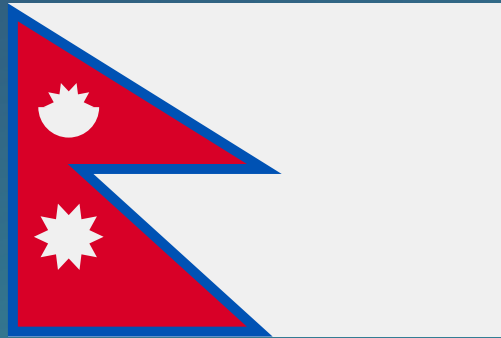




Nepal



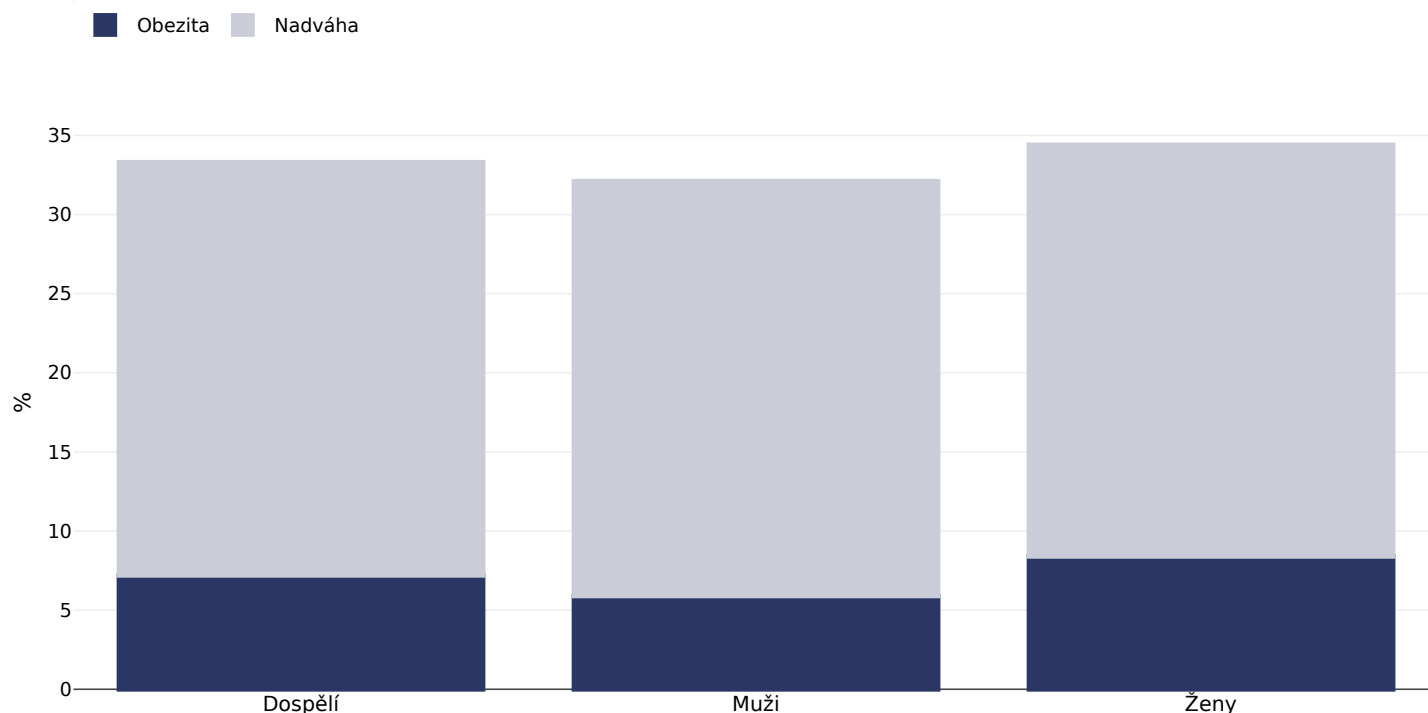
Country report card - adults

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for adults. Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/country/nepal-151/>.

Prevalence obezity

Dospělí I, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Věk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

Pokrytí
oblasti:

Národní

Reference:

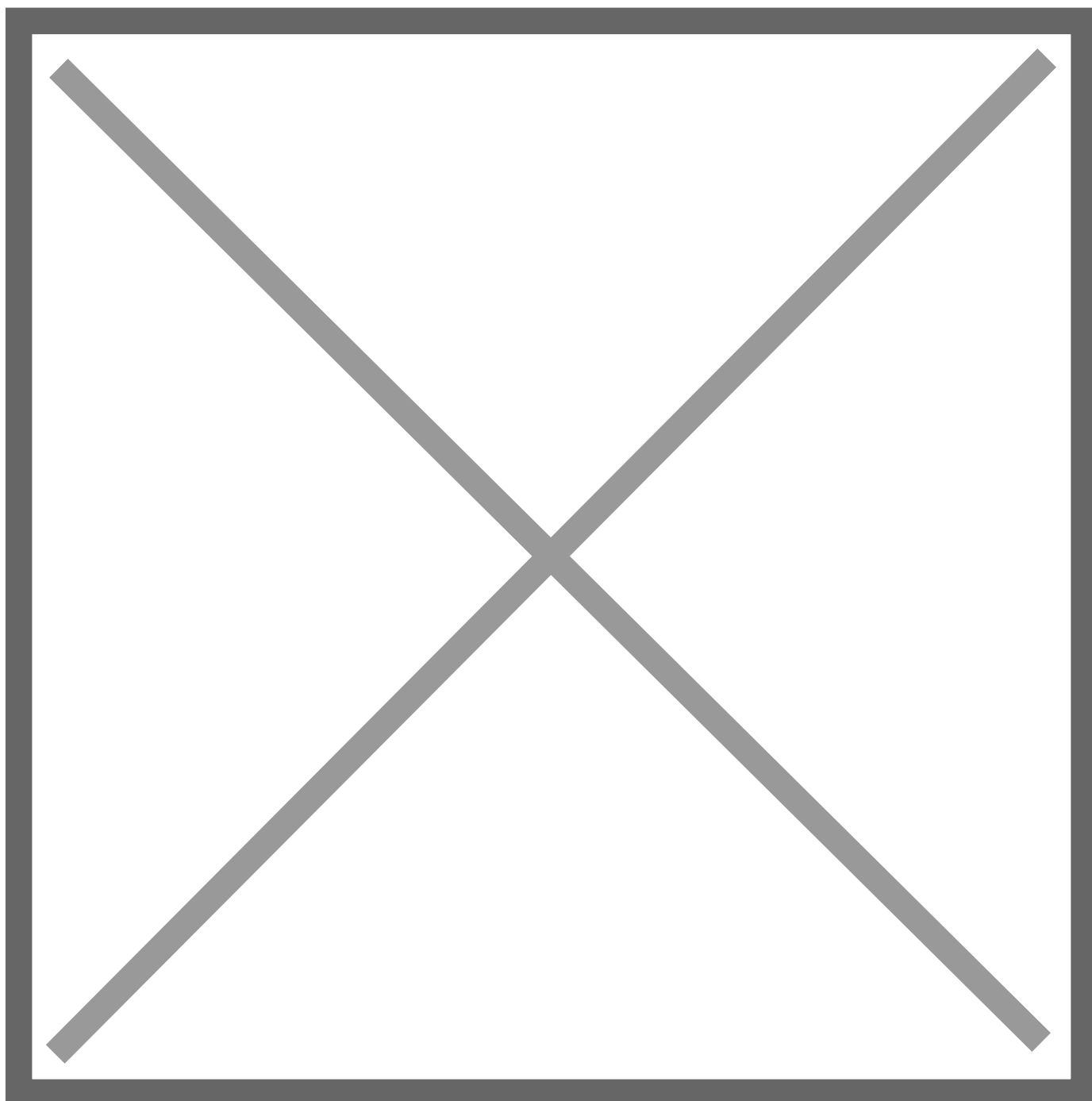
Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky:

5750 Women and 1367 Men NB. Combined adult data estimated. These estimates were calculated by weighting male and female survey results. Weighting based on World Bank Population % total female 2020 (<https://data.worldbank.org/indicator/SP.POP.TOTL.FE.ZS> - accessed 06.07.23)

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

% Adults living with obesity in Nepal 1996-2016



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměň Ā eně©

- Reference:**
- 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. EJCN (2000) 54;247-252
- 2001: SCN (2004). 5th Report on the World Nutrition Situation. Nutrition for Improved Development Outcomes. Appendix 11
- 2006: Ministry of Health and Population - MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and Macro International. 2007. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and Macro International.
- 2011: Ministry of Health and Population - MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF International. 2012. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF International.
- 2016: Ministry of Health - MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF. 2017. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2016. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF.

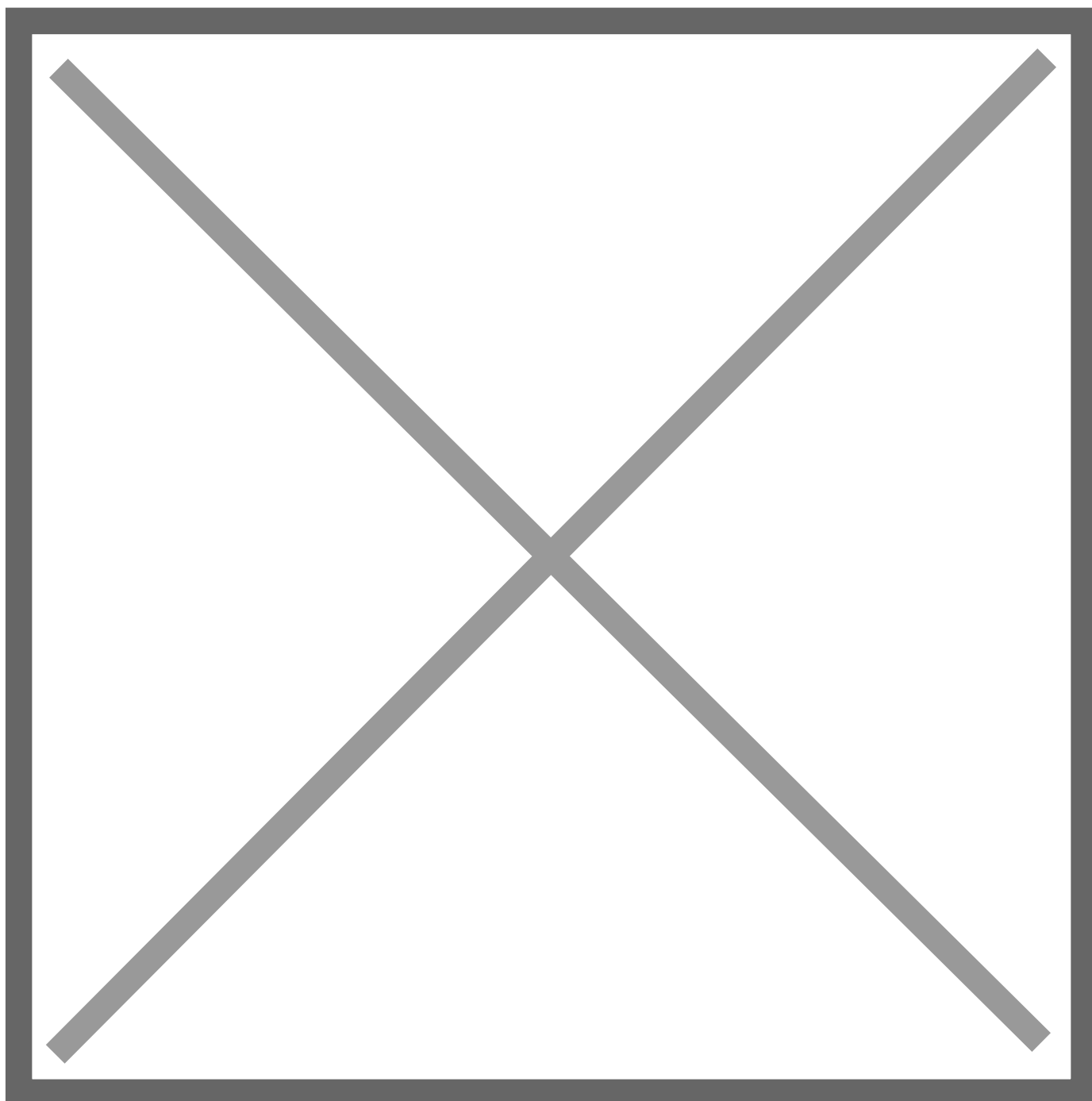
Poznámky:

Adults aged 15-49

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěřha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Ke shromažďování těchto údajů mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů vzájemně plně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz přílohy zdrojů údajů.

% Adults living with overweight or obesity in Nepal 1996-2016



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměň Ā eně©

- Reference:**
- 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. EJCN (2000) 54;247-252
- 2001: SCN (2004). 5th Report on the World Nutrition Situation. Nutrition for Improved Development Outcomes. Appendix 11
- 2006: Ministry of Health and Population - MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and Macro International. 2007. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2006. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and Macro International.
- 2011: Ministry of Health and Population - MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF International. 2012. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOHP/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF International.
- 2016: Ministry of Health - MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF. 2017. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2016. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF.

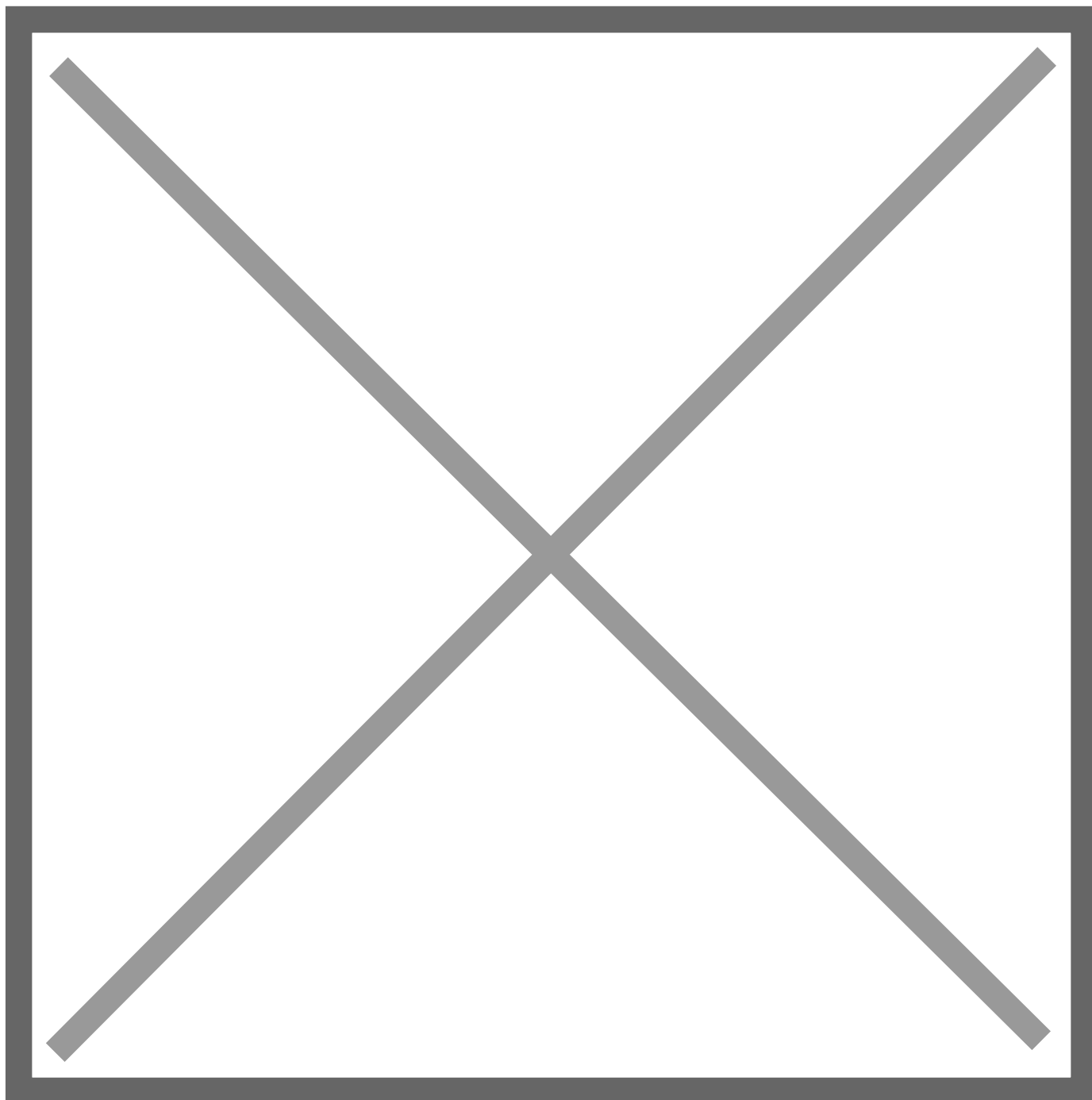
Poznámky: Adults aged 15-49

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěřha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Ke shromažďování těchto údajů mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů vzájemně plně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz přílohy zdrojů údajů.

% Adults living with obesity in selected countries in the Asia/Oceania Region 1975-2019, vybrané země

Muži

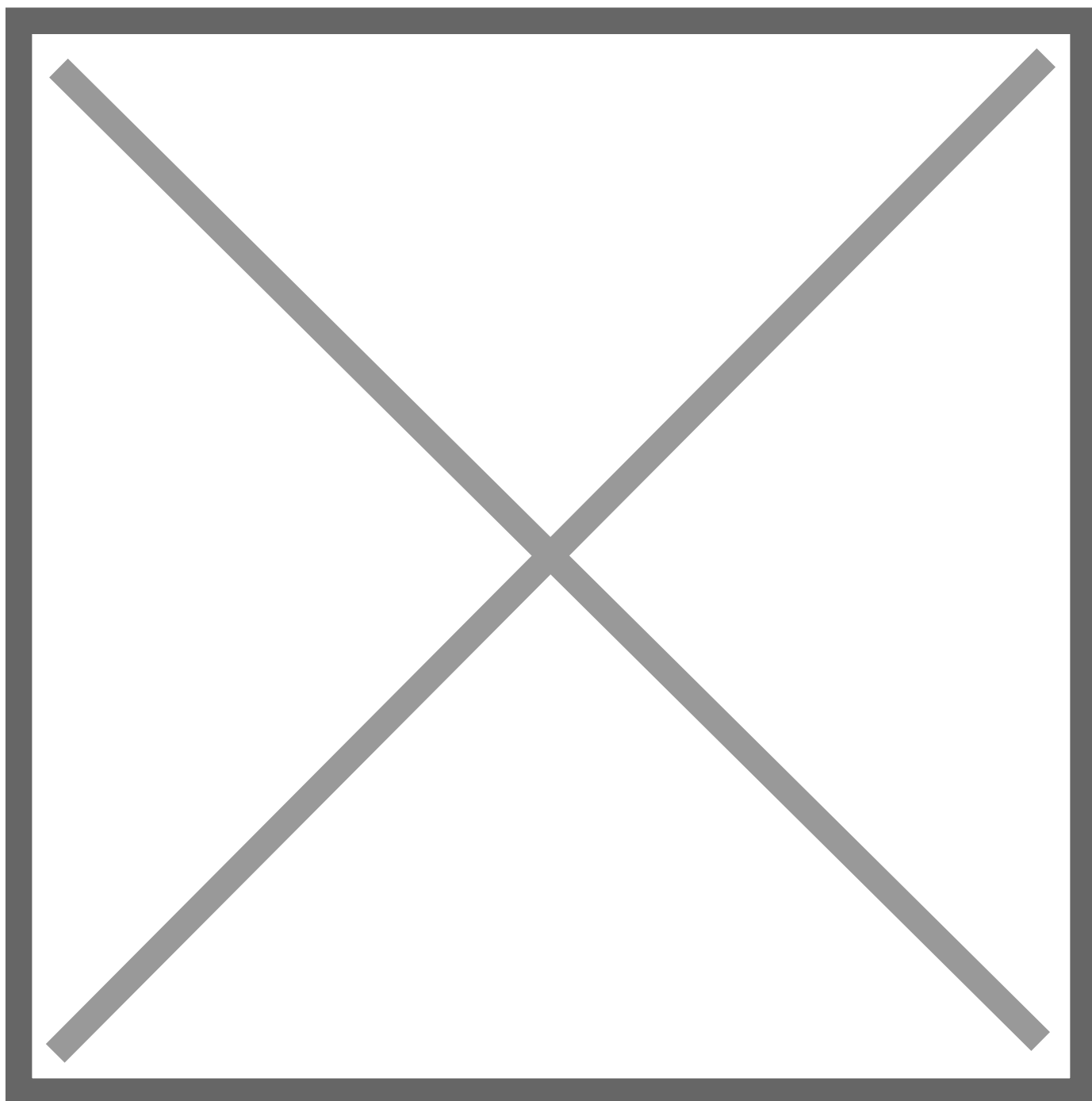


Reference:

- 1976, 1981, 1986: Yoshiike N, Seino F, Tajima S, Arai Y, Kawano M, Furuhashi T, Inoue S. Twenty-year changes in the prevalence of overweight in Japanese adults: The National Nutrition Survey 1976-95. *Obesity Reviews* 2002;3:183-190
- 1993, 2005, 2013: Chang HC, Yang HC, Chang HY, et al. Morbid obesity in Taiwan: Prevalence, trends, associated social demographics, and lifestyle factors. *PLoS One*. 2017;12(2):e0169577. Published 2017 Feb 2. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0169577
- 1995, 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. *EJCN* (2000) 54;247-252
- 1998: Colagui S, Colagiuri R, Na'ati S, Muimuiheata S, Hussain Z and Palau T. (2002). The prevalence of diabetes in the Kingdom of Tonga. *Diabetes care*, 25: 1378 - 1383.
- 2000: Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. The burden of overweight and obesity in the Asia-Pacific region. *Obesity Reviews* 2007;8:191-196.
- 2001: SCN (2004). 5th Report on the World Nutrition Situation. Nutrition for Improved Development Outcomes. Appendix 11
- 2002: Report of the 2002 China National Nutrition and Health Survey. 2004. (In Chinese). Chinese Ministry of Public Health (CMPH).
- 2003: <http://www.fnri.dost.gov.ph/files/fnri%20files/nns/factsandfigures2003/anthropometric.pdf> (last accessed June 14th 2011)
- 2004: Tonga STEPS Survey 2004
- 2006: Gerritsen S, Stefanogiannis N, Galloway Y, Devlin M, Templaton R and Yeh L. A portrait of health: key results of the 2006/07 New Zealand Health Survey.
- 2007: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). National Health Survey: Summary of results. Canberra, Australia, ABS, 2009. WHO Global InfoBase reference:102910
- 2008: Food and Nutrition Research Institute-Department of Science and Technology (FNRI-DOST). 2010. Philippine Nutrition Facts and Figures 2008. DOST Complex, FNRI Bldg., Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines.
- 2009: Yan, S., Li, J., Li, S., Zhang, B., Du, S., Gordon-Larsen, P., Adair, L. and Popkin, B. (2012), The expanding burden of cardiometabolic risk in China: the China Health and Nutrition Survey. *Obesity Reviews*. doi: 10.1111/j.1467-789X.2012.01016.x
- 2011: National Institute of Population Research and Training - NIPORT/Bangladesh, Mitra and Associates/Bangladesh, and ICF International. 2013. Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Dhaka, Bangladesh: NIPORT, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International.
- 2012: New Zealand Health Survey. <https://www.health.govt.nz/publication/annual-update-key-results-2018-19-new-zealand-health-survey> (last accessed 14.07.20)
- 2014: National Institute of Population Research and Training - NIPORT/Bangladesh, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International. 2016. Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2014. Dhaka, Bangladesh: NIPORT, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International.. <http://www.dhsprogram.com/publications/publication-FR311-DHS-Final-Reports.cfm> (last accessed 11th April 2016)
- 2015: Institute for Public Health (IPH) 2015. National Health and Morbidity Survey 2015 (NHMS 2015). Vol. II: Non-Communicable Diseases, Risk Factors & Other Health Problems; 2015.
- 2016: Ministry of Health - MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF. 2017. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2016. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF.
- 2017: Tonga STEPS Survey 2017 <https://extranet.who.int/ncdsmicrodata/index.php/catalog/713> (Last accessed 13.10.20)
- 2018: New Zealand Health Survey 2018-19. New Zealand Ministry of Health (<https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2018-19-annual-data-explorer/> w_b396d161/#!/key-indicators accessed 14.11.19)
- 2019: Institute for Public Health (IPH), National Institutes of Health, Ministry of Health Malaysia. 2020. National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2019: Vol. I: NCDs - Non-Communicable Diseases: Risk Factors and other Health Problems
- 2020: Annual Update of New Zealand Health Survey 2020/2021 available at <https://www.health.govt.nz/publication/annual-update-key-results-2020-21-new-zealand-health-survey> Accessed 08.11.21.
- 2021: Department of Science and Technology - Food and Nutrition Research Institute (DOST-FNRI). 2024. Philippine Nutrition Facts and Figures: 2021 Expanded National Nutrition Survey (ENNS). FNRI Bldg., DOST Compound, Gen. Santos Avenue, Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines. <https://enutrition.fnri.dost.gov.ph/facts-and-figures.php?year=2021> [Accessed 14.07.25]
- 2022: Australian National Health Survey 2022-2023. <https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/waist-circumference-and-bmi/2022#body-mass-index-bmi-> (Accessed 03.01.2024)
- 2023: Institute for Public Health (IKU). National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2023: Non-Communicable Diseases and Healthcare Demand: Technical Report; 2024. Available at <https://iku.nih.gov.my/nhms-2023> (last accessed 04.02.25)

Ke shromažňování ování tĕlo chťo ůdajĕ mohly bŷt pouŷity rŷnĕ metodiky, a proto nemusĭ bŷt ůdaje z rŷnĕch prŷzkŷmŷ vŷŷdy plnĕ srovnatelnĕ. Pouŷitĕ metodiky viz pŷvodnĭ zdroje ůdajŷ

Any



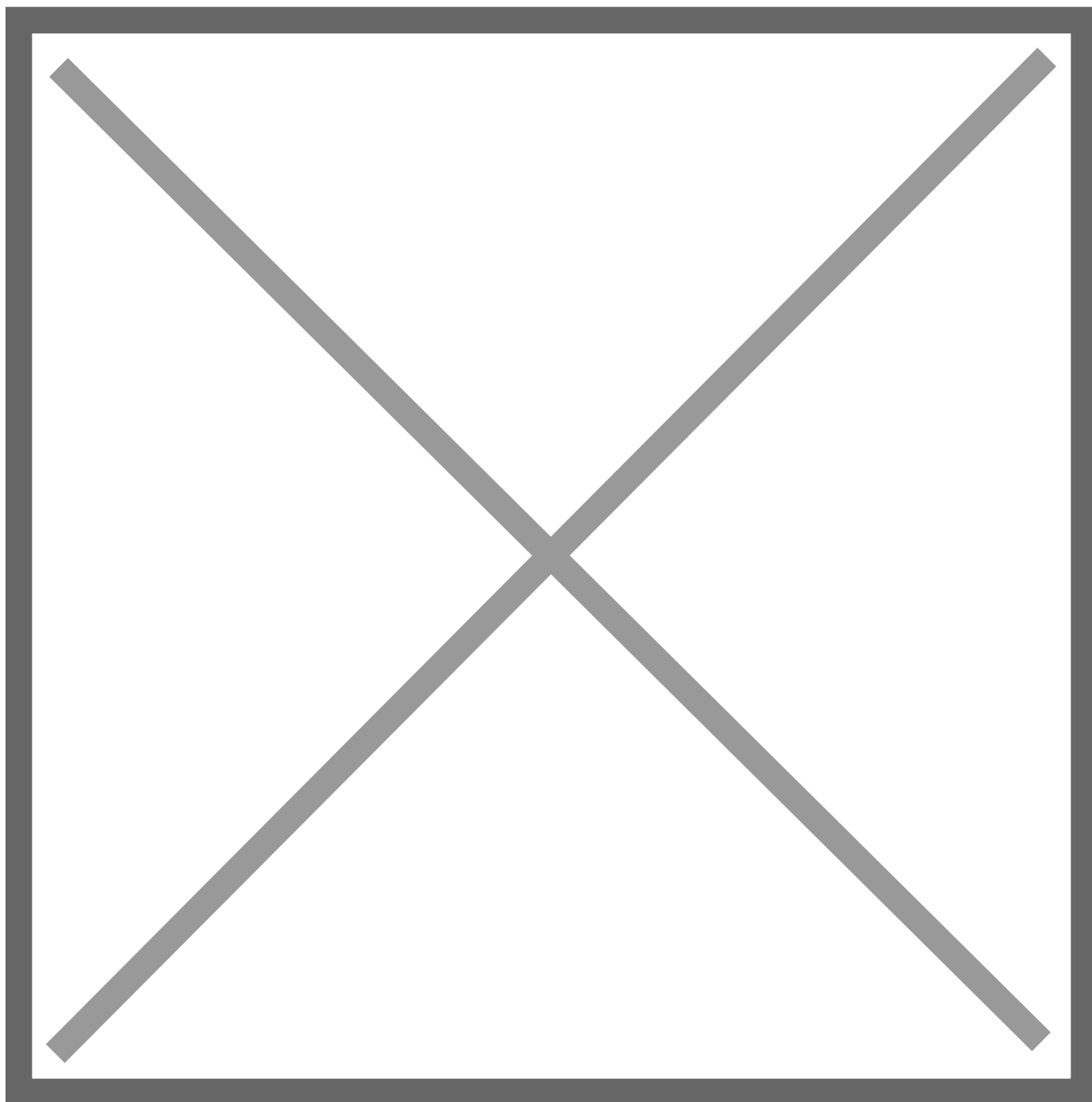
Reference:

- 1976, 1981, 1986: Yoshiike N, Seino F, Tajima S, Arai Y, Kawano M, Furuhashi T, Inoue S. Twenty-year changes in the prevalence of overweight in Japanese adults: The National Nutrition Survey 1976-95. *Obesity Reviews* 2002;3:183-190
- 1993, 2005, 2013: Chang HC, Yang HC, Chang HY, et al. Morbid obesity in Taiwan: Prevalence, trends, associated social demographics, and lifestyle factors. *PLoS One*. 2017;12(2):e0169577. Published 2017 Feb 2. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0169577
- 1995, 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. *EJCN* (2000) 54;247-252
- 1998: Colaguir S, Colagiuri R, Na'ati S, Muimuiheata S, Hussain Z and Palau T. (2002). The prevalence of diabetes in the Kingdom of Tonga. *Diabetes care*, 25: 1378 - 1383.
- 2000: Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. The burden of overweight and obesity in the Asia-Pacific region. *Obesity Reviews* 2007;8:191-196.
- 2001: SCN (2004). 5th Report on the World Nutrition Situation. Nutrition for Improved Development Outcomes. Appendix 11
- 2002: Report of the 2002 China National Nutrition and Health Survey. 2004. (In Chinese). Chinese Ministry of Public Health (CMPH).
- 2003: <http://www.fnri.dost.gov.ph/files/fnri%20files/nns/factsandfigures2003/anthropometric.pdf> (last accessed June 14th 2011)
- 2004: Tonga STEPS Survey 2004
- 2006: Gerritsen S, Stefanogiannis N, Galloway Y, Devlin M, Templaton R and Yeh L. A portrait of health: key results of the 2006/07 New Zealand Health Survey.
- 2007: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). National Health Survey: Summary of results. Canberra, Australia, ABS, 2009. WHO Global InfoBase reference:102910
- 2008: Food and Nutrition Research Institute-Department of Science and Technology (FNRI-DOST). 2010. Philippine Nutrition Facts and Figures 2008. DOST Complex, FNRI Bldg., Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines.
- 2009: Yan, S., Li, J., Li, S., Zhang, B., Du, S., Gordon-Larsen, P., Adair, L. and Popkin, B. (2012), The expanding burden of cardiometabolic risk in China: the China Health and Nutrition Survey. *Obesity Reviews*. doi: 10.1111/j.1467-789X.2012.01016.x
- 2011: National Institute of Population Research and Training - NIPORT/Bangladesh, Mitra and Associates/Bangladesh, and ICF International. 2013. Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2011. Dhaka, Bangladesh: NIPORT, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International.
- 2012: New Zealand Health Survey. <https://www.health.govt.nz/publication/annual-update-key-results-2018-19-new-zealand-health-survey> (last accessed 14.07.20)
- 2014: National Institute of Population Research and Training - NIPORT/Bangladesh, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International. 2016. Bangladesh Demographic and Health Survey 2014. Dhaka, Bangladesh: NIPORT, Mitra and Associates, and ICF International.. <http://www.dhsprogram.com/publications/publication-FR311-DHS-Final-Reports.cfm> (last accessed 11th April 2016)
- 2015: Institute for Public Health (IPH) 2015. National Health and Morbidity Survey 2015 (NHMS 2015). Vol. II: Non-Communicable Diseases, Risk Factors & Other Health Problems; 2015.
- 2016: Ministry of Health - MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF. 2017. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2016. Kathmandu, Nepal: MOH/Nepal, New ERA/Nepal, and ICF.
- 2017: Tonga STEPS Survey 2017 <https://extranet.who.int/ncdsmicrodata/index.php/catalog/713> (Last accessed 13.10.20)
- 2018: New Zealand Health Survey 2018-19. New Zealand Ministry of Health (<https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2018-19-annual-data-explorer/> w_b396d161/#!/key-indicators accessed 14.11.19)
- 2019: Institute for Public Health (IPH), National Institutes of Health, Ministry of Health Malaysia. 2020. National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2019: Vol. I: NCDs - Non-Communicable Diseases: Risk Factors and other Health Problems
- 2020: Annual Update of New Zealand Health Survey 2020/2021 available at <https://www.health.govt.nz/publication/annual-update-key-results-2020-21-new-zealand-health-survey> Accessed 08.11.21.
- 2021: Department of Science and Technology - Food and Nutrition Research Institute (DOST-FNRI). 2024. Philippine Nutrition Facts and Figures: 2021 Expanded National Nutrition Survey (ENNS). FNRI Bldg., DOST Compound, Gen. Santos Avenue, Bicutan, Taguig City, Metro Manila, Philippines. <https://enutrition.fnri.dost.gov.ph/facts-and-figures.php?year=2021> [Accessed 14.07.25]
- 2022: Australian National Health Survey 2022-2023. <https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/health/health-conditions-and-risks/waist-circumference-and-bmi/2022#body-mass-index-bmi-> (Accessed 03.01.2024)
- 2023: Institute for Public Health (IKU). National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2023: Non-Communicable Diseases and Healthcare Demand: Technical Report; 2024. Available at <https://iku.nih.gov.my/nhms-2023> (last accessed 04.02.25)

Ke shromažďování ování těchto údajů mohly být použity různé metodiky, a proto nemusí být údaje z různých průzkumů vzájemně srovnatelné. Použité metodiky viz původní zdroje údajů

Nadváha/obezita podle vzdání látní

Muži, 2022

Typ
průzkumu:

Namá en©

Věk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

**Pokrytí
oblast:**

Národní

Reference:

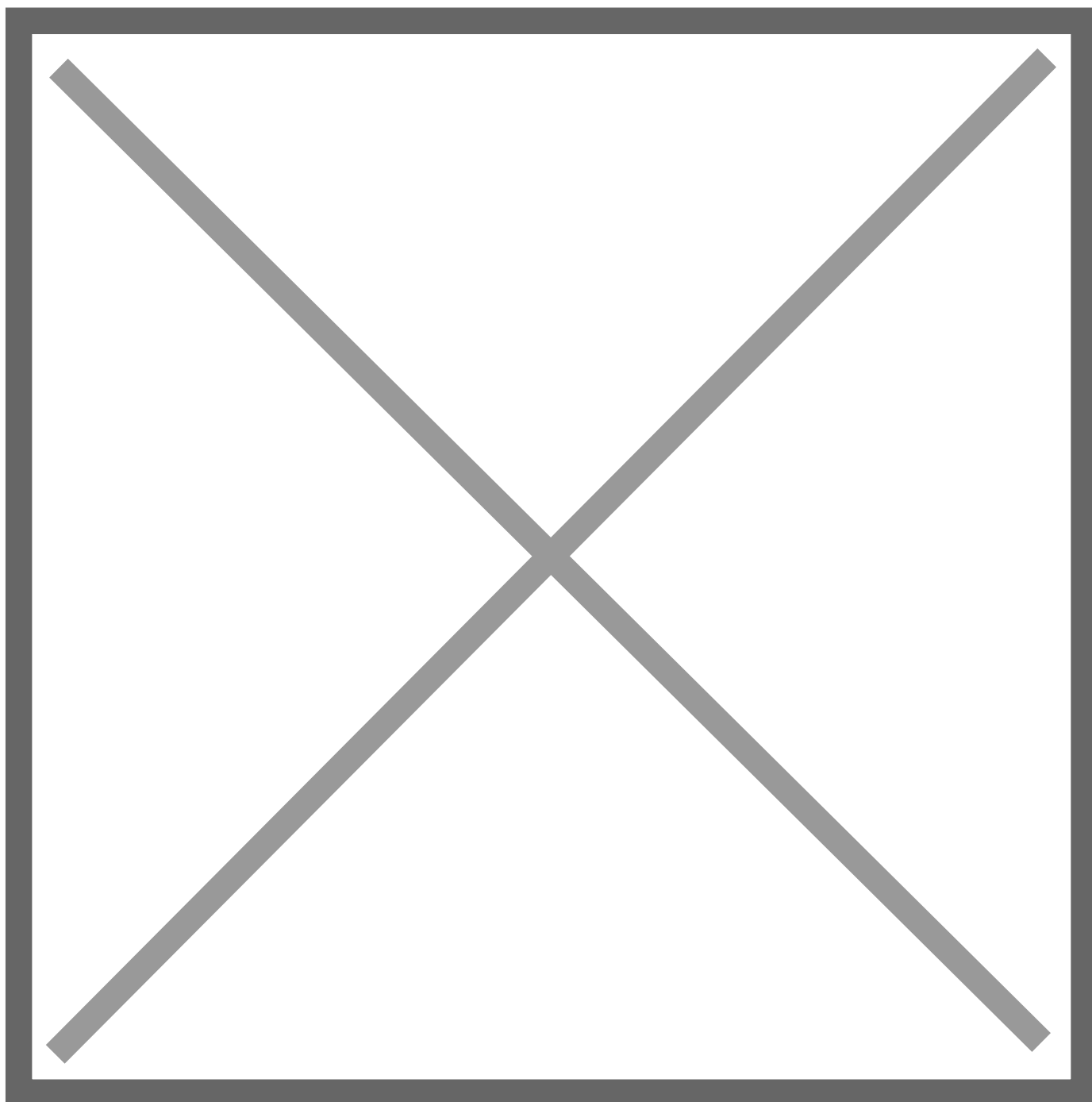
Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky:

5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Ā½eny, 2022



**Typ
prĀzkumu:**

NamĀ Ā enĀ©

VĀk:

20-49

**Velikost
vzorku:**

7117

**PokrytĀ;
oblast:**

NĀrodnĀ

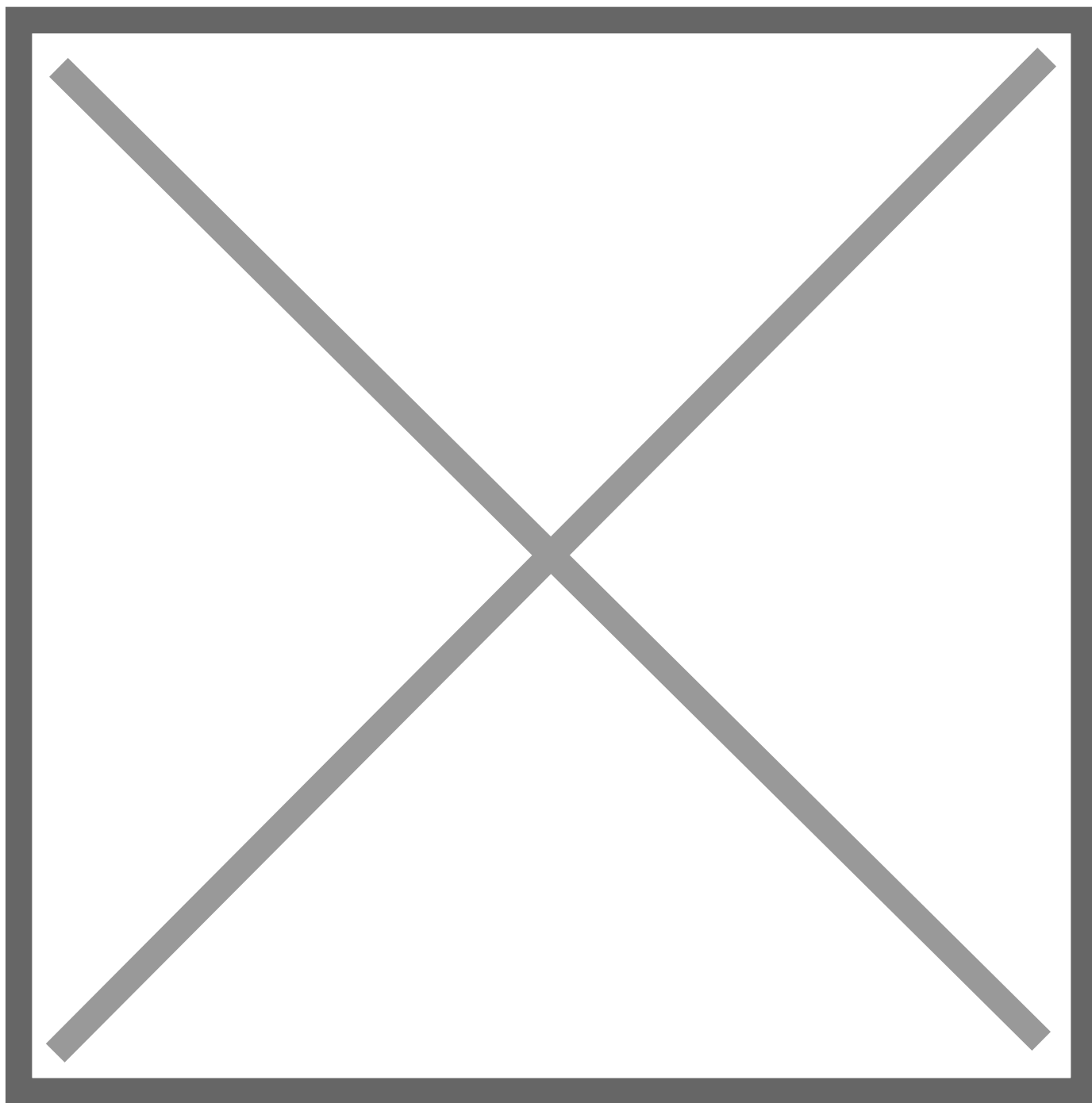
Reference: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky: 5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Nadváha/obezita podle věku

Dospělí, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

**Pokrytí
oblast:**

Národní

Reference:

Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

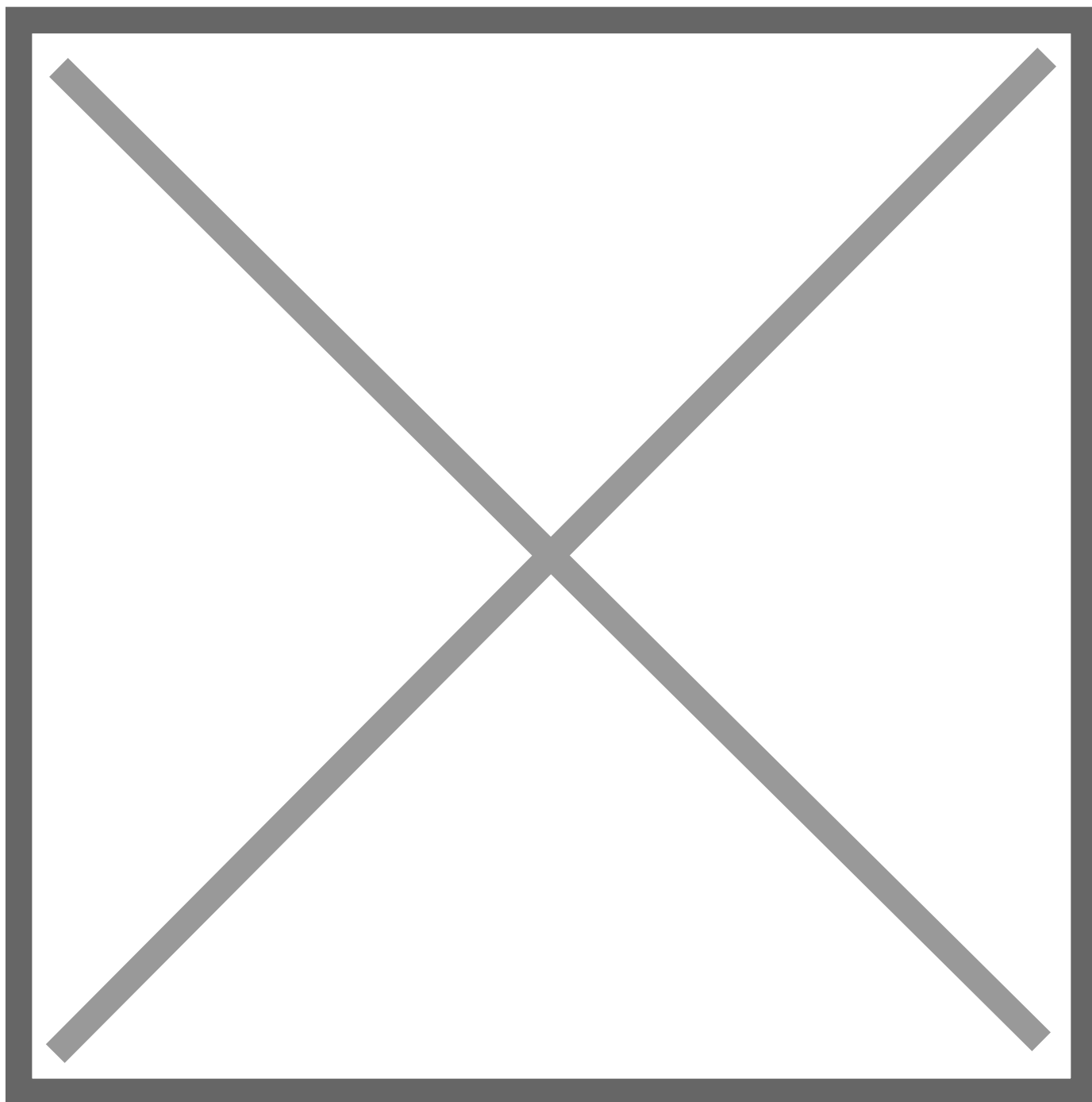
Poznámky:

5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Nadváha/obezita podle regionu

Muži, 2022

Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Věk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

**Pokrytí
oblast:**

Národní

Reference:

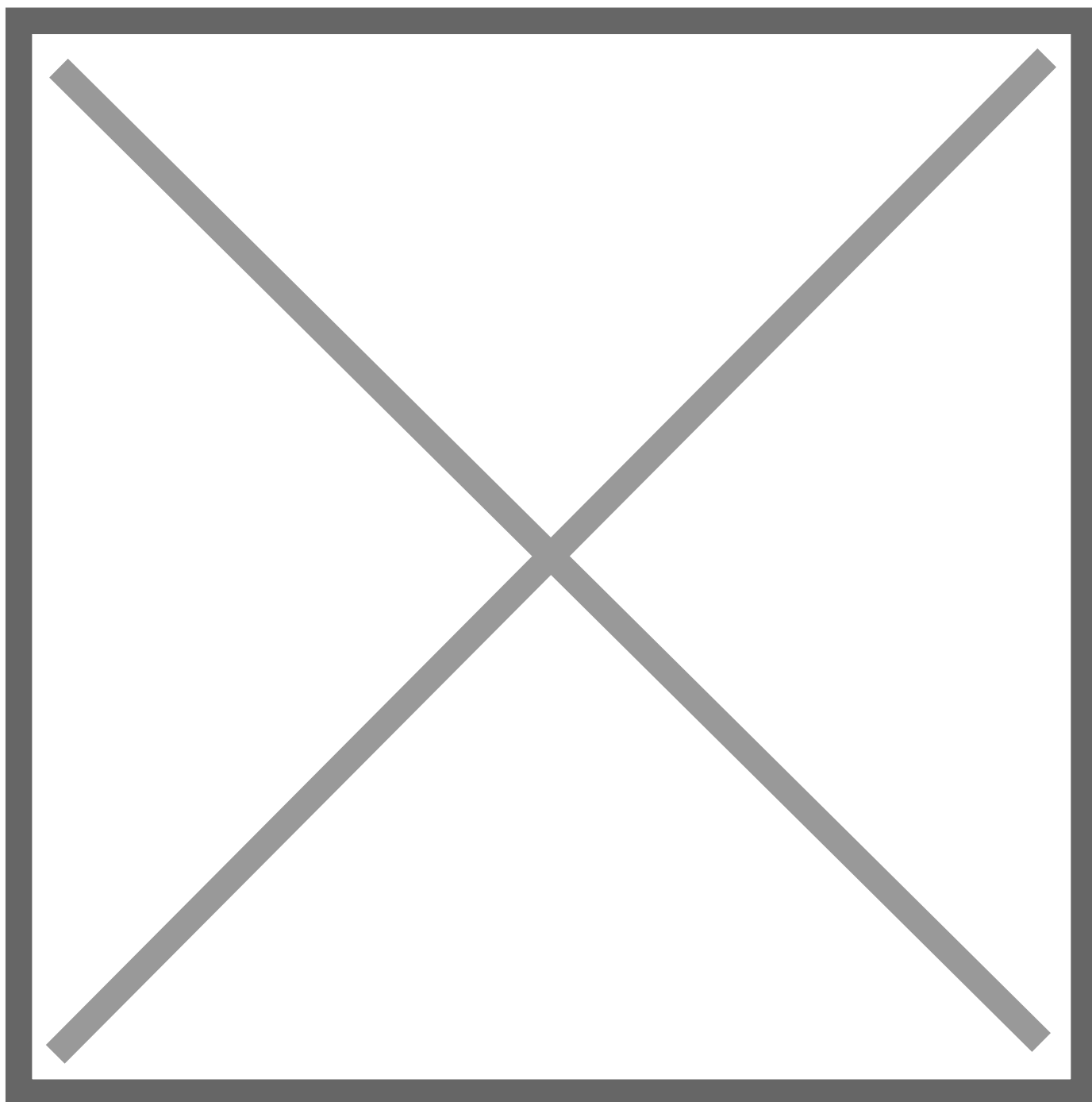
Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky:

5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Ā½eny, 2022



**Typ
prĀzkumu:**

NamĀ Ā enĀ©

VĀk:

20-49

**Velikost
vzorku:**

7117

**PokrytĀ;
oblast:**

NĀrodnĀ

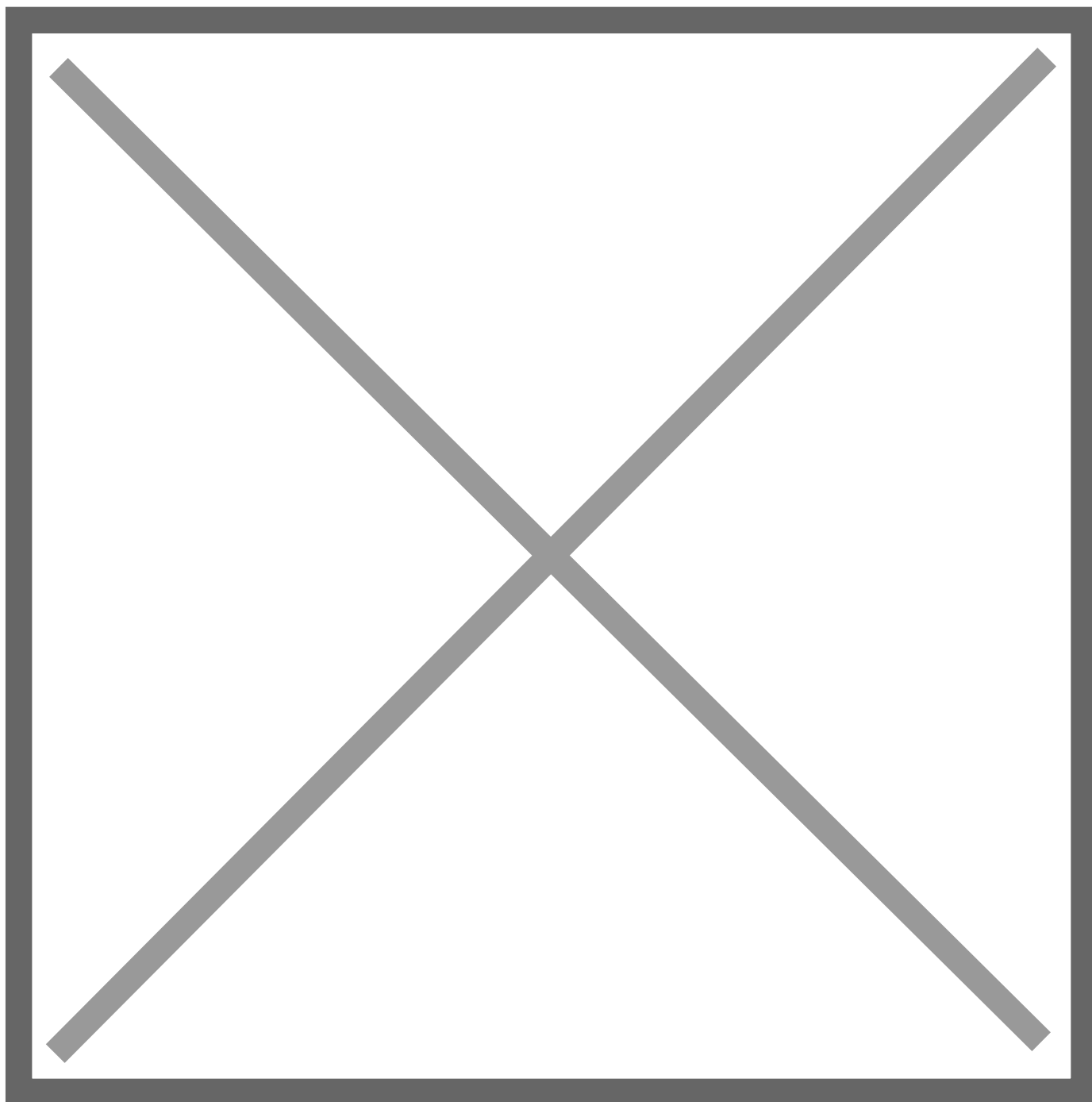
Reference: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky: 5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Nadváha/obezita podle sociálně-ekonomické skupiny

Muži, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno

Věk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

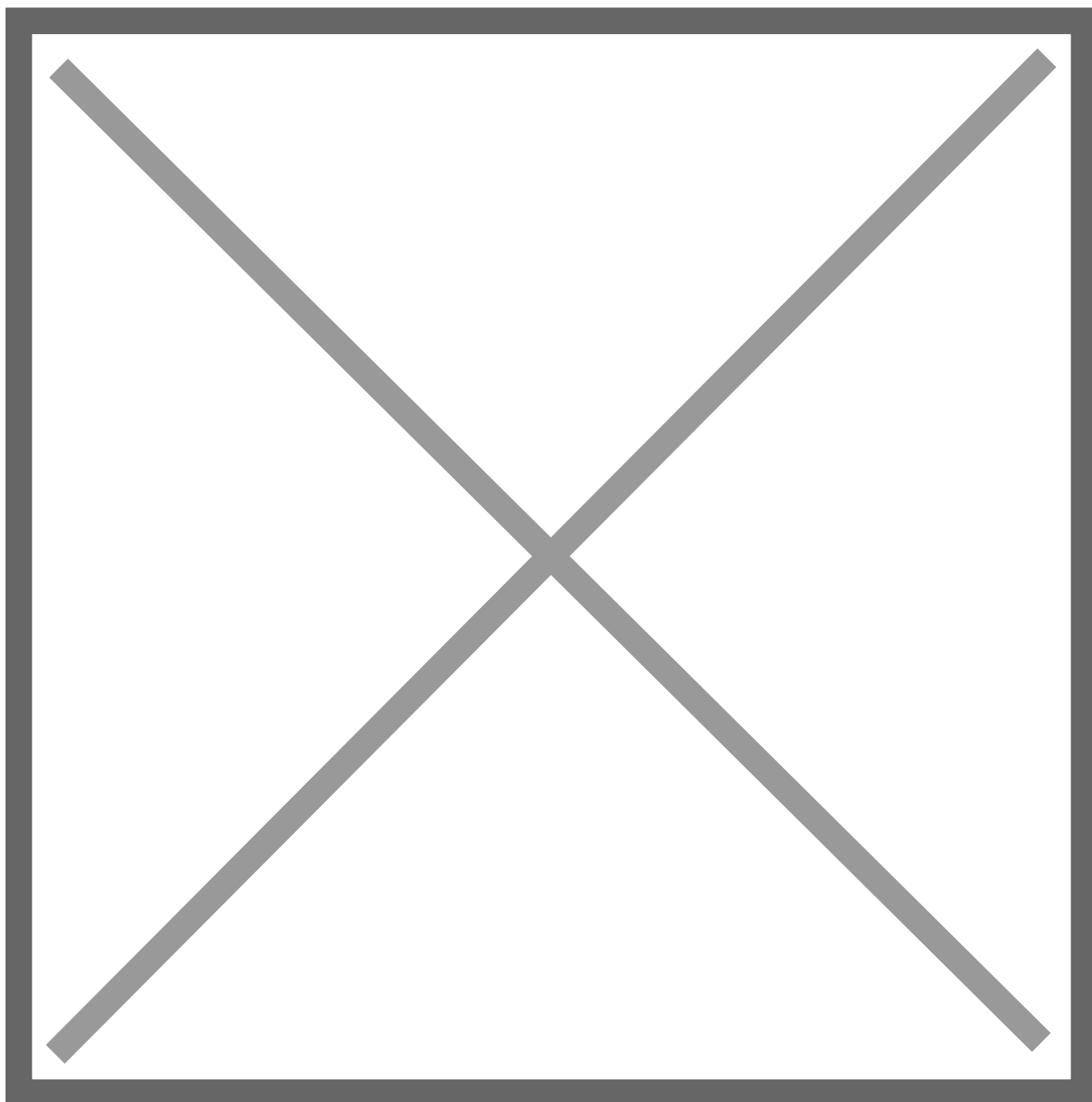
7117

Reference: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky: 5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Á½eny, 2022



Typ
prÁzkumu:

NamÁ Á enÁ©

VÁk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

Reference:

Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky:

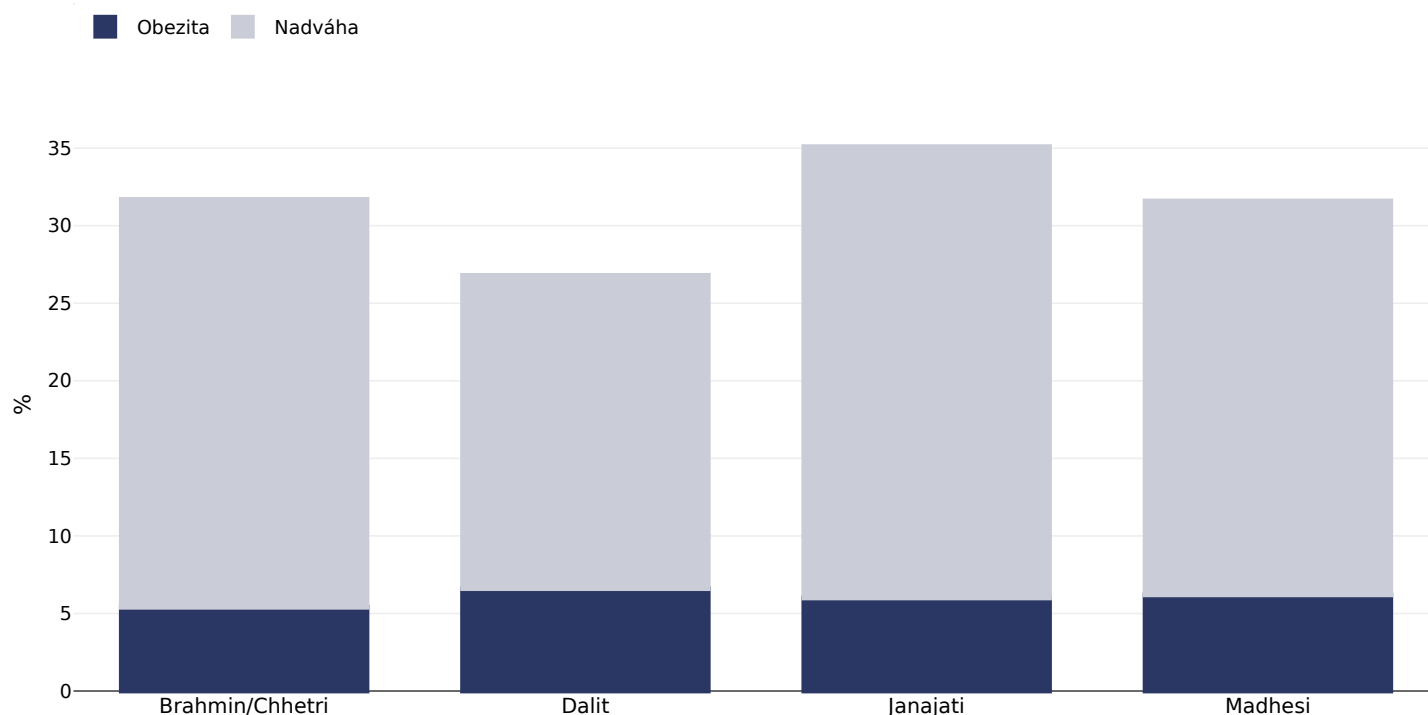
5750 Women and 1367 Men

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Nadváha/obezita podle etnického původu

Ethnic groups are as defined by publication of origin and are not as defined by WOF. In some instances ethnicity is conflated with nationality and/or race.

Muži, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Věk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

Reference:

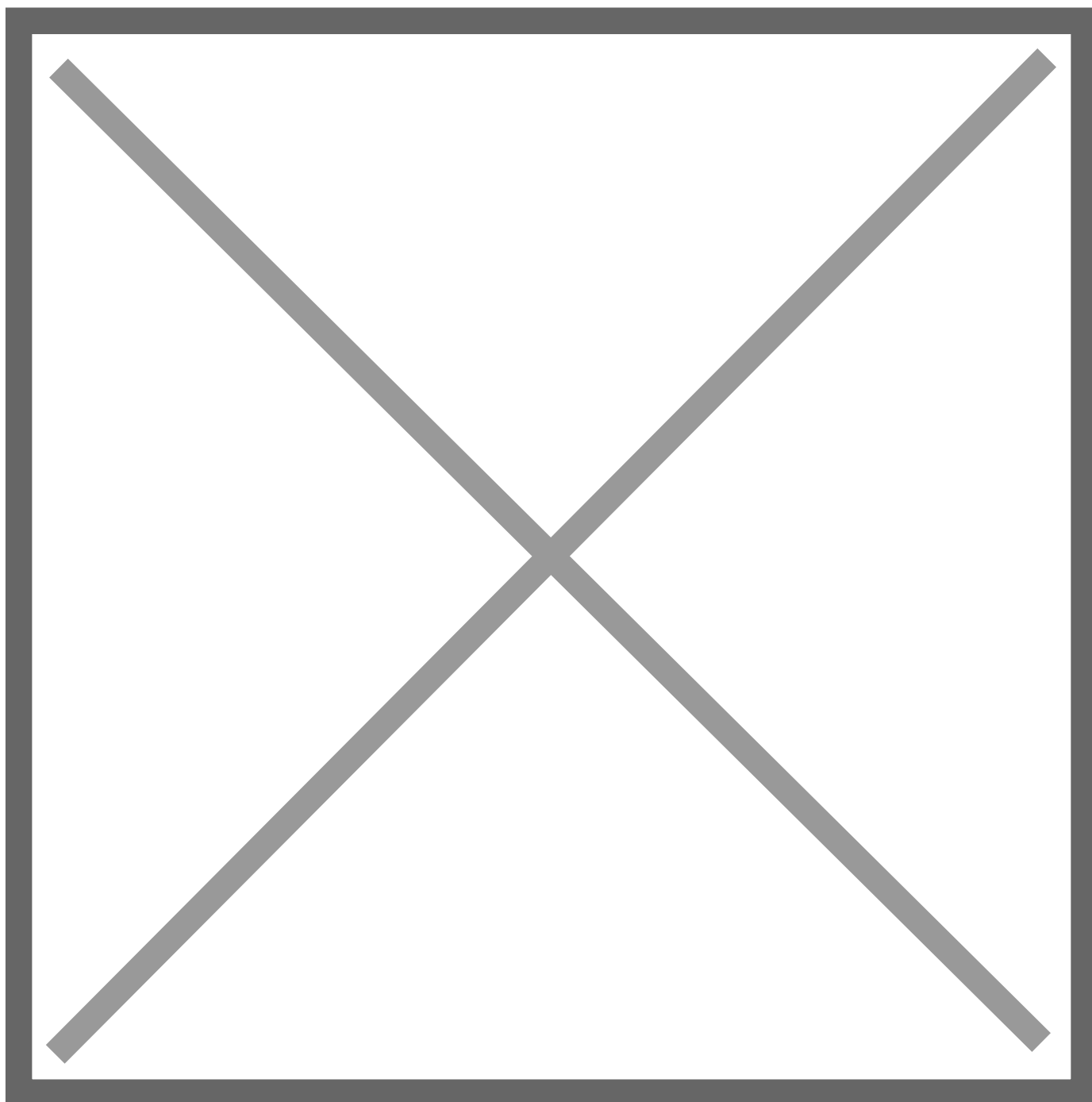
Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky:

5750 Women and 1367 Men Data is present for Muslim (men) and Other (both) ethnic groups in the report but are not presented here as sample sizes are too small.

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadváha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Á½eny, 2022



Typ
prÁzkumu:

NamÁ Á enÁ©

VÁk:

20-49

Velikost
vzorku:

7117

Reference:

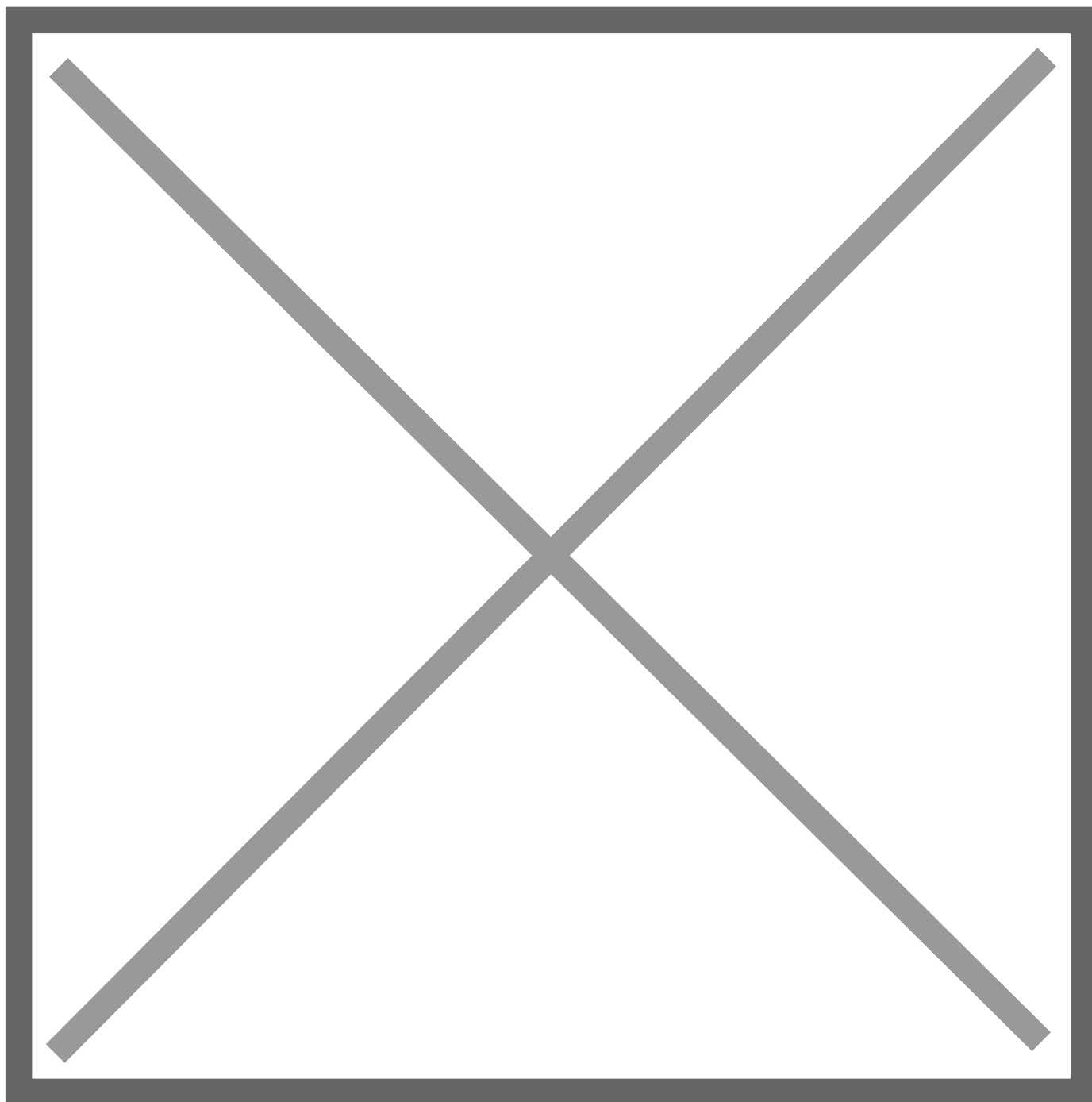
Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal; New ERA; and ICF. 2022. Nepal Demographic and Health Survey 2022: Key Indicators Report. Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Health and Population, Nepal.

Poznámky: 5750 Women and 1367 Men Data is present for Muslim (men) and Other (both) ethnic groups in the report but are not presented here as sample sizes are too small.

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Double burden of underweight & overweight

Dospělí, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Námětí a en

Věk:

20+

Reference:

NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Worldwide trends in underweight and obesity from 1990 to 2022: a pooled analysis of 3663 population representative studies with 222 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet 2024; published online Feb 29. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(23\)02750-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2).

Poznámky:

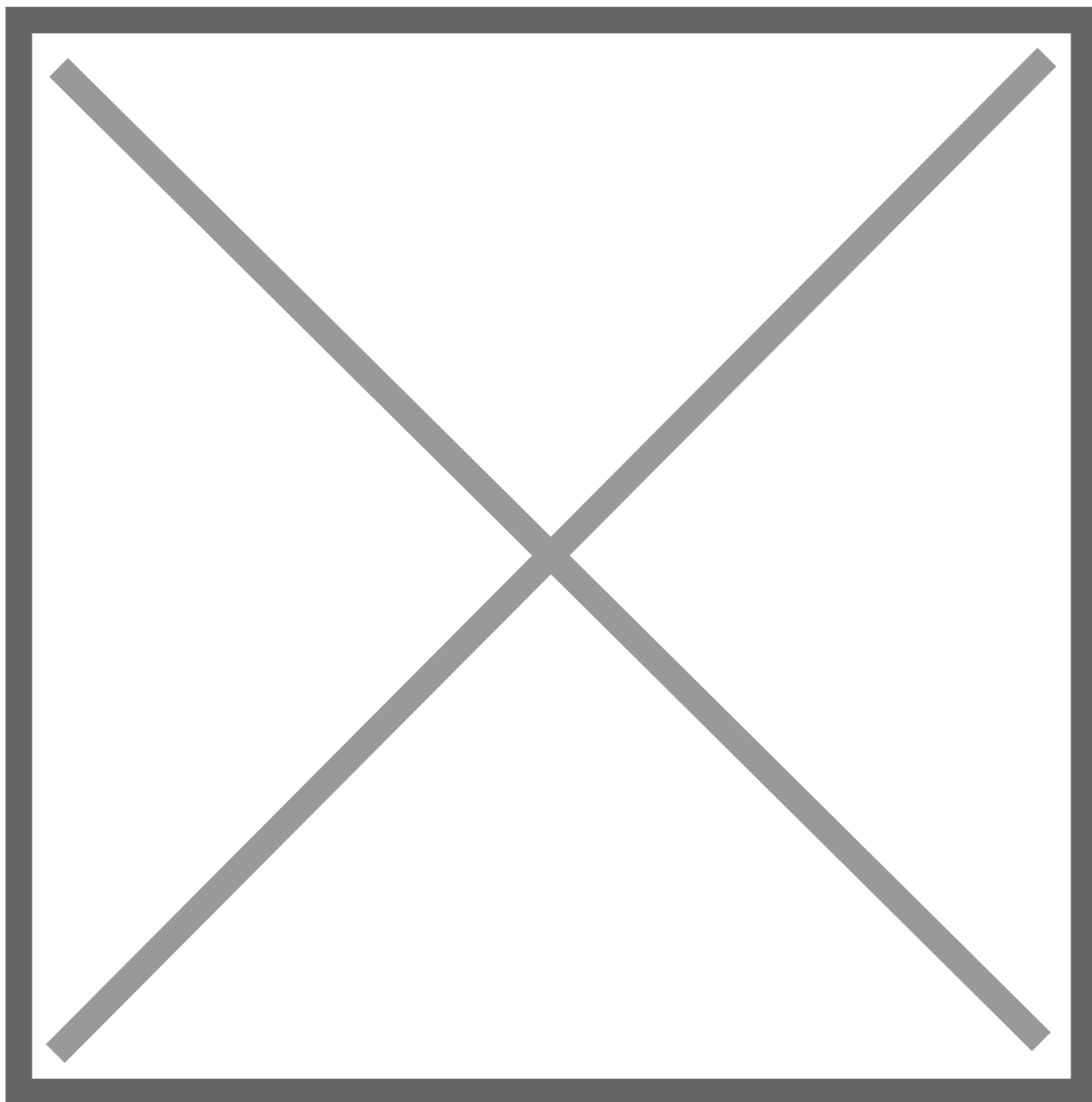
Age Standardised estimates

**Definice
(když dispozici
pouze
v angličtině):**

Combined prevalence of BMI<18.5 kg/m² and BMI≥30 kg/m² (double burden of underweight and obesity)

Nedostatek fyzické aktivity

Dospělí, 2022



Typ
průzkumu:

Samohlášení

Věk:

18+

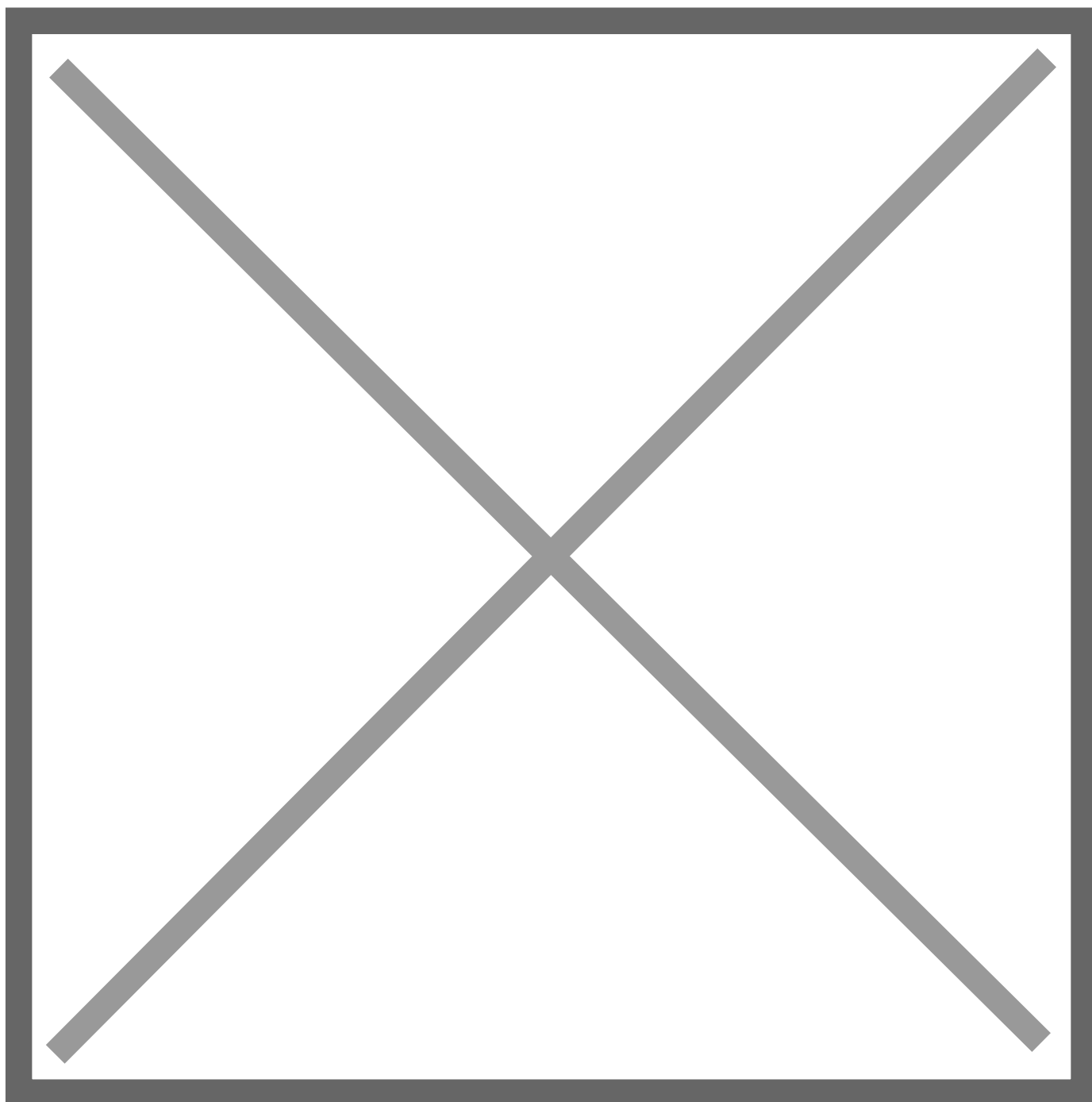
Pokrytá
oblast:

Národní

Reference: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definice (kÅ dispozici pouze vÅ angliÄ tinÄ): Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

MuÅ¾i, 2022



Typ
prÅ³zkumu:

SamonahIÅ³enÅ½

VÅ³k:

18+

PokrytÅ³
oblast:

NÅ³rodnÅ³

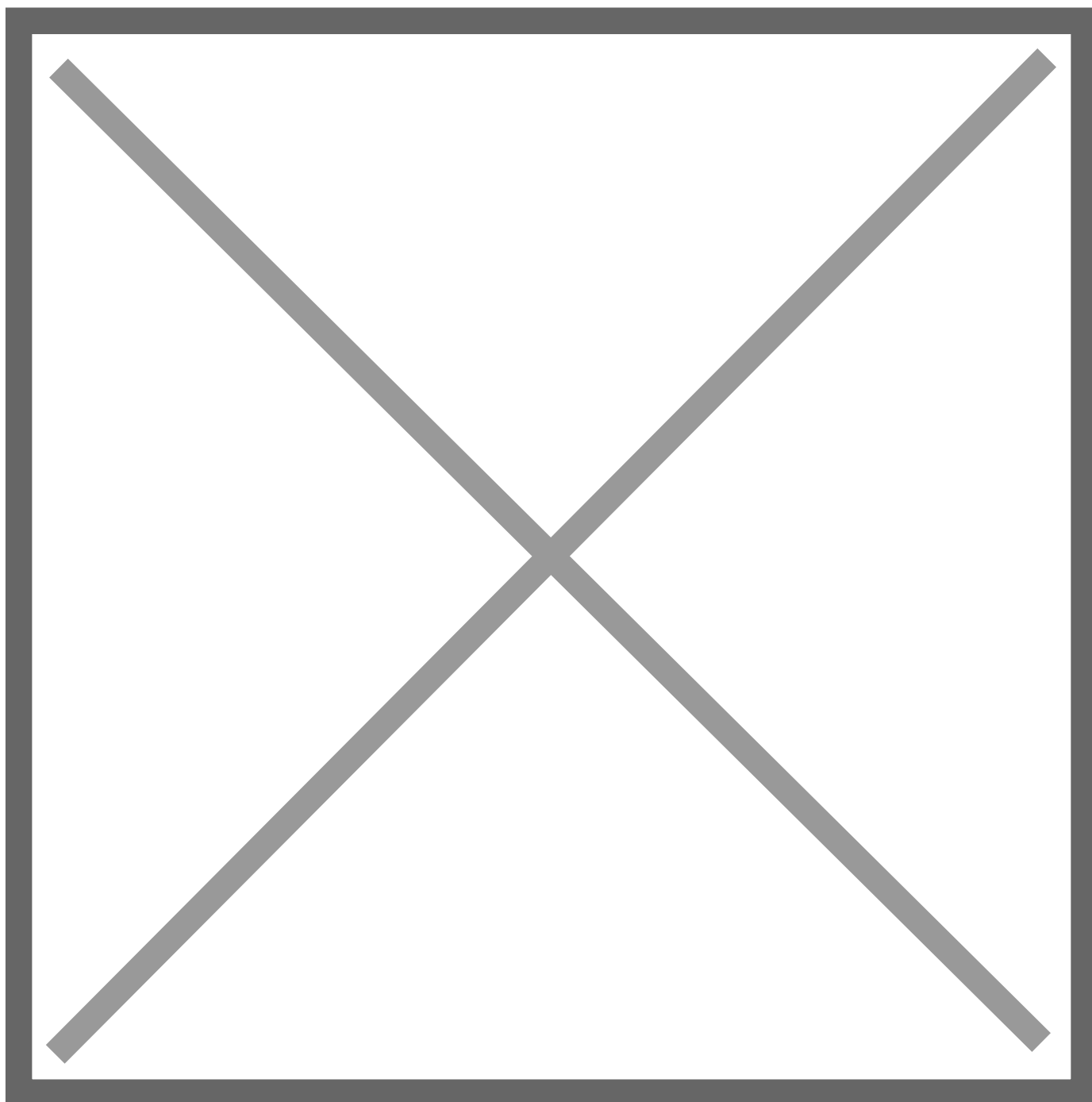
Reference:

WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Á½eny, 2022



Typ
prÁzkumu:

SamonahIÄjÄenÄ½

VÄk:

18+

PokrytÄj
oblast:

NÄjrodnÄ

Reference:

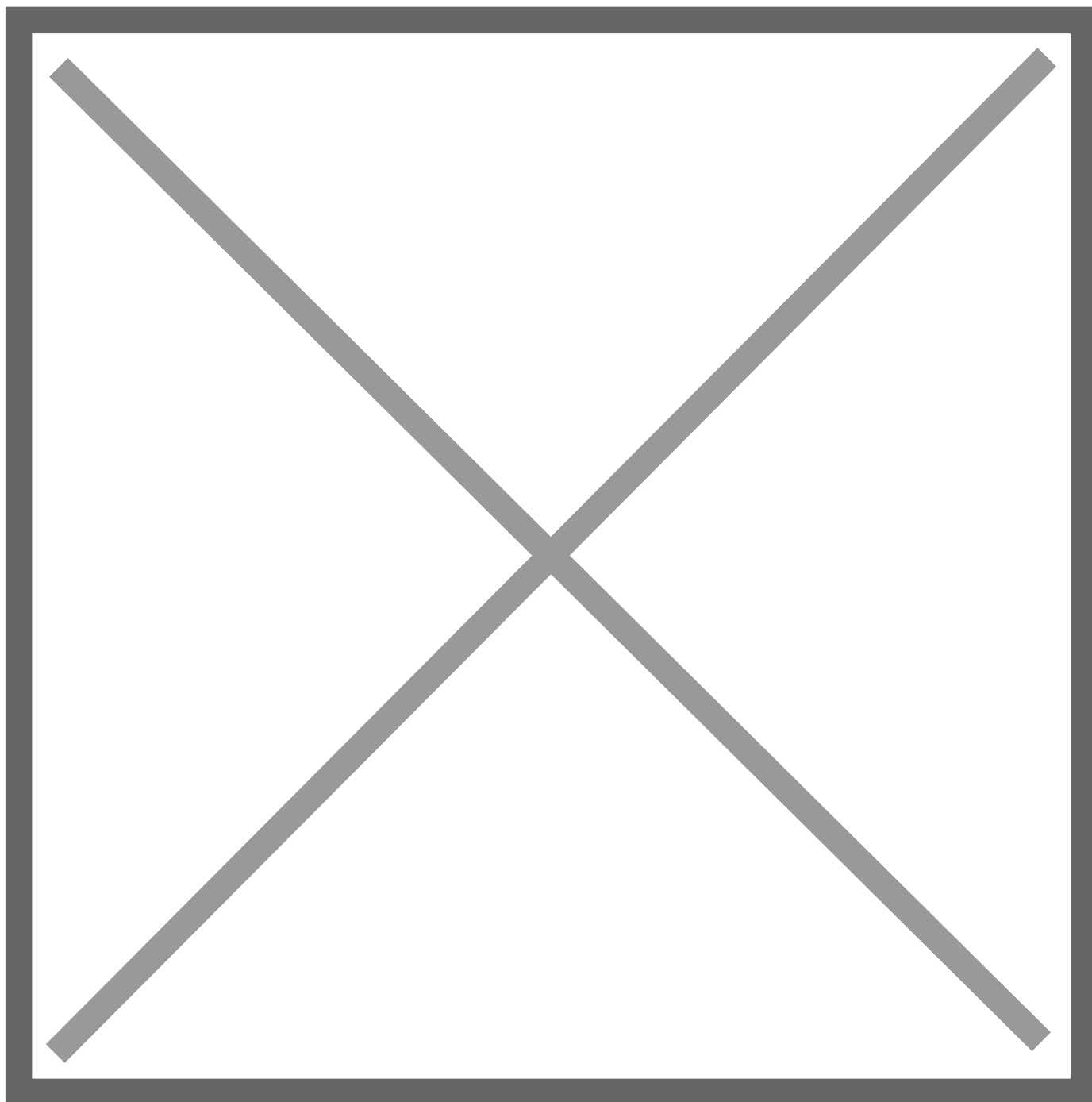
WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Estimated per capita fruit intake

Dospělí I, 2017



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Věk k:

25+

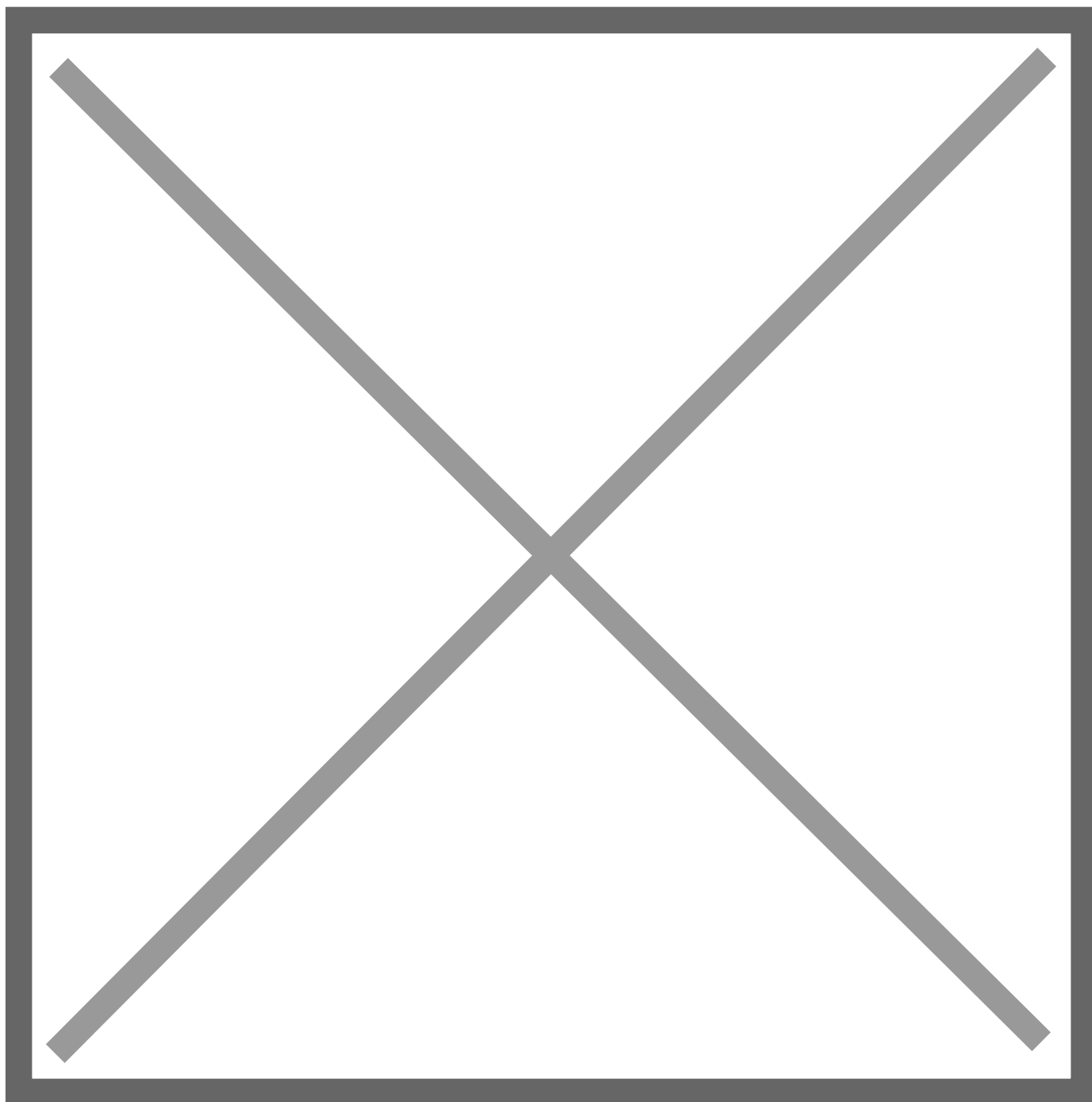
Reference:

Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Estimated per-capita fruit intake (g/day)

Odhadovan½ pÅ½ Å½em zpracovan½ho masa na osobu Dosp½½ I½, 2017



Typ
prÅ½zkumu:

Nam½½ Å½ en½½

V½½ k:

25+

Reference:

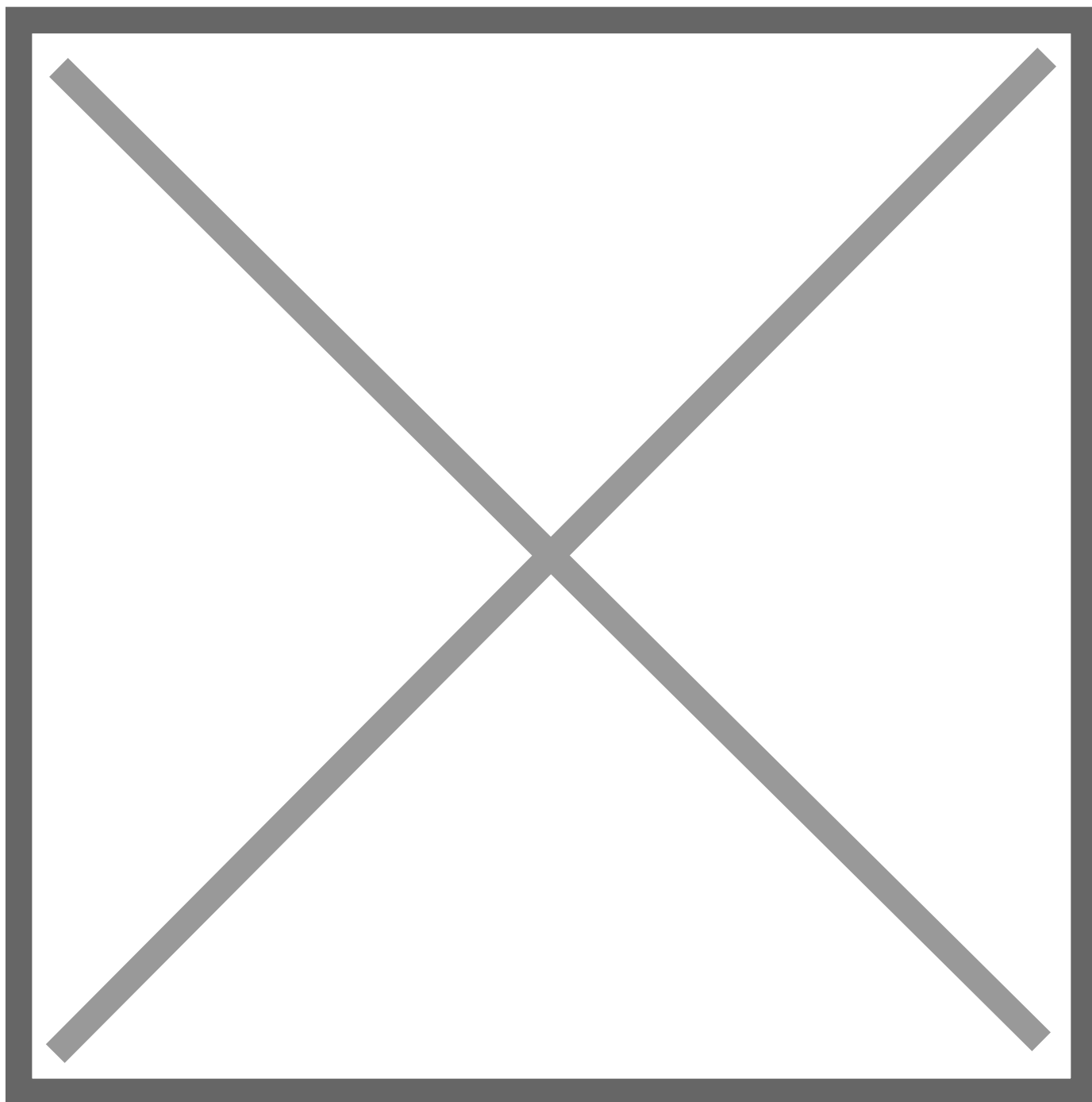
Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice
(kÃ½ dispozici
pouze
vÃ½ angliÃ½
tinÃ½):

Estimated per-capita processed meat intake (g per day)

Estimated per capita whole grains intake

Dospělí I, 2017



Typ
průzkumu:

Naměřeno en

Věk k:

25+

Reference:

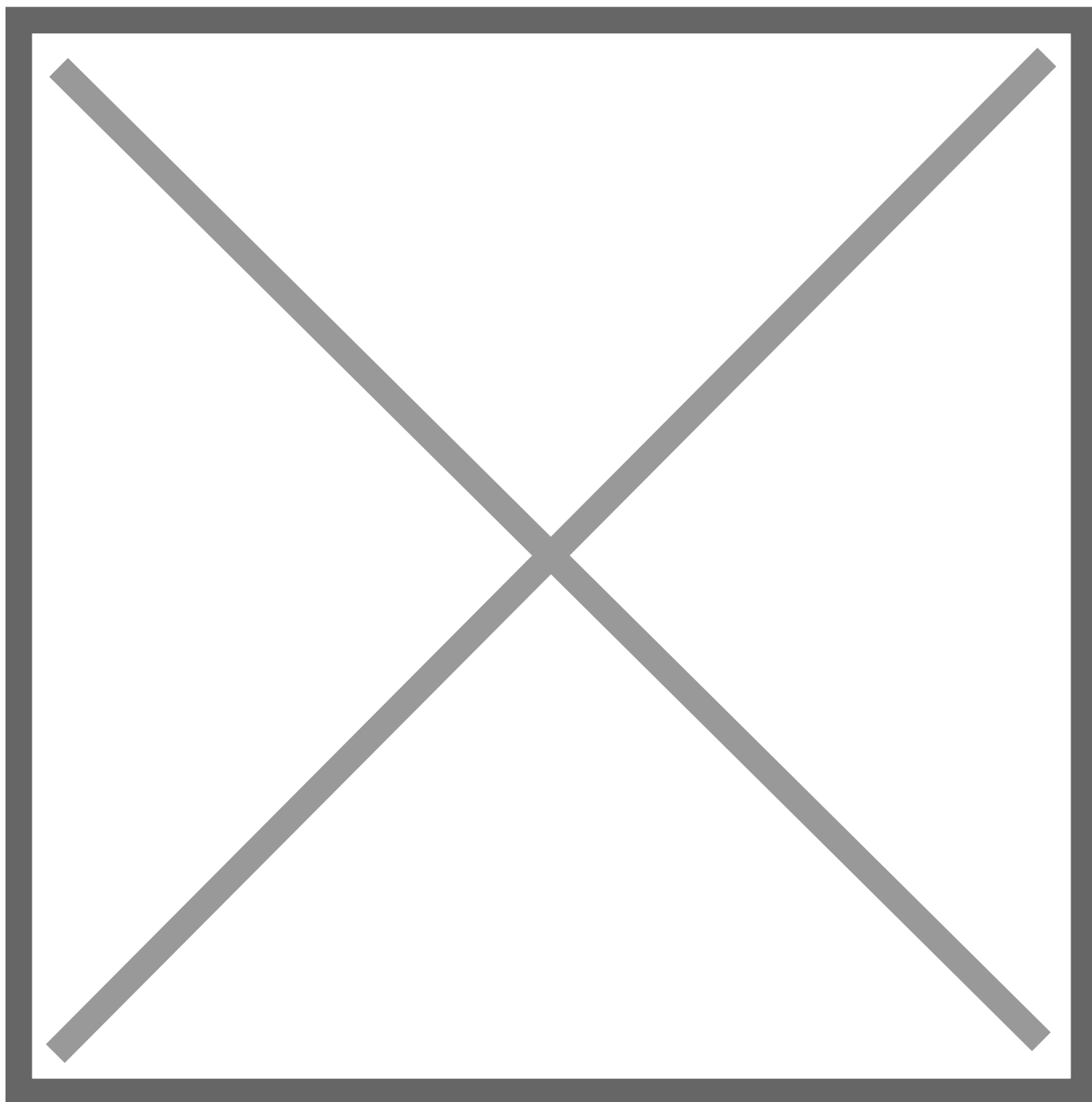
Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Estimated per-capita whole grains intake (g/day)

DuÅ¡evnÄ zdravÄ â stavy deprese

DospÄ lÄ, 2021



VÄ k:

20+

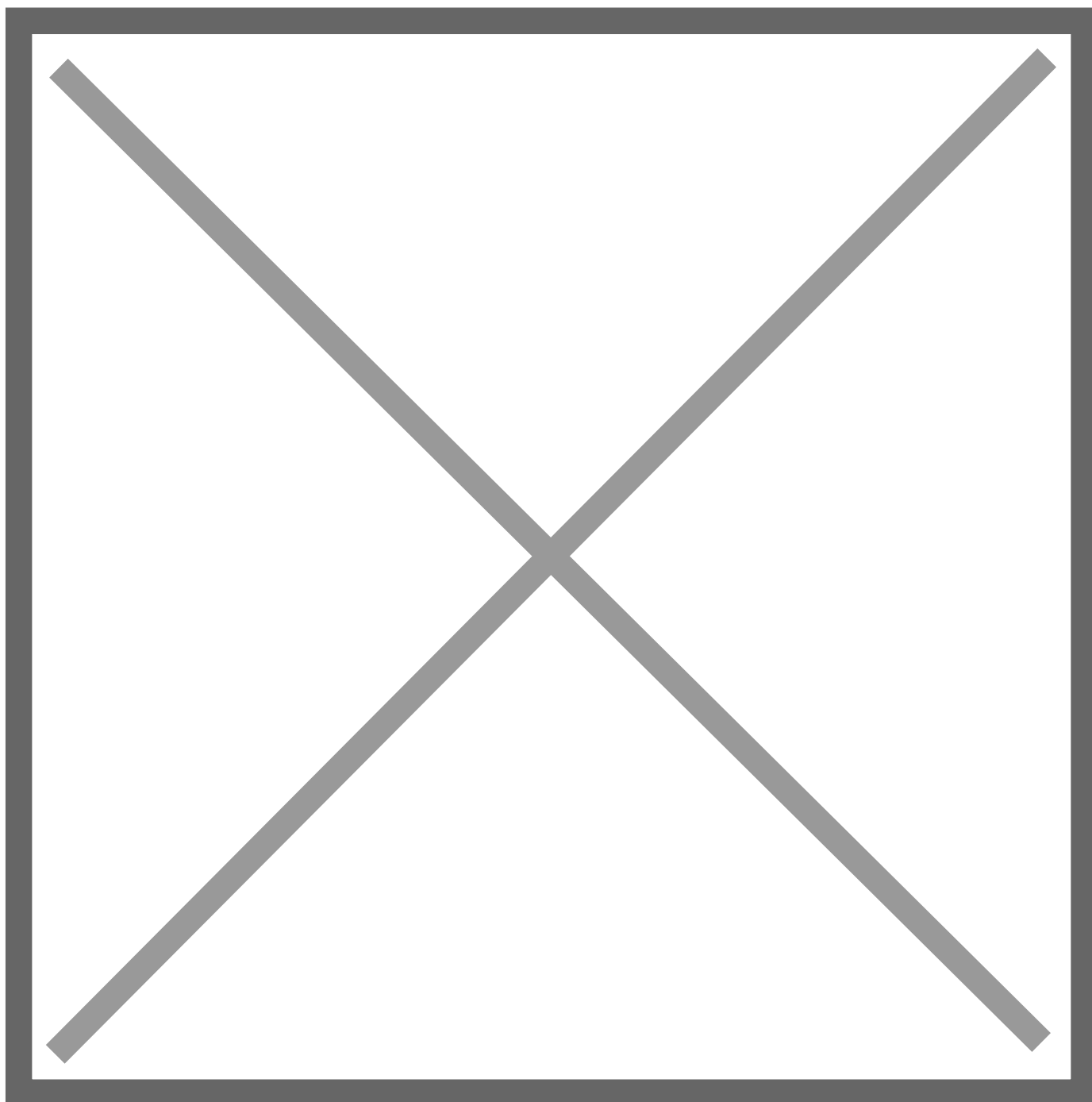
PokrytÄ
oblast:

NÄrodnÄ

Reference: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

MuÅ¾i, 2021



VÄ¼ k:

20+

PokrytÄ½
oblast:

NÄ½rodnÄ½

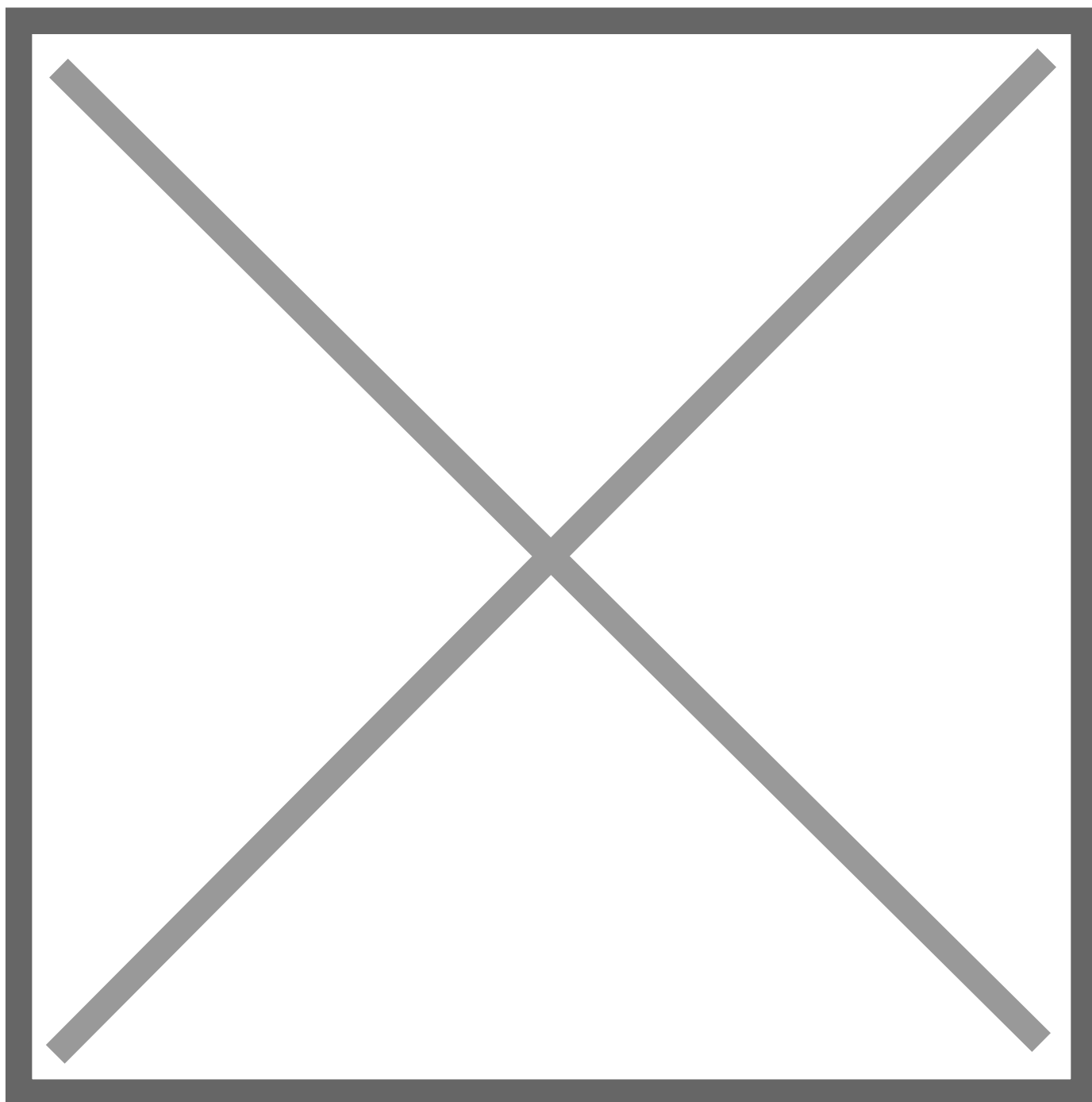
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

Ā½eny, 2021



VÄ k:

20+

PokrytÄ;
oblast:

NÄ;rodnÄ

Reference:

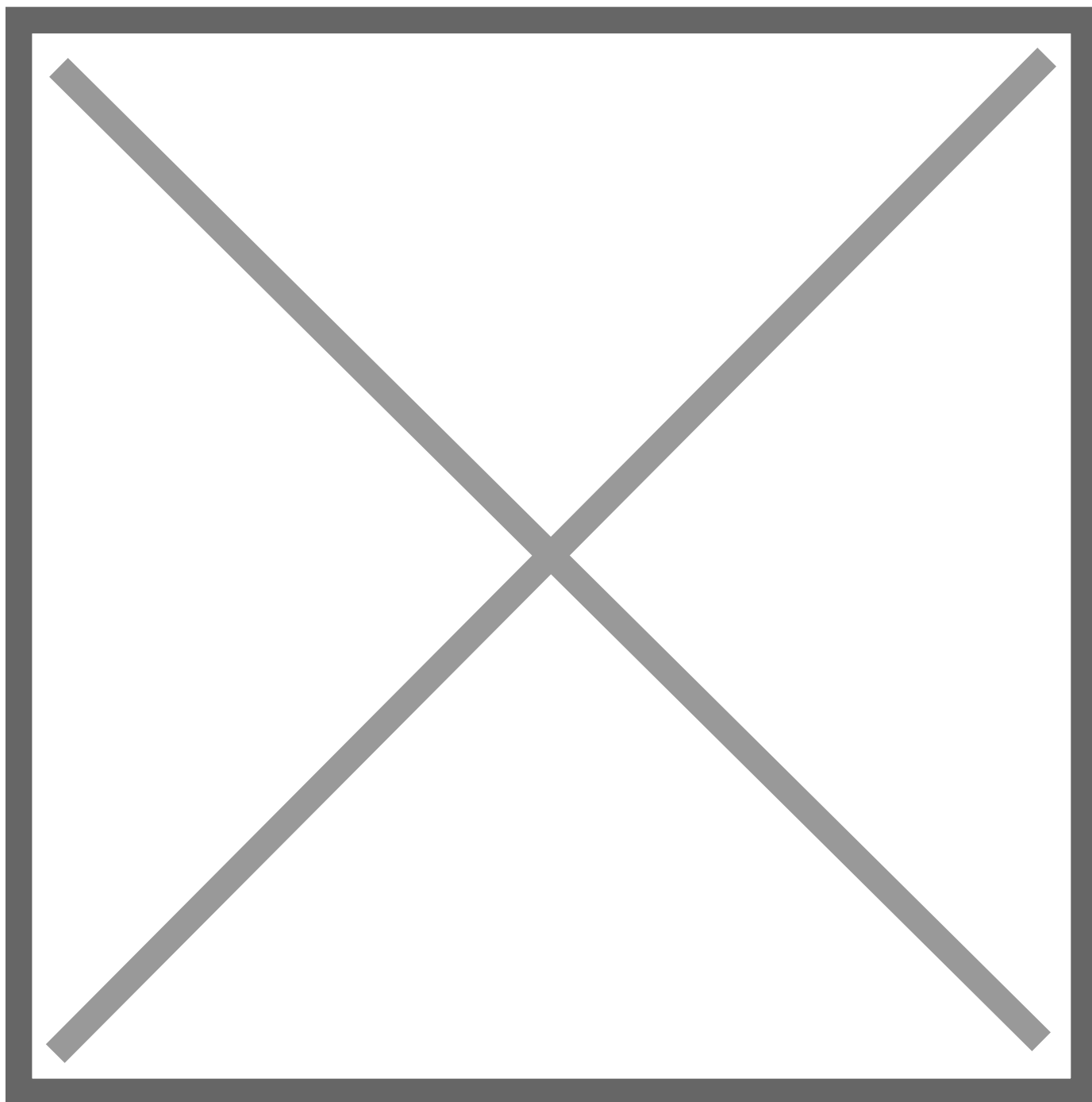
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

Duševná zdravě stav ůzkosti

Dospě Ľ, 2021



Vě k:

20+

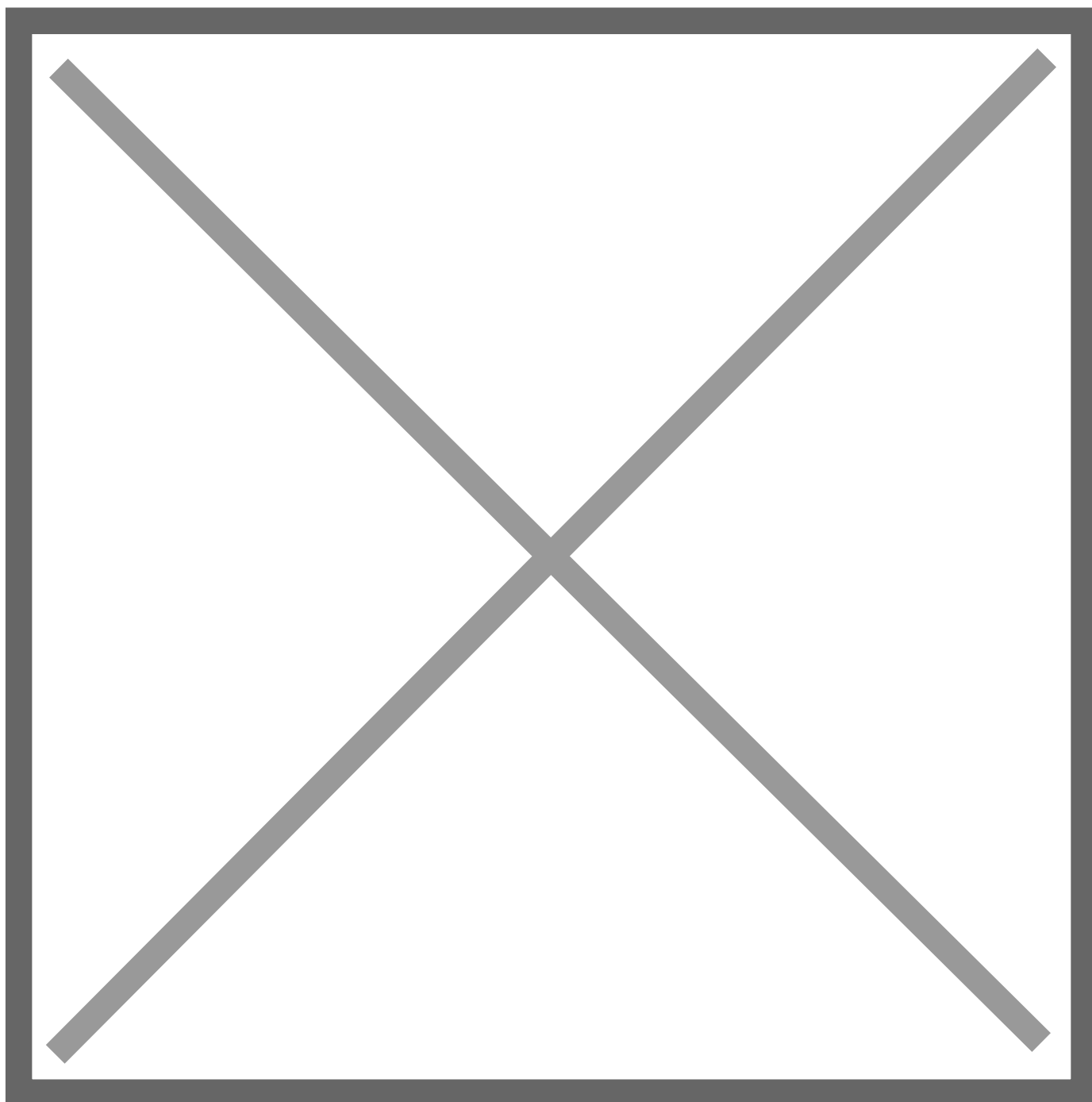
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice
(kÃ dispozi
pouze
vÃ angliÄ
tinÄ):

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

MuÅ¾i, 2021



VÄ¼k:

20+

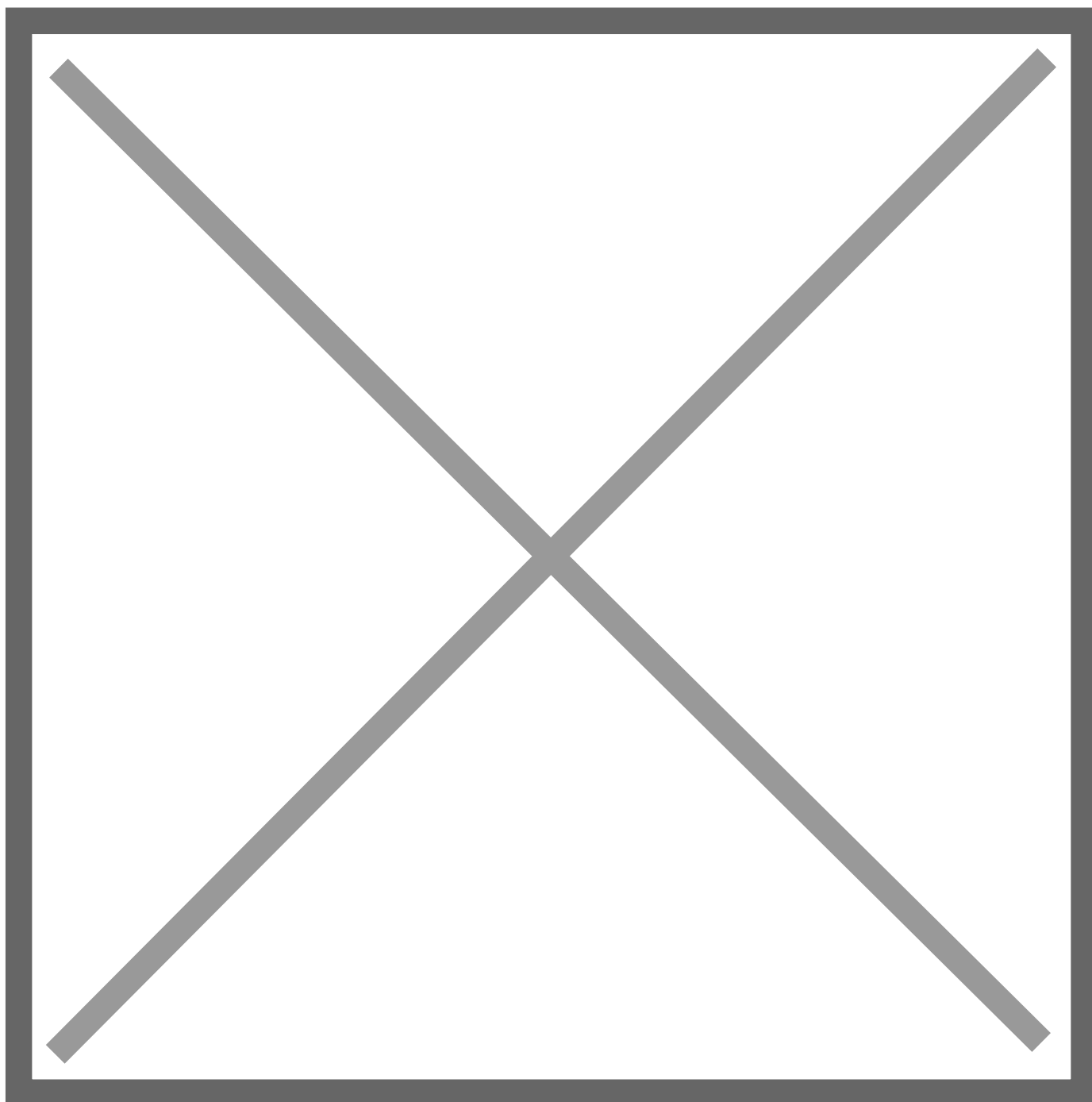
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

Å½eny, 2021



VÄ k:

20+

Reference:

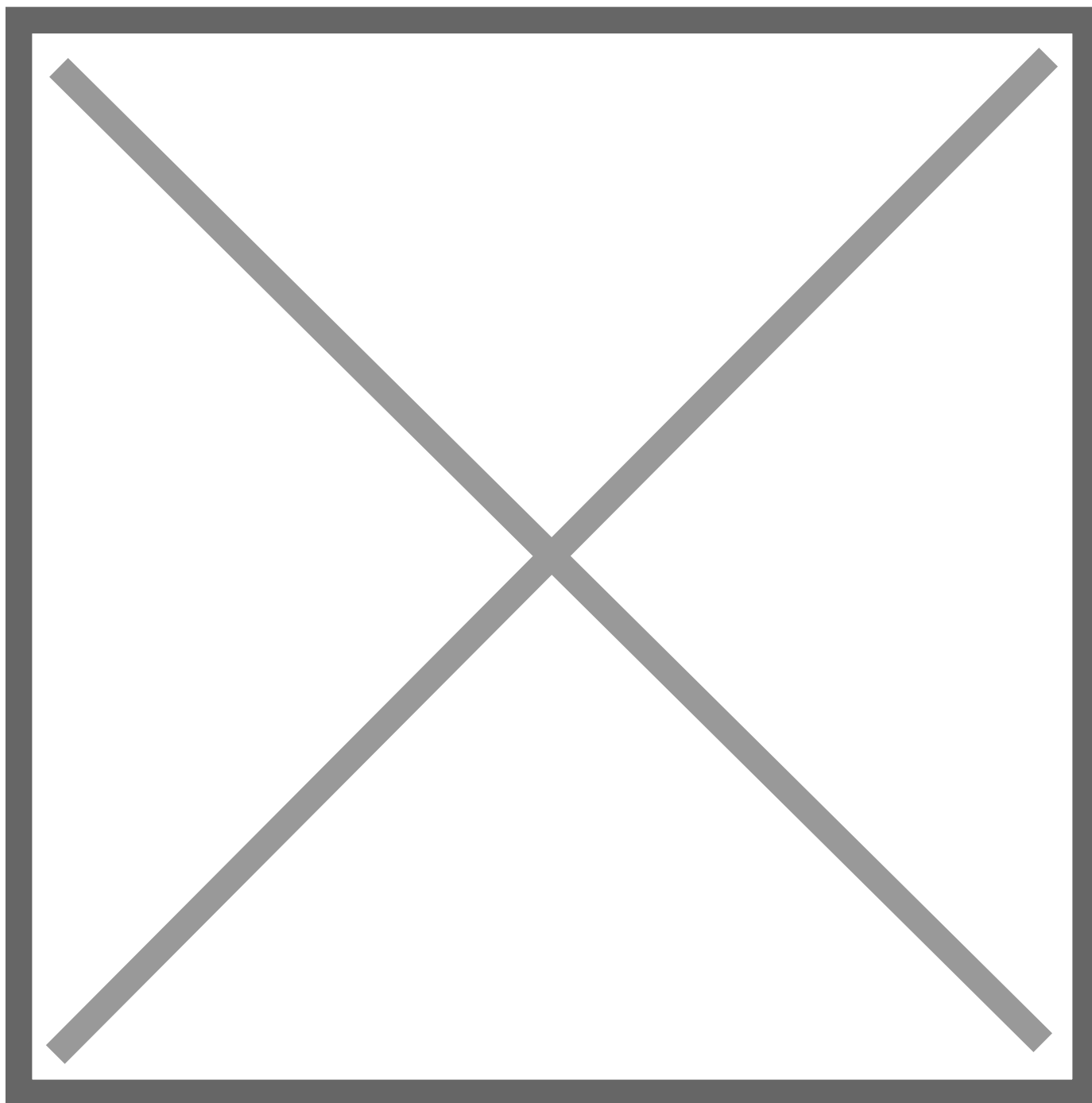
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet

DospÄŕ IÄ, 2022



PokrytÄŕ
oblast:

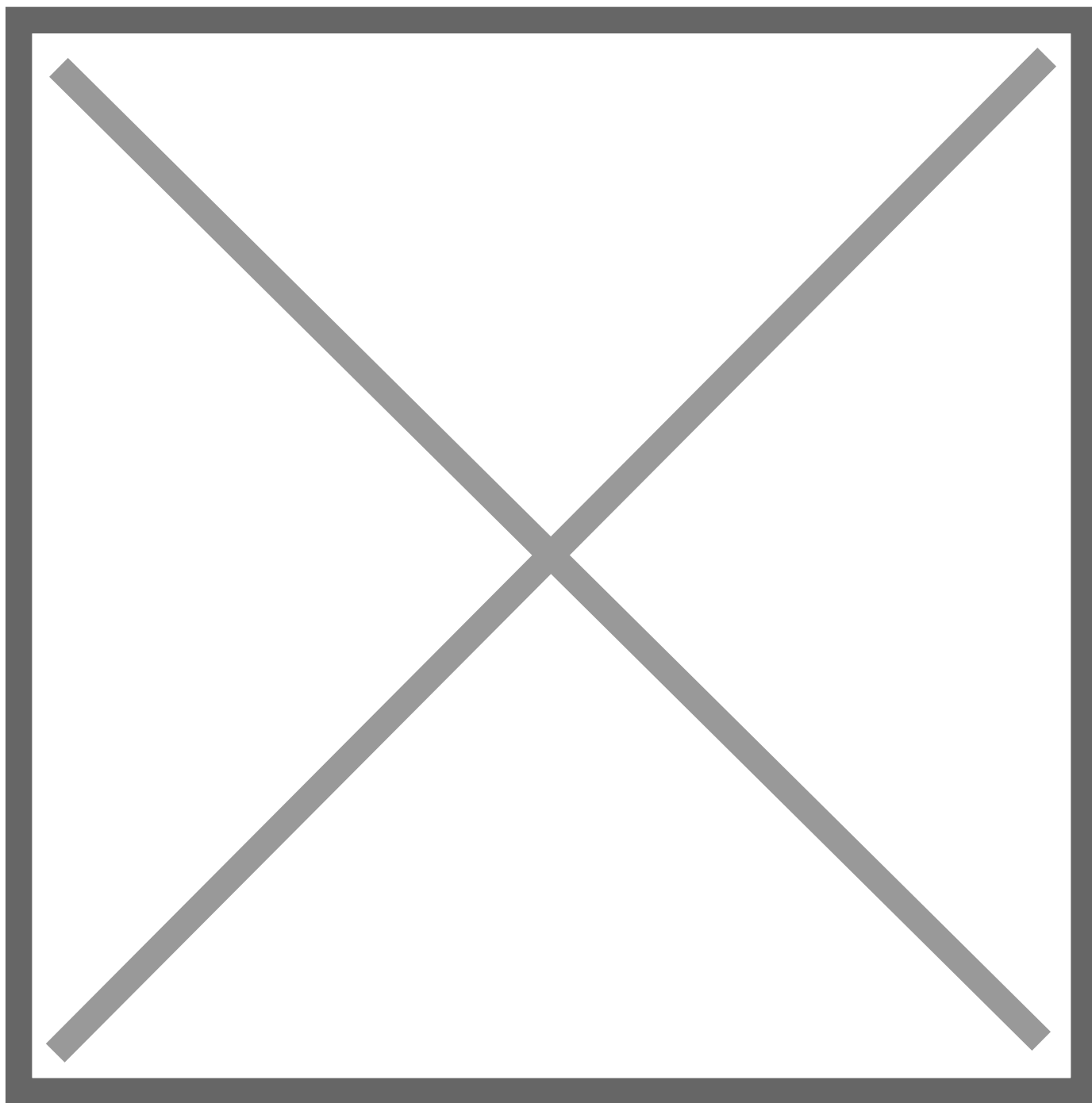
NÄŕrodnÄŕ

Reference:

The Food Systems Dashboard. The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), The Columbia Climate School, and Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. 2024. Geneva, Switzerland.
<https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org>. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36072/db>.

Rakovina jãcnu

Muã¾i, 2022



Vã¾ k:

20+

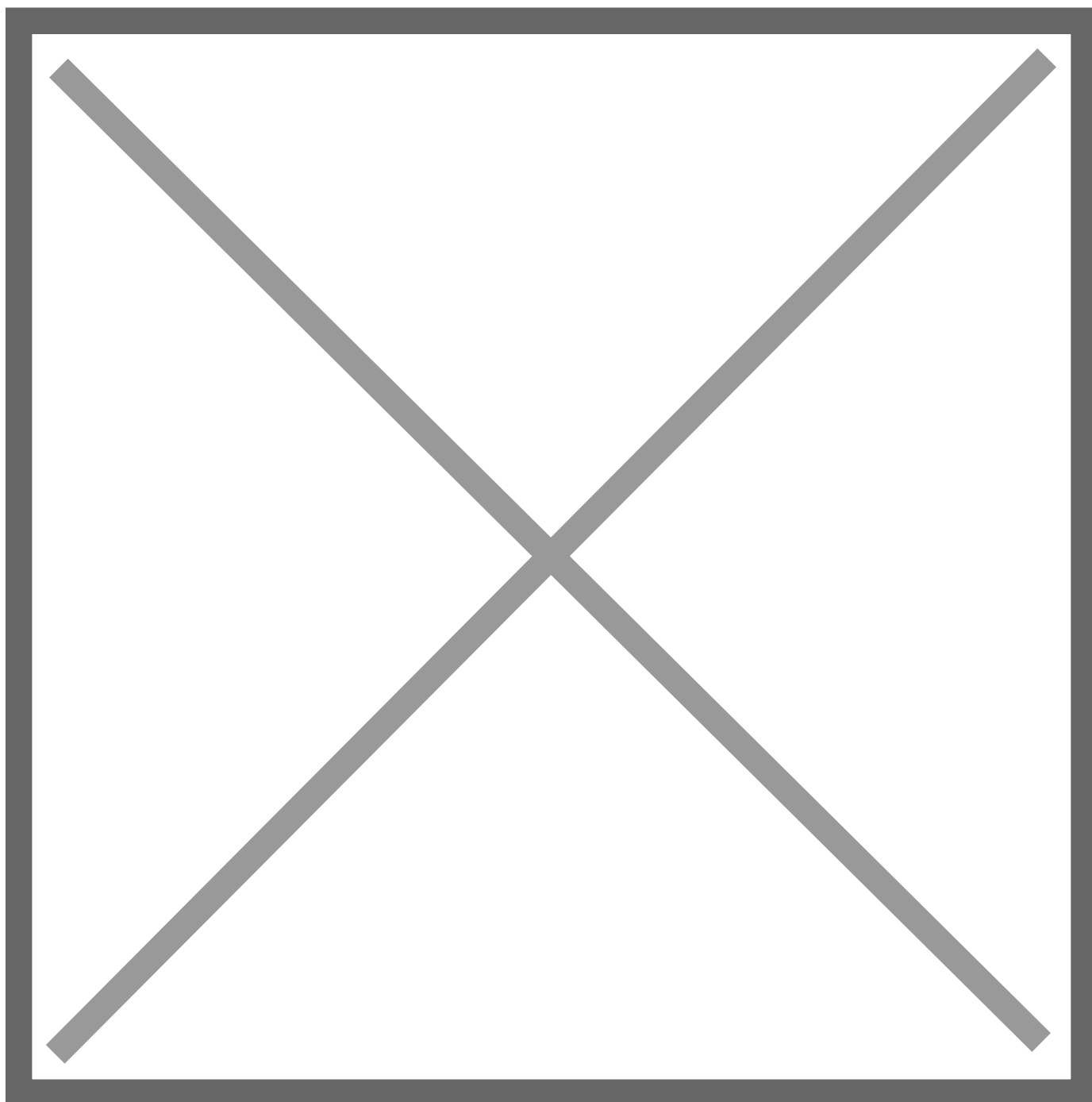
Pokrytã¾
oblast:

Nã¾rodnã

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Indicence per 100,000

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

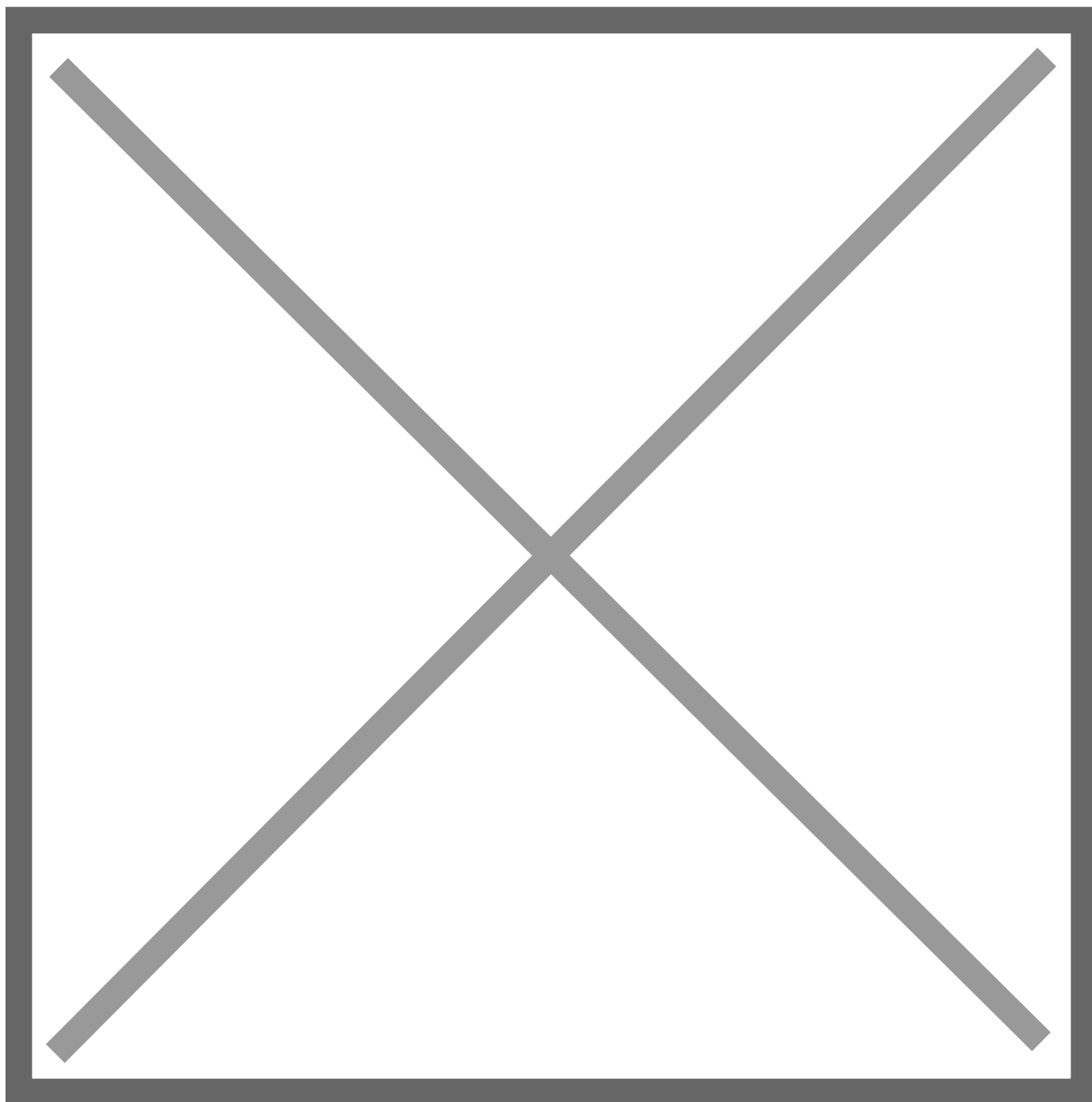
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):**

Indicence per 100,000

Rakovina prsu

Ā½eny, 2022



**PokrytĀ;
oblast:**

NĀ;rodnĀ

Reference:

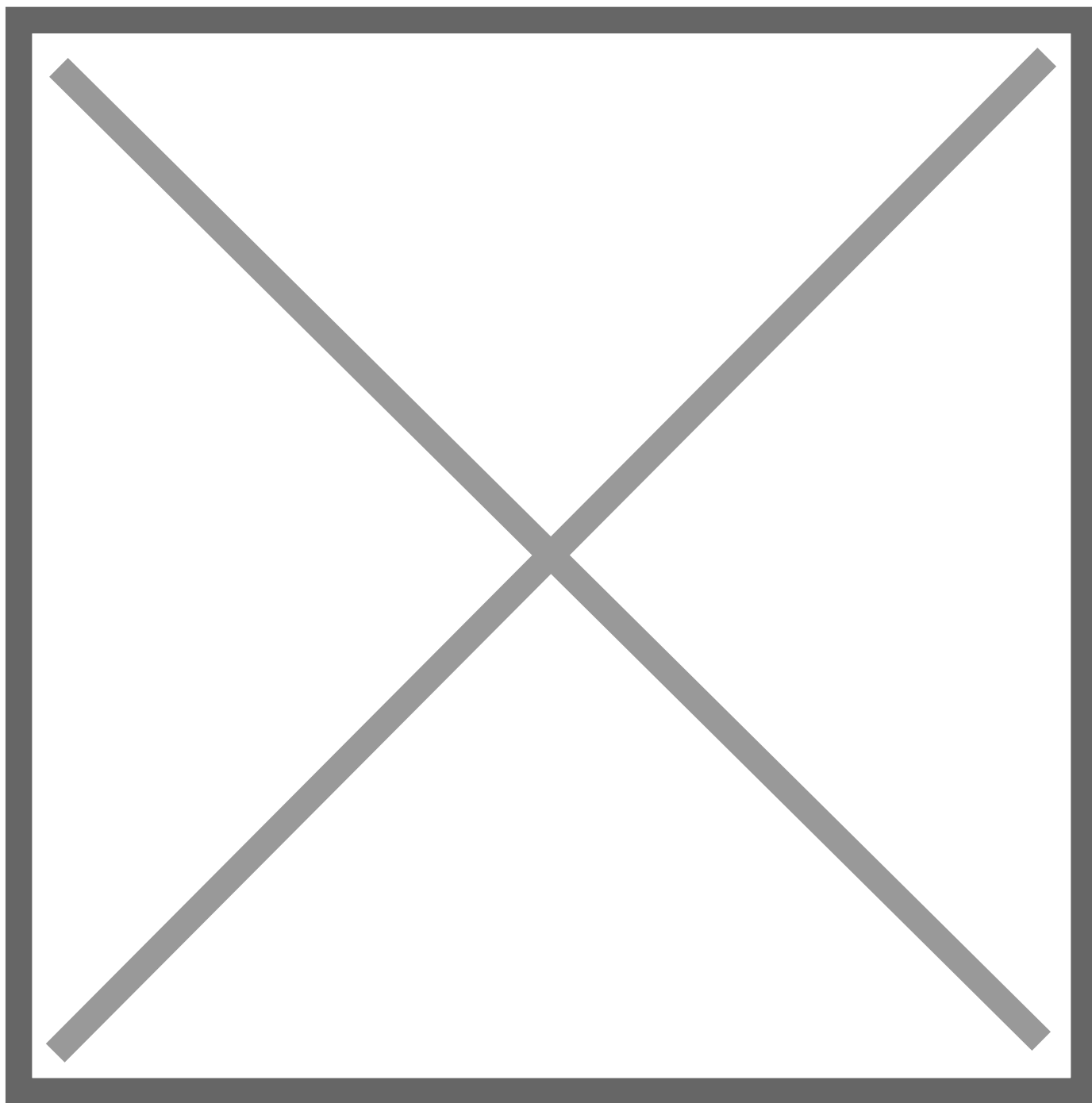
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Rakovina tlustáho stáňa eva a koneň nãku

Muã¾i, 2022



Vã k:

20+

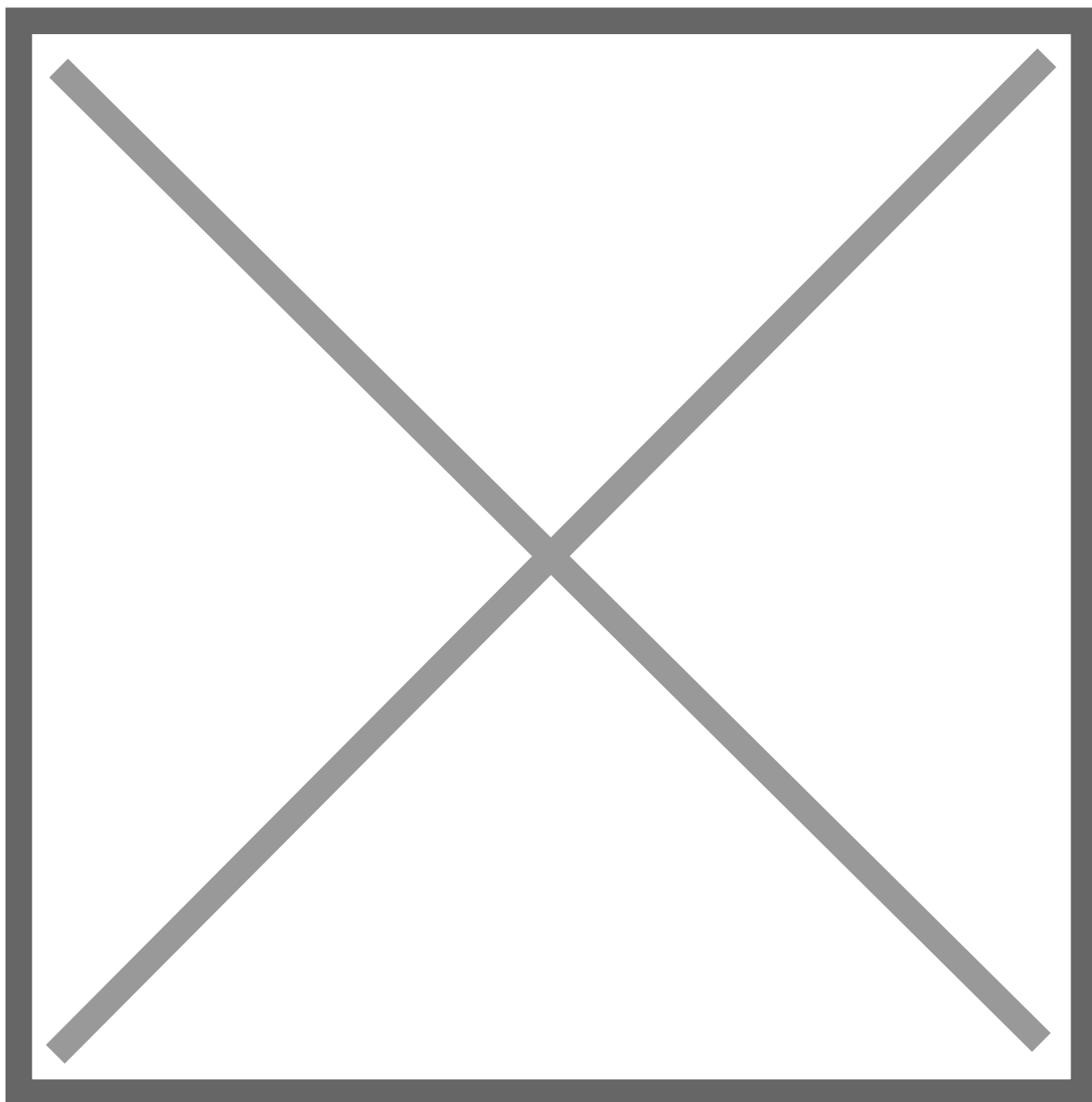
Pokrytã
oblast:

Nãrodnã

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Incidence per 100,000

Ā½eny, 2022



VĀ k:

20+

PokrytĀ;
oblast:

NĀ;rodnĀ

Reference:

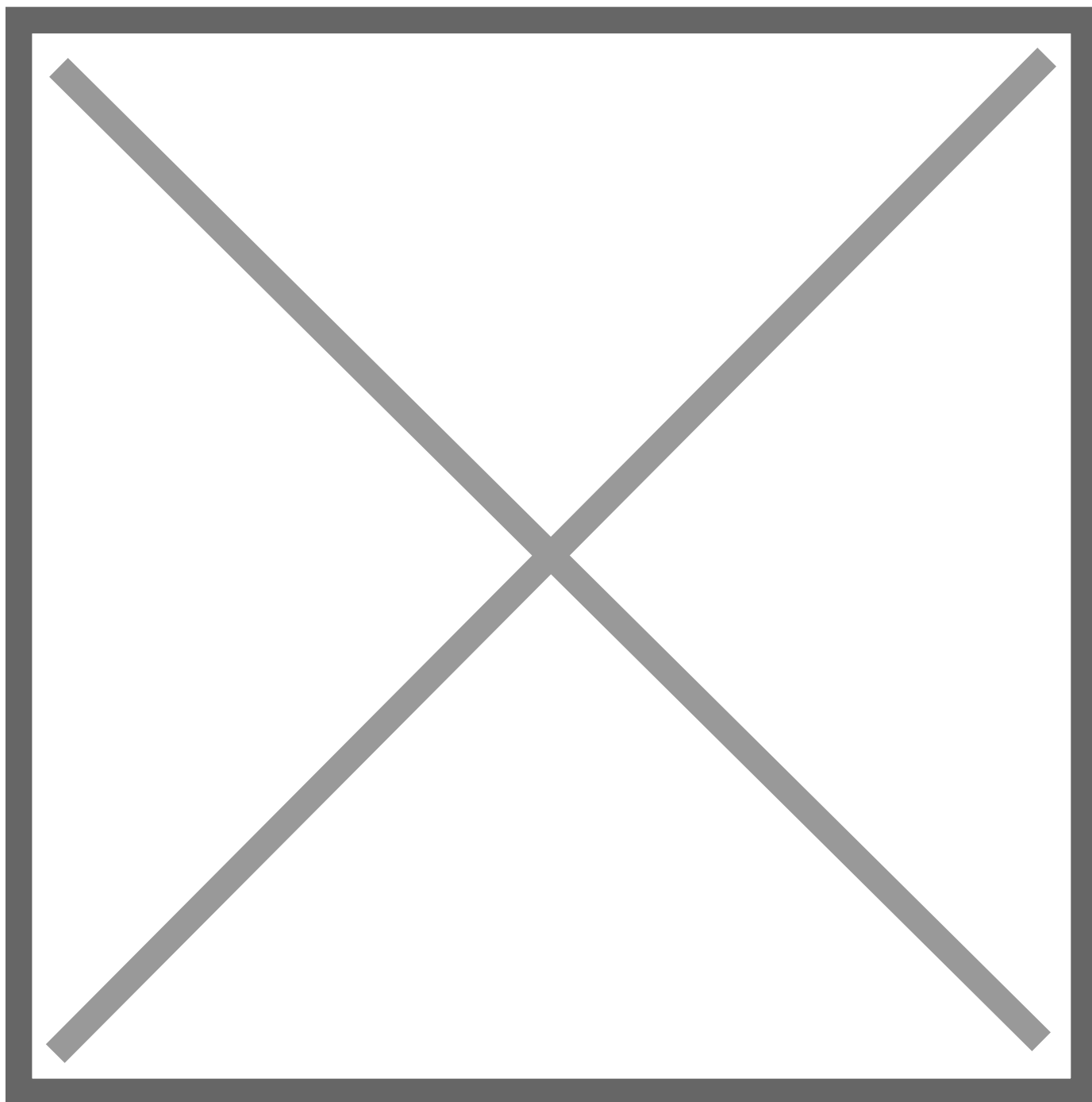
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Rakovina slinivky bĚĤ iĀĵnĀ

MuĀ¾i, 2022



VĀĤ k:

20+

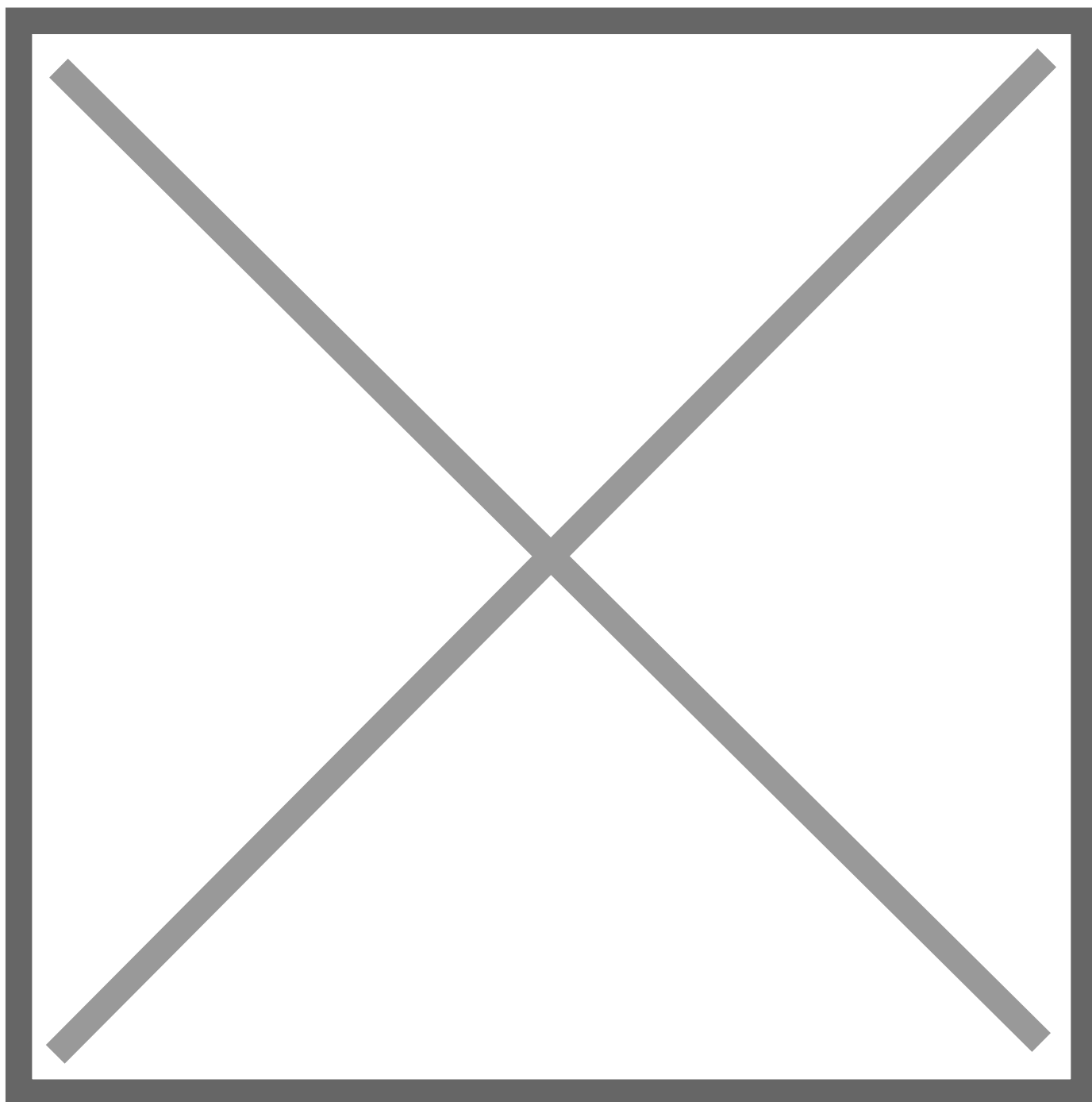
PokrytĀĵ
oblast:

NĀĵrodnĀ

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kde dispozice
pouze
v angličtině): Incidence per 100,000

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

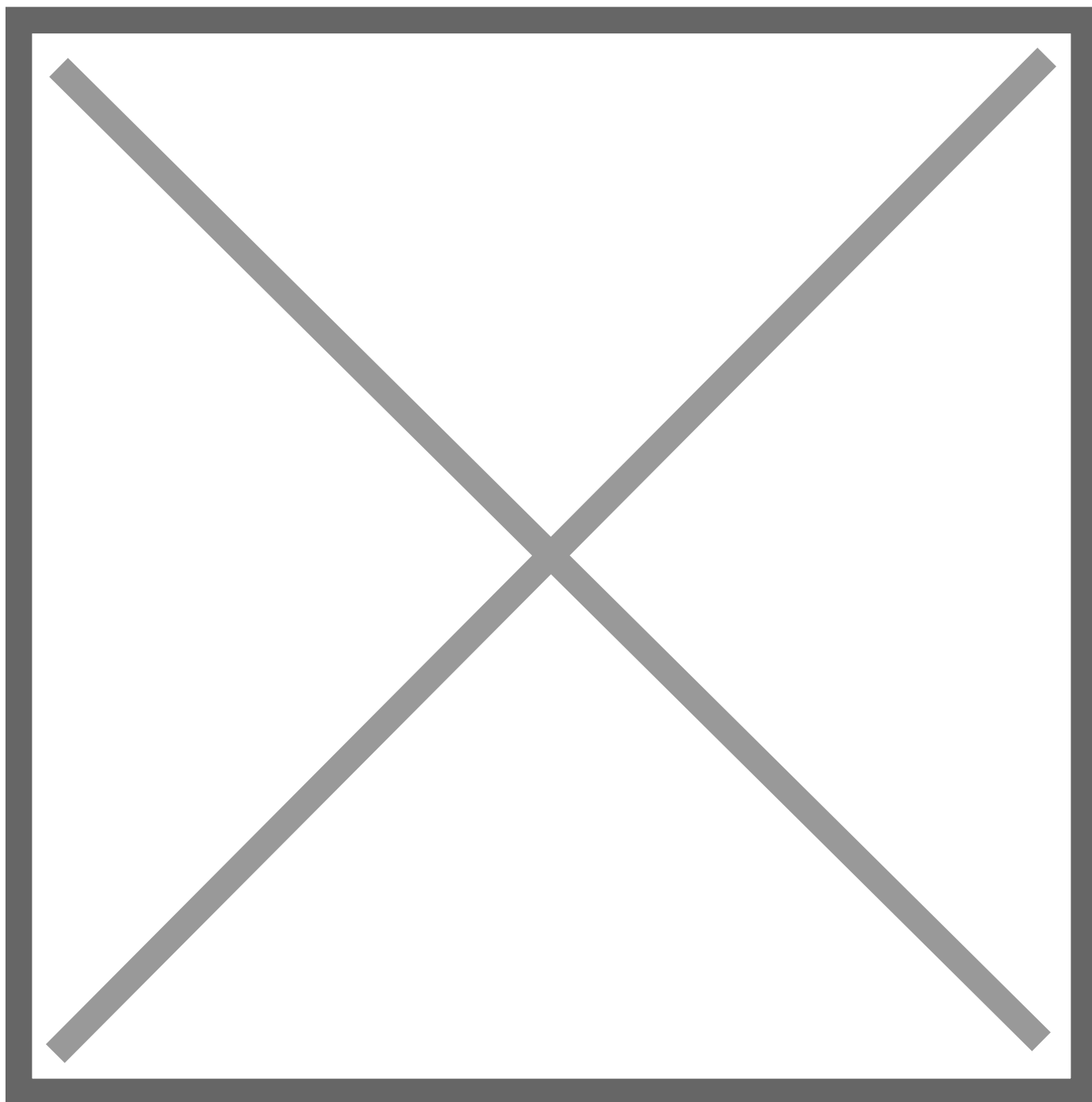
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Rakovina Ā¼luĀ¼ nĀku

MuĀ¼i, 2022



VĀ¼ k:

20+

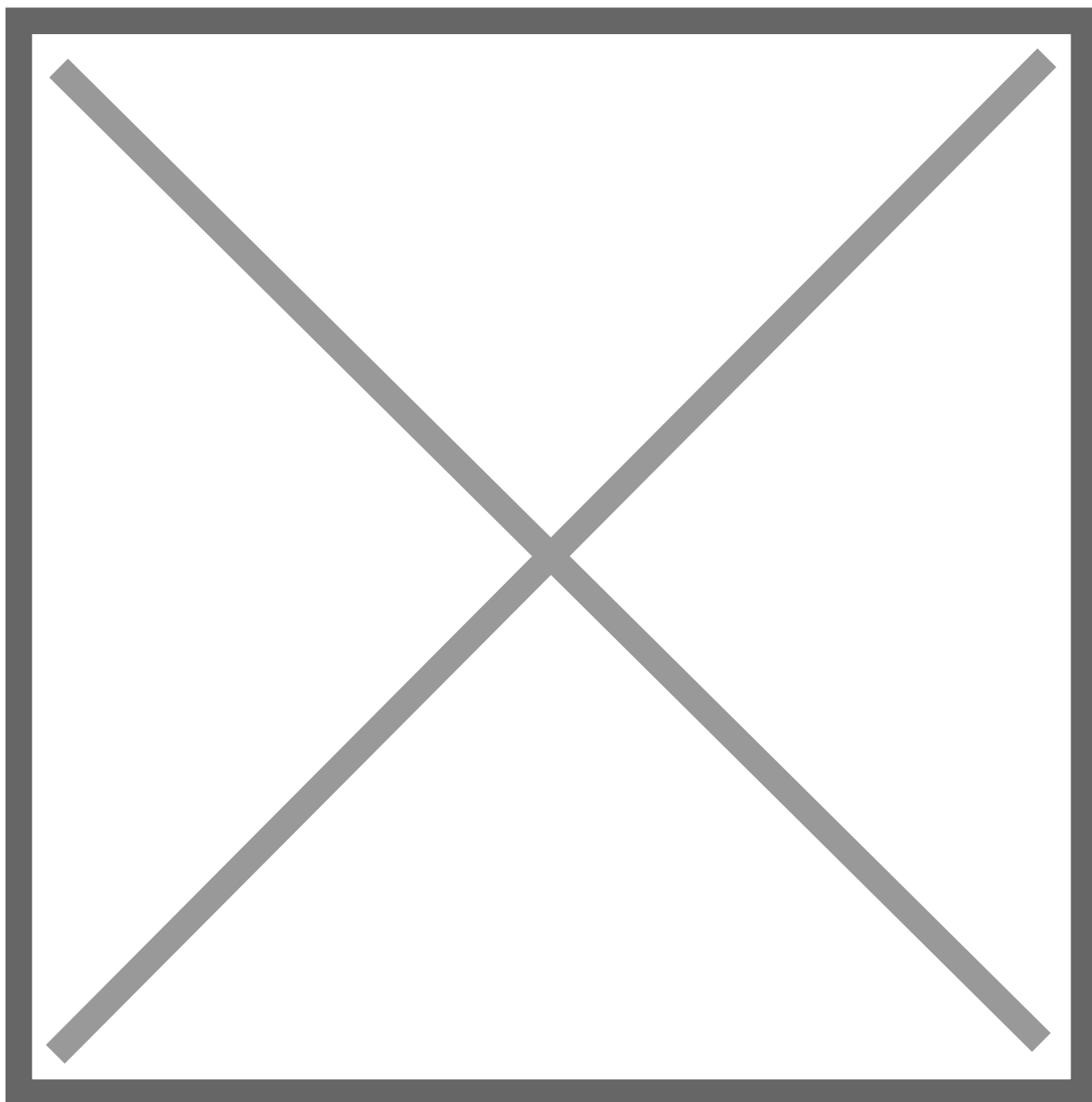
PokrytĀ¼
oblast:

NĀ¼rodnĀ¼

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Indicence per 100,000

Ā½eny, 2022



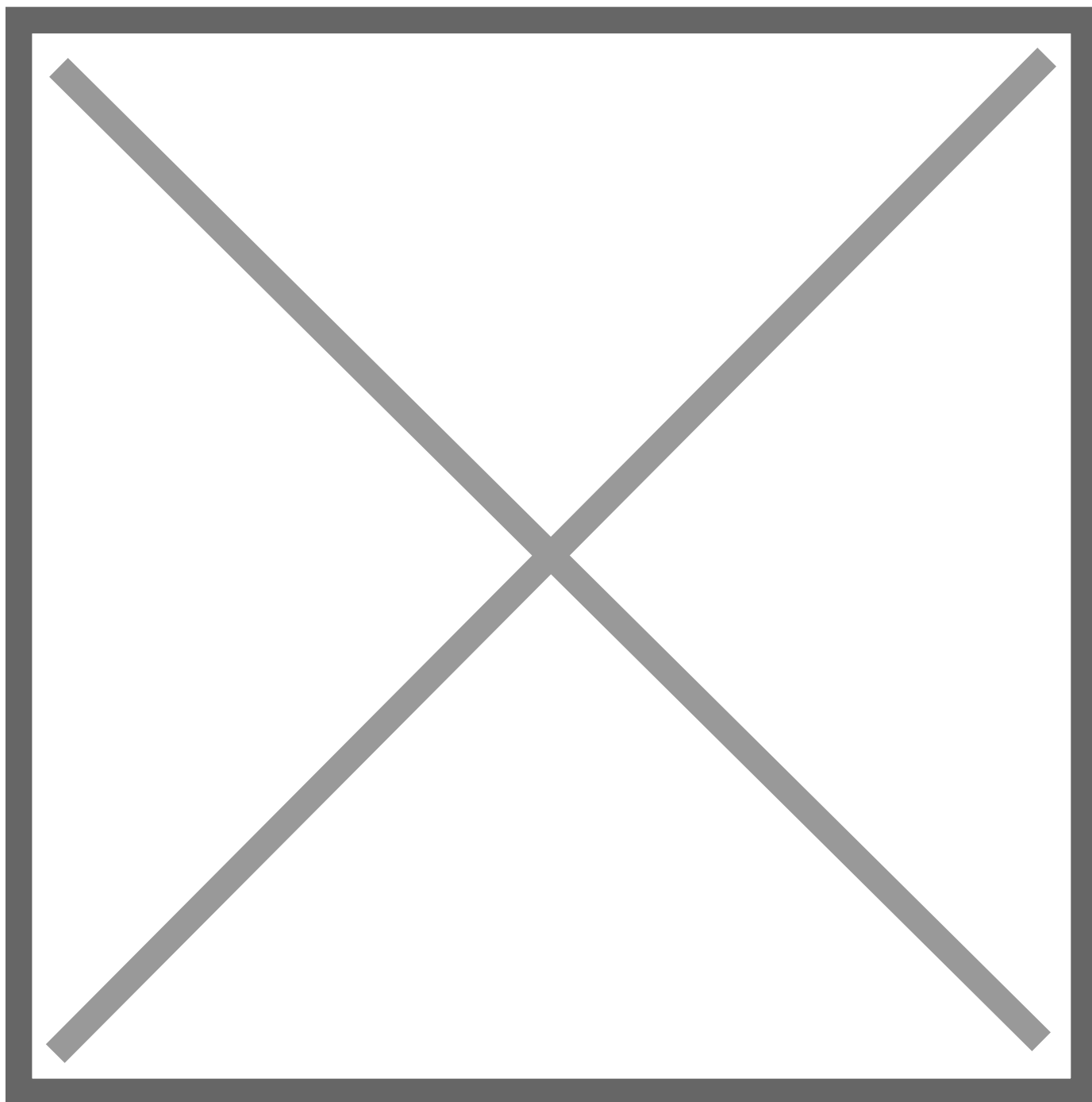
VÄ k:	20+
PokrytÄ oblast:	NÄrodnÄ
Reference:	Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today , accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Indicence per 100,000

Rakovina ledvin

MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÅ½ k:

20+

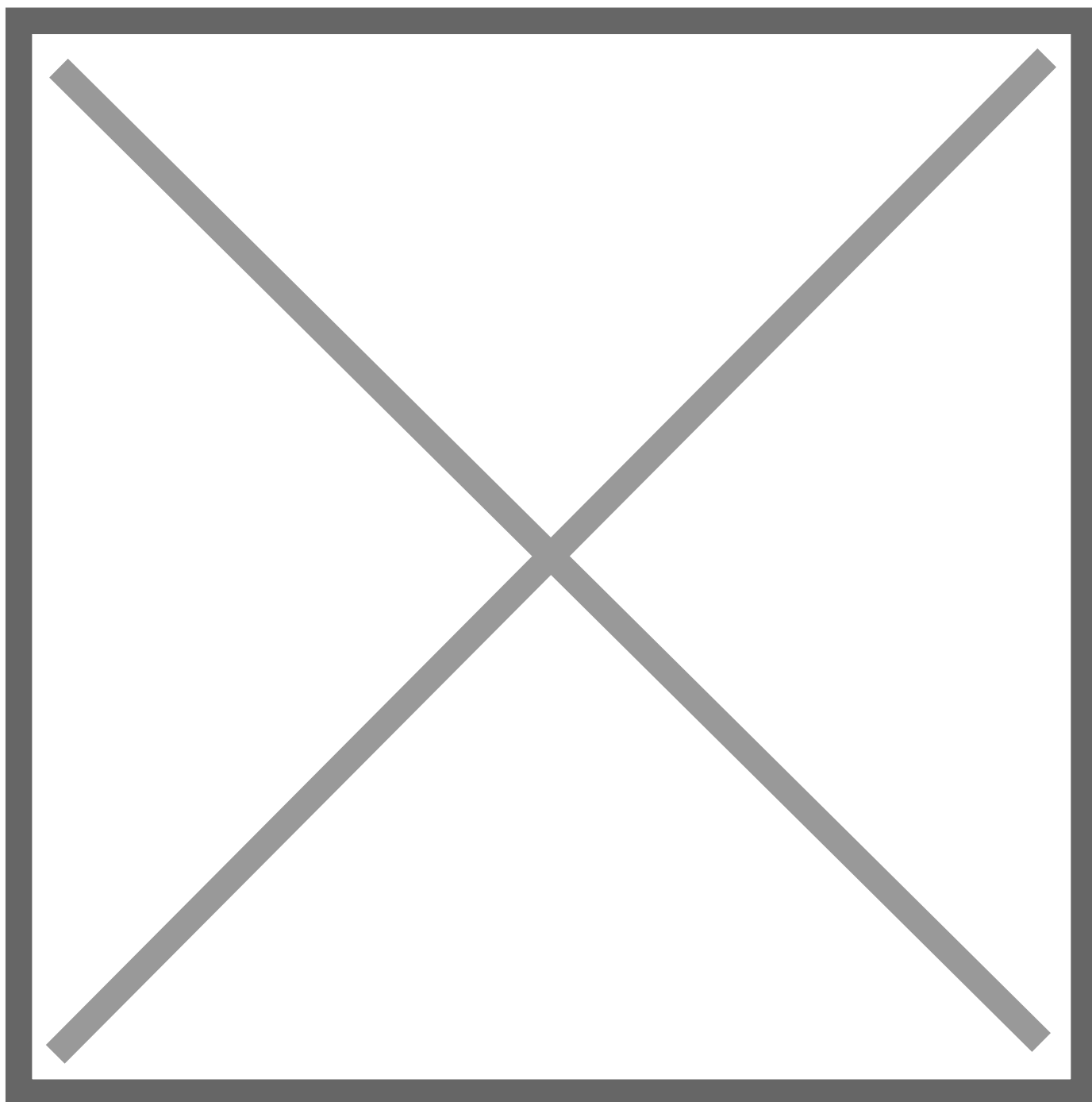
PokrytÅ½
oblast:

NÅ½rodnÅ½

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kde dispozice
pouze
v angličtině): Incidence per 100,000

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

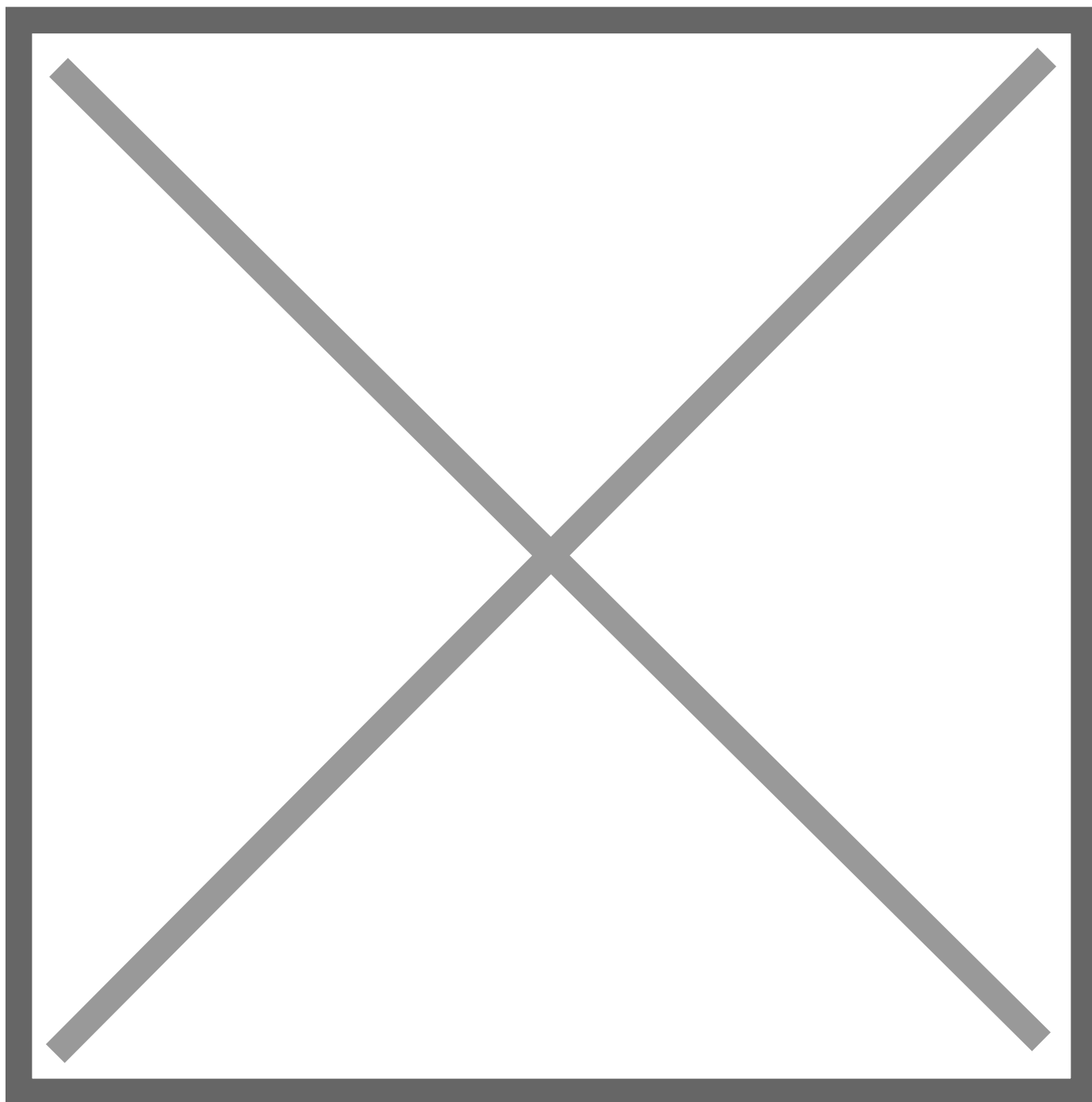
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Rakovina dĀĀ lohy

Ā½eny, 2022



VĀĀ k:

20+

Reference:

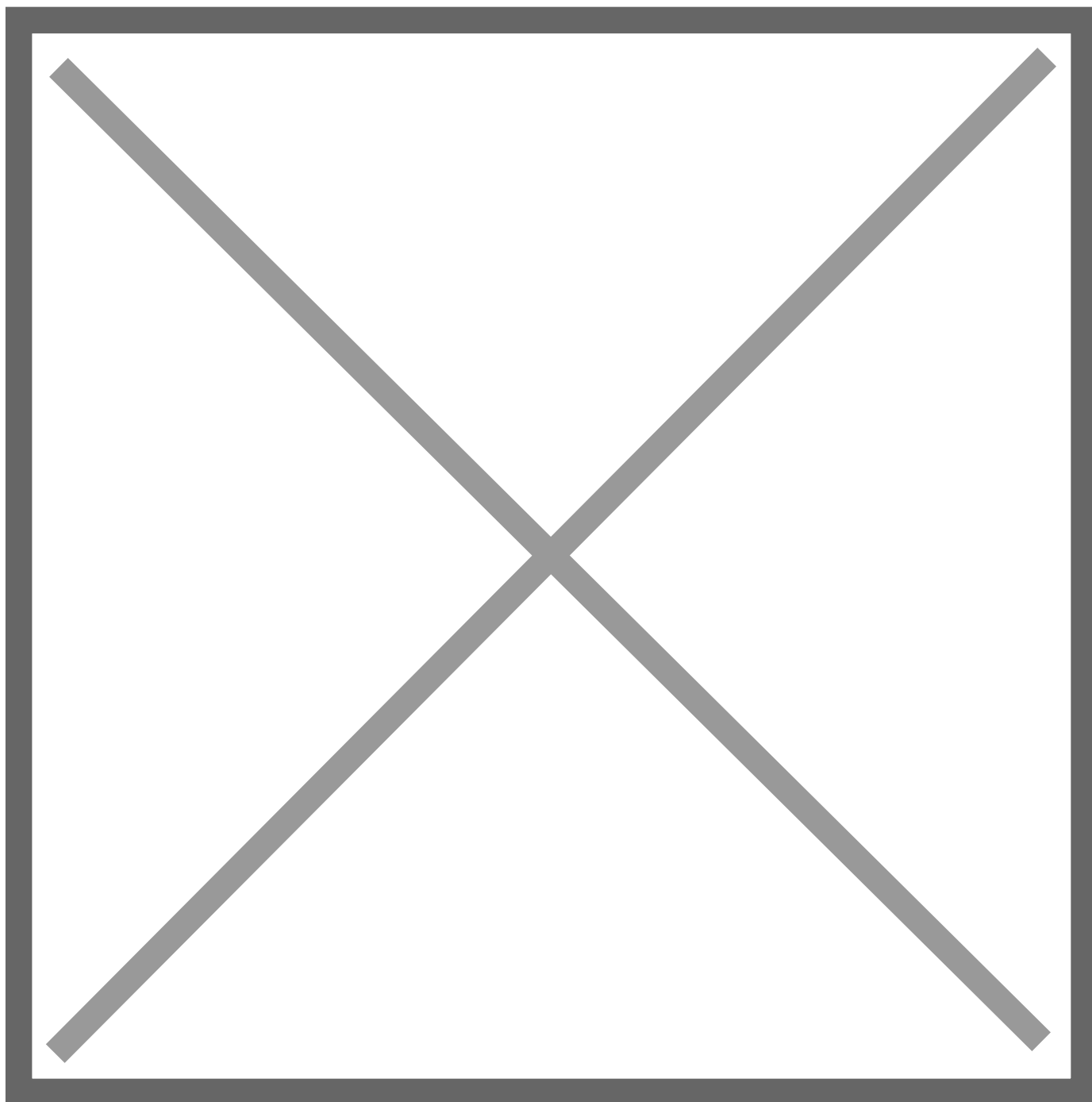
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Zvýšená krevní tlak

Dospělí, 2015



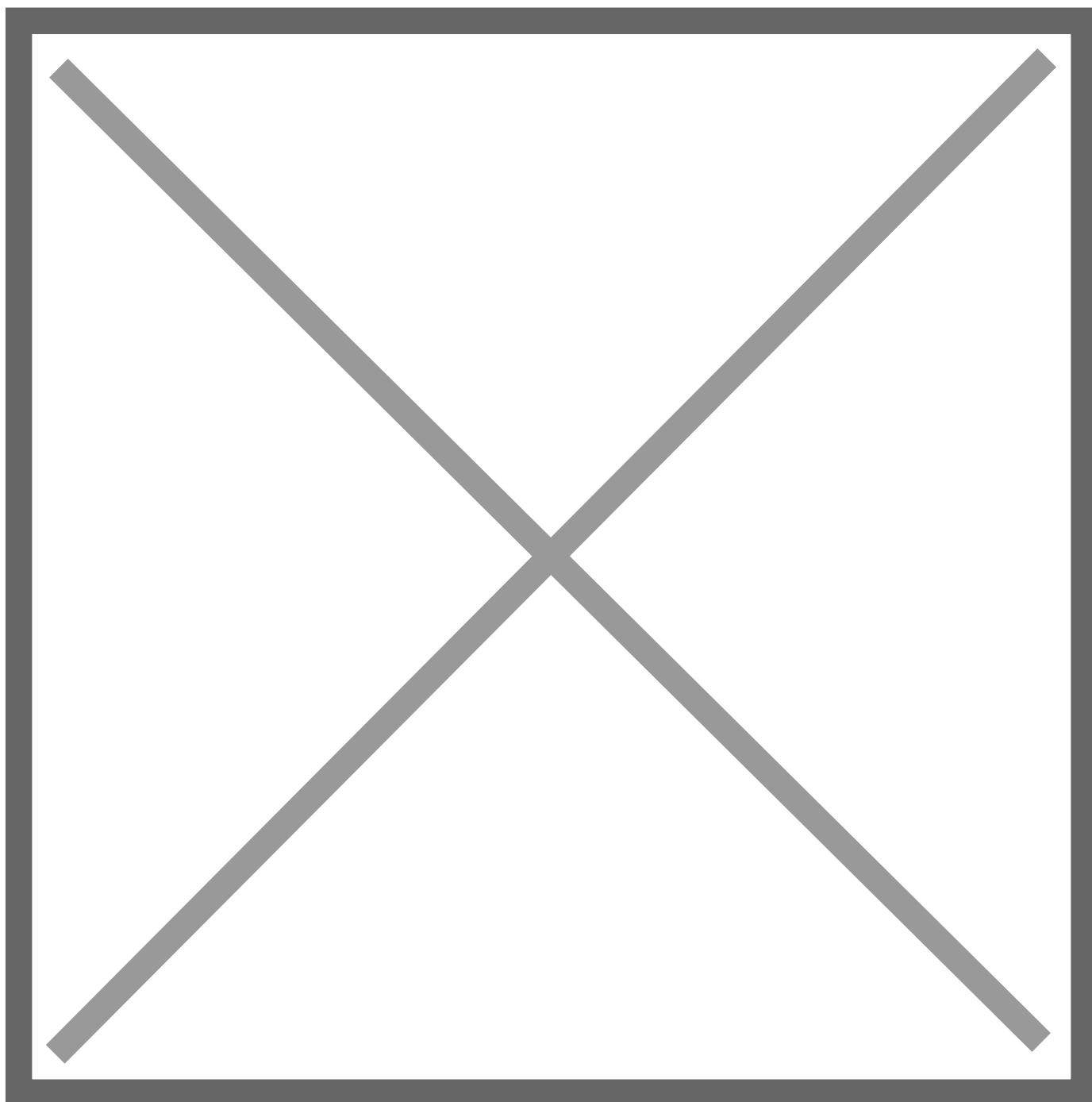
Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).

MuÅ¾i, 2015



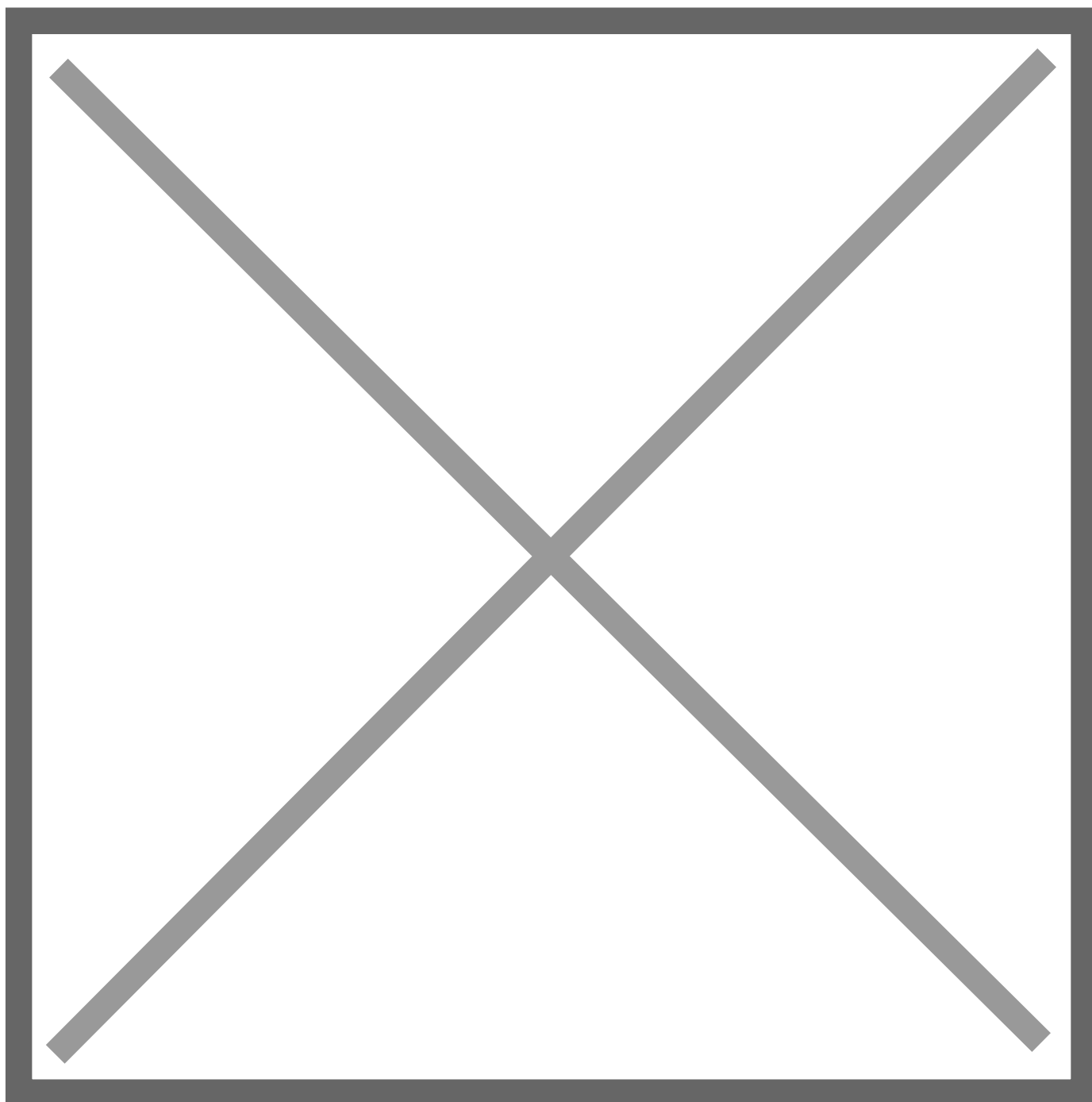
Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

Definice (kÅ dispozici pouze vÅ angliÅ tinÅ):

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP $\geq$ 140 OR DBP $\geq$ 90).

Ā½eny, 2015



Reference:

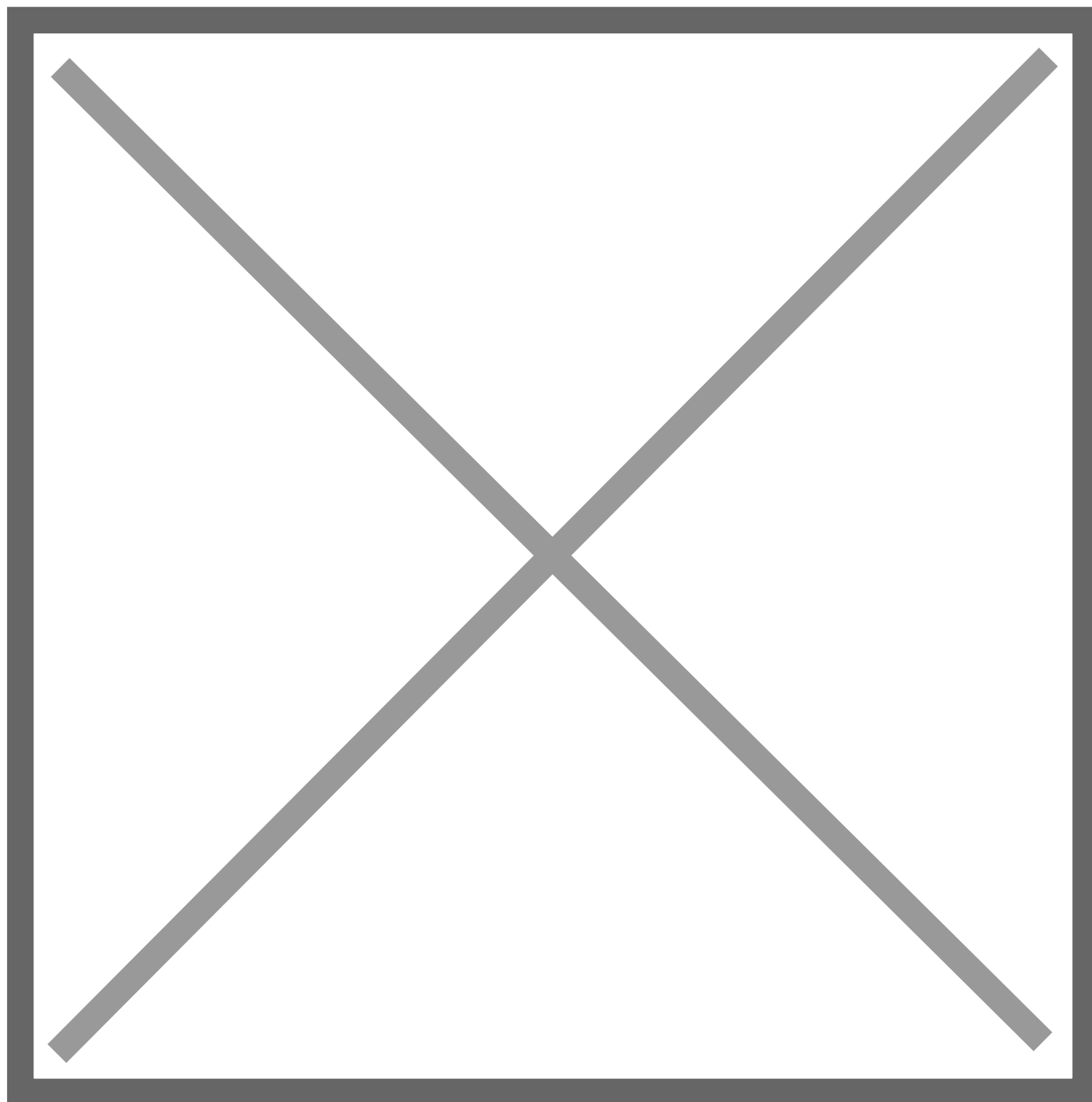
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en>

Definice (kÅ dispozici pouze vÅ angliÄ tinÄ):

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).

Zvýšený cholesterol

Dospělí, 2008

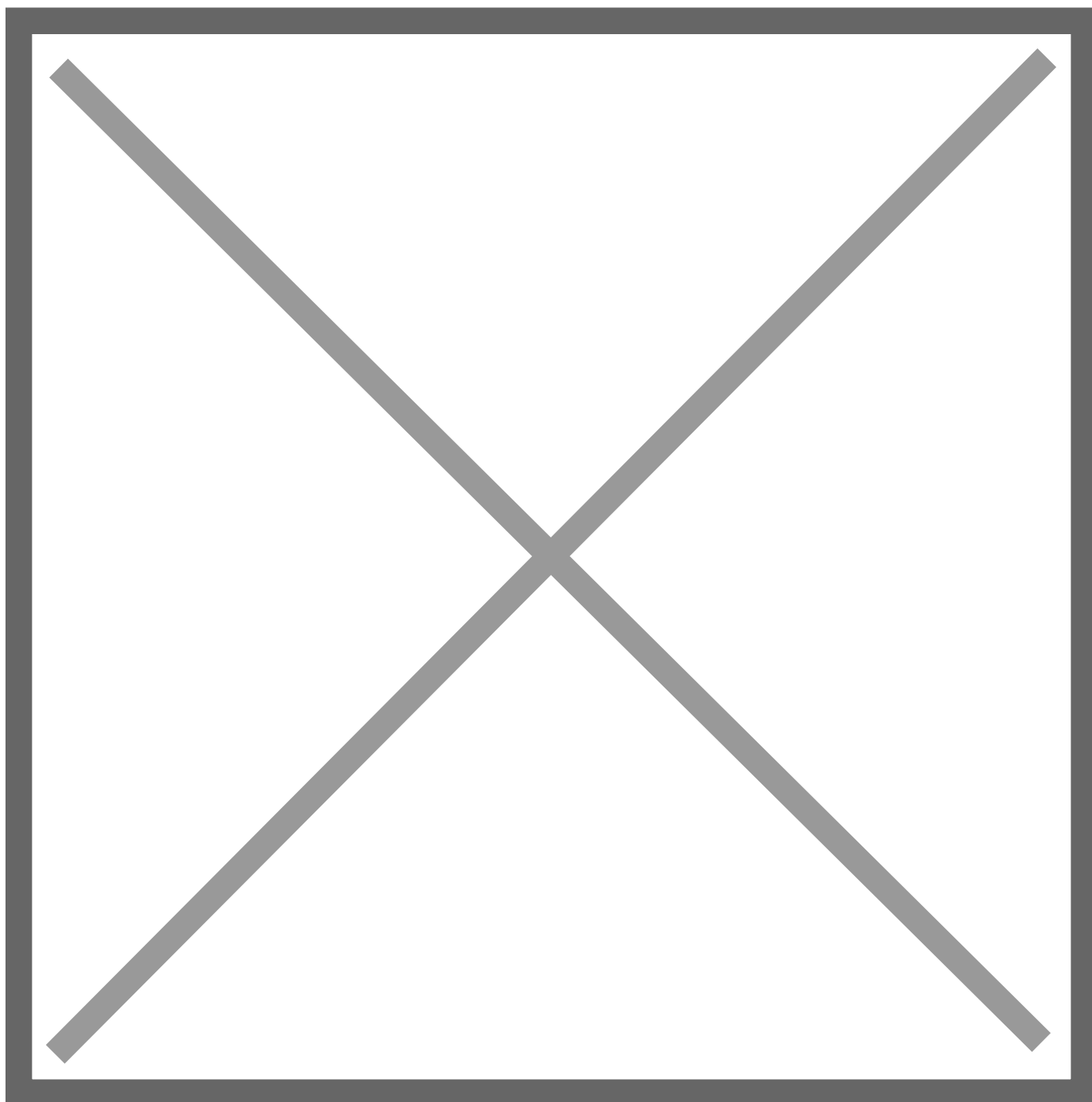


Reference: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885>

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

% Raised total cholesterol (≥ 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

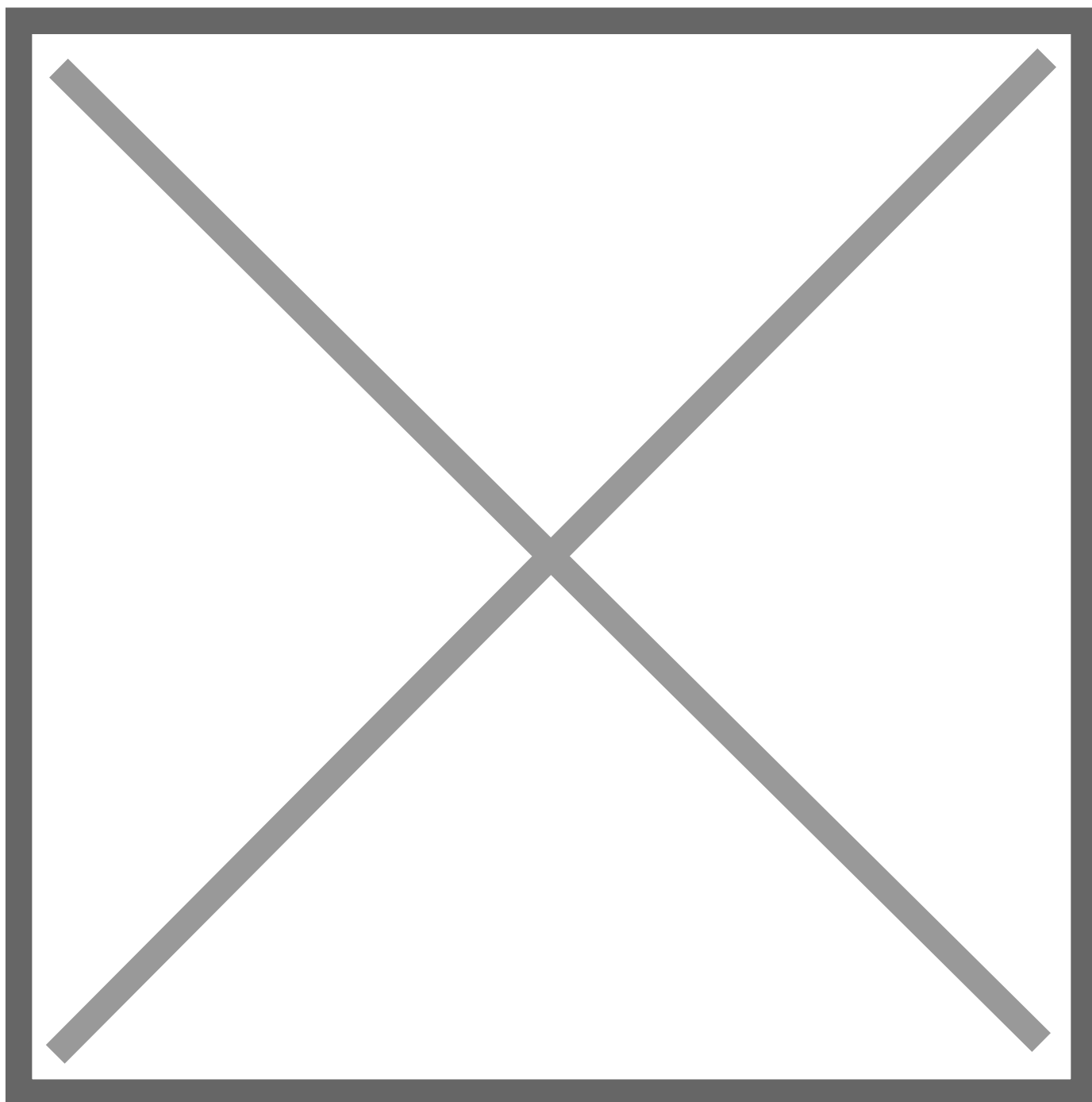
MuÅ¾i, 2008



Reference: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885>

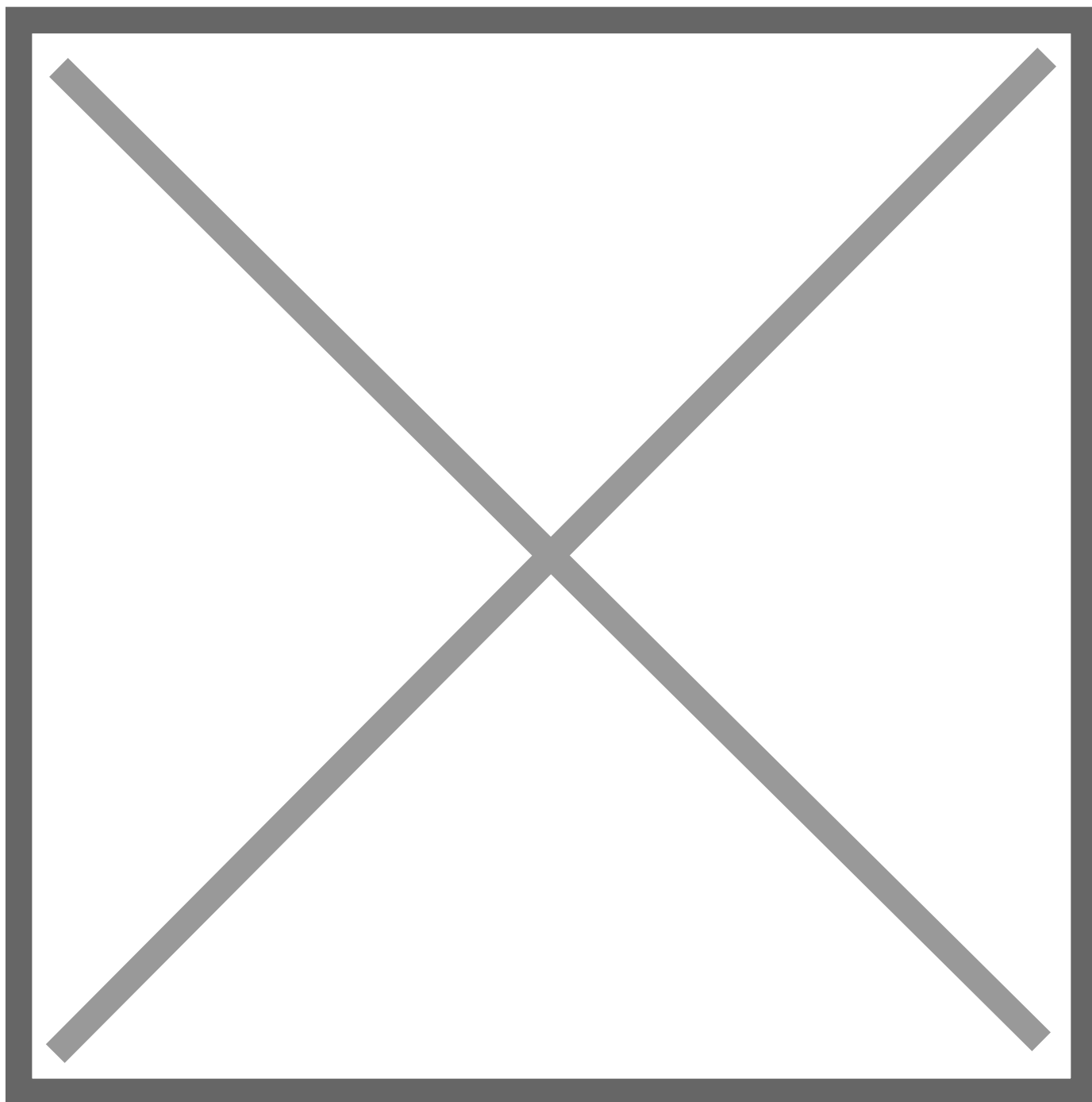
Definice
(kÅ½ dispozici
pouze
vÅ½ angliÅ½
tinÅ½): % Raised total cholesterol (≥ 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

Ā½eny, 2008



Reference:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885
Definice (kÅ dispozici pouze vÅ angliÄ tinÄ):	% Raised total cholesterol (≥ 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

Zvýšená hladina glukózy v krvi nalačno Muži, 2014

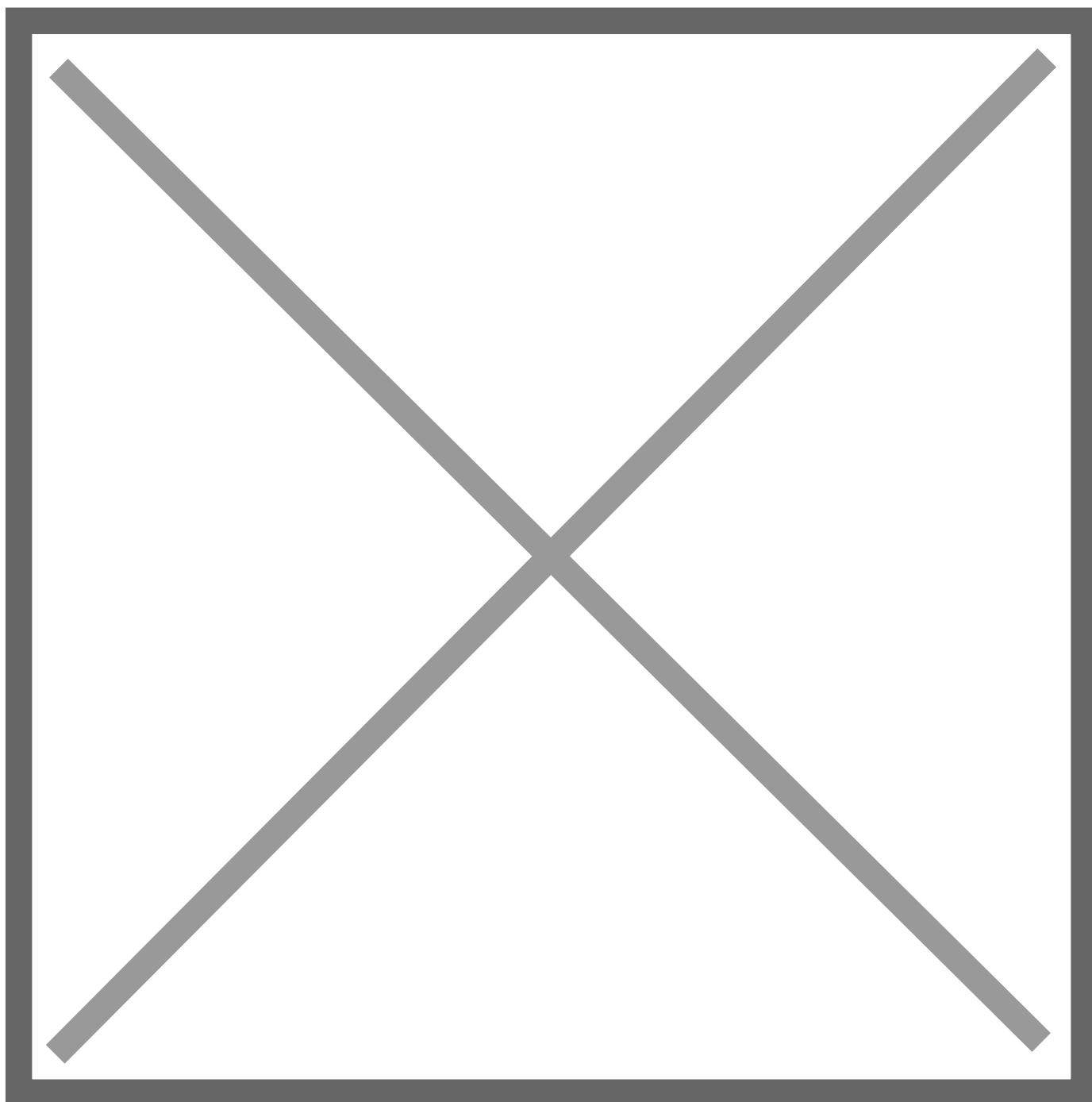
**Reference:**

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en>

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (≥ 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).

Á½eny, 2014



Reference:

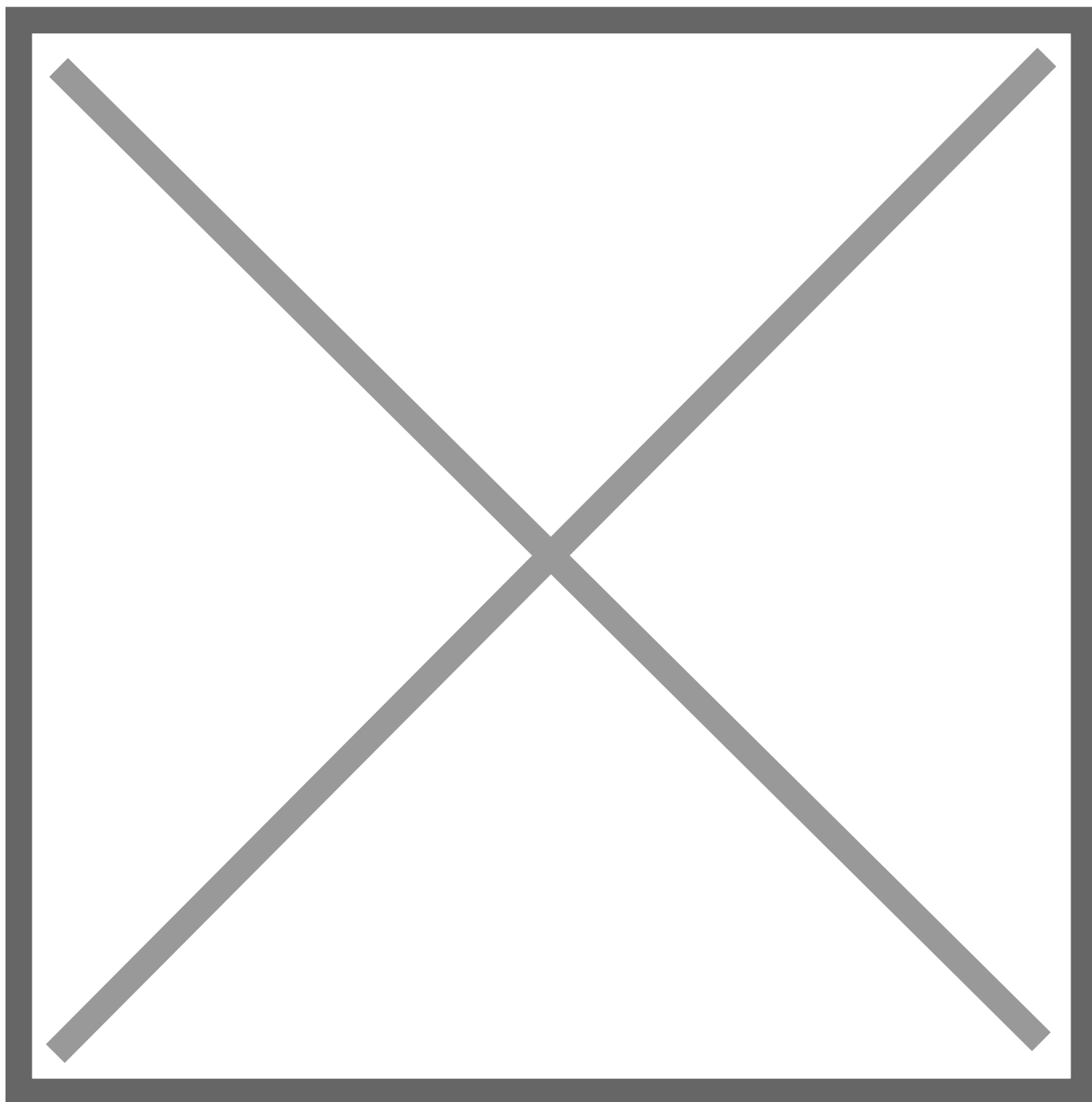
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
<http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en>

Definice (kÅ dispozici pouze vÅ angliÄ tinÄ):

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (≥ 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).

Prevalence diabetu

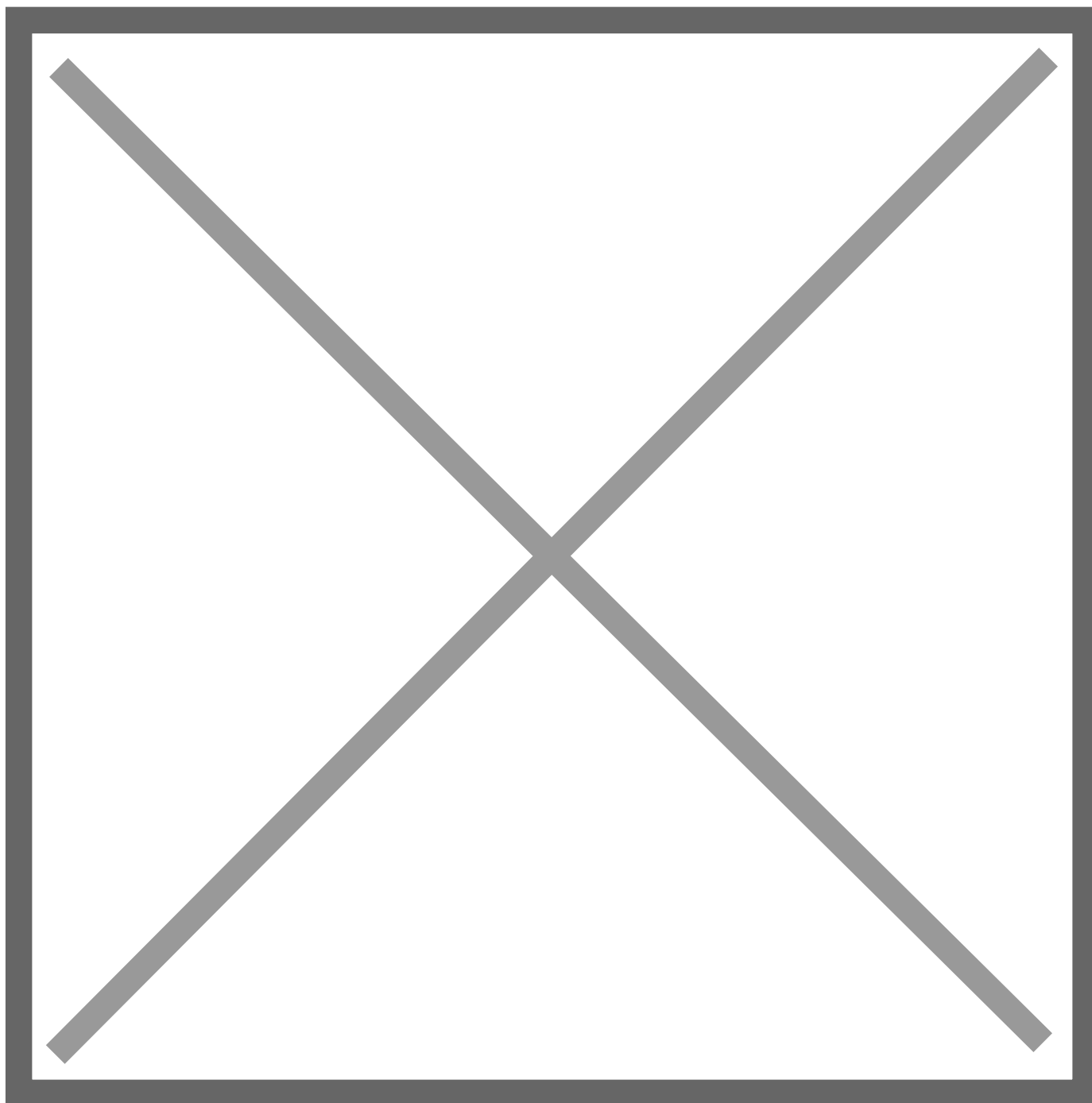
DospÄŕ IÄ, 2024

**Reference:**

Reproduced with kind permission International Diabetes Federation. IDF Diabetes Atlas, 11th edn. Brussels, Belgium:International Diabetes Federation, 2025. <http://www.diabetesatlas.org>

Ovarian Cancer

Å½eny, 2022



VÄ k: 20+

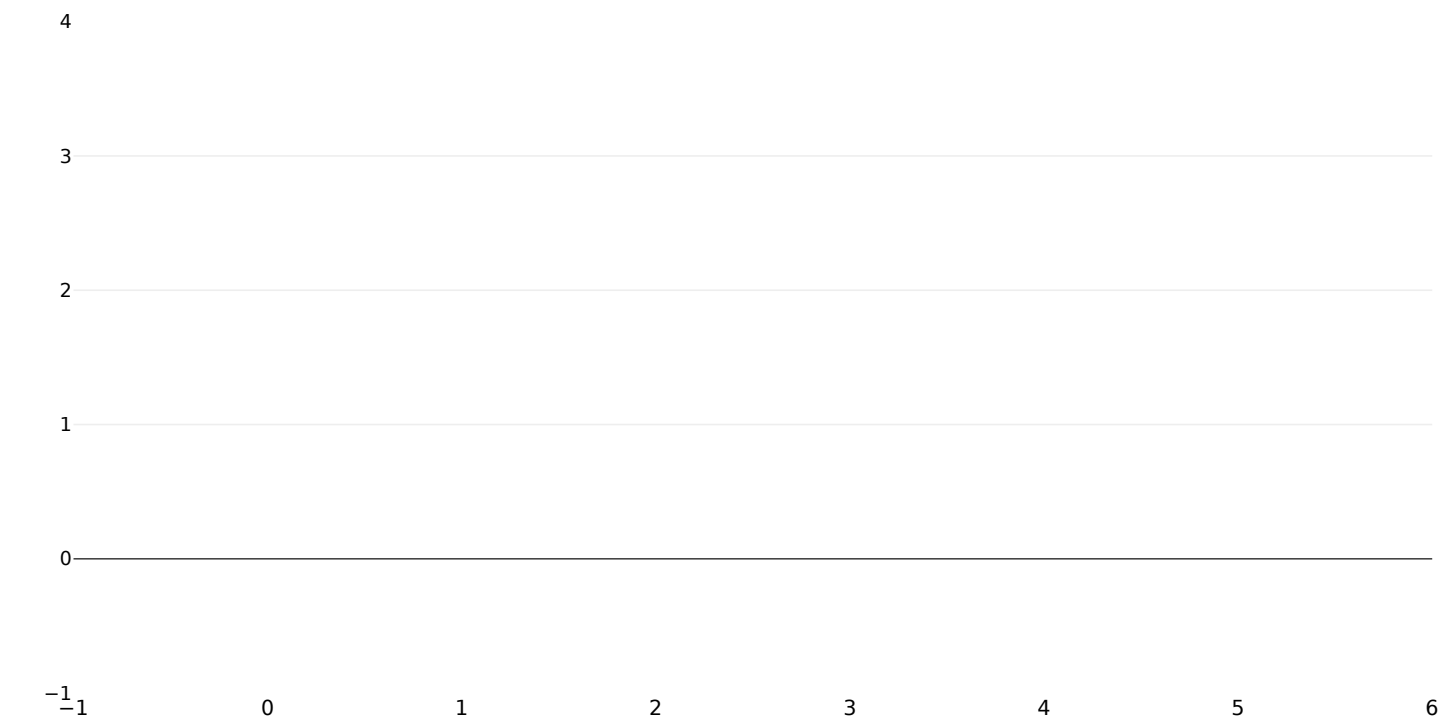
Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Leukemia

Muži, 2022



Věk k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národní

Reference:

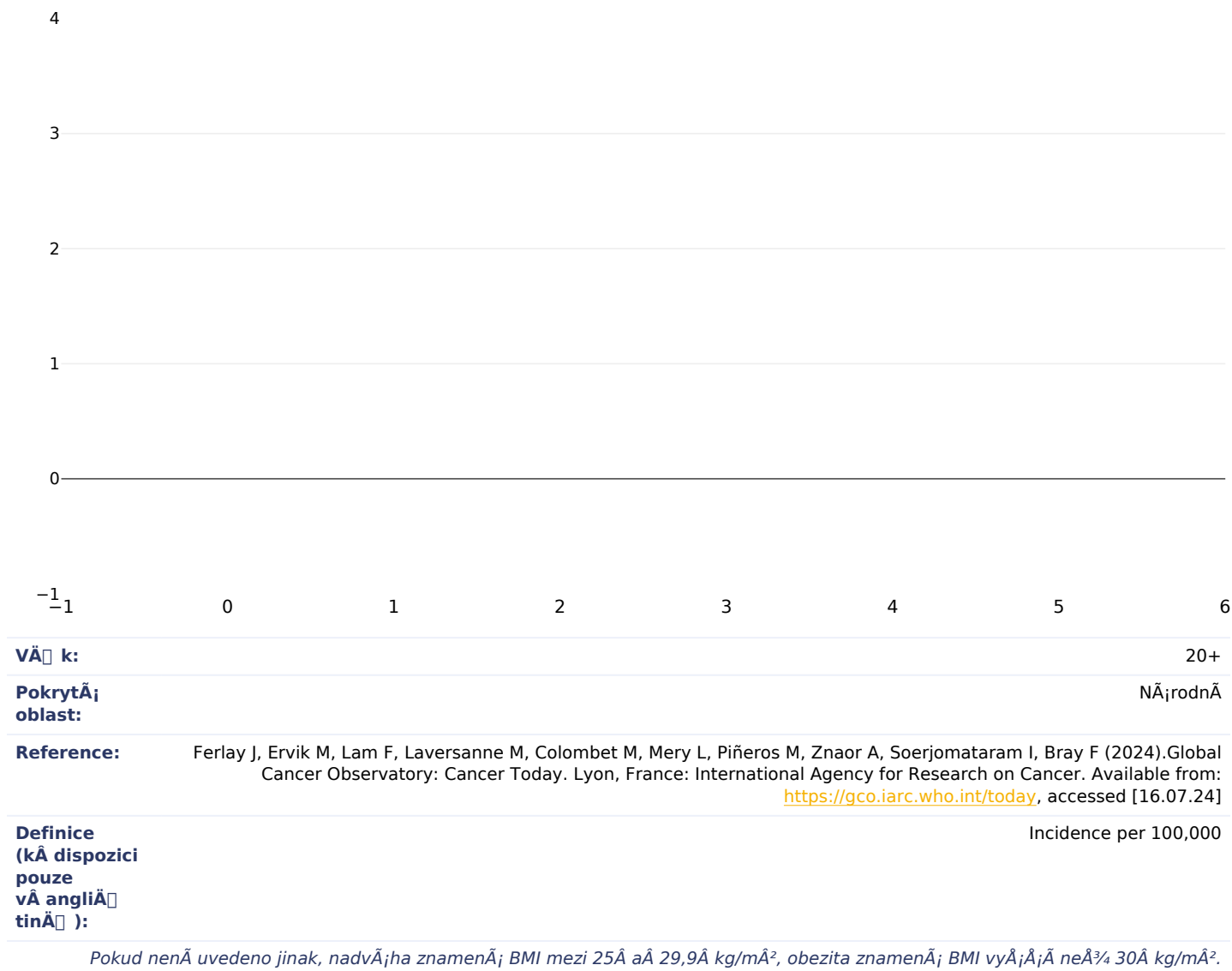
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(ká dispozici
pouze
v angličtině):

Incidence per 100,000

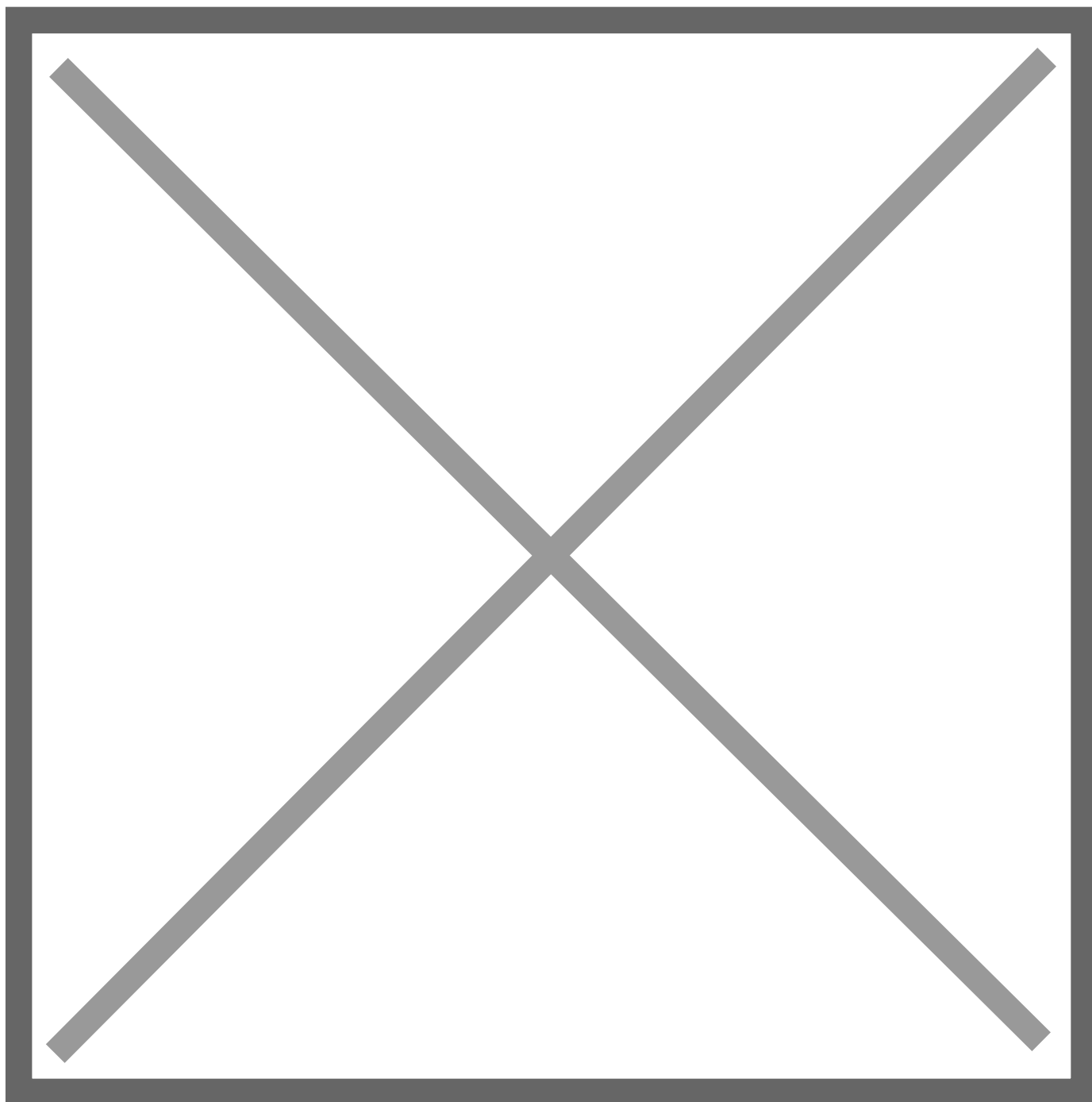
Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěha znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

1. Nepál, 2022



Leukemia

MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÅ½ k:

20+

PokrytÅ½
oblast:

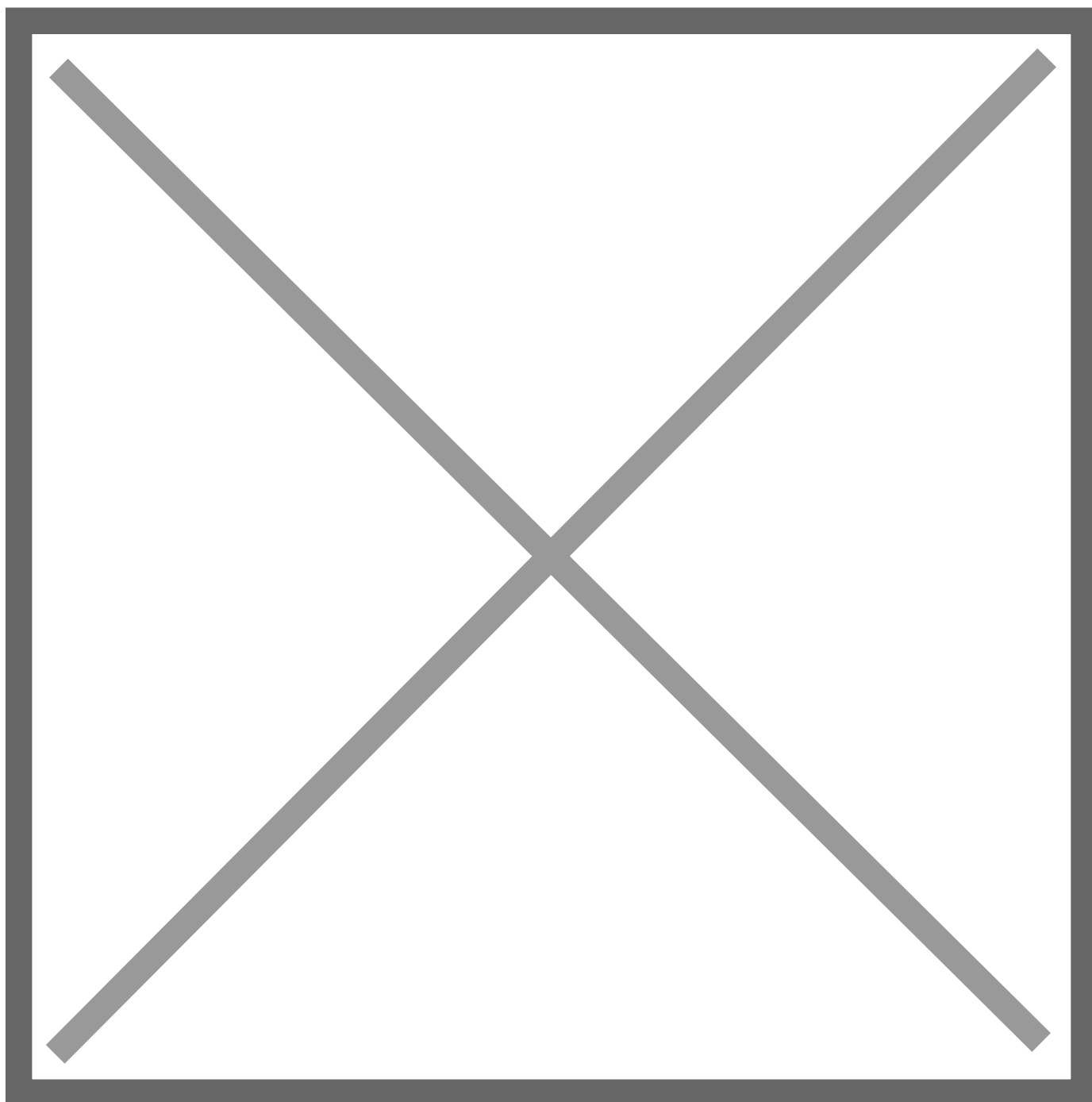
NÅ½rodnÅ½

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(když dispozice
pouze
v angličtině): Incidence per 100,000

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

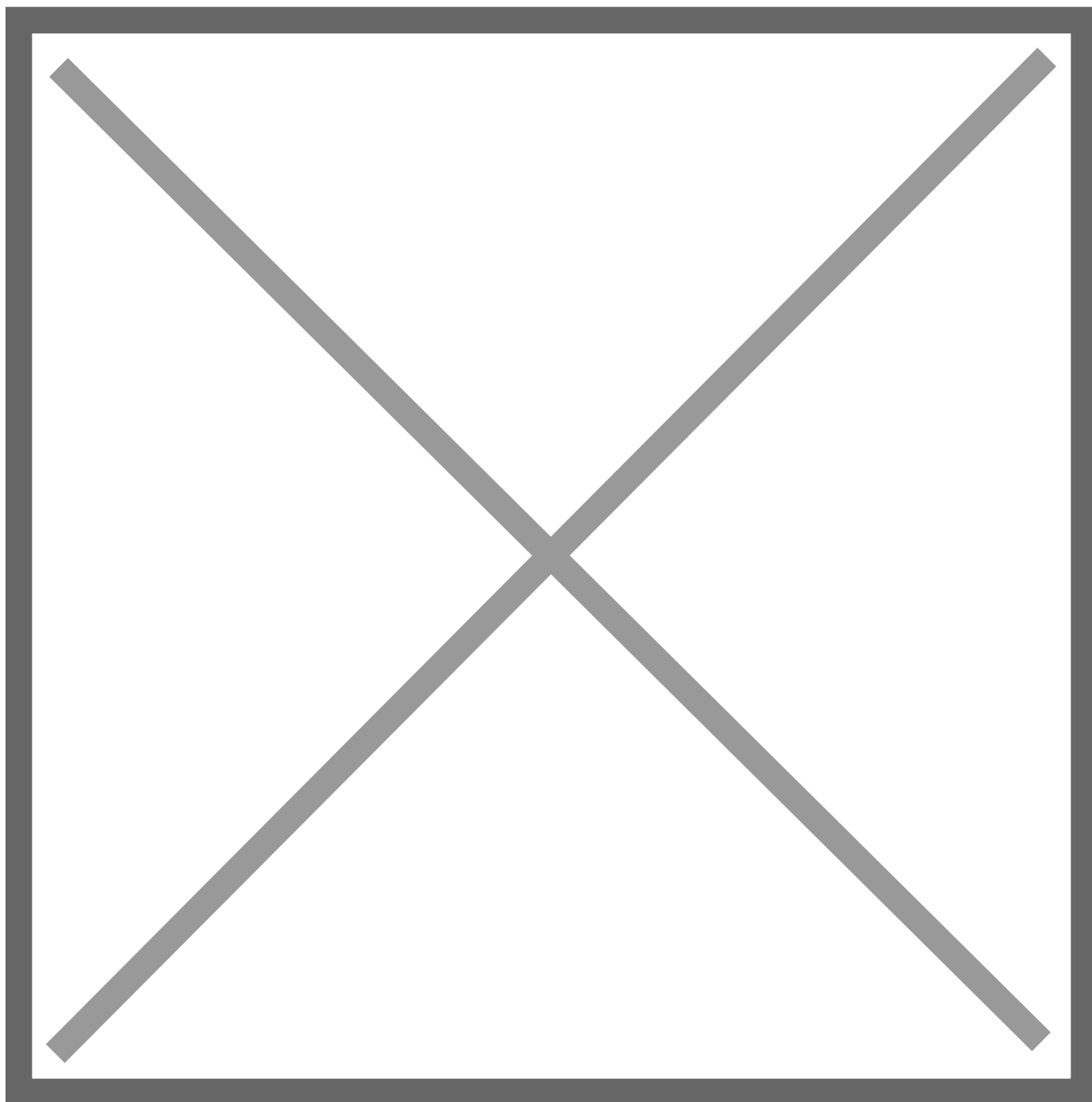
**Definice
(kÅ disposici
pouze
vÅ angliÅ
tinÅ):**

Incidence per 100,000

Pokud nenÅ uvedeno jinak, nadvÅha znamenÅ BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÅ², obezita znamenÅ BMI vyÅ;Å;Å neÅ¾ 30Å kg/mÅ².

Liver and intrahepatic bile duct Cancer

Multi, 2022



Věk k:

20+

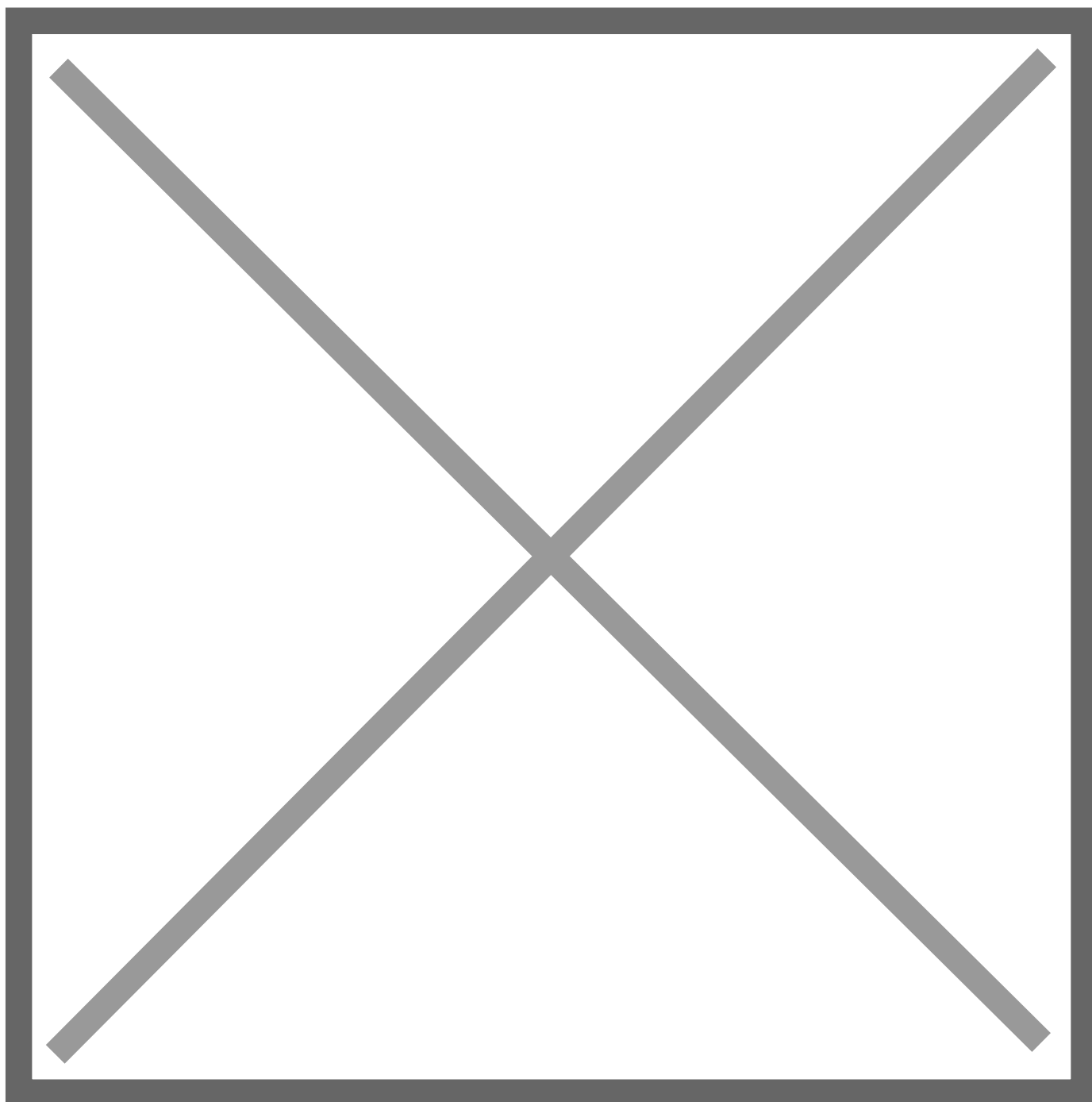
Pokrytí
oblast:

Národní

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Incidence per 100,000

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

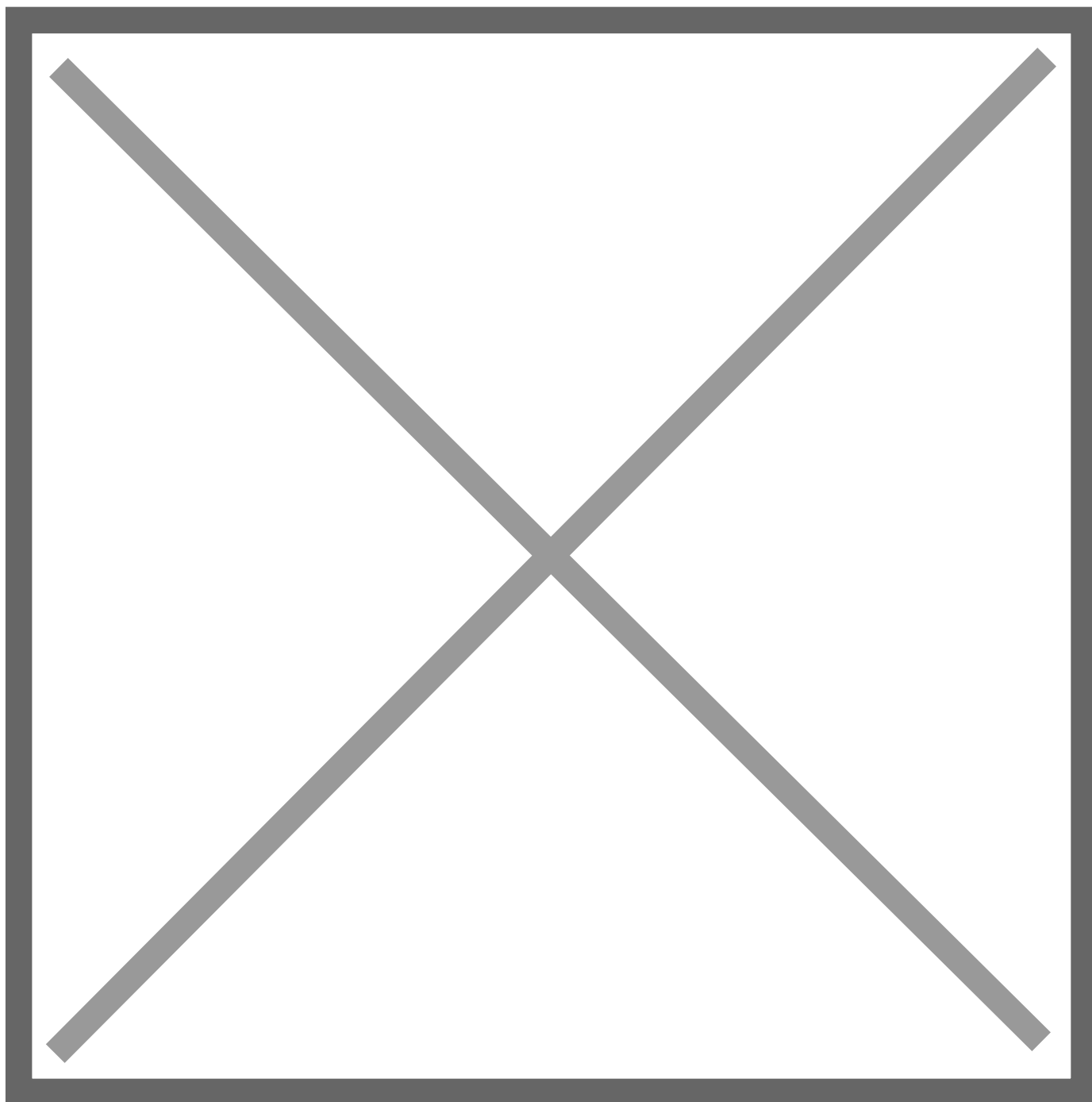
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ)::

Incidence per 100,000

Multiple Myeloma

MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÅ½ k:

20+

PokrytÅ½
oblast:

NÅ½rodnÅ½

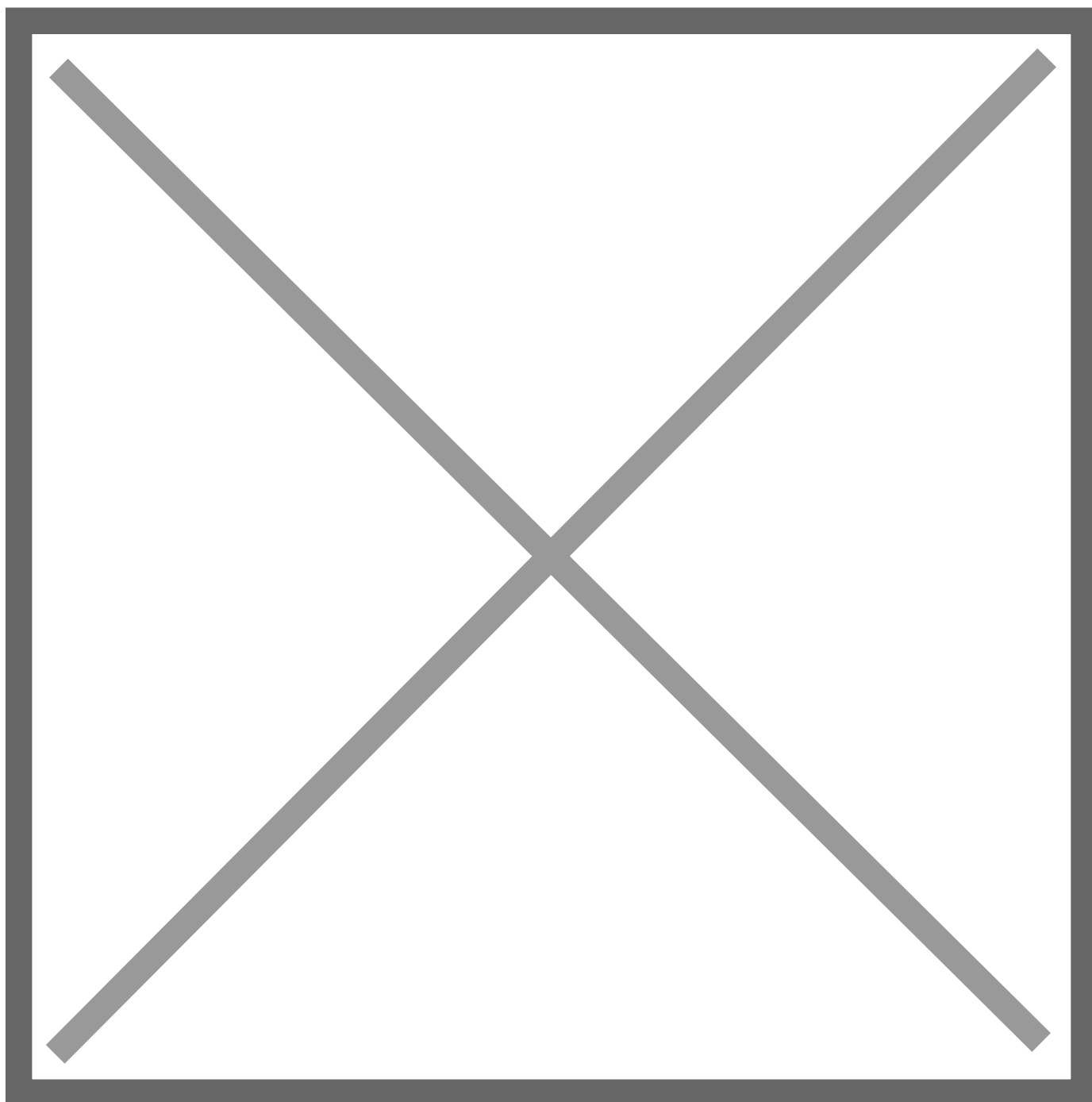
Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÅ
tinÅ):**

Indicence per 100,000

Pokud nenÅ uvedeno jinak, nadvÅha znamenÅ BMI mezi 25Å aÅ 29,9Å kg/mÅ², obezita znamenÅ BMI vyÅÅÅ neÅ¼ 30Å kg/mÅ².

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

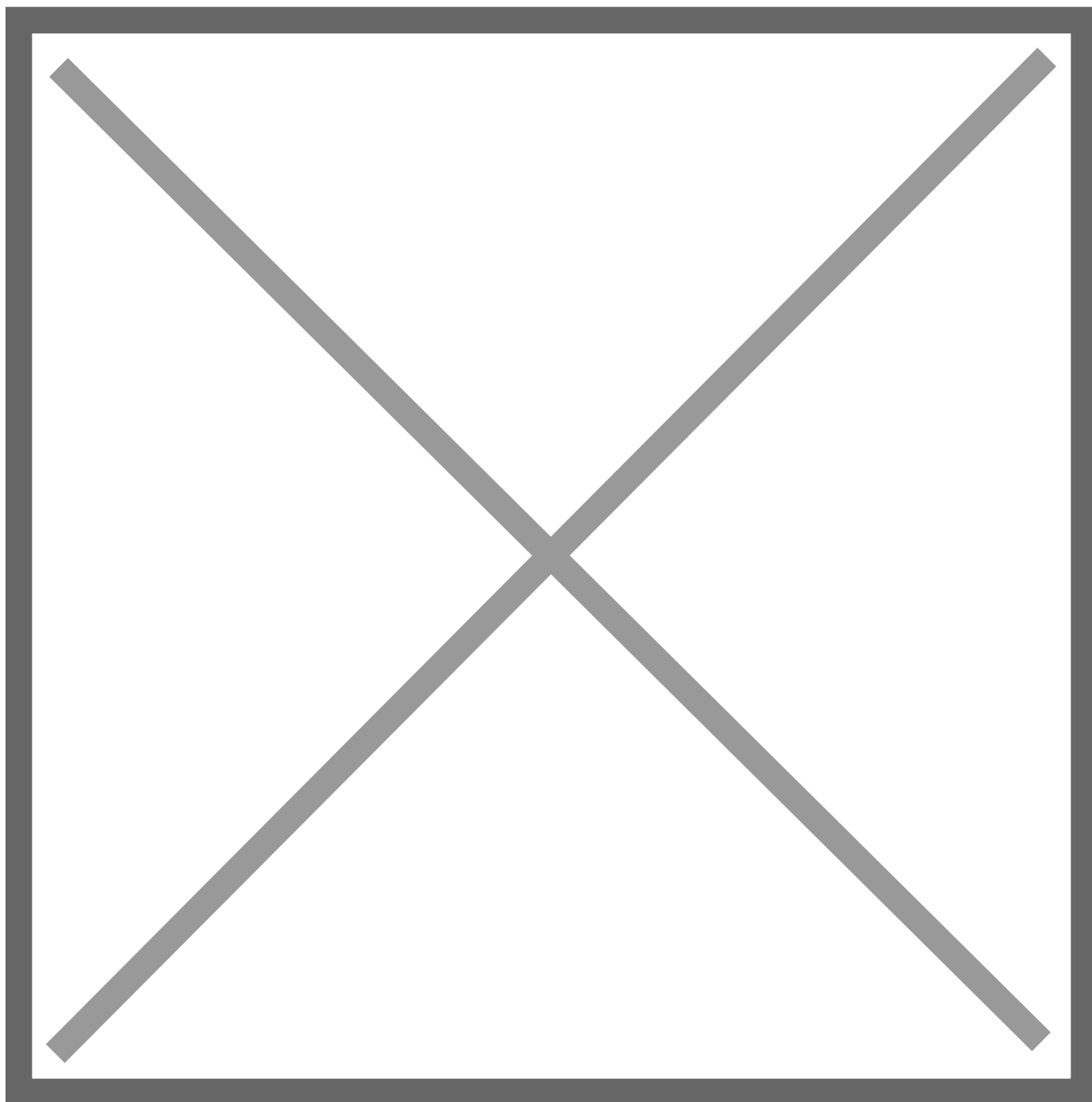
**Definice
(když dispozice
pouze
v angličtině):**

Indicence per 100,000

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Non Hodgkin Lymphoma

MuÅ¾i, 2022



VÅ½ k:

20+

PokrytÅ½
oblast:

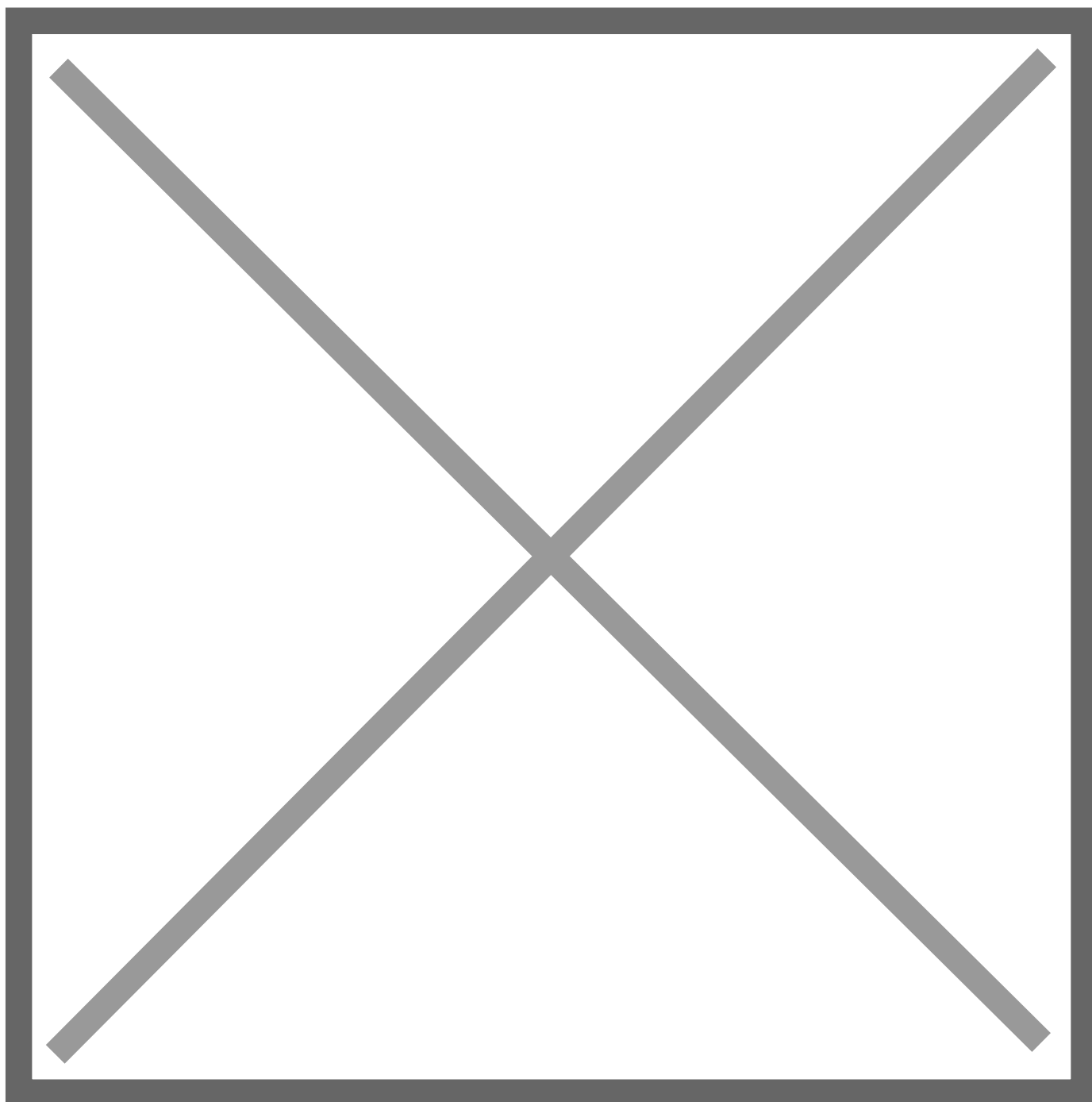
NÅ½rodnÅ½

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice (kde dispozice pouze v angličtině): Incidence per 100,000

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadvěhnutí znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

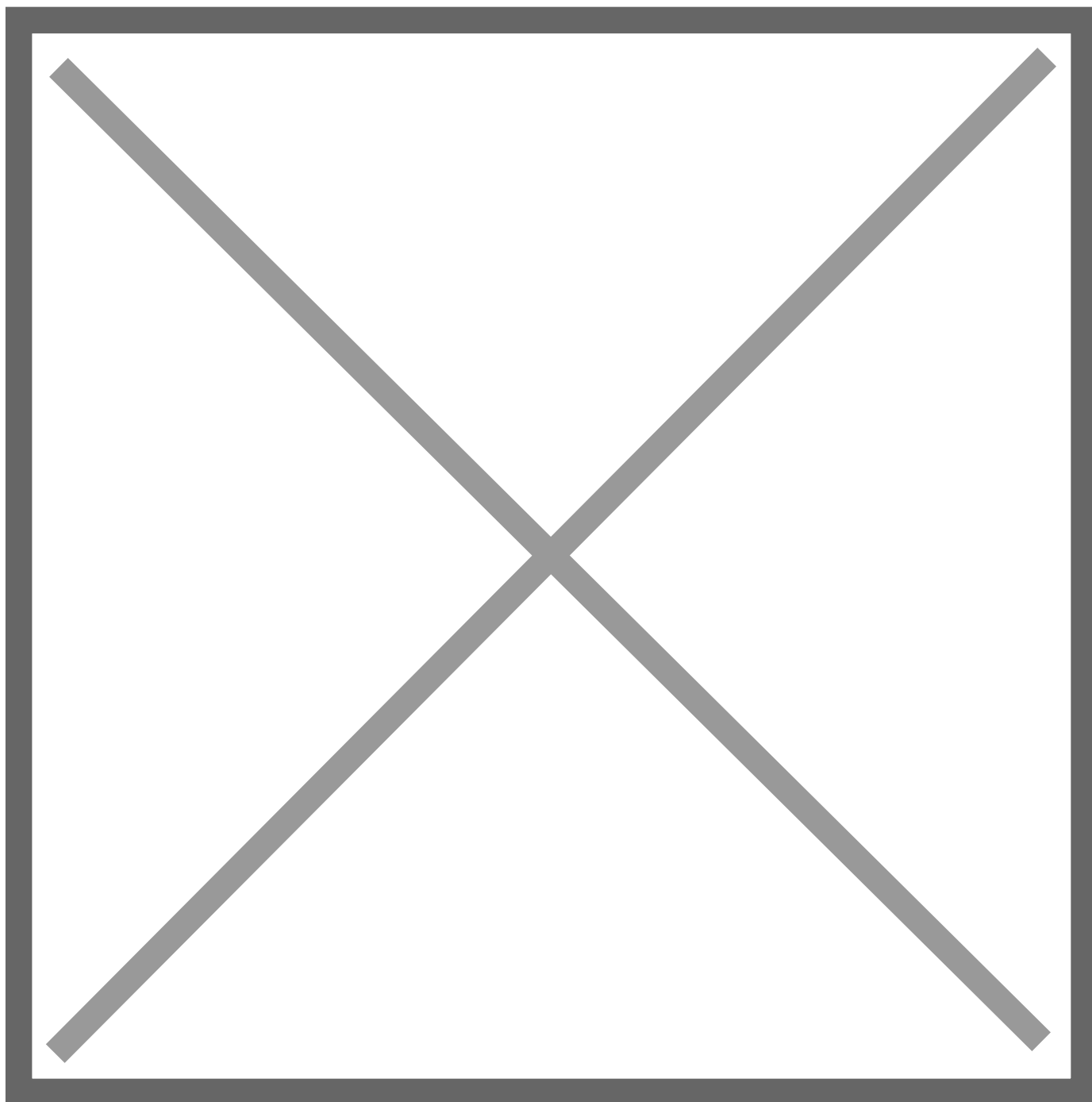
**Definice
(když dispozice
pouze
v angličtině):**

Incidence per 100,000

Pokud není uvedeno jinak, nadměrná znamená BMI mezi 25 a 29,9 kg/m², obezita znamená BMI vyšší než 30 kg/m².

Thyroid Cancer

Multi, 2022



Věk k:

20+

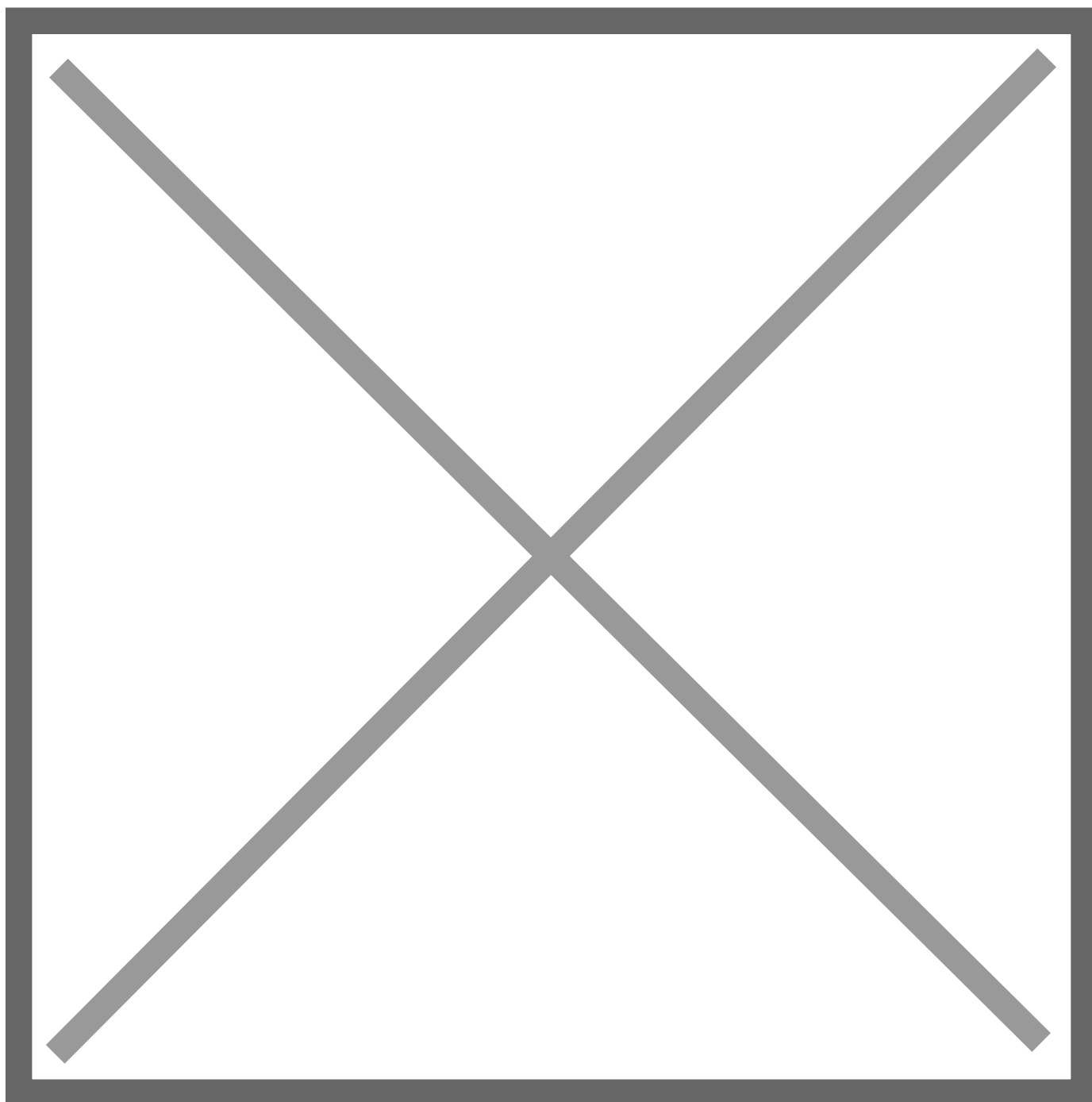
Pokrytí
oblast:

Národní

Reference: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ): Incidence per 100,000

1/2eny, 2022



VÄ k:

20+

Pokrytí
oblast:

Národná

Reference:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <https://gco.iarc.who.int/today>, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definice
(kÅ dispozici
pouze
vÅ angliÄ
tinÄ):**

Incidence per 100,000

PDF created on July 16, 2025