

# **Pakistan**



Country report card - children

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <a href="https://data.worldobesity.org/country/pakistan-167/">https://data.worldobesity.org/country/pakistan-167/</a>.



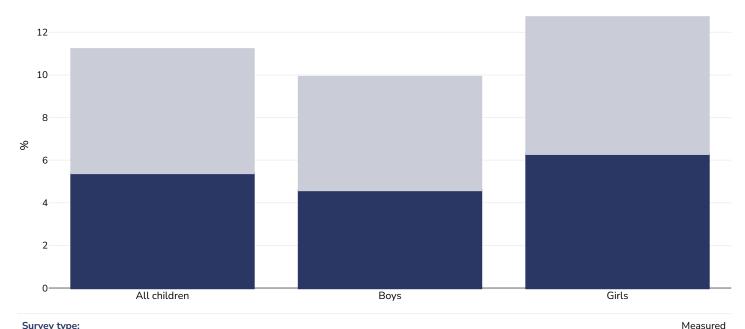
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# **Obesity prevalence**

#### Children, 2021





Survey type.	Measureu
Age:	9-17
Sample size:	3551
Area covered:	National
References:	The Current Prevalence of Underweight, Overweight, and Obesity Associated with Demographic Factors among Pakistan School-Aged Children and Adolescents — An Empirical Cross-Sectional Study. Available at: <a href="https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/19/18/11619">https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/19/18/11619</a>

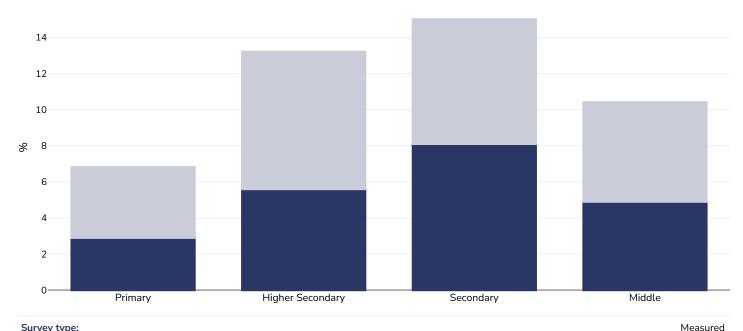
Cutoffs: CDC US 2000 BMI charts



# Overweight/obesity by education

#### Children, 2021



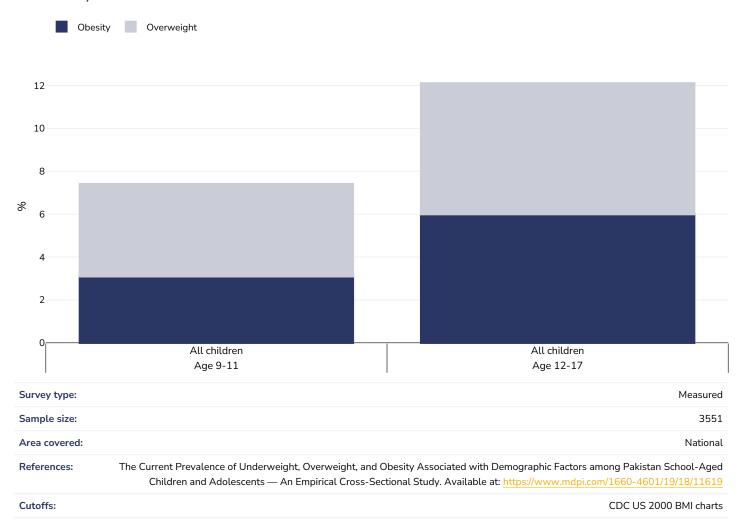


Survey type.	Hedsured
Age:	9-17
Sample size:	3551
Area covered:	National
References:	The Current Prevalence of Underweight, Overweight, and Obesity Associated with Demographic Factors among Pakistan School-Aged Children and Adolescents — An Empirical Cross-Sectional Study. Available at: <a href="https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/19/18/11619">https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/19/18/11619</a>



### Overweight/obesity by age

### Children, 2021

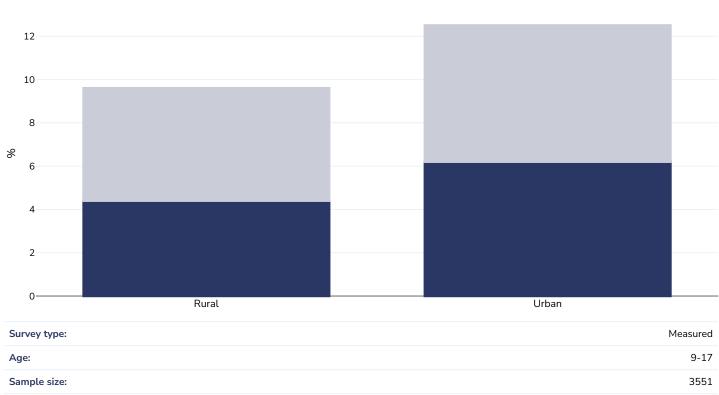




### Overweight/obesity by region

### Children, 2021





Age: 9-17
Sample size: 3551
Area covered: National
References: The Current Prevalence of Underweight, Overweight, and Obesity Associated with Demographic Factors among Pakistan School-Aged Children and Adolescents — An Empirical Cross-Sectional Study. Available at: https://www.mdpi.com/1660-4601/19/18/11619

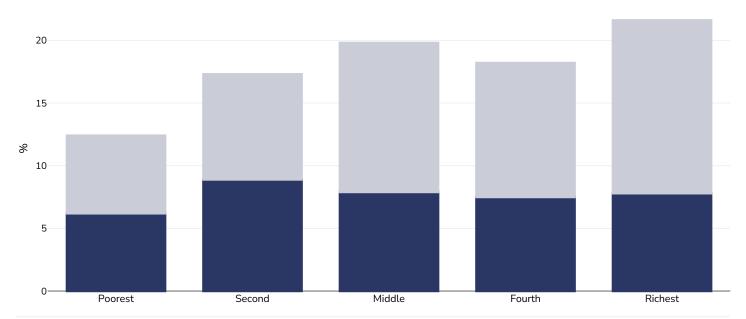
Cutoffs: CDC US 2000 BMI charts



# Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

### Boys, 2018



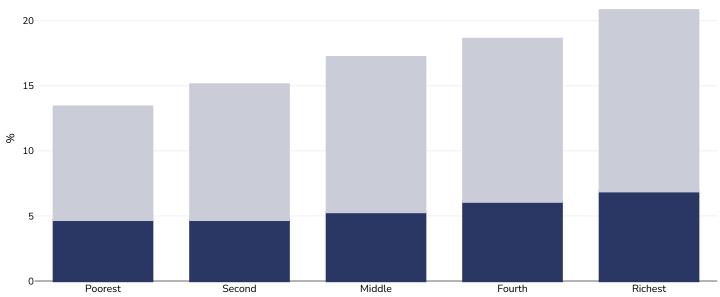


Survey type:	Measured
Age:	10-19
Area covered:	National
References:	Pakistan National Nutrition Survey 2018 <a href="https://www.unicef.org/pakistan/media/2826/file/National%20Nutrition%20S">https://www.unicef.org/pakistan/media/2826/file/National%20Nutrition%20S</a> (Accessed 03.11.20)
Notes:	BMI-for-age cut-offs also available
Cutoffs:	WHO



### Girls, 2018



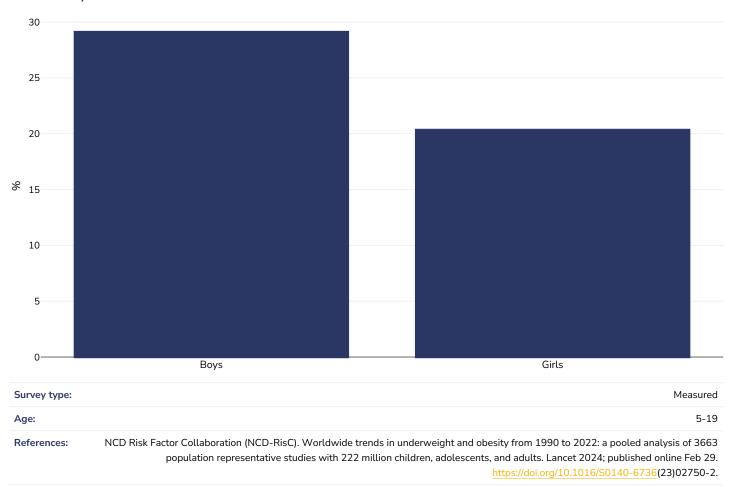


	Poorest	Second	Middle	rourui	Richest
Survey type:					Measured
Age:					10-19
Area covered:					National
References:	Pakistan	National Nutrition Survey 201	8 https://www.unicef.org/pakis	stan/media/2826/file/National9	%20Nutrition%20S (Accessed 03.11.20)
Notes:				BMI-1	or-age cut-offs also available
Cutoffs:					WHO



### Double burden of underweight & overweight

### Children, 2022



Notes: Age standardised estimates

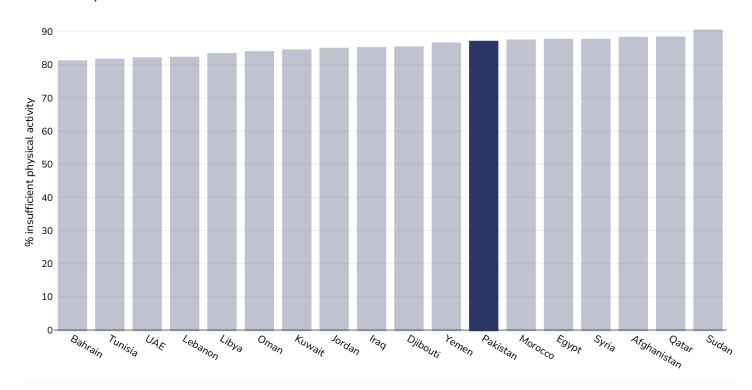
**Definitions:** Combined prevalence of BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD (double burden of thinness and obesity)

Cutoffs: BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD



### Insufficient physical activity

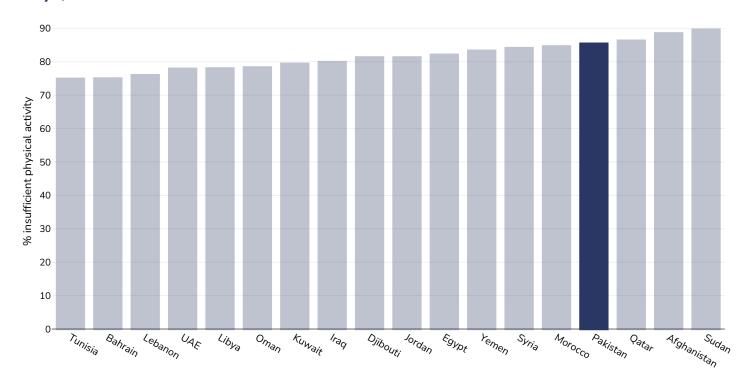
#### Children, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



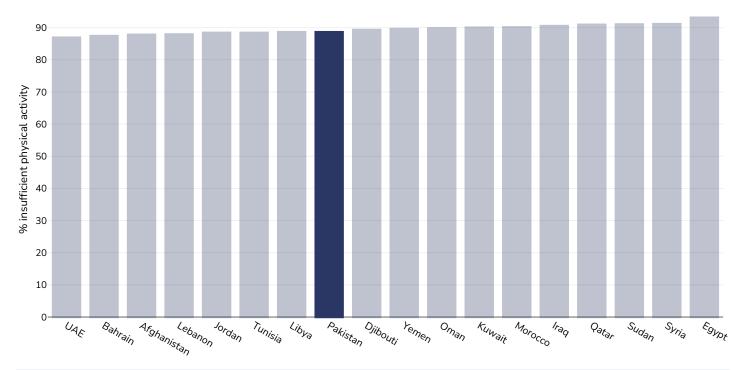
### Boys, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



#### Girls, 2016

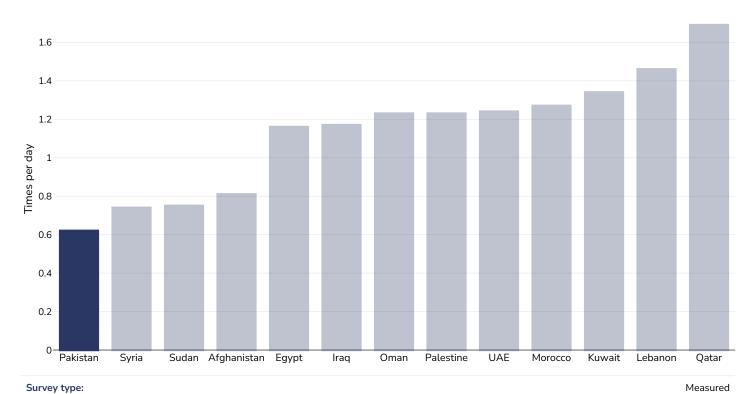


Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



### Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Sality type.

Age: 12-17

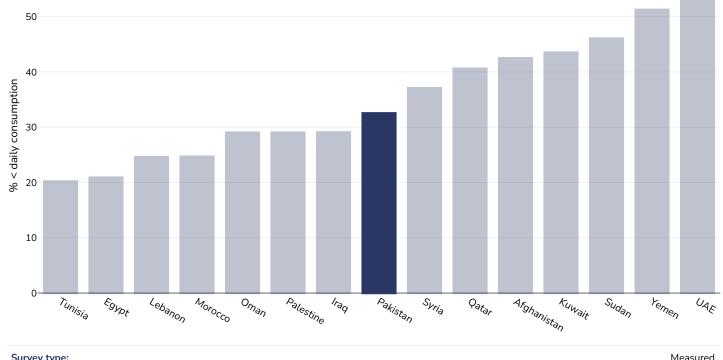
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>



### Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

#### Children, 2008-2015



Measured Survey type:

12-17

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-

system

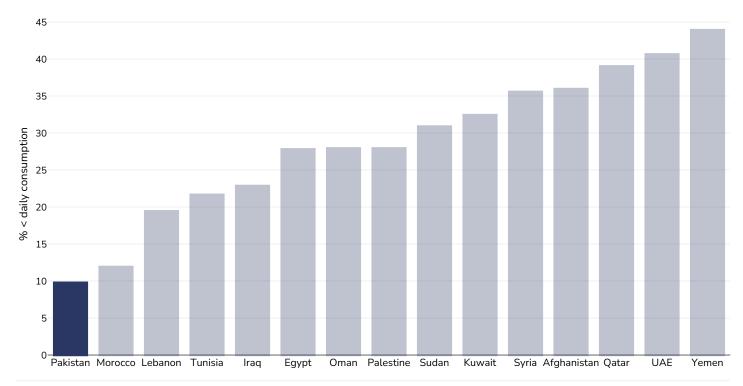
**Definitions:** 

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



### Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

#### Children, 2008-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>

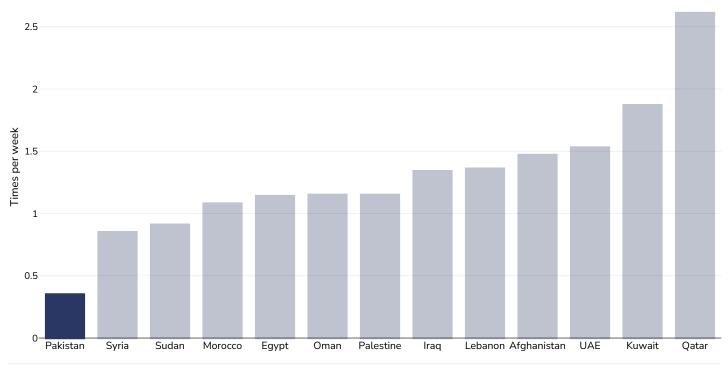
**Definitions:** 

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



# Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Age: 12-17

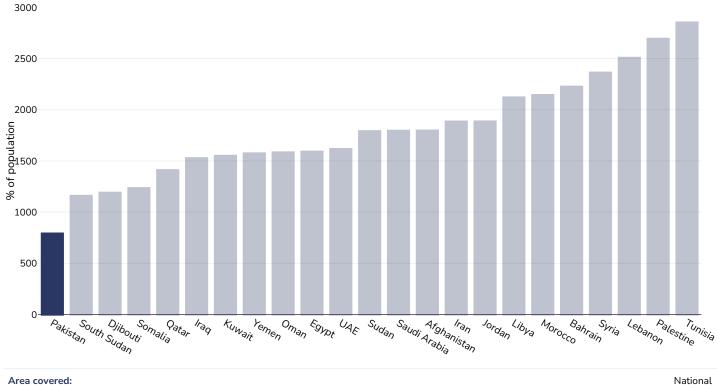
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems</a>



### Mental health - depression disorders

#### Children, 2021



References:

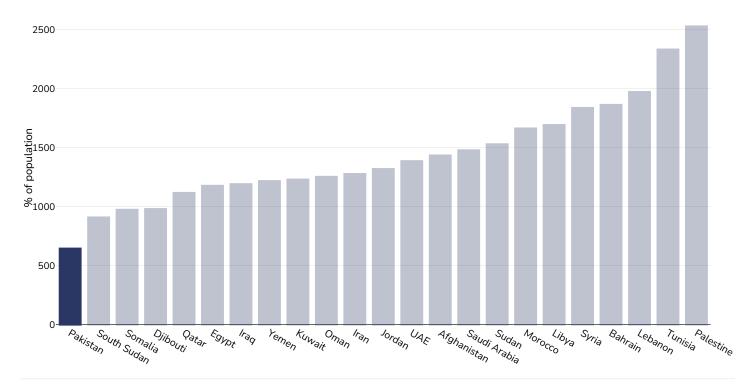
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definitions:** 

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)



#### Boys, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

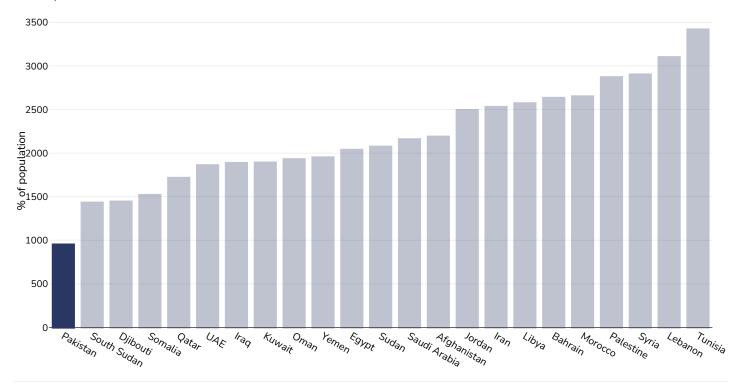
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



#### Girls, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

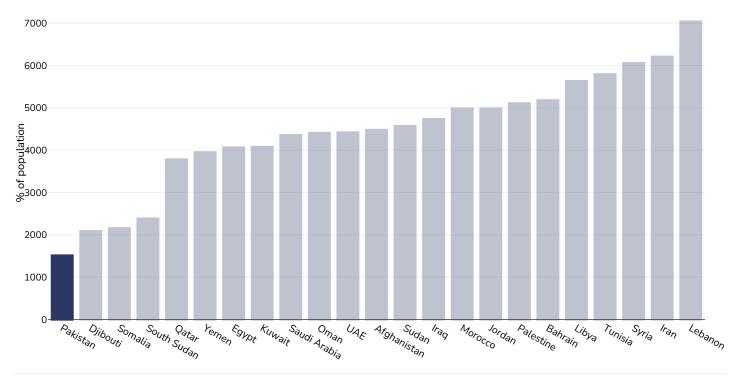
Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



### Mental health - anxiety disorders

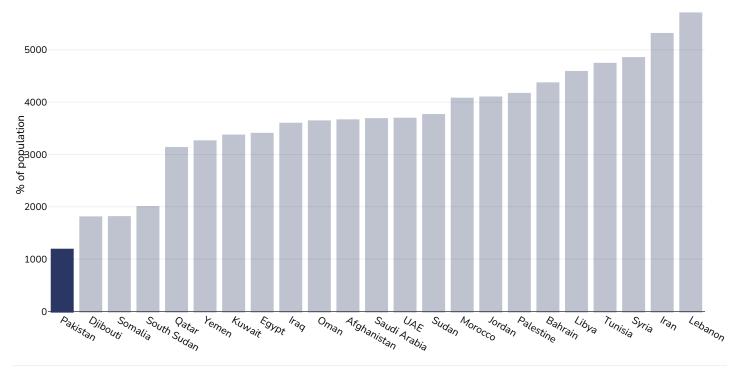
#### Children, 2021



References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> (Last accessed 23.04.25)



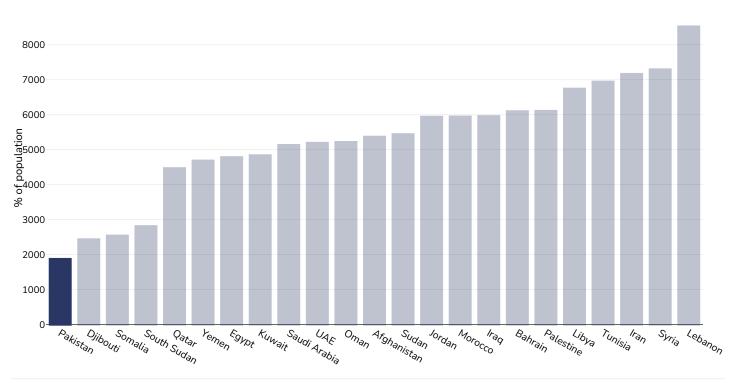
#### Boys, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

#### Girls, 2021



References:

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