

Report card Mongolia



Upper-middle income

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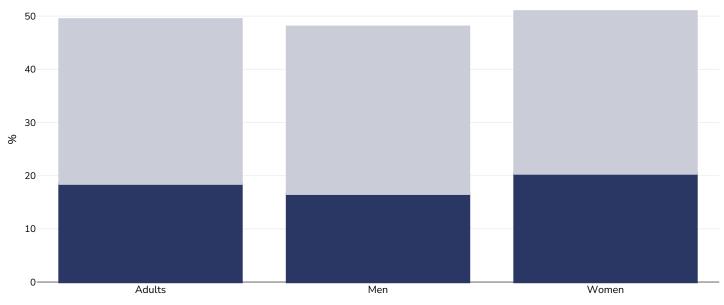
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Obesity prevalence

Adults, 2019





Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-69
Sample size:	6654
Area covered:	National

References:

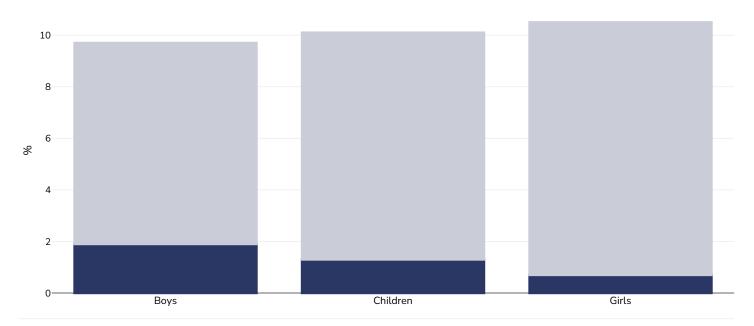
Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Children, 2013



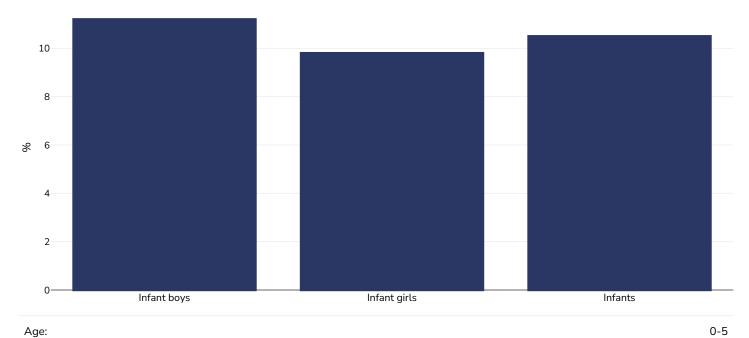


Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	13-17
Sample size:	5393
Area covered:	National
References:	Global School-based Student Health Survey (GSHS), available at https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/2013_Mongolia_GSHS_Fact_Sheet.pdf?ua=1 (last accessed 14.12.20)
Notes:	WHO cutoffs.
Cutoffs:	WHO



Infants, 2018

Overweight or obesity



Sample 5882

References:

MICS: Social Indicator Sample Survey-2018, Survey Findings Report. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia: National Statistical Office of Mongolia

Notes:

size:

UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York. For more information about the methodology, please consult https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country-consultations/ Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-for-height of the reference population.

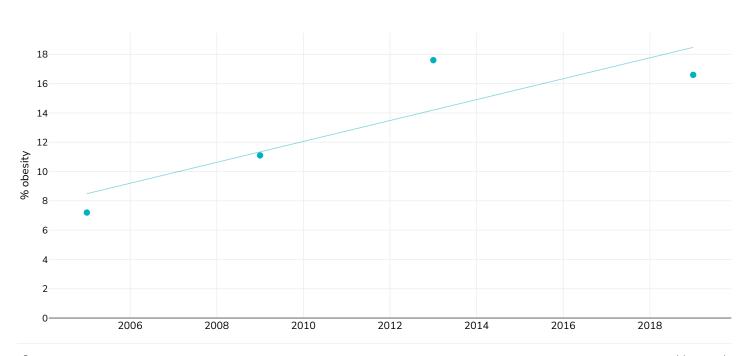
Definitions: =>+2SD



% Adults living with obesity in Mongolia 2005-2019

Men

Obesity



Survey Measured type:

References:

2005: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the prevalence of noncommunicable disease risk factors 2006
2009: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Non-communicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors - 2009
2013: Chimeddamba O, Gearon E, Stevenson C et al. Trends in Adult Overweight and Obesity Prevalence in Mongolica 2005–
2013. Obesity 2016;24(10):2194-2201

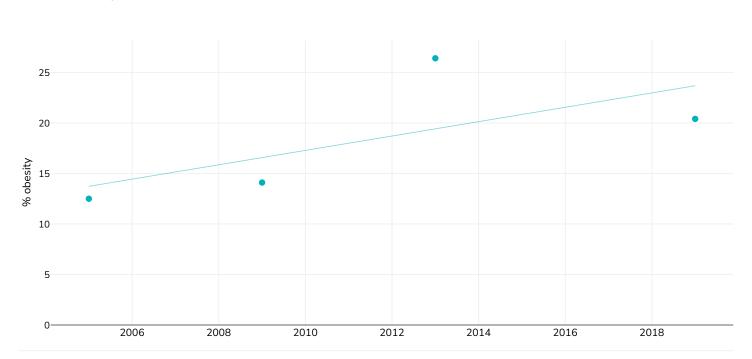
2019: Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Women





Survey Measured

References:

type:

2005: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the prevalence of noncommunicable disease risk factors 2006

2009: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Non-communicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors - 2009 2013: Chimeddamba O, Gearon E, Stevenson C et al. Trends in Adult Overweight and Obesity Prevalence in Mongolica 2005-

2013. Obesity 2016;24(10):2194-2201

2019: Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

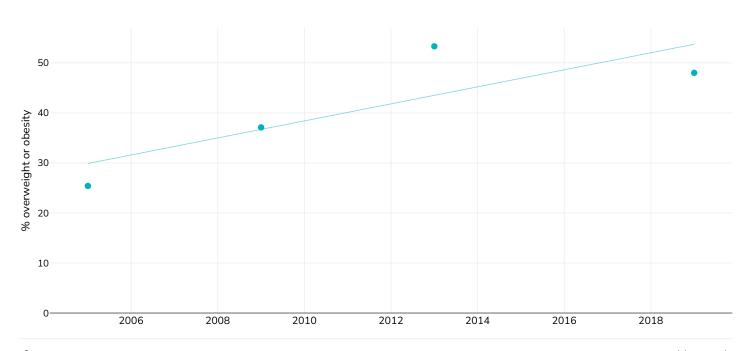
Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



% Adults living with overweight or obesity in Mongolia 2005-2019

Men

Overweight or obesity



Survey Measured type:

References:

2005: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the prevalence of noncommunicable disease risk factors 2006
2009: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Non-communicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors - 2009
2013: Chimeddamba O, Gearon E, Stevenson C et al. Trends in Adult Overweight and Obesity Prevalence in Mongolica 20052013. Obesity 2016;24(10):2194-2201

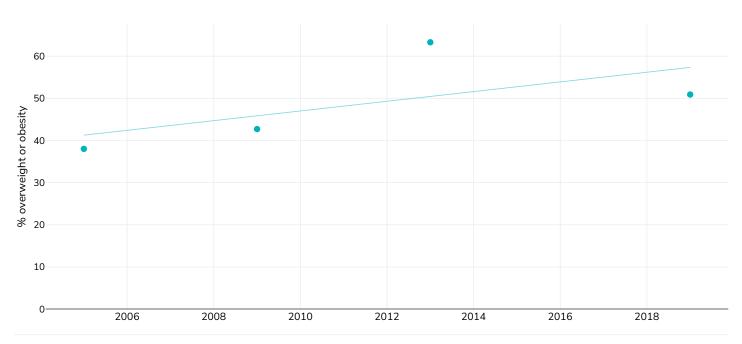
2019: Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Women

Overweight or obesity



Survey Measured

References:

type:

2005: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the prevalence of noncommunicable disease risk factors 2006
2009: Mongolian STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Non-communicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors - 2009
2013: Chimeddamba O, Gearon E, Stevenson C et al. Trends in Adult Overweight and Obesity Prevalence in Mongolica 2005-

2013. Obesity 2016;24(10):2194-2201

2019: Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

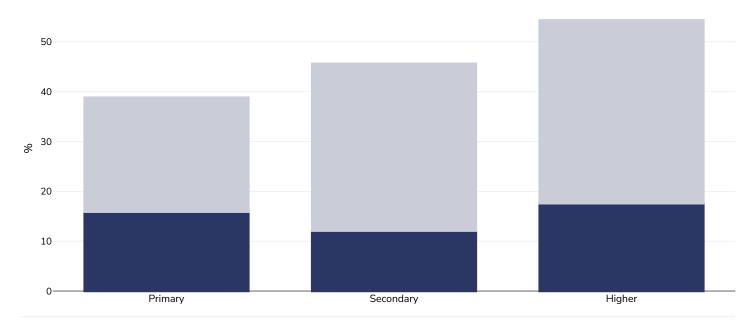
Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Overweight/obesity by education

Men, 2017





Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-49
Sample size:	3314
Area covered:	National

References:

National Centre for Public Health (2017). Nutrition status of the population of Mongolia. Fifth National Nutrition Survey. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Available at https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/reports/fifth-national-nutrition-survey-report (accessed

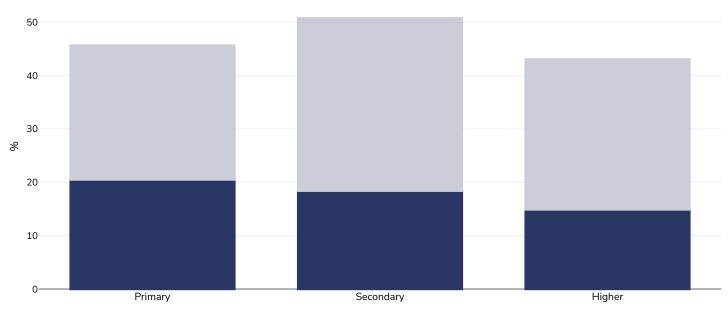
20.04.2020)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Women, 2017





Poforoncos:	National Centre for Public Health (2017) Nutrition status of the population of Mongolia, Eifth National Nutrition Survey
covered:	
Area	National
size:	
Sample	3314
Age:	15-49
Survey type:	Measured

References: National Centre for Public Health (2017). Nutrition status of the population of Mongolia. Fifth National Nutrition Survey.

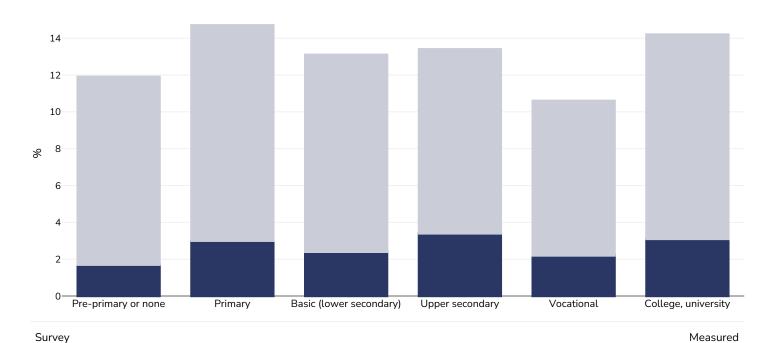
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Available at https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/reports/fifth-national-nutrition-survey-report (accessed 20.04.2020)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Infants, 2018





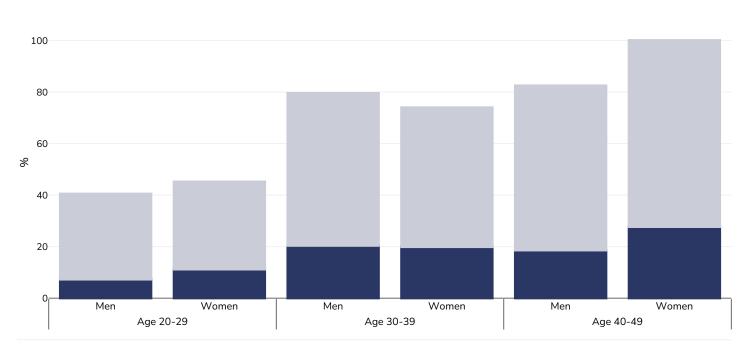
type:	inedsured
Sample size:	5,882
Area covered:	National
References:	NSO. 2019. Social Indicator Sample Survey-2018, Survey Findings Report. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia: National Statistical Office of Mongolia. https://washdata.org/sites/default/files/documents/reports/2019-10/Mongolia-2018-MICS-report.pdf
Notes:	Mother's education
Definitions:	Weight for height. Overweight = Between +2SD and +3SD. Obesity = >+3SD
Cutoffs:	Other



Overweight/obesity by age

Adults, 2017





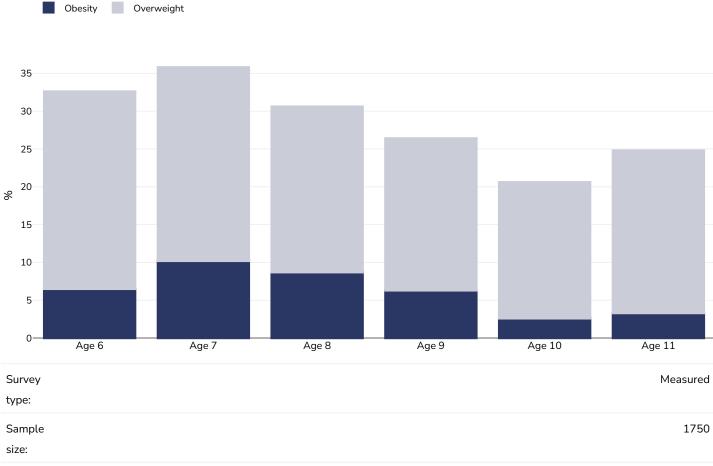
Survey type:	Measured
Sample size:	2,578
Area covered:	National
References:	Nutrition Status of the Population of Mongolia: Fifth National Nutrition Survey Report 2017. Available at:

Nutrition Status of the Population of Mongolia: Fifth National Nutrition Survey Report 2017. Available at: https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/media/1116/file/NNS_V_undsen_tailan_EN.pdf. Accessed 02.11.21.

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Children, 2017-2018



type:

Sample
size:

Area
covered:

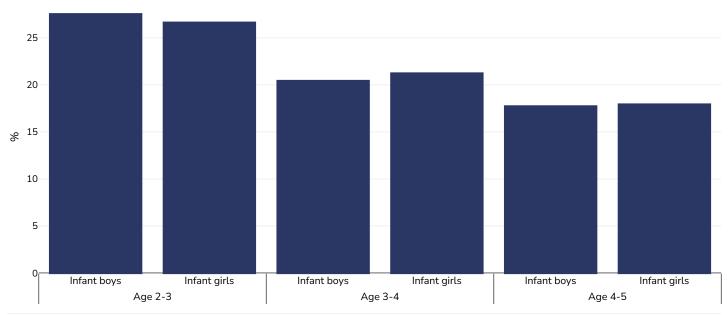
Definitions:

Nutrition Status of the Population of Mongolia: Fifth National Nutrition Survey Report 2017. Available at:
https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/media/1116/file/NNS_V_undsen_tailan_EN.pdf. Accessed 02.11.21.



Infants, 2013

Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Sample size:	3404
Area covered:	National
References:	Mongolia MICS 2013 Survey - data analysed by R Jackson Leach, F Montague. World Obesity Federation
Notes:	IOTF monthly cut offs
Cutoffs:	IOTF



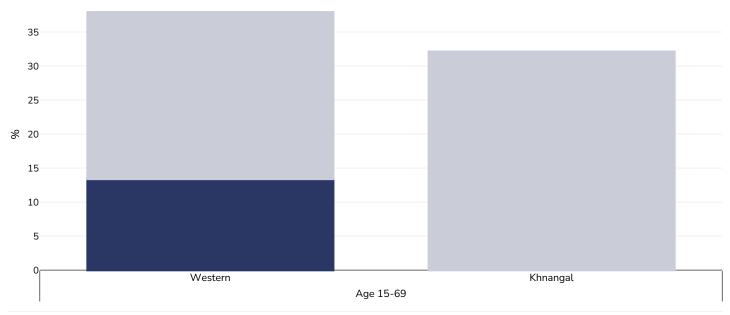
Overweight/obesity by region

Adults, 2019 1 -0.5 -1 Κ Survey Measured type: 6654 Sample size: Area National covered: Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. References: Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-stepssurvey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21) Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Adults, 2019





Survey type:

Sample 6654 size:

Area National covered:

References:

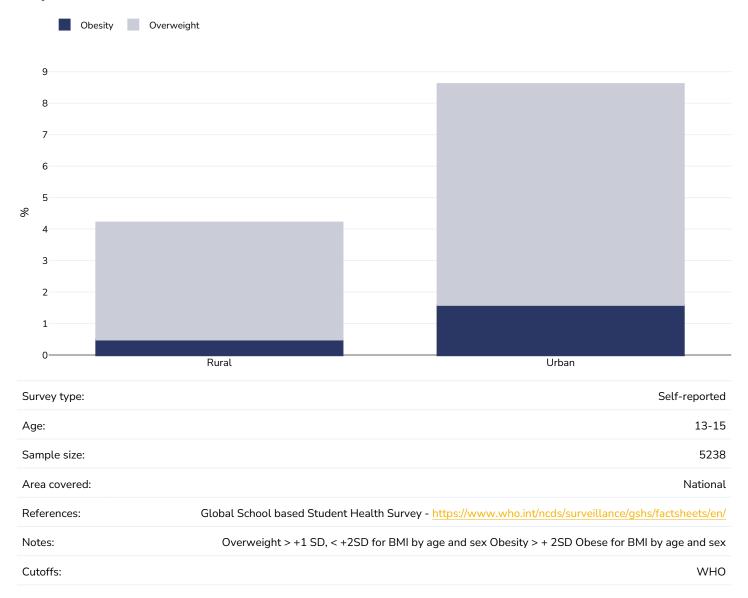
Fourth national STEPS Survey on the Prevalence of Noncommunicable Disease and Injury Risk Factors 2019. Brief Summary. Available at https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/mongolia/mongolia-steps-

survey---2019_brief-summary_english.pdf?sfvrsn=5ba7a1d3_1&download=true (last accessed 16.09.21)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



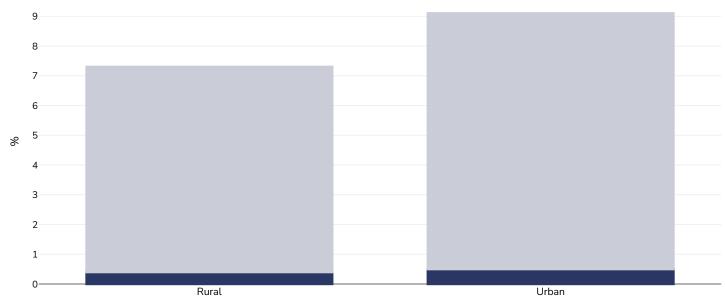
Boys, 2010





Girls, 2010

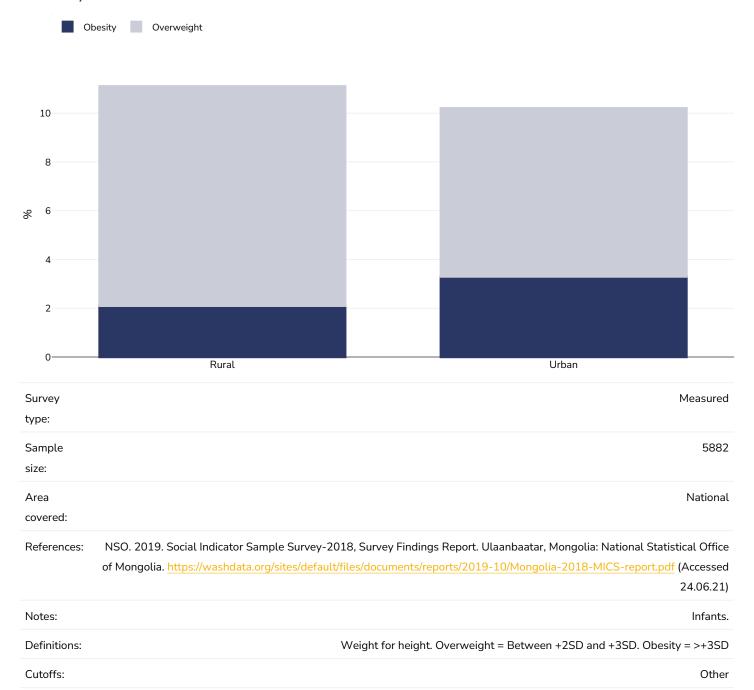




Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	13-15
Sample size:	5238
Area covered:	National
References:	Global School based Student Health Survey - https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/factsheets/en/
Notes:	Overweight $> +1$ SD, $< +2$ SD for BMI by age and sex Obesity $> +2$ SD Obese for BMI by age and sex
Cutoffs:	WHO



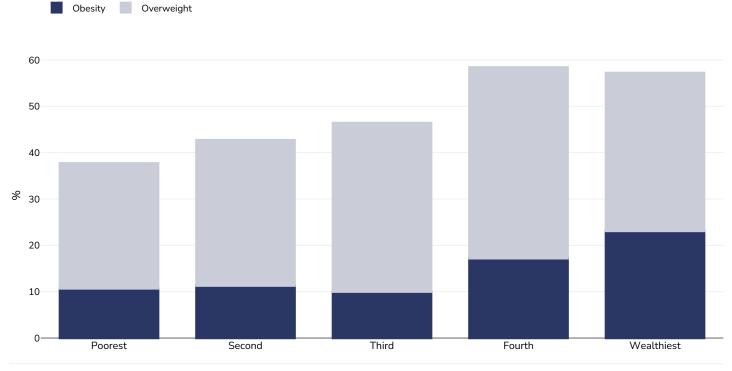
Infants, 2018





Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Men, 2017



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-49
Sample size:	3314
Area covered:	National

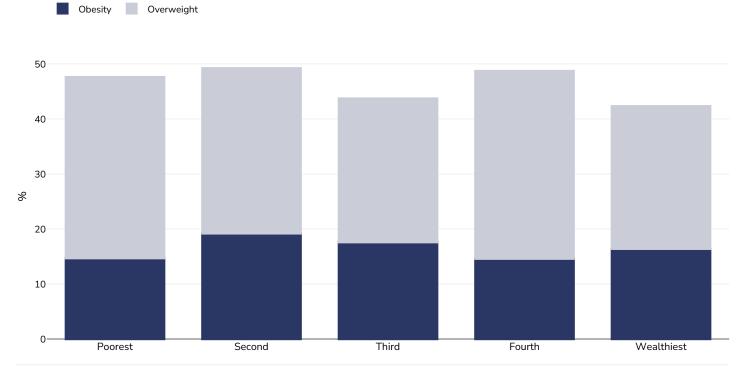
References:

National Centre for Public Health (2017). Nutrition status of the population of Mongolia. Fifth National Nutrition Survey. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Available at https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/reports/fifth-national-nutrition-survey-report (accessed

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².



Women, 2017



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-49
Sample size:	3314
Area covered:	National

References: National Centre for Public Health (2017). Nutrition status of the population of Mongolia. Fifth National Nutrition Survey.

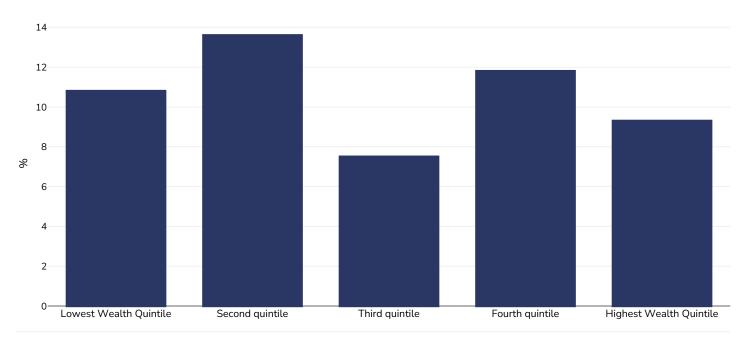
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia. Available at https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/reports/fifth-national-nutrition-survey-report (accessed 20.04.2020)

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$



Infants, 2018





Sample 5882

size:

References: MICS: Social Indicator Sample Survey-2018, Survey Findings Report. Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia: National Statistical Office of Mongolia

Notes: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Joint Child Malnutrition Estimates Expanded Database: Overweight (Survey Estimates), May 2023, New York. For more information about the methodology, please consult <a href="https://data.unicef.org/resources/jme-2023-country

<u>consultations/</u> Percentage of children under 5 years of age falling above 2 standard deviations (moderate and severe) from the median weight-for-height of the reference population.

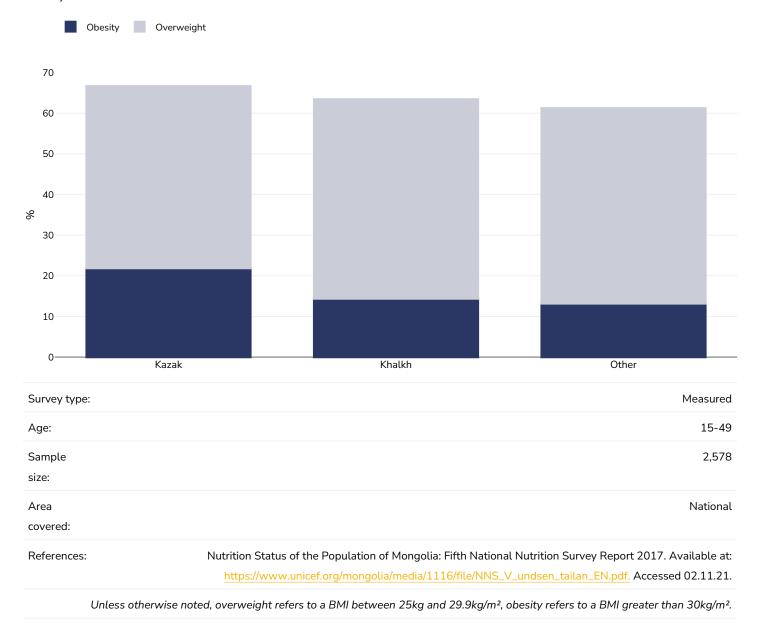
Definitions: =>+2SD



Overweight/obesity by ethnicity

Ethnic groups are as defined by publication of origin and are not as defined by WOF. In some instances ethnicity is conflated with nationality and/or race.

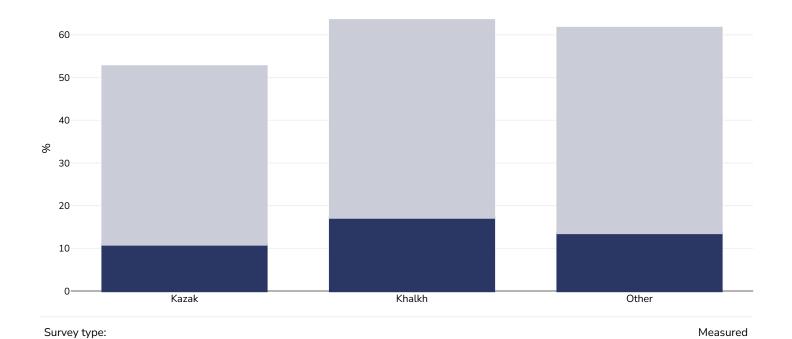
Men, 2017





Women, 2017





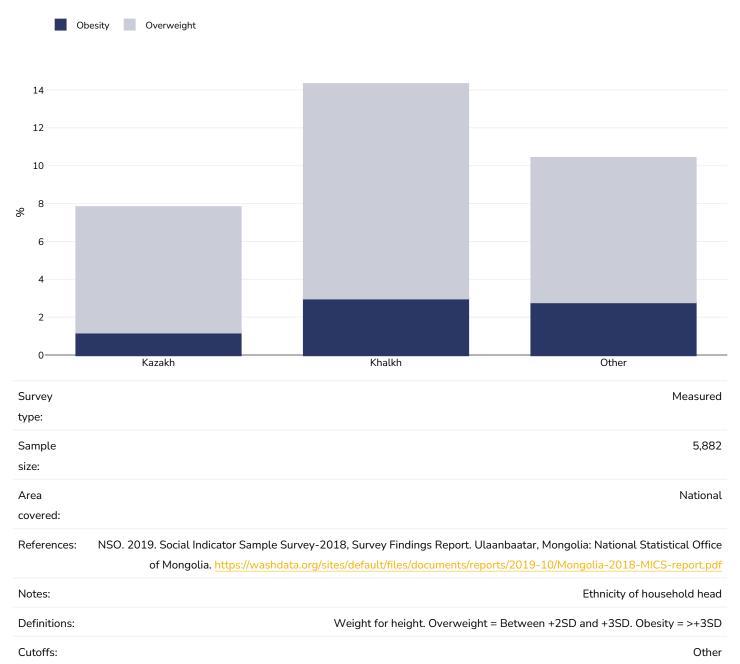
Age:	15-49
Sample size:	2,578
Area covered:	National
References:	Nutrition Status of the Population of Mongolia: Fifth National Nutrition Survey Report 2017. Available at:

https://www.unicef.org/mongolia/media/1116/file/NNS_V_undsen_tailan_EN.pdf. Accessed 02.11.21.

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, \ obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$



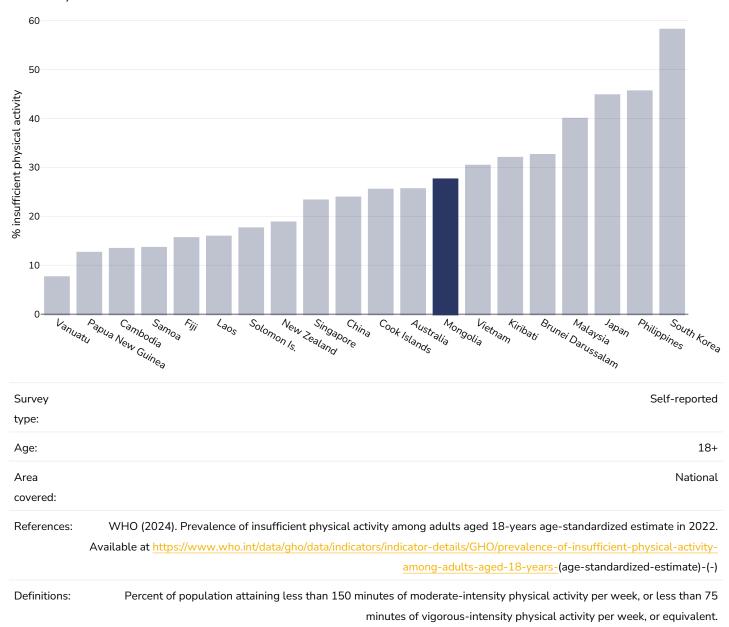
Infants, 2018





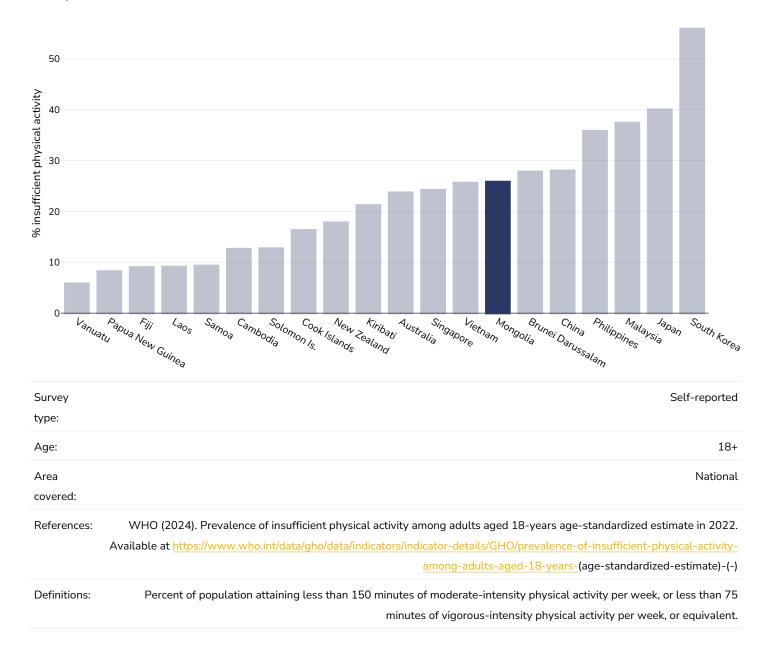
Insufficient physical activity

Adults, 2022



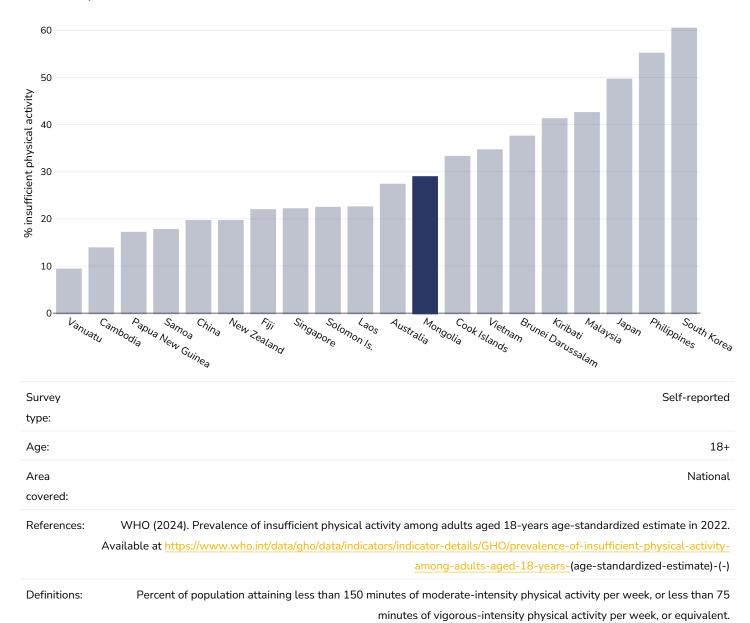


Men, 2022



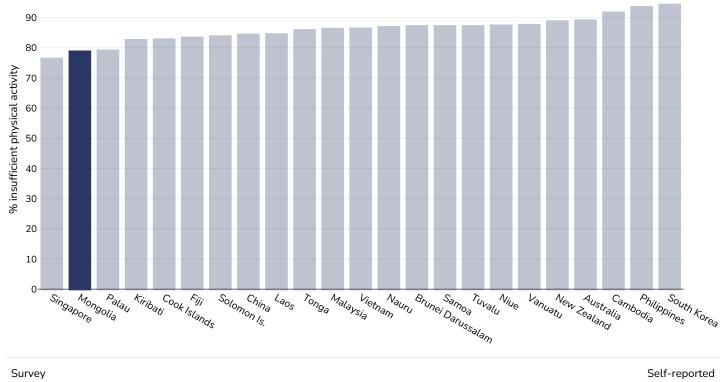


Women, 2022





Children, 2016



Survey	Seti-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)

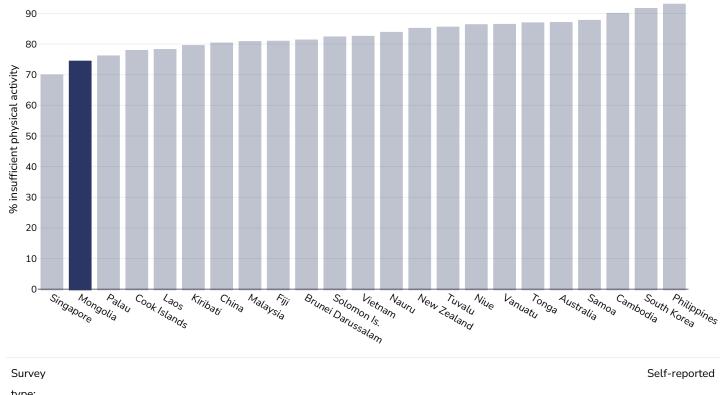
% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60

Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Boys, 2016



type:		
Age:		11-17

References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

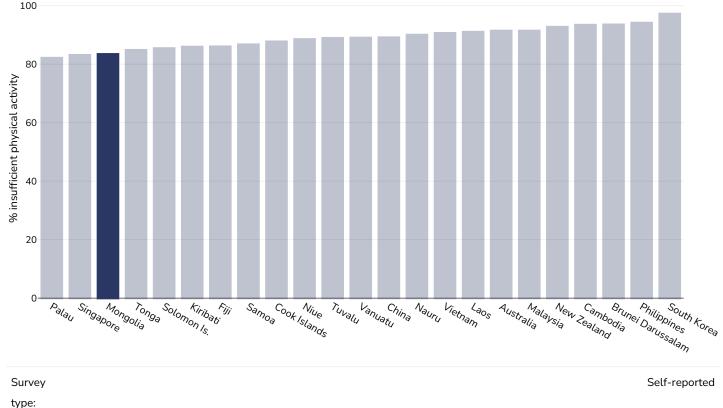
https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)

Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Girls, 2016



type:	
Age:	11-17

References: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)

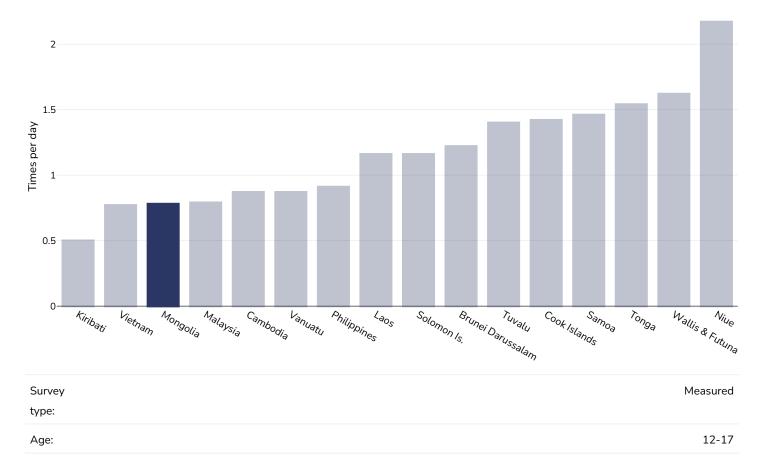
Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

Children, 2010-2015



References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

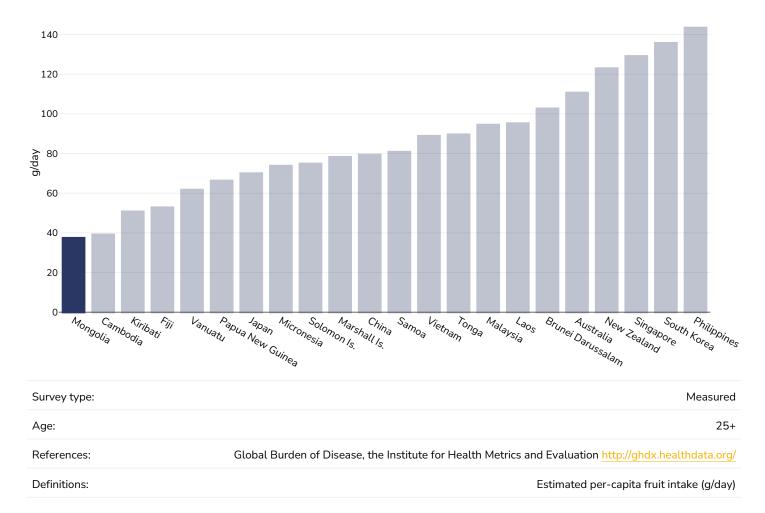
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system



Estimated per capita fruit intake

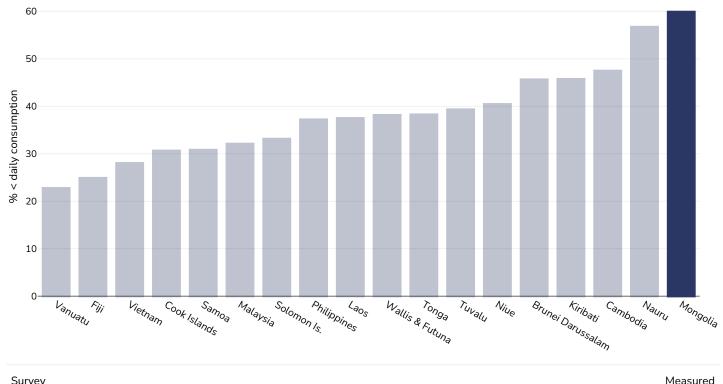
Adults, 2017





Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Survey Measured type:

Age: 12-17

References: Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition

Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

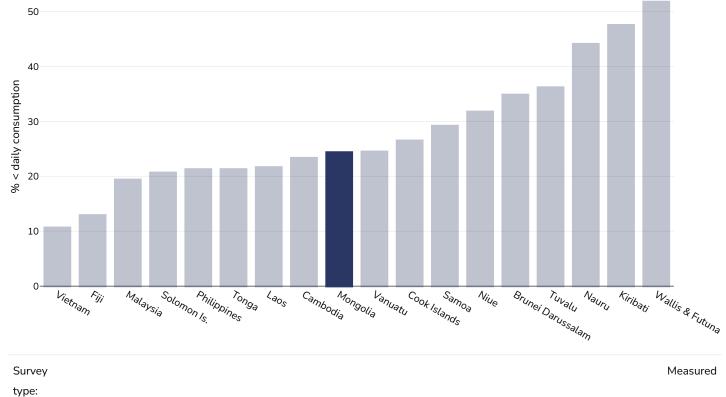
 $\underline{\text{http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system}}$

Definitions: Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system

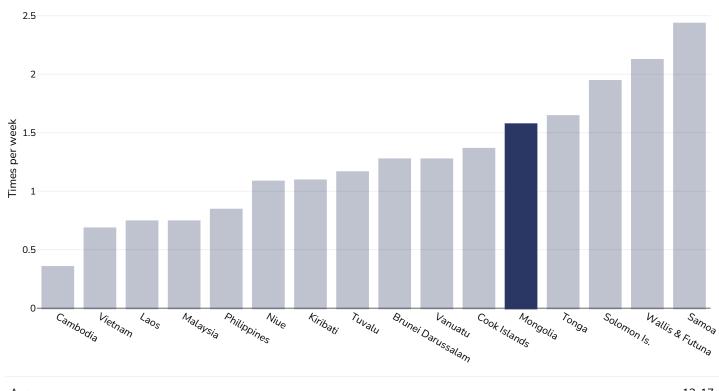
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

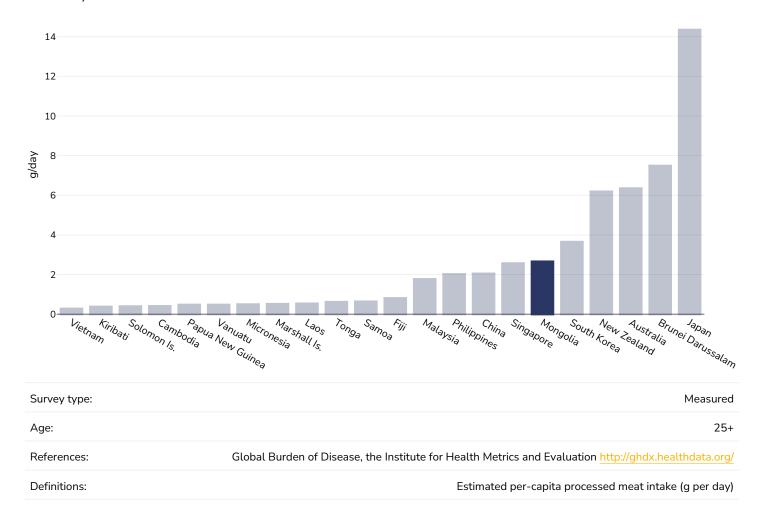
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

 $\underline{\text{http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system}}$



Estimated per-capita processed meat intake

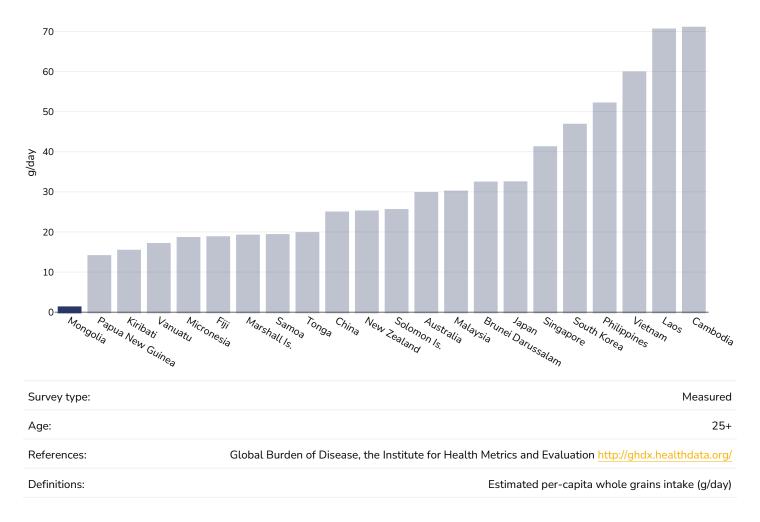
Adults, 2017





Estimated per capita whole grains intake

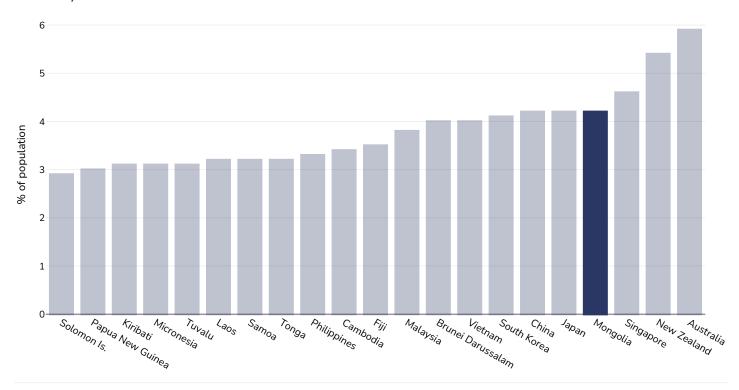
Adults, 2017





Mental health - depression disorders

Adults, 2015



References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (http://ghdx.healthdata.org) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

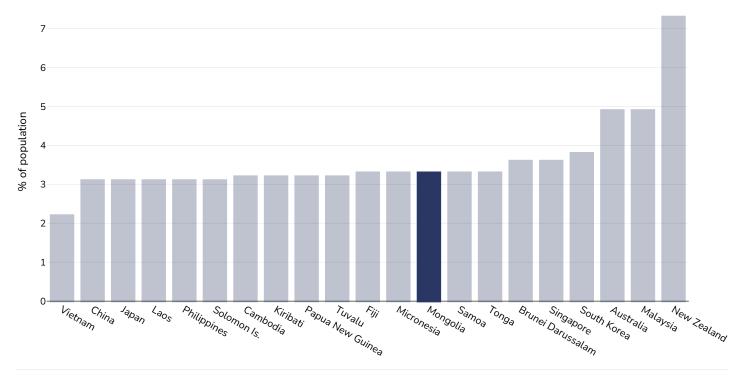
Definitions:

% of population with depression disorders



Mental health - anxiety disorders

Adults, 2015



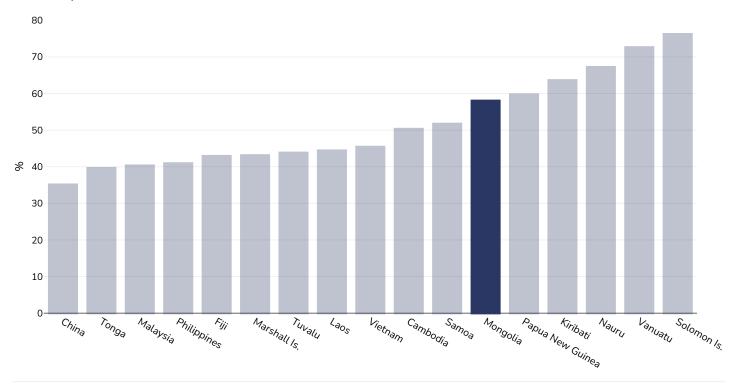
References: Prevalence data from Global Burden of Disease study 2015 (http://ghdx.healthdata.org) published in: Depression and Other Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Definitions: % of population with anxiety disorders



% Infants exclusively breastfed 0-5 months

Infants, 2007-2022



References:

Mongolia 2020 MICS Plus, Wave 2

Notes:

Full details are available. Original citation United Nations Children's Fund, Division of Data, Analysis, Planning and Monitoring (2023). Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding: Exclusive breastfeeding, New York, October 2023.

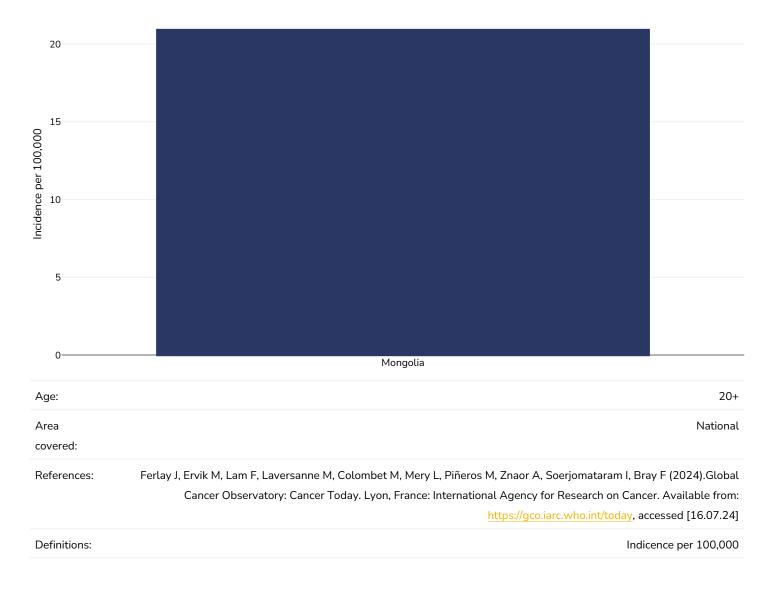


Oesophageal cancer

Men, 2022





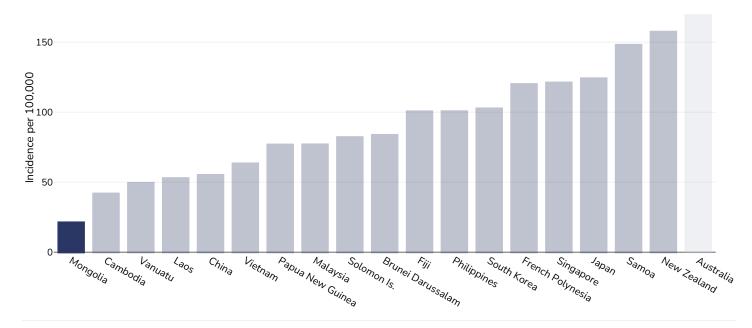




Breast cancer

Women, 2022





Area National covered:

References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

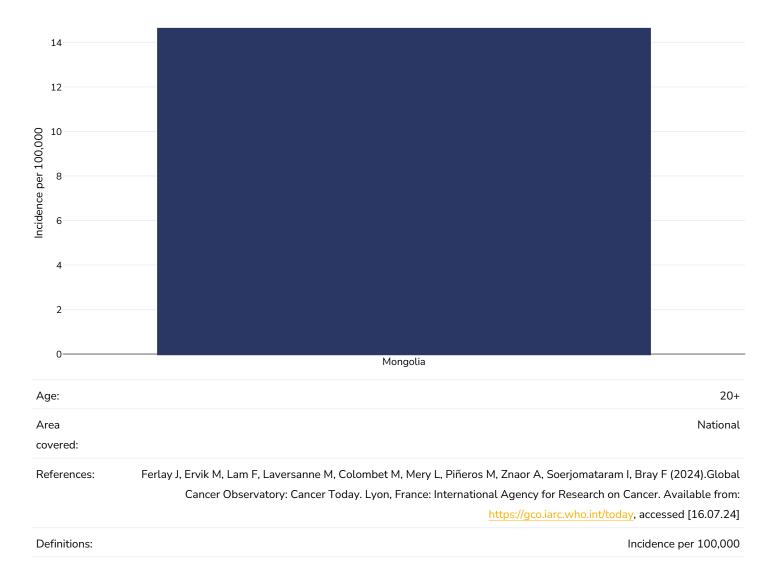
https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



Colorectal cancer

Men, 2022







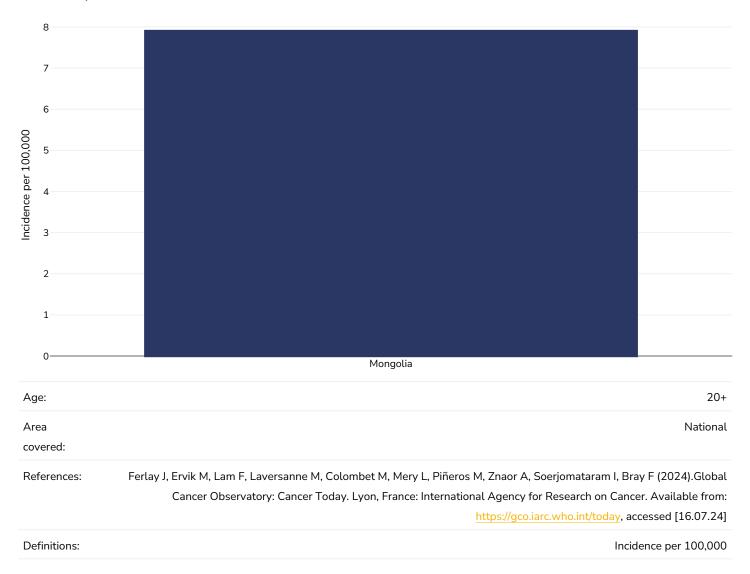


Pancreatic cancer

Men, 2022









Gallbladder cancer

Men, 2022



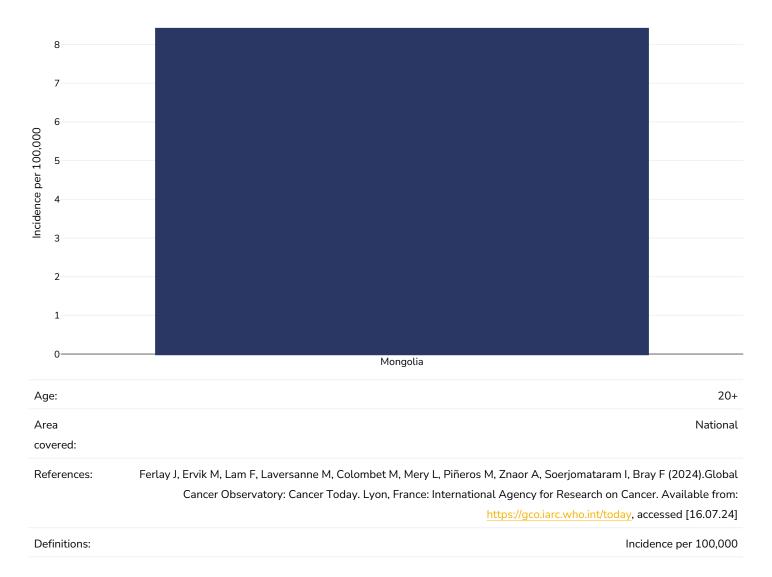




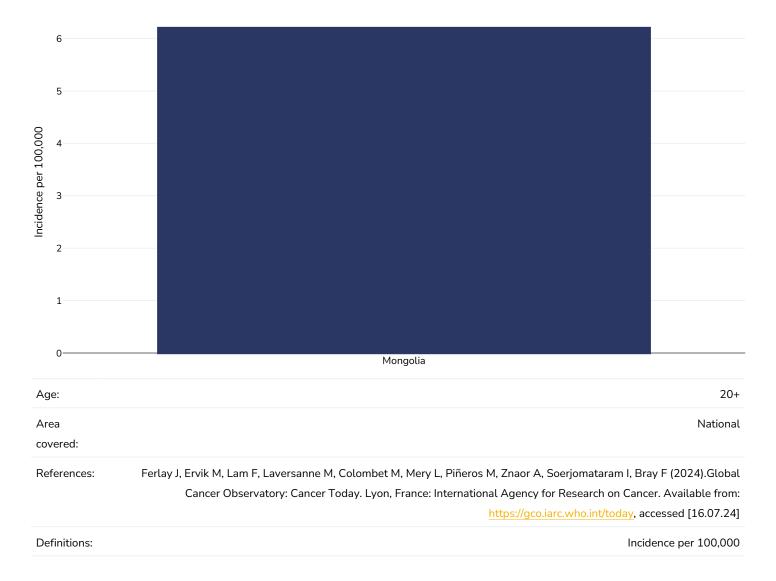


Kidney cancer

Men, 2022



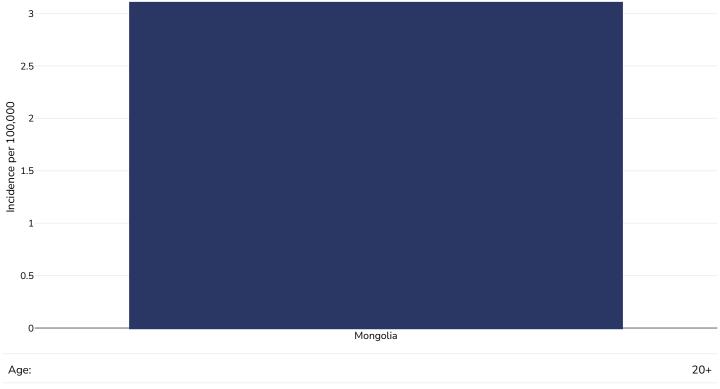






Cancer of the uterus

Women, 2022



References: Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024).Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

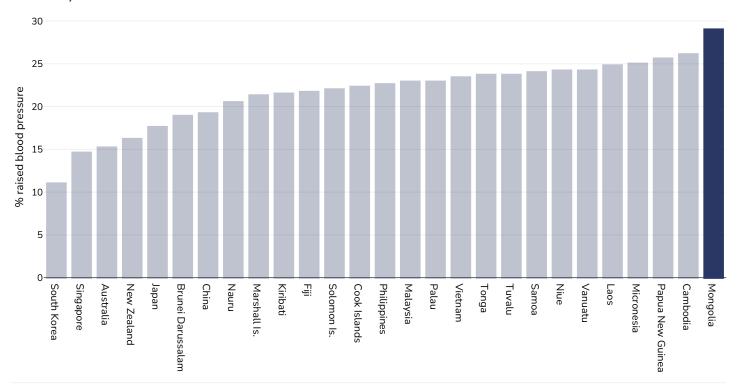
https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



Raised blood pressure

Adults, 2015



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

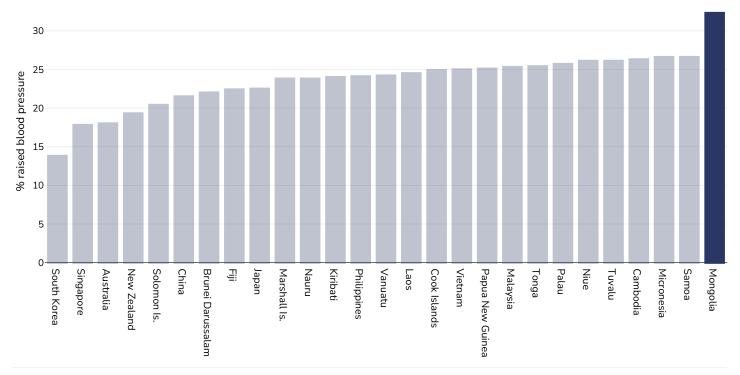
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



Men, 2015



References:

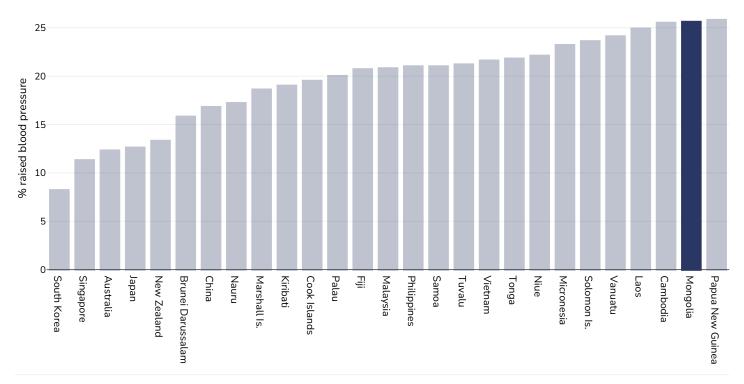
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).





References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

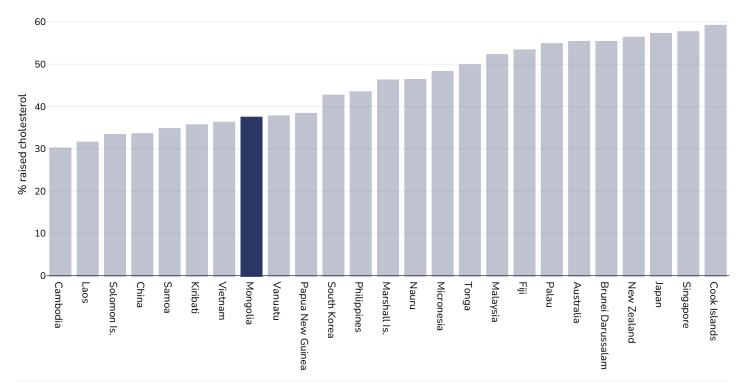
Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



Raised cholesterol

Adults, 2008



References:

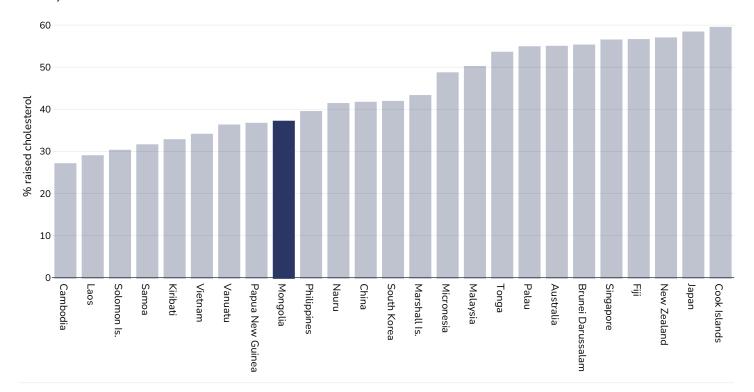
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



Men, 2008



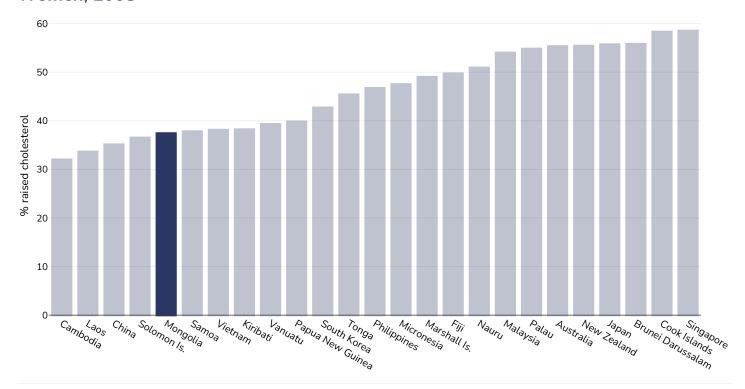
References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).





References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

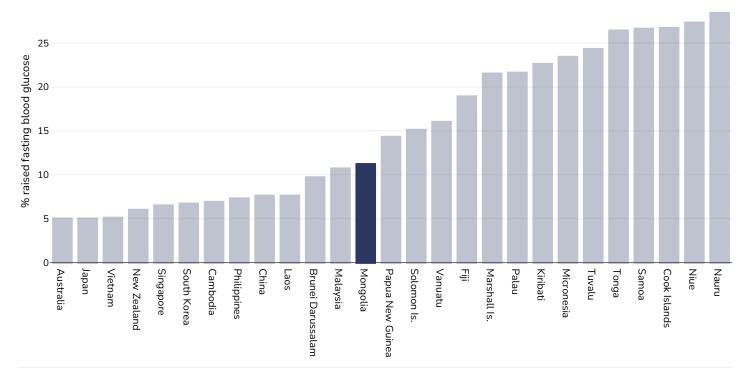
Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



Raised fasting blood glucose

Men, 2014



References:

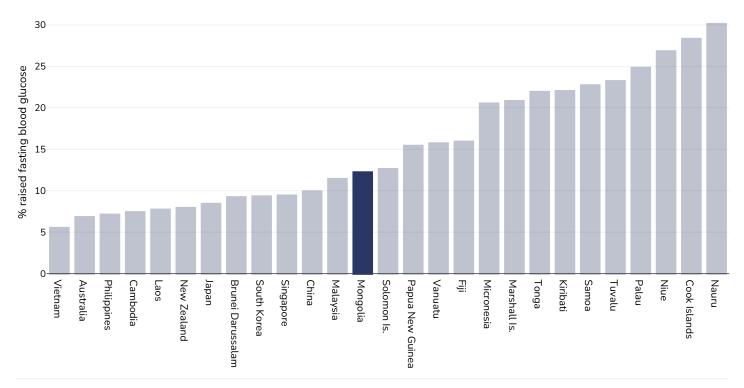
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).





References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

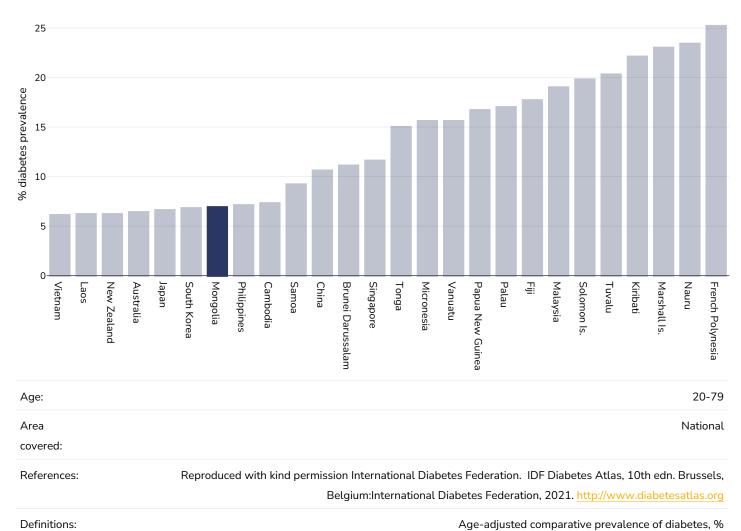
Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (\geq 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).



Diabetes prevalence

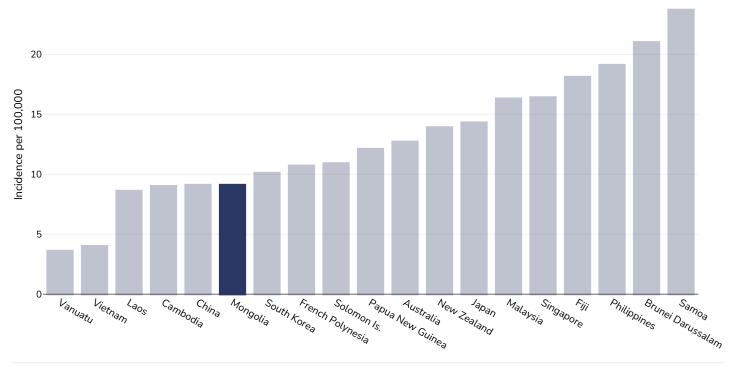
Adults, 2021





Ovarian Cancer

Women, 2022



Age: 20+

References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000



Leukemia

Men, 2022	<u>.</u>						
4							
3							
2							
1							
0							
⁻¹ _1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Age:							20+
Area covered:							National
References:			nne M, Colombet M, ncer Today. Lyon, Fr	ance: International		ch on Cancer. Availa	able from:
Definitions:						Incidence per	100,000
Unle	ess otherwise note	ed, overweight refer	rs to a BMI between	25kg and 29.9kg/ı	m², obesity refers to	a BMI greater than	30kg/m².

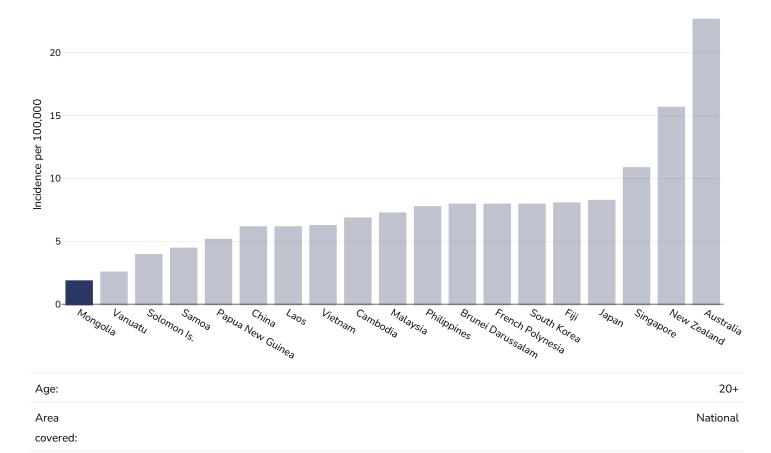


Women	ı, 2022						
4							
3							
2							
1							
0							
⁻¹ 1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Age:							20+
Area covered:							National
References:	•			rance: International	Agency for Researc	taram I, Bray F (202 th on Cancer. Availa u <mark>t/today</mark> , accessed [2	ble from:
Definitions:						Incidence per	100,000
	Unless otherwise note	d, overweight refer	s to a BMI between	25kg and 29.9kg/r	n², obesity refers to	a BMI greater than	30kg/m².



Leukemia

Men, 2022



References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

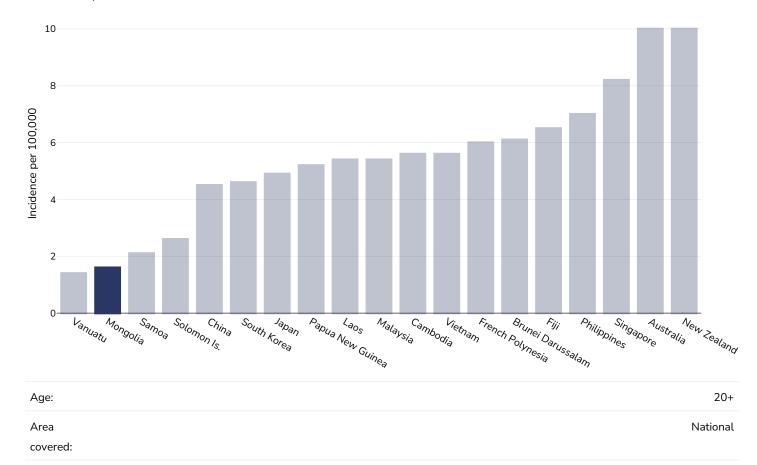
https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions:

Incidence per 100,000

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$





References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

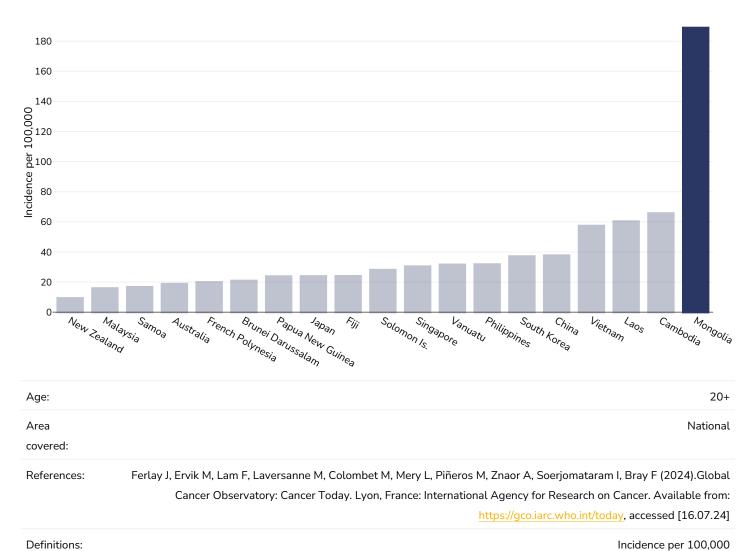
https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

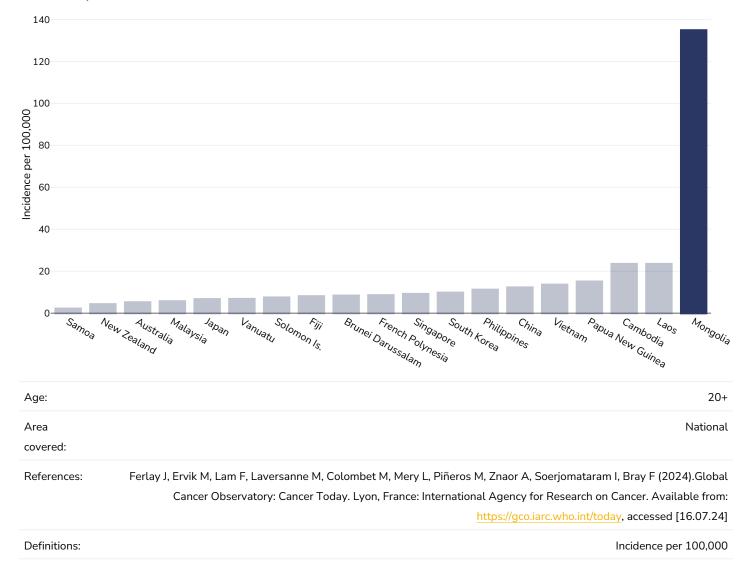


Liver and intrahepatic bile duct Cancer

Men, 2022



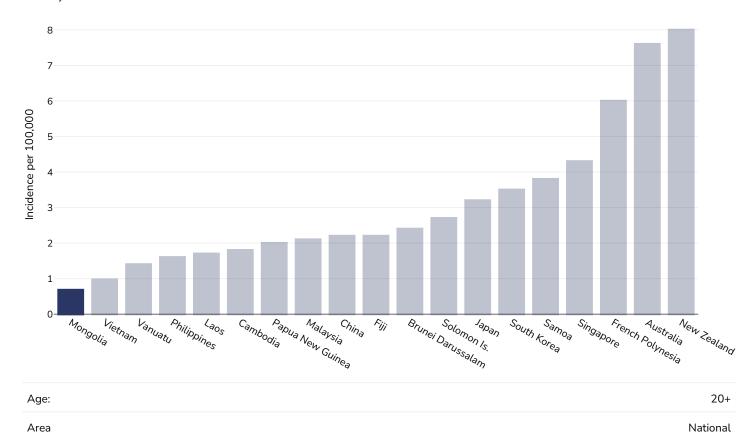






Multiple Myeloma

Men, 2022



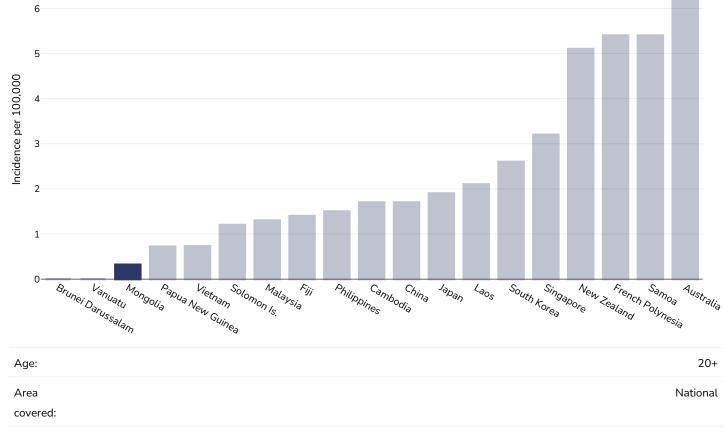
covered:
References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Indicence per 100,000





References:

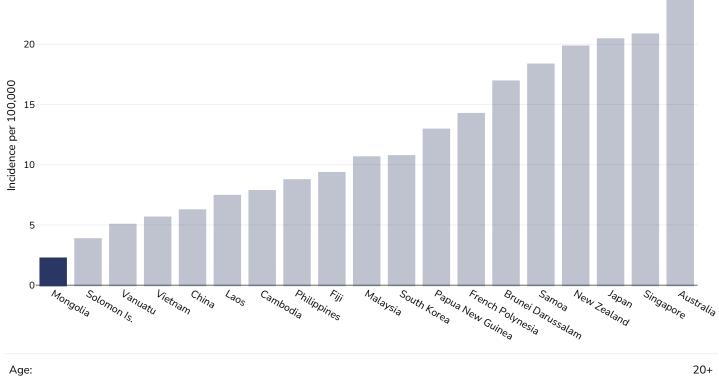
Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Indicence per 100,000



Non Hodgkin Lymphoma

Men, 2022



Area National covered:

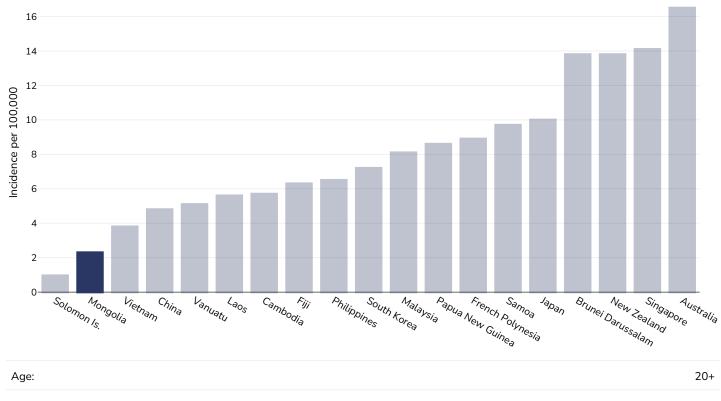
References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from:

https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000





Area National

covered: References:

Ferlay J, Ervik M, Lam F, Laversanne M, Colombet M, Mery L, Piñeros M, Znaor A, Soerjomataram I, Bray F (2024). Global Cancer Observatory: Cancer Today. Lyon, France: International Agency for Research on Cancer. Available from: https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

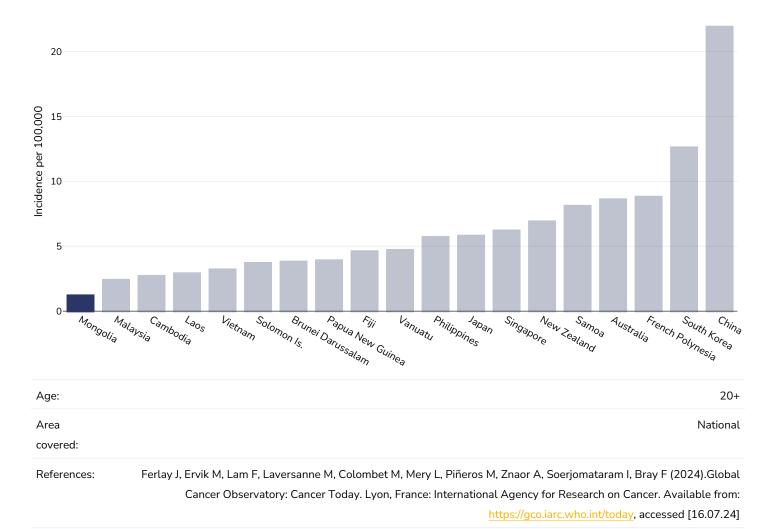
Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, \ overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, \ obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$



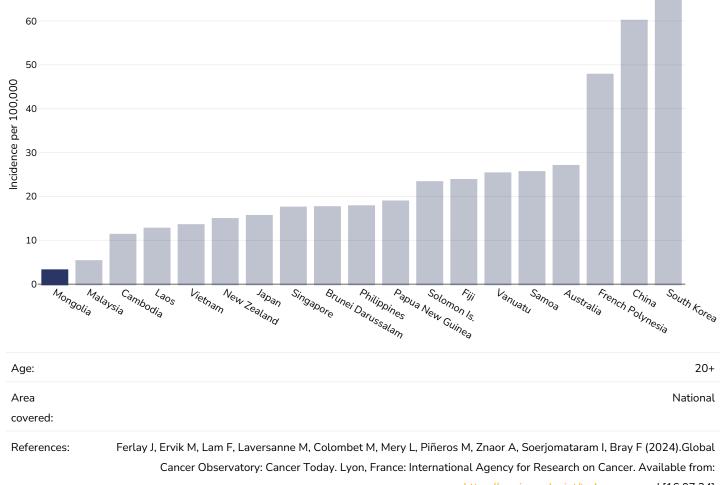
Thyroid Cancer

Men, 2022



Definitions: Incidence per 100,000





https://gco.iarc.who.int/today, accessed [16.07.24]

Definitions: Incidence per 100,000

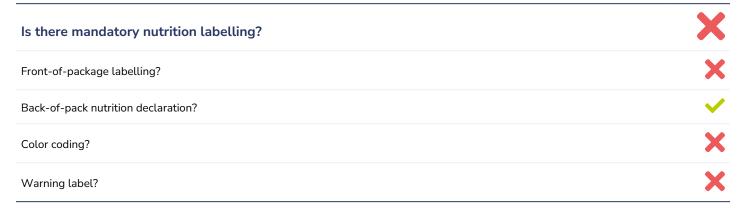


Contextual factors

Disclaimer: These contextual factors should be interpreted with care. Results are updated as regularly as possible and use very specific criteria. The criteria used and full definitions are available for download at the bottom of this page.



Labelling







Regulation and marketing

Are there fiscal policies on unhealthy products?	X
Tax on unhealthy foods?	×
Tax on unhealthy drinks?	×
Are there fiscal policies on healthy products?	X
Subsidy on fruits?	×
Subsidy on vegetables?	×
Subsidy on other healthy products?	×
Mandatory limit or ban of trans fat (all settings)?	X
Mandatory limit of trans fats in place (all settings)?	×
Ban on trans-fats or phos in place (all settings)?	×
Are there any mandatory policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to children?	X
Mandatory restriction on broadcast media?	X
Mandatory restriction on non-broadcast media?	×
Voluntary policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to children?	×
Are there mandatory standards for food in schools?	X
Are there any mandatory nutrient limits in any manufactured food products?	X
Nutrition standards for public sector procurement?	X





Political will and support

National obesity strategy or nutrition and physical activity national strategy?	~
National obesity strategy?	~
National childhood obesity strategy?	~
Comprehensive nutrition strategy?	~
Comprehensive physical activity strategy?	~
Evidence-based dietary guidelines and/or RDAs?	~
National target(s) on reducing obesity?	~
Guidelines/policy on obesity treatment?	X
Promotion of breastfeeding?	~
Monitoring and surveillance	
Monitoring of the prevalence and incidence for the main obesity-related NCDs and risk factors?	~
Within 5 years?	~
Governance and resource	
Multi-sectoral national co-ordination mechanism for obesity or nutrition (including obesity)?	X
Key	
Present Present Incoming Absent ? Unknow	/n

Last updated November 24, 2022

PDF created on September 11, 2024