# Comorbidities

## India

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contents</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oesophageal cancer</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breast cancer</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal cancer</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pancreatic cancer</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gallbladder cancer</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kidney cancer</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancer of the uterus</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raised blood pressure</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raised cholesterol</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raised fasting blood glucose</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diabetes prevalence</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oesophageal cancer

Men, 2018


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, oesophagus, adults ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Women, 2018

Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, oesophagus, adults ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Breast cancer

Women, 2018

References: Global Cancer Observatory, Cancer incidence rates [http://gco.iarc.fr/] (last accessed 30th June 2020)

Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, breast, females, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Colorectal cancer

Men, 2018

References: Global Cancer Observatory, Cancer incidence rates http://gco.iarc.fr/ (last accessed 30th June 2020)

Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, colorectum, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, colorectum, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Pancreatic cancer

Men, 2018

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Incidence per 100,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sri Lanka</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timor-Leste</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myanmar</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhutan</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nepal</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maldives</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Korea</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, pancreas, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
**Women, 2018**

![Graph showing incidence rates per 100,000 for various countries.](image)

**Age:** 20+


**Definitions:** Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, pancreas, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Gallbladder cancer

Men, 2018

![Bar chart showing gallbladder cancer incidence per 100,000 for various countries in 2018. The chart includes countries such as the Maldives, Timor-Leste, Indonesia, Sri Lanka, Myanmar, India, Bhutan, Bangladesh, North Korea, Nepal, and Thailand.]

Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, gallbladder, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Women, 2018

Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, gallbladder, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Kidney cancer

Men, 2018

References: Global Cancer Observatory, Cancer incidence rates [http://gco.iarc.fr/] (last accessed 30th June 2020)

Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, kidney, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Women, 2018


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, kidney, adults, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Cancer of the uterus

Women, 2018

Age: 20+


Definitions: Estimated age-standardized incidence rates (World) in 2018, cervix uteri, females, ages 20+. ASR (World) per 100,000
Raised blood pressure

Adults, 2015


Definitions: Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).
Men, 2015

References:
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

Definitions:
Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).
Women, 2015

References:

Definitions:
Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).
Raised cholesterol

Adults, 2008

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>% Raised cholesterol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nepal</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladesh</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Korea</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Myanmar</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bhutan</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sri Lanka</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maldives</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thailand</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, [http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885](http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885)

Definitions: % Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).
Men, 2008

References:
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

Definitions:
% Raised total cholesterol (≥ 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).
Women, 2008

References:

Definitions:
% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).
Raised fasting blood glucose

Men, 2014

References:
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

Definitions:
Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (≥ 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).
Women, 2014

% raised fasting blood glucose

North Korea  Myanmar  Sri Lanka  Indonesia  Thailand  India  Bangladesh  Maldives  Nepal  Bhutan

References:
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

Definitions:
Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).
Diabetes prevalence

Adults, 2021

Age: 20-79
Area covered: National


Definitions: Age-adjusted comparative prevalence of diabetes, %