

Drivers Samoa



Lower-middle income

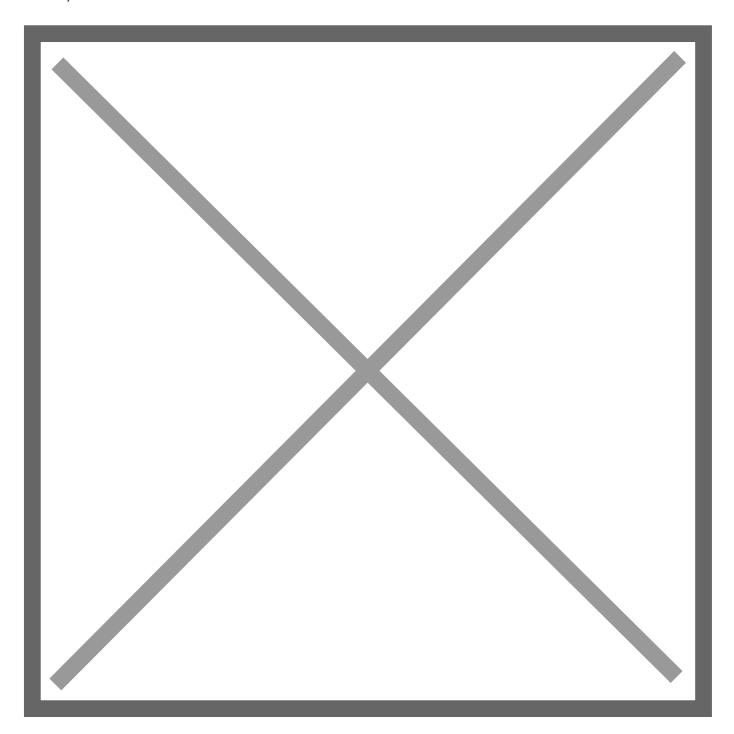
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Insufficient physical activity



Adults, 2022



Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	18+
Area	National
covered:	



References: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022.

Available at https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-

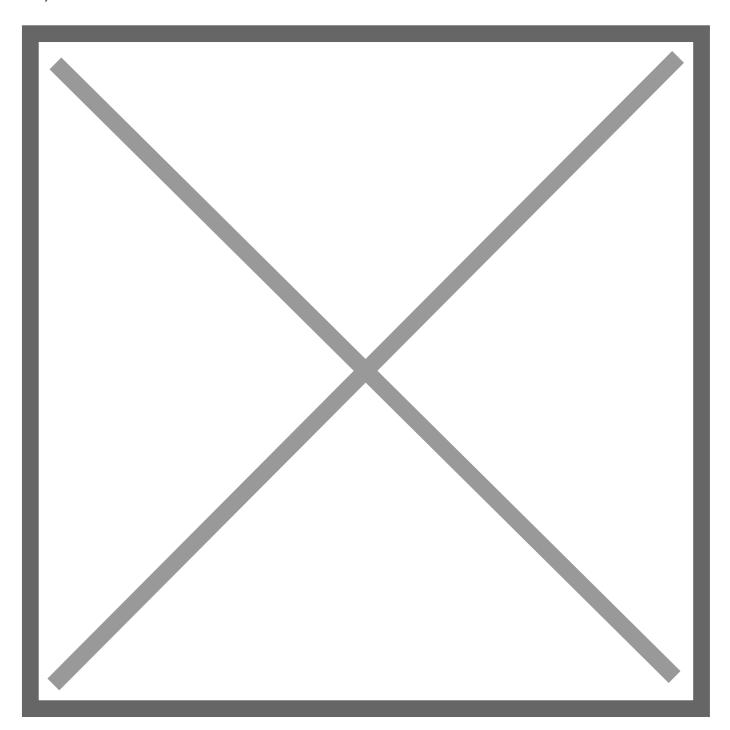
among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-)

Definitions: Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75

minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.



Men, 2022



Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	18+
Area	National
covered:	



References: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022.

Available at https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-

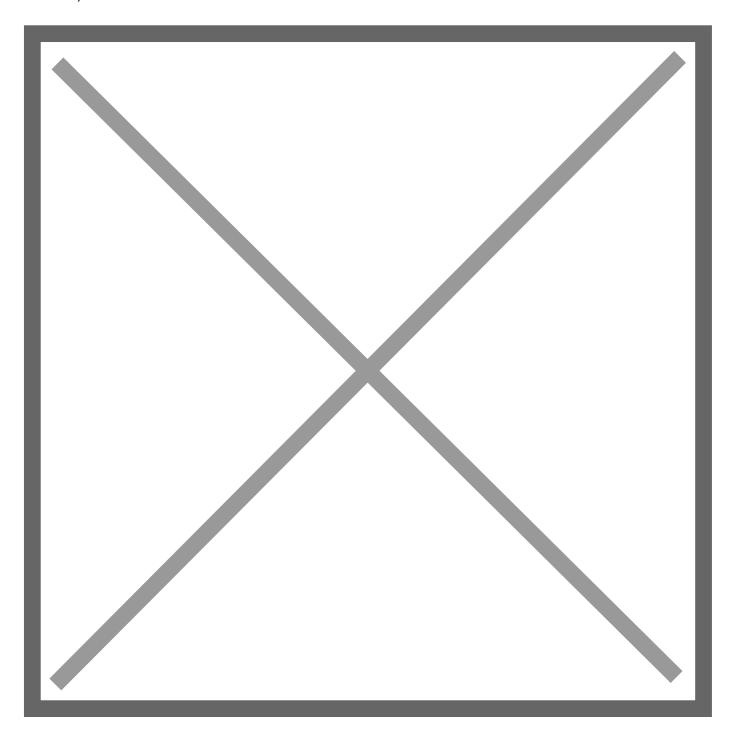
among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-)

Definitions: Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75

minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.



Women, 2022



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	18+
Area covered:	National



References: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022.

Available at https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-

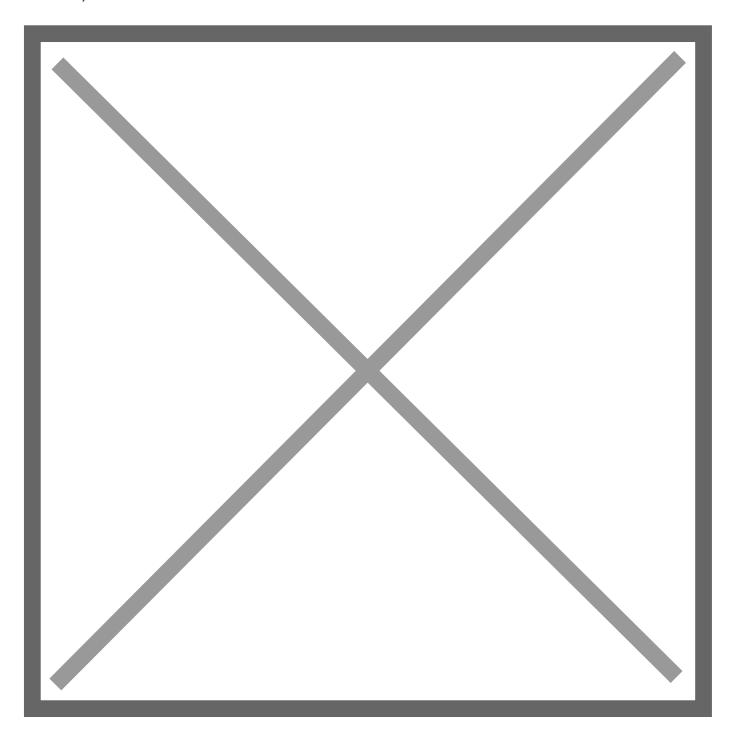
among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-)

Definitions: Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75

minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.



Children, 2016



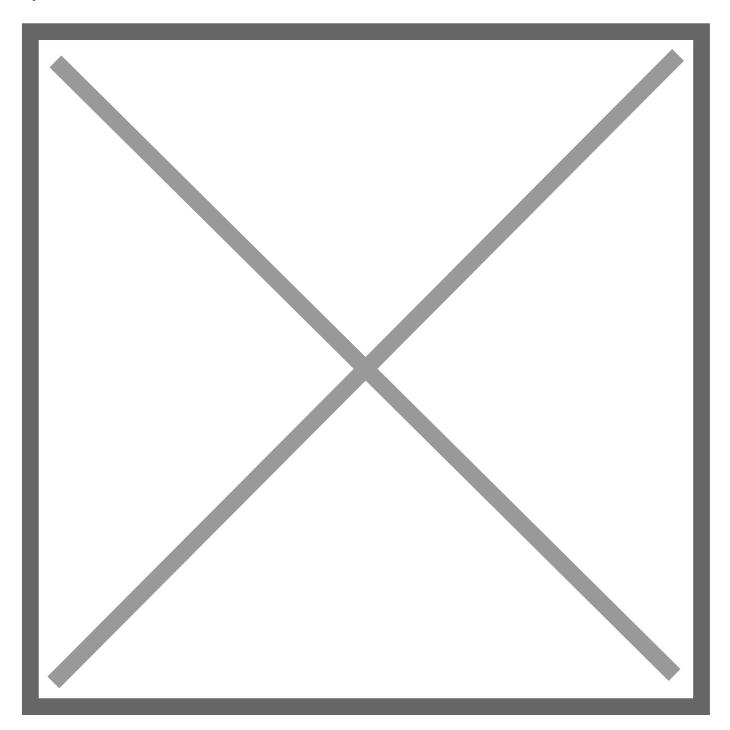
Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17



References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
	https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Boys, 2016



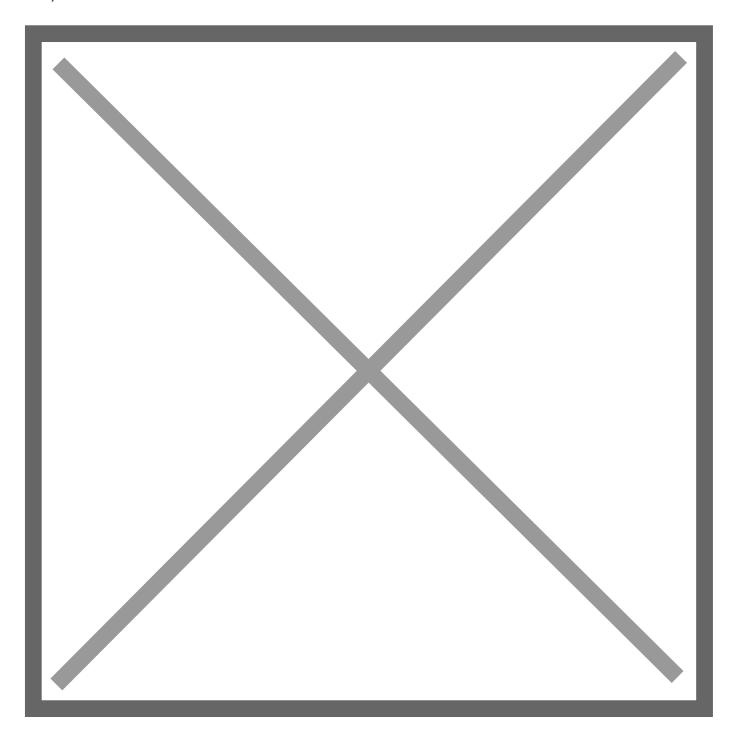
Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17



References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
	https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Girls, 2016



Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17

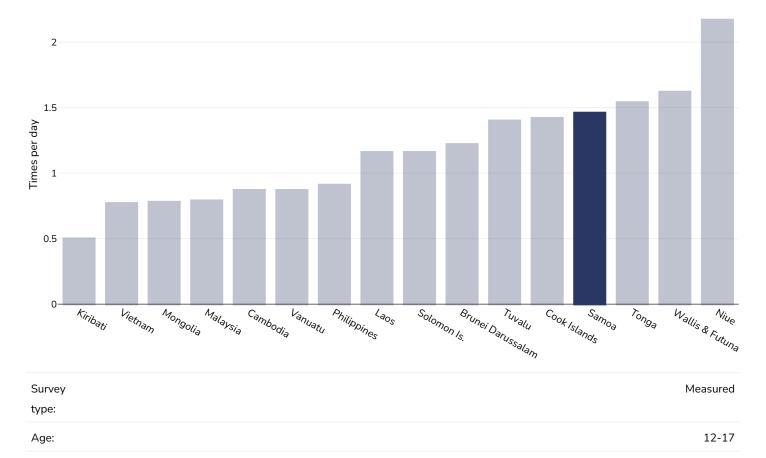


References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
	https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

Children, 2010-2015



References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

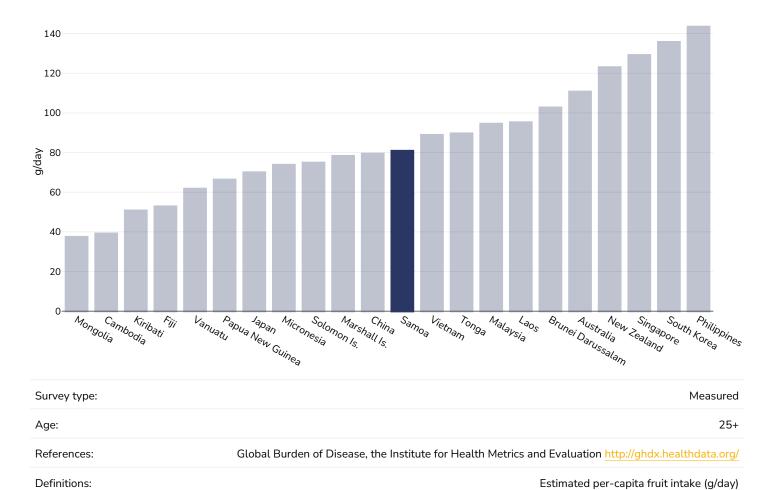
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system



Estimated per capita fruit intake

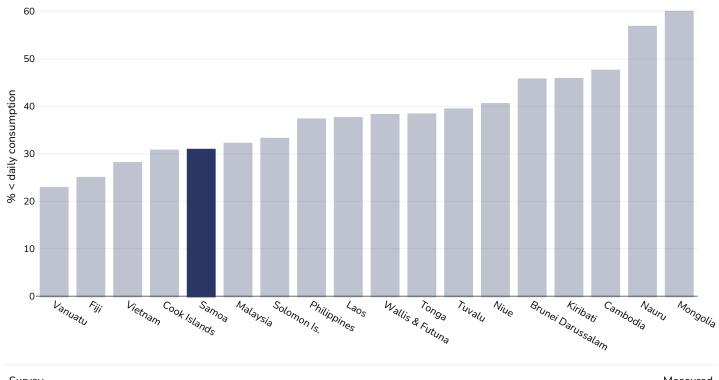
Adults, 2017





Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Survey Measured

type:

Age: 12-17

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

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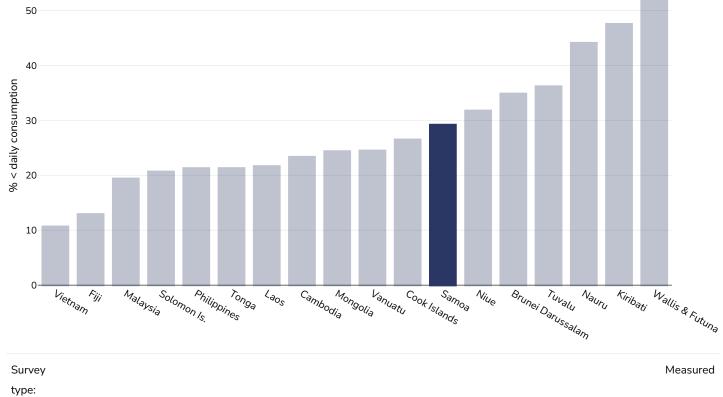
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

Children, 2010-2015



12-17 Age:

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

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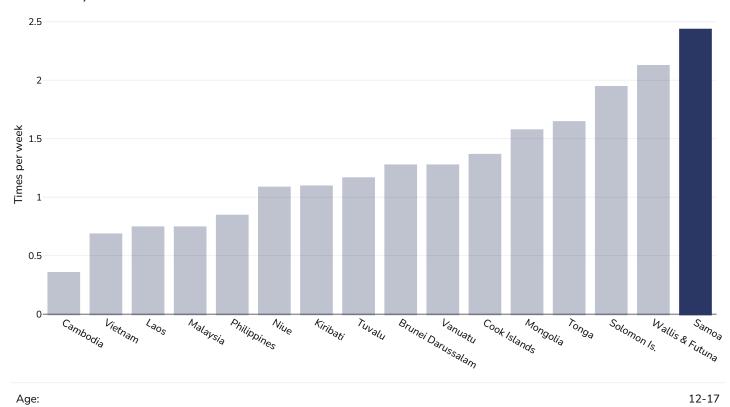
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

Children, 2010-2015



References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

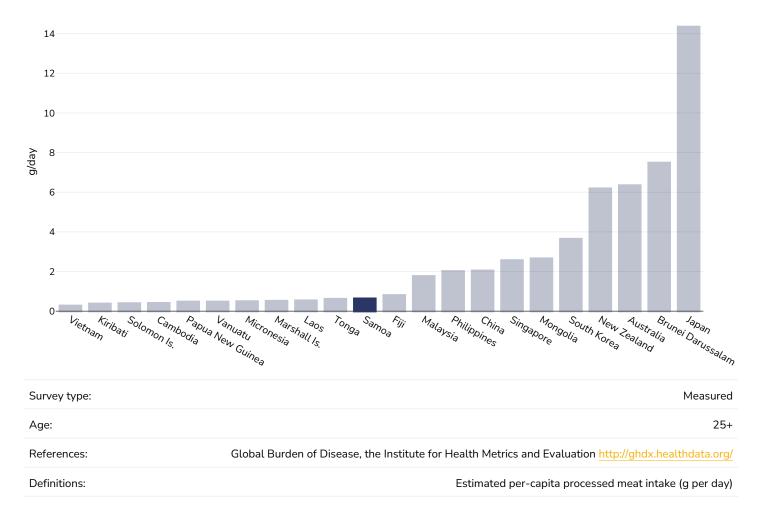
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

 $\underline{\text{http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system}}$



Estimated per-capita processed meat intake

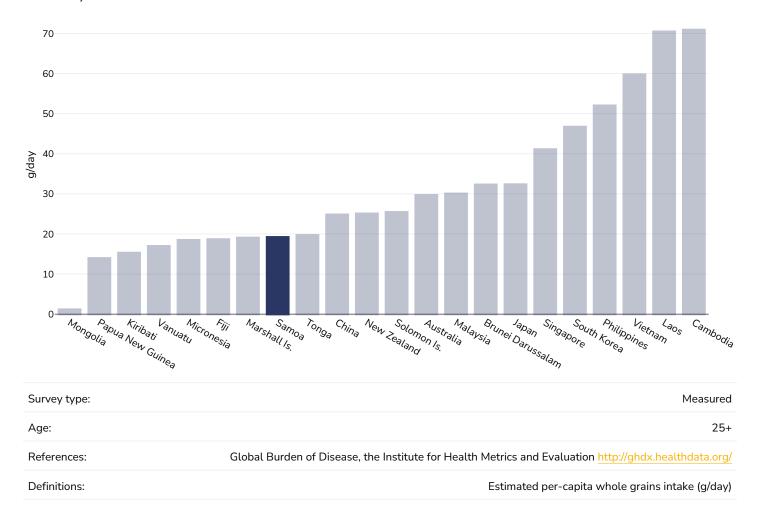
Adults, 2017





Estimated per capita whole grains intake

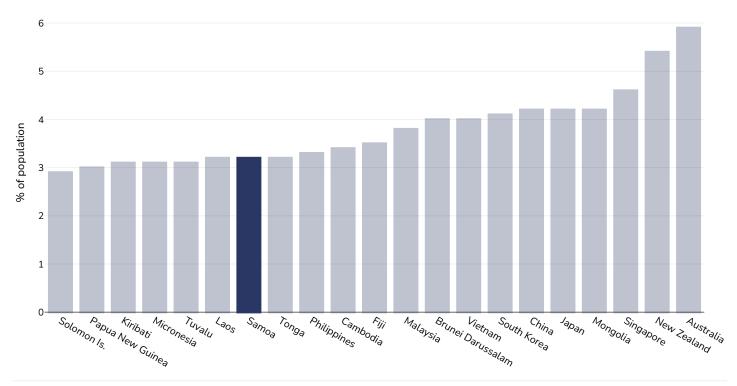
Adults, 2017





Mental health - depression disorders

Adults, 2015



References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (http://ghdx.healthdata.org) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

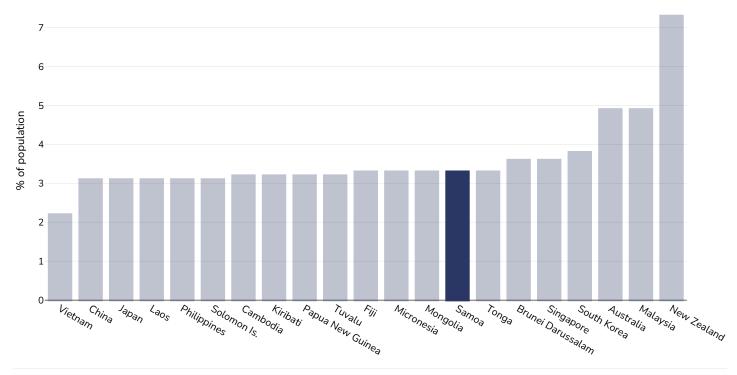
Definitions:

% of population with depression disorders



Mental health - anxiety disorders

Adults, 2015



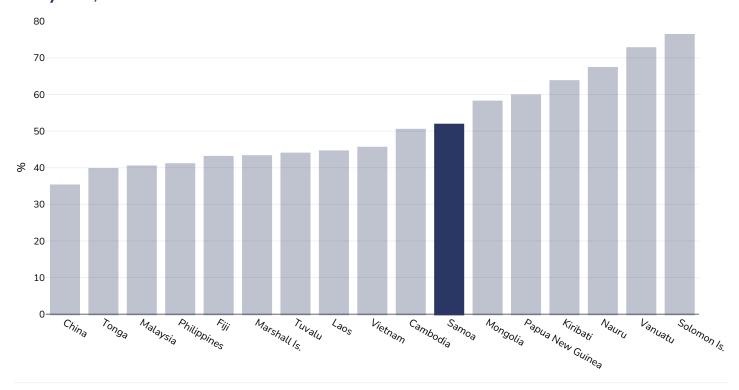
References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (http://ghdx.healthdata.org) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Definitions: % of population with anxiety disorders



% Infants exclusively breastfed 0-5 months

0-5 years, 2007-2022



References:

Samoa Demographic and Health Survey - Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey

Notes:

Full details are available. Original citation United Nations Children's Fund, Division of Data, Analysis, Planning and Monitoring (2023). Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding: Exclusive breastfeeding, New York, October 2023.

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