

Guyana



Country report card - children

This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for children, including adolescents (aged 5 to 18 years). Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.

View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at https://data.worldobesity.org/country/guyana-89/.



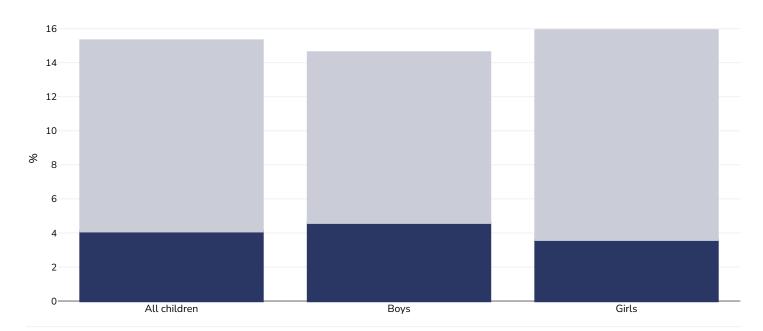
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## **Obesity prevalence**

## Children, 2010





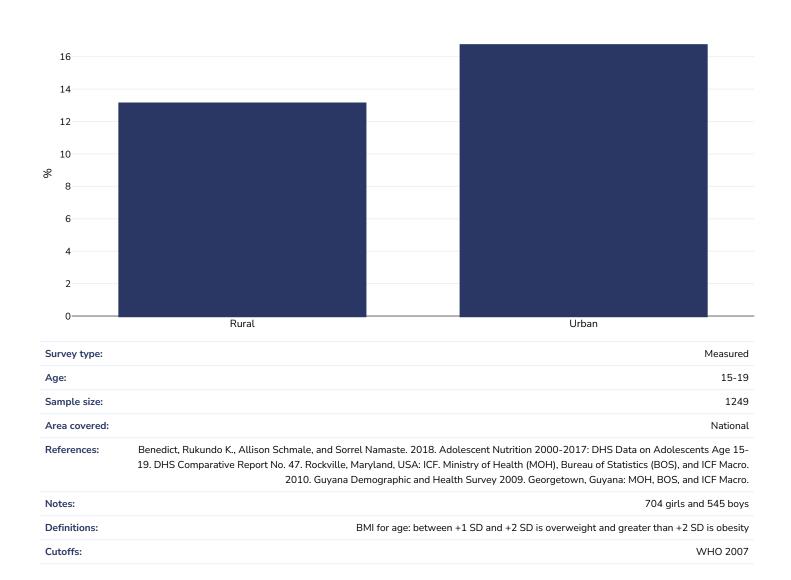
Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	13-15
Sample size:	2392
Area covered:	National
References:	Global School-based Student Health Survey (GSHS), available at <a href="https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/Guyana_2010_GSHS_FS.pdf?ua=1">https://www.who.int/ncds/surveillance/gshs/Guyana_2010_GSHS_FS.pdf?ua=1</a> (last accessed 25.11.20)
Cutoffs:	wно



## Overweight/obesity by region

### Boys, 2009

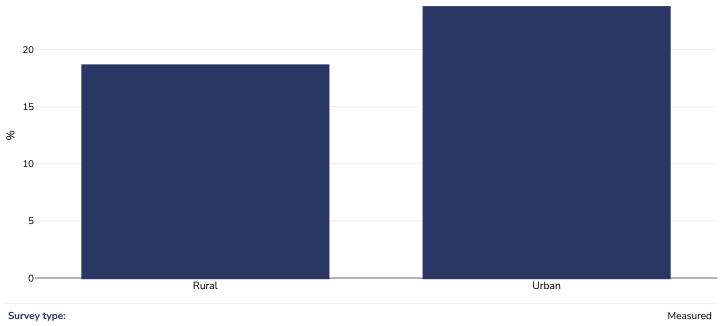
Overweight or obesity





### Girls, 2009

Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-19
Sample size:	1249

Area covered: National

References: Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 15-19. DHS Comparative Report No. 47. Rockville, Maryland, USA: ICF. Ministry of Health (MOH), Bureau of Statistics (BOS), and ICF Macro. 2010. Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Georgetown, Guyana: MOH, BOS, and ICF Macro.

Notes: 704 girls and 545 boys

**Definitions:**BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

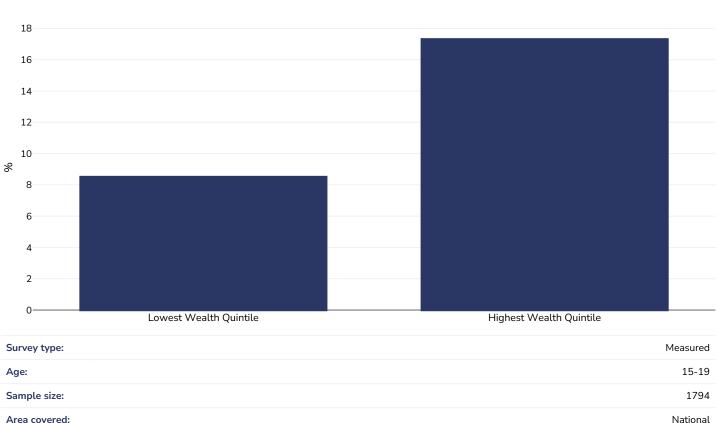
Cutoffs: WHO 2007



## Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

## Boys, 2009





Sample size:

Area covered:

National

References:

Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 1519. DHS Comparative Report No. 47. Rockville, Maryland, USA: ICF. Ministry of Health (MOH), Bureau of Statistics (BOS), and ICF Macro.
2010. Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Georgetown, Guyana: MOH, BOS, and ICF Macro.

Notes: 1249 girls and 545 boys

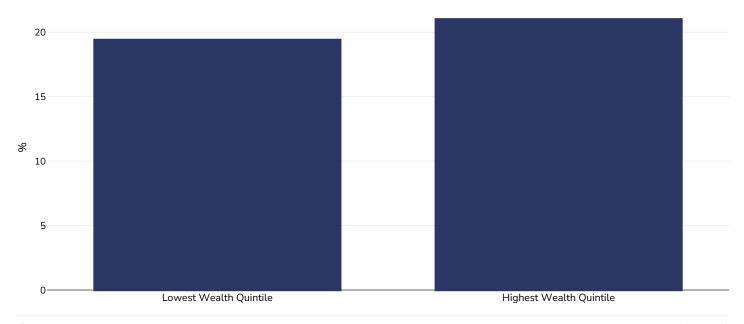
Definitions: BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

Cutoffs: WHO 2007



### Girls, 2009

Overweight or obesity



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	15-19
Sample size:	1794

Area covered:

References: Benedict, Rukundo K., Allison Schmale, and Sorrel Namaste. 2018. Adolescent Nutrition 2000-2017: DHS Data on Adolescents Age 15-

19. DHS Comparative Report No. 47. Rockville, Maryland, USA: ICF. Ministry of Health (MOH), Bureau of Statistics (BOS), and ICF Macro.

2010. Guyana Demographic and Health Survey 2009. Georgetown, Guyana: MOH, BOS, and ICF Macro.

Notes: 1249 girls and 545 boys

**Definitions:**BMI for age: between +1 SD and +2 SD is overweight and greater than +2 SD is obesity

Cutoffs: WHO 2007



# Overweight/obesity by ethnicity

Ethnic groups are as defined by publication of origin and are not as defined by WOF. In some instances ethnicity is conflated with nationality and/or race.

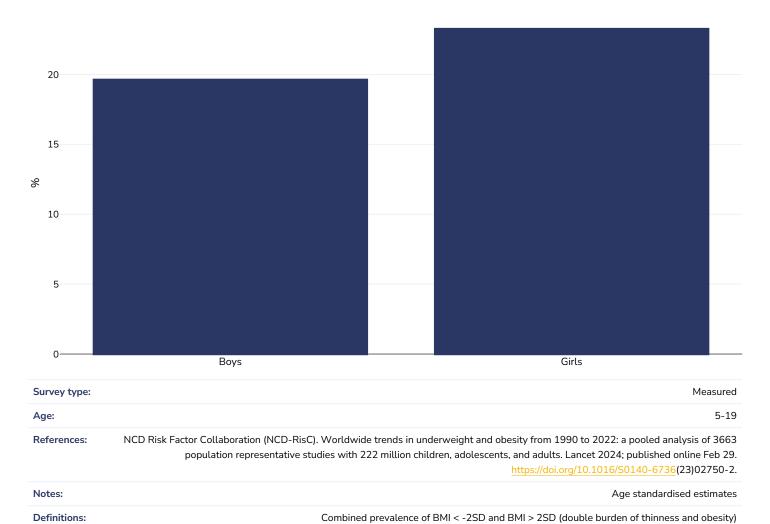
BMI < -2SD and BMI > 2SD



## Double burden of underweight & overweight

### Children, 2022

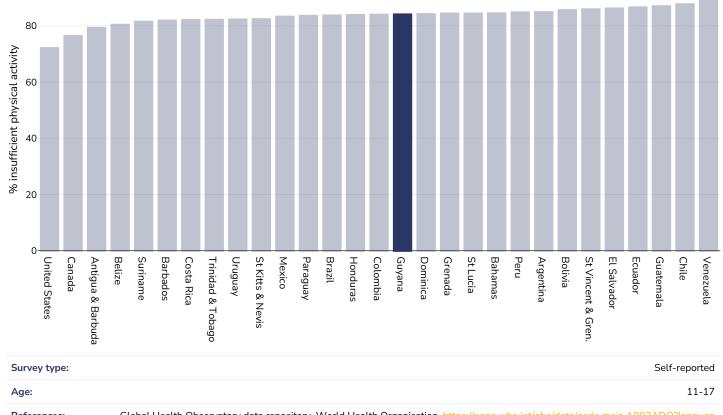
**Cutoffs:** 





## Insufficient physical activity

### Children, 2016



Age:

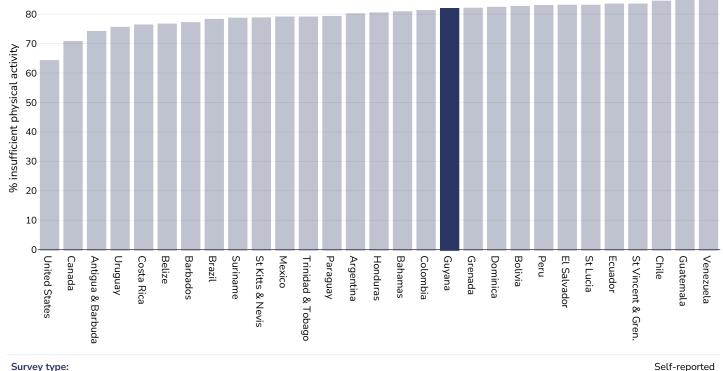
References: Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)

Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



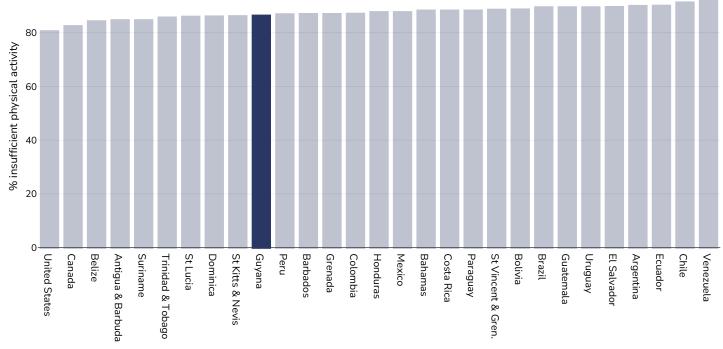
## Boys, 2016



Survey type:	Self-reported
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



## Girls, 2016

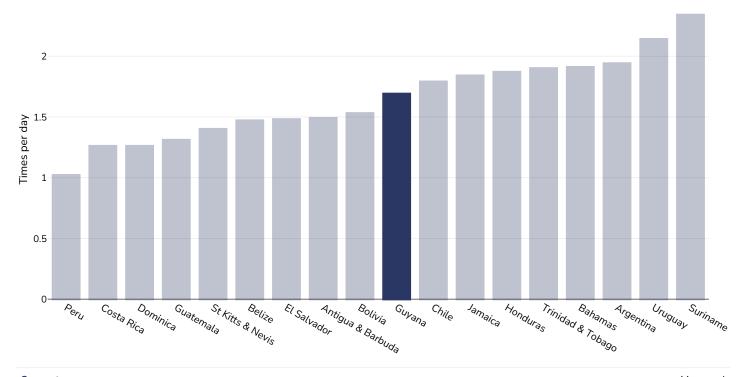


	d o	
Survey type:		Self-reported
Age:		11-17
References:	Global Health Obser	vatory data repository, World Health Organisation, <a href="https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en">https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en</a> (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going ad	olescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:		% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



## Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

### Children, 2009-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

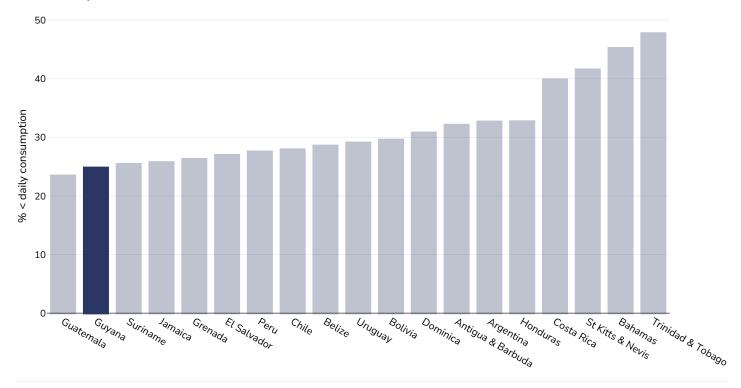
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systemsdashboar



## Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

### Children, 2009-2015



Measured Survey type:

Age: 12-17

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-

system

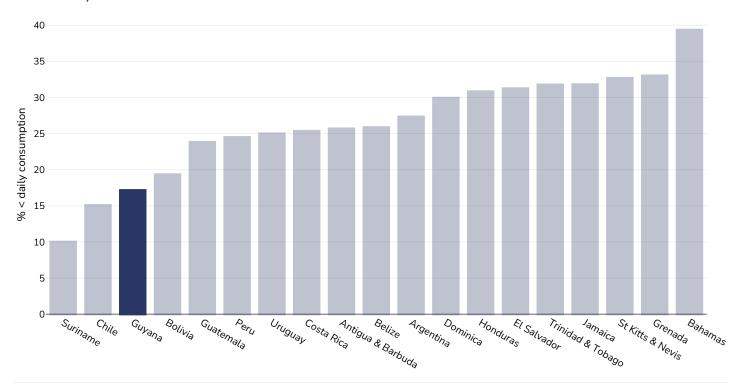
**Definitions:** 

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



## Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

### Children, 2009-2015



Survey type: Measured

Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system</a>

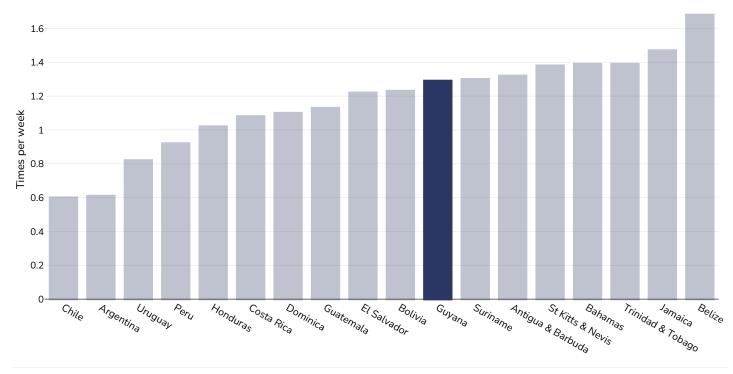
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



## Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

### Children, 2009-2015



Age: 12-17

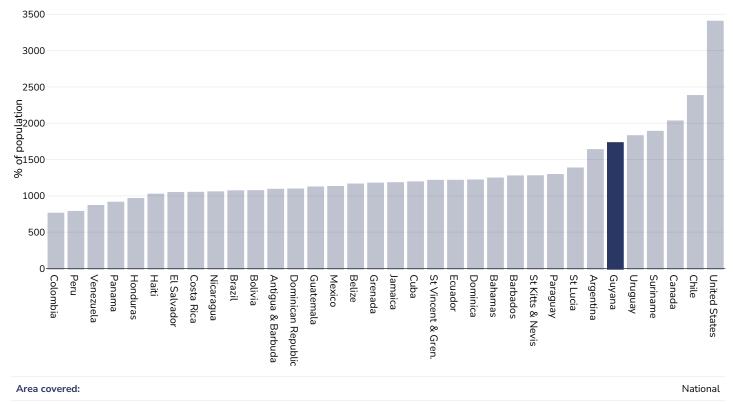
References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287">https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287</a> sourced from Food Systems Dashboard <a href="https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems">https://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-systems</a>



## Mental health - depression disorders

### Children, 2021



References:

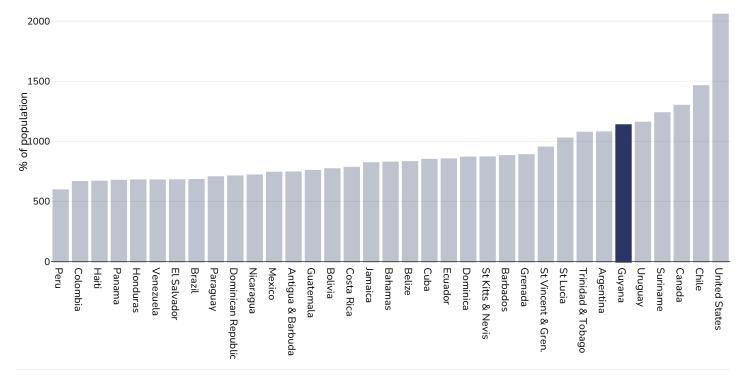
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)



### Boys, 2021



Area covered: National

References:

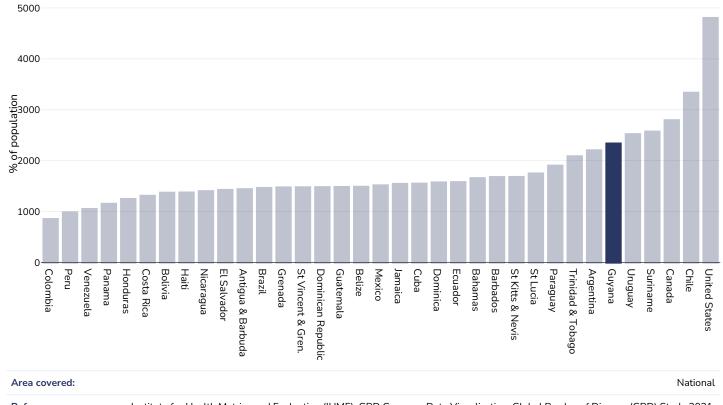
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



### Girls, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

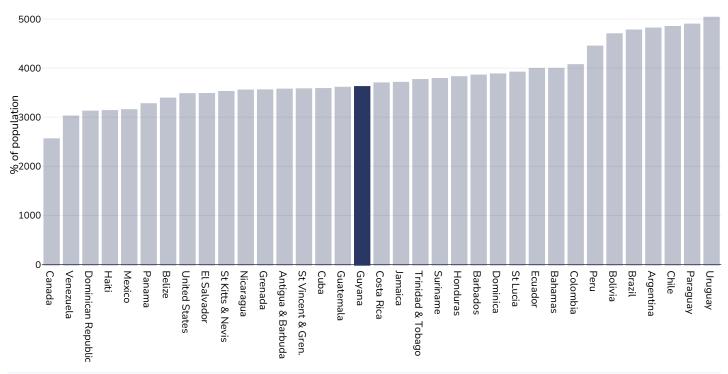
Definitions:

Number living with depressive disorder per 100,000 population (Under 20 years of age)  $\,$ 



## Mental health - anxiety disorders

### Children, 2021

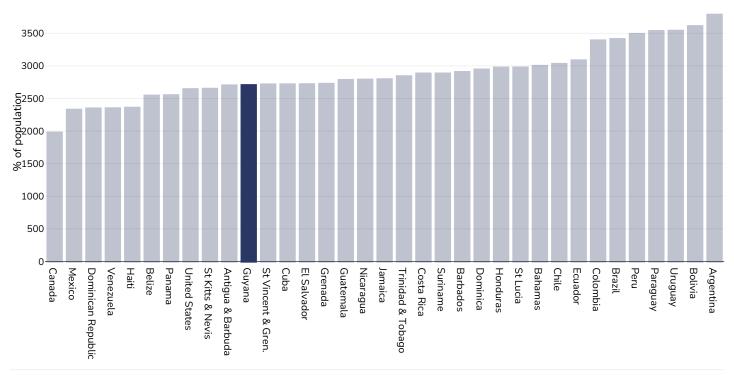


References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)



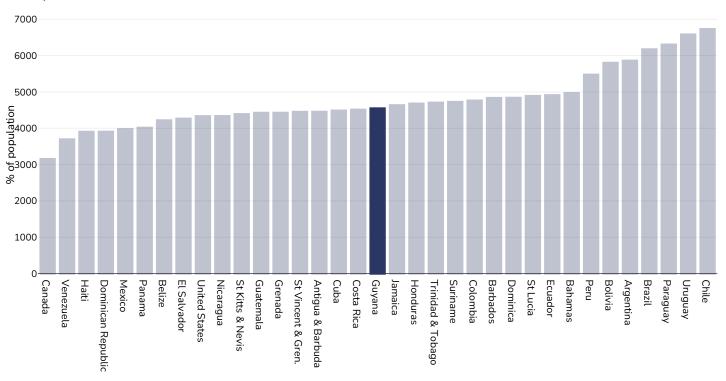
#### Boys, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

### Girls, 2021



References:

Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare. (Last accessed 23.04.25)



PDF created on June 17, 2025