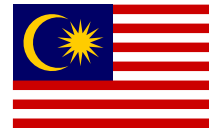


Vozači Malezija



Upper-middle income

Report cards

Our report cards collate all the most-recent graphics for this country. If you would like to produce a custom report based on selected graphics, just tap the Add to custom PDF button below the graphics you would like to use.

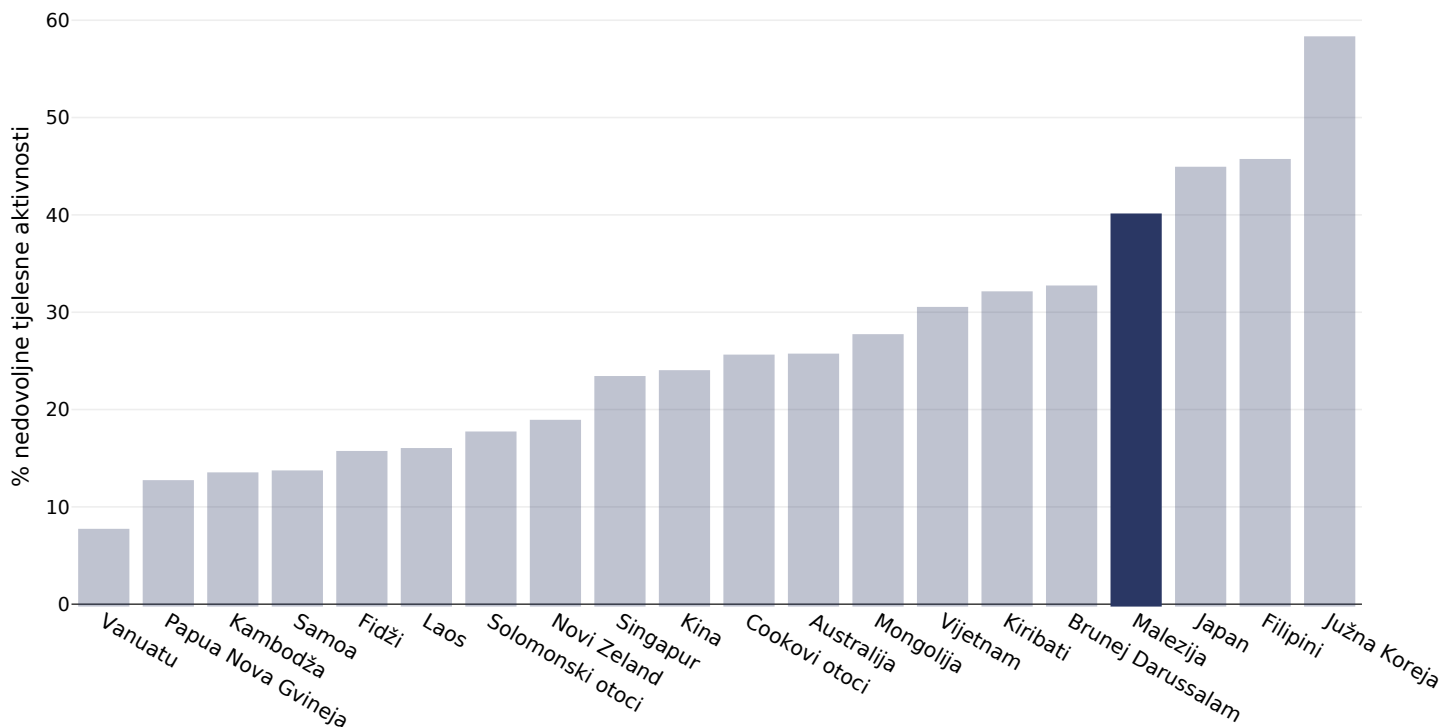
[Report card \(adult data\)](#)

[Report card \(child data\)](#)

[Report card \(under-5s data\)](#)

Nedovoljna tjelesna aktivnost

Odrasle osobe, 2022



Vrsta ankete: Koje su ljudi sami naveli

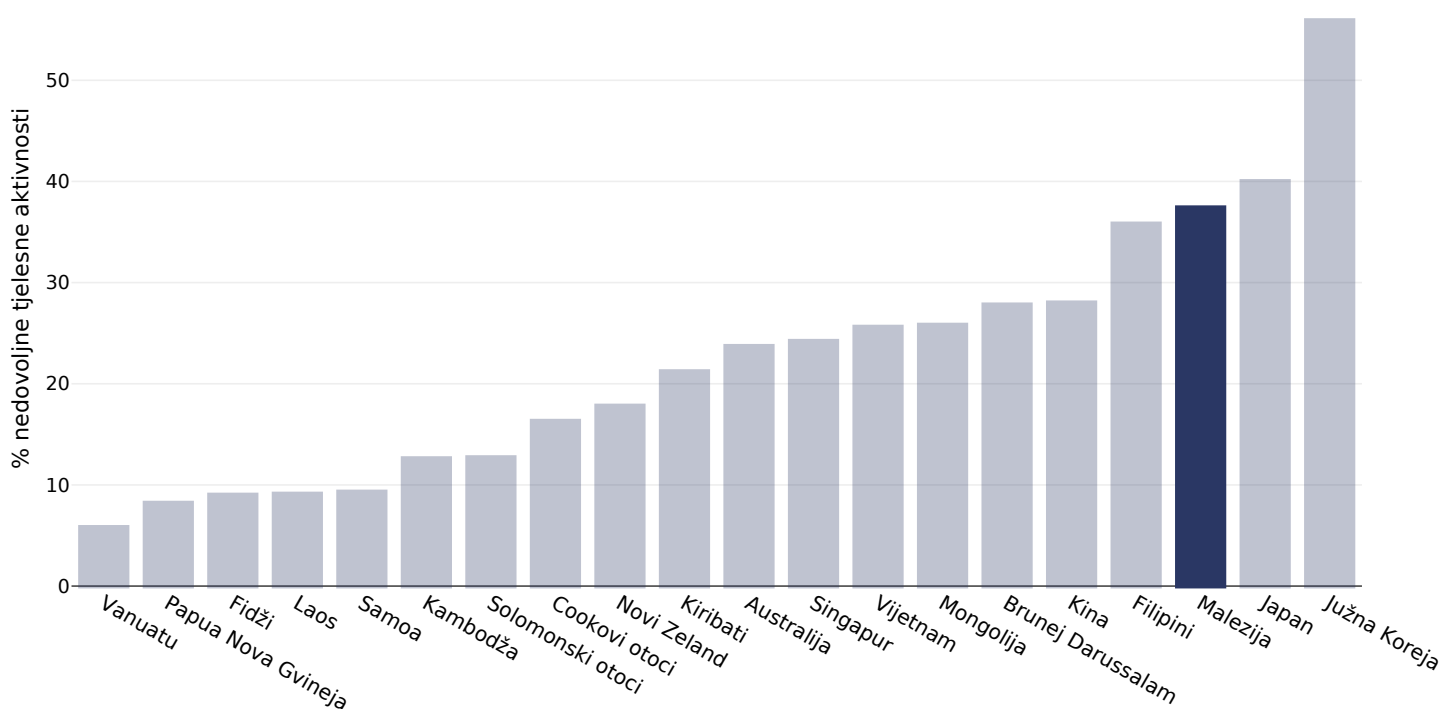
Dob: 18+

Pokriveno područje: Nacionalno

Reference: WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definicije (dostupno samo na engleskom jeziku): Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Muškarci, 2022



Vrsta ankete:

Koje su ljudi sami naveli

Dob:

18+

Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

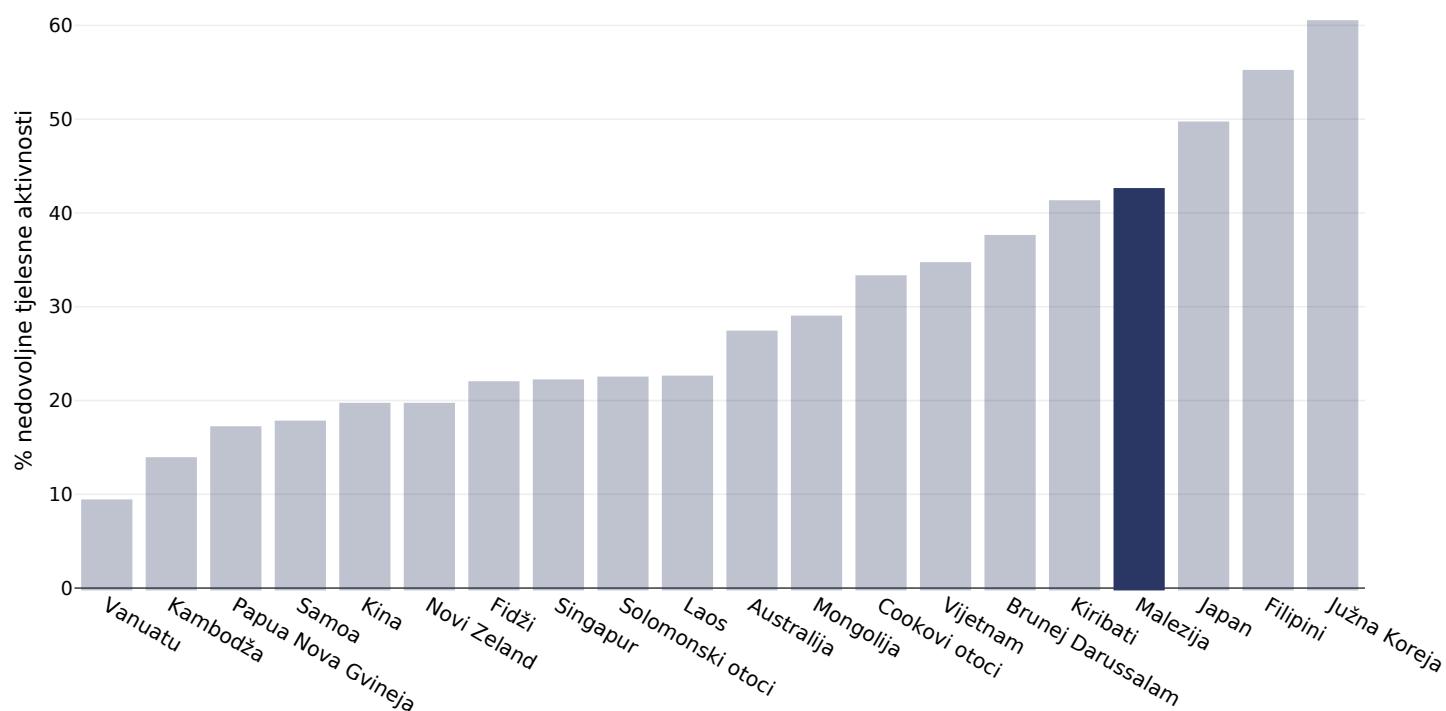
Reference:

WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definicije (dostupno samo na engleskom jeziku):

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Žene, 2022



Vrsta ankete:

Koje su ljudi sami naveli

Dob:

18+

Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

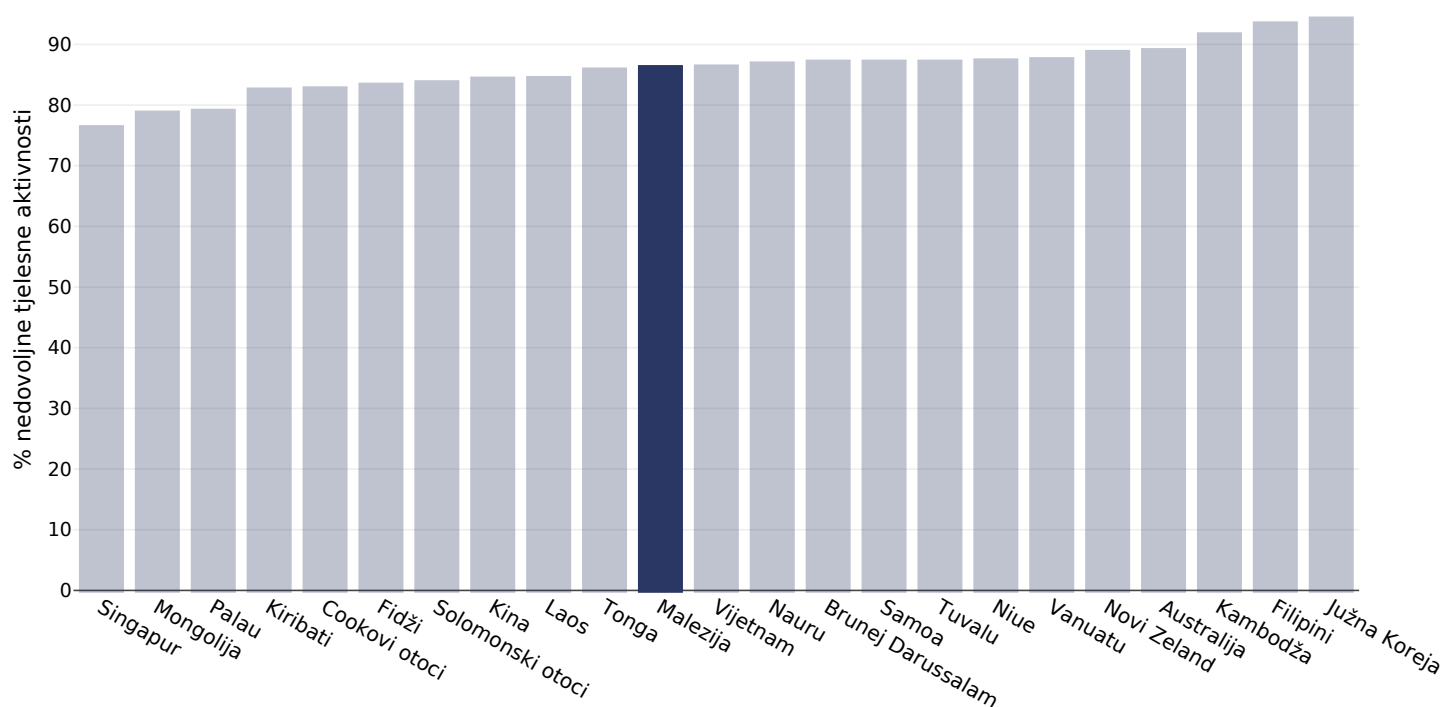
Reference:

WHO (2024). Prevalence of insufficient physical activity among adults aged 18-years age-standardized estimate in 2022. Available at [https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-\(age-standardized-estimate\)-\(-\)](https://www.who.int/data/gho/data/indicators/indicator-details/GHO/prevalence-of-insufficient-physical-activity-among-adults-aged-18-years-(age-standardized-estimate)-(-))

Definicije (dostupno samo na engleskom jeziku):

Percent of population attaining less than 150 minutes of moderate-intensity physical activity per week, or less than 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity per week, or equivalent.

Djeca, 2016



Vrsta ankete:

Koje su ljudi sami naveli

Dob:

11-17

Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en> (last accessed 16.03.21)

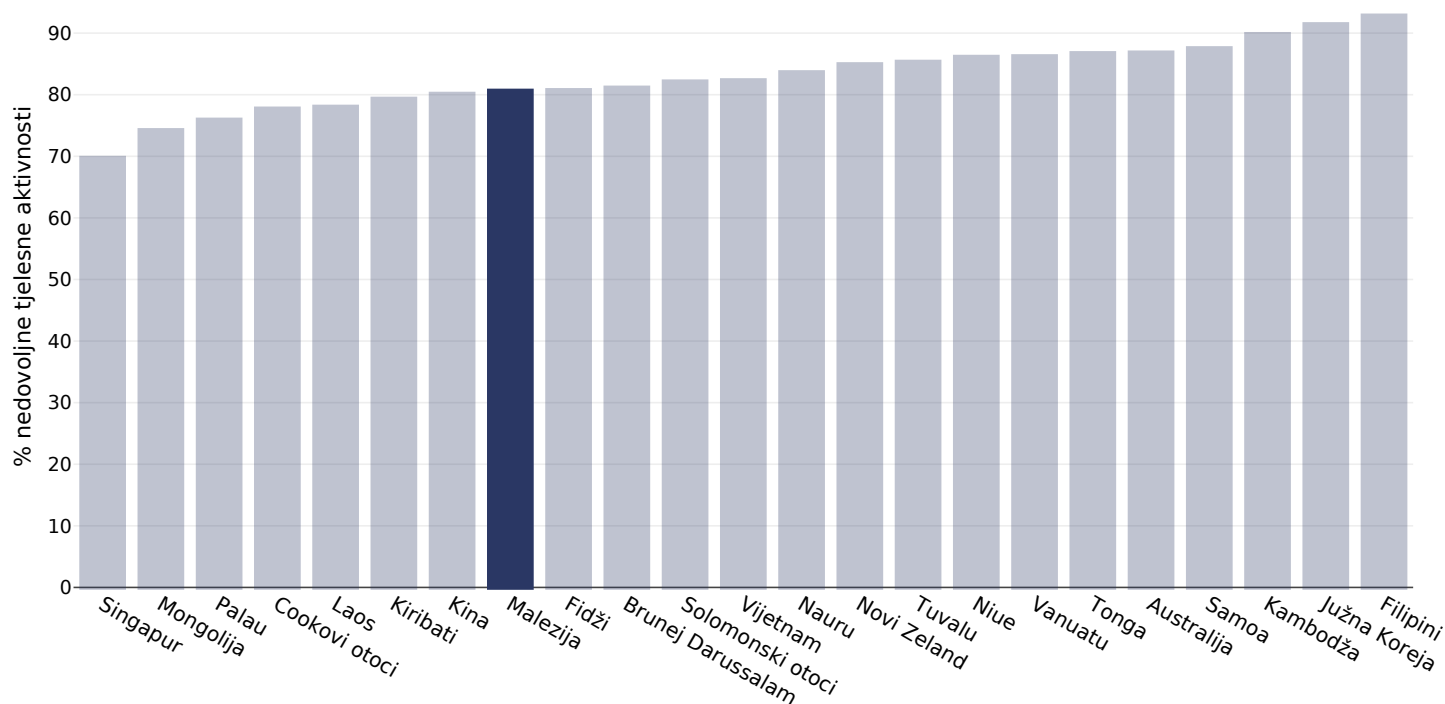
Bilješke:

% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Dječaci, 2016



Vrsta ankete:

Koje su ljudi sami naveli

Dob:

11-17

Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en> (last accessed 16.03.21)

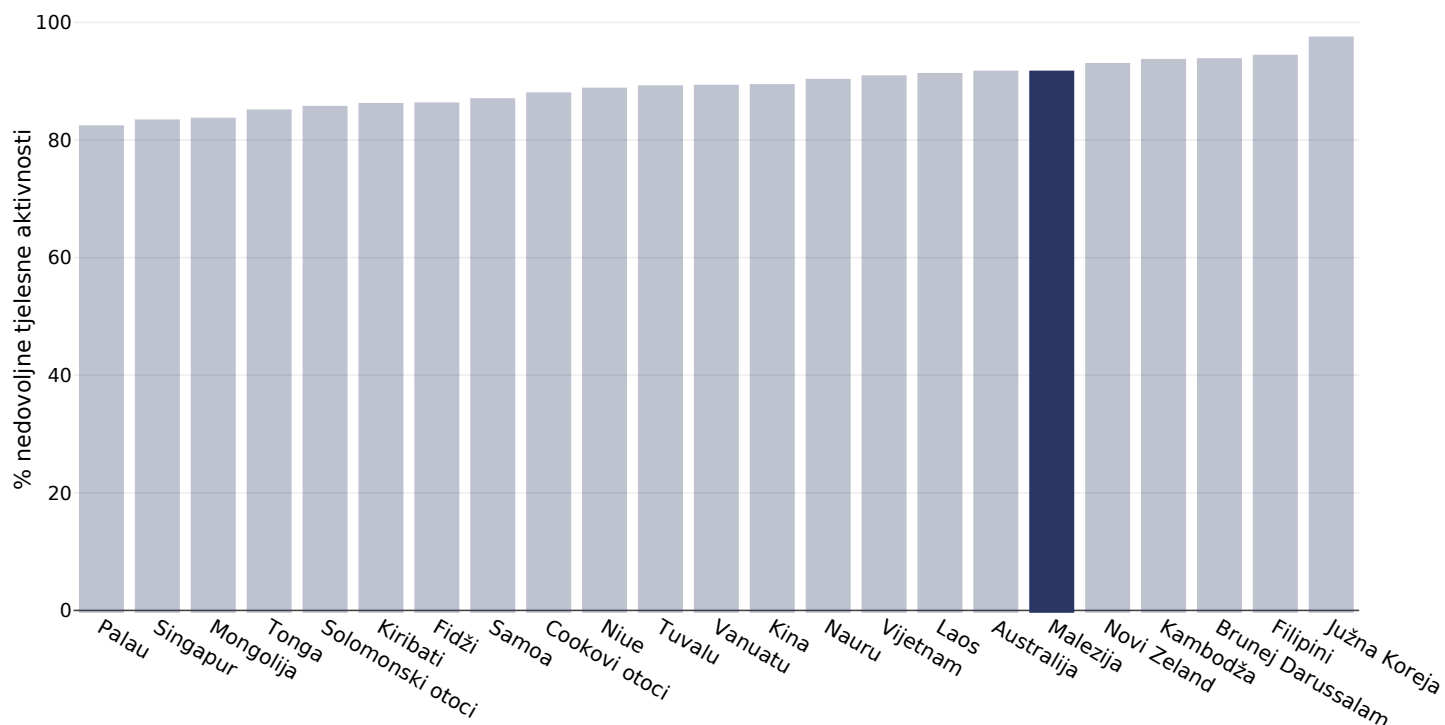
Bilješke:

% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Djevojčice, 2016



Vrsta ankete:

Koje su ljudi sami naveli

Dob:

11-17

Reference:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en> (last accessed 16.03.21)

Bilješke:

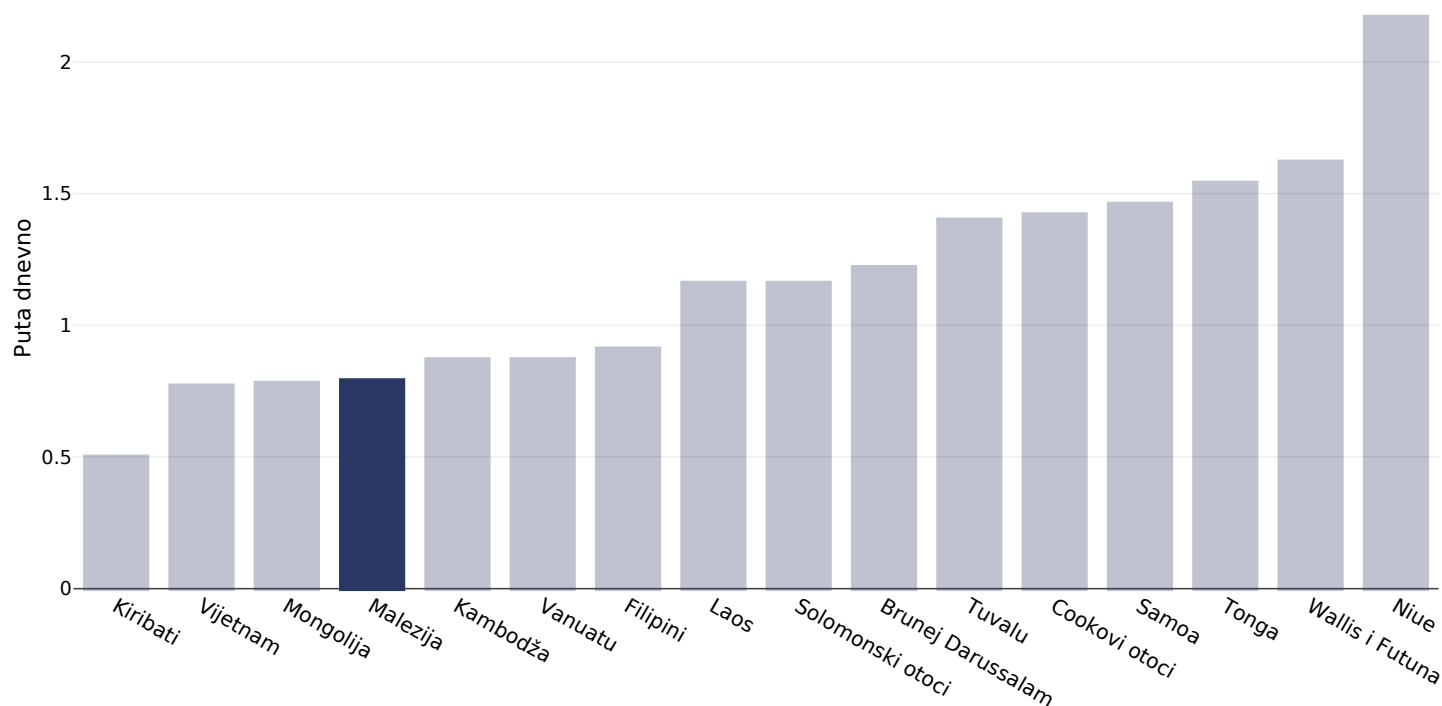
% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

Prosječna dnevna učestalost konzumacije bezalkoholnih gaziranih pića

Djeca, 2010-2015



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

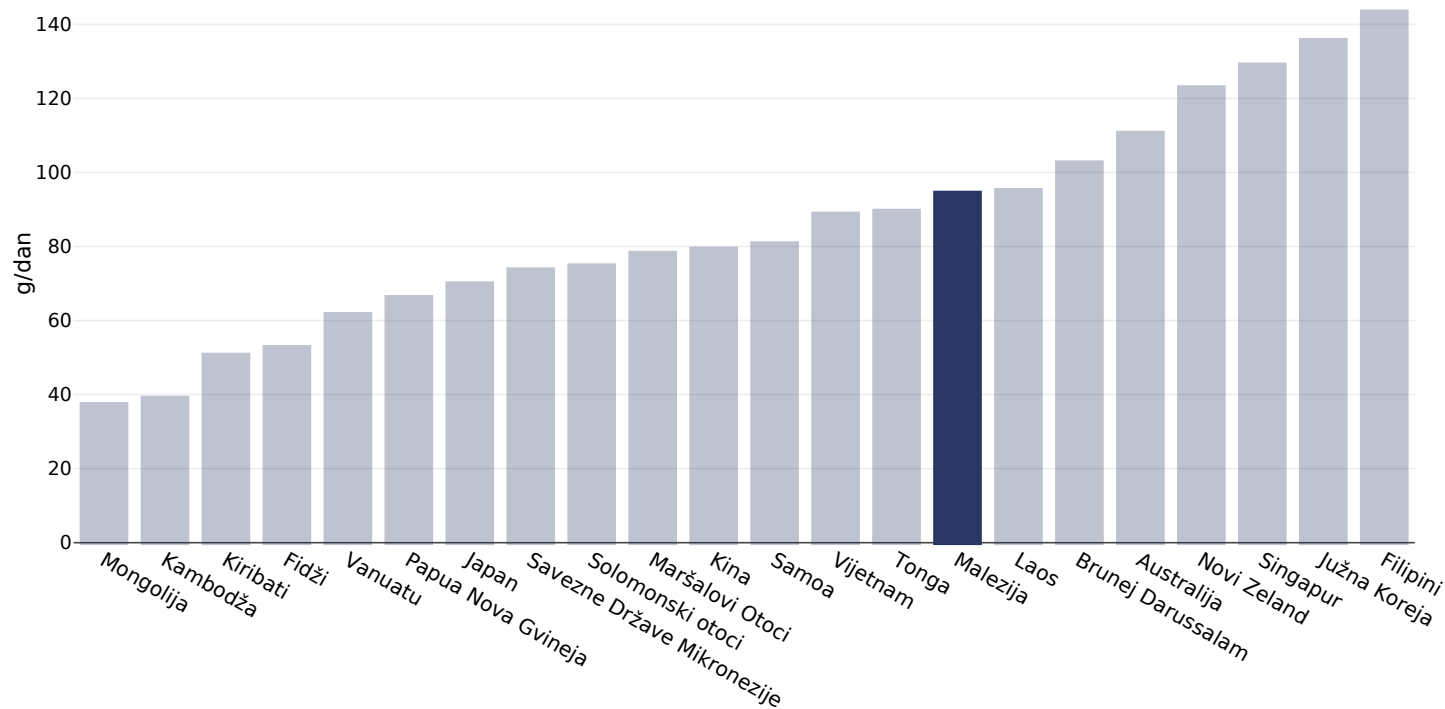
12-17

Reference:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

Estimated per capita fruit intake

Odrasle osobe, 2017



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

25+

Reference:

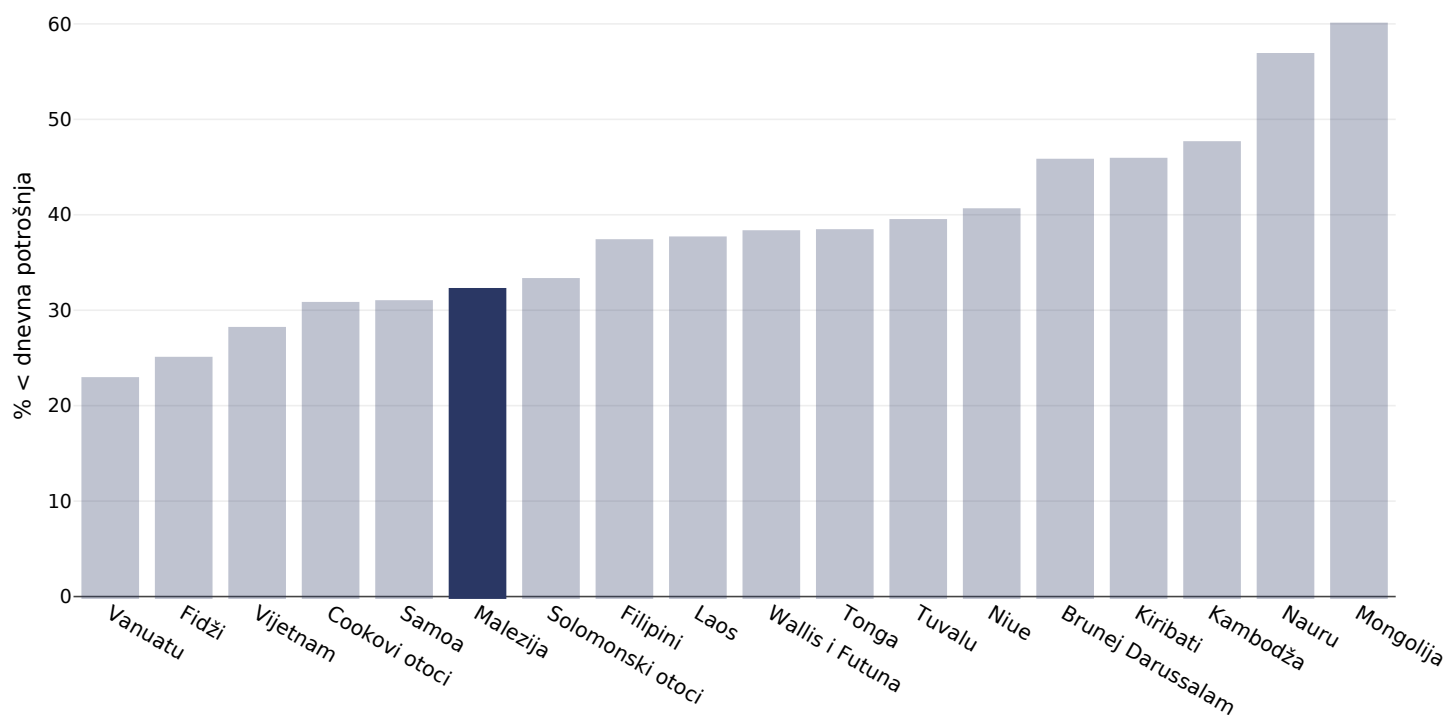
Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Estimated per-capita fruit intake (g/day)

Prevalencija konzumacije voća rjeđe od jednom dnevno

Djeca, 2010-2015



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

12-17

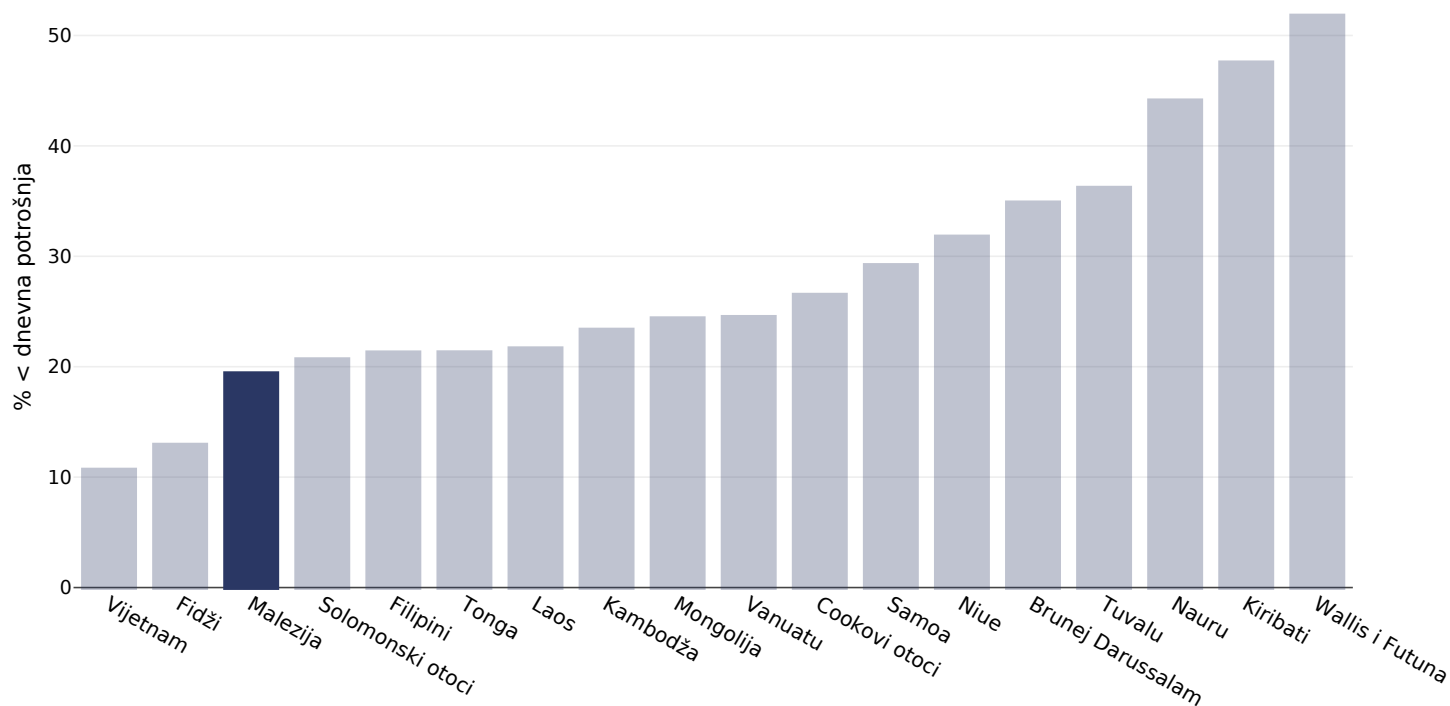
Reference:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287>. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)

Prevalencija konzumacije povrća rjeđe od jednom dnevno Djeca, 2010-2015



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

12-17

Reference:

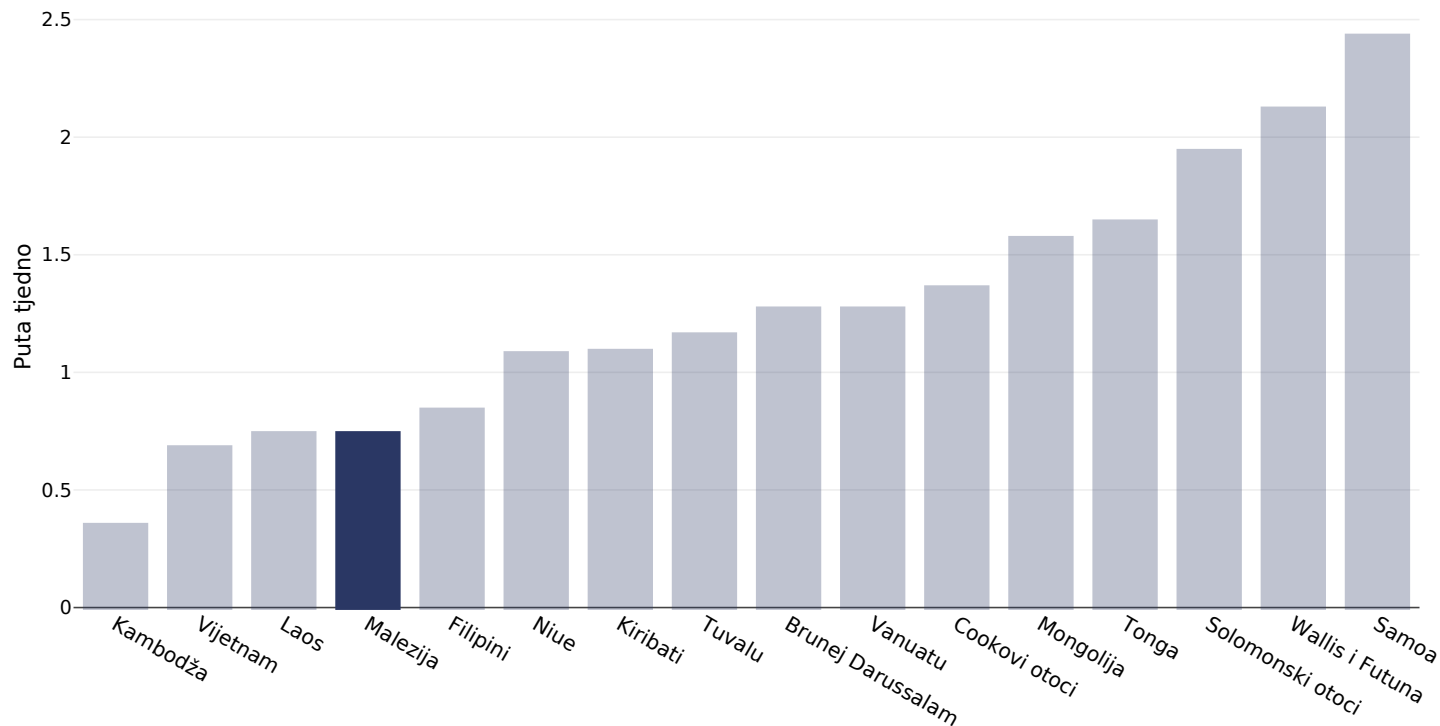
Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)

Prosječna tjedna učestalost konzumacije brze hrane

Djeca, 2010-2015

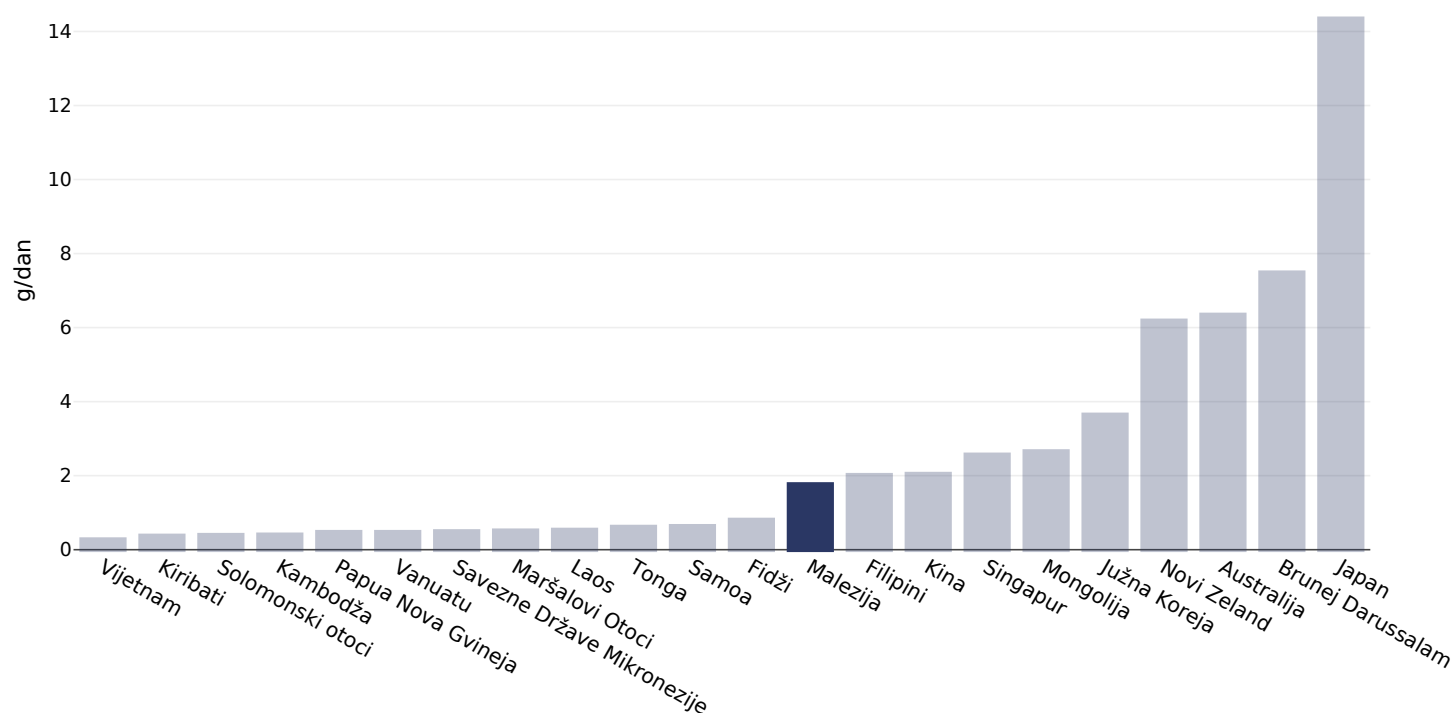


Dob: 12-17

Reference: Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system>

Procijenjeni unos prerađenog mesa po glavi stanovnika

Odrasle osobe, 2017



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

25+

Reference:

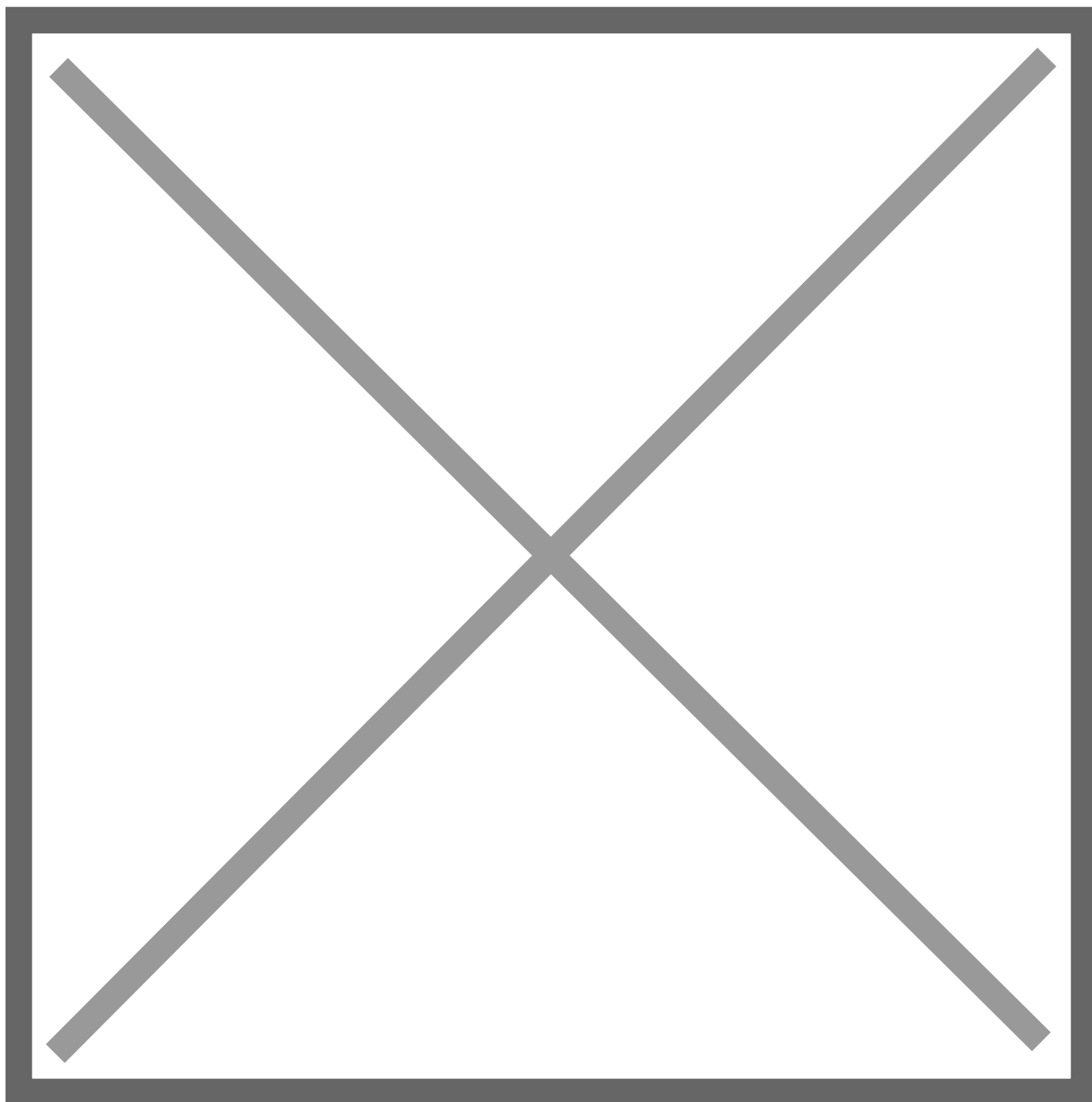
Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Estimated per-capita processed meat intake (g per day)

Estimated per capita whole grains intake

Odrasle osobe, 2017



Vrsta ankete:

Izmjereno

Dob:

25+

Reference:

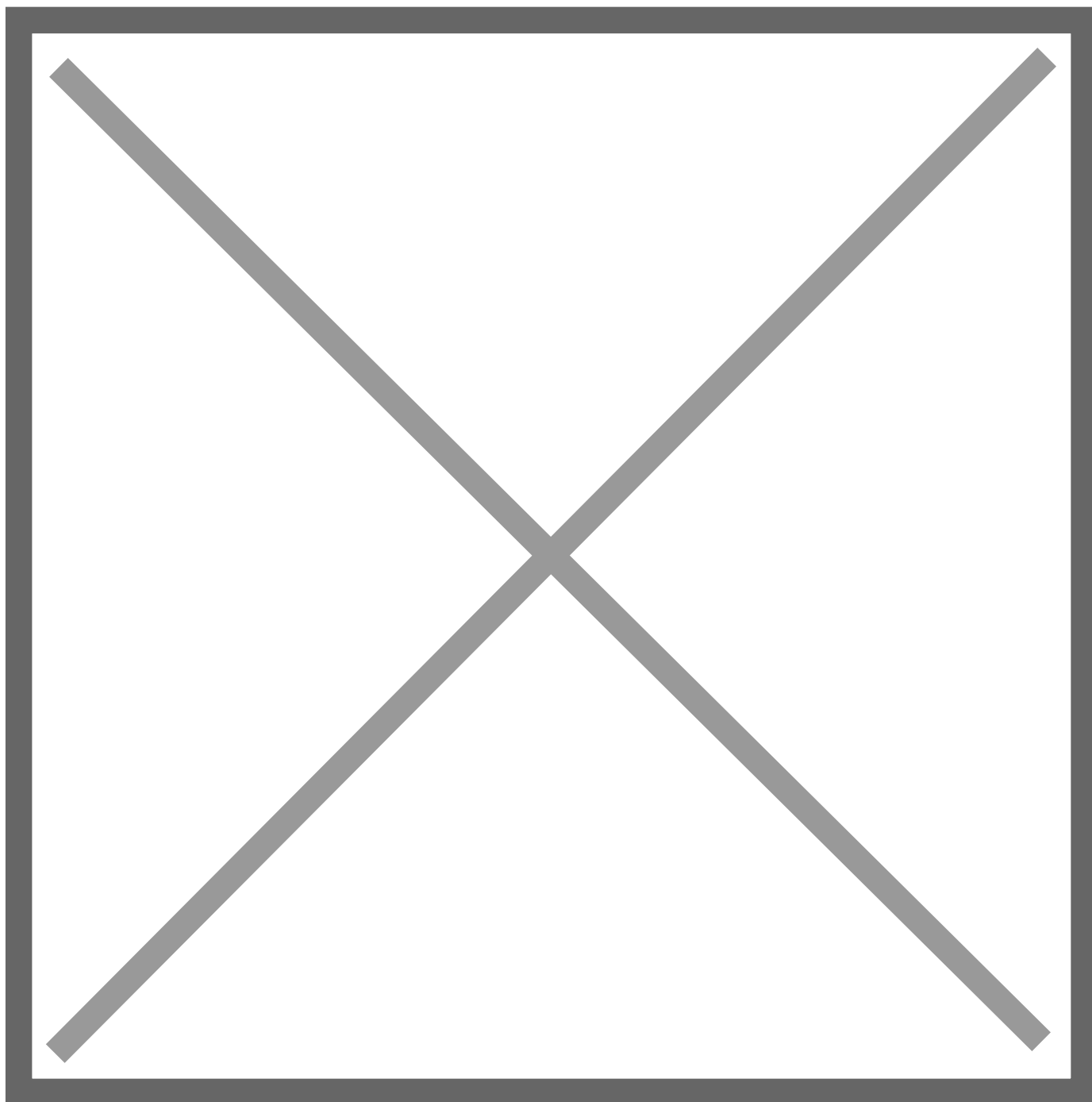
Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation <http://ghdx.healthdata.org/>

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Estimated per-capita whole grains intake (g/day)

Mentalno zdravje: depresivni poremećaji

Odrasle osebe, 2021



Dob:	20+
Pokriveno područje:	Nacionalno

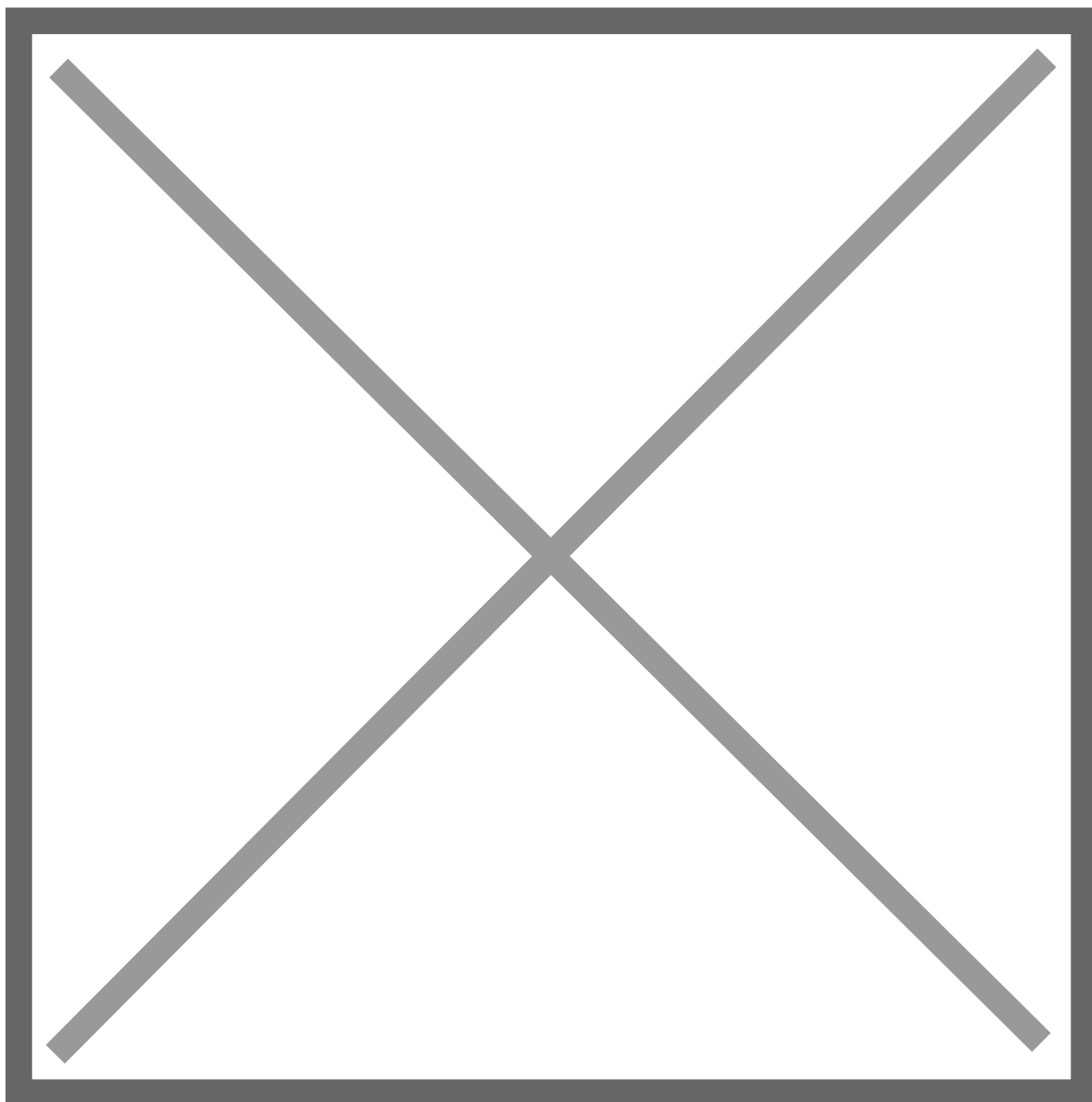
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

Muškarci, 2021

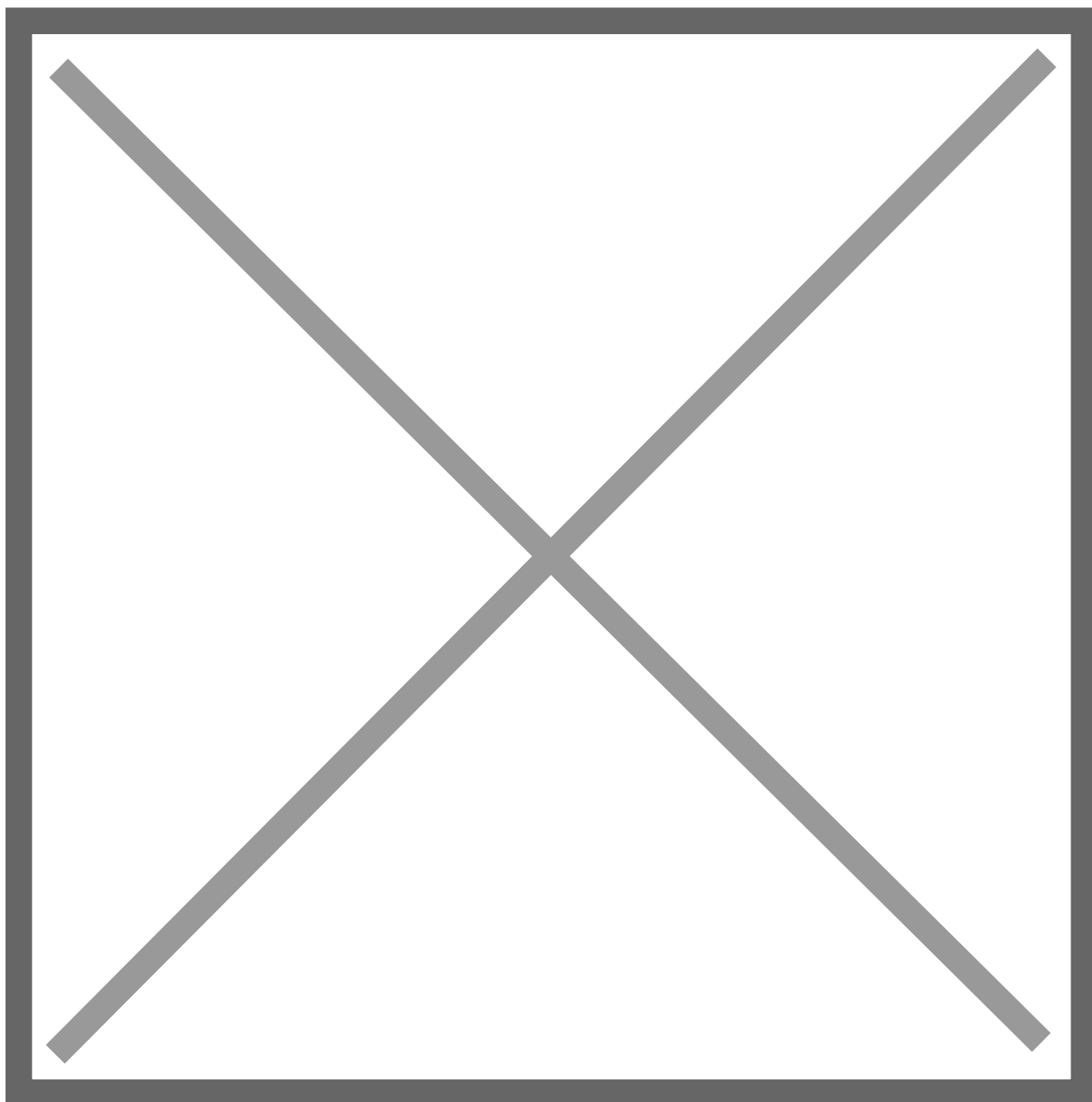


Dob:	20+
Pokriveno področje:	Nacionalno
Reference:	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare . (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

Žene, 2021

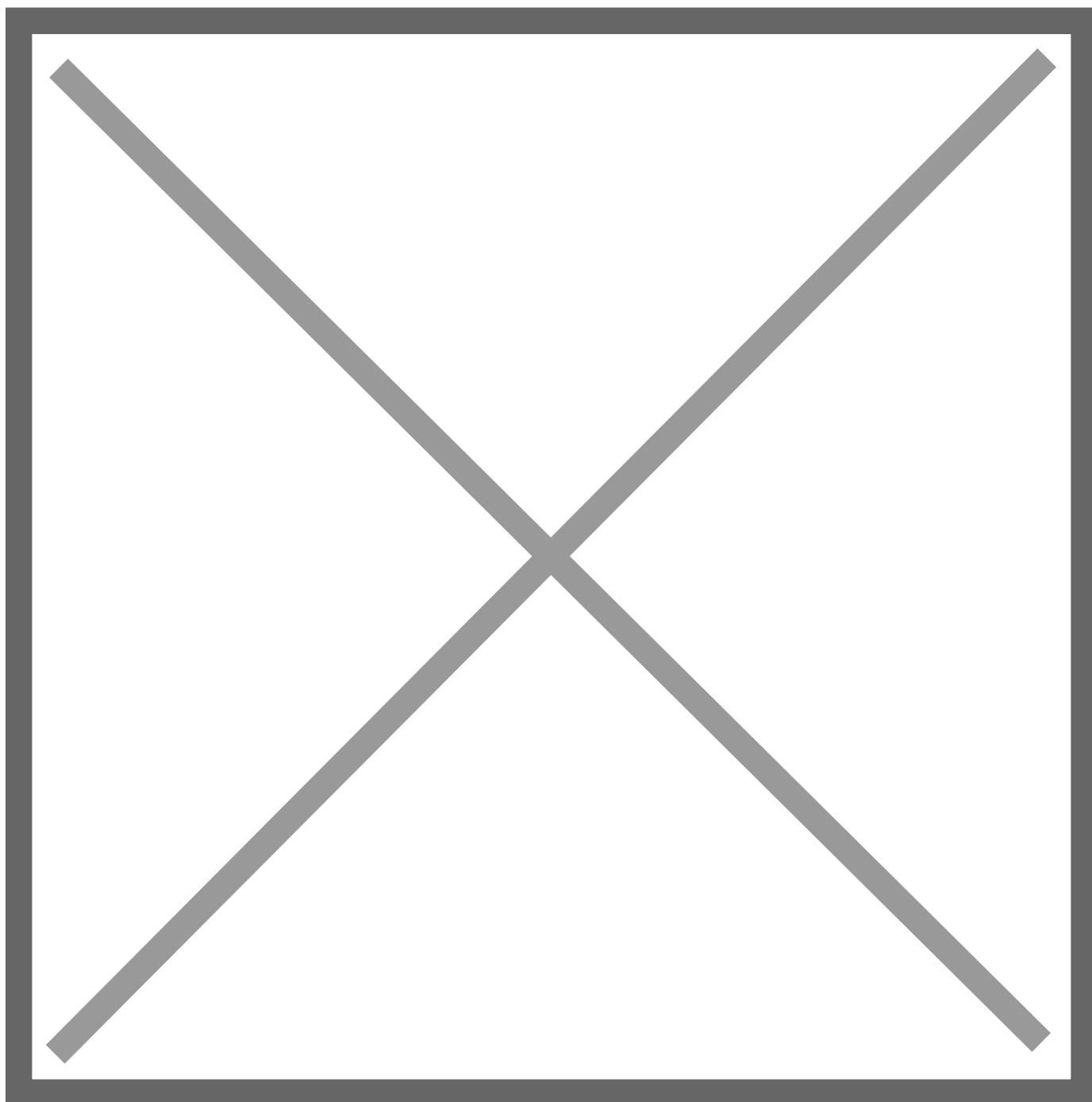


Dob:	20+
Pokriveno područje:	Nacionalno
Reference:	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare . (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

Djeca, 2021



Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

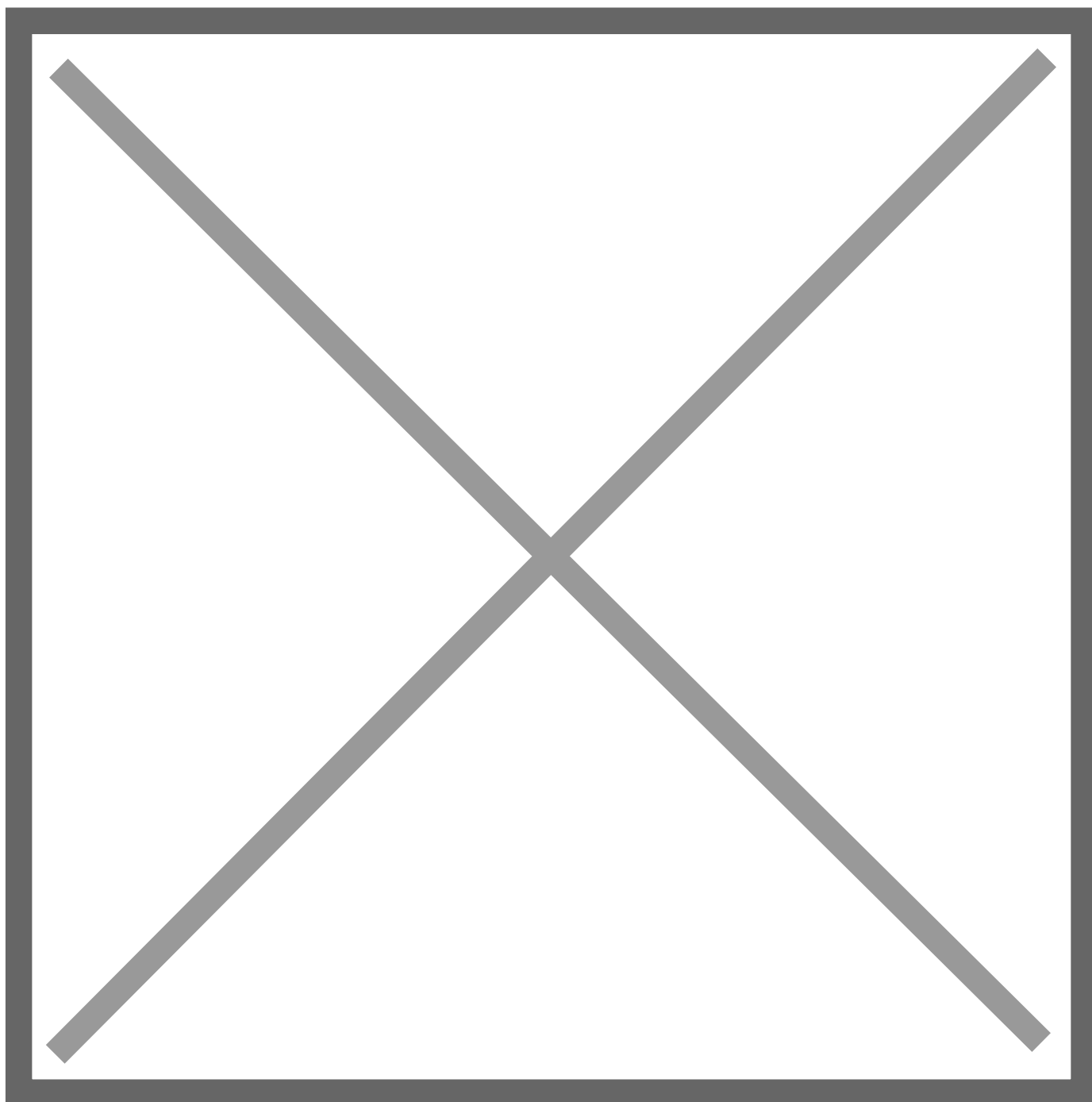
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Dječaci, 2021



Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

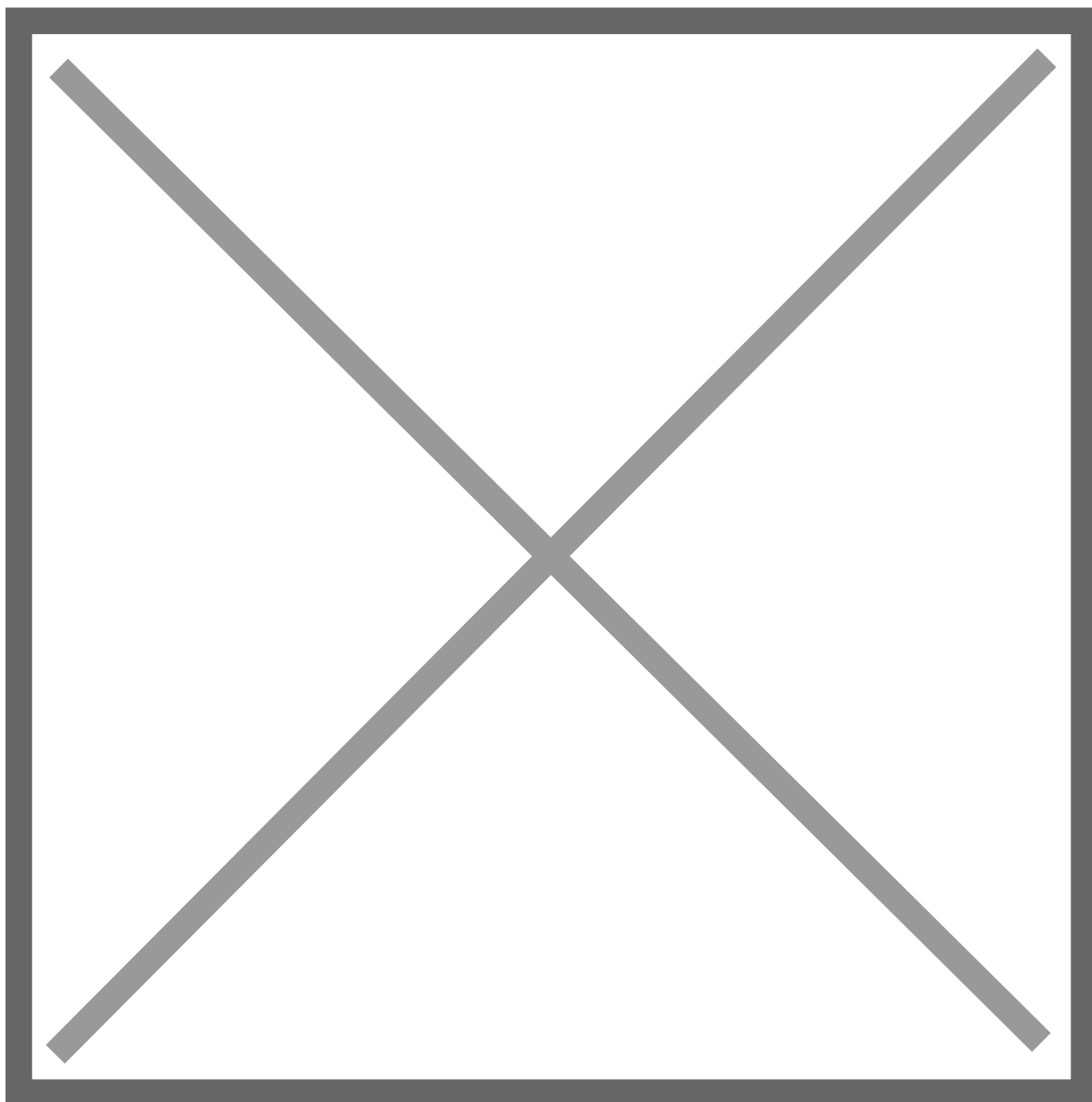
Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Djevojčice, 2021



Pokriveno područje:

Nacionalno

Reference:

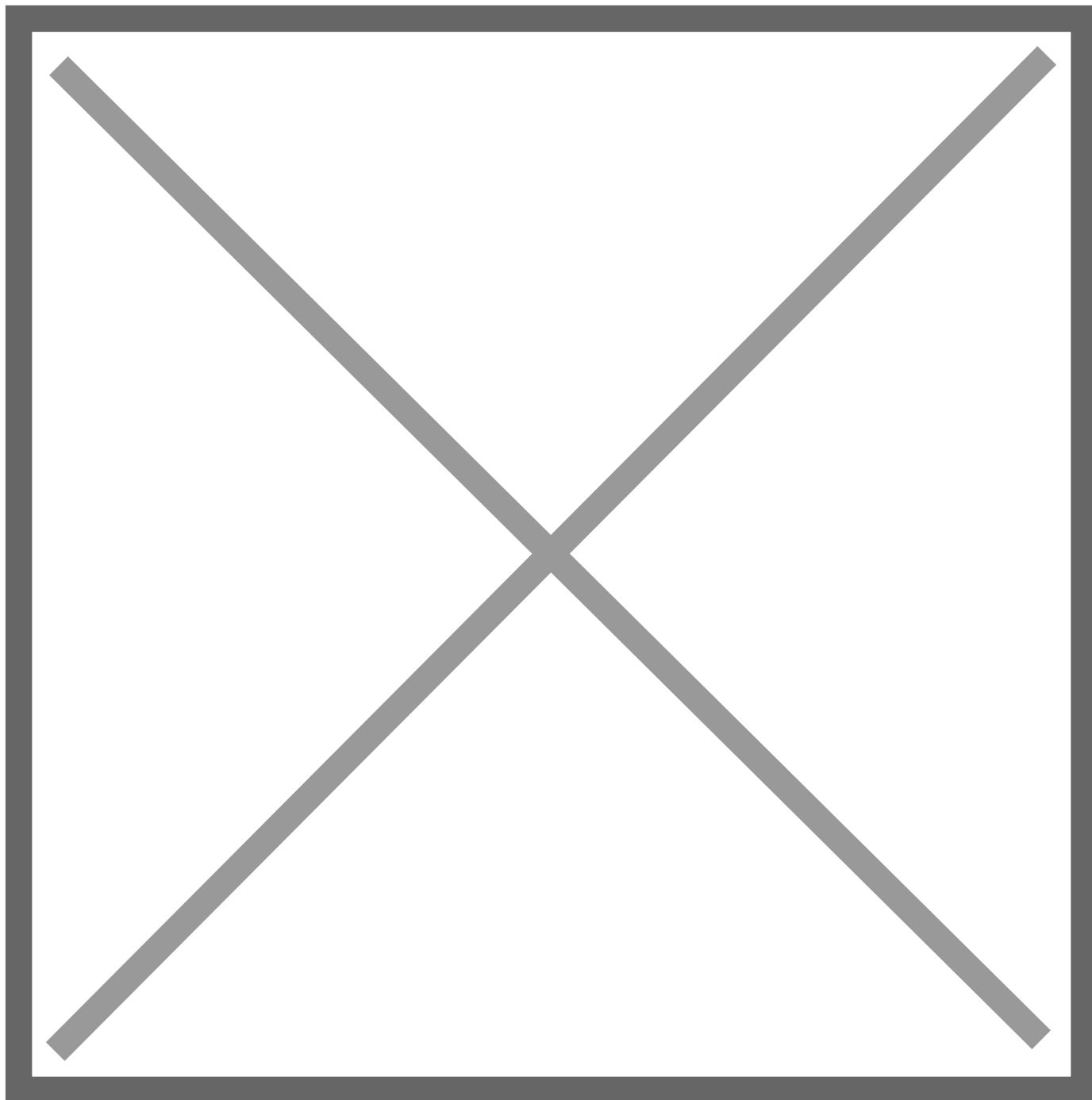
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Mentalno zdravlje: anksiozni poremećaji

Odrasle osobe, 2021



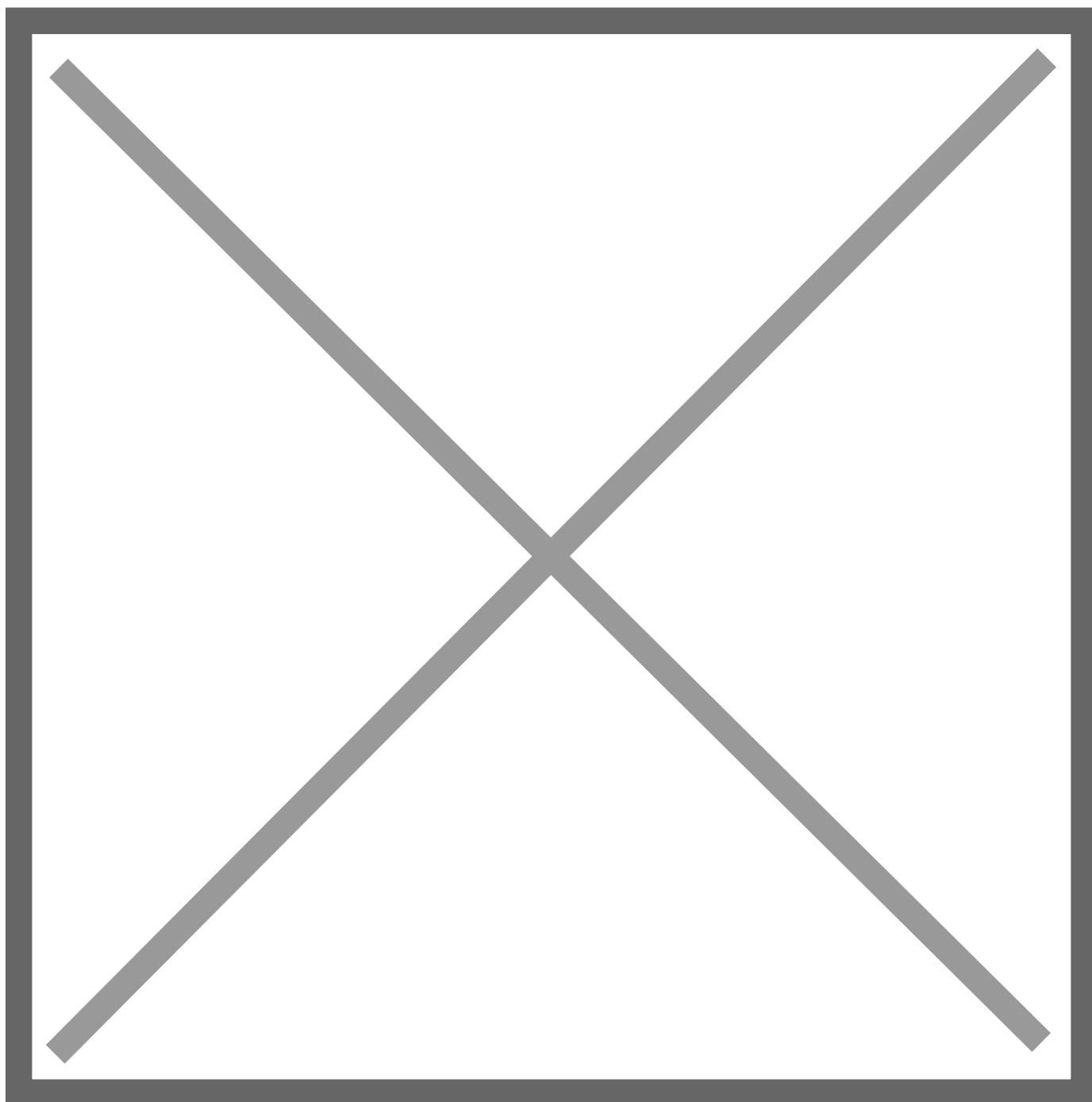
Dob: 20+

Reference: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

Muškarci, 2021



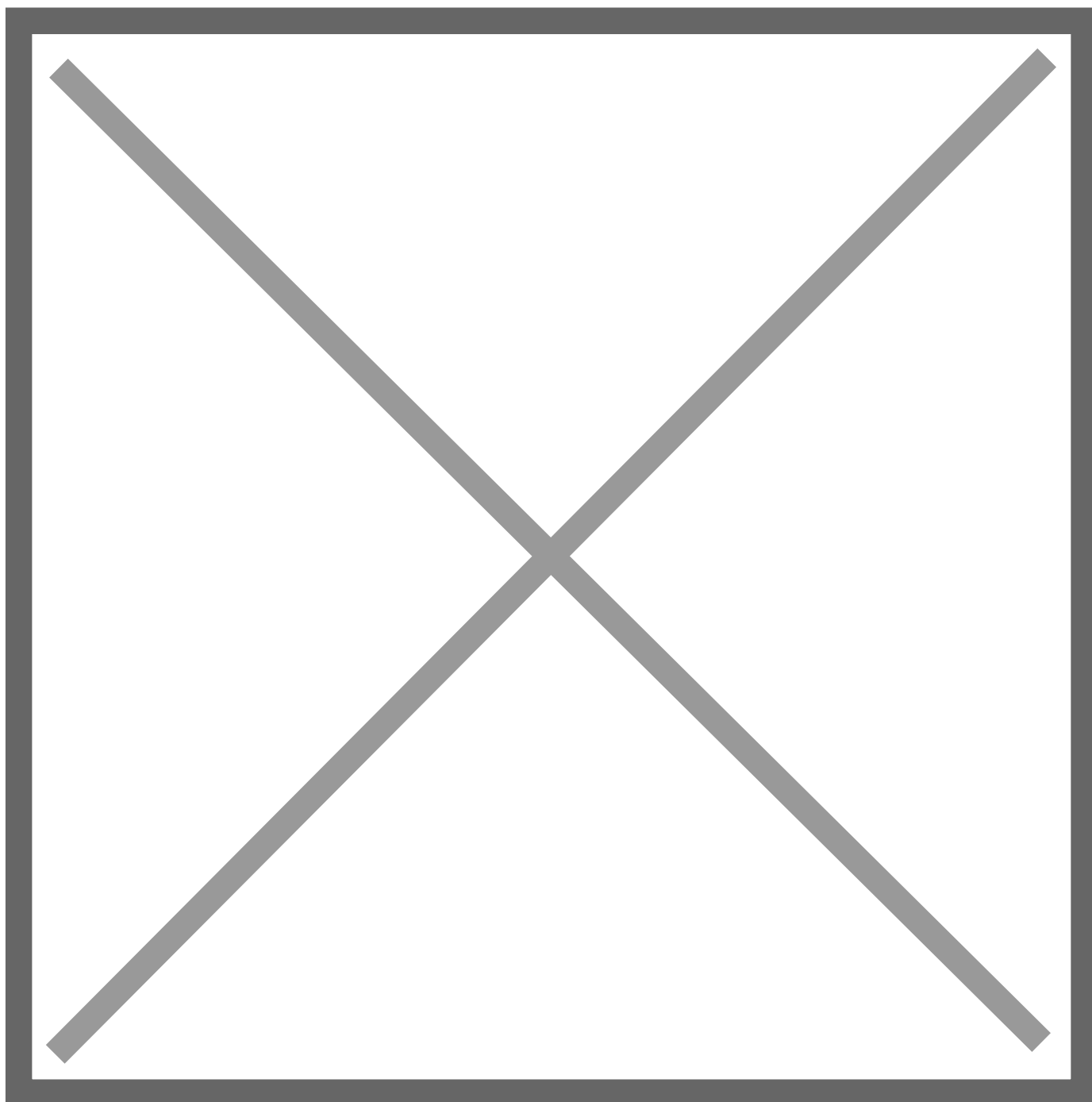
Dob: 20+

Reference: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

**Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):**

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

Žene, 2021



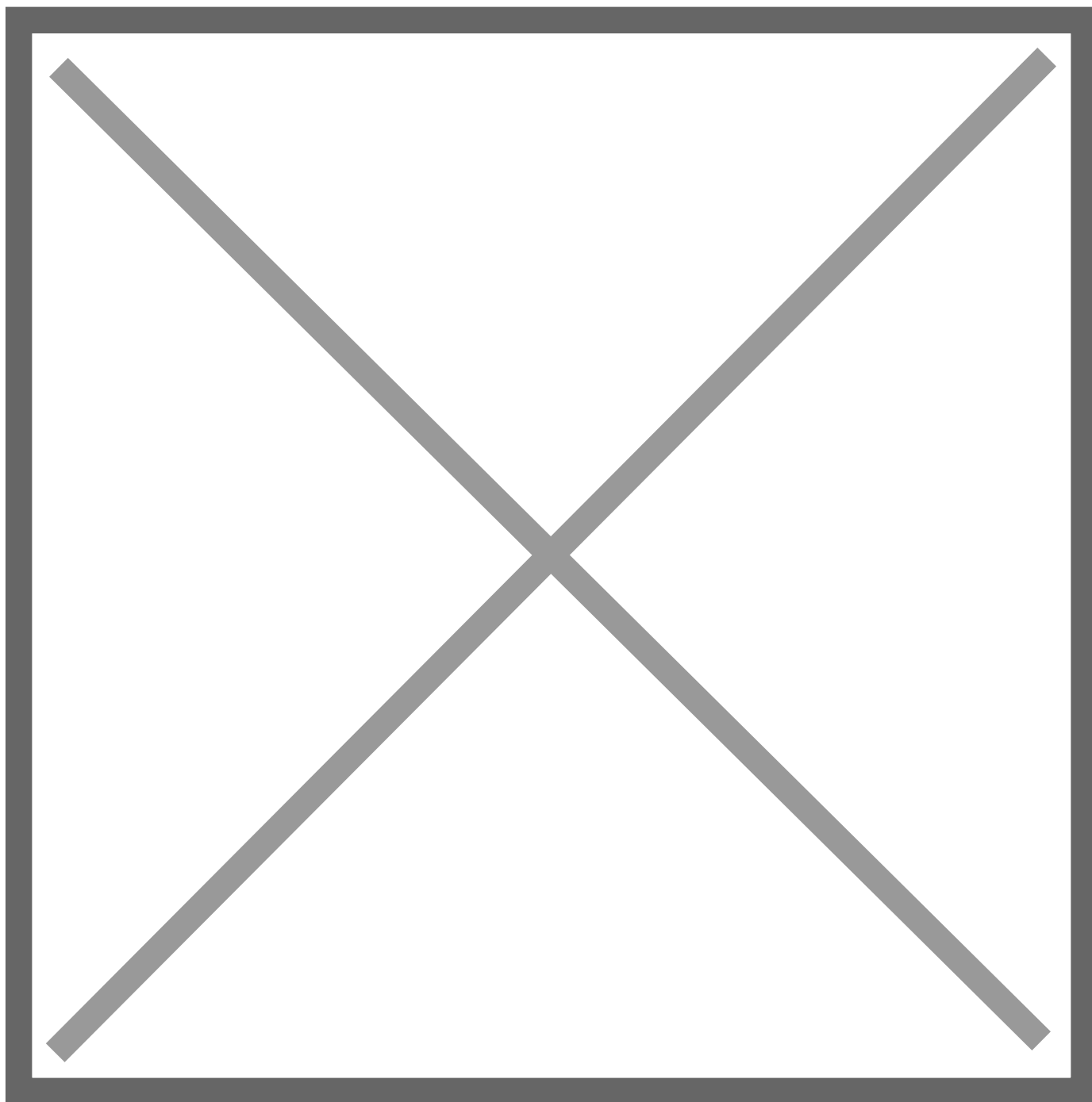
Dob: 20+

Reference: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25).

Definicije
(dostupno
samo na
engleskom
jeziku):

Number living with anxiety per 100,000 population

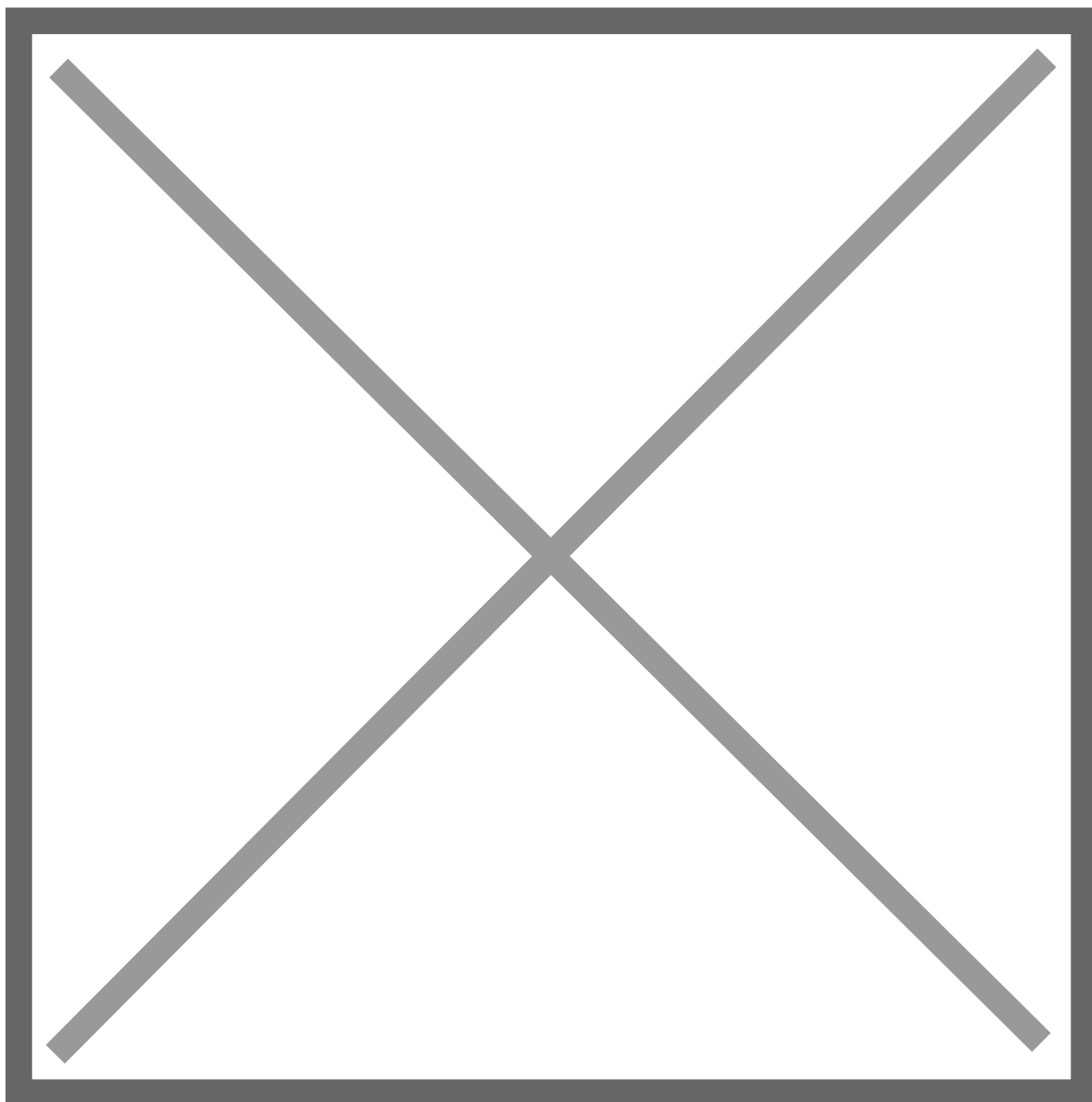
Djeca, 2021



Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

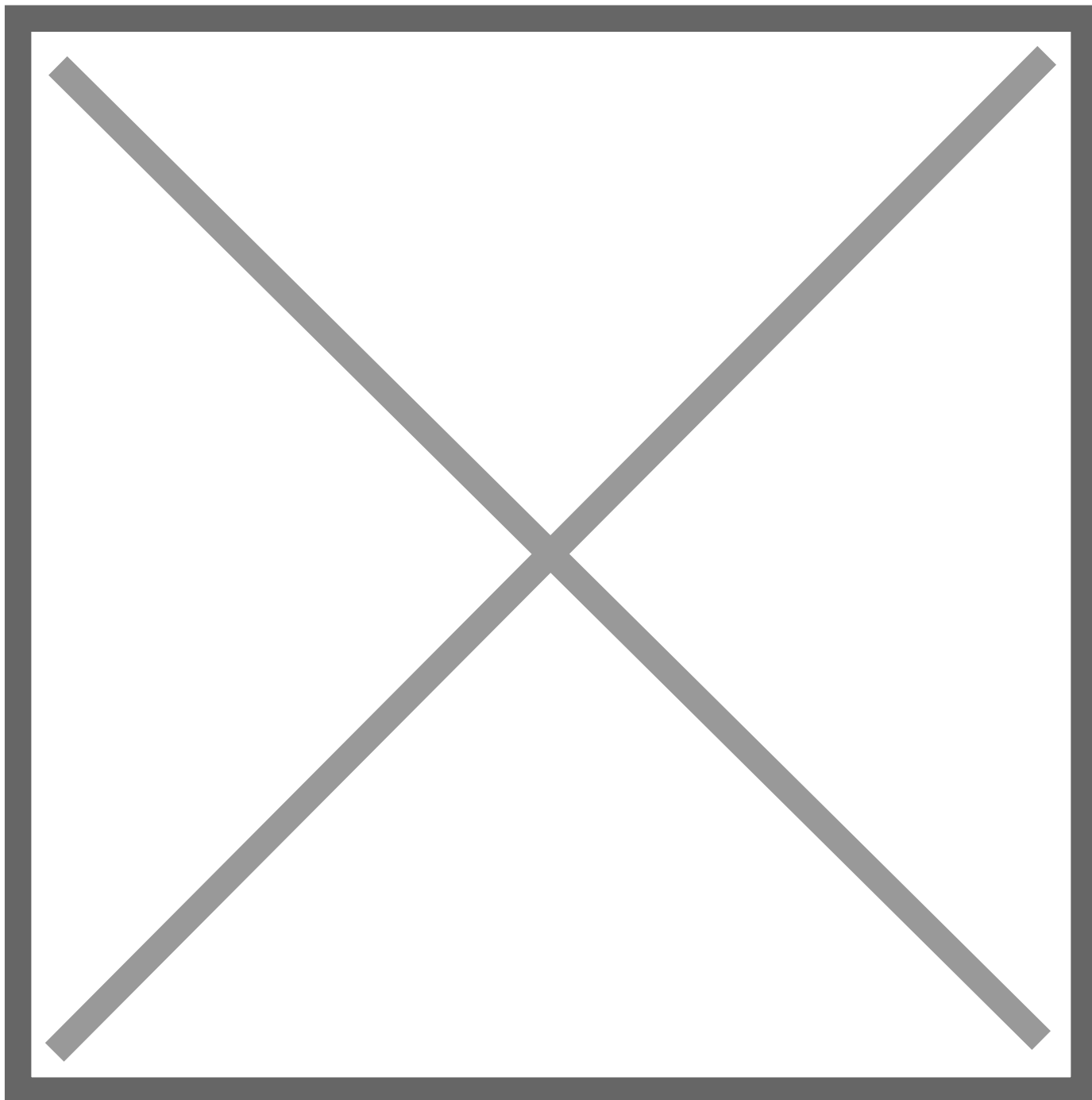
Dječaci, 2021



Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Djevojčice, 2021

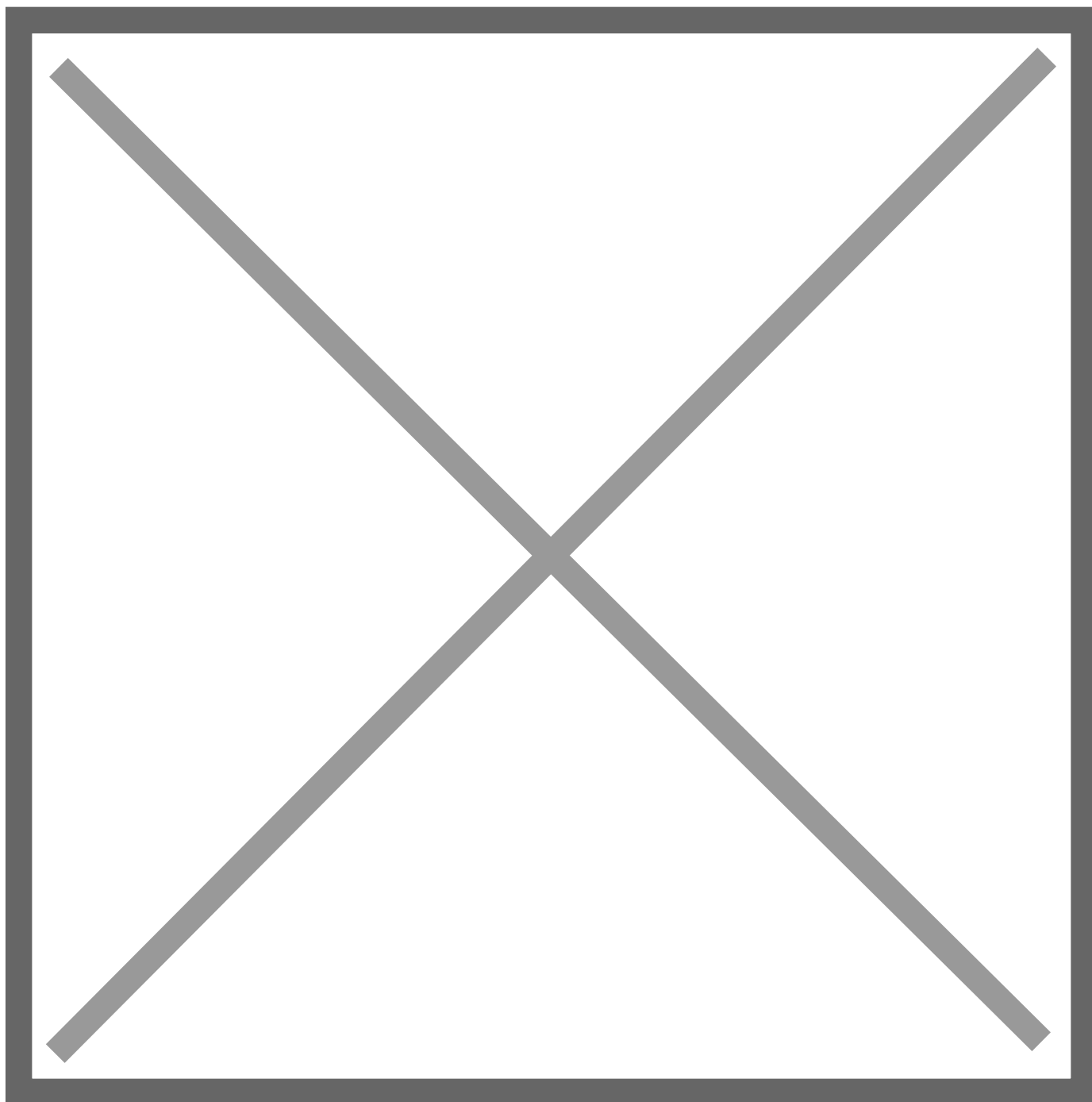


Reference:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

% dojenčadi koja su samo dojena 0-5 mjeseci

0-5 years, 2007-2023



Reference:

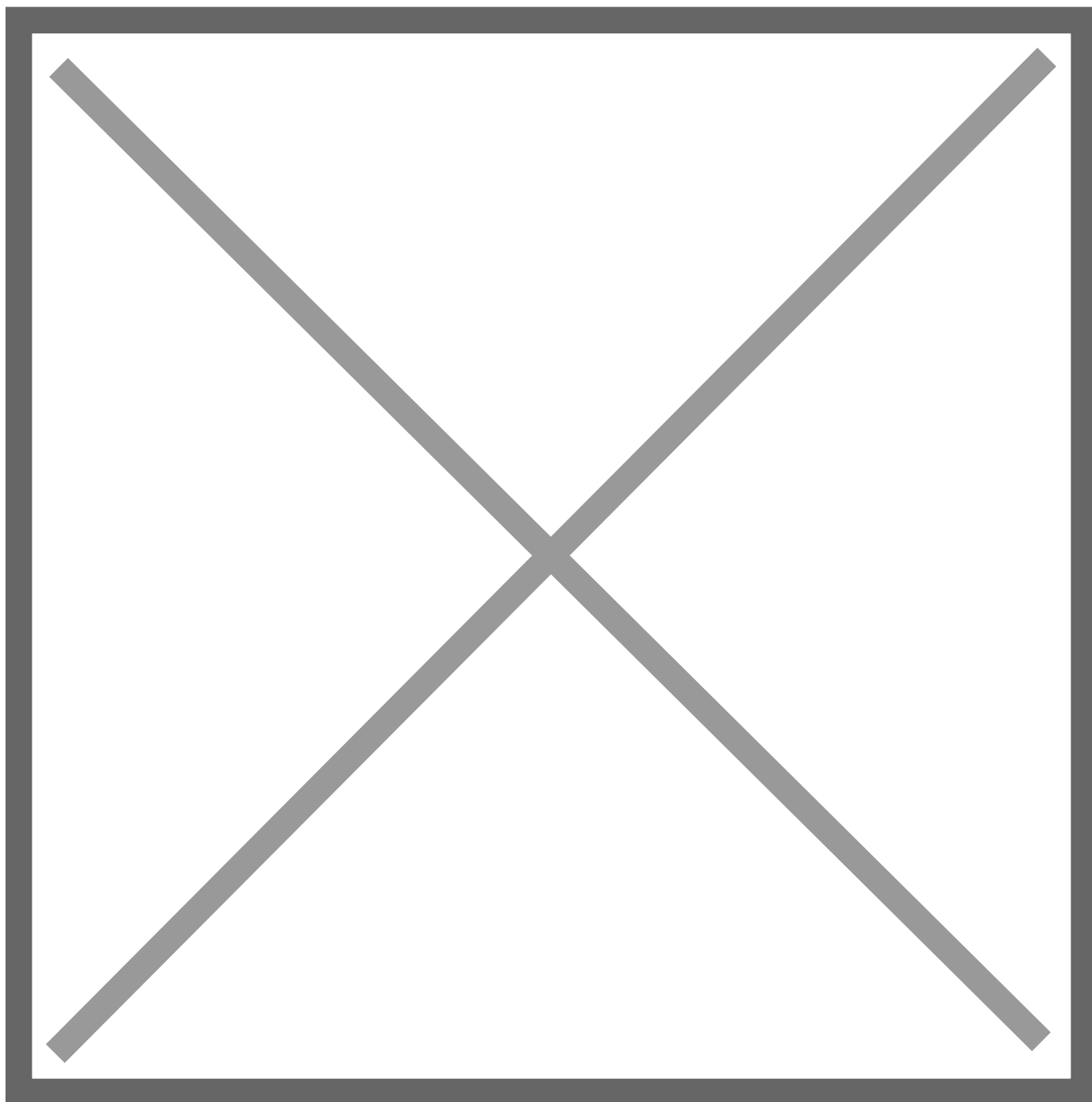
Malaysia National Health and Morbidity Survey 2016

Bilješke:

Full details are available. Original citation United Nations Children's Fund, Division of Data, Analysis, Planning and Monitoring (2023). Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding: Exclusive breastfeeding, New York, October 2023.

Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet

Odrasle osobe, 2022



**Pokriveno
područje:**

Nacionalno

Reference:

The Food Systems Dashboard. The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), The Columbia Climate School, and Cornell University College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. 2024. Geneva, Switzerland.
<https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org>. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.36072/db>.

