

Guyana



Country report card - children

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at https://data.worldobesity.org/country/guyana-89/.



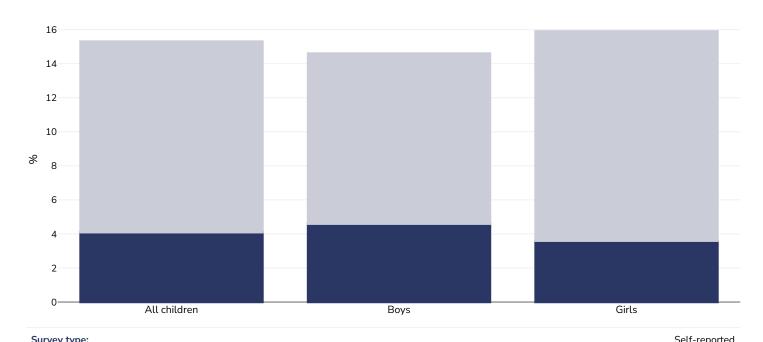
Contents	Page
Obesity prevalence	3
Overweight/obesity by region	4
Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group	6
Overweight/obesity by ethnicity	8
Double burden of underweight & overweight	9
Insufficient physical activity	10
Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption	13
Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption	14
Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption	15
Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption	16
Mental health - depression disorders	17
Mental health - anxiety disorders	21



# **Obesity prevalence**

### Children, 2010





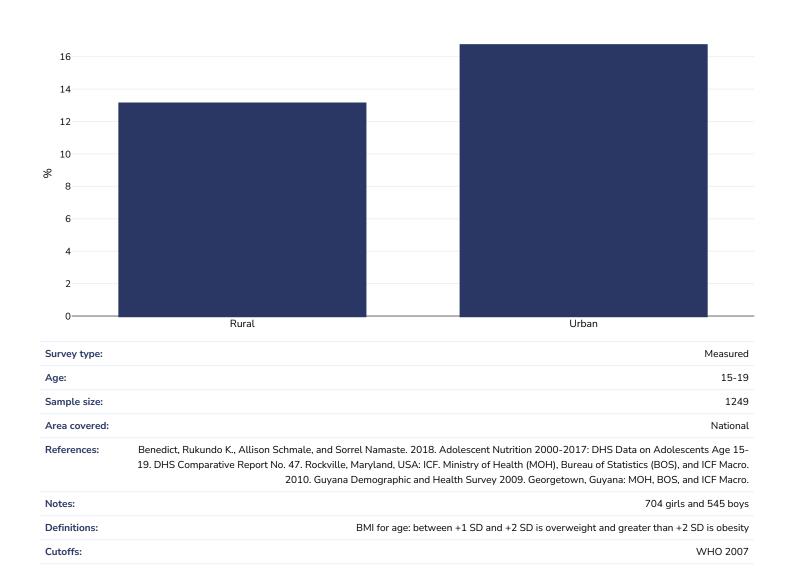
Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	13-15
Sample size:	2392
Area covered:	National
References:	$\label{thm:continuous} Global School-based Student Health Survey (GSHS), available at $$ $$ https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/Guyana_2010_GSHS_FS.pdf?ua=1 $$ (last accessed 25.11.20) $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$$
	Number 1



### Overweight/obesity by region

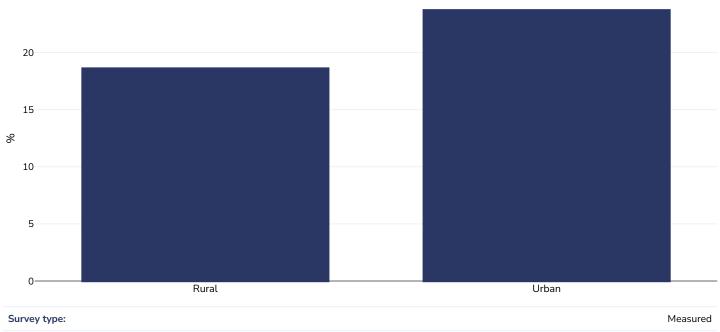
#### Boys, 2009

Overweight or obesity





Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-19
Sample size:	1249

Area covered: National

References: Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 15-19. DHS Comparative Report No. 47. Rockville, Maryland, USA: ICF. Ministry of Health (MOH), Bureau of Statistics (BOS), and ICF Macro. 2010. Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Georgetown, Guyana: MOH, BOS, and ICF Macro.

Notes: 704 girls and 545 boys

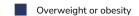
**Definitions:**BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

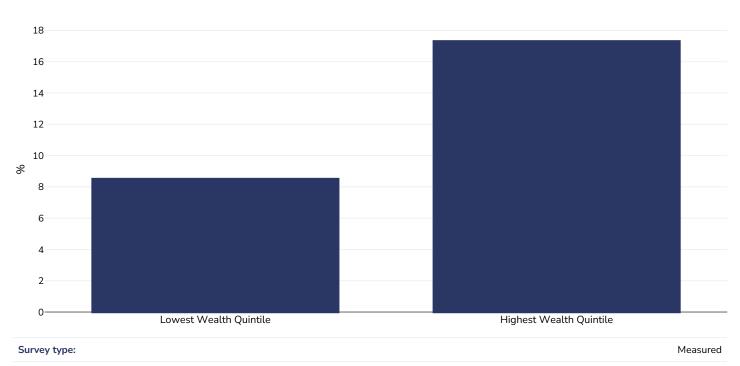
Cutoffs: WHO 2007



## Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

#### Boys, 2009





Age:	15-19
Sample size:	1794
Area covered:	National
References:	Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 15-19. DHS Comparative Report No. 47. Rockville, Maryland, USA: ICF. Ministry of Health (MOH), Bureau of Statistics (BOS), and ICF Macro. 2010. Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Georgetown, Guyana: MOH, BOS, and ICF Macro.

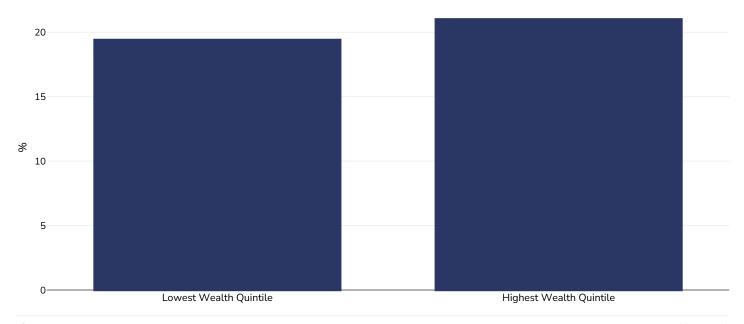
Notes: 1249 girls and 545 boys

**Definitions:**BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

Cutoffs: WHO 2007



Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-19
Sample size:	1794

Area covered:

References: Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 15-

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Notes: 1249 girls and 545 boys

**Definitions:**BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

Cutoffs: WHO 2007



# Overweight/obesity by ethnicity

Ethnic groups are as defined by publication of origin and are not as defined by WOF. In some instances ethnicity is conflated with nationality and/or race.

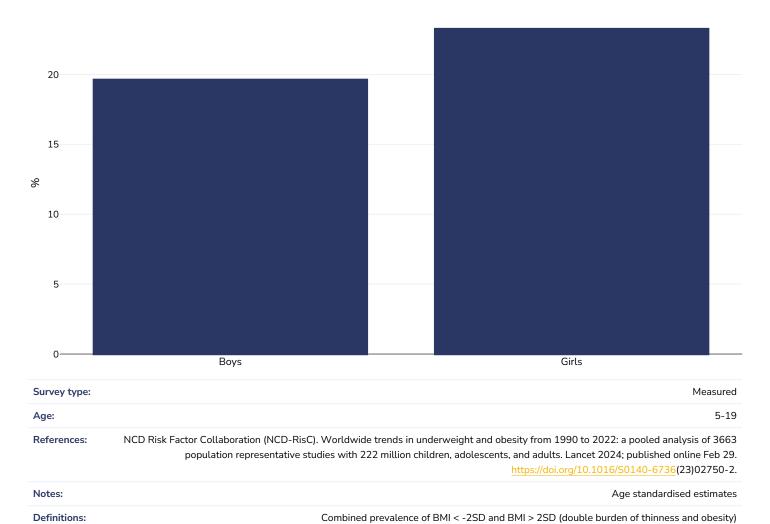
BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD



### Double burden of underweight & overweight

#### Children, 2022

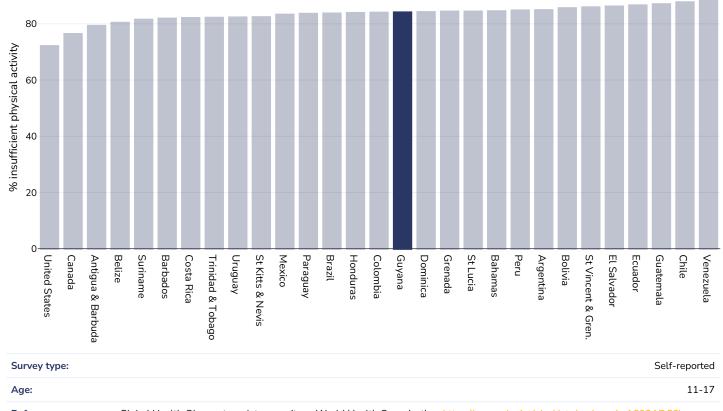
**Cutoffs:** 





### Insufficient physical activity

#### Children, 2016



Age:

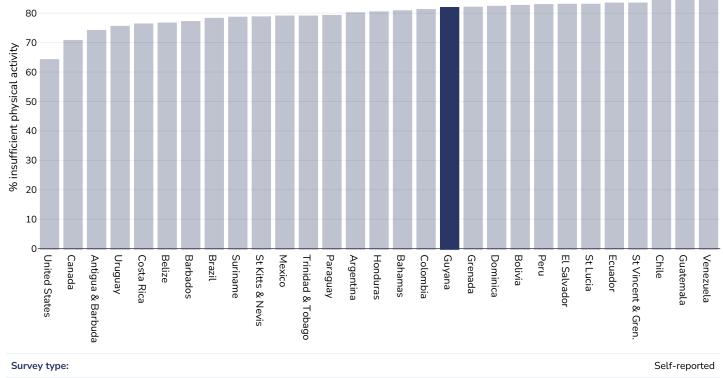
References: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)

Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)

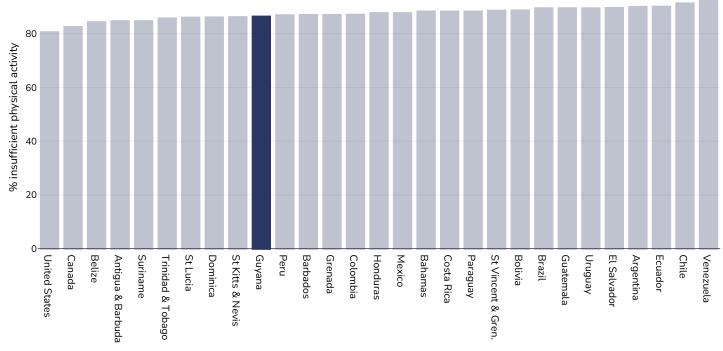


### Boys, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



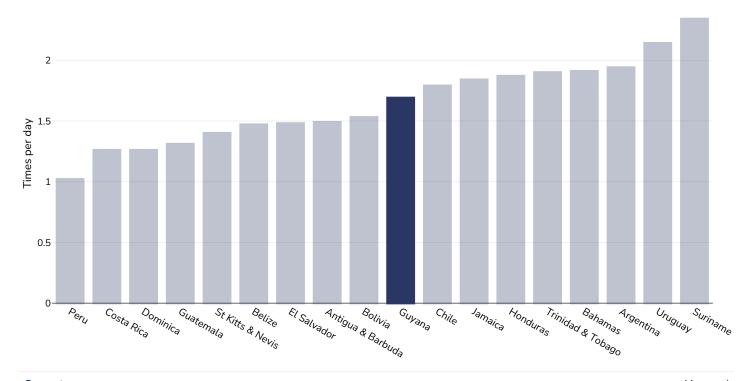


Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



### Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

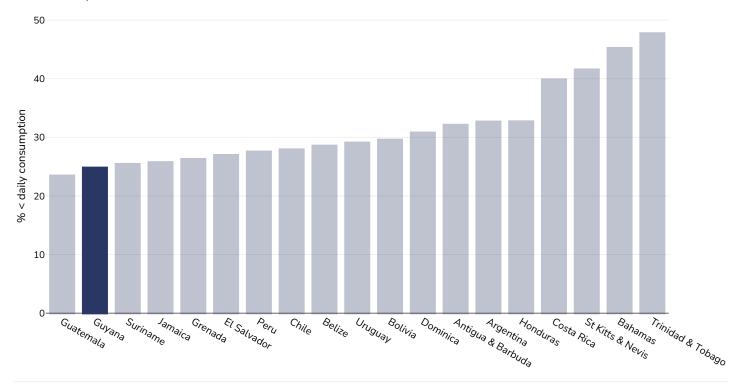
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systemsdashboar



#### Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Measured Survey type:

Age: 12-17

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-

system

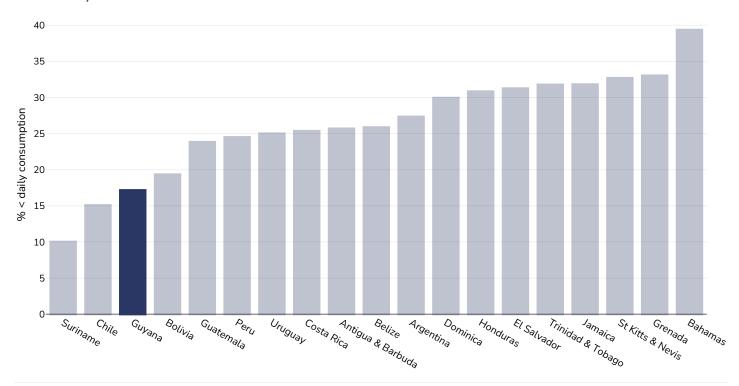
**Definitions:** 

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



### Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>

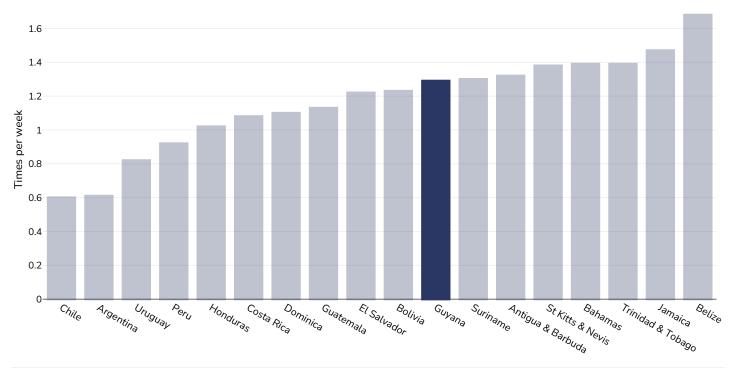
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



### Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

#### Children, 2009-2015



Age: 12-17

References:

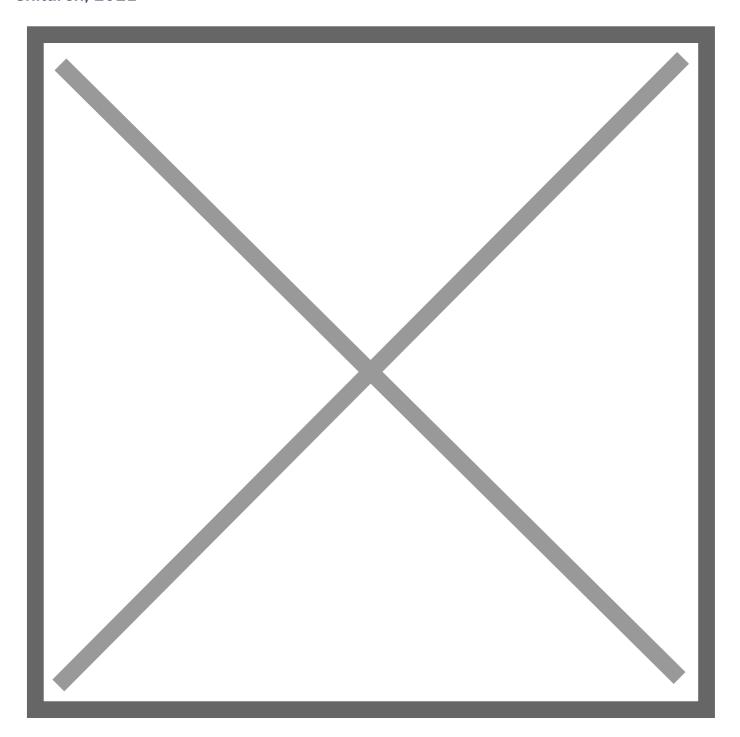
Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems</a>



Mental health - depression disorders



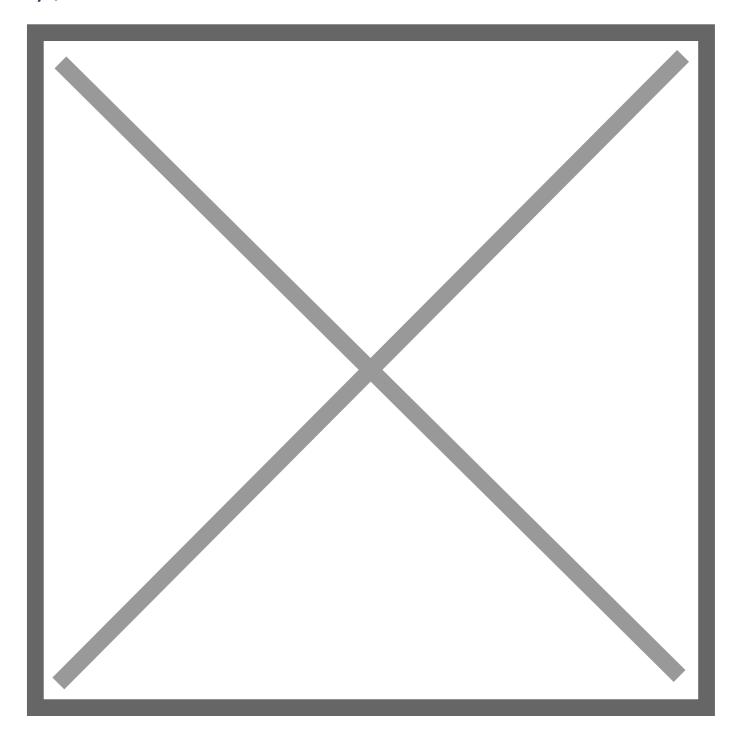
## Children, 2021



Area covered:	National
References:	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> . (Last accessed 23.04.25)
Definitions:	Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)

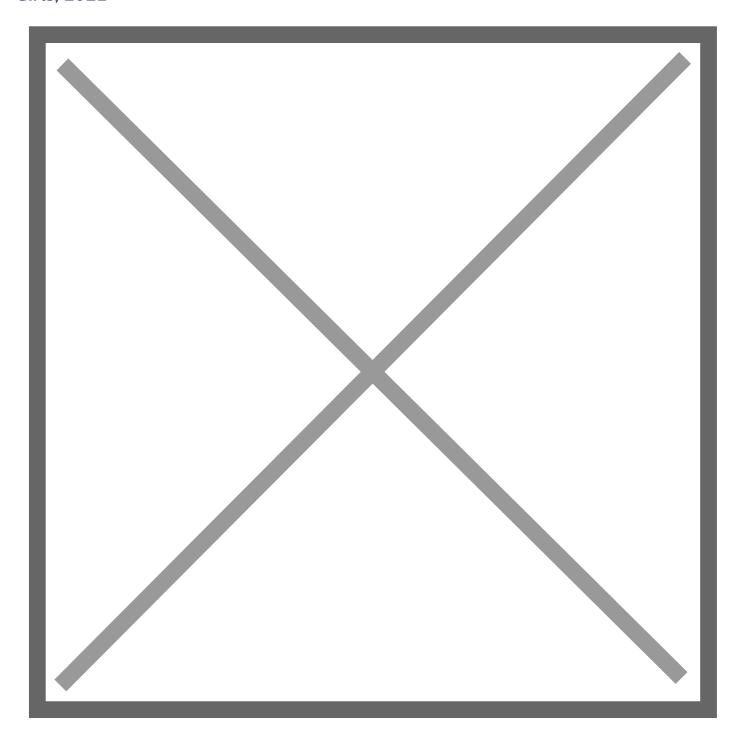


## Boys, 2021



Area covered:	National
References:	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> . (Last accessed 23.04.25)
Definitions:	Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)



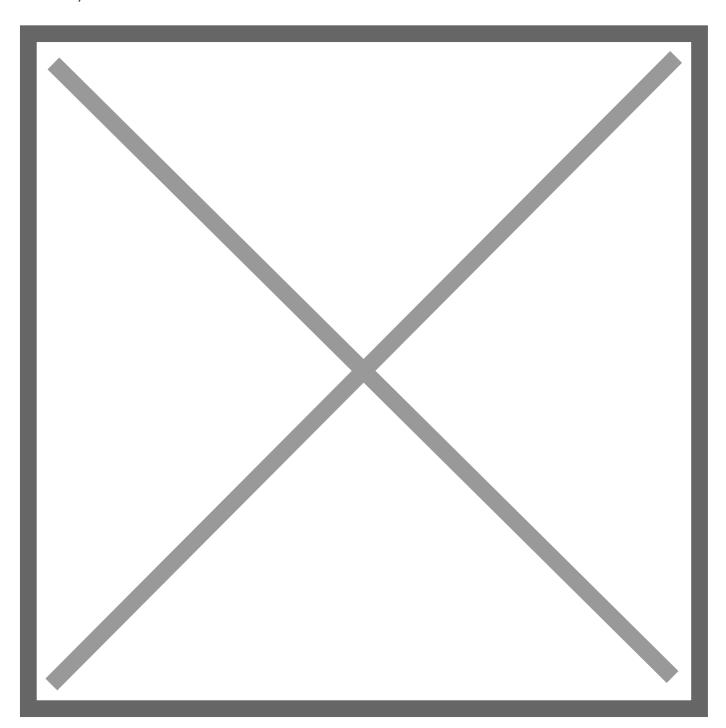


Area covered:	National
References:	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> . (Last accessed 23.04.25)
Definitions:	Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)



### Mental health - anxiety disorders

Children, 2021

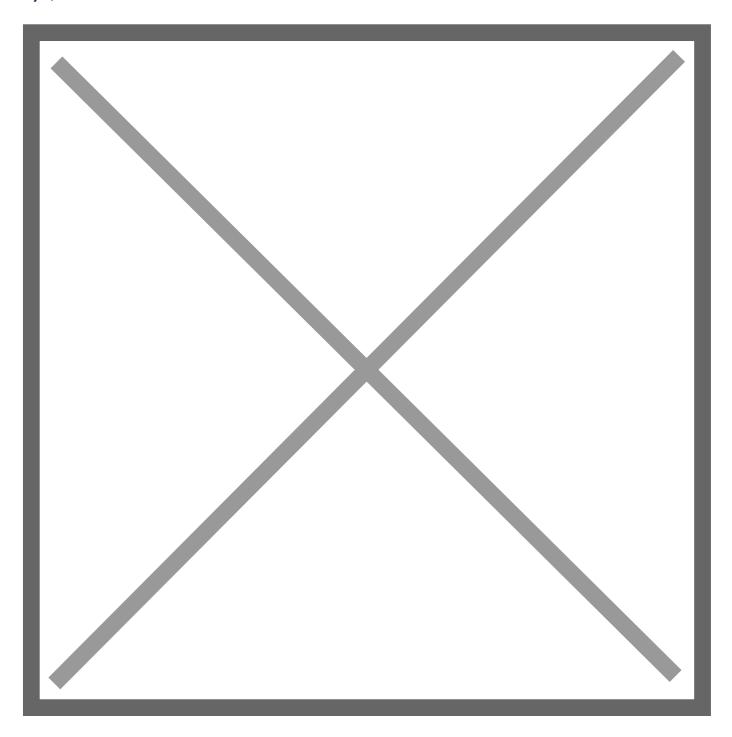


References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)



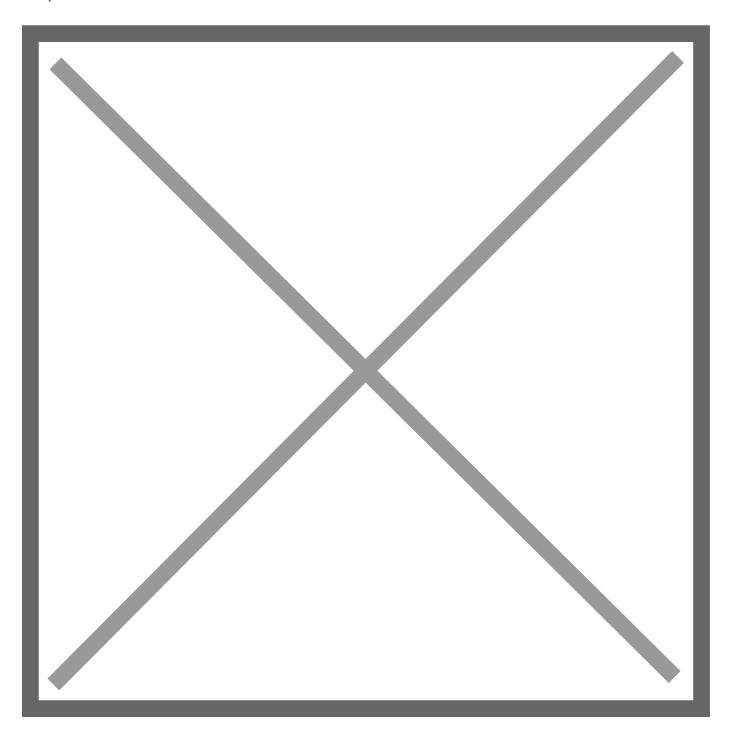
#### Boys, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)





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