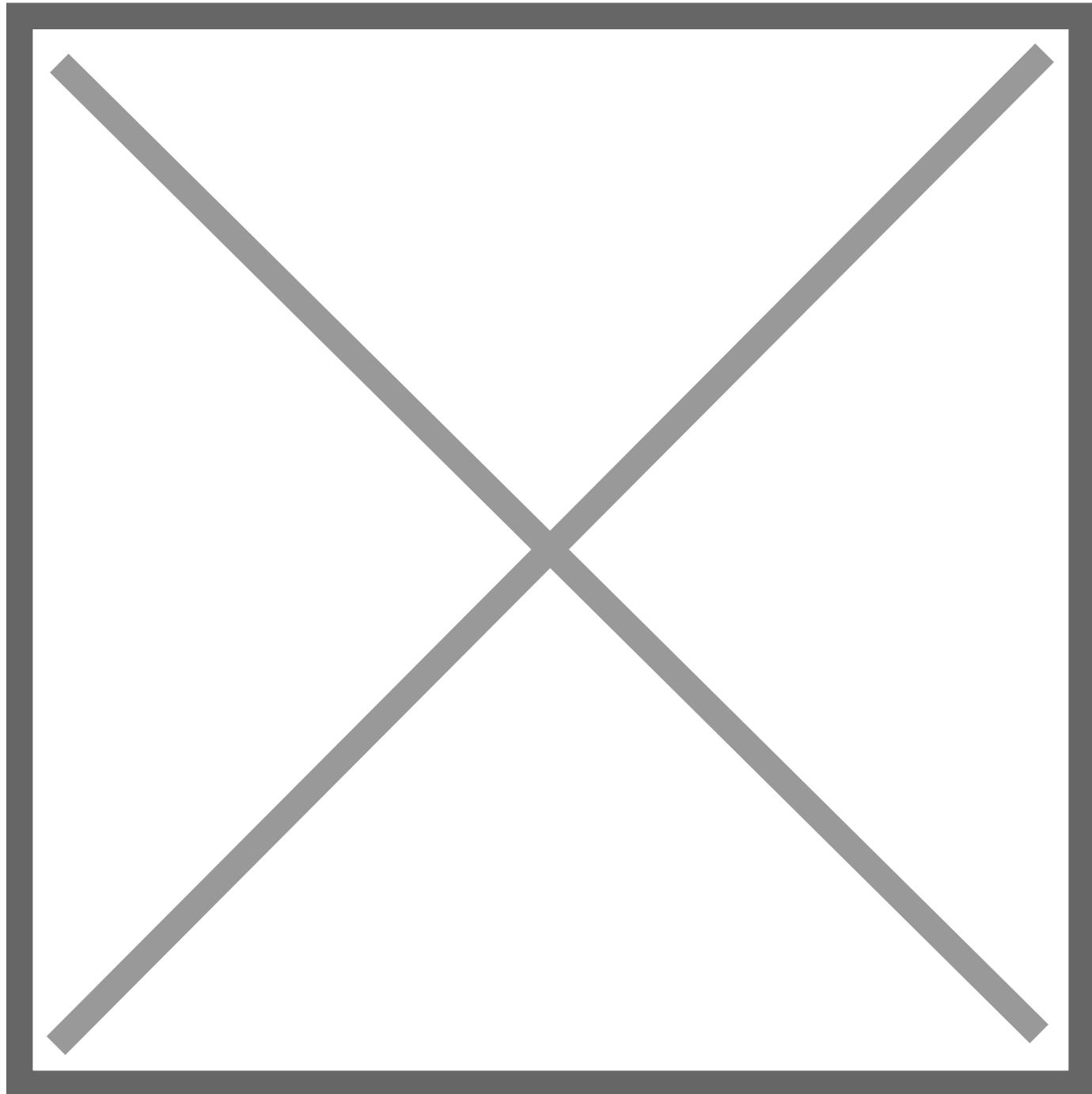
Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).

**ZvÄ½enÄ½ cholesterol****DospÄí ľA, 2008****Reference:**Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885>

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

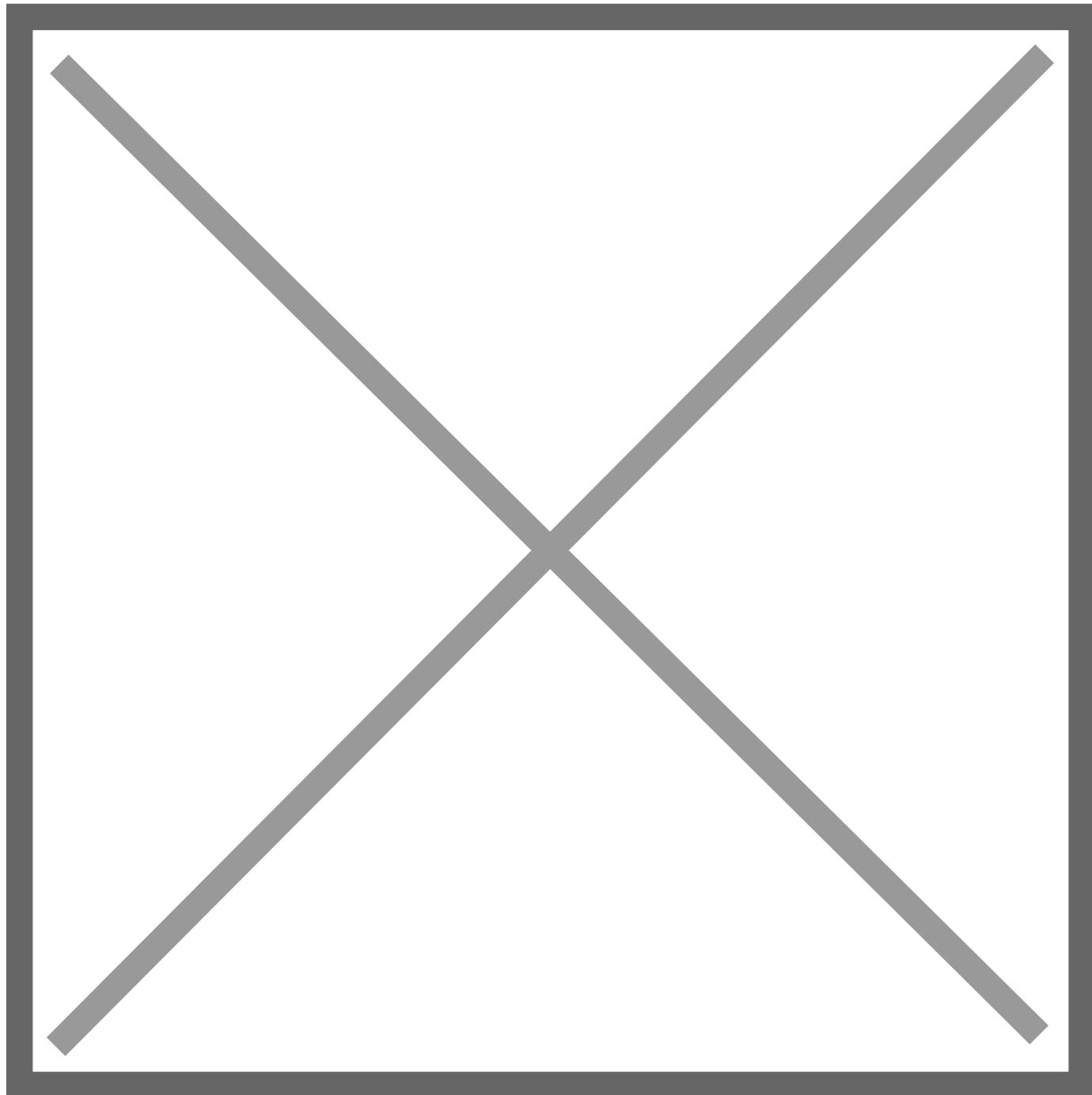
% Raised total cholesterol ( $\geq 5.0$  mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

**MuÅ¾i, 2008****Reference:**Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885>**Definice  
(kÅ dispozici  
pouze  
vÅ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**% Raised total cholesterol ( $\geq 5.0$  mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

**Å¹eny, 2008****Reference:**Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885>**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÃ©  
tinÃ©):**% Raised total cholesterol ( $\geq 5.0$  mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

## ZvÄ½enÄ¡ hladina glukÄ³zy v krvi nalaÄno

MuÅ¾i, 2014

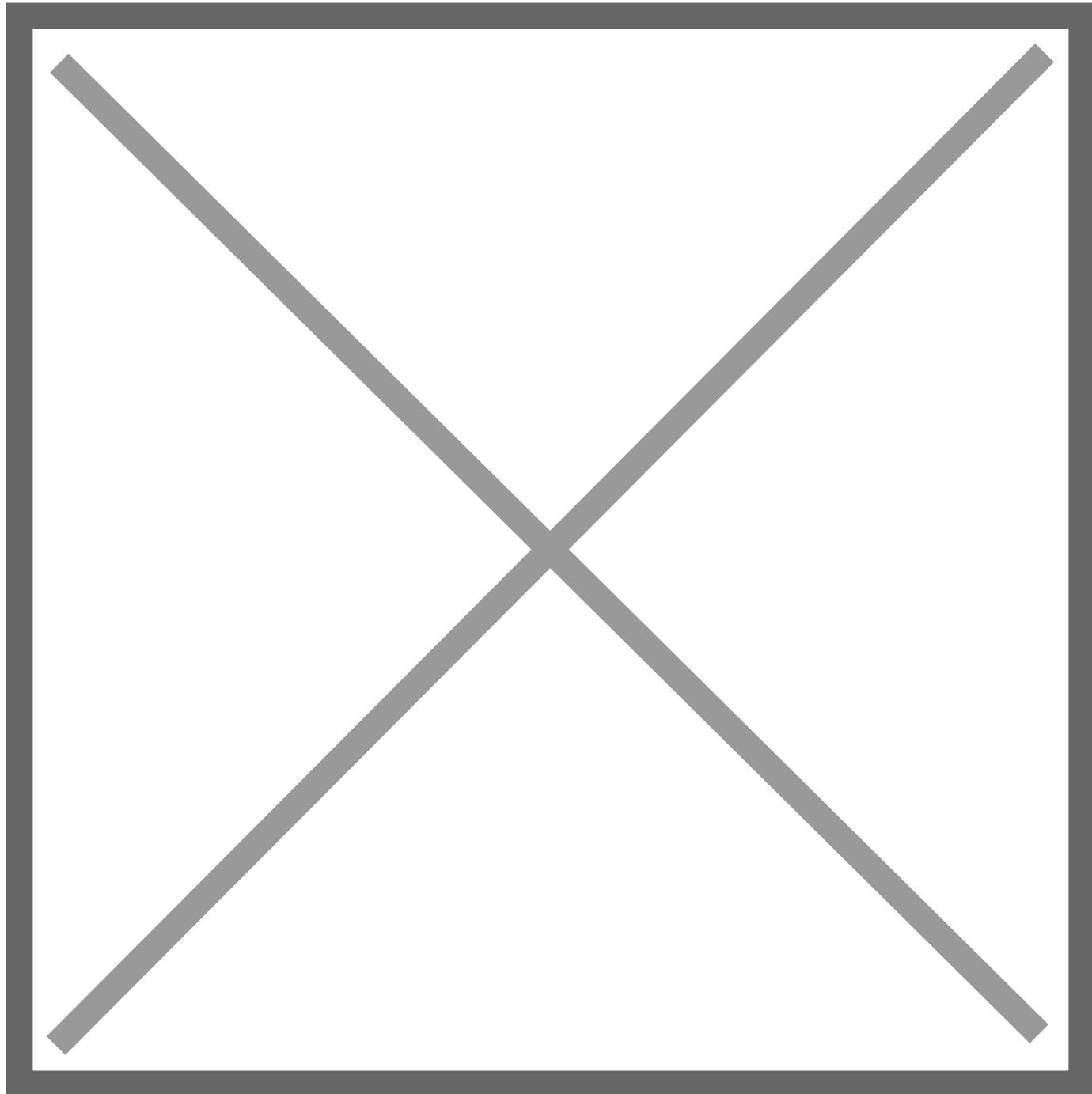


Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en>

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose ( $\geq 7.0$  mmol/L or on medication).

**Å¹eny, 2014****Reference:**

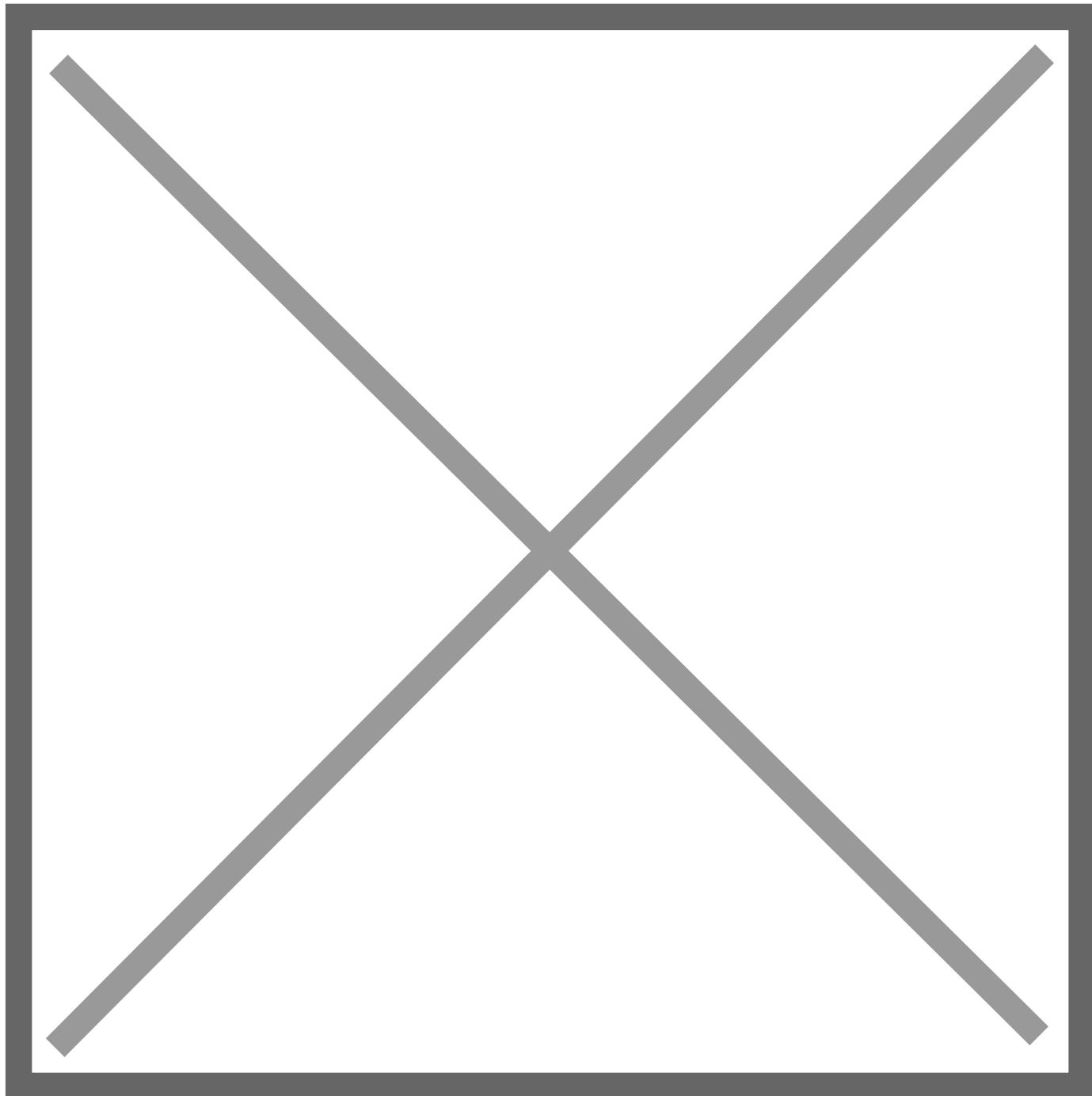
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,  
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en>

**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢):**

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose ( $\geq 7.0$  mmol/L or on medication).

## Prevalence diabetu

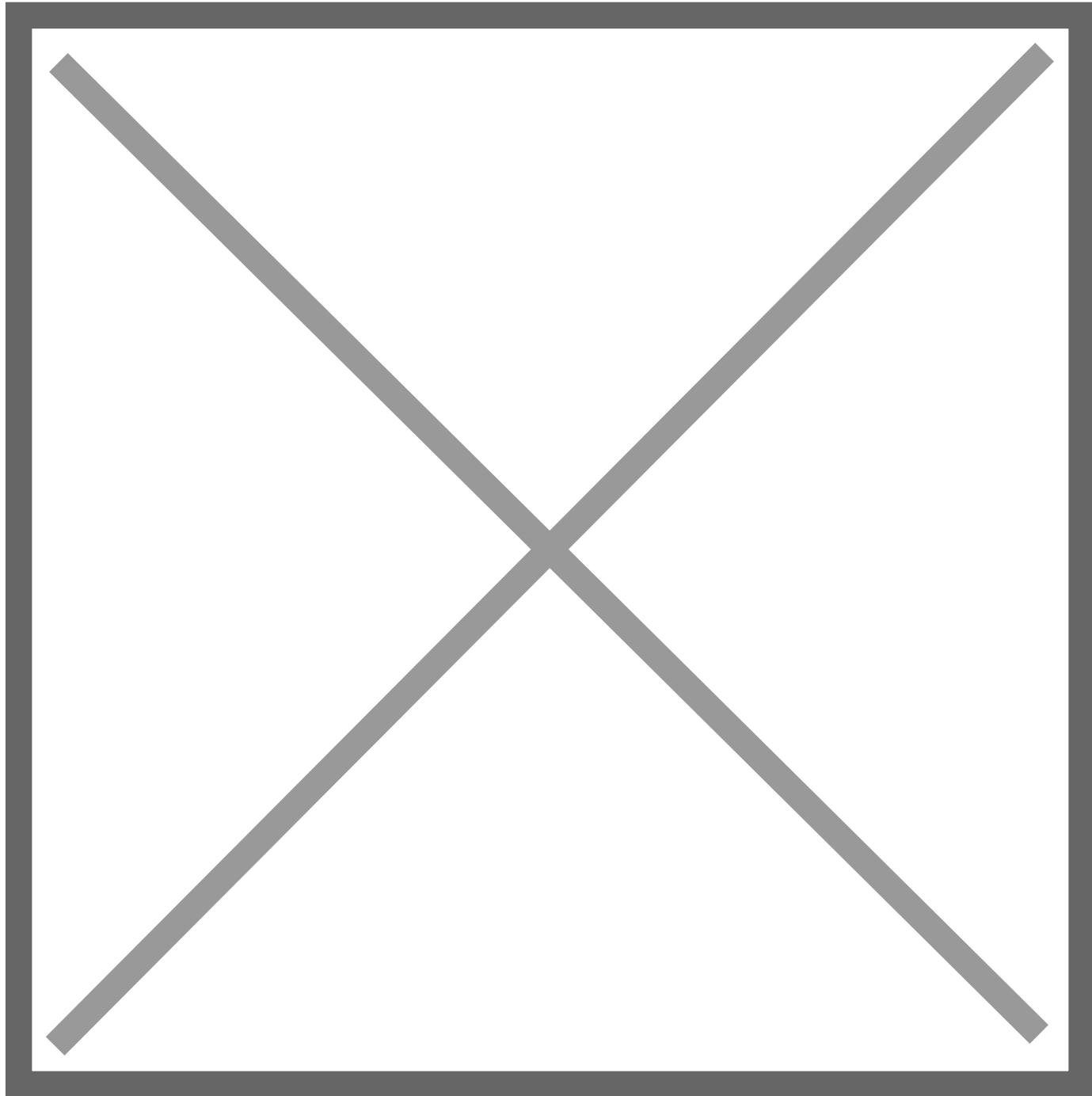
Dospělých, 2024

**Reference:**

Reproduced with kind permission International Diabetes Federation. IDF Diabetes Atlas, 11th edn. Brussels, Belgium:International Diabetes Federation, 2025. <http://www.diabetesatlas.org>

## Ovarian Cancer

Å¹eny, 2022



vÄ k:

20+

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Incidence per 100,000

## Leukemia

### MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÄÅ k:

20+

PokrytÃ; oblast:

NÄ;rodnÃ;

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÅ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ;  
tinÄ; ):

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÄ uvedeno jinak, nadvÄ;ha znamenÄ; BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÂ², obezita znamenÄ; BMI vyÅ;jiÅ neÅ¾ 30Å kg/mÂ².*

## Å¹eny, 2022

4

3

2

1

0



vÄek:

20+

PokrytÃ¡ oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

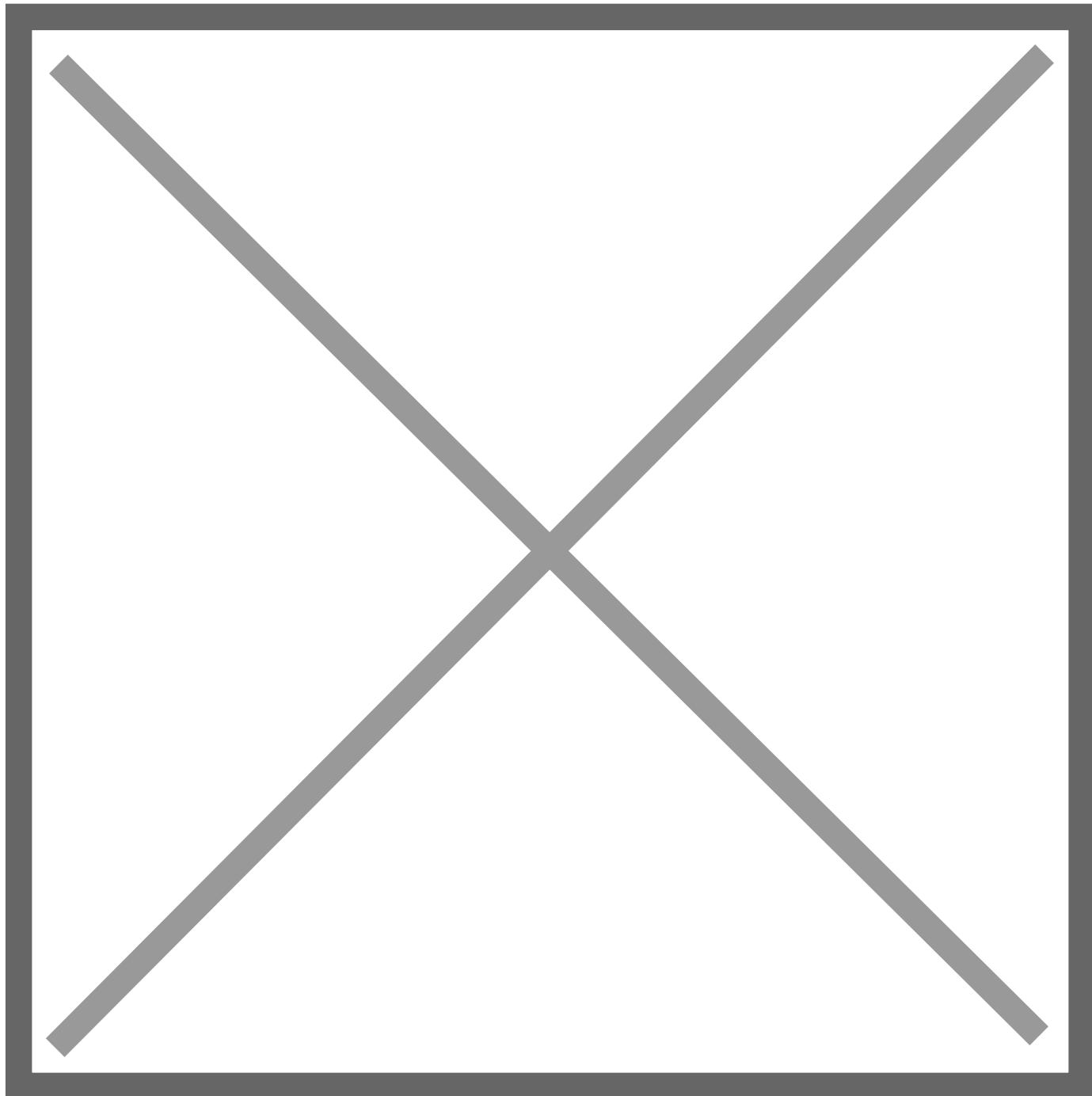
Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¡ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¡ angliÃ©  
tinÄ):

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÄ uvedeno jinak, nadvÄha znamenÄí BMI mezi 25 aÄ 29,9 kg/mÂ², obezita znamenÄí BMI vyÅ¡ej; neÅ¾ 30 kg/mÂ².*

**Leukemia****MuÅ¾i, 2022****vÄek:**

20+

**PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:**

NÄ¡rodnÄ

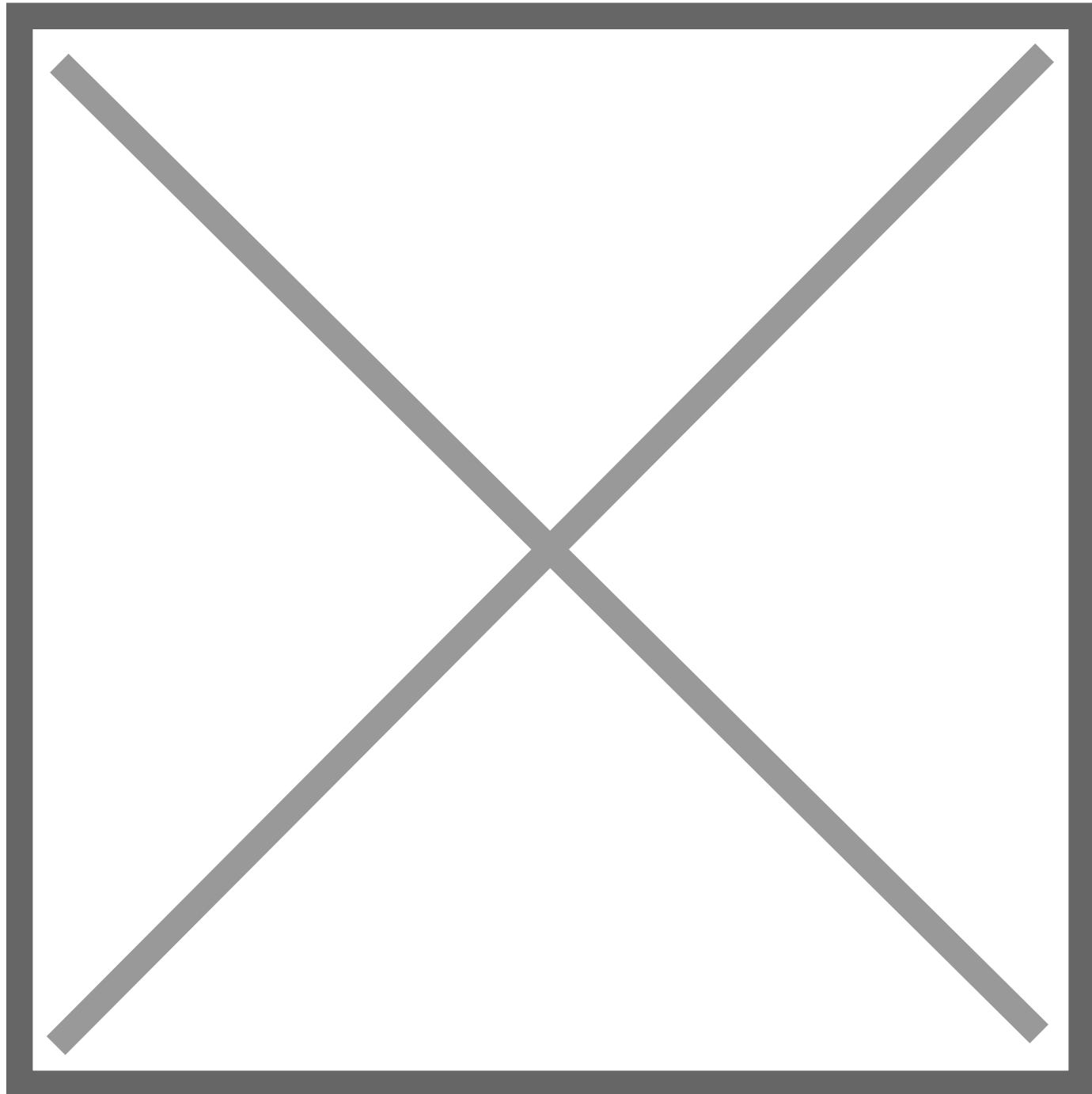
**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÄ uvedeno jinak, nadvÄ;ha znamenÄ; BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÂ², obezita znamenÄ; BMI vyÅ;Å; neÅ¾ 30Å kg/mÂ².*

Å¹eny, 2022



VÄ¶ k:

20+

PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

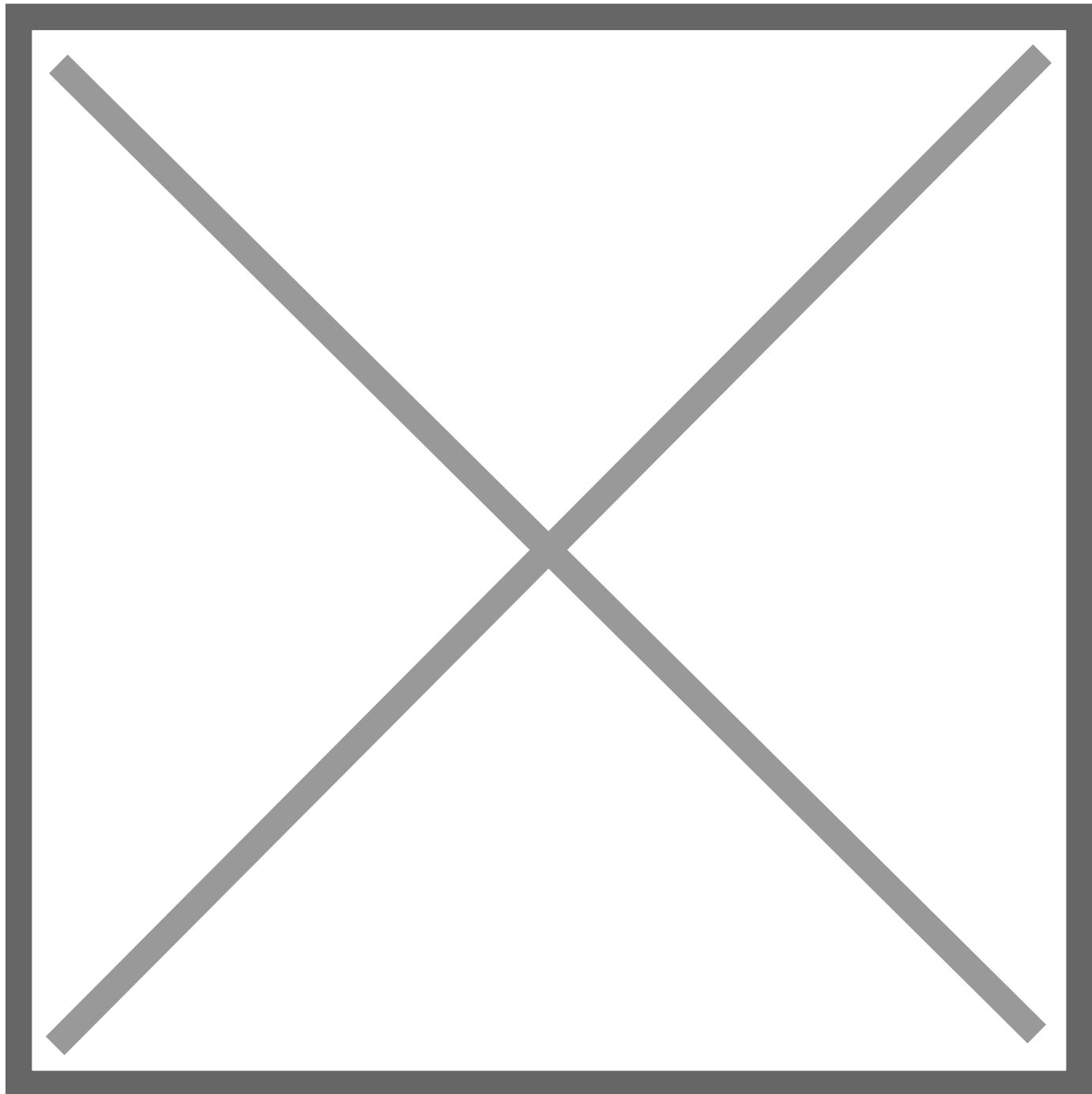
**Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):**

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÃ¢ uvedeno jinak, nadvÃ¡ha znamenÃ¡; BMI mezi 25 aÃ¢ 29,9 kg/mÃ², obezita znamenÃ¡; BMI vyÃ¡j; neÃ¾ 30 kg/mÃ².*

## Liver and intrahepatic bile duct Cancer

MuÅ¾i, 2022



vÄek:

20+

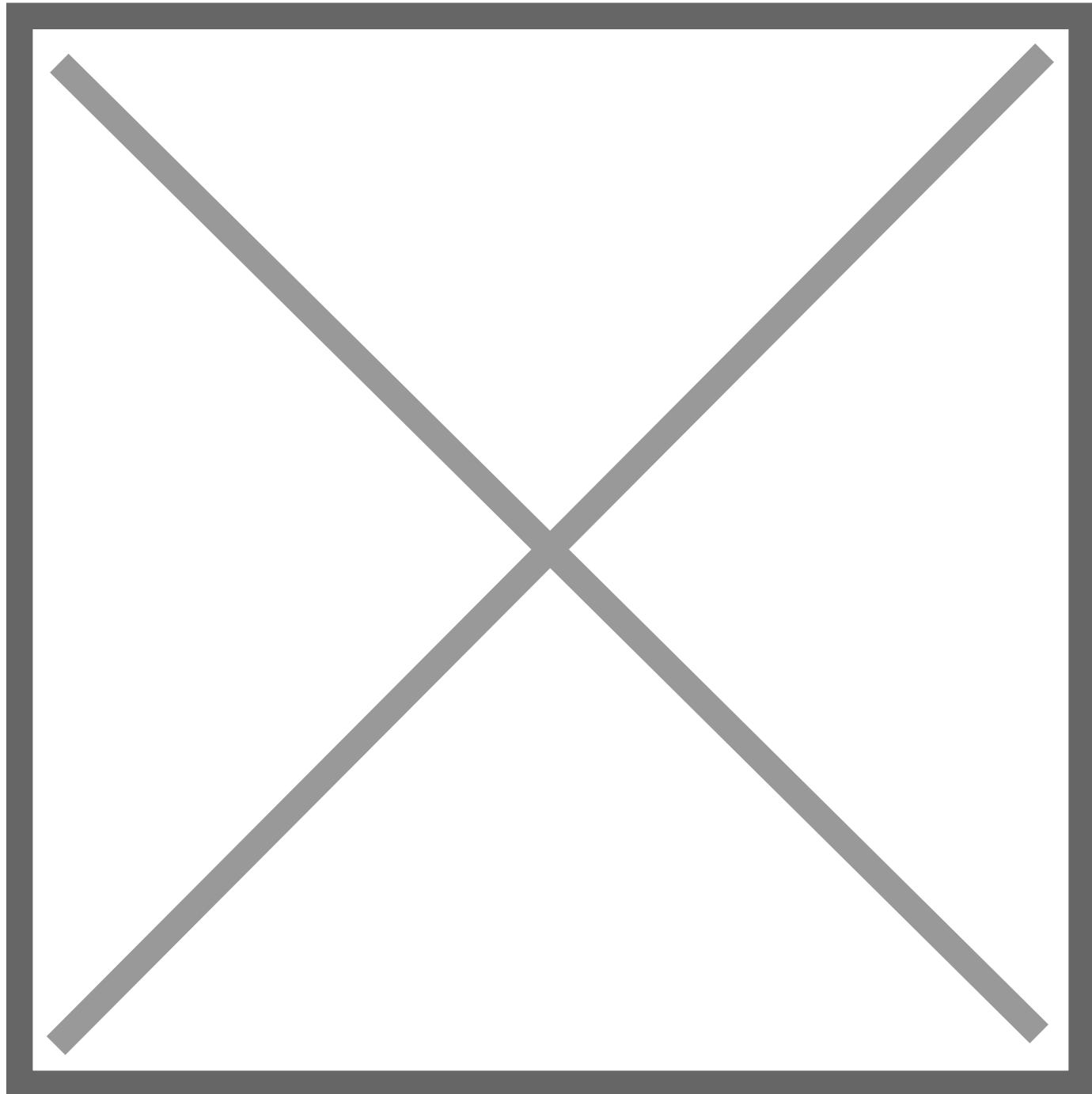
PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

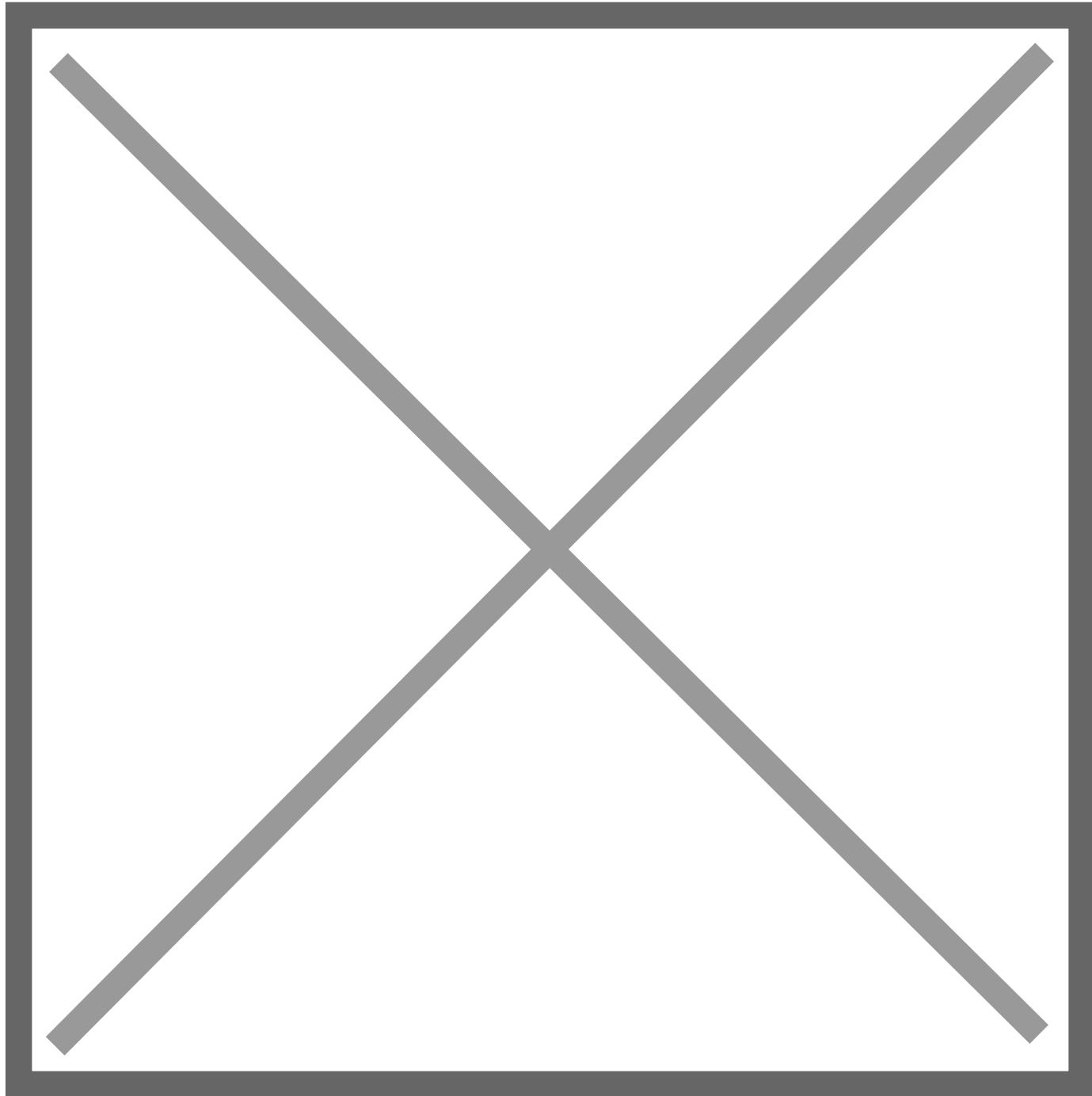
NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Incidence per 100,000

**Multiple Myeloma****MuÅ¾i, 2022****vÄek:**

20+

**PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:**

NÄ¡rodnÄ

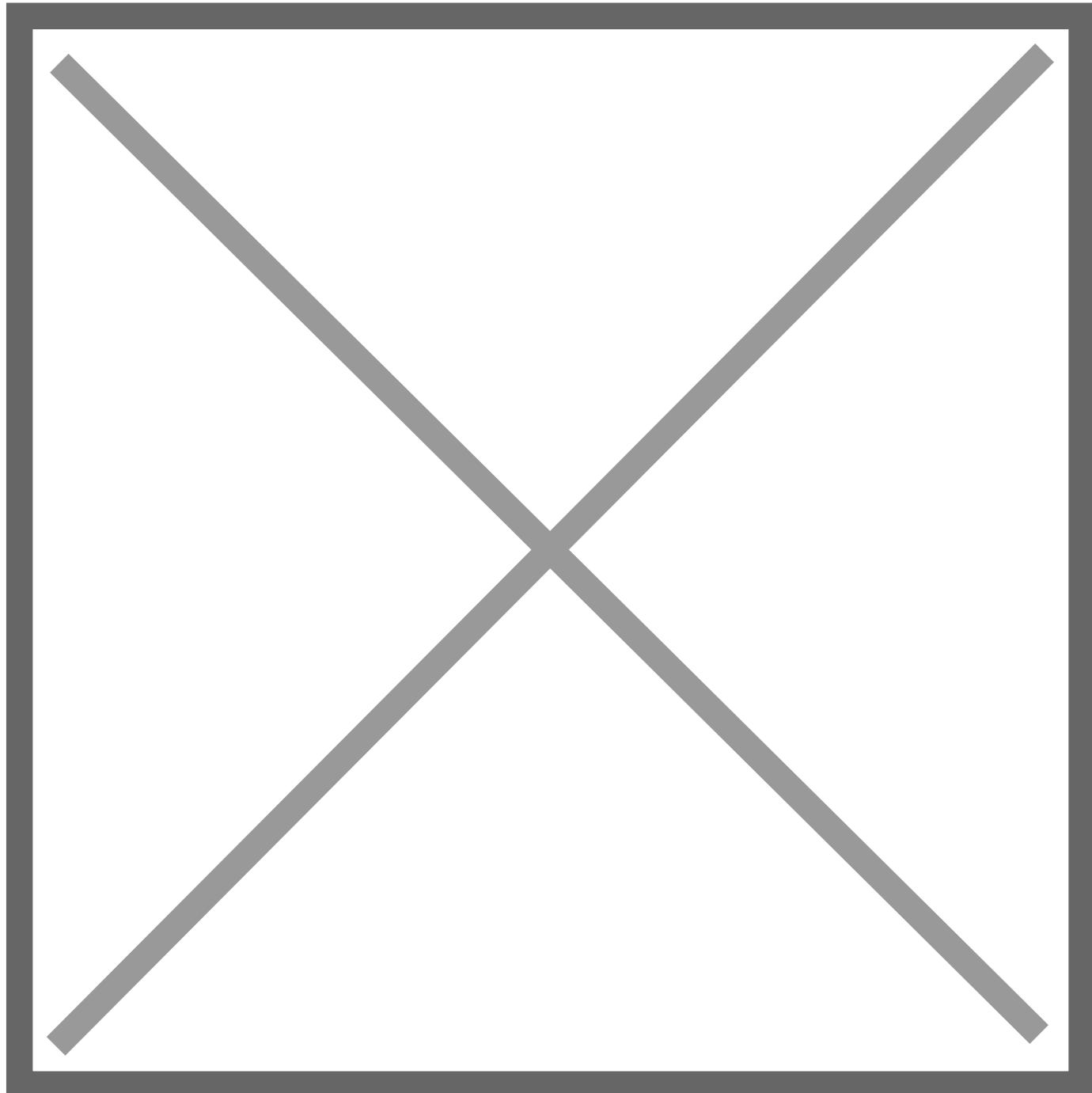
**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Indidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÄ uvedeno jinak, nadvÄ;ha znamenÄ; BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÂ², obezita znamenÄ; BMI vyÅ;Å; neÅ¾ 30Å kg/mÂ².*

Å¹eny, 2022



VÄ¶ k:

20+

PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:

NÃ¡rodnÃ

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

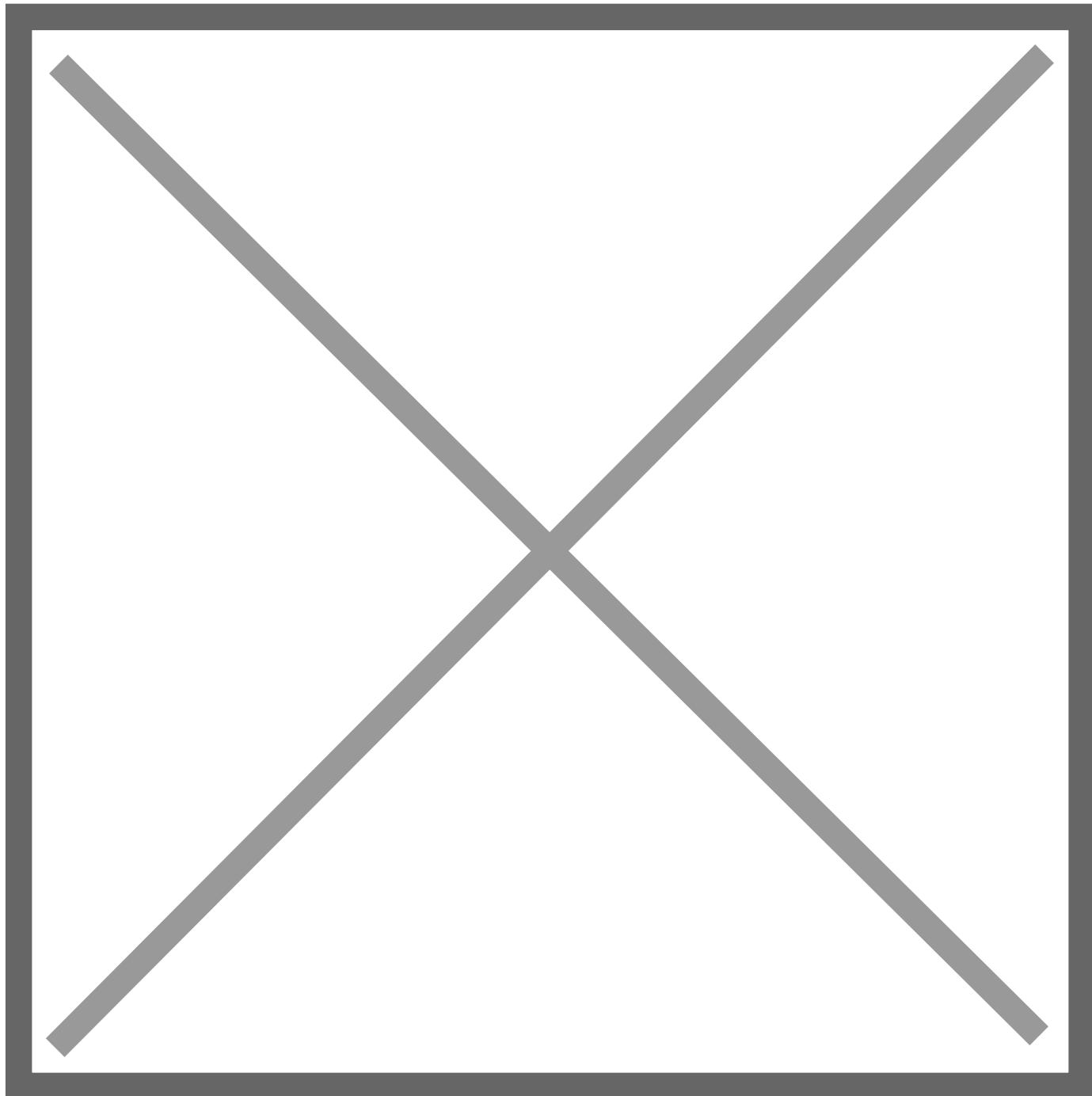
Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Indicence per 100,000

Pokud nenÃ¢ uvedeno jinak, nadvÃ¡ha znamenÃ¡; BMI mezi 25 aÃ¢ 29,9 kg/mÃ², obezita znamenÃ¡; BMI vyÃ¡j;Ã; neÃ¾ 30 kg/mÃ².

## Non Hodgkin Lymphoma

MuÅ¾i, 2022



vÄek:

20+

PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

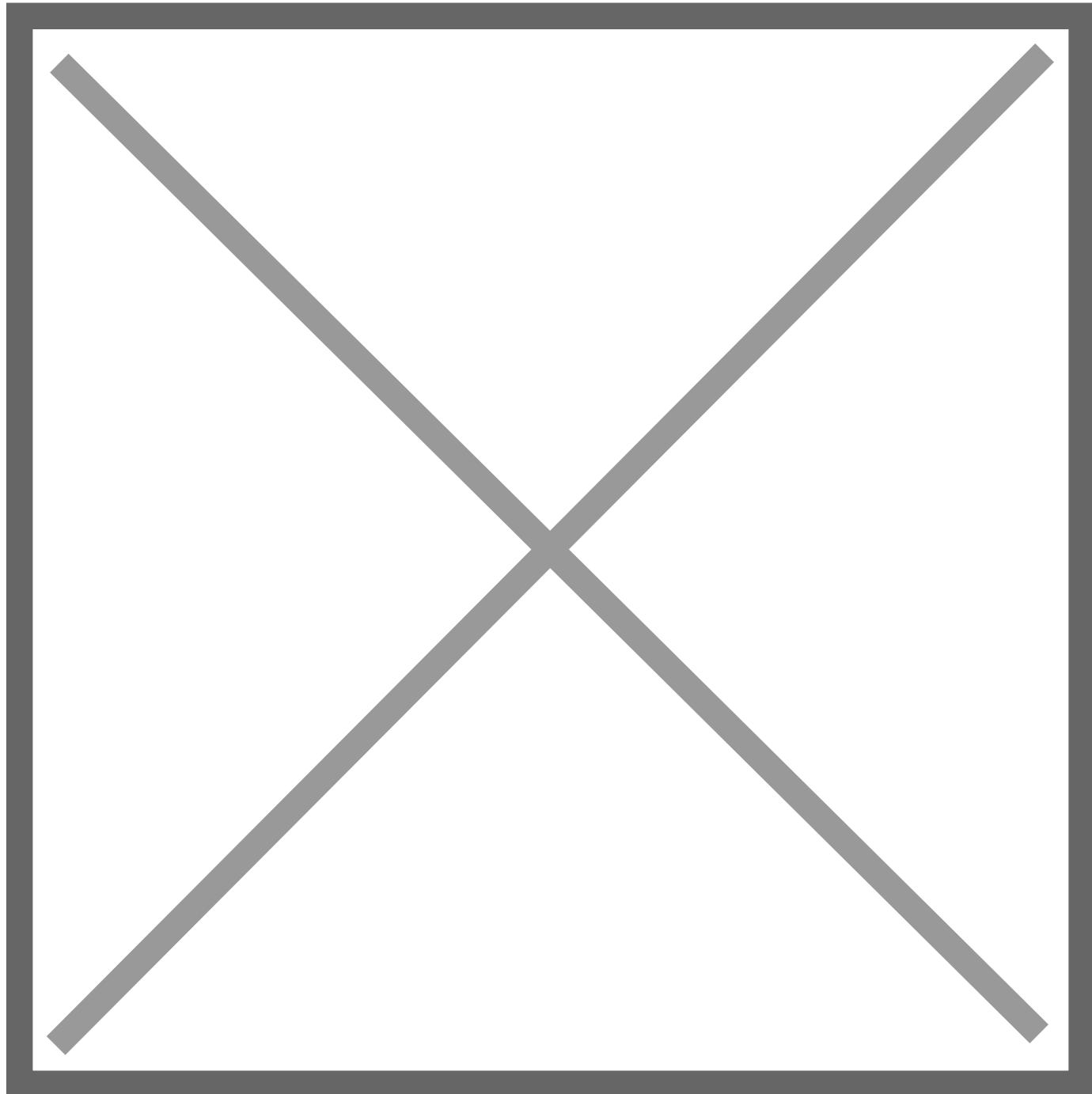
NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÄ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÄ uvedeno jinak, nadvÄ;ha znamenÄ; BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÂ², obezita znamenÄ; BMI vyÅ;Å; neÅ¾ 30Å kg/mÂ².*

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

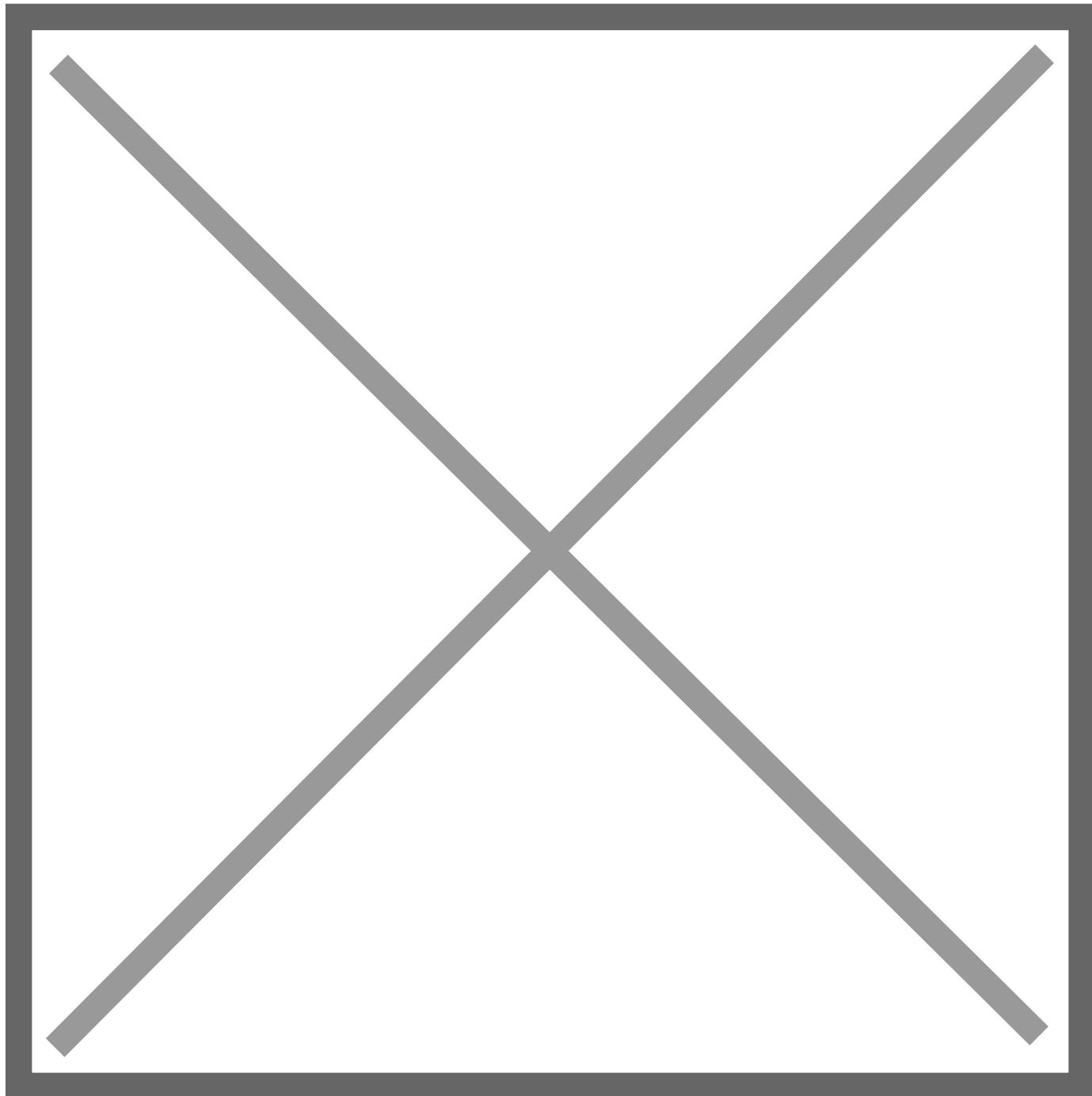
**Definice**  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢):

Incidence per 100,000

*Pokud nenÃ¢ uvedeno jinak, nadvÃ¡ha znamenÃ¢; BMI mezi 25 aÃ¢ 29,9 kg/mÃ², obezita znamenÃ¢; BMI vyÃ¡; neÃ¾ 30 kg/mÃ².*

## Thyroid Cancer

MuÅ¾i, 2022



vÄek:

20+

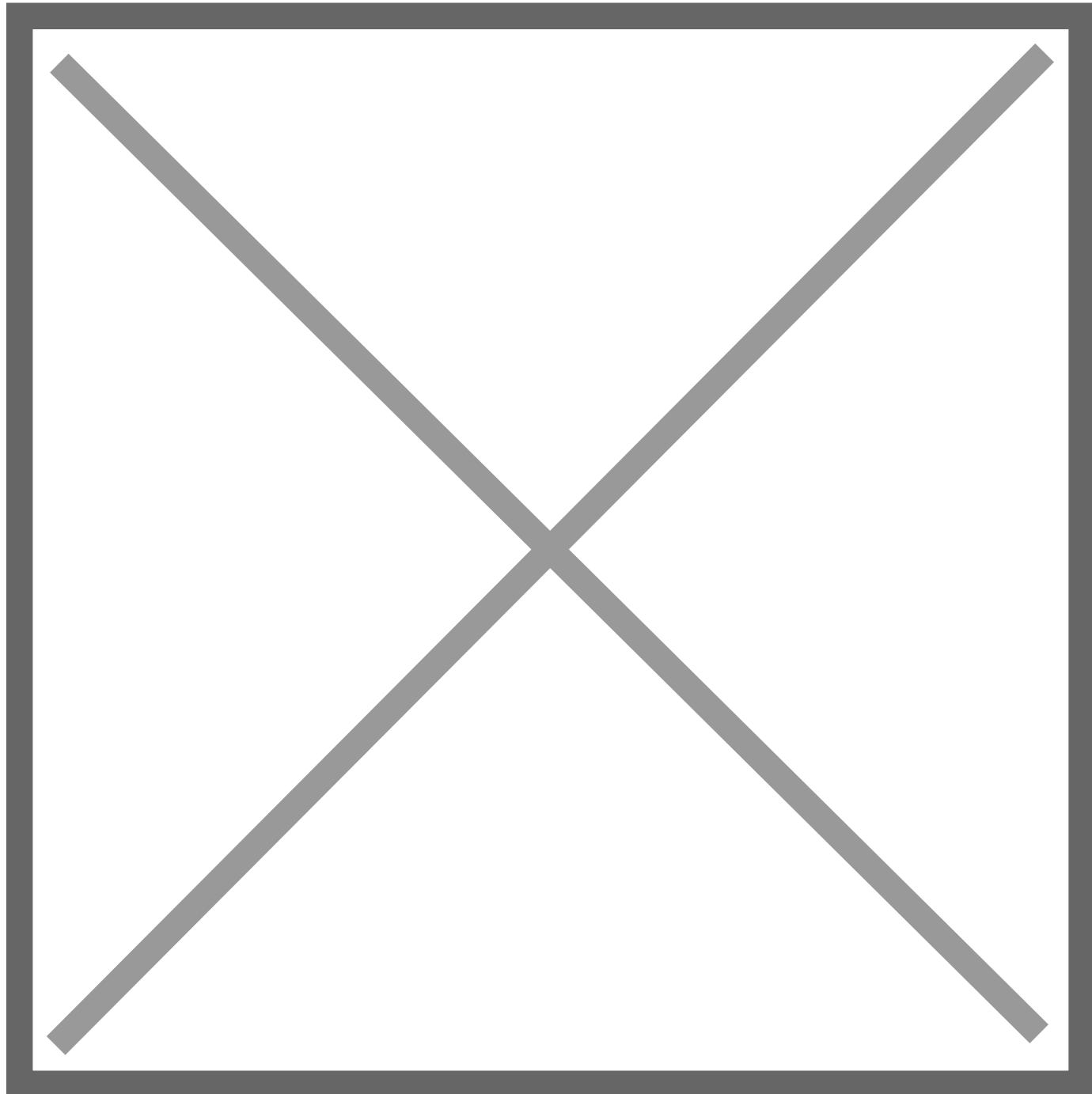
PokrytÄ¡í  
oblast:

NÄ¡rodnÄ

**Reference:** Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice  
(kÄ dispozici  
pouze  
vÂ angliÄ  
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

**Å¹eny, 2022****VÄ¶ k:**

20+

**PokrytÃ¡;  
oblast:**

NÃ¡rodnÃ

**Reference:**

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice  
(kÃ¢ dispozici  
pouze  
vÃ¢ angliÃ¢  
tinÃ¢ ):

Incidence per 100,000

*PDF created on July 16, 2025*