



Italy



Country report card - children

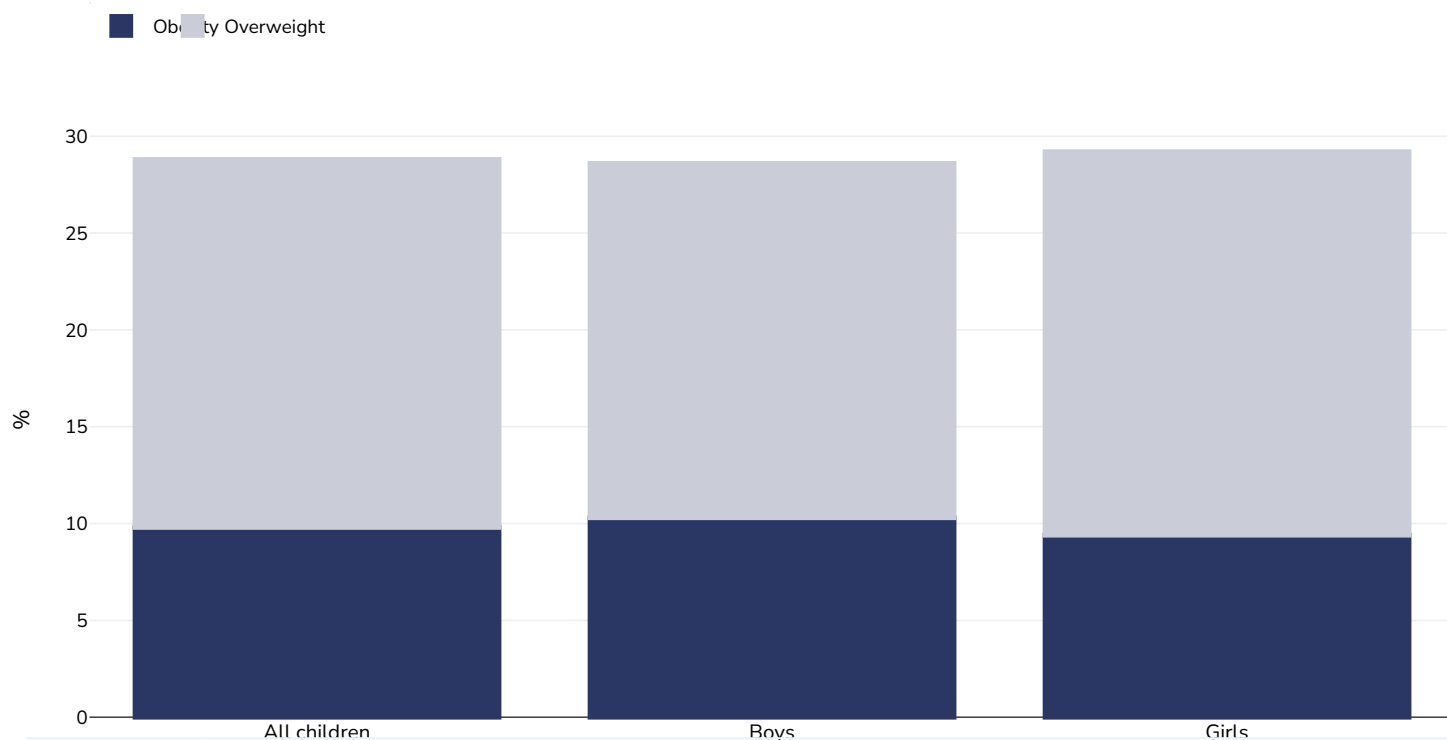
This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/country/italy-102/>

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Obesity prevalence

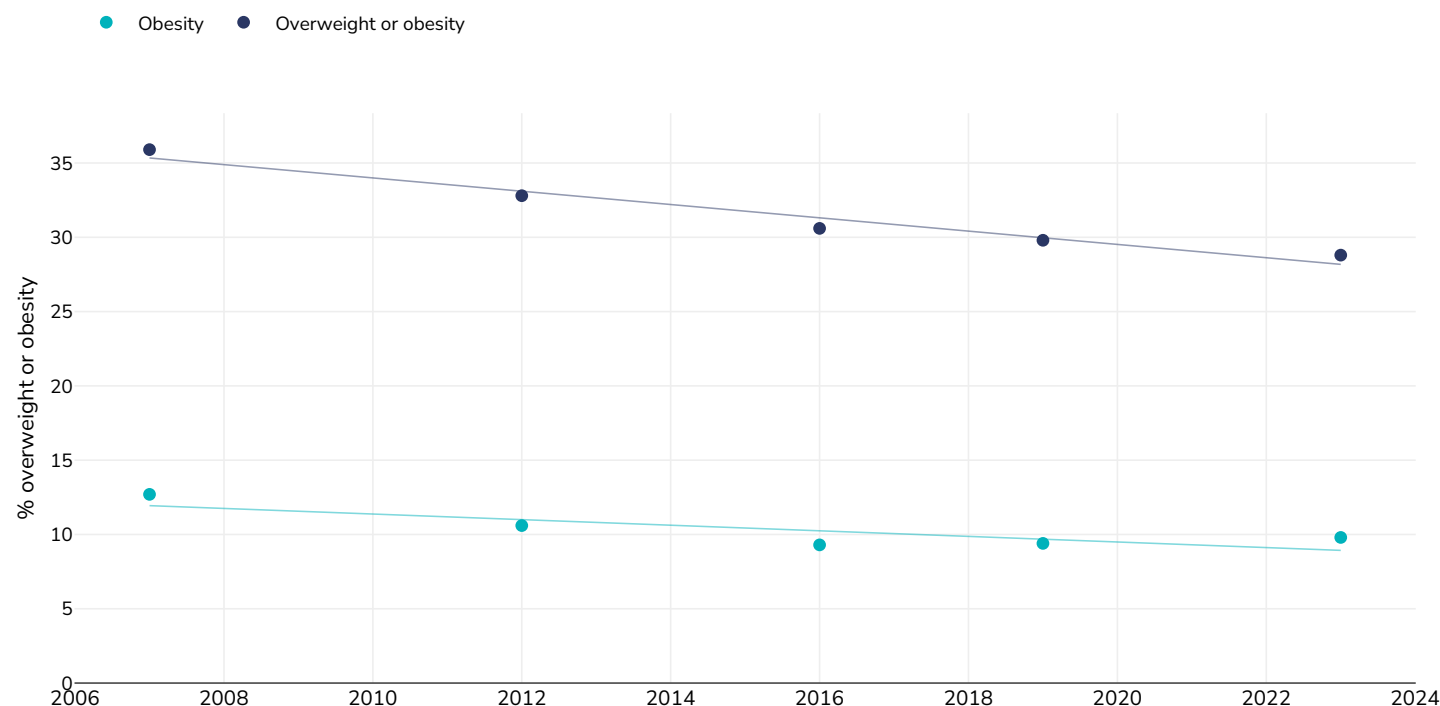
Children, 2023



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	46,559
Area covered:	National
References:	OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2023-dati [Accessed 16.07.25]
Cutoffs:	IOTF

% Children living with overweight or obesity in Italy 2008-2023 (IOTF)

Boys and girls



Survey type:

Measured

References:

- 2007: Wijnhoven, T. M. A., van Raaij, J. M. A., Spinelli, A., Rito, A. I., Hovengen, R., Kunesova, M., Starc, G., Rutter, H., Sjöberg, A., Petrauskienė, A., O'Dwyer, U., Petrova, S., Farrugia Sant'Angelo, V., Wauters, M., Yngve, A., Rubana, I.-M. and Breda, J. (2012), WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6–9-year-old children. *Pediatric Obesity*. doi: 10.1111/j.2047-6310.2012.00090.x
- 2012: COSI 2012. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/IndagineNazionale2012> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)
- 2016: OKkio alla SALUTE 2016. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/dati2016> [Accessed 16.07.25]
- 2019: OKkio alla SALUTE 2019. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2019-dati> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)
- 2023: OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2023-dati> [Accessed 16.07.25]

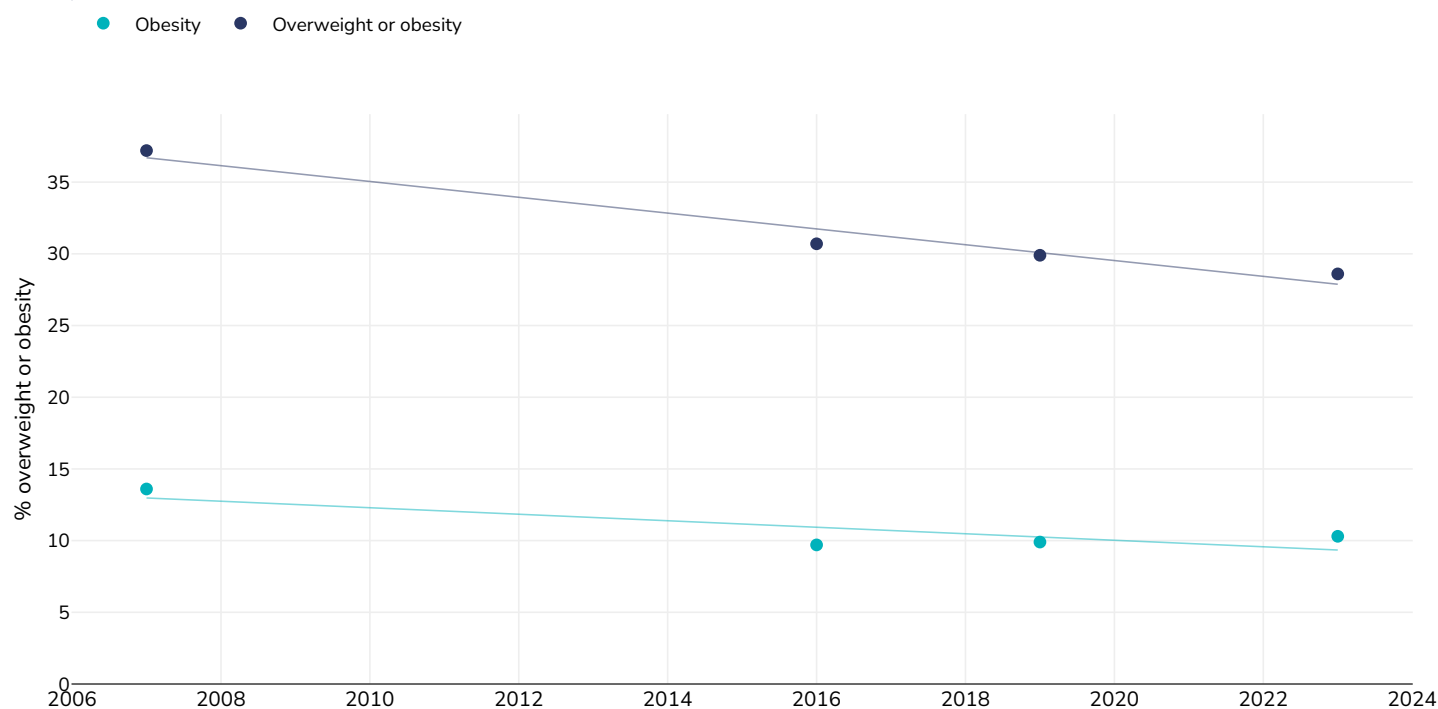
Definitions:

IOTF

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².

Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.

Boys



Survey type:

Measured

References:

2007: Wijnhoven, T. M. A., van Raaij, J. M. A., Spinelli, A., Rito, A. I., Hovengen, R., Kunesova, M., Starc, G., Rutter, H., Sjöberg, A., Petrauskiene, A., O'Dwyer, U., Petrova, S., Farrugia Sant'Angelo, V., Wauters, M., Yngve, A., Rubana, I.-M. and Breda, J. (2012), WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6–9-year-old children. *Pediatric Obesity*. doi: 10.1111/j.2047-6310.2012.00090.x

2012: COSI 2012. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/IndagineNazionale2012> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)

2016: OKkio alla SALUTE 2016. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/dati2016> [Accessed 16.07.25]

2019: OKkio alla SALUTE 2019. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2019-dati> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)

2023: OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2023-dati> [Accessed 16.07.25]

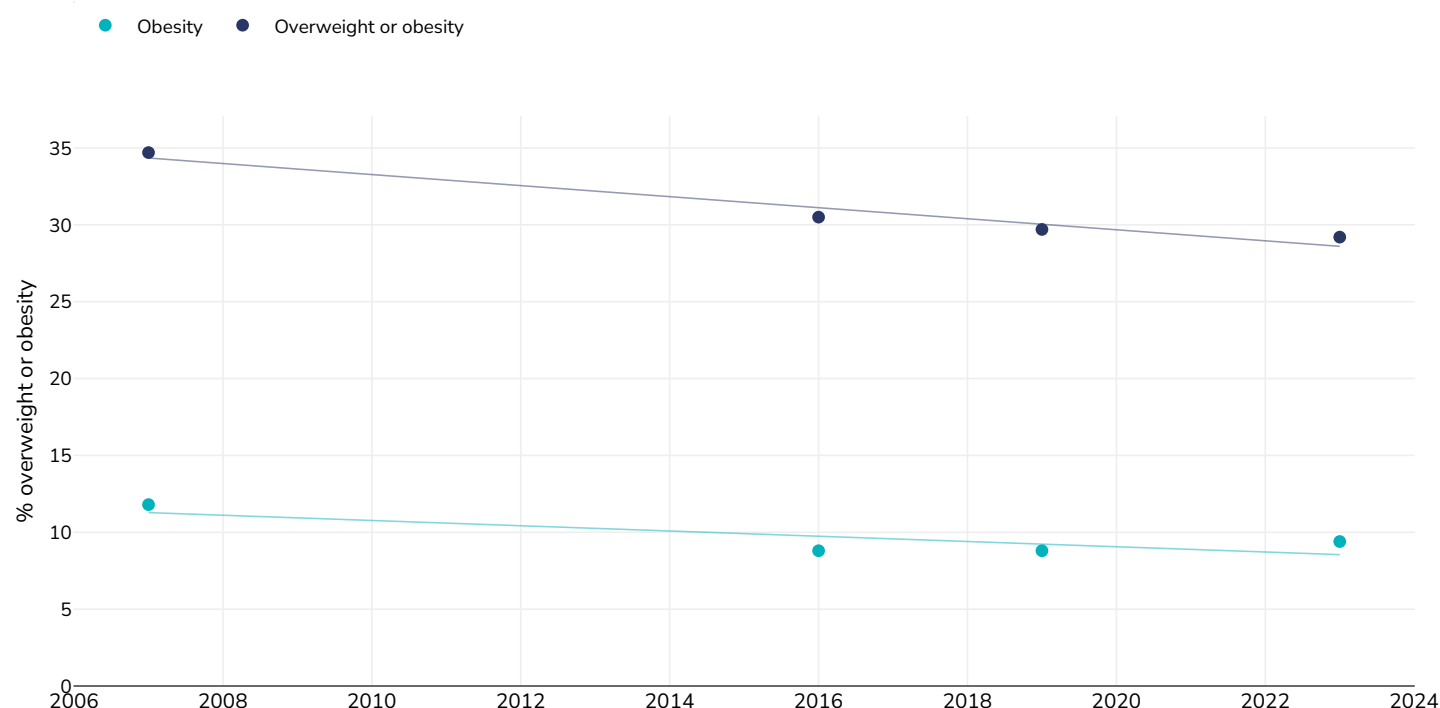
Definitions:

IOTF

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².

Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.

Girls



Survey type:

Measured

References:

- 2007: Wijnhoven, T. M. A., van Raaij, J. M. A., Spinelli, A., Rito, A. I., Hovengen, R., Kunesova, M., Starc, G., Rutter, H., Sjöberg, A., Petrauskiene, A., O'Dwyer, U., Petrova, S., Farrugia Sant'Angelo, V., Wauters, M., Yngve, A., Rubana, I.-M. and Breda, J. (2012), WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative 2008: weight, height and body mass index in 6–9-year-old children. *Pediatric Obesity*. doi: 10.1111/j.2047-6310.2012.00090.x
- 2012: COSI 2012. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/IndagineNazionale2012> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)
- 2016: OKkio alla SALUTE 2016. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/dati2016> [Accessed 16.07.25]
- 2019: OKkio alla SALUTE 2019. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2019-dati> (Last accessed 10.12.2020)
- 2023: OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. <https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2023-dati> [Accessed 16.07.25]

Definitions:

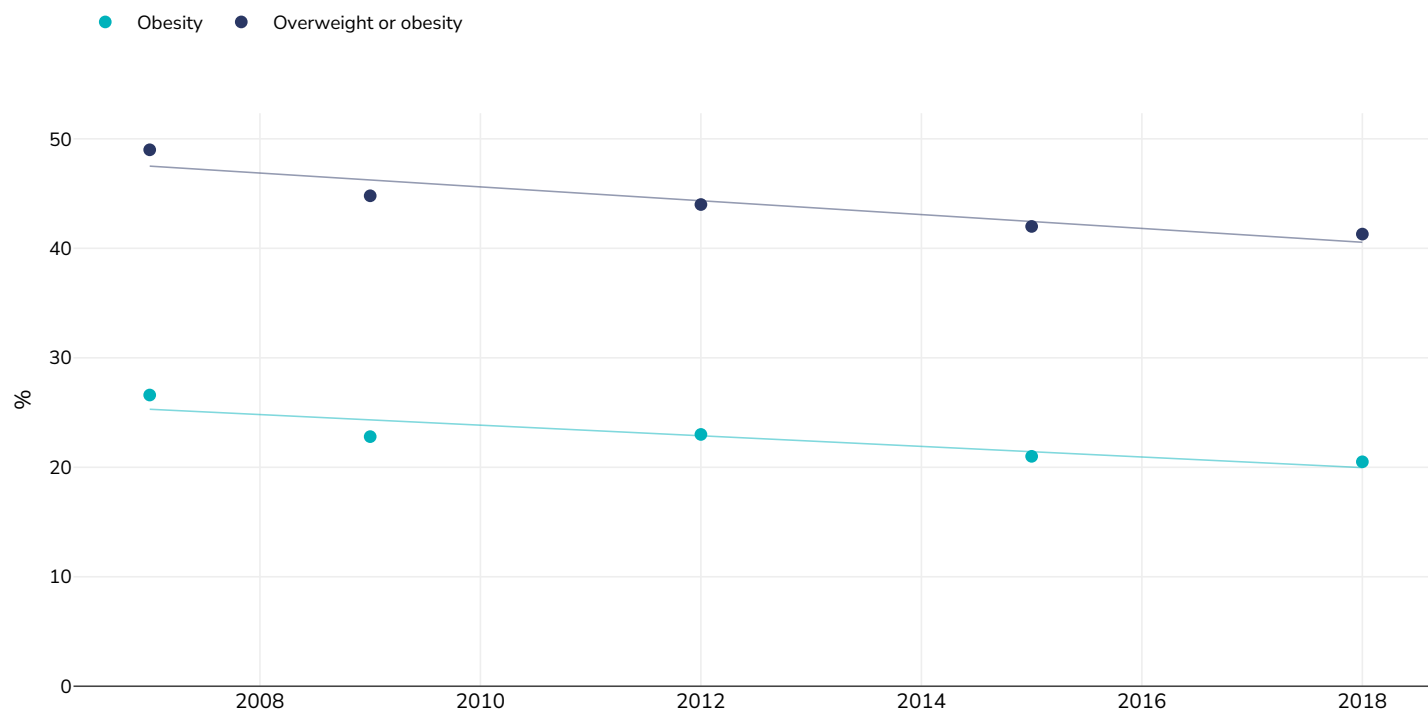
IOTF

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².

Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.

% Children living with overweight or obesity, 2007-2022 (WHO 2007)

Boys



Survey type:

Measured

References:

- 2007: Wijnhoven, T.M.A., van Raaij, J.M.A., Spinelli, A., Rito, A.I., Hovengen, R., Kunesova, M., Starc, G., Rutter, H., Sjöberg, A., Petrauskiene, A., O'Dwyer, U., Petrova, S., Farrugia Sant'Angelo, V., Wauters, M., Yngve, A., Rubana, I.-M. and Breda, J. (2013), WHO-COSI 2008: weight, height and BMI. *Pediatric Obesity*, 8: 79-97. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.2047-6310.2012.00090.x>
- 2009: Wijnhoven, T.M., van Raaij, J.M., Spinelli, A. et al. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative: body mass index and level of overweight among 6-9-year-old children from school year 2007/2008 to school year 2009/2010. *BMC Public Health* 14, 806 (2014). <https://doi.org/10.1186/1471-2458-14-821>
- 2012: World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. ([2018]) WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative: overweight and obesity among 6-9-year-old children: report of the third round of data collection 2012-2013. World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. <https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/346110>
- 2015: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the fourth round of data collection, 2015-2017. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2021. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
- 2018: Report on the fifth round of data collection, 2018-2020: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI). Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2022. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes:

WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI)

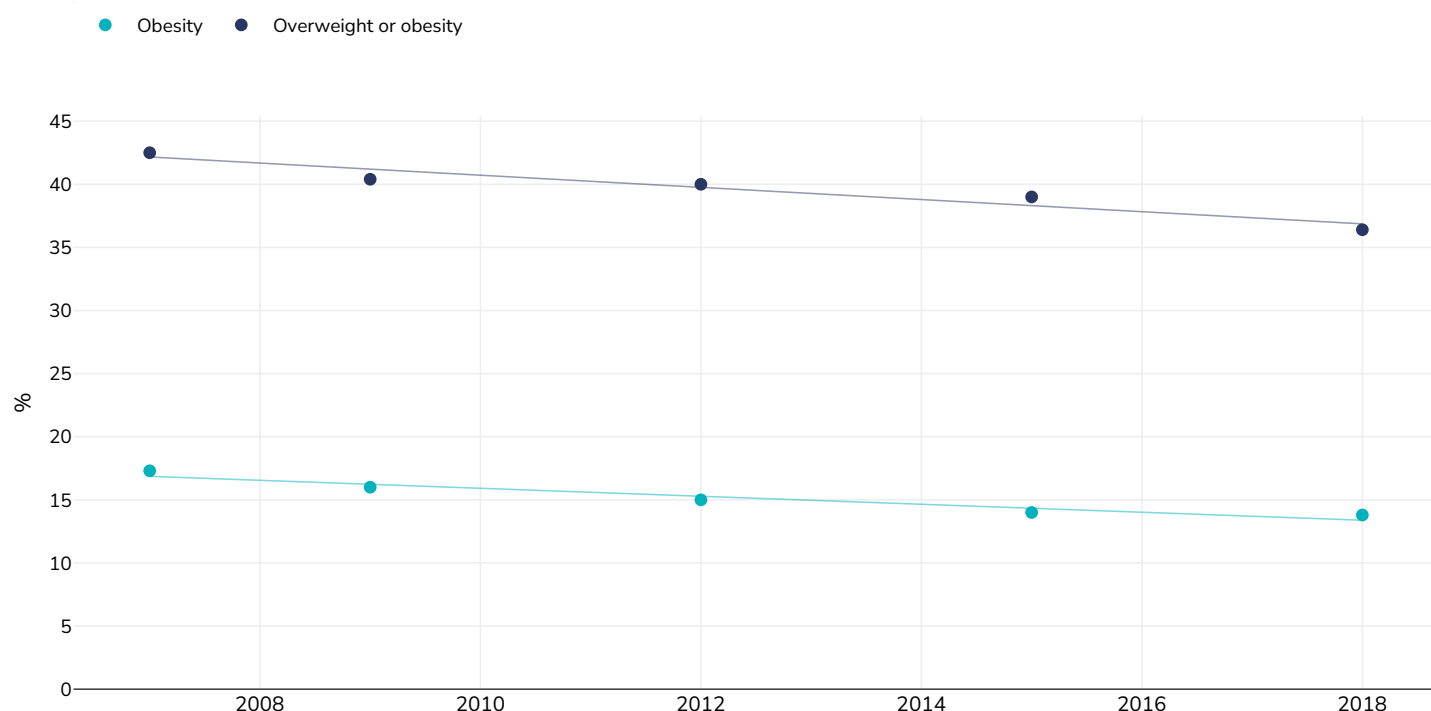
Definitions:

WHO 2007

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².

Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.

Girls



Survey type:

Measured

References:

- 2007: Wijnhoven, T.M.A., van Raaij, J.M.A., Spinelli, A., Rito, A.I., Hovengen, R., Kunesova, M., Starc, G., Rutter, H., Sjöberg, A., Petruskiene, A., O'Dwyer, U., Petrova, S., Farrugia Sant'Angelo, V., Wauters, M., Yngve, A., Rubana, I.-M. and Breda, J. (2013), WHO-COSI 2008: weight, height and BMI. *Pediatric Obesity*, 8: 79-97. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.2047-6310.2012.00090.x>
- 2009: Wijnhoven, T.M., van Raaij, J.M., Spinelli, A. et al. WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative: body mass index and level of overweight among 6–9-year-old children from school year 2007/2008 to school year 2009/2010. *BMC Public Health* 14, 806 (2014). <https://doi.org/10.1186/1471-2458-14-821>
- 2012: World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. ([2018]) WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative: overweight and obesity among 6–9-year-old children: report of the third round of data collection 2012–2013. World Health Organization. Regional Office for Europe. <https://apps.who.int/iris/handle/10665/346110>
- 2015: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the fourth round of data collection, 2015–2017. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2021. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
- 2018: Report on the fifth round of data collection, 2018–2020: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI). Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2022. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes:

WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI)

Definitions:

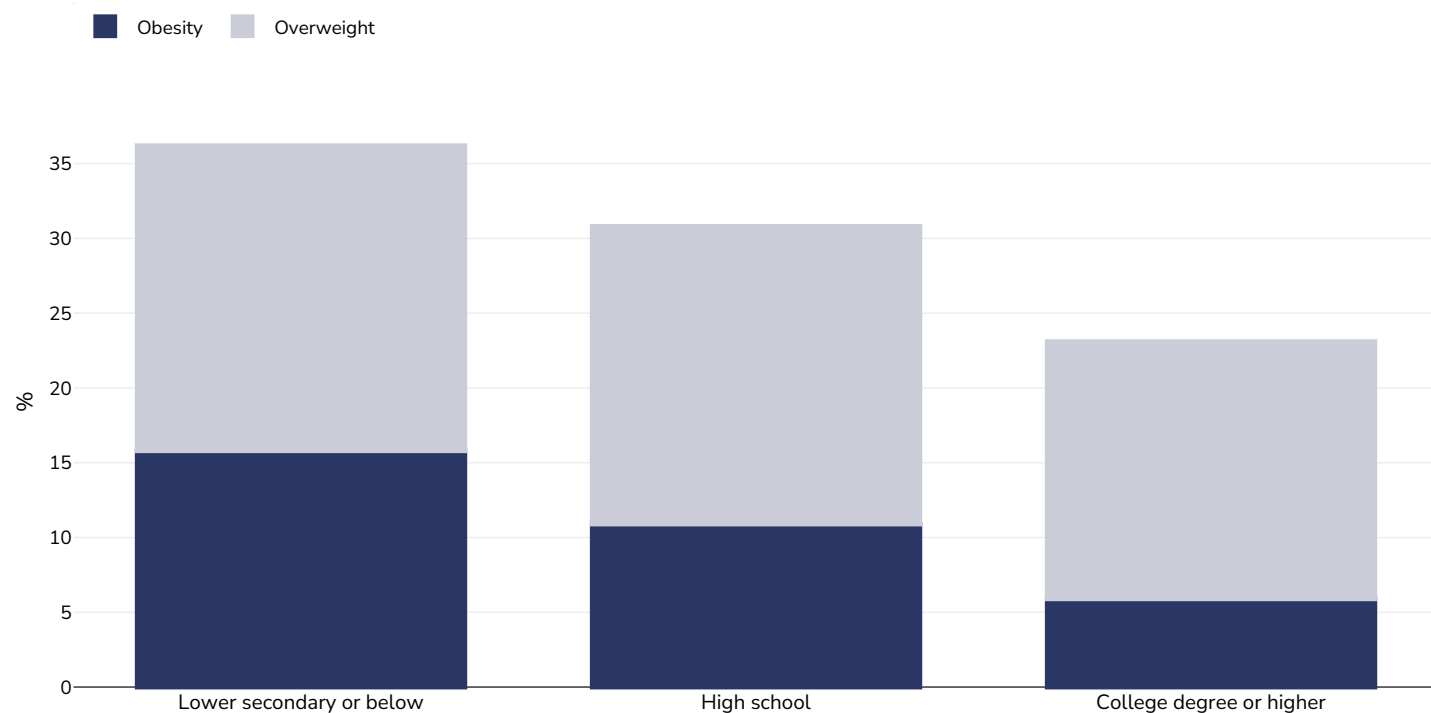
WHO 2007

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m², obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m².

Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.

Overweight/obesity by education

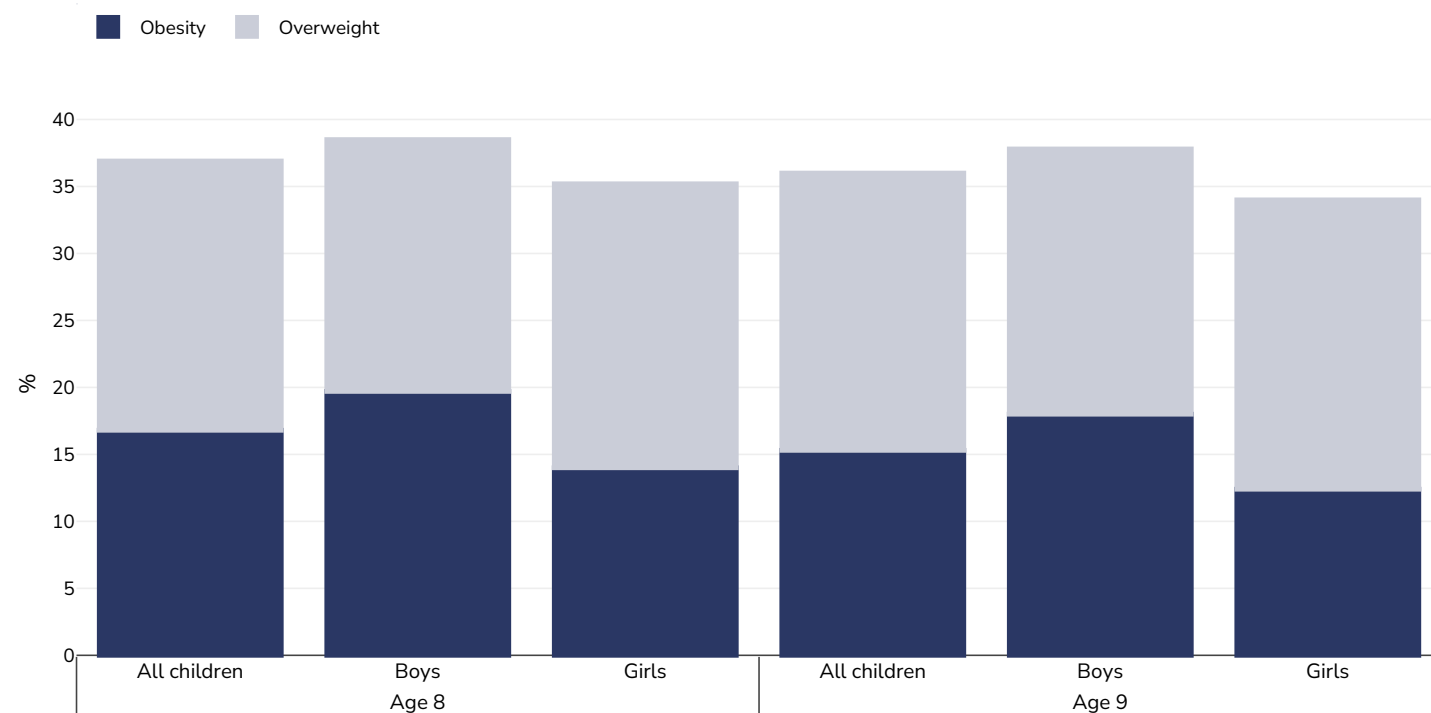
Children, 2023



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	42,046
Area covered:	National
References:	Nardone P, Ciardullo S, Spinelli A, Mandolini D, Salvatore MA, Andreozzi S (Ed.). Stato ponderale e stili di vita di bambine e bambini: i risultati di OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. Roma: Istituto Superiore di Sanità; 2025. (Rapporti ISTISAN 25/3). https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/pdf2025/25-3%20web.pdf [Accessed 16.07.25]
Definitions:	Highest level of parents' educational qualifications between mother and father
Cutoffs:	IOTF

Overweight/obesity by age

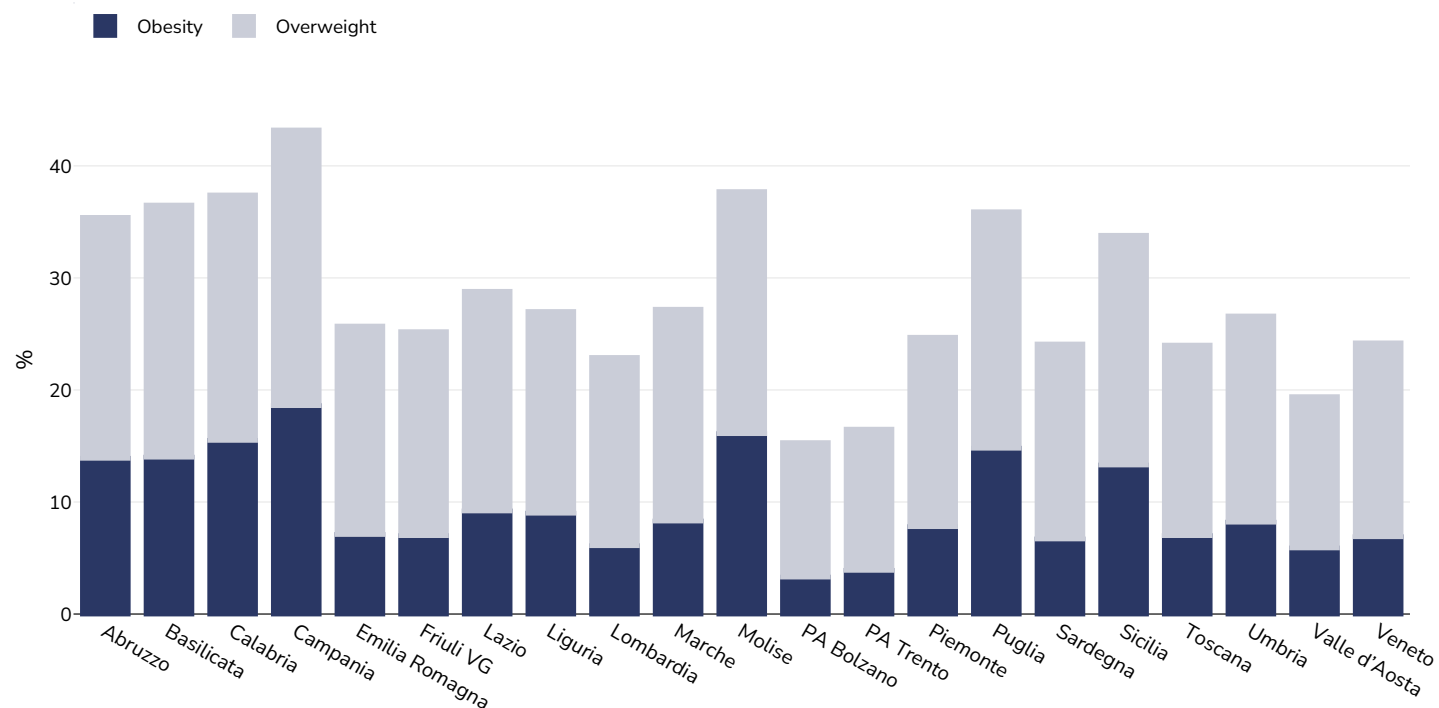
Children, 2022-2024



Survey type:	Measured
Sample size:	42109
Area covered:	National
References:	WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
Cutoffs:	WHO 2007

Overweight/obesity by region

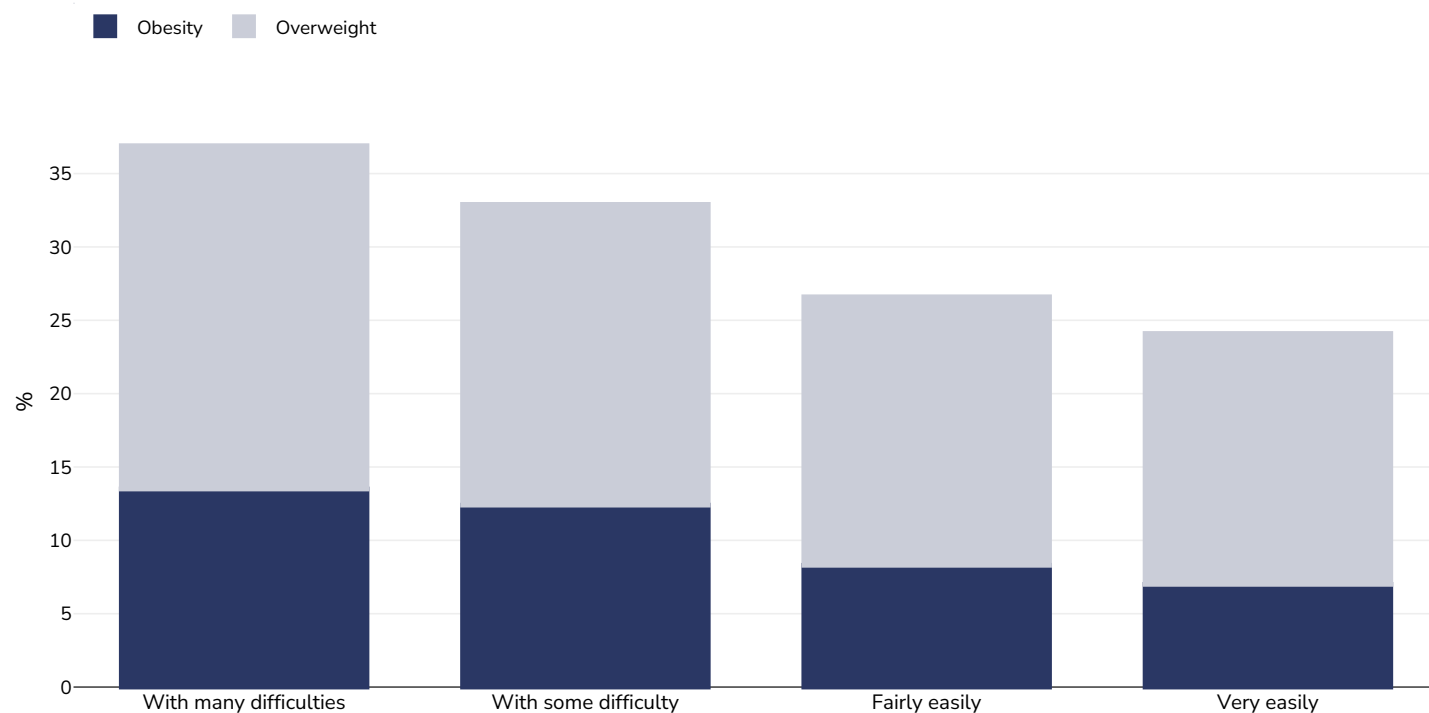
Children, 2023



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	46,559
Area covered:	National
References:	OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/indagine-2023-dati [Accessed 16.07.25]
Cutoffs:	IOTF

Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

Children, 2023

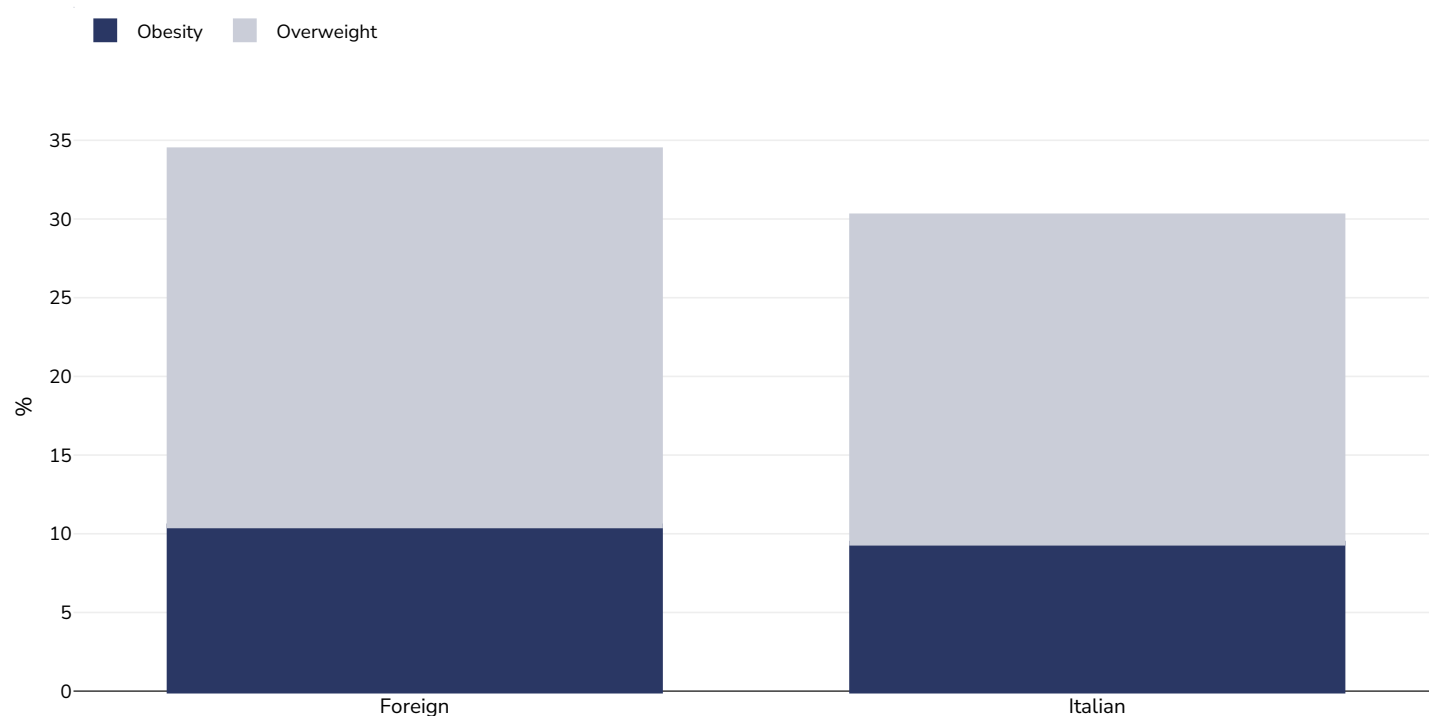


Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	45,610
Area covered:	National
References:	Nardone P, Ciardullo S, Spinelli A, Mandolini D, Salvatore MA, Andreozzi S (Ed.). Stato ponderale e stili di vita di bambine e bambini: i risultati di OKkio alla SALUTE 2023. Roma: Istituto Superiore di Sanità; 2025. (Rapporti ISTISAN 25/3). https://www.epicentro.iss.it/okkioallasalute/pdf2025/25-3%20web.pdf [Accessed 16.07.25]
Definitions:	Family economic situation = difficulty making ends meet with disposable income
Cutoffs:	IOTF

Overweight/obesity by ethnicity

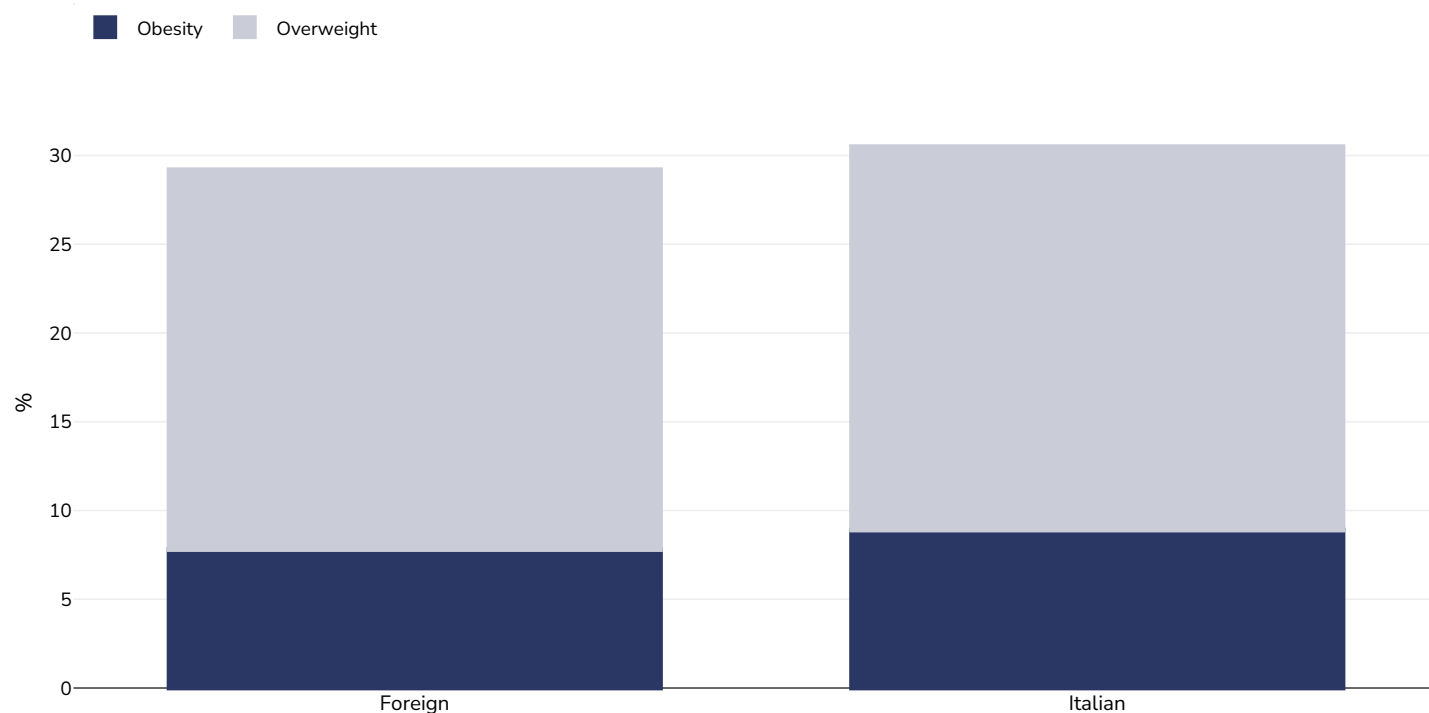
Ethnic groups are as defined by publication of origin and are not as defined by WOF. In some instances ethnicity is conflated with nationality and/or race.

Boys, 2016



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	48,900
Area covered:	National
References:	Lauria, Laura, et al. "Decline of Childhood Overweight and Obesity in Italy from 2008 to 2016: Results from 5 Rounds of the Population-Based Surveillance System." BMC Public Health, vol. 19, no. 1, 21 May 2019, 10.1186/s12889-019-6946-3. Available at: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12889-019-6946-3 . Accessed 13 May 2021.
Notes:	OKkio alla SALUTE 2016 data.
Definitions:	Based on Mother's citizenship.
Cutoffs:	WOF-IOTF

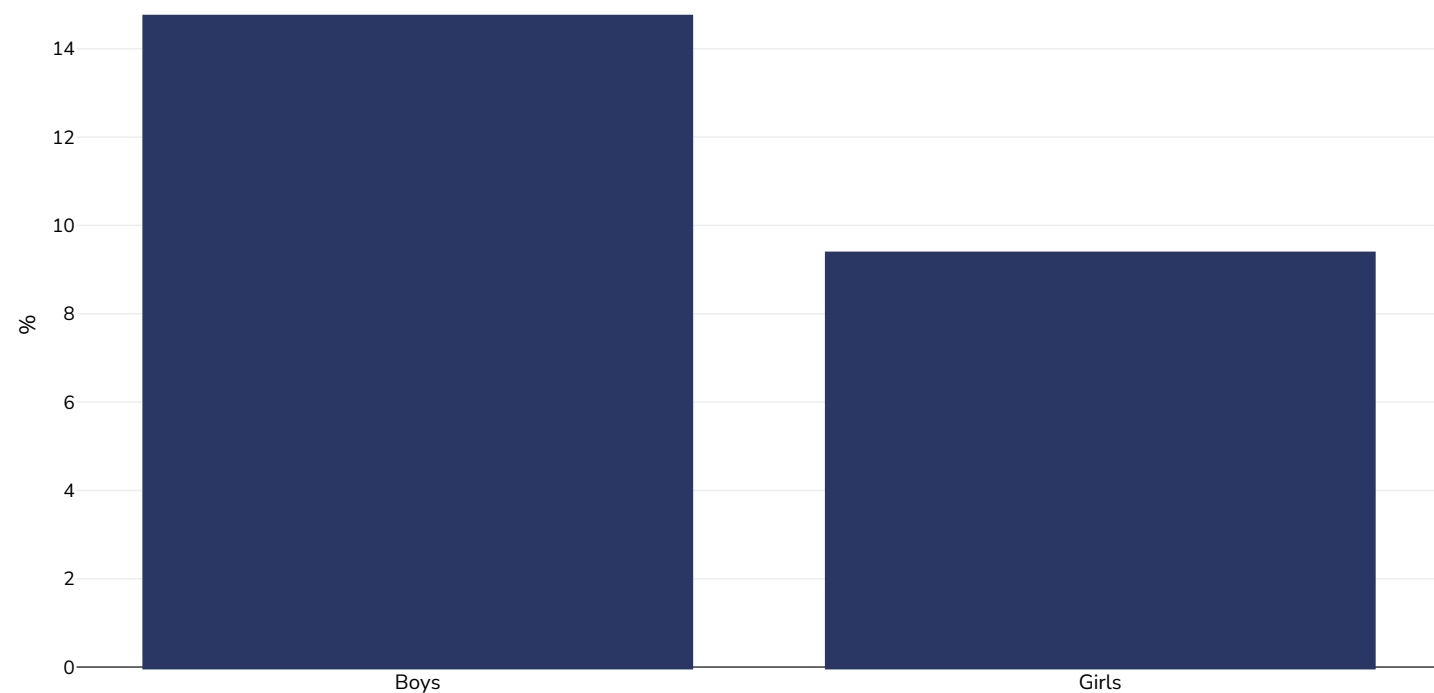
Girls, 2016



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	8-9
Sample size:	48,900
Area covered:	National
References:	Lauria, Laura, et al. "Decline of Childhood Overweight and Obesity in Italy from 2008 to 2016: Results from 5 Rounds of the Population-Based Surveillance System." BMC Public Health, vol. 19, no. 1, 21 May 2019, 10.1186/s12889-019-6946-3. Available at: https://link.springer.com/article/10.1186/s12889-019-6946-3 . Accessed 13 May 2021.
Notes:	OKkio alla SALUTE 2016 data.
Definitions:	Based on Mother's citizenship.
Cutoffs:	WOF-IOTF

Double burden of underweight & overweight

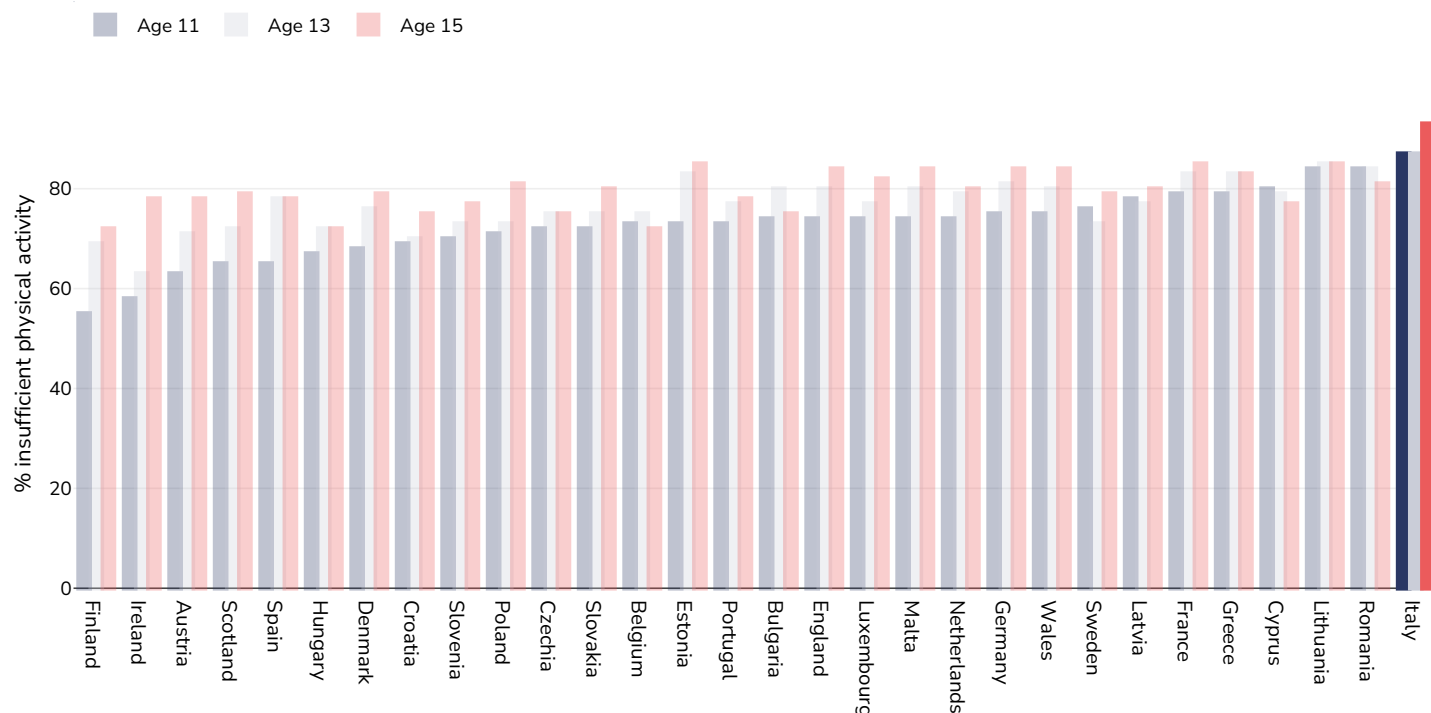
Children, 2022



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	5-19
References:	NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Worldwide trends in underweight and obesity from 1990 to 2022: a pooled analysis of 3663 population representative studies with 222 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet 2024; published online Feb 29. https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2 .
Notes:	Age standardised estimates
Definitions:	Combined prevalence of BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD (double burden of thinness and obesity)
Cutoffs:	BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD

Insufficient physical activity

Boys, 2021-2022



Survey type: Self-reported

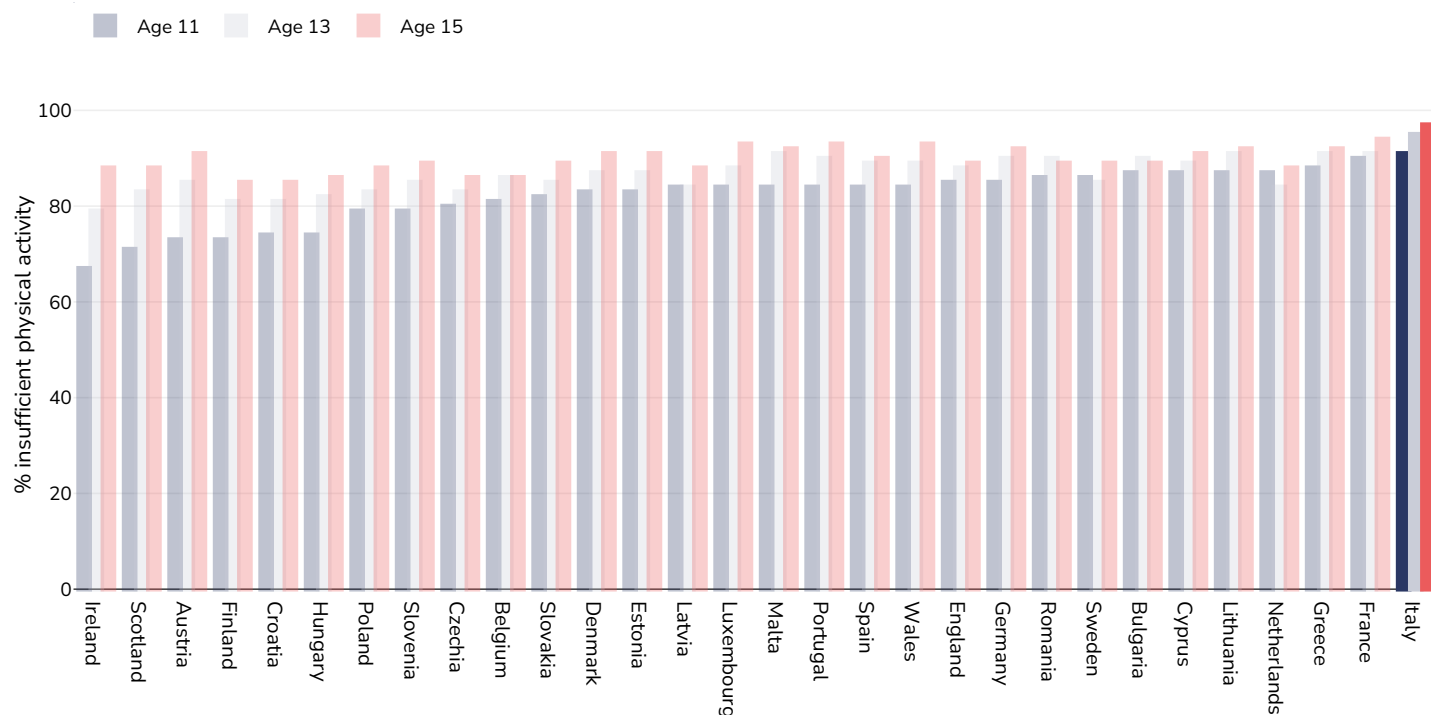
Area covered: National

References: Rakic JG, Hamrik Z, Dzielska A, Felder-Puig R, Oja L, Bakalár P et al. A focus on adolescent physical activity, eating behaviours, weight status and body image in Europe, central Asia and Canada. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children international report from the 2021/2022 survey. Volume 4. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2024. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children study (2023), Data browser (findings from the 2021/22 international HBSC survey): <https://data-browser.hbsc.org>.

Notes: Young people were asked to report the number of days over the past week during which they were physically active for a total of at least 60 minutes. The question was introduced by text defining moderate-to-vigorous physical activity (MVPA) as any activity that increases the heart rate and makes the person get out of breath some of the time, with examples provided. Findings presented on the Observatory show the proportions who report less than 60 minutes of MVPA daily. NB. National except Belgium (Flemish speaking region only)

Definitions: % reporting less than 60 minutes of MVPA daily

Girls, 2021-2022



Survey type: Self-reported

Area covered: National

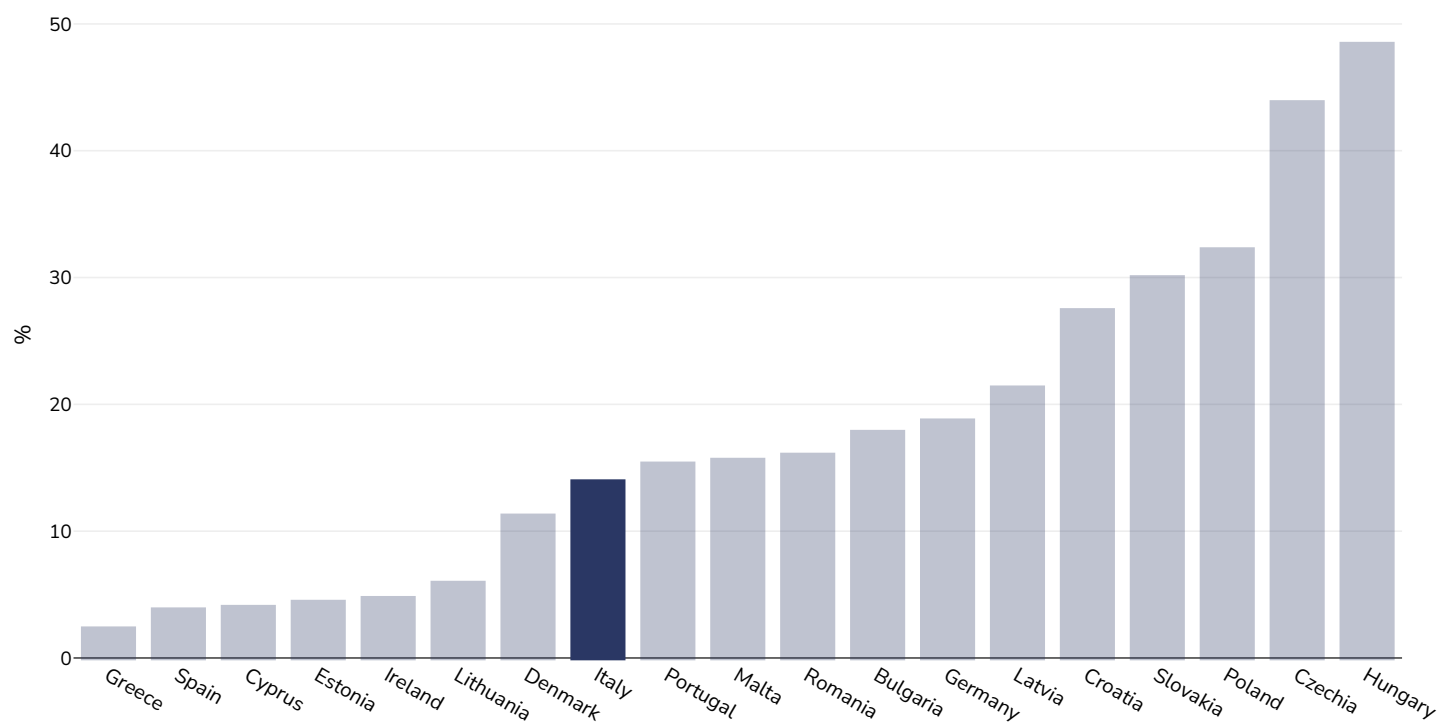
References: Rakic JG, Hamrik Z, Dzielska A, Felder-Puig R, Oja L, Bakalár P et al. A focus on adolescent physical activity, eating behaviours, weight status and body image in Europe, central Asia and Canada. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children international report from the 2021/2022 survey. Volume 4. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2024. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO. Health Behaviour in School-aged Children study (2023), Data browser (findings from the 2021/22 international HBSC survey): <https://data-browser.hbsc.org>.

Notes: Young people were asked to report the number of days over the past week during which they were physically active for a total of at least 60 minutes. The question was introduced by text defining moderate-to-vigorous physical activity (MVPA) as any activity that increases the heart rate and makes the person get out of breath some of the time, with examples provided. Findings presented on the Observatory show the proportions who report less than 60 minutes of MVPA daily. NB. National except Belgium (Flemish speaking region only)

Definitions: % reporting less than 60 minutes of MVPA daily

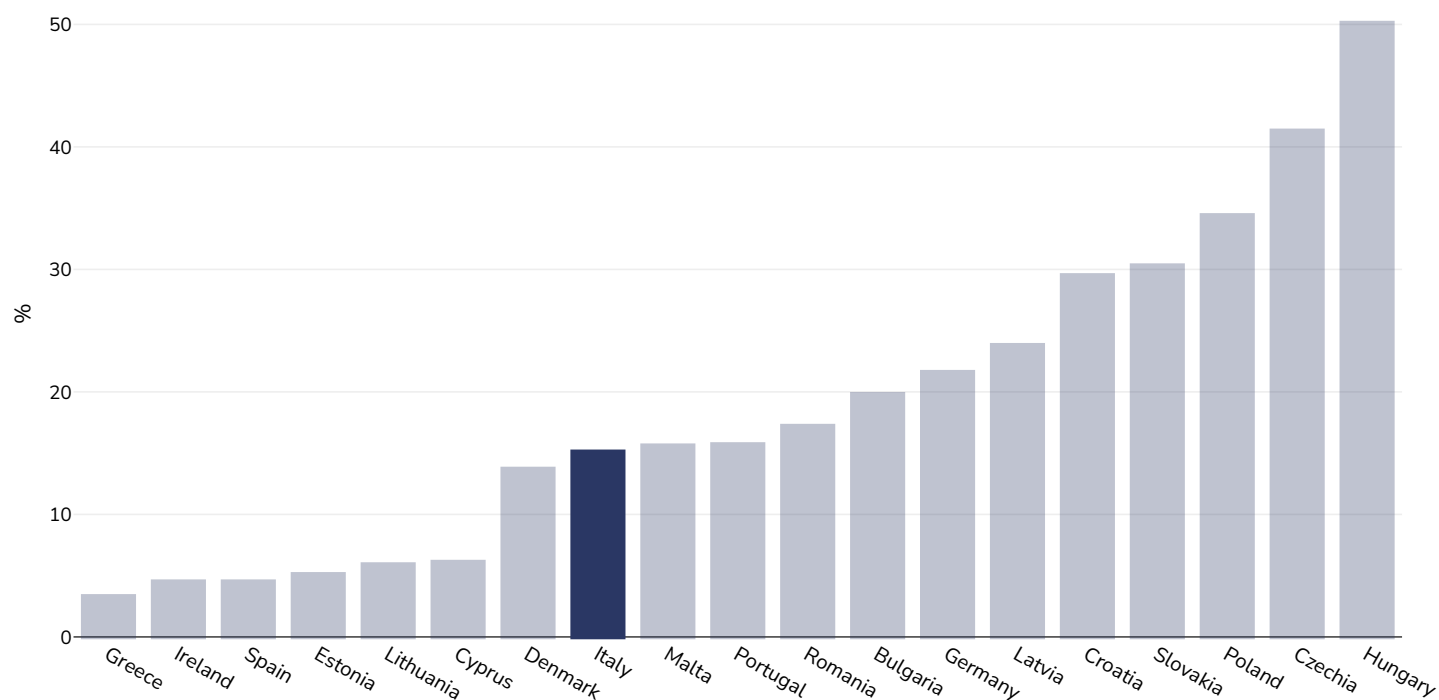
Prevalence of at least daily soft drink consumption

Children, 2022-2024



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	6-9
Sample size:	40850
Area covered:	National
References:	WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
Notes:	National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only)
Definitions:	Prevalence of daily consumption of soft drinks containing sugar, as reported by the child's parent (%)

Boys, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40850

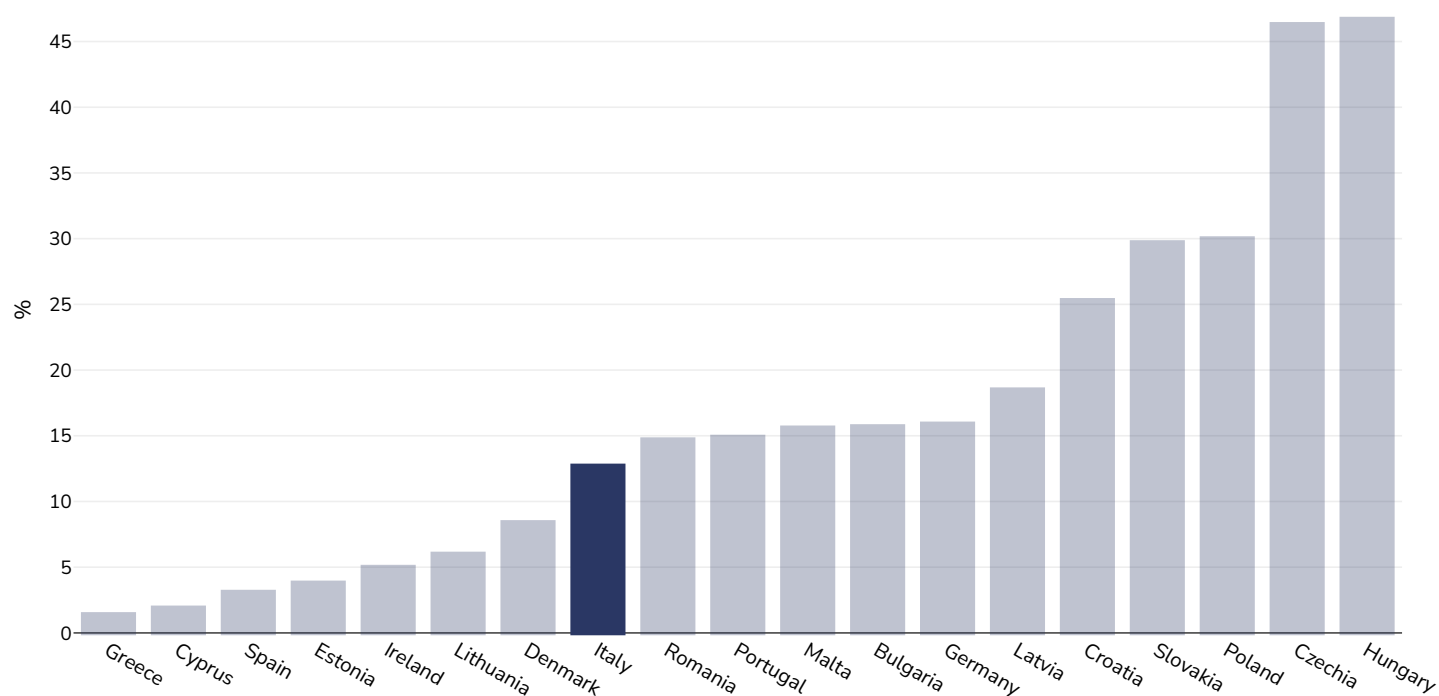
Area covered: National

References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022–2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only)

Definitions: Prevalence of daily consumption of soft drinks containing sugar, as reported by the child's parent (%)

Girls, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40850

Area covered: National

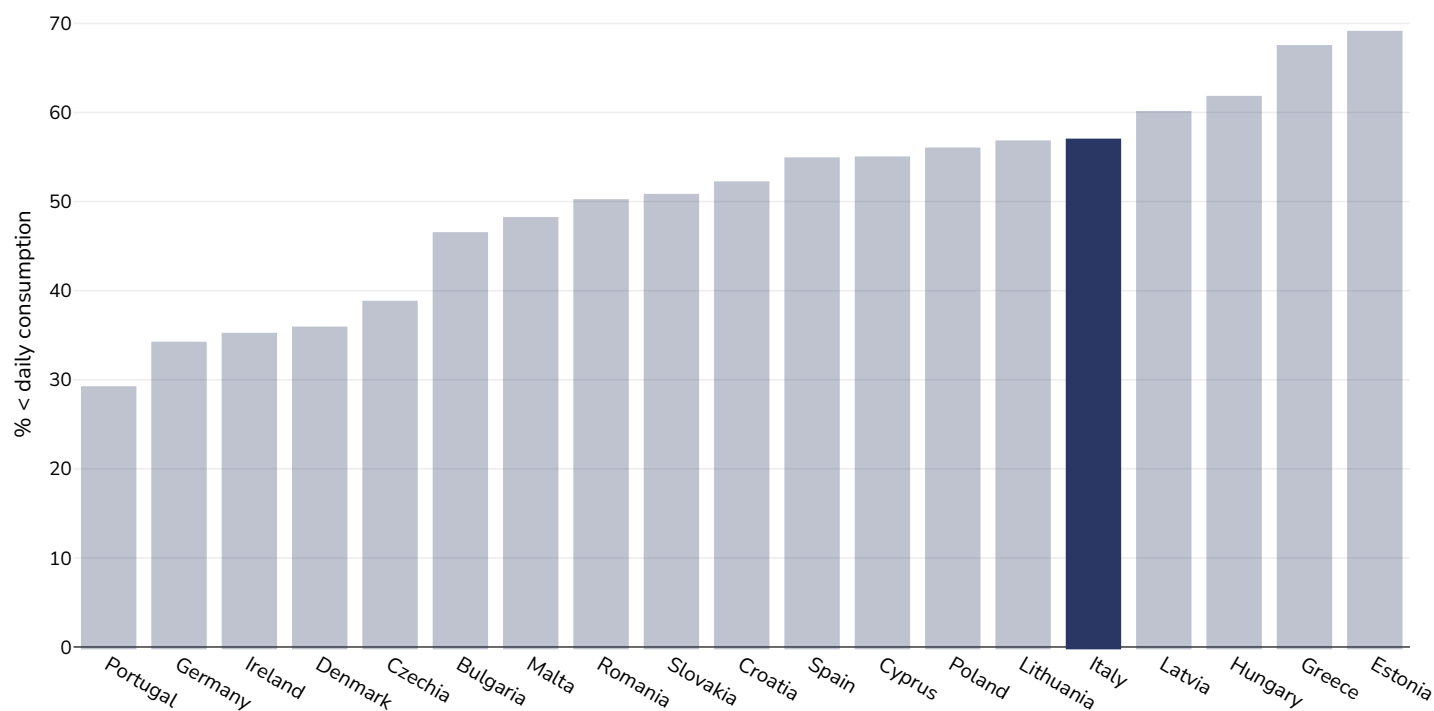
References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only)

Definitions: Prevalence of daily consumption of soft drinks containing sugar, as reported by the child's parent (%)

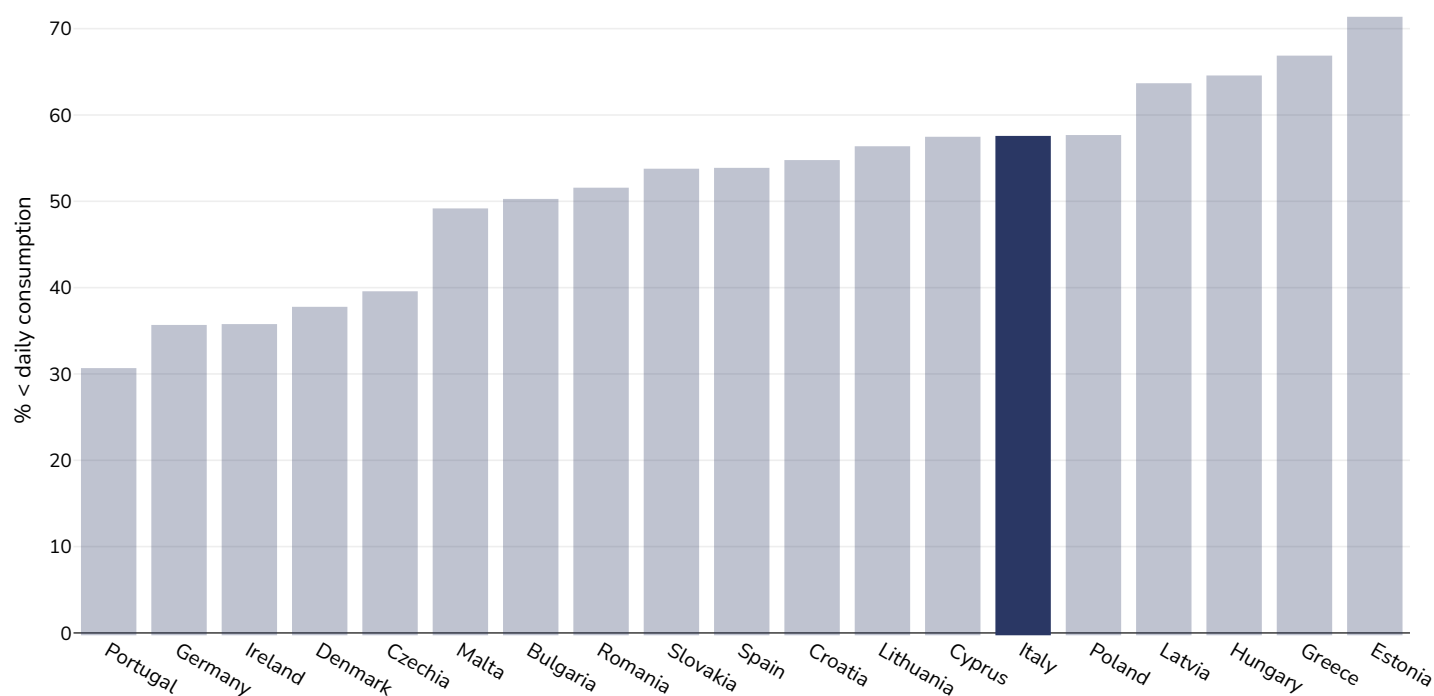
Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

Children, 2022-2024



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	6-9
Sample size:	40883
Area covered:	National
References:	WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
Notes:	National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).
Definitions:	Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes fruit less than daily

Boys, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40883

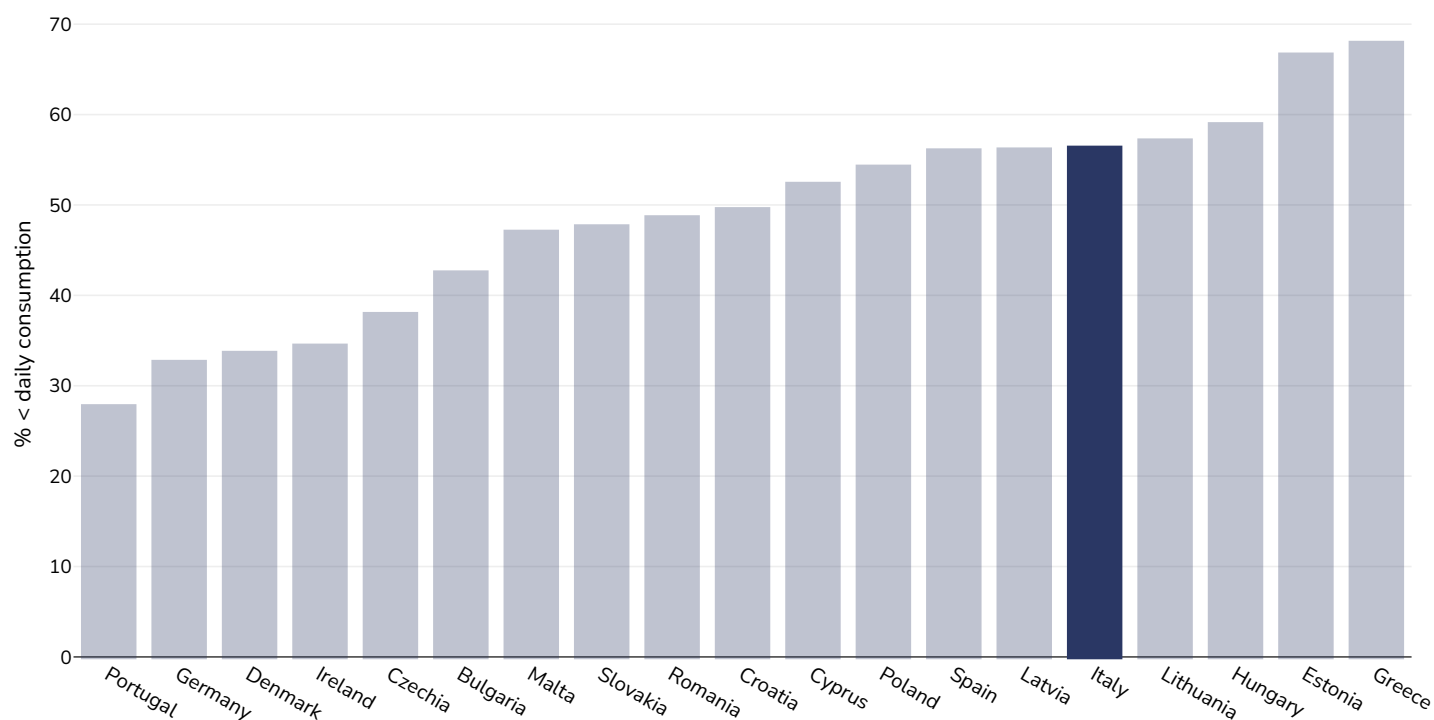
Area covered: National

References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).

Definitions: Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes fruit less than daily

Girls, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40883

Area covered: National

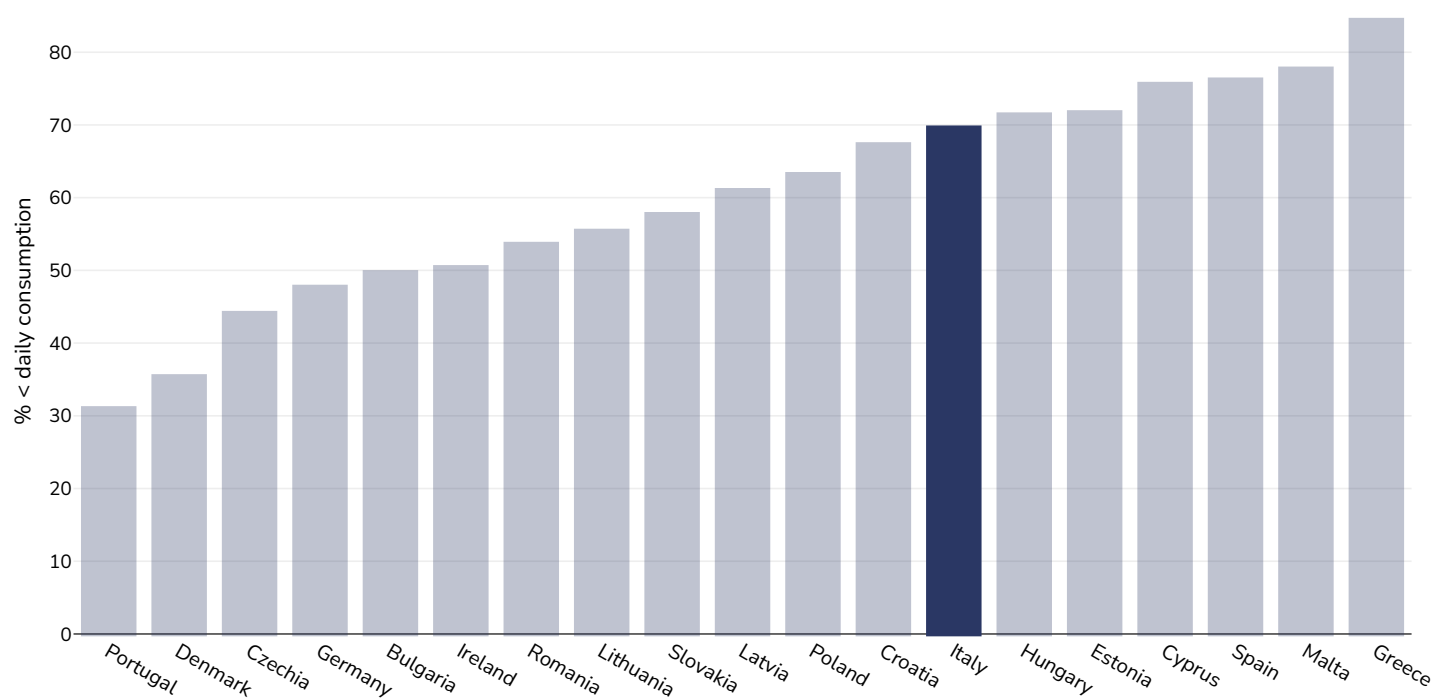
References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).

Definitions: Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes fruit less than daily

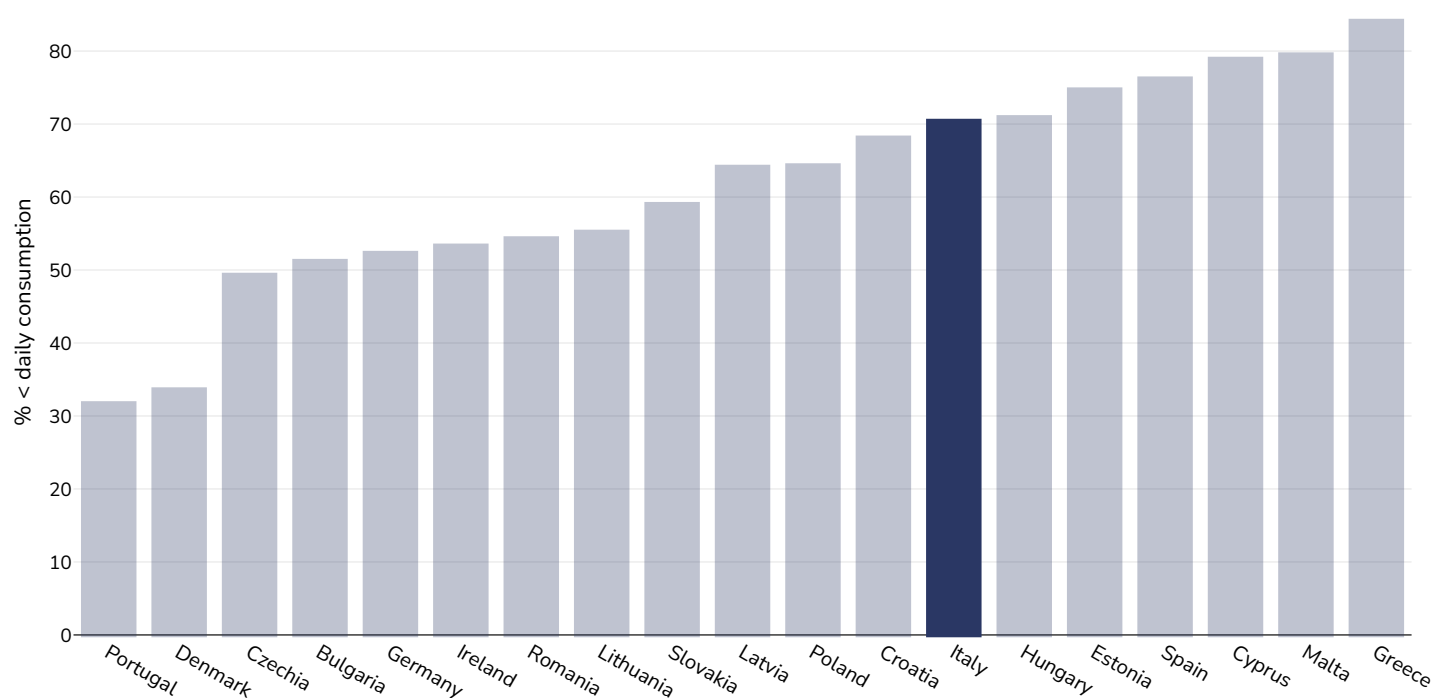
Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

Children, 2022-2024



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	6-9
Sample size:	40955
Area covered:	National
References:	WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.
Notes:	National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).
Definitions:	Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes vegetables less than daily

Boys, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40955

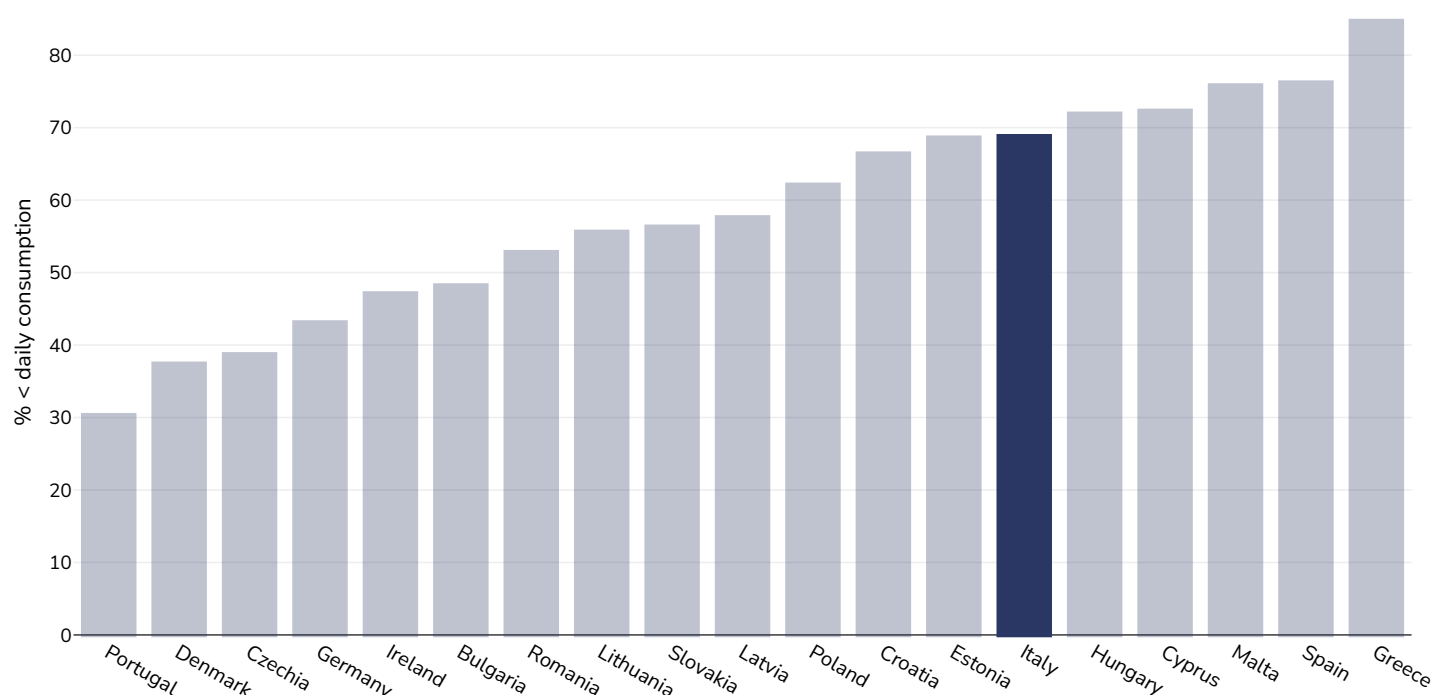
Area covered: National

References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022– 2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).

Definitions: Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes vegetables less than daily

Girls, 2022-2024



Survey type: Self-reported

Age: 6-9

Sample size: 40955

Area covered: National

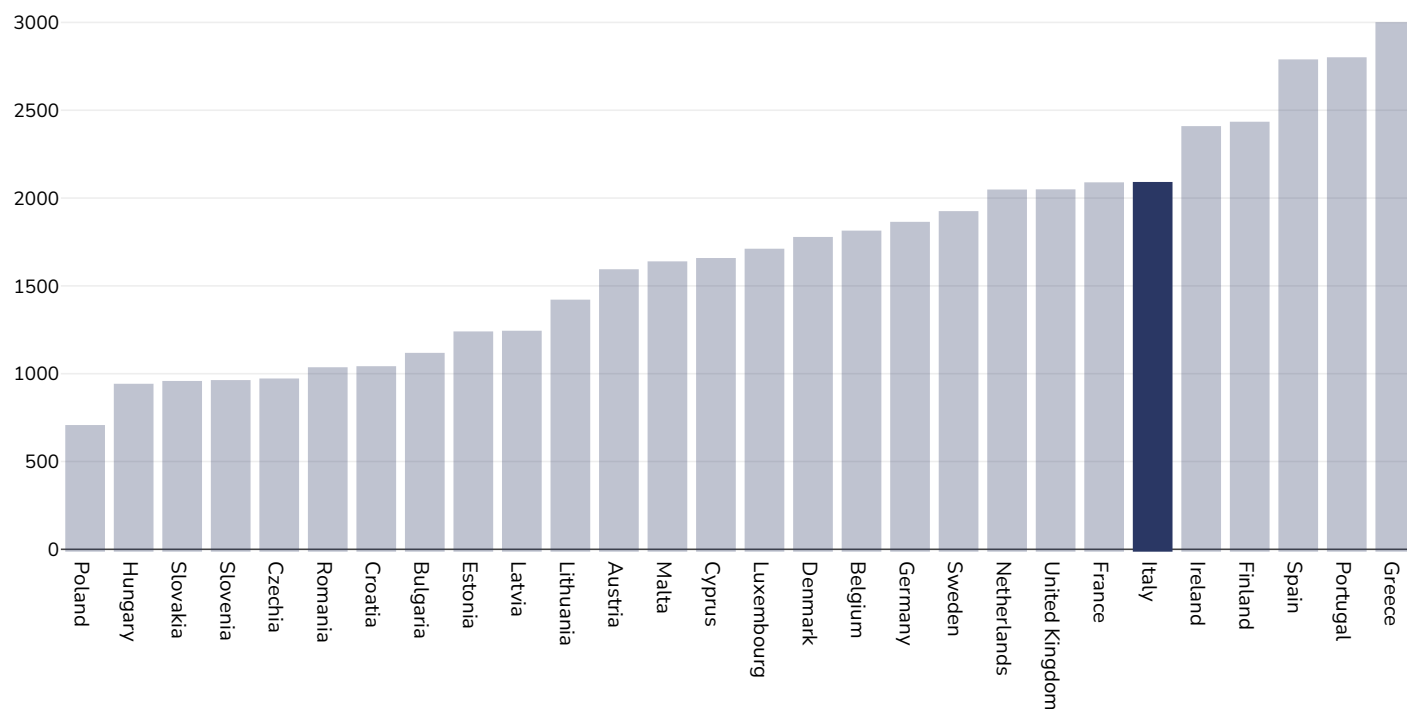
References: WHO European Childhood Obesity Surveillance Initiative (COSI): report on the sixth round of data collection, 2022–2024. Copenhagen: WHO Regional Office for Europe; 2025. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Notes: National data excluding Germany (Bremen only) and Kazakhstan (Almaty only).

Definitions: Proportion of children whose parents reported that their child consumes vegetables less than daily

Mental health - depression disorders

Children, 2021



Area covered:

National

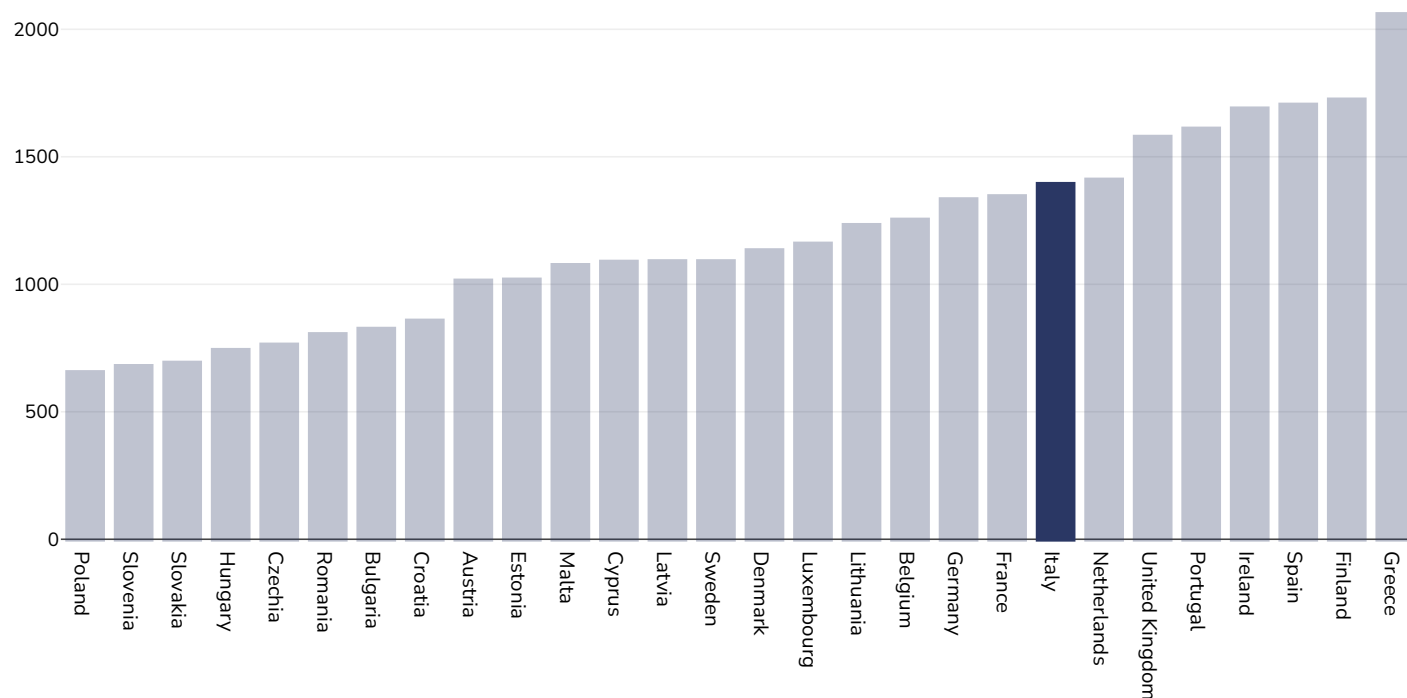
References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Boys, 2021



Area covered:

National

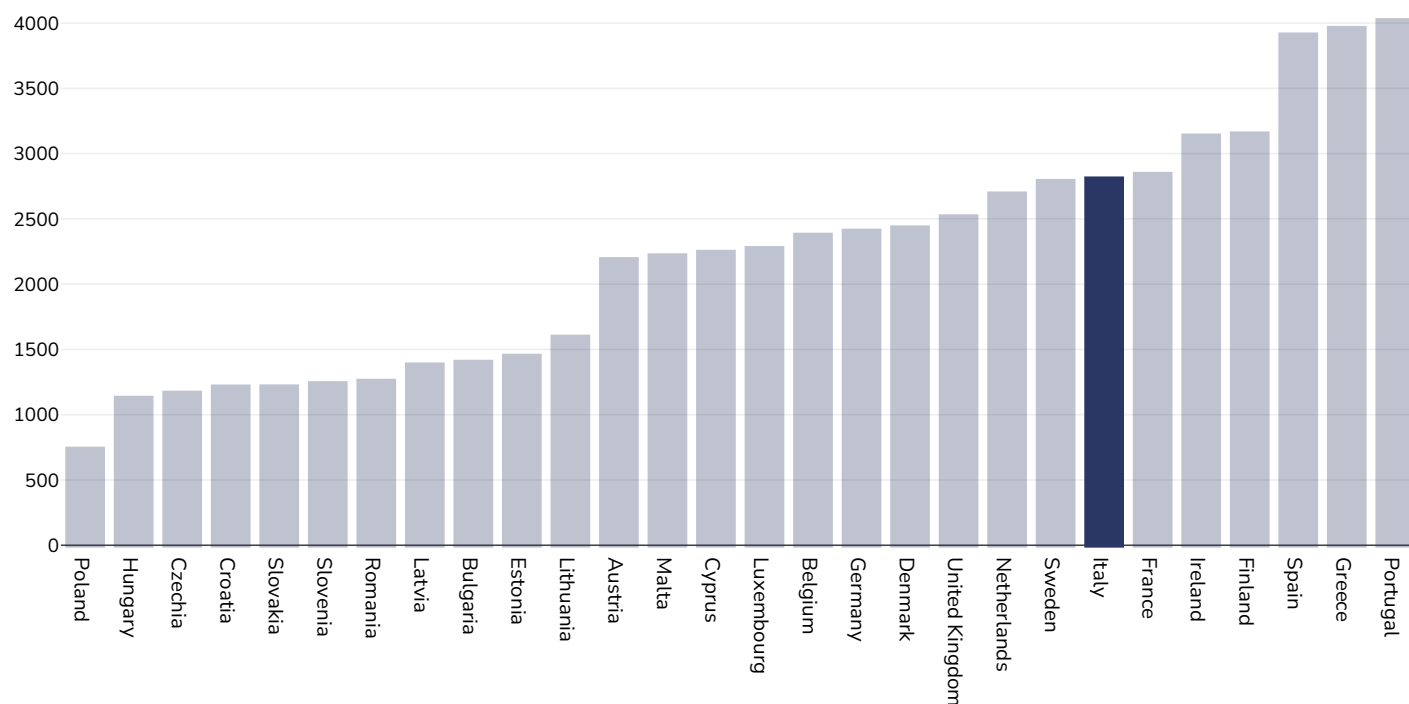
References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Girls, 2021



Area covered:

National

References:

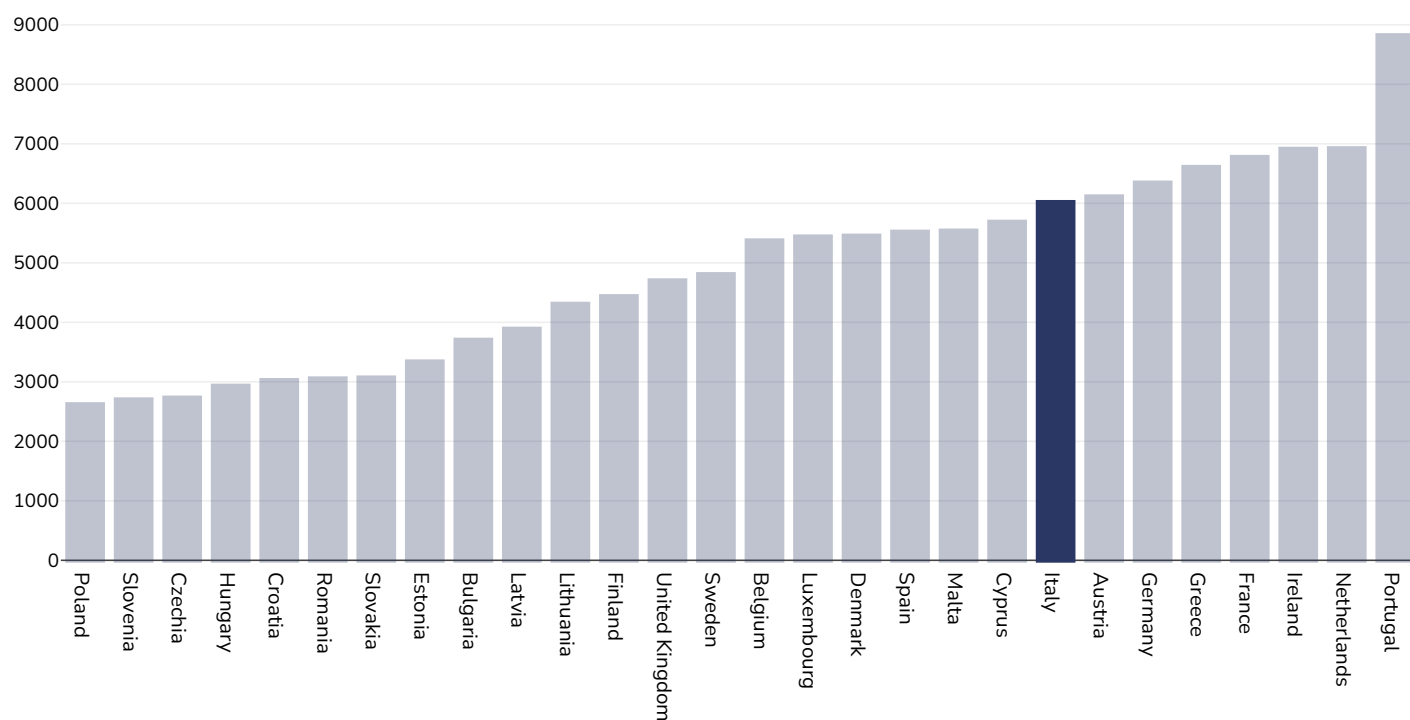
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

Mental health - anxiety disorders

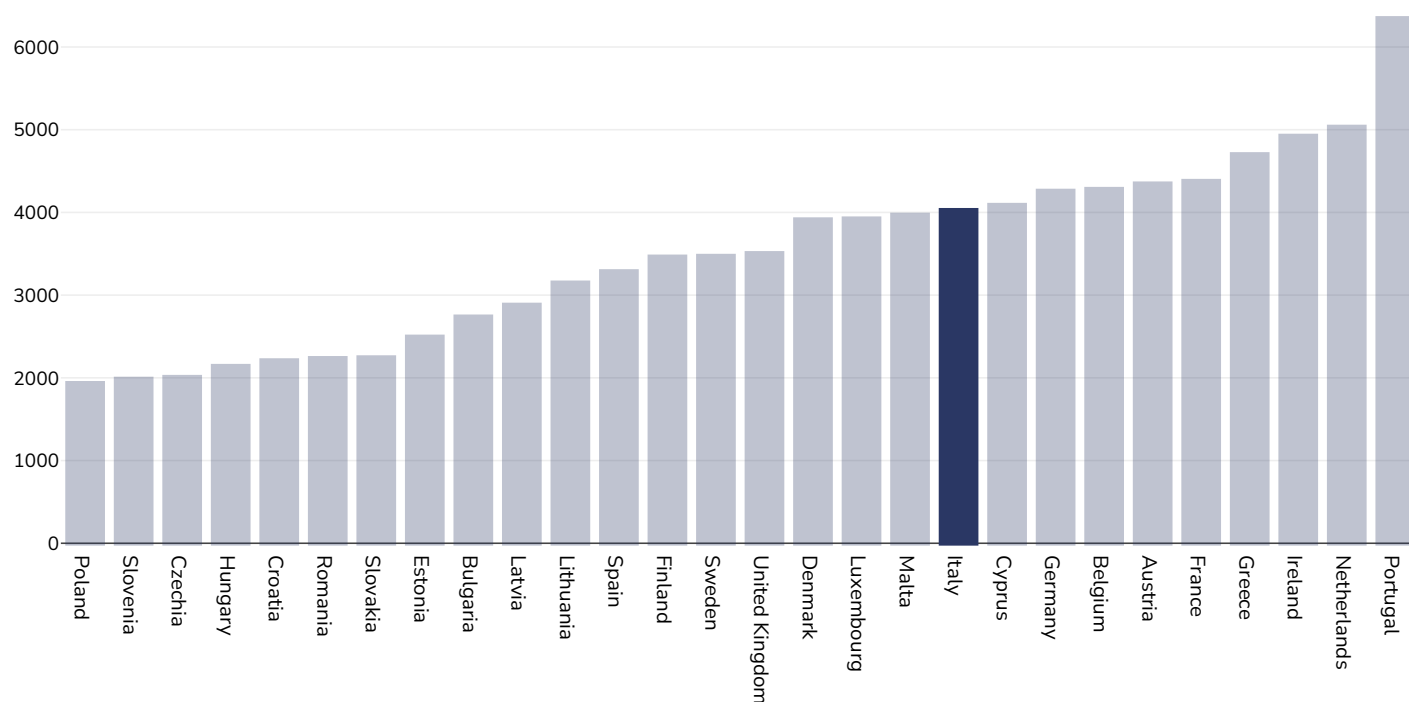
Children, 2021



References:

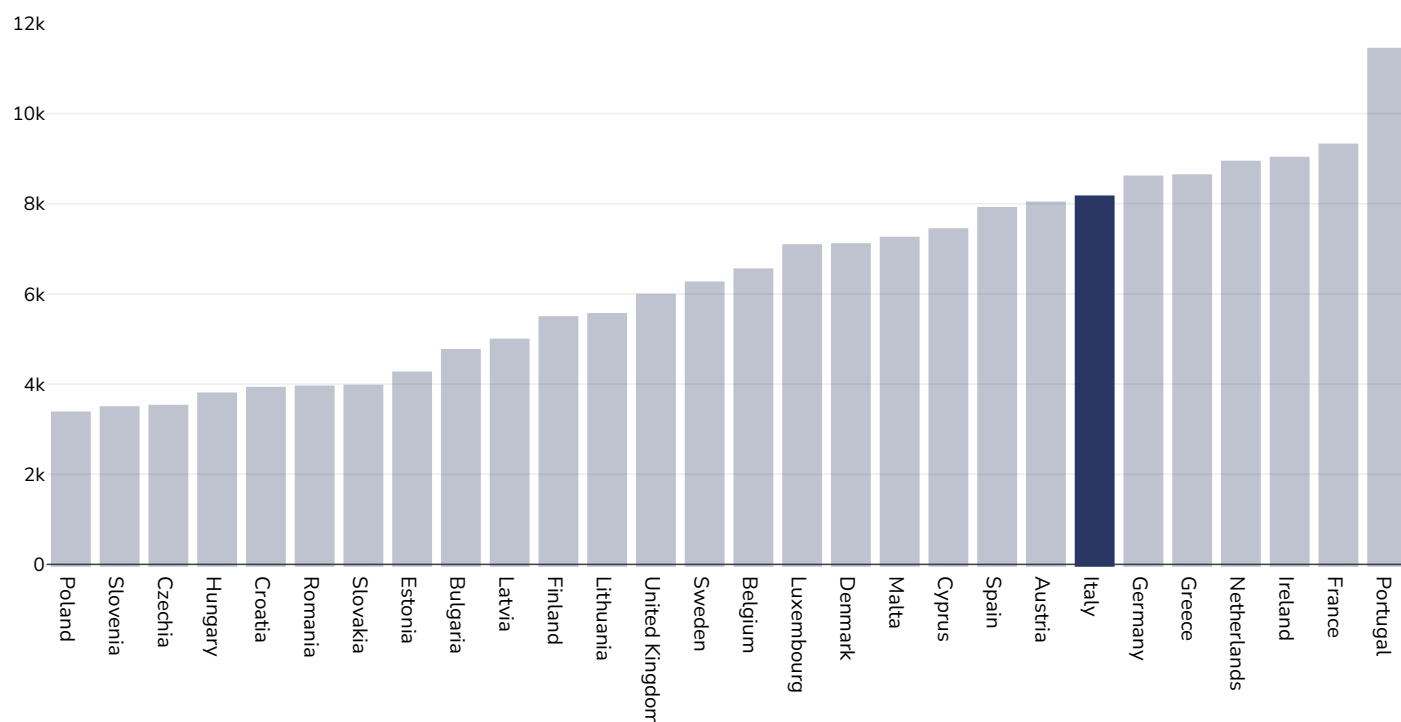
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Boys, 2021



References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Girls, 2021



References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

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