

# **Drivers Russian Federation**

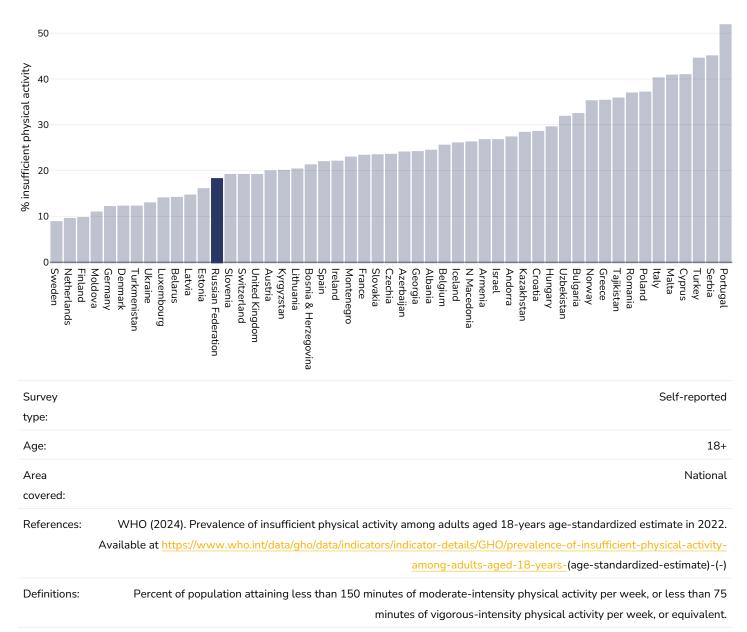


## High income

|  | Page |
|--|------|
| Insufficient physical activity                                 | 2    |
| Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption | 8    |
| Estimated per capita fruit intake                              | 11   |
| Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption                | 12   |
| Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption            | 13   |
| Estimated per-capita processed meat intake                     | 14   |
| Estimated per capita whole grains intake                       | 15   |
| Mental health - depression disorders                           | 16   |
| Mental health - anxiety disorders                              | 17   |
| Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet         | 18   |
|  |      |

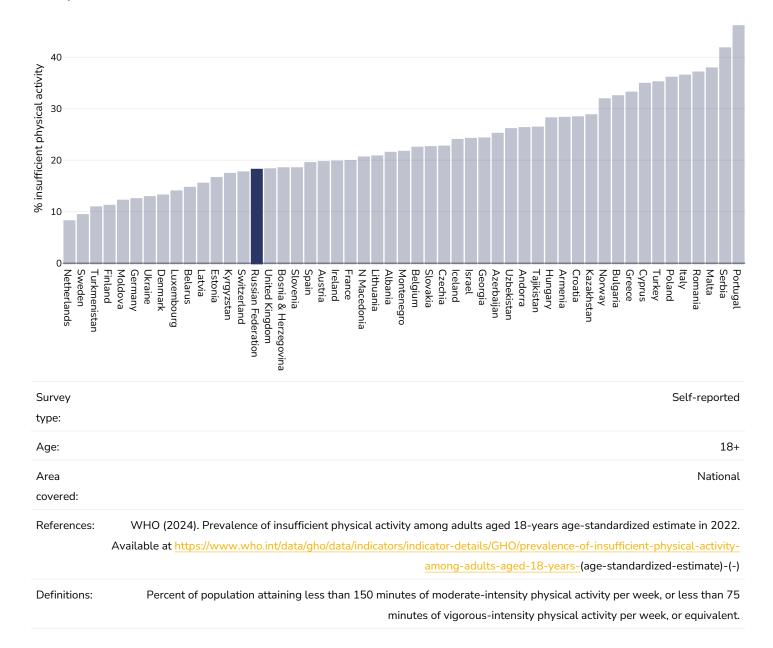


## Insufficient physical activity



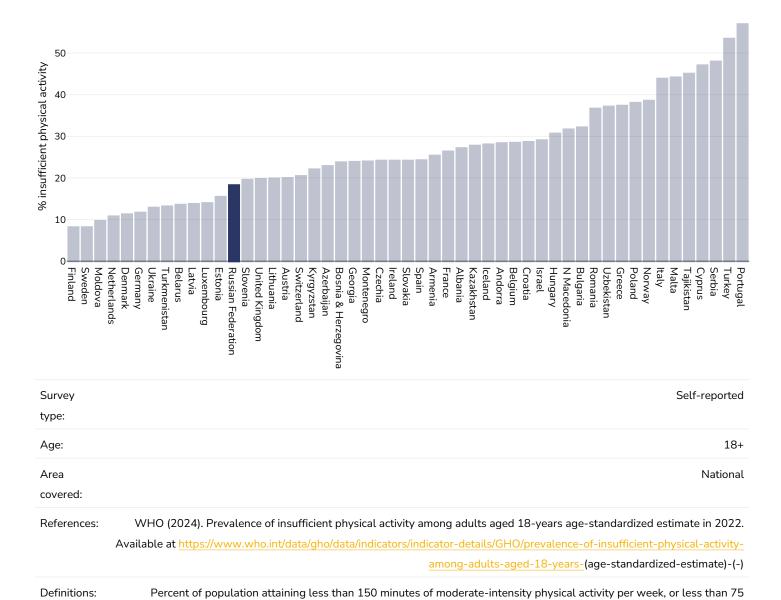


#### Men, 2022





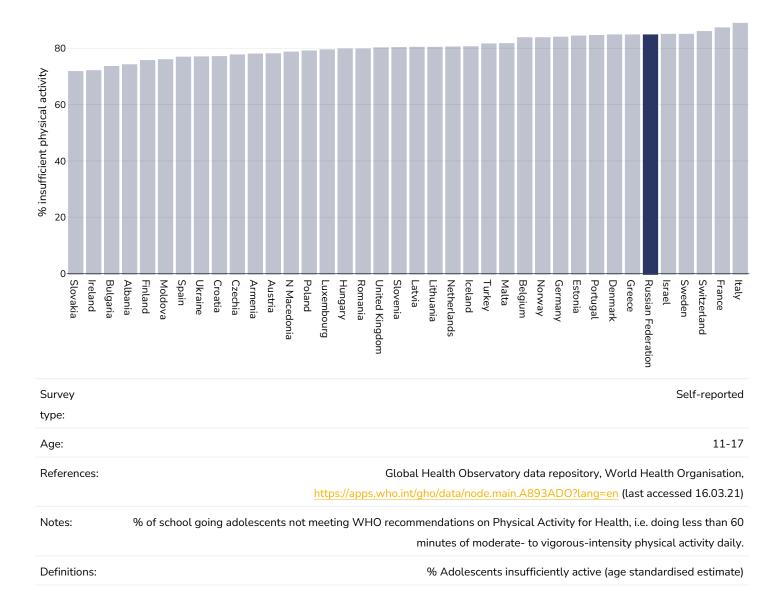
## Women, 2022



minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

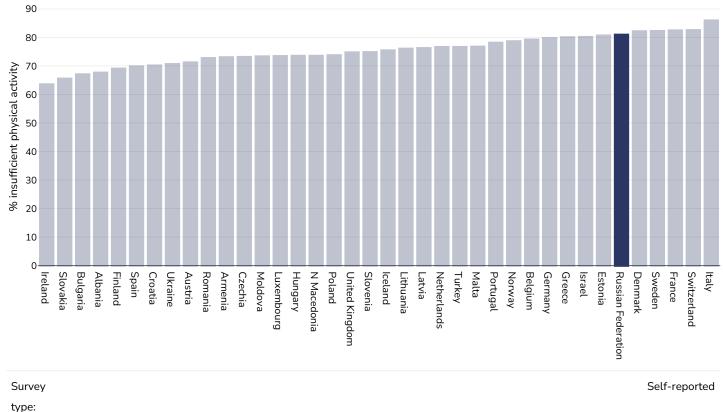


#### Children, 2016





#### Boys, 2016



| type: |  |  |       |
|-------|--|--|-------|
| Age:  |  |  | 11-17 |

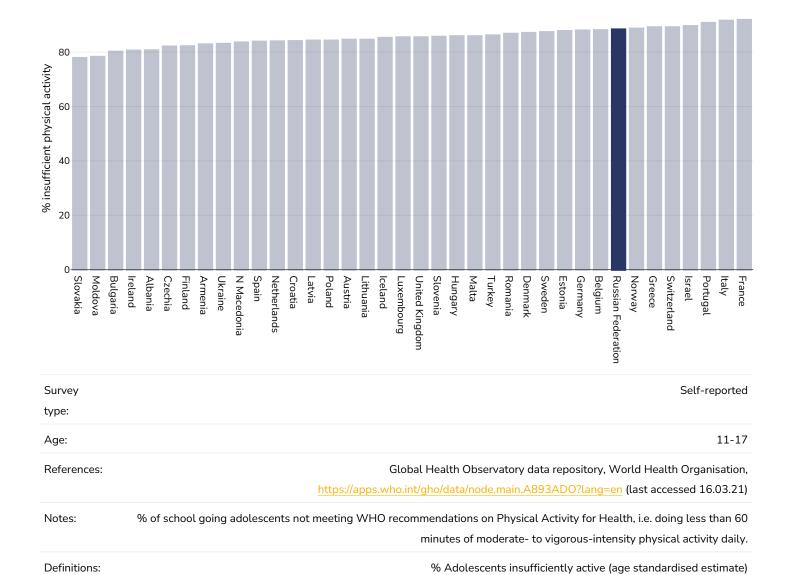
References: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)

Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



#### Girls, 2016

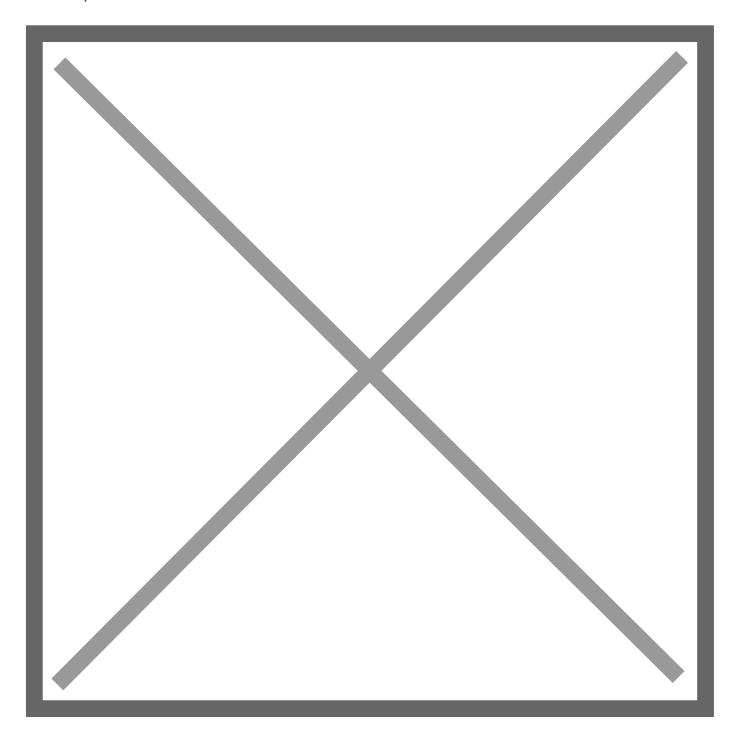




Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption



#### Children, 2010-2014



Survey Measured type:

References:

World Health Organization. (2017). Adolescent obesity and related behaviours: Trends and inequalities in the who european region, 2002-2014: observations from the Health Behavior in School-aged Children (HBSC) WHO collaborative crossnational study (J. Inchley, D. Currie, J. Jewel, J. Breda, & V. Barnekow, Eds.). World Health Organization. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org">http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org</a>



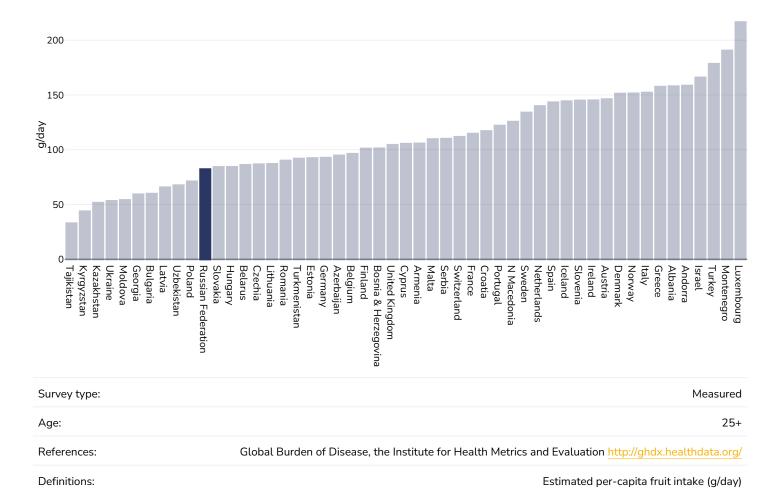
Notes:

Definitions:

Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption (% of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption)



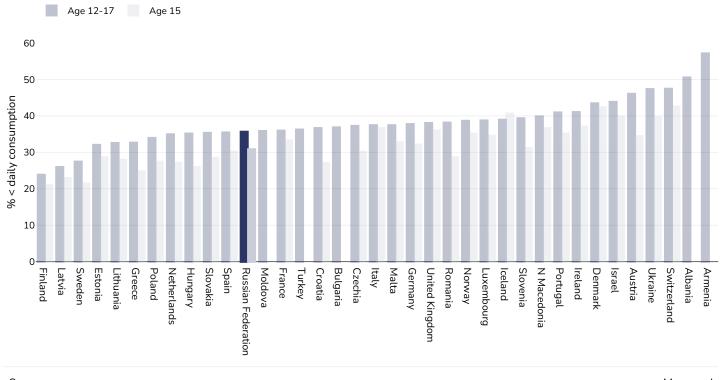
# Estimated per capita fruit intake





## Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

#### Children, 2010-2014



Survey Measured type:

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a>. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system

Definitions:

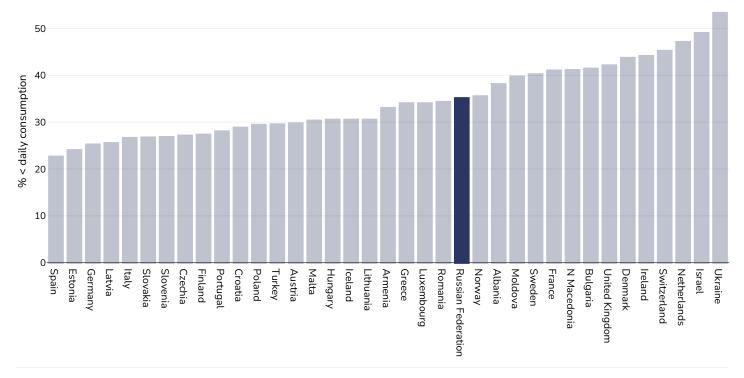
Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



## Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

### Children, 2010-2014

References:



Survey Measured type:

Age: 12-17

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

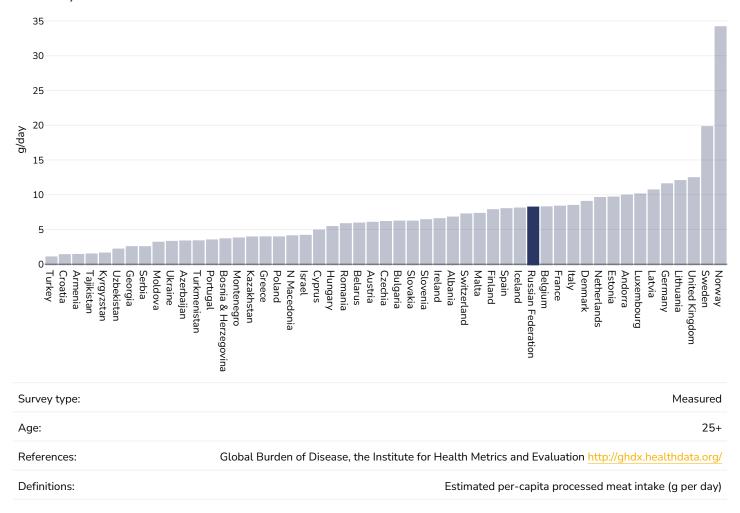
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system

Definitions: Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)

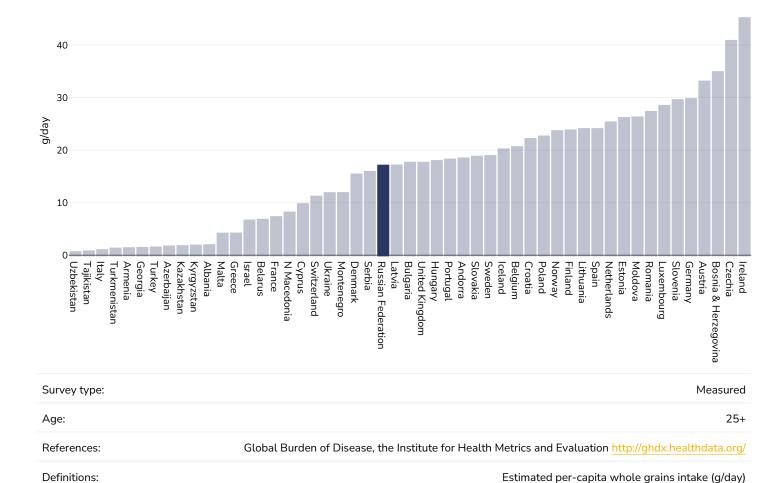


# Estimated per-capita processed meat intake





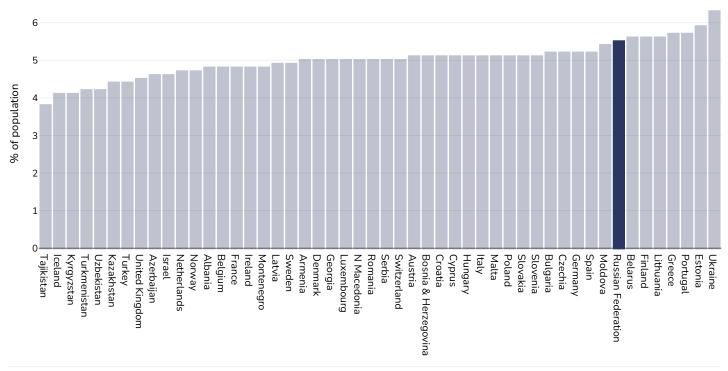
# Estimated per capita whole grains intake





## Mental health - depression disorders

#### Adults, 2015



References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (<a href="http://ghdx.healthdata.org">http://ghdx.healthdata.org</a>) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

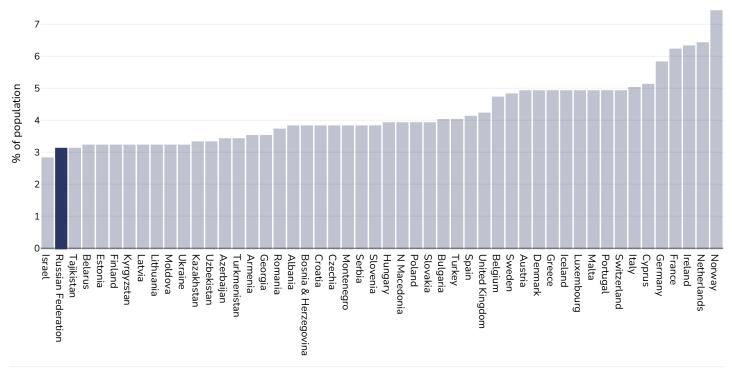
IGO.

Definitions: % of population with depression disorders



## Mental health - anxiety disorders

#### Adults, 2015



References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (<a href="http://ghdx.healthdata.org">http://ghdx.healthdata.org</a>) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0

IGO.

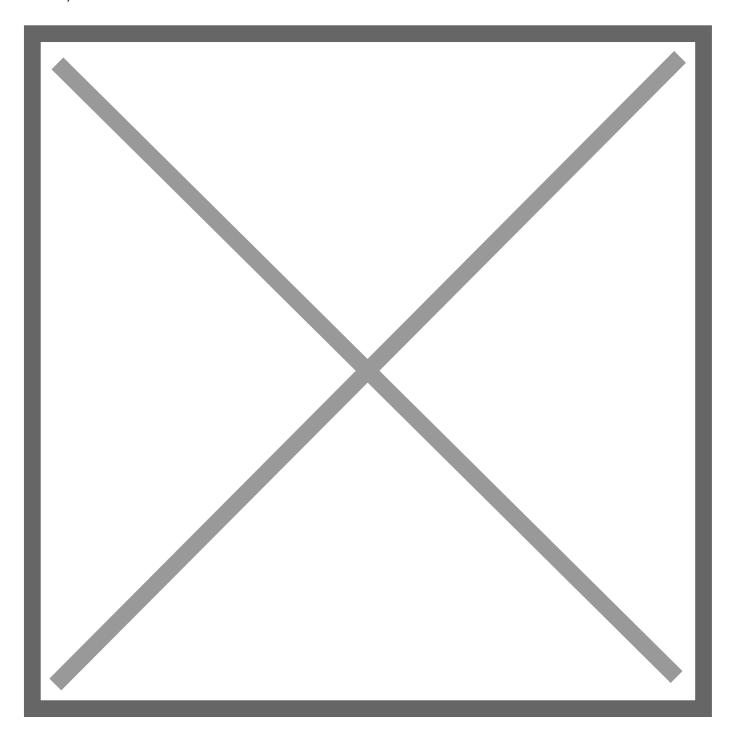
Definitions: % of population with anxiety disorders



Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet



#### Adults, 2022



Area National covered:

References: The Food Systems Dashboard. The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), The Columbia Climate School, and Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. 2024. Geneva, Switzerland. <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org">https://doi.org/10.36072/db</a>.

https://doi.org/10.36072/db.



PDF created on May 17, 2025