

# Morocco



Country report card

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity . Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <a href="https://data.worldobesity.org/country/morocco-146/">https://data.worldobesity.org/country/morocco-146/</a>.



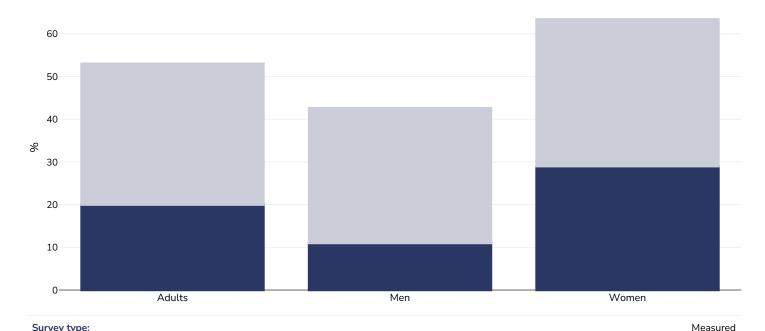
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## **Obesity prevalence**

### Adults, 2017-2018



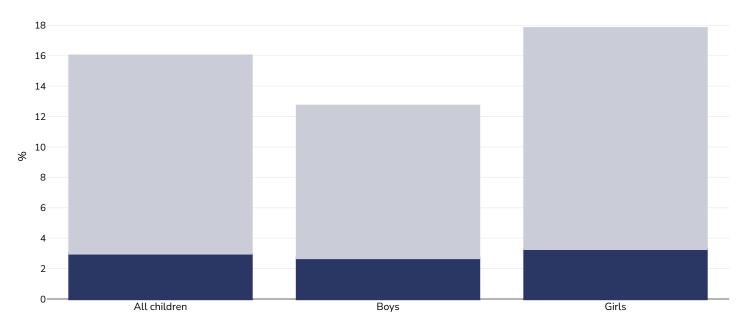


Age:	18+
Sample size:	5261
Area covered:	National
	TEPS Morocco 2017/18. Enquête Nationale sur les Facteurs de Risque communs des Maladies Non Transmissibles 2017 – 2018 : https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/STEPS-REPORT-2017-2018-Morocco-final.pdf?ua=1 (accessed 0.5.11.19)



## Children, 2016



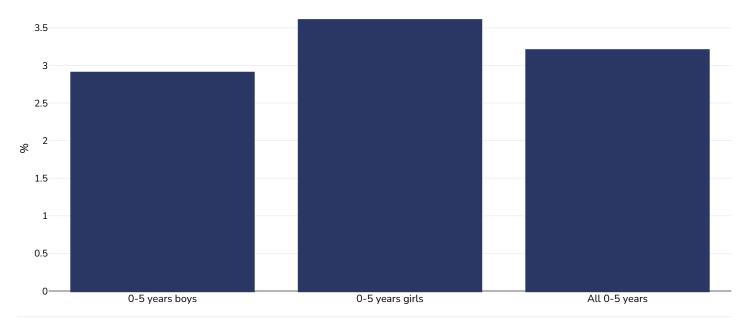


6	
Survey type:	Self-reported Self-reported
Age:	13-17
Sample size:	6745
Area covered:	National
References:	Global School-based Student Health Survey (GSHS), available at <a href="https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/Morocco_2016_GSHS_FS.pdf?ua=1">https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/Morocco_2016_GSHS_FS.pdf?ua=1</a> (last accessed 14.12.20)
Notes:	WHO cutoffs.
Cutoffs:	WHO



### 0-5 years, 2019-2020

Overweight or obesity



Age: 0-5

References:

NNS: ENQUETE NATIONALE SUR LA NUTRITION (ENN 2019-2020)

Notes:

UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York.

For more information about the methodology, please consult <a href="https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/">https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/</a>
Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-forheight of the reference population.

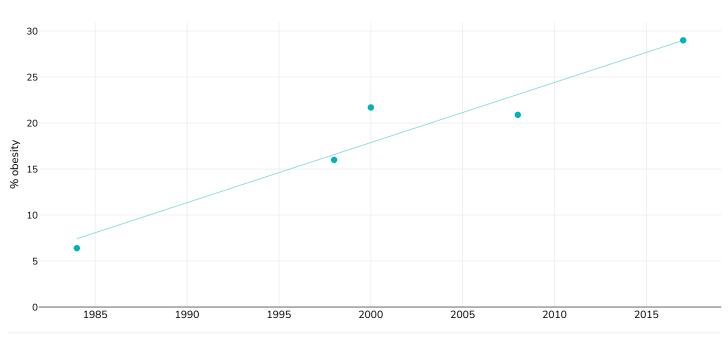
Definitions: =>+2SD



### % Adults living with obesity in Morocco 1984-2017

#### Women

Obesity



Survey type: Measured

References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140
2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of
Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

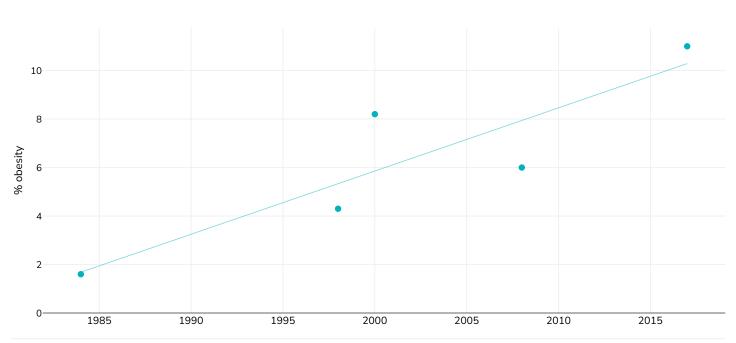
2017: STEPS Morocco 2017/18. Enquête Nationale sur les Facteurs de Risque communs des Maladies Non Transmissibles 2017 – 2018 : Rapport. https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/STEPS-REPORT-2017-2018-Morocco-final.pdf?ua=1 (accessed 0.5.11.19)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



#### Men

Obesity



Survey type: Measured

References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140
2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of
Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

2017: STEPS Morocco 2017/18. Enquête Nationale sur les Facteurs de Risque communs des Maladies Non Transmissibles 2017 – 2018 : Rapport. https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/STEPS-REPORT-2017-2018-Morocco-final.pdf?ua=1 (accessed 0.5.11.19)

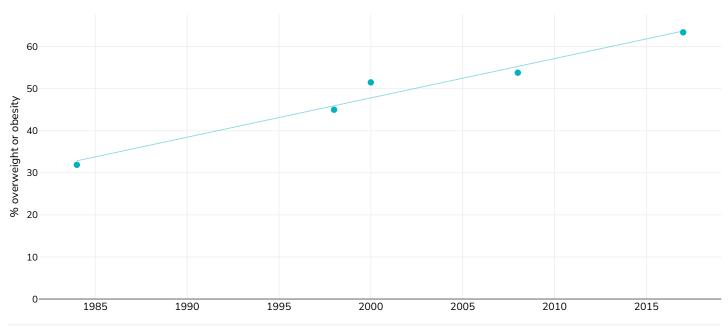
 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 



### % Adults living with overweight or obesity in Morocco 1984-2017

#### Women

Overweight or obesity



Survey type: Measured

References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140 2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

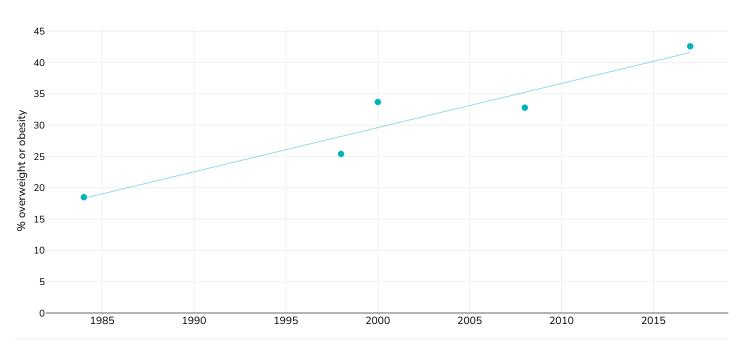
2017: STEPS Morocco 2017/18. Enquête Nationale sur les Facteurs de Risque communs des Maladies Non Transmissibles 2017 – 2018 : Rapport. https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/STEPS-REPORT-2017-2018-Morocco-final.pdf?ua=1 (accessed 0.5.11.19)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



#### Men

Overweight or obesity



Survey type: Measured

References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140
2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of
Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

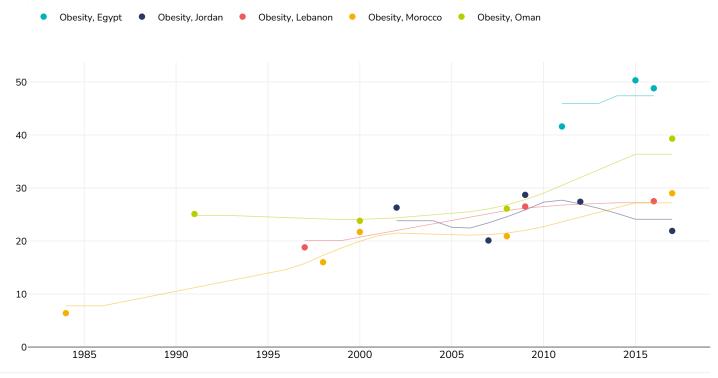
2017: STEPS Morocco 2017/18. Enquête Nationale sur les Facteurs de Risque communs des Maladies Non Transmissibles 2017 – 2018 : Rapport. https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/STEPS-REPORT-2017-2018-Morocco-final.pdf?ua=1 (accessed 0.5.11.19)

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 



### % Adults living with obesity in selected countries in the EMRO Region 1984-2017, selected countries

#### Women



References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140

1991: Al-Lawati JA, Jousilahti PJ. Prevalence and 10year secular trend of obesity in Oman. Saudi Med J 2004;25:346-351 1997: Sibai AM, Hwalla N, Adra N, Rahal B. Prevalence and Covariates of Obesity in Lebanon: Findings from the First Epidemiolgical Study. Obesity Research 203;11:1353-1361

2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2002: WHO Infobase, Macro international data

2007: Department of Statistics [Jordan] and Macro International. 2008. Jordan Population and Family Health Survey 2007: Key Findings. Calverton, Maryland, USA: Department of Statistics and Macro International.

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

2009: WHO STEPS Report 2009 Lebanon

2011: WHO EMRO Egypt STEPS Survey 2011-12

2012: Department of Statistics/Jordan and ICF International. 2013. Jordan Population and Family Health Survey 2012. Calverton, Maryland, USA: Department of Statistics/Jordan and ICF International.

2015: Ministry of Health and Population/Egypt, El-Zanaty and Associates/Egypt, and ICF International. 2015. Egypt Health Issues Survey 2015. Cairo, Egypt: Ministry of Health and Population/Egypt and ICF International. Available at

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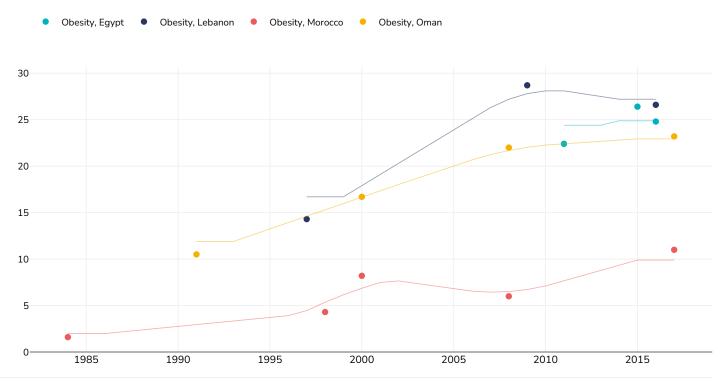
2016: WHO STEPWISE APPROACH FOR NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASESRISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE, Lebanon, 2016-2017

https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/Lebanon\_STEPS\_report\_2016-2017.pdf?ua=1 (last accessed 16.10.19)

2017: Executive Summary. Oman National Non-Communicable Disease & their Risk Factors Survey 2017 <a href="https://mohcsr.gov.om/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Executive-Summary\_NCDsurvey2017\_En.pdf">https://mohcsr.gov.om/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Executive-Summary\_NCDsurvey2017\_En.pdf</a> (last accessed 17.10.19)



#### Men



References:

1984, 1998: Benjelloun S. Nutrition transition in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition. 2002;5(1A):135-140

1991: Al-Lawati JA, Jousilahti PJ. Prevalence and 10year secular trend of obesity in Oman. Saudi Med J 2004;25:346-351 1997: Sibai AM, Hwalla N, Adra N, Rahal B. Prevalence and Covariates of Obesity in Lebanon: Findings from the First Epidemiolgical Study. Obesity Research 203;11:1353-1361

2000: Personal Communication from Morocco Minister of Health. National Survey carried out in 2000. Details in press for Journal of Hypertension (Arpil 03)

2002: WHO Infobase, Macro international data

2007: Department of Statistics [Jordan] and Macro International. 2008. Jordan Population and Family Health Survey 2007: Key Findings.

Calverton, Maryland, USA: Department of Statistics and Macro International.

2008: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

2009: WHO STEPS Report 2009 Lebanon

2011: WHO EMRO Egypt STEPS Survey 2011-12

2012: Department of Statistics/Jordan and ICF International. 2013. Jordan Population and Family Health Survey 2012. Calverton,
Maryland, USA: Department of Statistics/Jordan and ICF International.

2015: Ministry of Health and Population/Egypt, El-Zanaty and Associates/Egypt, and ICF International. 2015. Egypt Health Issues Survey
2015. Cairo, Egypt: Ministry of Health and Population/Egypt and ICF International. Available at

http://dhsprogram.com/publications/publication-FR313-DHS-Final-Reports.cfm#sthash.StgV9s6X.dpuf

2016: WHO STEPWISE APPROACH FOR NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASESRISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE, Lebanon, 2016-2017 https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/steps/Lebanon\_STEPS\_report\_2016-2017.pdf?ua=1 (last accessed 16.10.19)

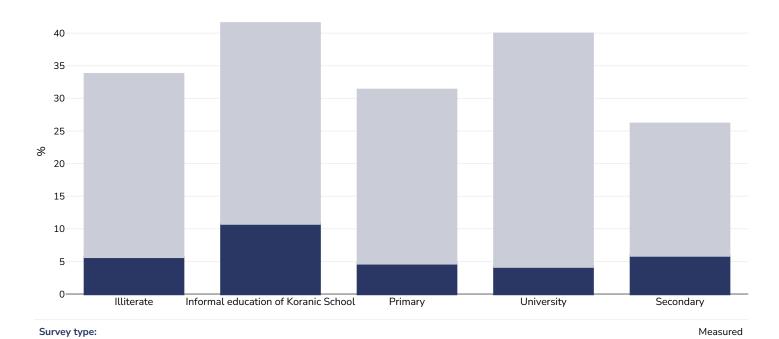
2017: Executive Summary. Oman National Non-Communicable Disease & their Risk Factors Survey 2017 <a href="https://mohcsr.gov.om/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Executive-Summary\_NCDsurvey2017\_En.pdf">https://mohcsr.gov.om/wp-content/uploads/2019/01/Executive-Summary\_NCDsurvey2017\_En.pdf</a> (last accessed 17.10.19)



## Overweight/obesity by education

### Men, 2008





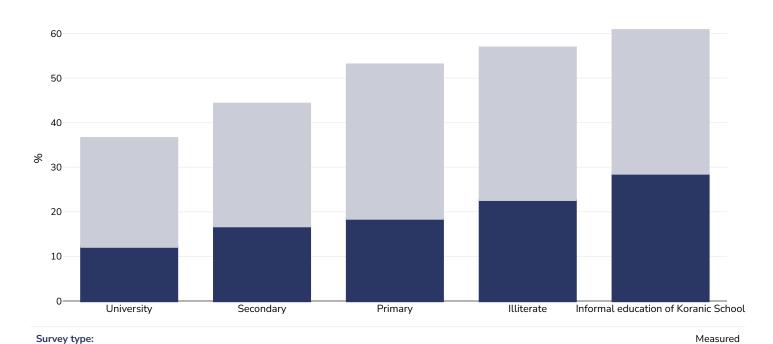
Age:	18+
Sample size:	2891
Area covered:	National
References:	Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public  Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 



## Women, 2008





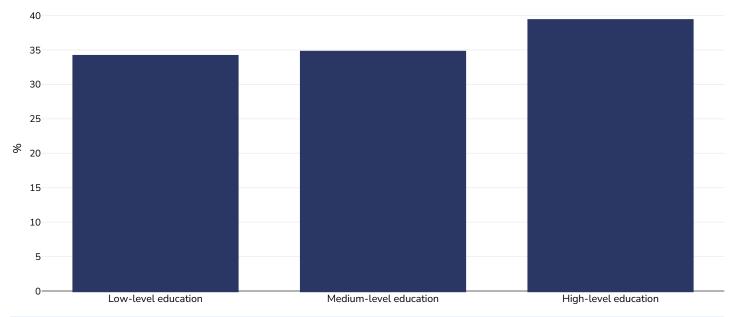
Age:	18+
Sample size:	2891
Area covered:	National
References:	Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 



## Children, 2010

Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	7-14
Sample size:	302
Area covered:	Rabat

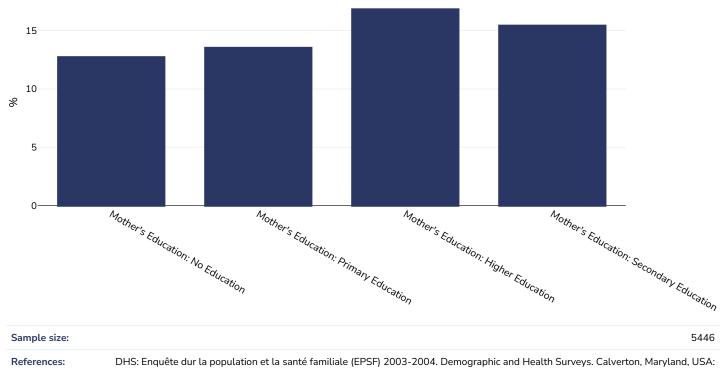
References:

Prevalence of obesity and overweight in children: a study in government primary schools in Rabat, Morocco. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22227044/ (last accessed 05.06.2022)



#### 0-5 years, 2003-2004





Ministère de la Santé et ORC Macro, 2005

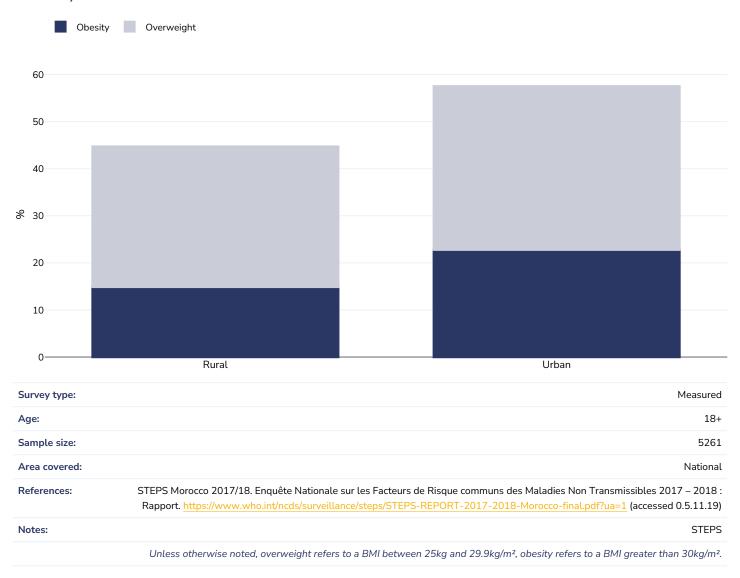
UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York. Notes: For more information about the methodology, please consult <a href="https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/">https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/</a> Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-forheight of the reference population.

**Definitions:** =>+2SD



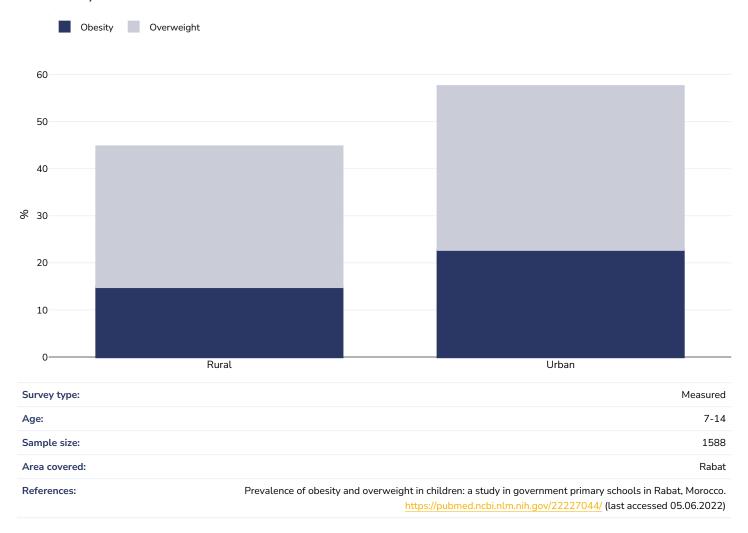
## Overweight/obesity by region

### Adults, 2017-2018



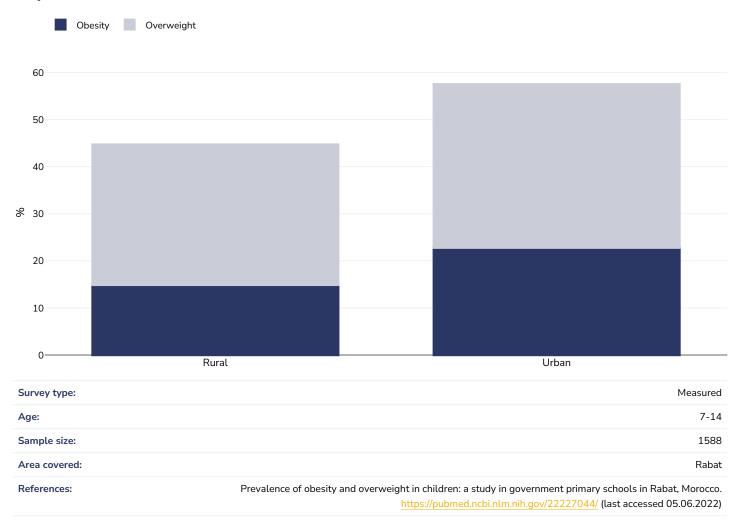


### Children, 2010



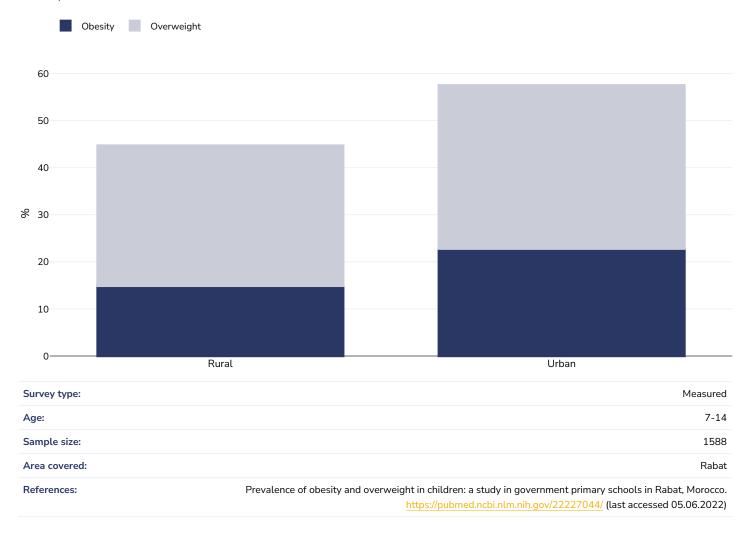


## Boys, 2010





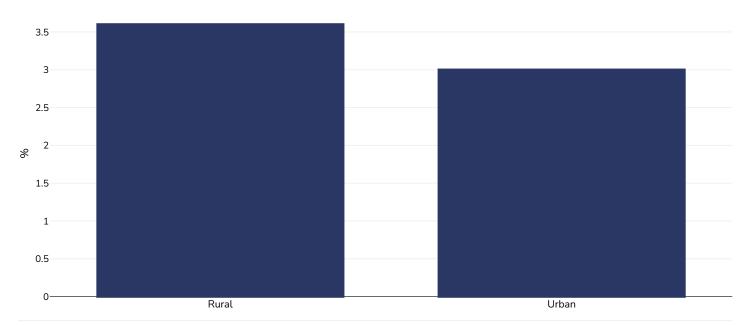
### Girls, 2010





### 0-5 years, 2019-2020

Overweight or obesity



References:

NNS: ENQUETE NATIONALE SUR LA NUTRITION (ENN 2019-2020)

Notes:

UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York.

For more information about the methodology, please consult <a href="https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/">https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/</a>
Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-forheight of the reference population.

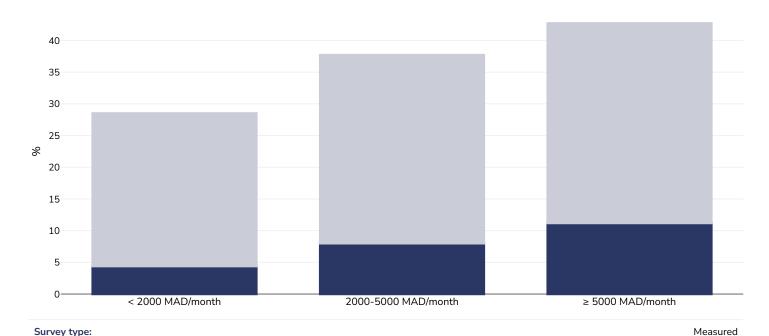
Definitions: =>+2SD



## Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

### Men, 2008





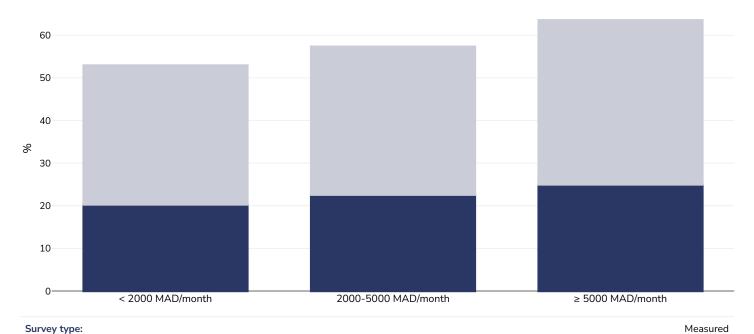
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Age:	18+
Sample size:	2891
Area covered:	National
References:	Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 



### Women, 2008





Survey type: Measured Age: 18+ Sample size: 2891 Area covered: National

References: Rhazi K El, Nejjari C, Zidouh A et al. Prevalence of obesity and associated sociodemographic and lifestyle factors in Morocco. Public Health Nutrition 2010:14(1)160-167

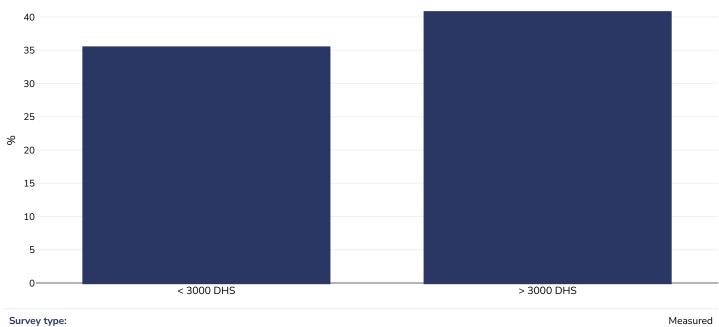
Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



## Children, 2010

References:

Overweight or obesity



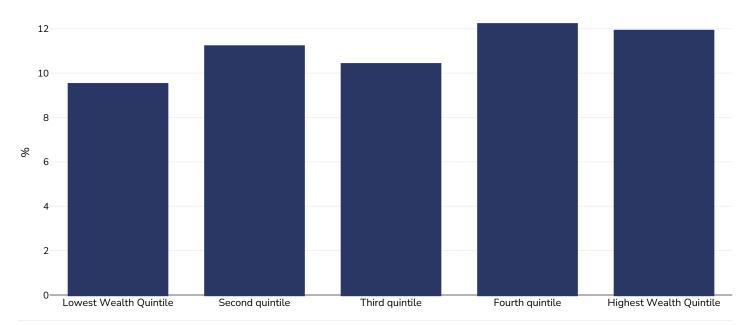
Survey type:	Measured
Age:	7-14
Sample size:	234
Area covered:	Rabat

 $Prevalence\ of\ obesity\ and\ overweight\ in\ children:\ a\ study\ in\ government\ primary\ schools\ in\ Rabat,\ Morocco.$ https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22227044/ (last accessed 05.06.2022)



### 0-5 years, 2017-2018

Overweight or obesity



Sample size: 5936

References:

PAPFAM: Enquête Nationale sur la Population et la Santé Familiale (ENPSF) -2017-2018

Notes:

UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York.

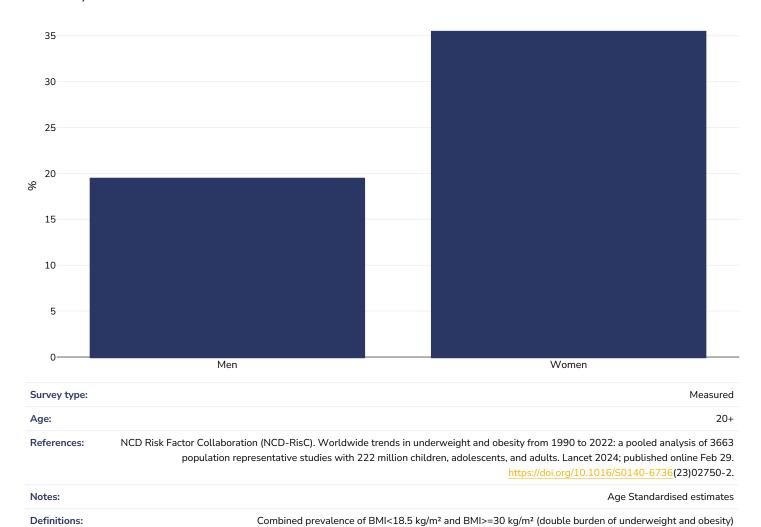
For more information about the methodology, please consult <a href="https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/">https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/</a>
Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-forheight of the reference population.

Definitions: =>+2SD



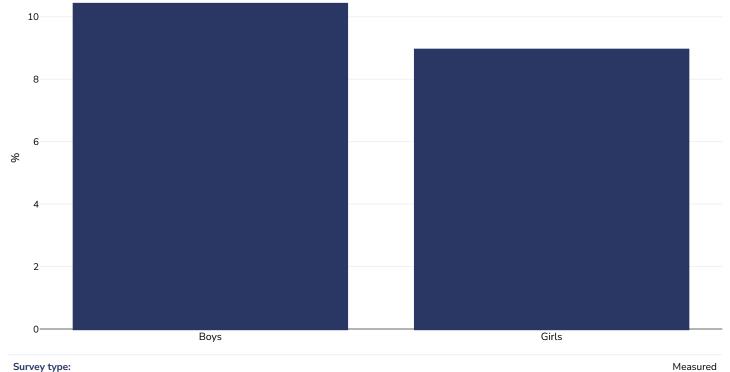
## Double burden of underweight & overweight

### Adults, 2022





### Children, 2022



		F 40
Age:		5-19

References: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Worldwide trends in underweight and obesity from 1990 to 2022: a pooled analysis of 3663 population representative studies with 222 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet 2024; published online Feb 29. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2.

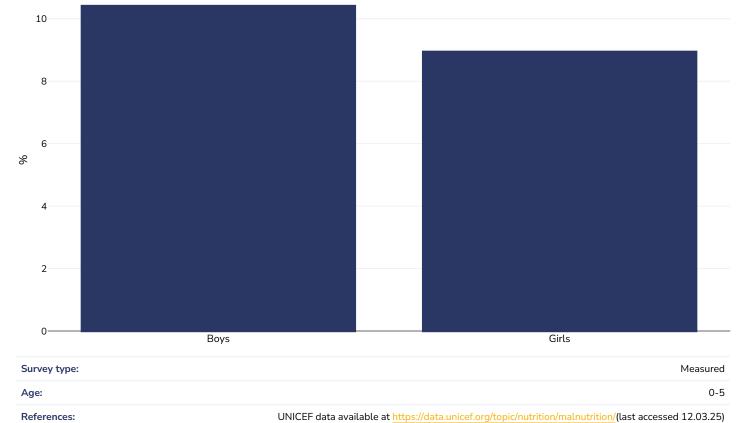
Notes:	Age standardised estimates
Definitions:	Combined prevalence of BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD (double burden of thinness and obesity)

Cutoffs: BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD



Notes:

### 0-5 years, 2017-2018



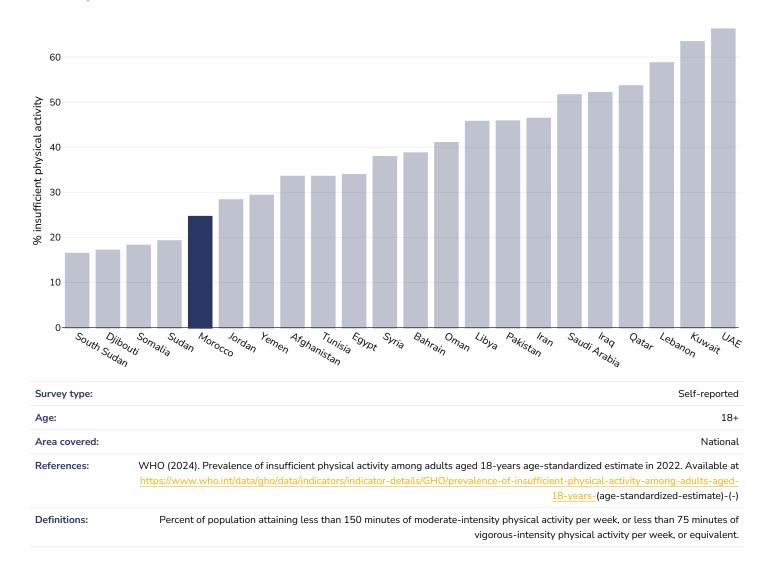
UNICEF data available at <a href="https://data.unicef.org/topic/nutrition/malnutrition/">https://data.unicef.org/topic/nutrition/malnutrition/</a>(last accessed 12.03.25)

Children under 5 falling below -2 standard deviations from the median height for age and falling at or above +2 standard deviations from the median weight-for-height of the reference population



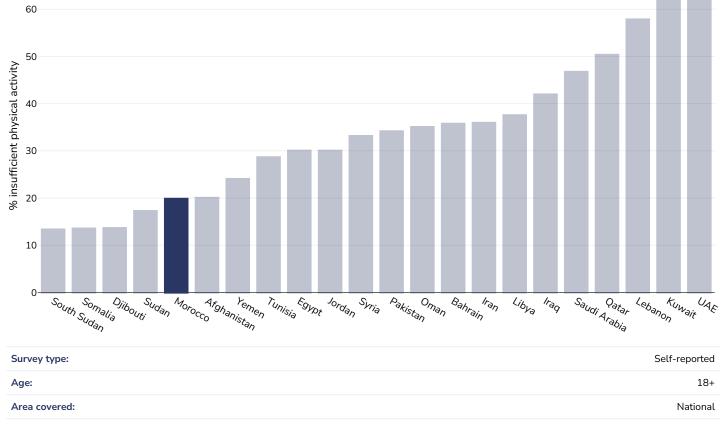
## Insufficient physical activity

#### Adults, 2022





#### Men, 2022



References:

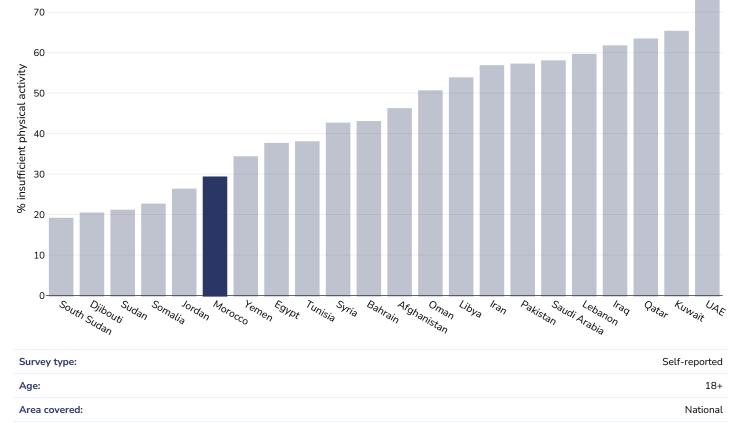
WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at <a href="https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-)</a>

**Definitions:** 

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.



#### Women, 2022



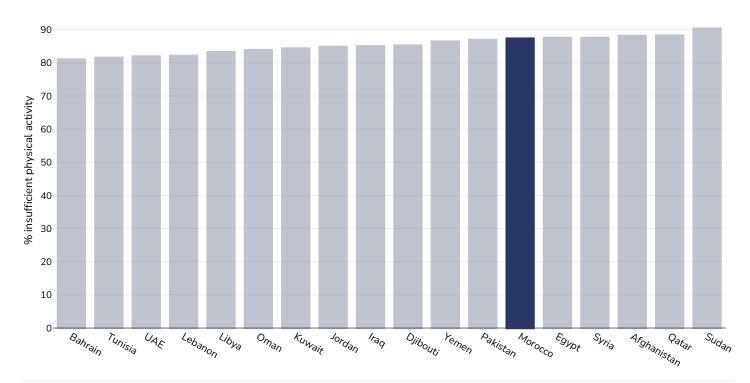
References: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at

https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-)

**Definitions:** Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.



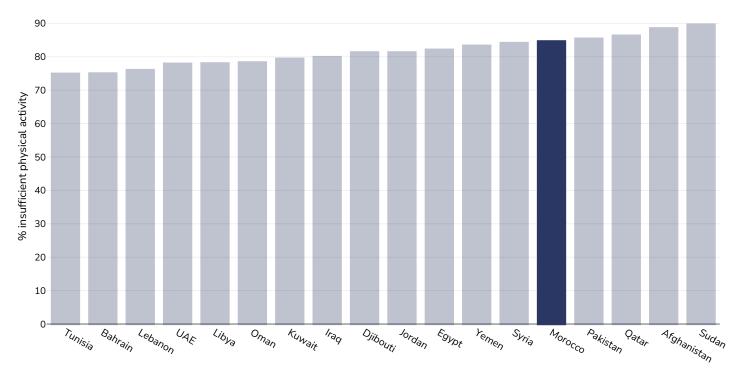
## Children, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



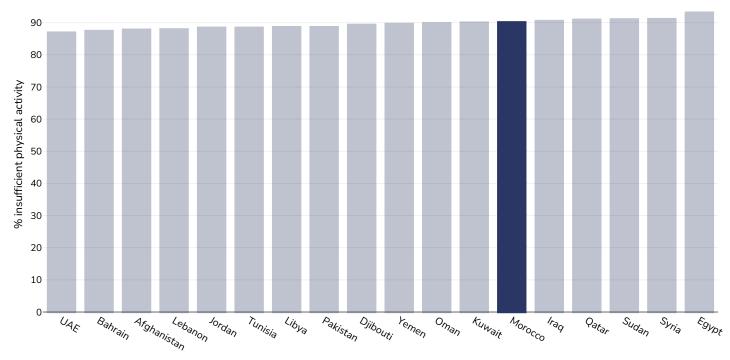
## Boys, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



### Girls, 2016

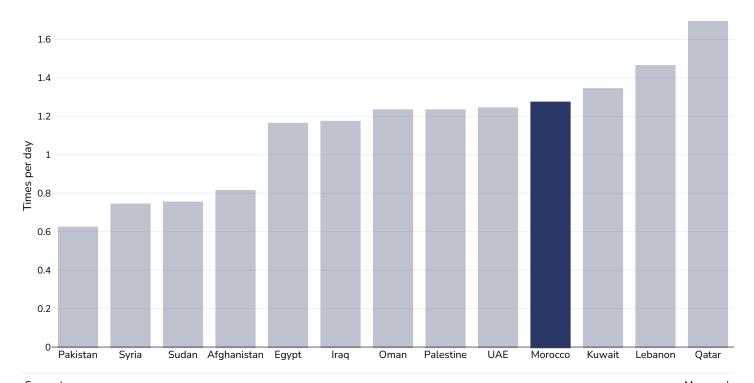


Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



## Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

### Children, 2009-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

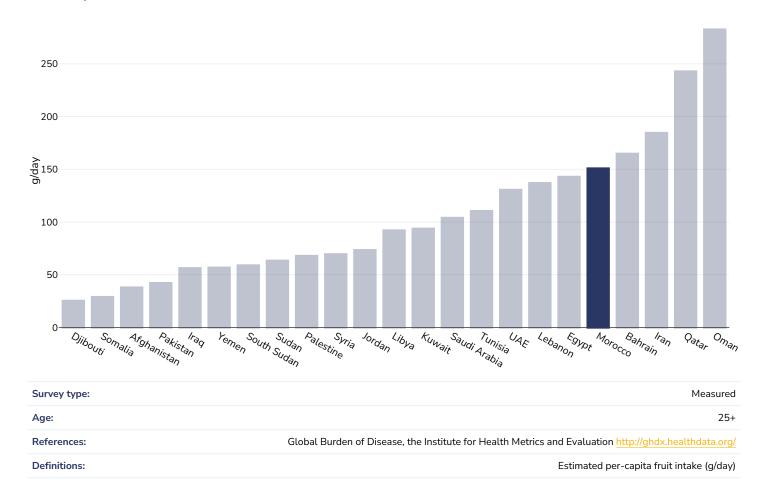
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>



## Estimated per capita fruit intake

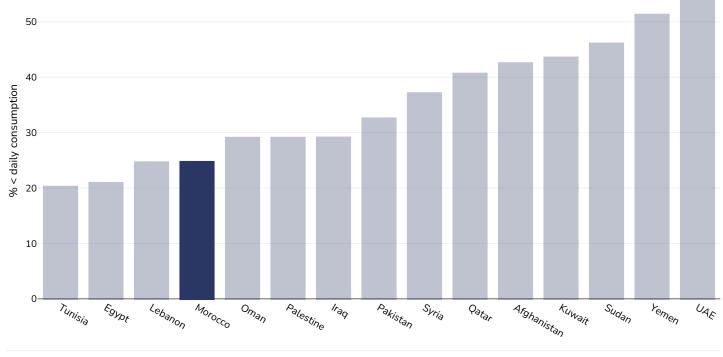
### Adults, 2017





## Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

### Children, 2008-2015



Measured Survey type:

12-17 Age:

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-

system

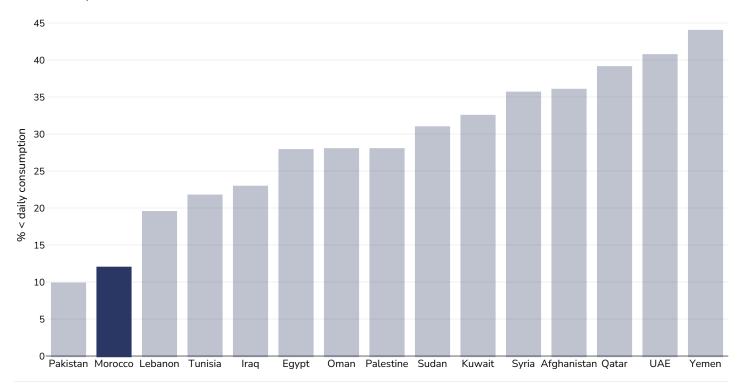
**Definitions:** 

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



# Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

# Children, 2008-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>

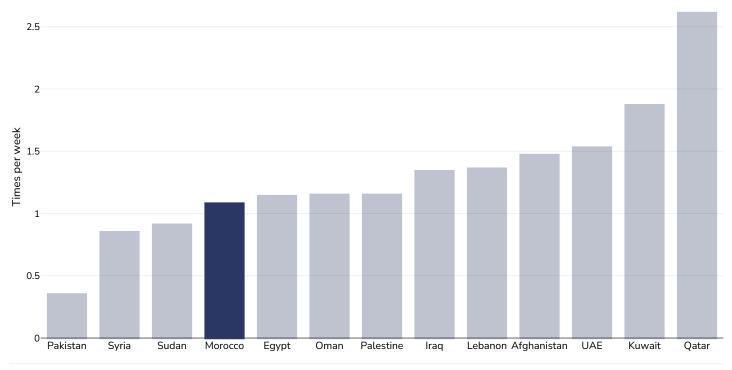
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



# Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

# Children, 2009-2015



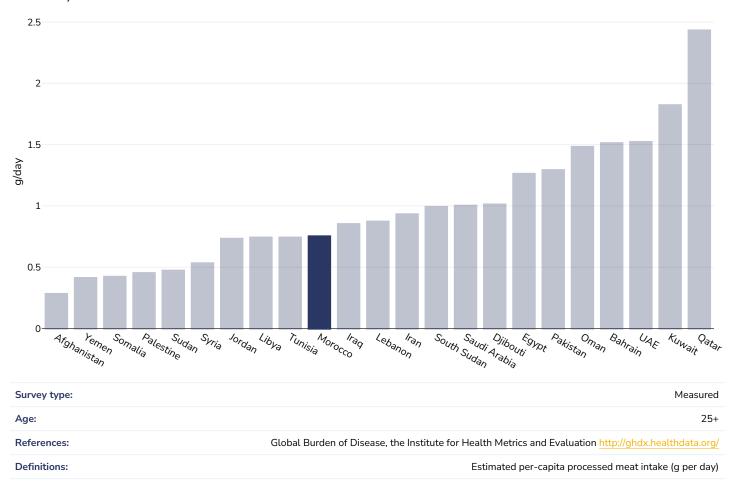
Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems</a>

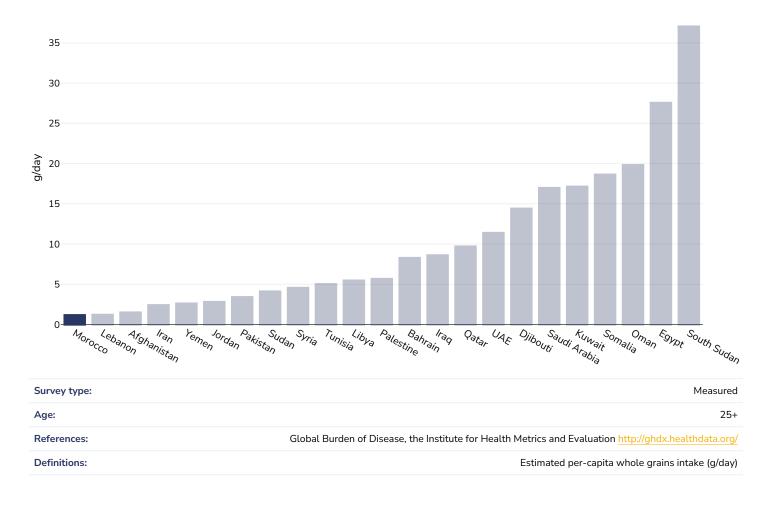


# Estimated per-capita processed meat intake



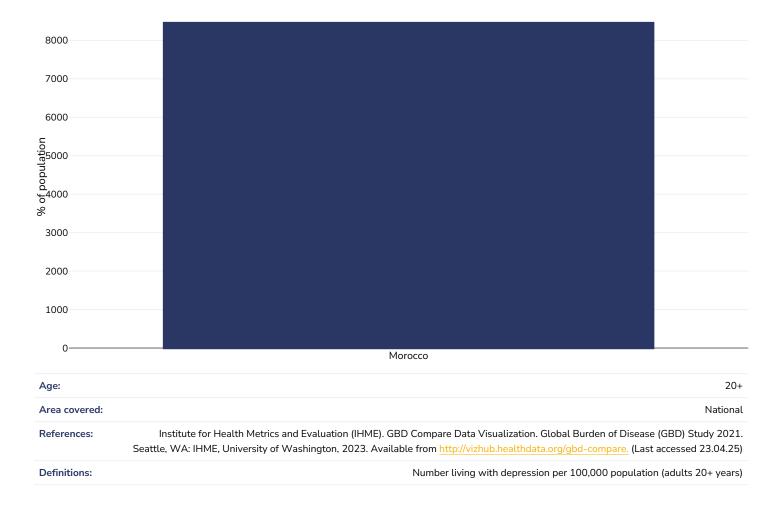


# Estimated per capita whole grains intake





# Mental health - depression disorders

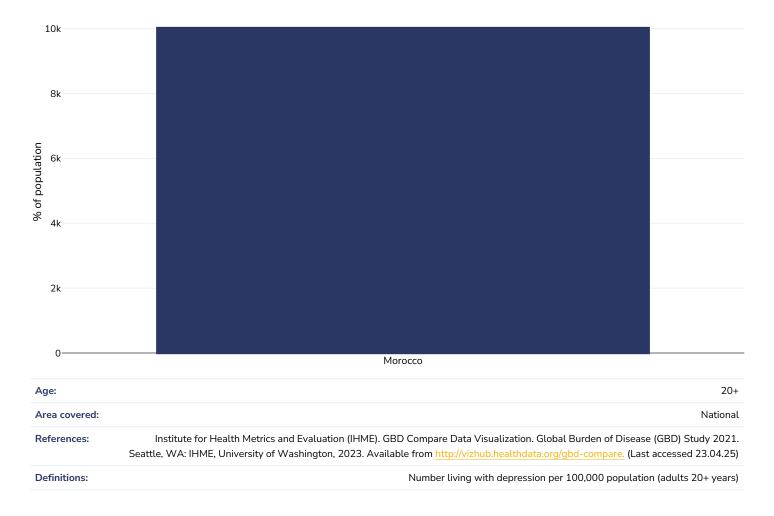




# Men, 2021

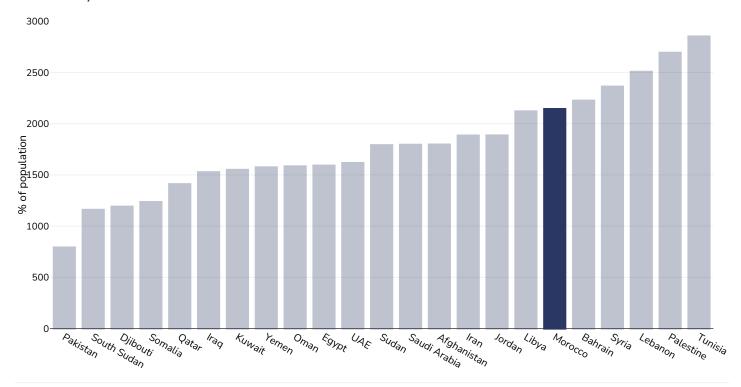








# Children, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

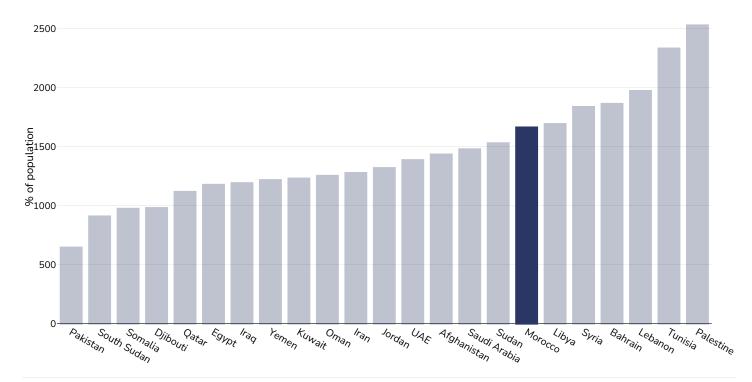
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



# Boys, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

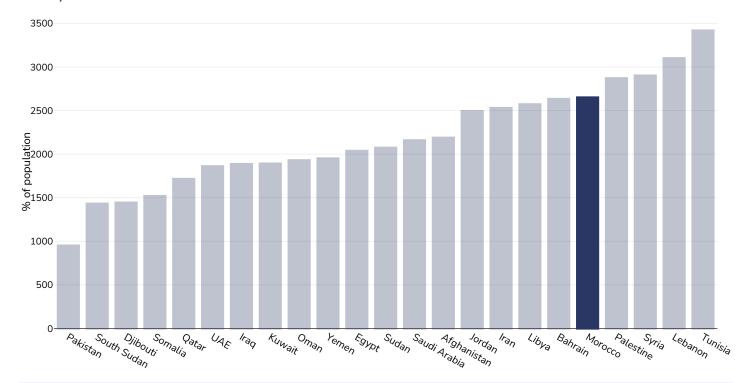
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



#### Girls, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

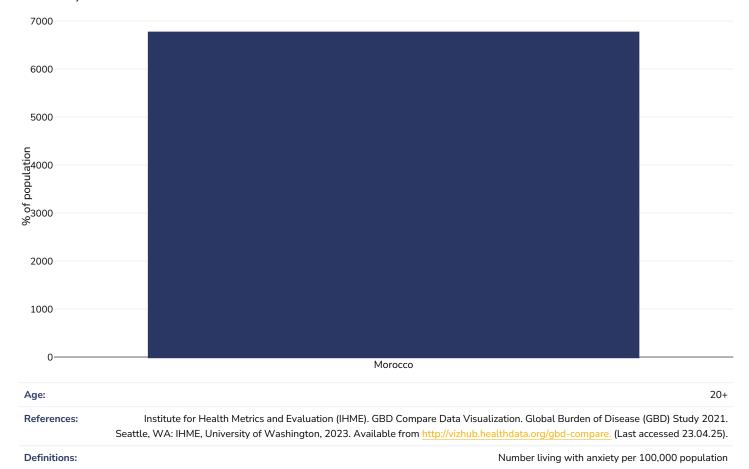
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 

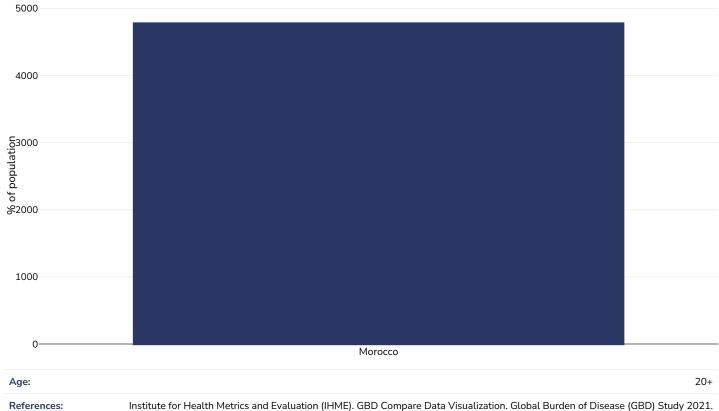


# Mental health - anxiety disorders





# Men, 2021

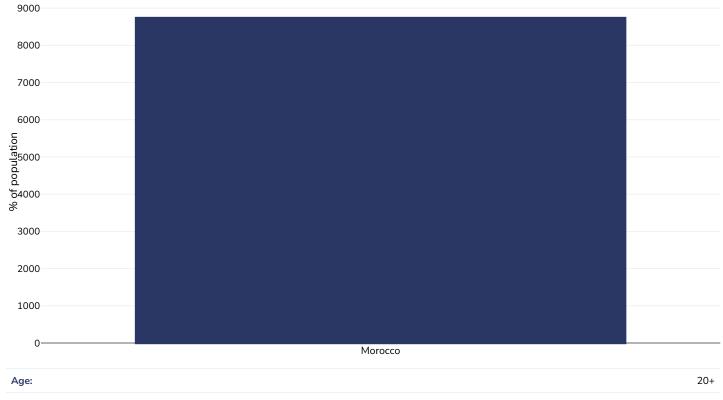


Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

**Definitions:** 

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population





References: Institute for Health Metrics

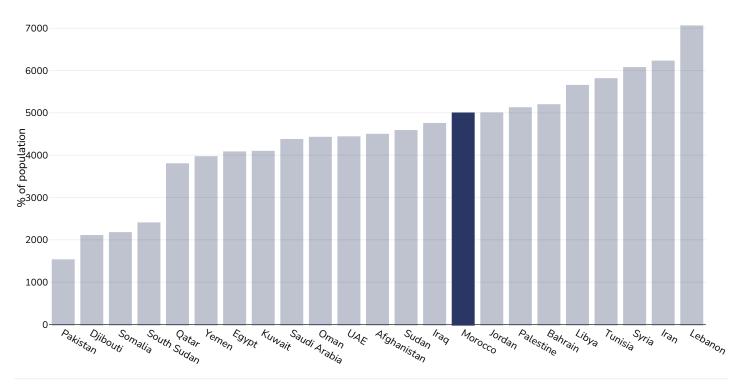
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definitions:

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population



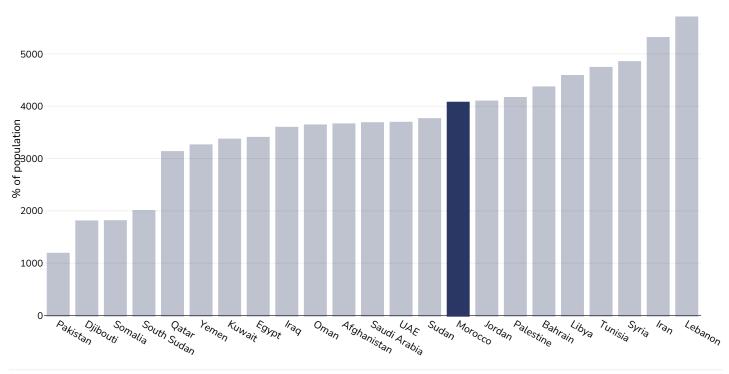
#### Children, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

#### Boys, 2021

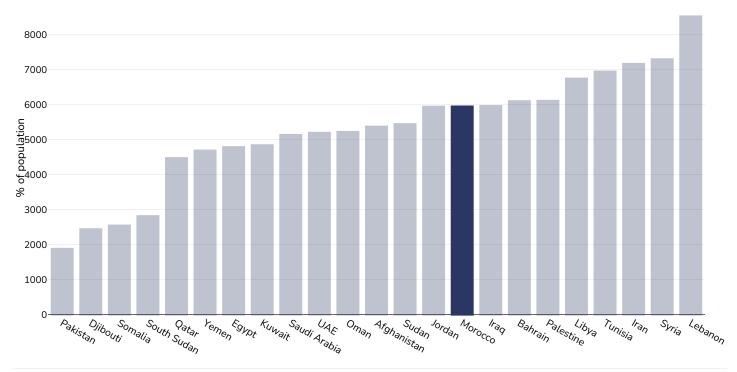


References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)



# Girls, 2021



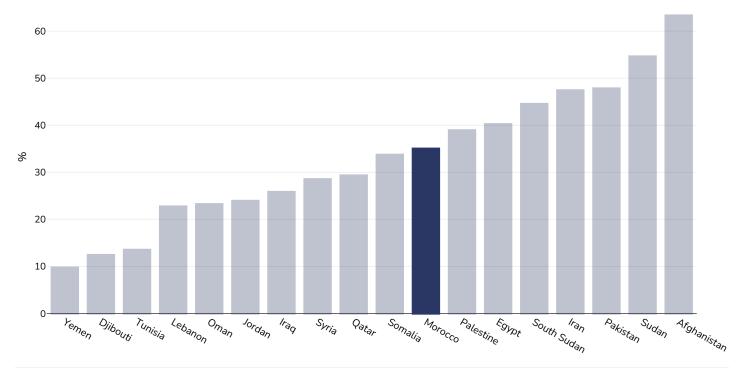
References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021.

Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)



# % Infants exclusively breastfed 0-5 months

# 0-5 years, 2010-2023



References:

Enquête Nationale sur la Population et la Santé Familiale (ENPSF) -2017-2018

Notes:

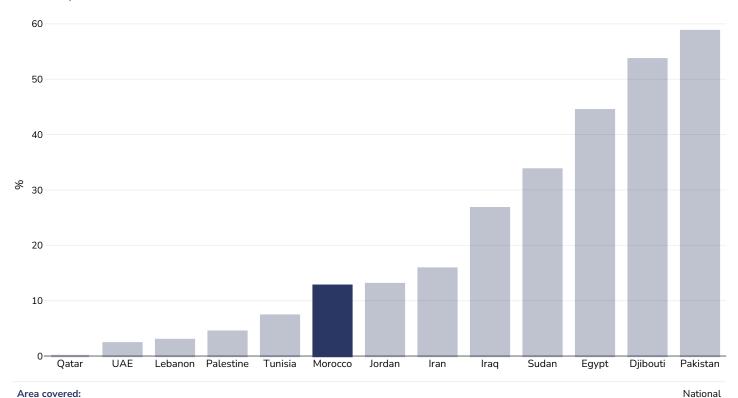
Full details are available. Original citation United Nations Children's Fund, Division of Data, Analysis, Planning and Monitoring (2023).

Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding: Exclusive breastfeeding, New York, October 2023.



# Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet

# Adults, 2022



Area covered:

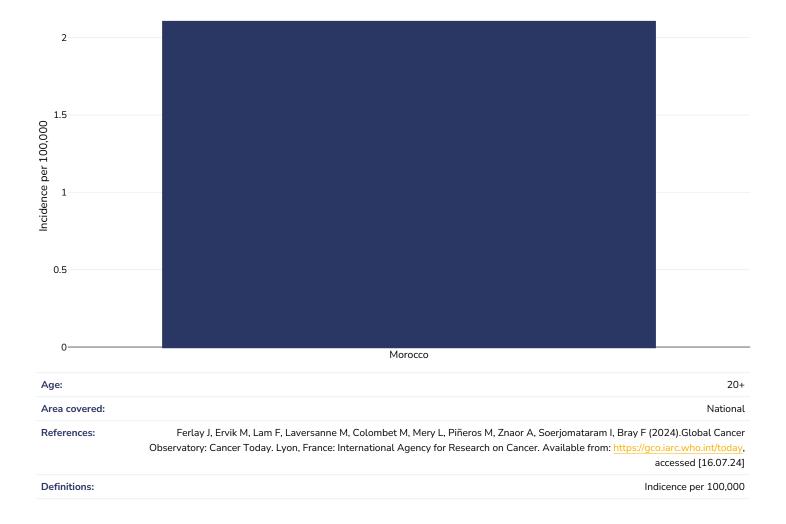
References:

The Food Systems Dashboard. The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), The Columbia Climate School, and Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. 2024. Geneva, Switzerland. https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org. DOI: https://doi.org/10.36072/db.

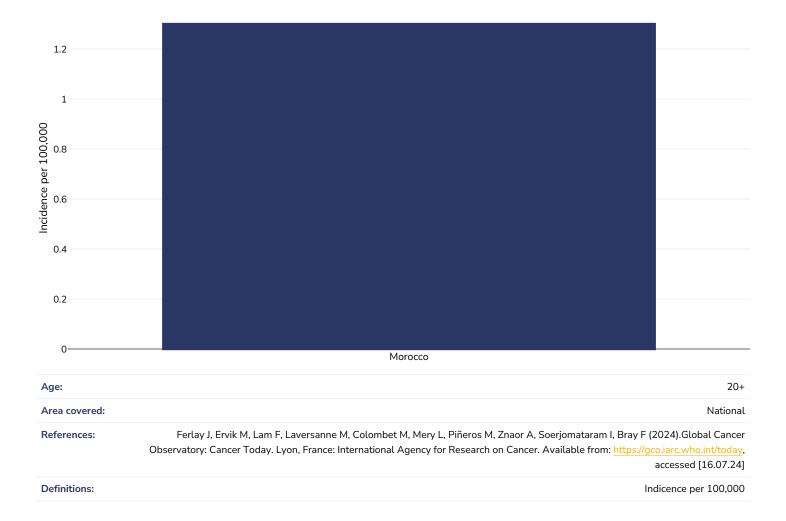


# Oesophageal cancer

# Men, 2022





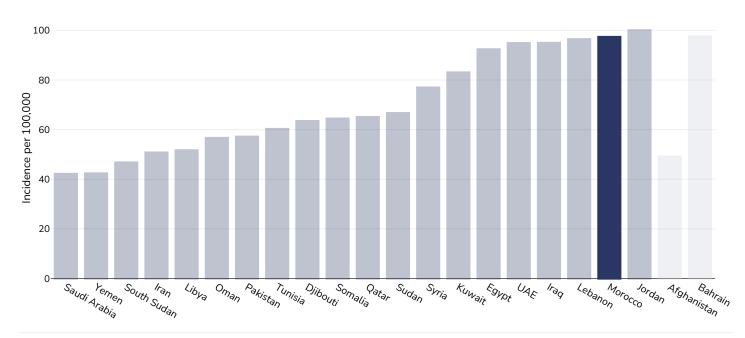




#### **Breast cancer**

#### Women, 2022





Area covered: National

References:

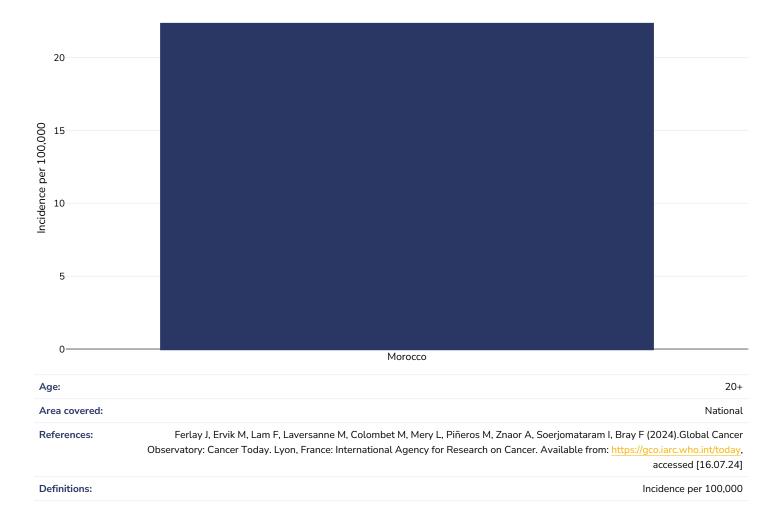
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <a href="https://gco.iarc.who.int/today">https://gco.iarc.who.int/today</a>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



# **Colorectal cancer**

# Men, 2022



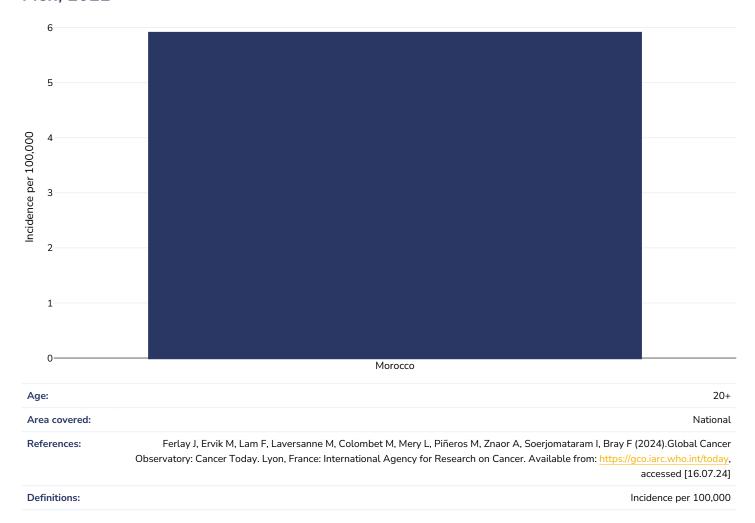




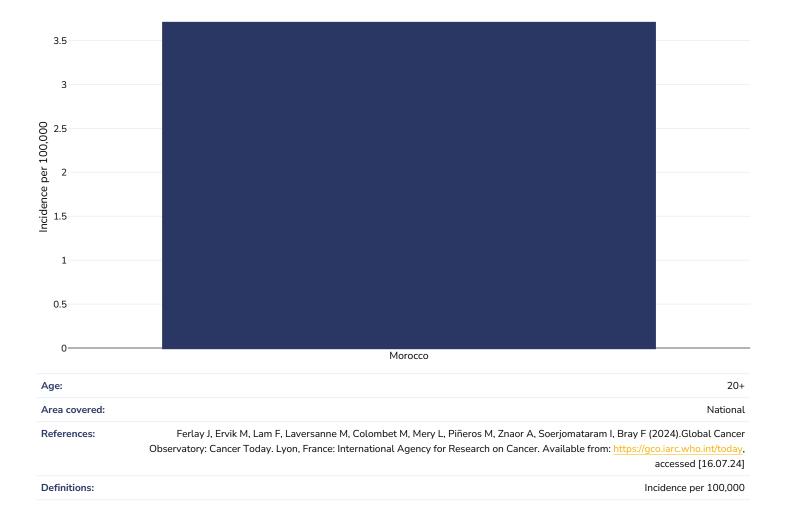


# Pancreatic cancer

# Men, 2022



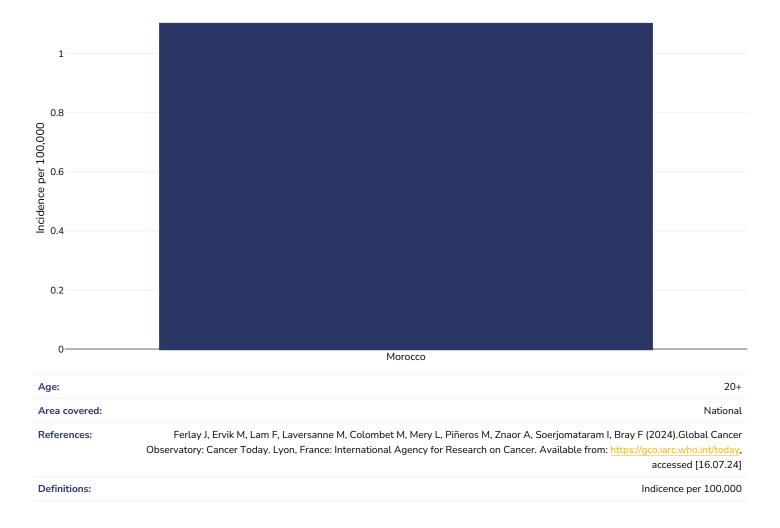




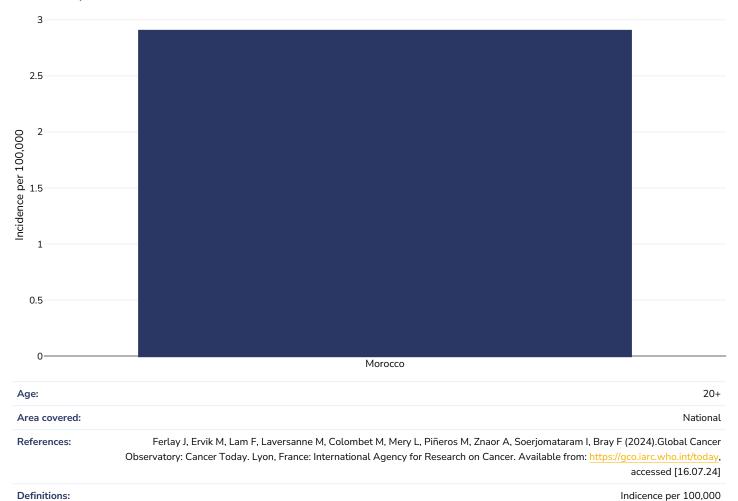


# Gallbladder cancer

# Men, 2022



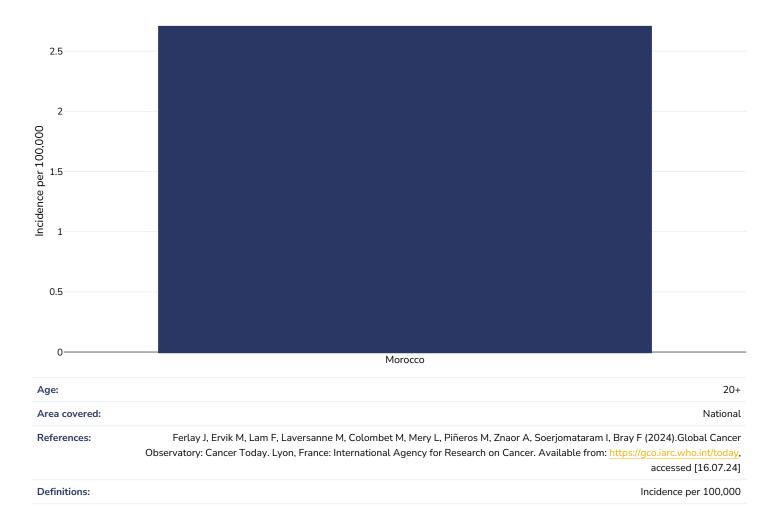




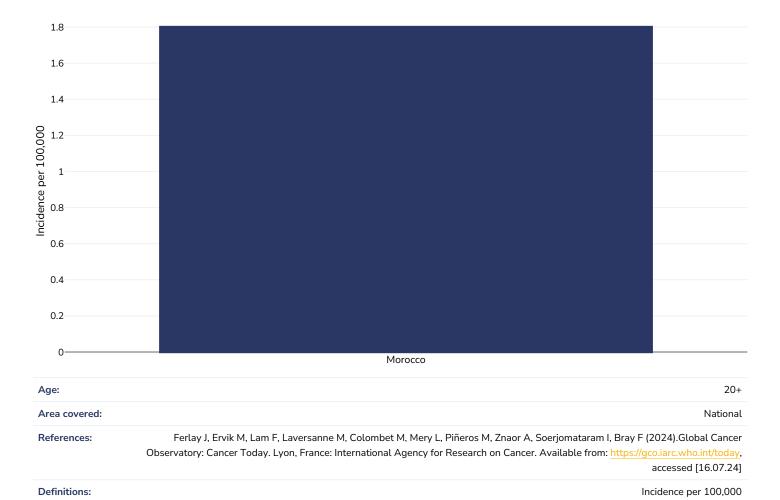


# Kidney cancer

# Men, 2022



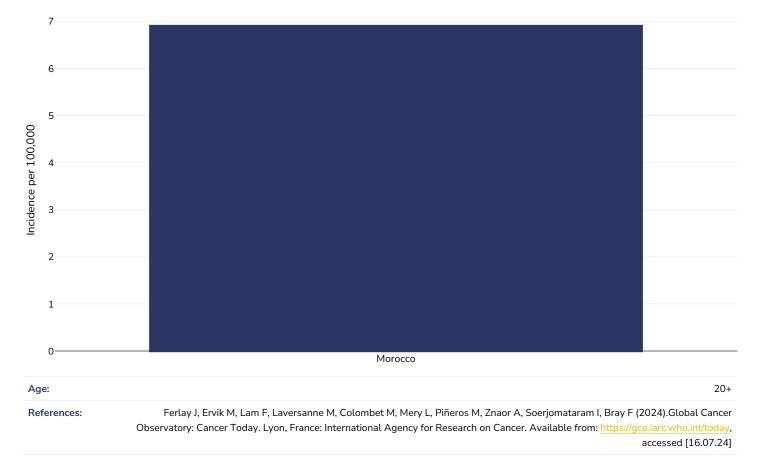






# Cancer of the uterus

# Women, 2022

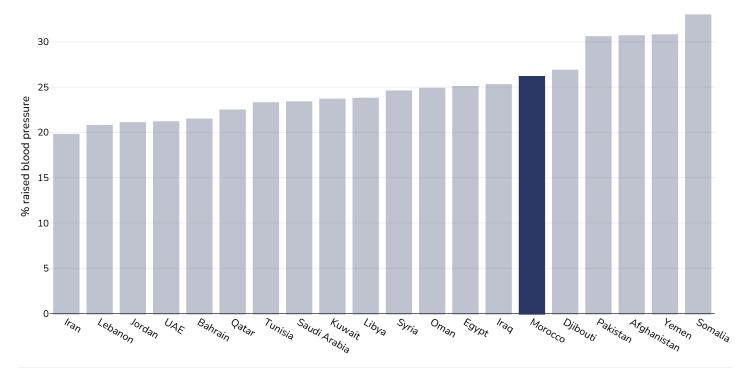


Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



# Raised blood pressure

# Adults, 2015



References:

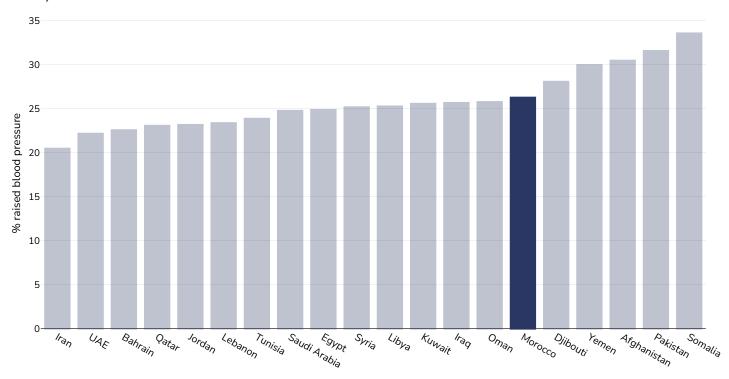
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en</a>

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



# Men, 2015



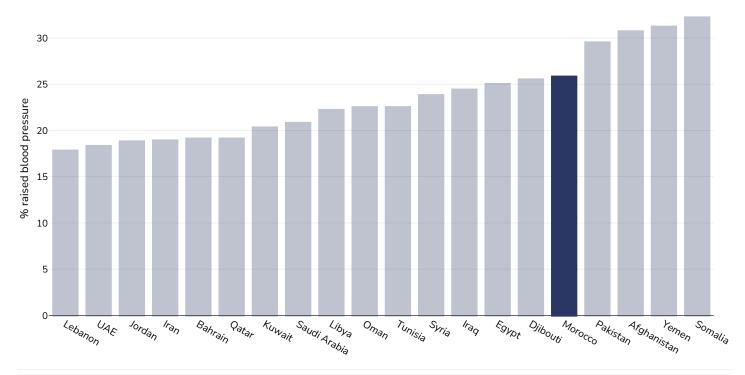
References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en</a>

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).





References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en</a>

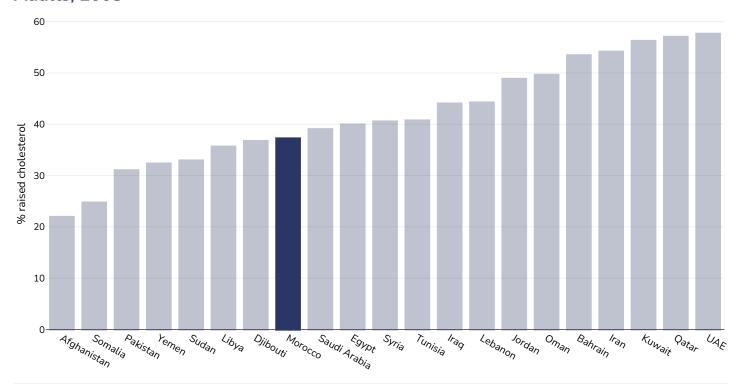
Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



# Raised cholesterol

# Adults, 2008



References:

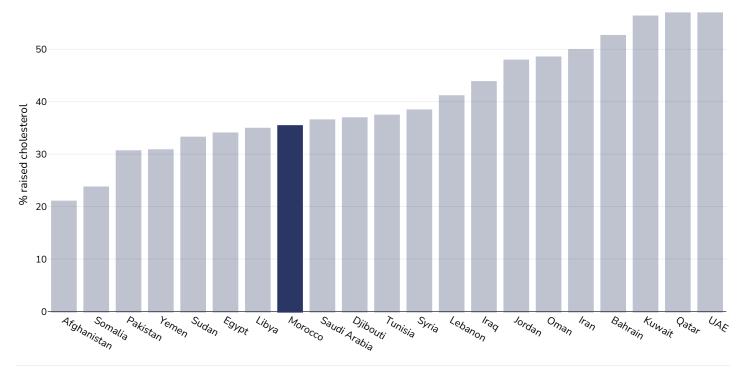
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885</a>

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



# Men, 2008



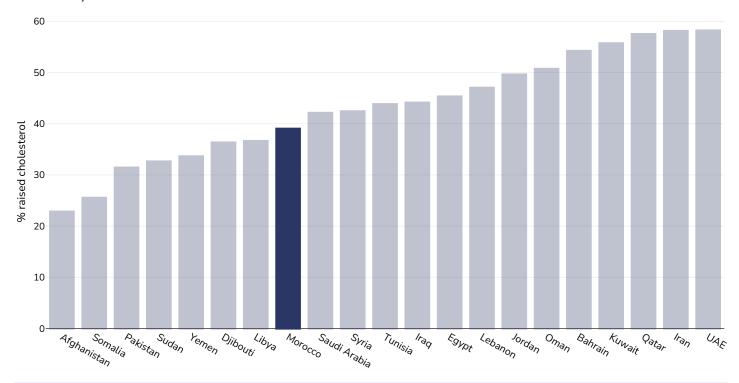
References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885</a>

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).





References:

 ${\bf Global\ Health\ Observatory\ data\ repository,\ World\ Health\ Organisation,\ \underline{http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.} \underline{A885}$ 

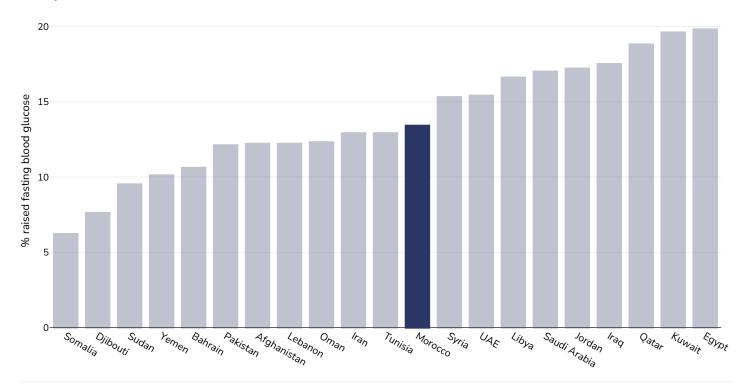
Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



# Raised fasting blood glucose

# Men, 2014



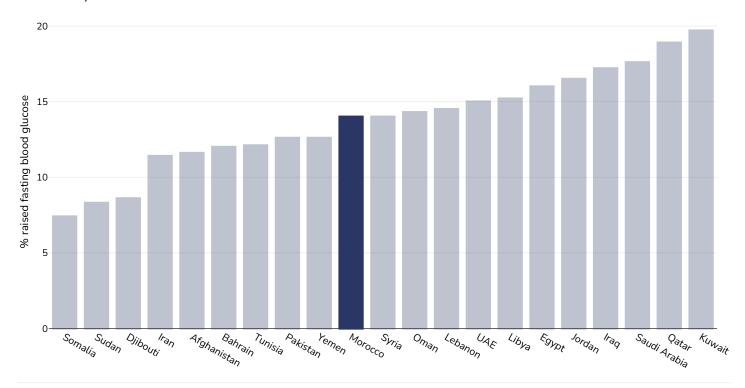
References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en</a>

Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmoVL or on medication).





References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en">http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en</a>

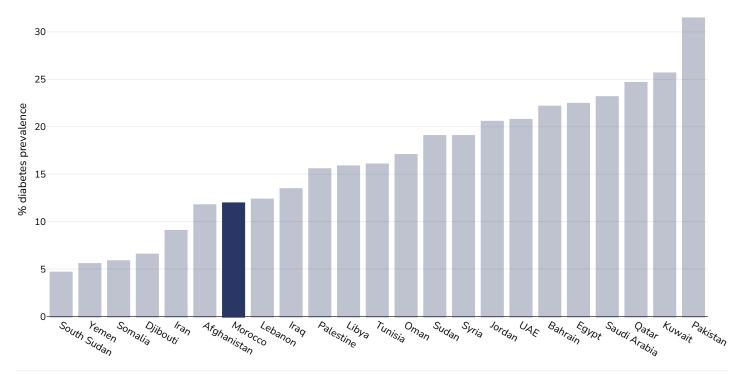
Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).



## Diabetes prevalence

#### Adults, 2024



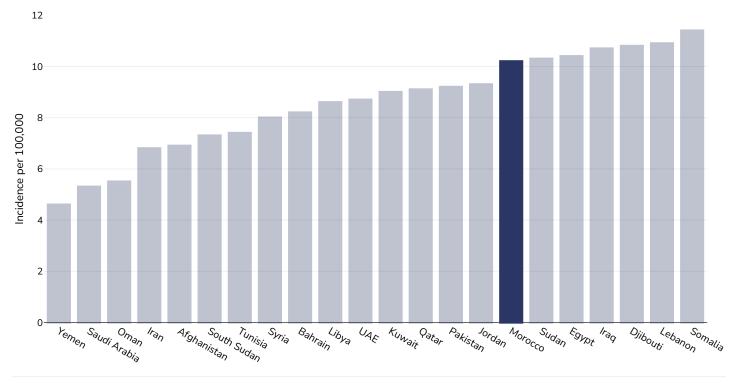
References:

Reproduced with kind permission International Diabetes Federation. IDF Diabetes Atlas, 11th edn. Brussels, Belgium:International Diabetes Federation, 2025. <a href="http://www.diabetesatlas.org">http://www.diabetesatlas.org</a>



#### **Ovarian Cancer**

#### Women, 2022



Age: 20+

References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <a href="https://gco.iarc.who.int/today">https://gco.iarc.who.int/today</a>,

accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



# Leukemia

Men, 2022											
4											
3											
2											
1											
0											
<sup>-1</sup> 1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6				
Age:							20+				
Area covered:							National				
References:	Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <a href="https://gco.iarc.who.int/today">https://gco.iarc.who.int/today</a> , accessed [16.07.24]										
Definitions:						Incidence pe	r 100,000				
	Unless ot	herwise noted, overw	reight refers to a BMI	between 25kg and 29	0.9kg/m², obesity refers	to a BMI greater thar	30kg/m².				

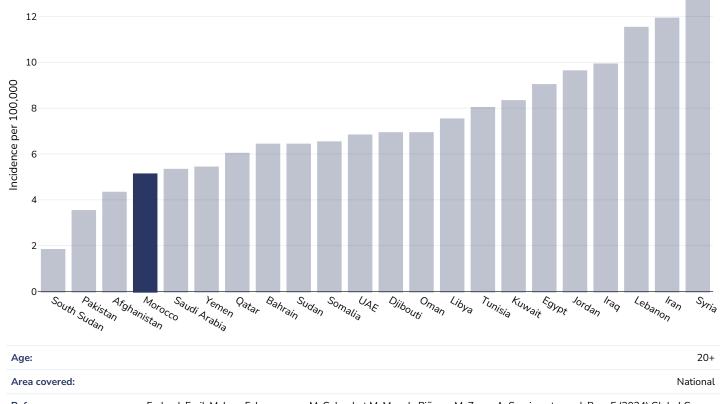


Women, 20	)22						
4							
3							
2							
1							
0							
<sup>-1</sup> 1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Age:							20+
Area covered:							National
References:					naor A, Soerjomatarar Cancer. Available froi	m: https://gco.iarc.who	
Definitions:						Incidence po	er 100,000
	Unless oth	erwise noted, overw	eight refers to a BMI	between 25kg and 29	.9kg/m², obesity refers	s to a BMI greater tha	n 30kg/m².



#### Leukemia

#### Men, 2022



References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

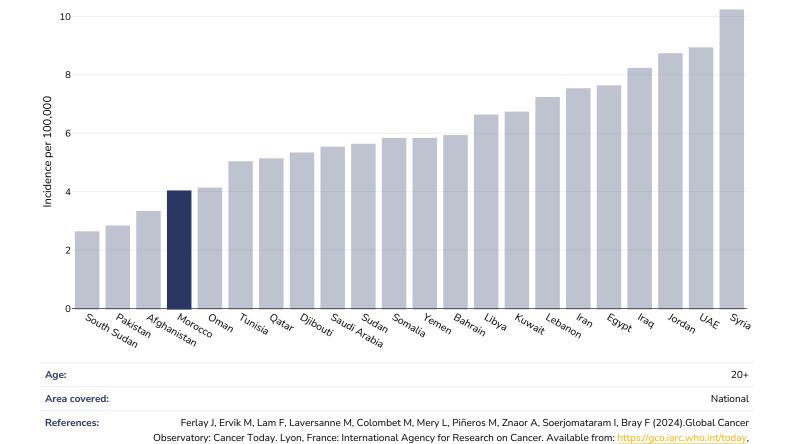
**Definitions:** Incidence per 100,000

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$ 

accessed [16.07.24]



#### Women, 2022

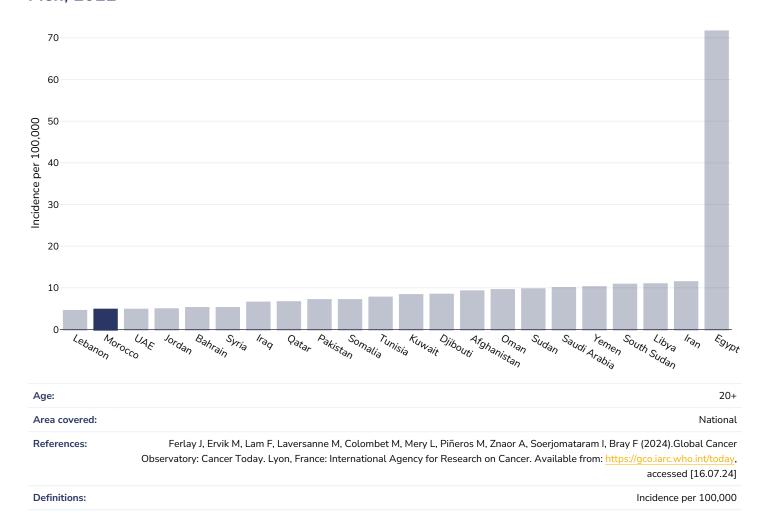


Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

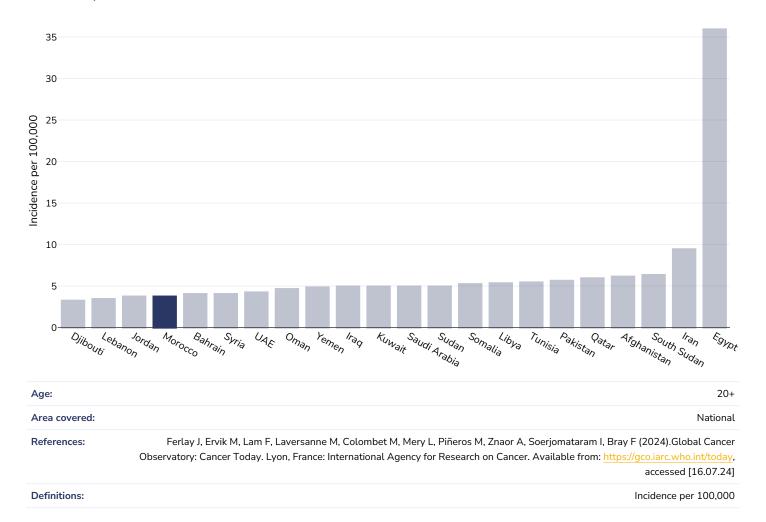


## Liver and intrahepatic bile duct Cancer

#### Men, 2022



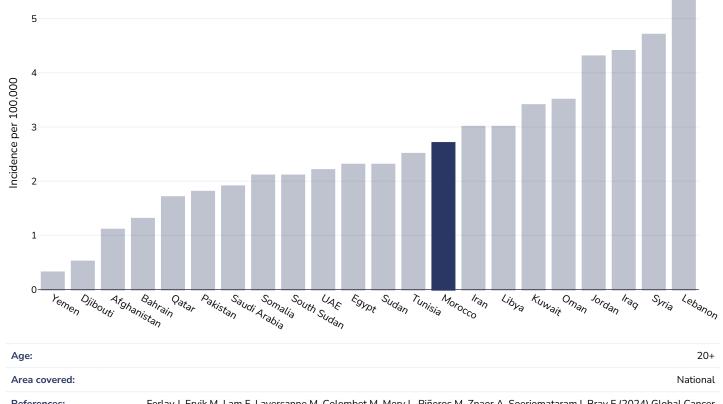






## Multiple Myeloma

#### Men, 2022

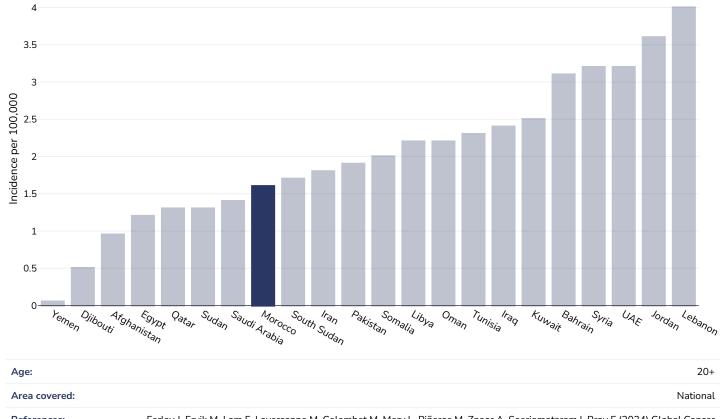


References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definitions:** Indicence per 100,000





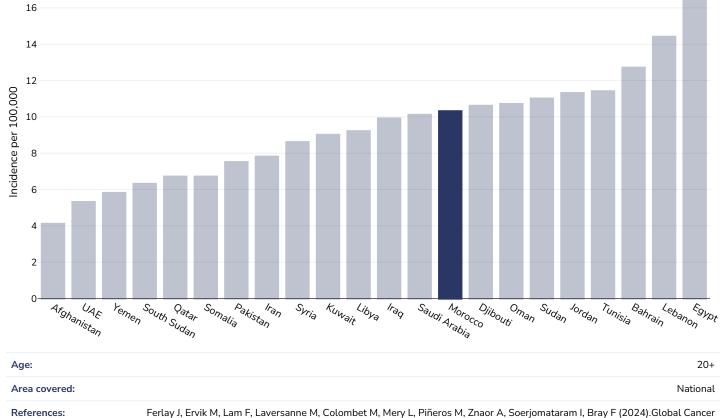
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer References: Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

**Definitions:** Indicence per 100,000



## Non Hodgkin Lymphoma

#### Men, 2022



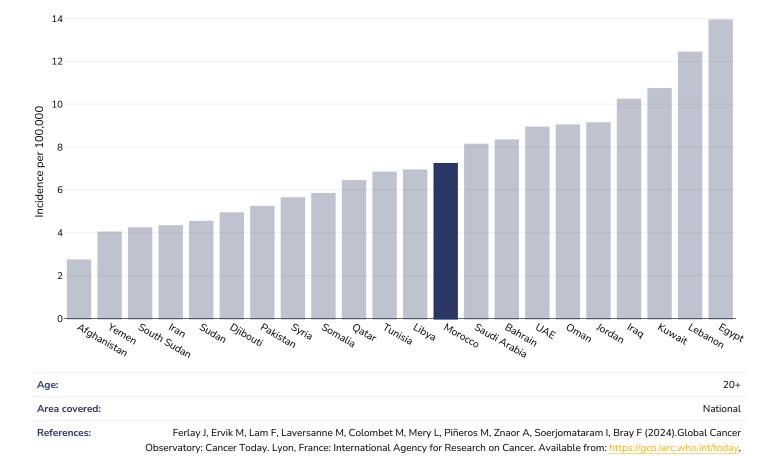
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: <a href="https://gco.iarc.who.int/today">https://gco.iarc.who.int/today</a>, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

accessed [16.07.24]



#### Women, 2022



Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

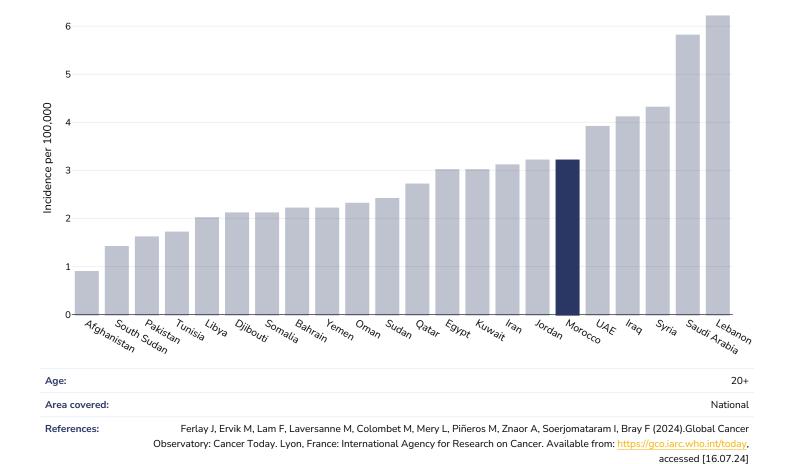
Incidence per 100,000



## **Thyroid Cancer**

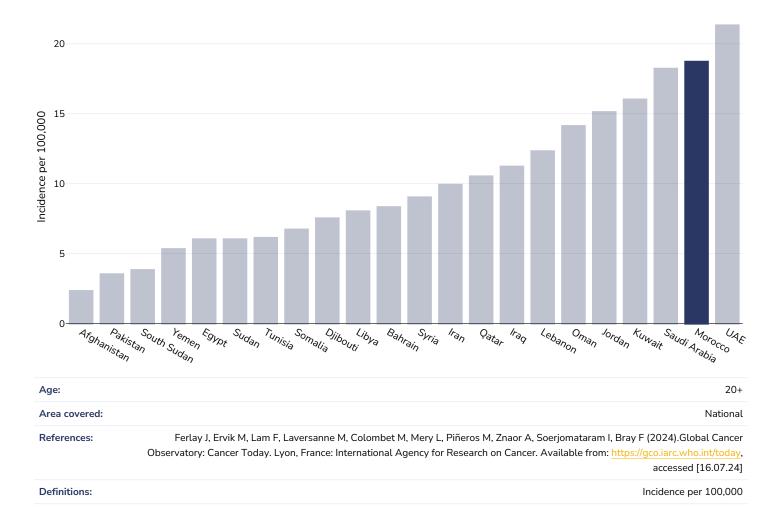
#### Men, 2022

**Definitions:** 



86





PDF created on June 17, 2025