

# Report card Greece

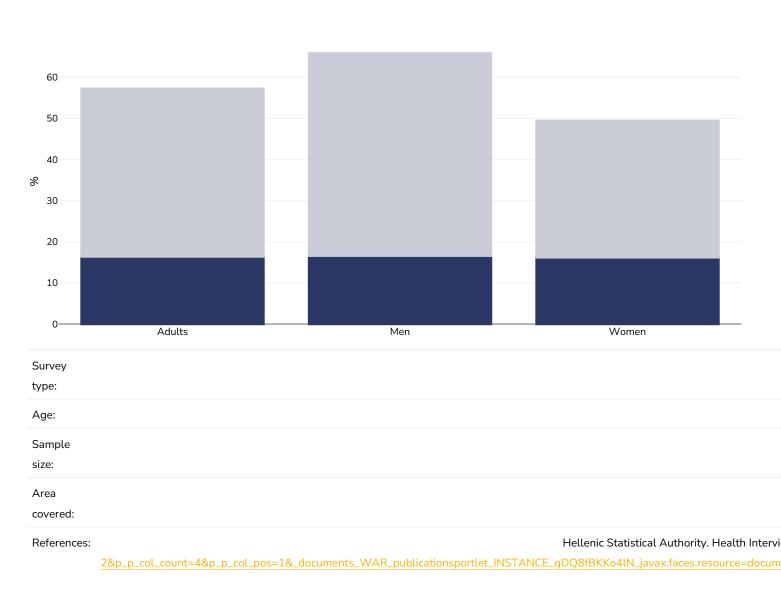
Contents	Page
Obesity prevalence	2
Trend: % Adults living with obesity, 2000-2019	5
Trend: % Adults living with overweight or obesity, 2000-2019	7
Overweight/obesity by age and education	9
Overweight/obesity by education	12
Overweight/obesity by age	16
Overweight/obesity by region	18
Overweight/obesity by age and region	22
Overweight/obesity by age and socio-economic group	24
Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group	27
Overweight/obesity by age and limited activity	31
Insufficient physical activity	34
Sugar consumption	40
Estimated per capita sugar sweetened beverages intake	41
Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption	42
Prevalence of confectionery consumption	43
Prevalence of sweet/savoury snack consumption	44
Estimated per capita fruit intake	45
Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption	46
Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption	47
Estimated per-capita processed meat intake	48
Estimated per capita whole grains intake	49
Mental health - depression disorders	50
Mental health - anxiety disorders	51
Oesophageal cancer	52
Breast cancer	54
Colorectal cancer	55
Pancreatic cancer	57
Gallbladder cancer	59
Kidney cancer	61
Cancer of the uterus	63
Raised blood pressure	64
Raised cholesterol	67
Raised fasting blood glucose	70
Diabetes prevalence	72
Contextual factors	73



# **Obesity prevalence**

### Adults, 2019

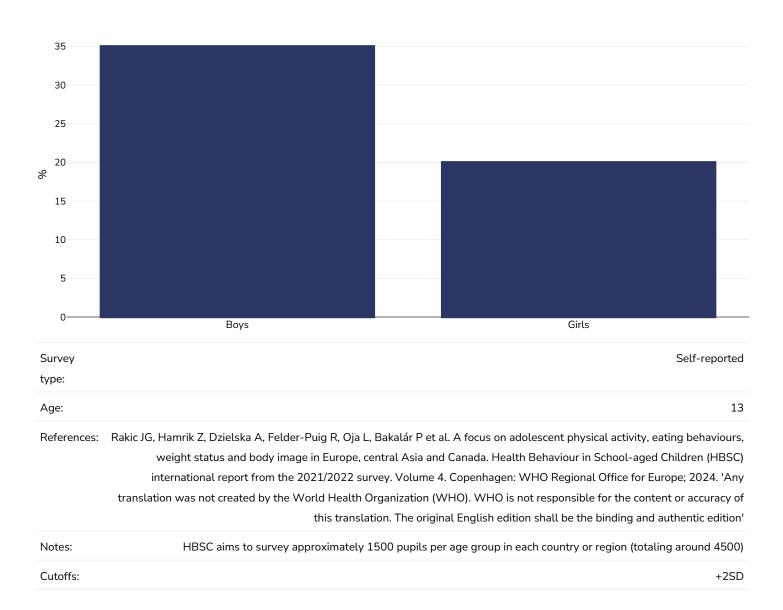
Obesity Overweight





#### Children, 2021-2022

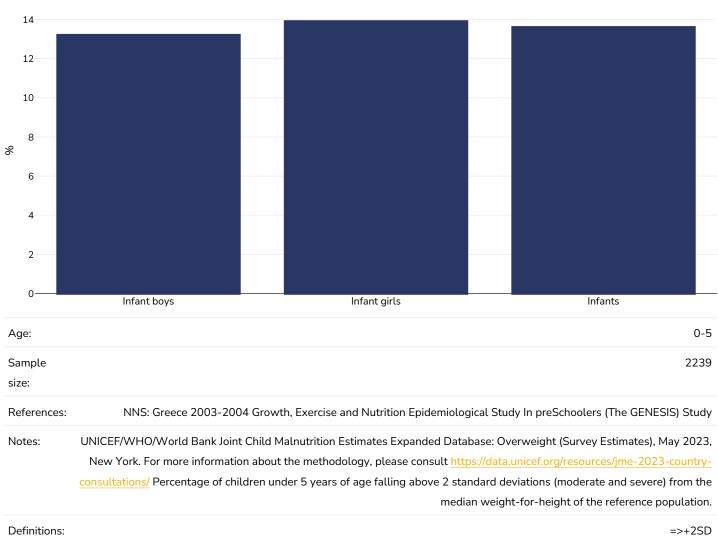
Overweight or obesity





#### Infants, 2003-2004

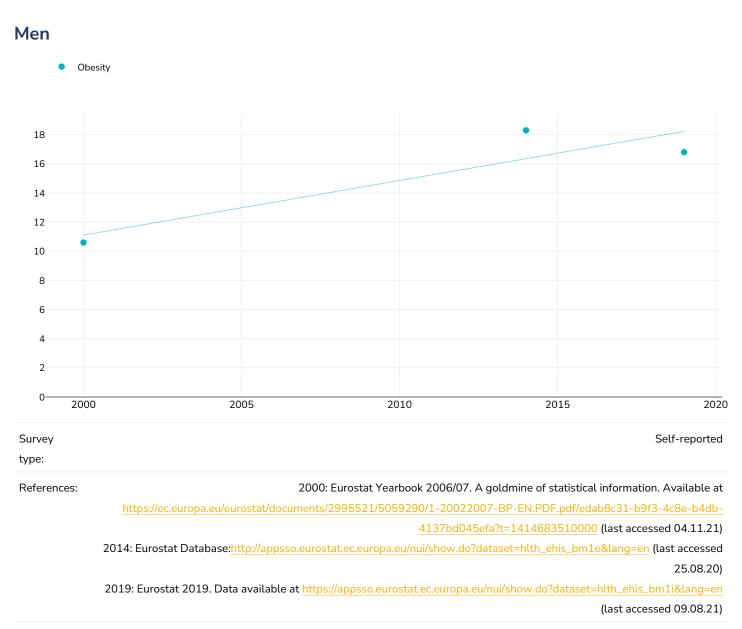
Overweight or obesity



Definitions:



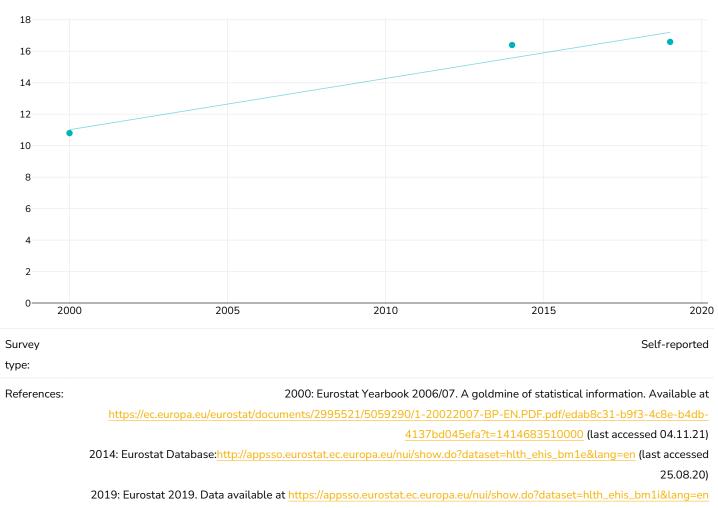
### % Adults living with obesity, 2000-2019





#### Women





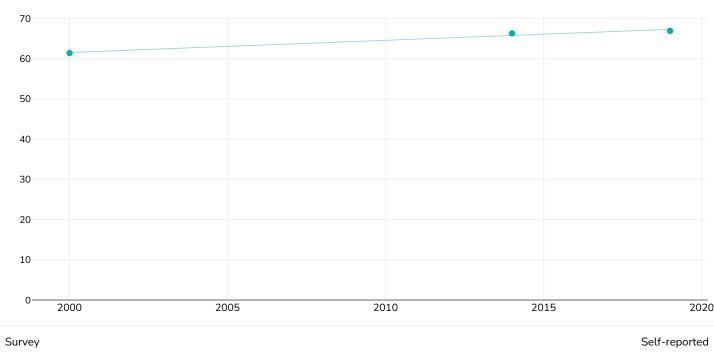
(last accessed 09.08.21)



### % Adults living with overweight or obesity, 2000-2019

#### Men

• Overweight or obesity



type:

References:

2000: Eurostat Yearbook 2006/07. A goldmine of statistical information. Available at

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/2995521/5059290/1-20022007-BP-EN.PDF.pdf/edab8c31-b9f3-4c8e-b4db-

4137bd045efa?t=1414683510000 (last accessed 04.11.21)

2014: Eurostat Database:<u>http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1e&lang=en</u> (last accessed 25.08.20)

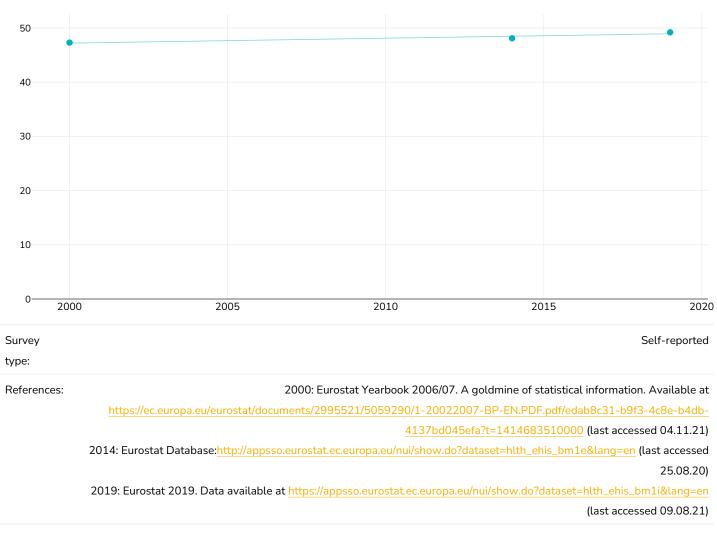
2019: Eurostat 2019. Data available at <a href="https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1i&lang=en">https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1i&lang=en</a>

(last accessed 09.08.21)



#### Women

Overweight or obesity

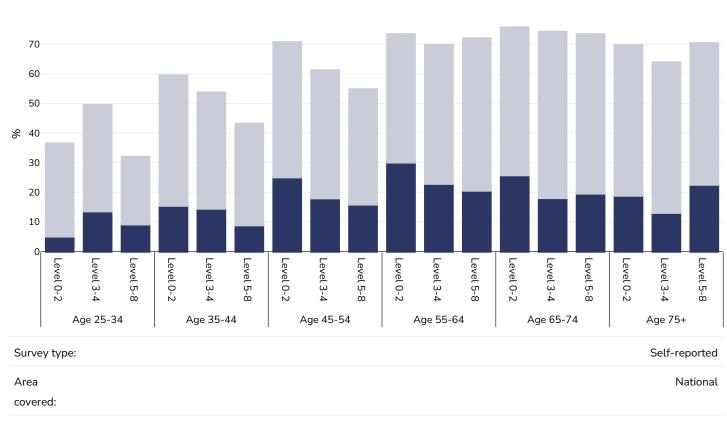




### Overweight/obesity by age and education

#### Adults, 2019

Obesity Overweight



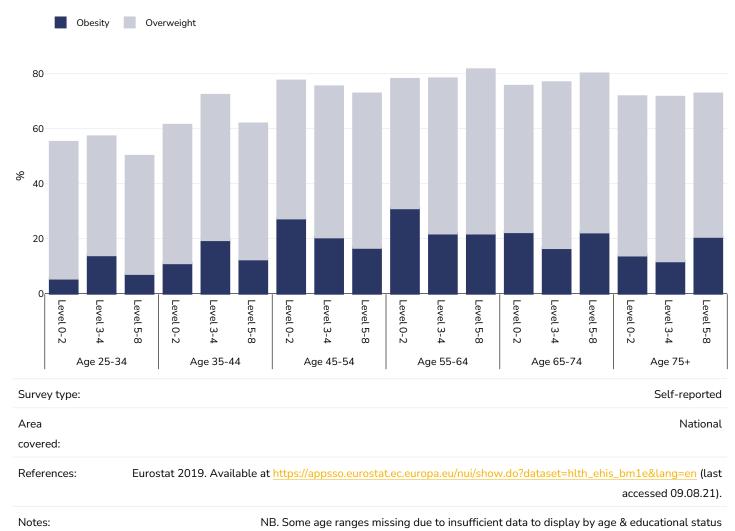
 References:
 Eurostat 2019. Available at <a href="https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1e&lang=en">https://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1e&lang=en</a> (last accessed 09.08.21).

Notes:

NB. Some age ranges missing due to insufficient data to display by age & educational status



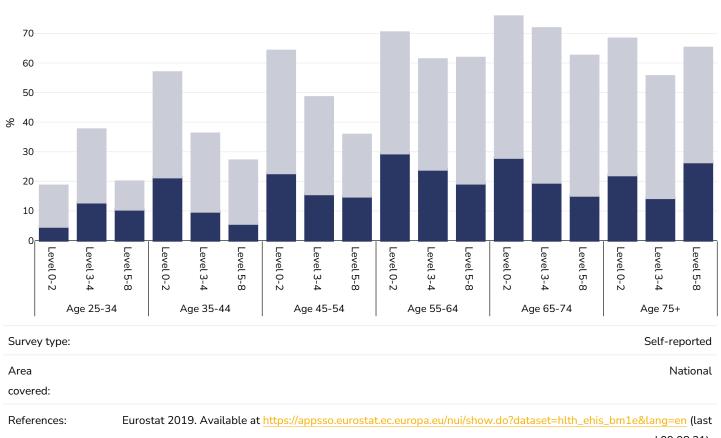
Men, 2019





#### Women, 2019

Obesity Overweight



#### accessed 09.08.21).

Notes:

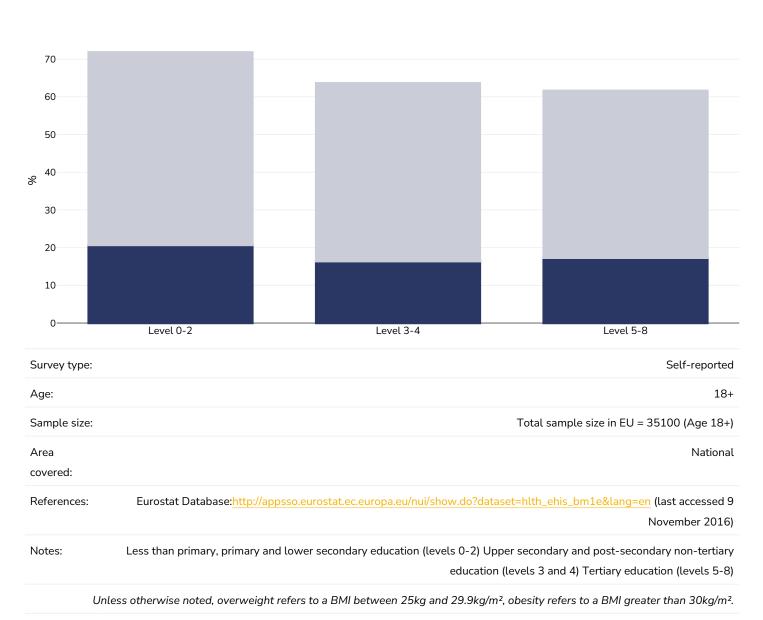
NB. Some age ranges missing due to insufficient data to display by age & educational status



### Overweight/obesity by education

#### Men, 2014

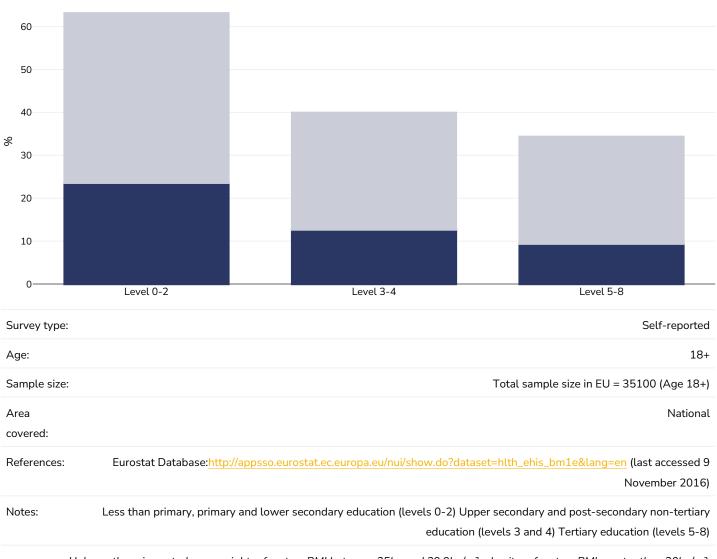
Obesity Overweight





#### Women, 2014

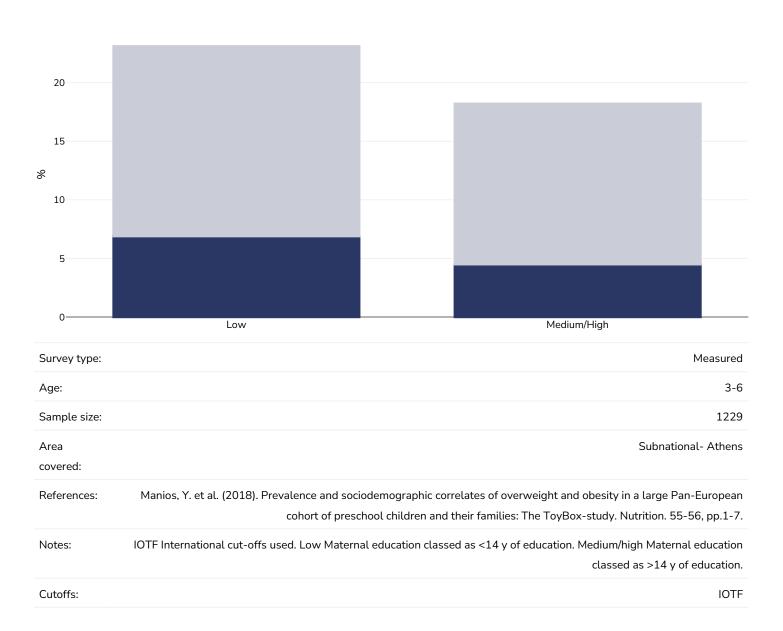
Obesity Overweight





#### Children, 2012

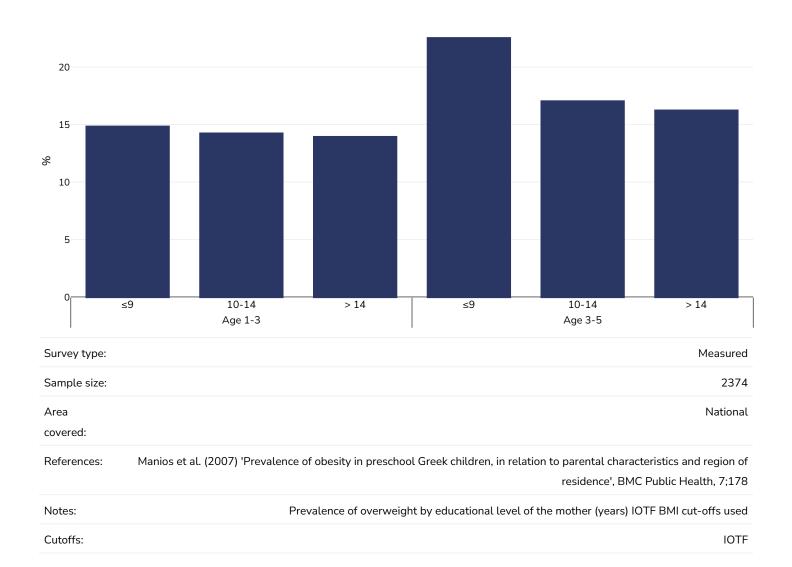
Obesity Overweight





#### Infants, 2003-2004

Overweight or obesity

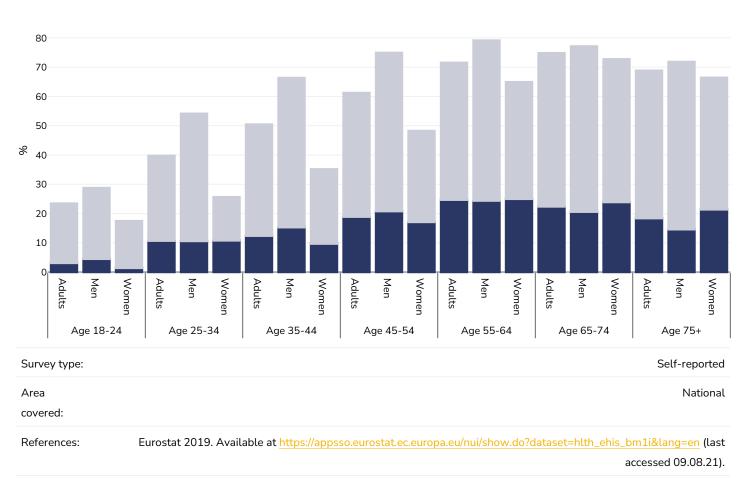




## Overweight/obesity by age

#### Adults, 2019

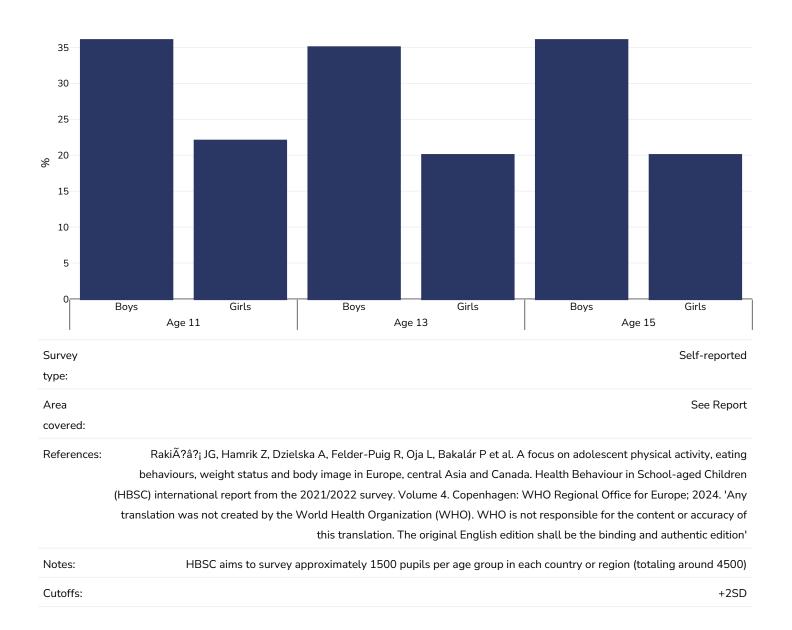
Obesity Overweight





#### Children, 2021-2022

Overweight or obesity

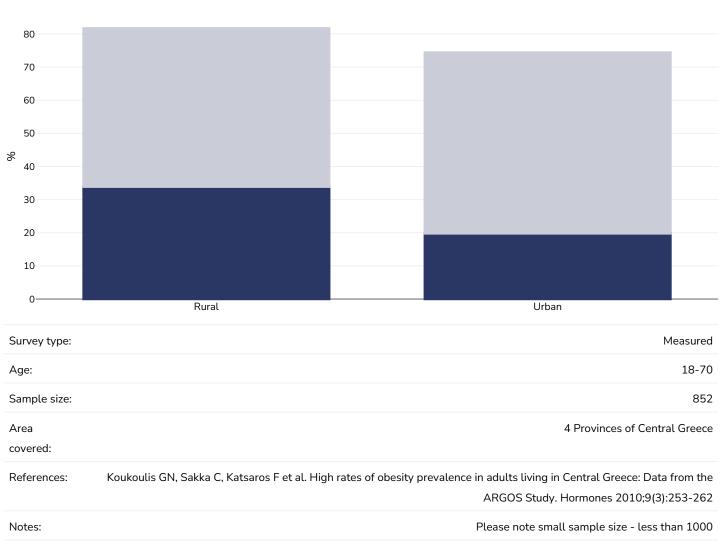




### Overweight/obesity by region

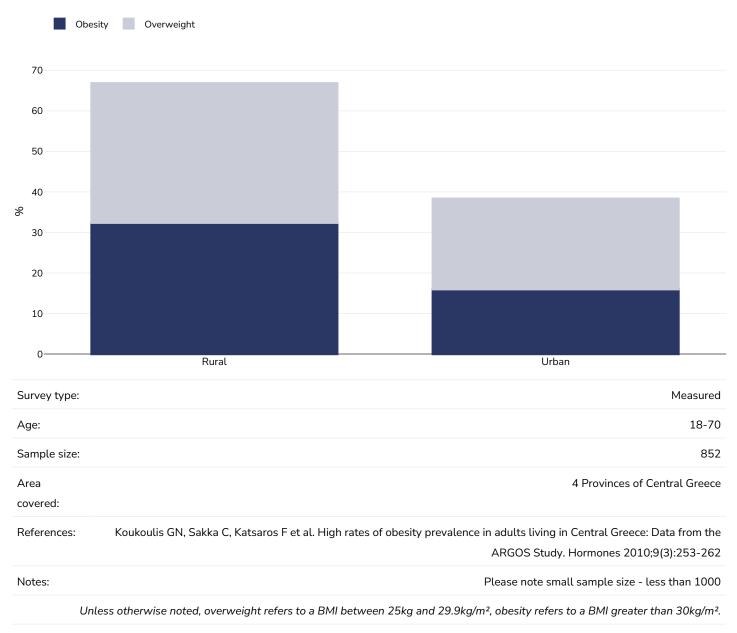
#### Men, 2001-2003

Obesity Overweight





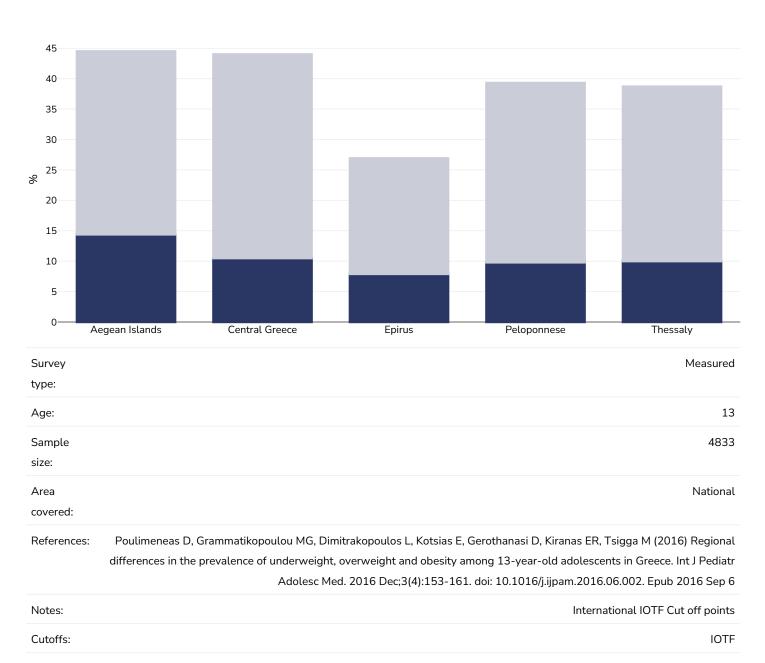
#### Women, 2001-2003





Boys, 2010-2012

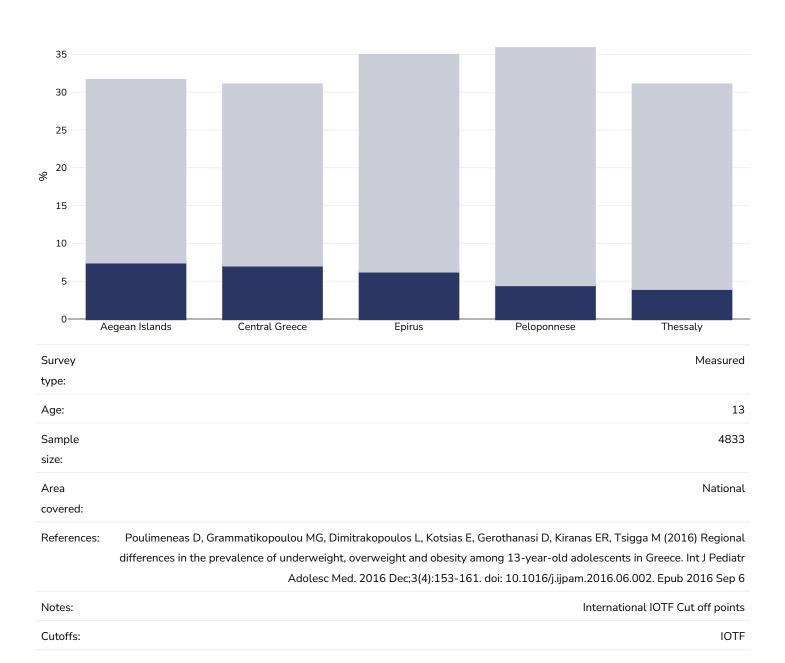






#### Girls, 2010-2012

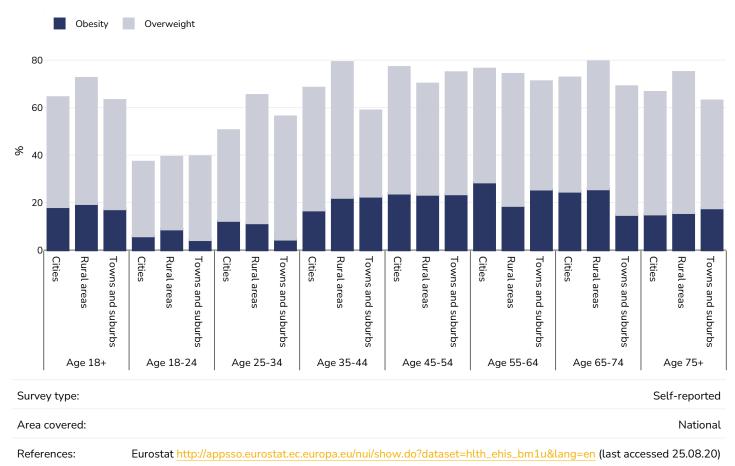
Obesity Overweight





### Overweight/obesity by age and region

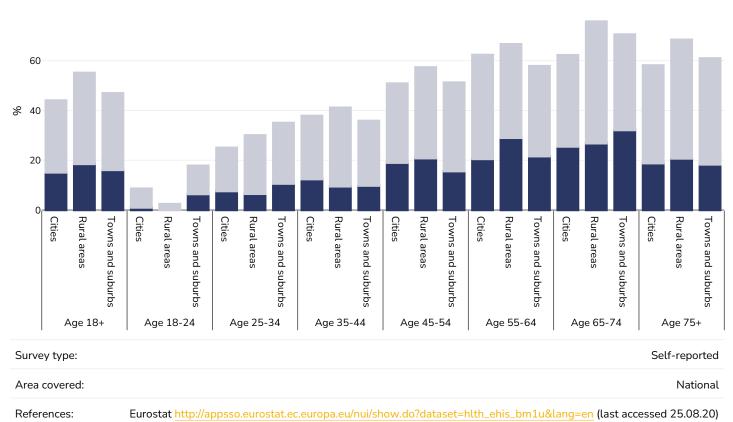
### Men, 2014





Women, 2014

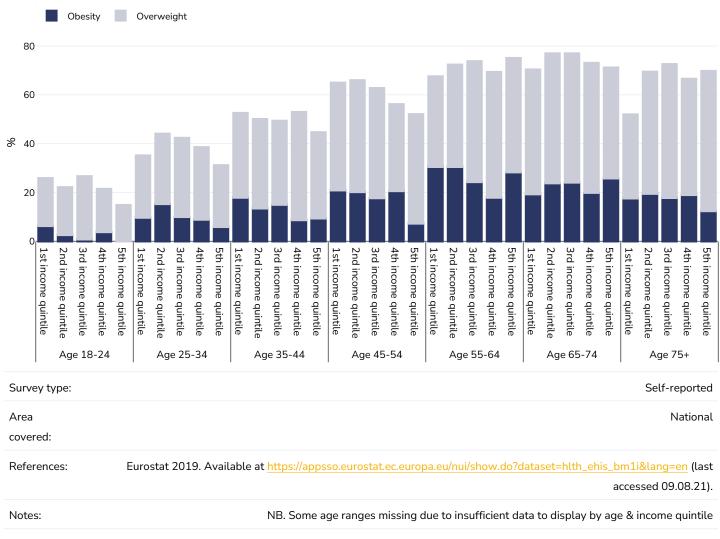
Obesity Overweight





### Overweight/obesity by age and socio-economic group

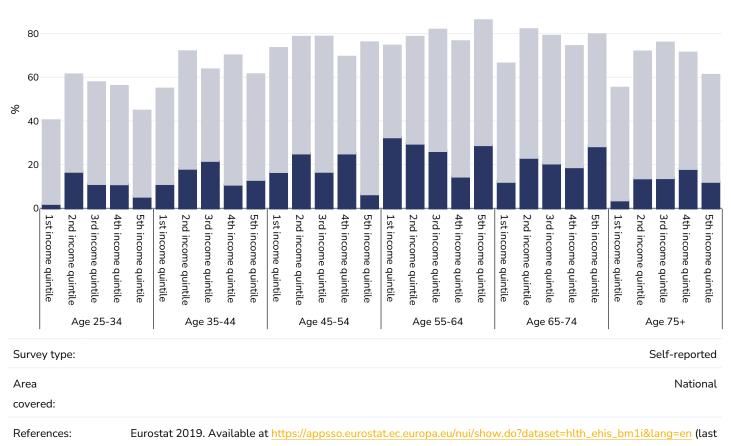
### Adults, 2019





Men, 2019

Obesity Overweight



#### accessed 09.08.21).

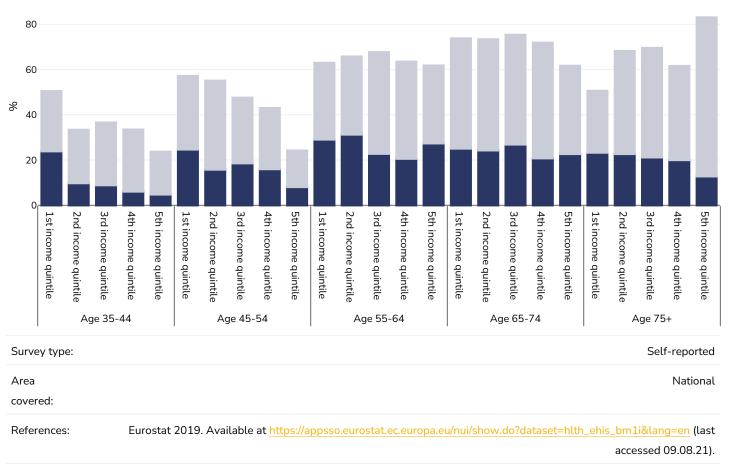
Notes:

NB. Some age ranges missing due to insufficient data to display by age & income quintile



#### Women, 2019

Obesity Overweight



Notes:

NB. Some age ranges missing due to insufficient data to display by age & income quintile

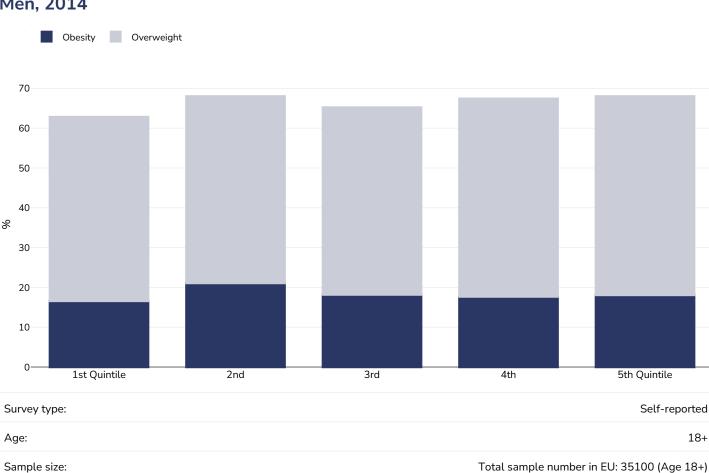


### Overweight/obesity by socio-economic group

#### Men, 2014

Area covered:

Notes:



National

18+

Self-reported

5th Quintile

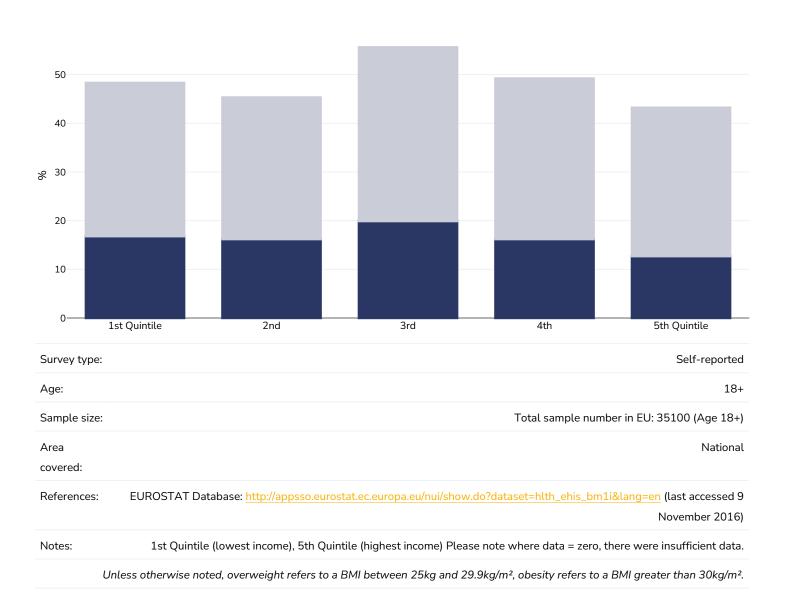
EUROSTAT Database: http://appsso.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/nui/show.do?dataset=hlth\_ehis\_bm1i&lang=en (last accessed 9 References: November 2016)

1st Quintile (lowest income), 5th Quintile (highest income) Please note where data = zero, there were insufficient data.



#### Women, 2014

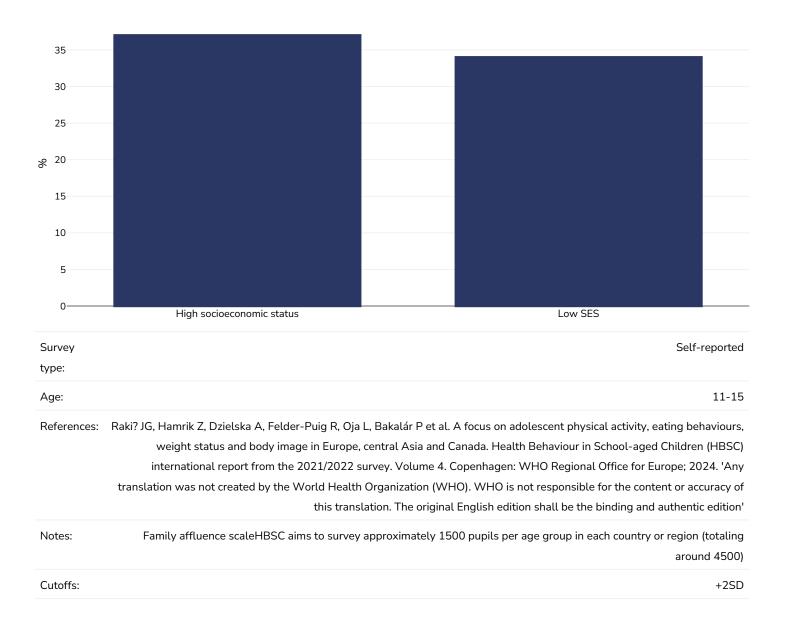
Obesity Overweight





#### Boys, 2021-2022

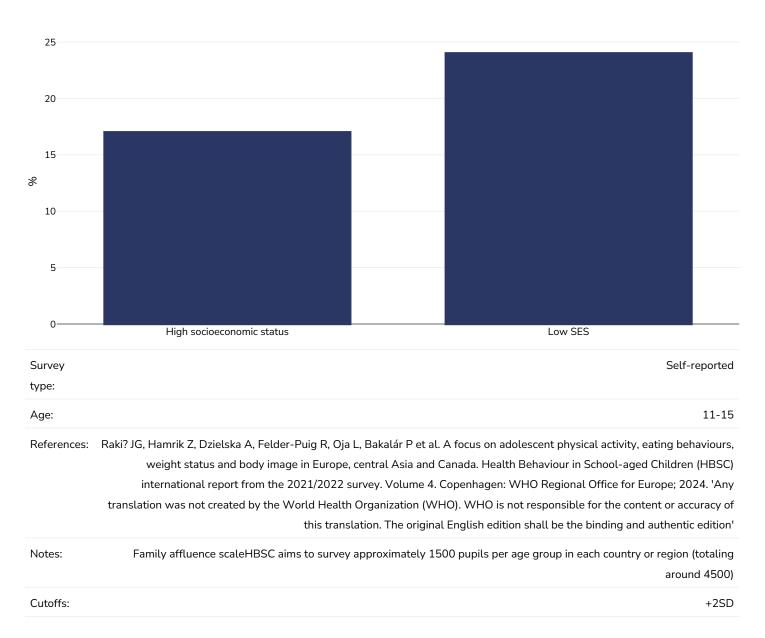
Overweight or obesity





#### Girls, 2021-2022

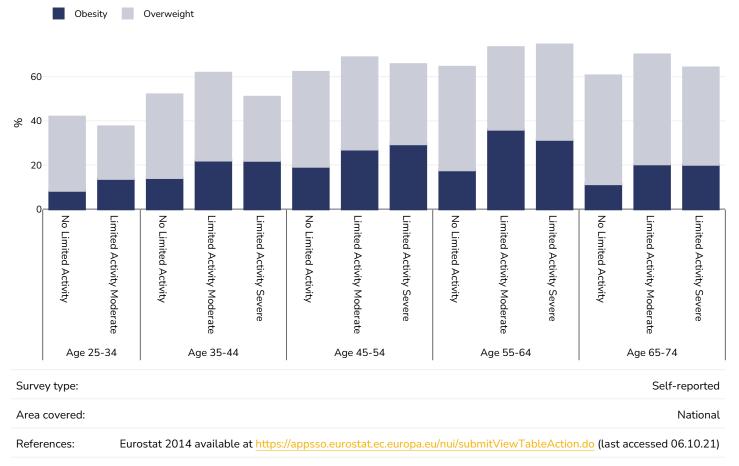
Overweight or obesity





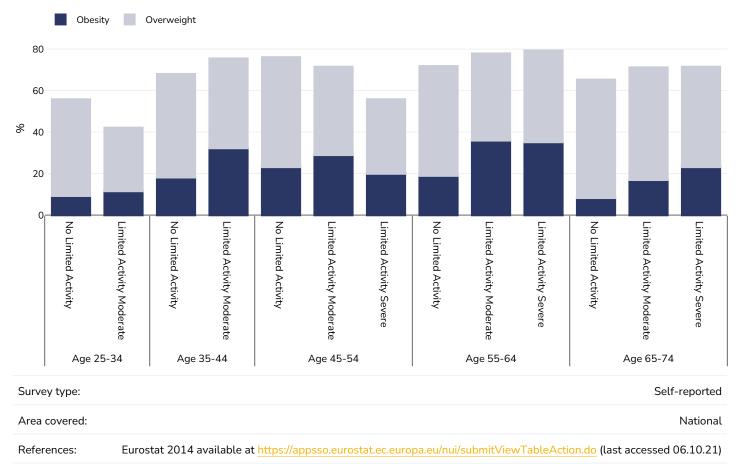
### Overweight/obesity by age and limited activity

#### Adults, 2014





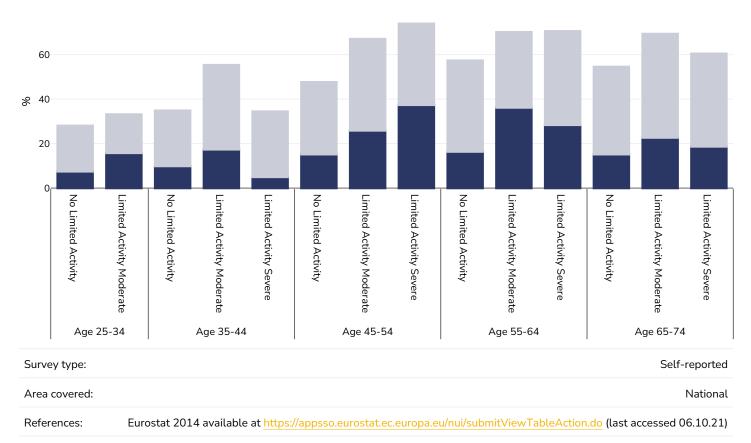
Men, 2014





Women, 2014

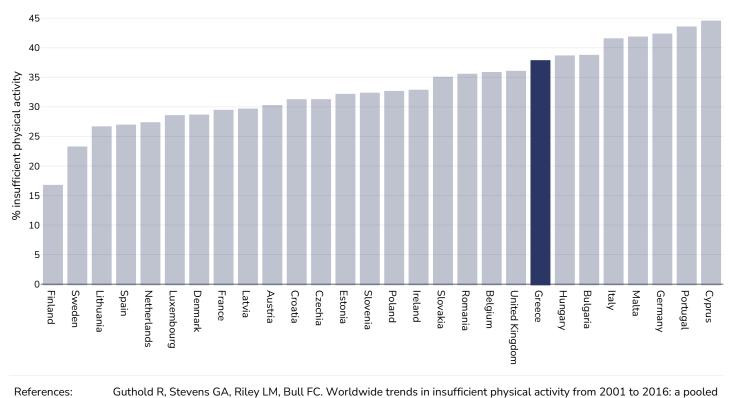
Obesity Overweight





### Insufficient physical activity

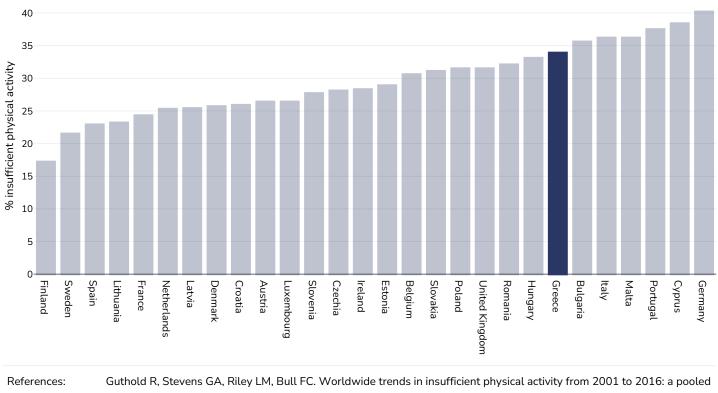
#### Adults, 2016



s: Guthold R, Stevens GA, Riley LM, Bull FC. Worldwide trends in insufficient physical activity from 2001 to 2016: a pooled analysis of 358 population-based surveys with 1.9 million participants. Lancet 2018 <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X</u> (18)30357-7

#### 

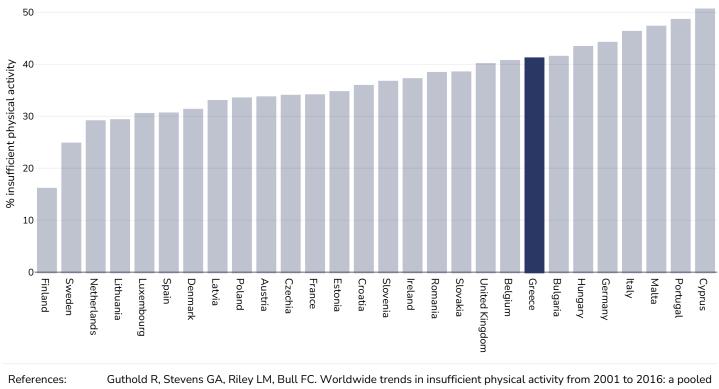
Men, 2016



analysis of 358 population-based surveys with 1.9 million participants. Lancet 2018 <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X</u> (18)30357-7



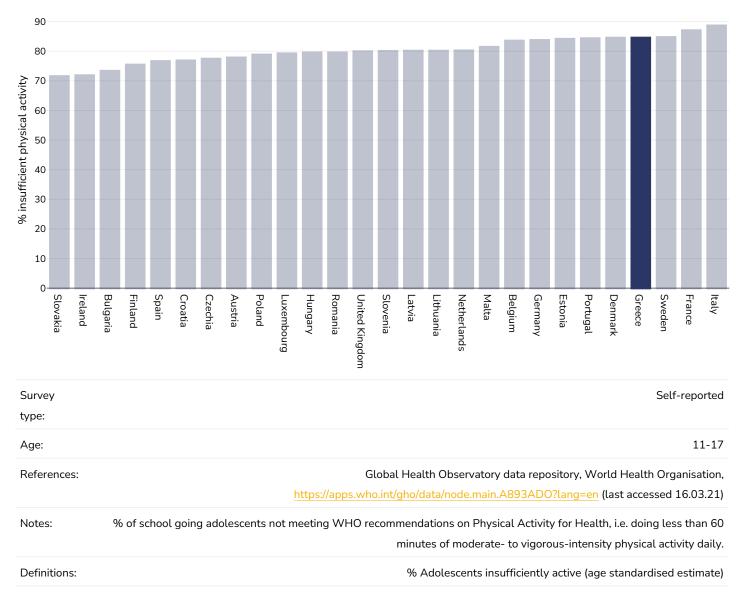
### Women, 2016



analysis of 358 population-based surveys with 1.9 million participants. Lancet 2018 <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X</u> (18)30357-7

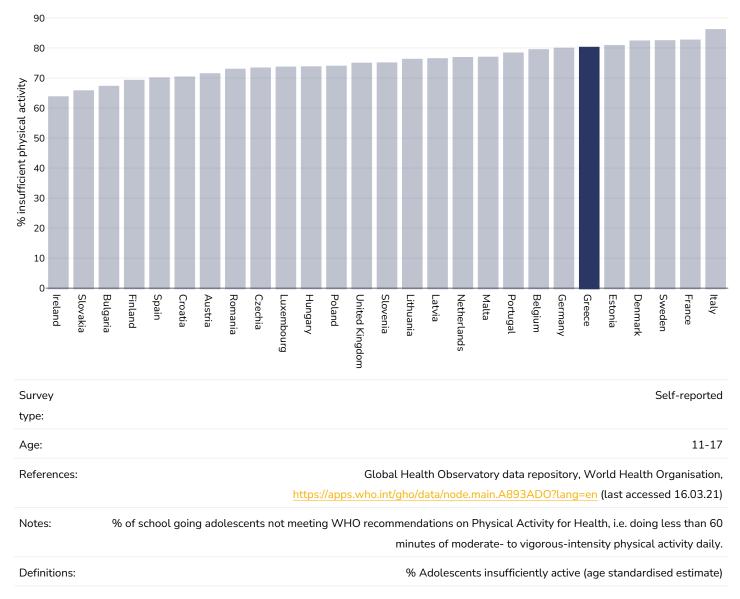


Children, 2016



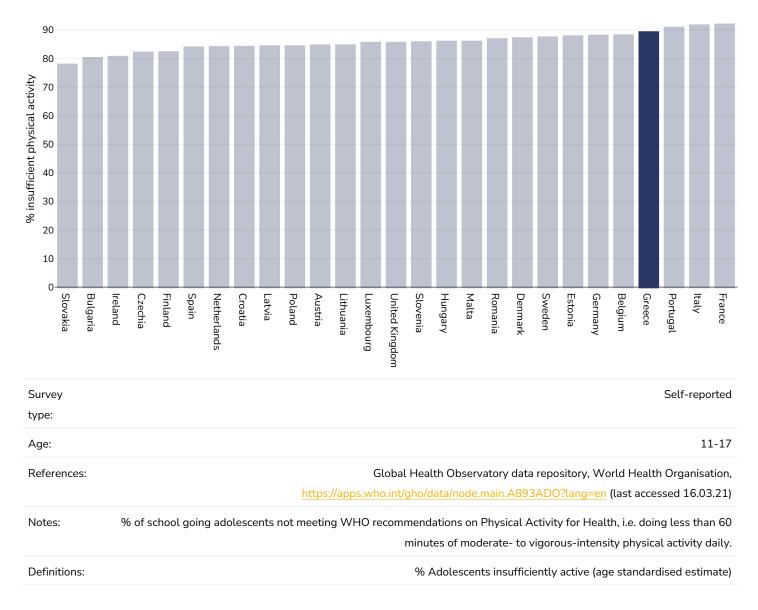
## 

Boys, 2016



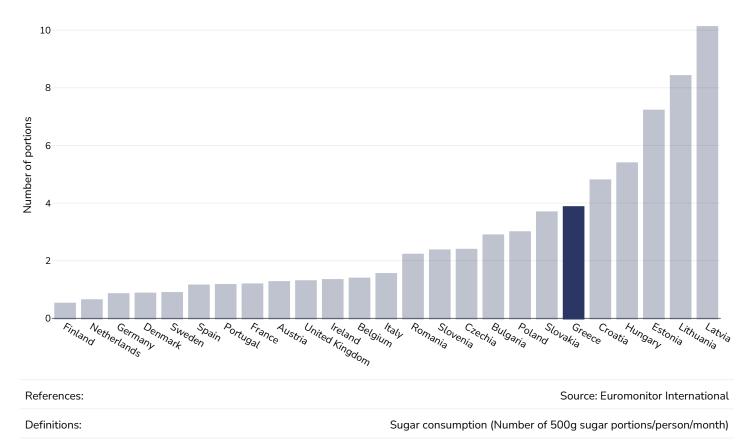


#### Girls, 2016





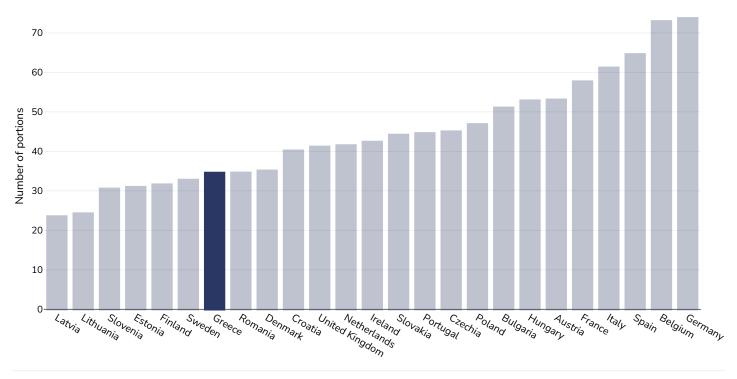
#### Sugar consumption





#### Estimated per capita sugar sweetened beverages intake

#### Adults, 2016



References:

Source: Euromonitor International



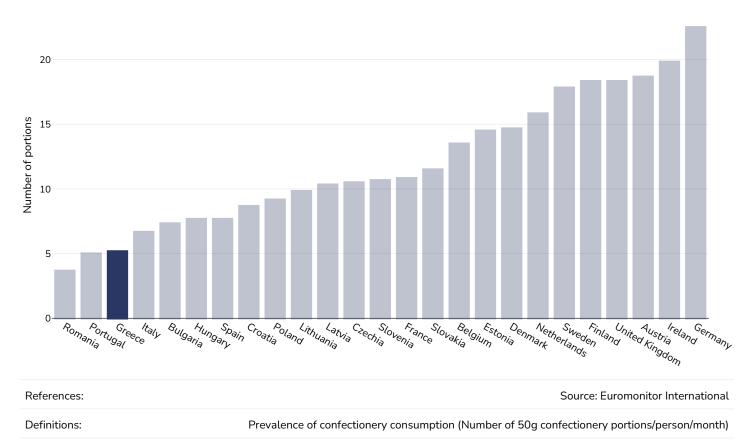
#### Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption

#### 40 35 30 25 8 20 15 10 5 O Bulgaria Estonia Slovenia Austria Spain Poland France Hungary Malta Greece Latvia Ireland Italy Czechia Finland Sweden Denmark Lithuania United Kingdom Slovakia Netherlands Portugal Germany Croatia Romania Luxembourg Survey Measured type: **References:** World Health Organization. (2017). Adolescent obesity and related behaviours: Trends and inequalities in the who european region, 2002-2014: observations from the Health Behavior in School-aged Children (HBSC) WHO collaborative crossnational study (J. Inchley, D. Currie, J. Jewel, J. Breda, & V. Barnekow, Eds.). World Health Organization. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org Notes: 15-year-old adolescents Definitions: Prevalence of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption (% of at least daily carbonated soft drink consumption)

#### Children, 2014

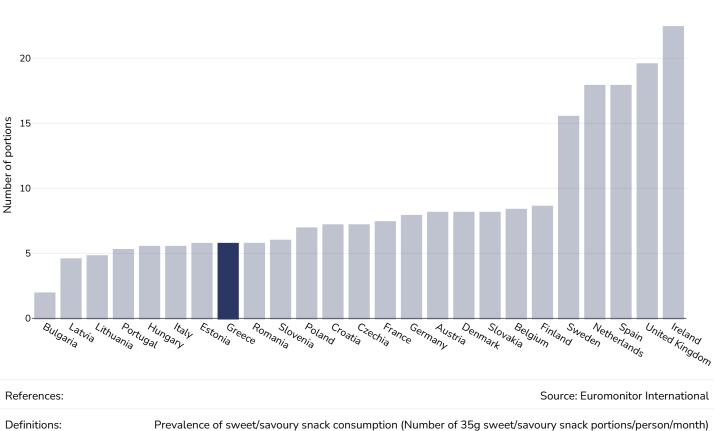


#### Prevalence of confectionery consumption



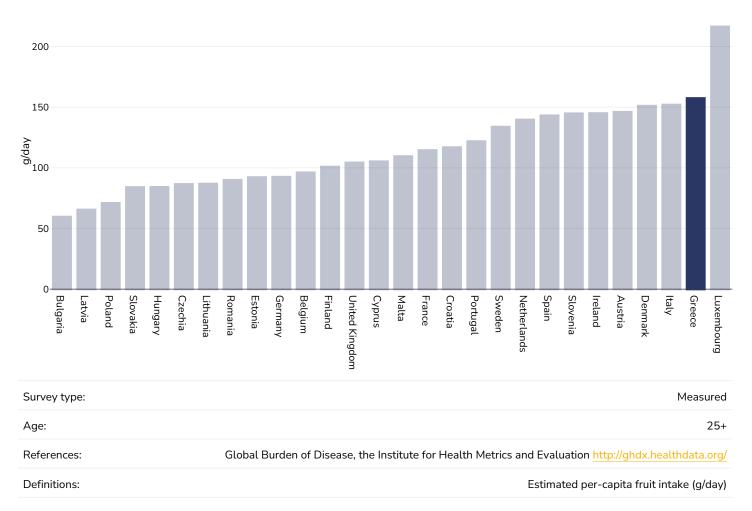


#### Prevalence of sweet/savoury snack consumption





### Estimated per capita fruit intake

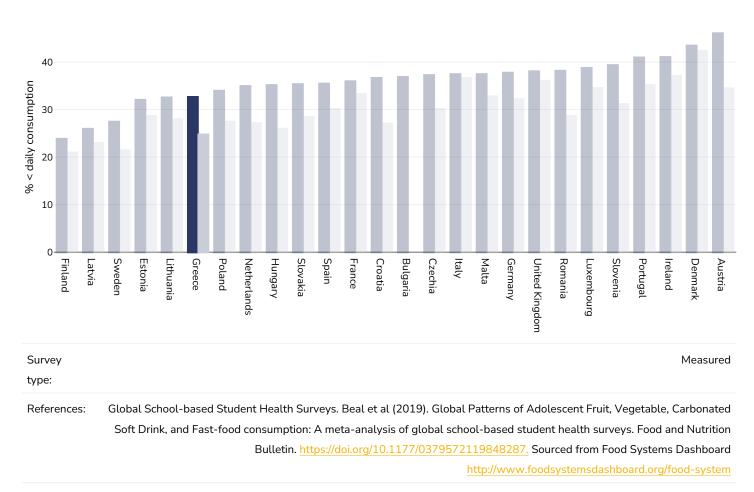




#### Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

#### Children, 2014

Age 12-17 Age 15



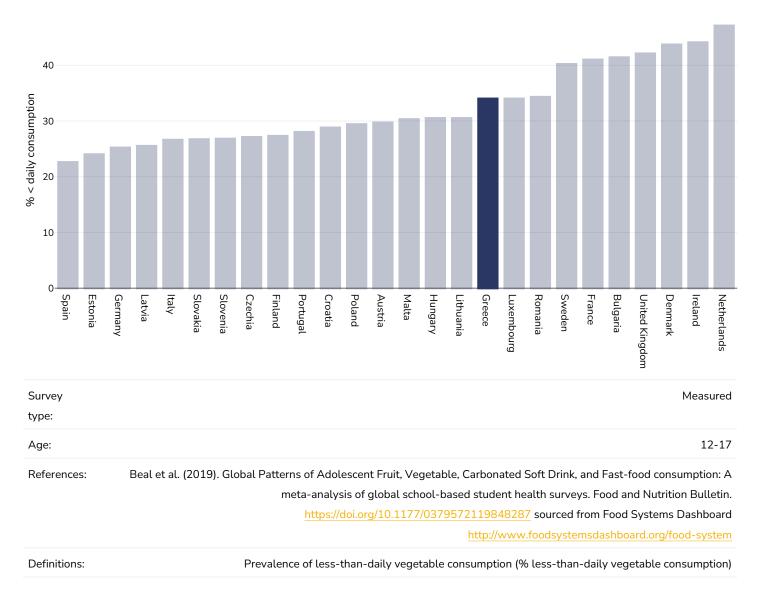
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



#### Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

#### Children, 2014





#### Estimated per-capita processed meat intake

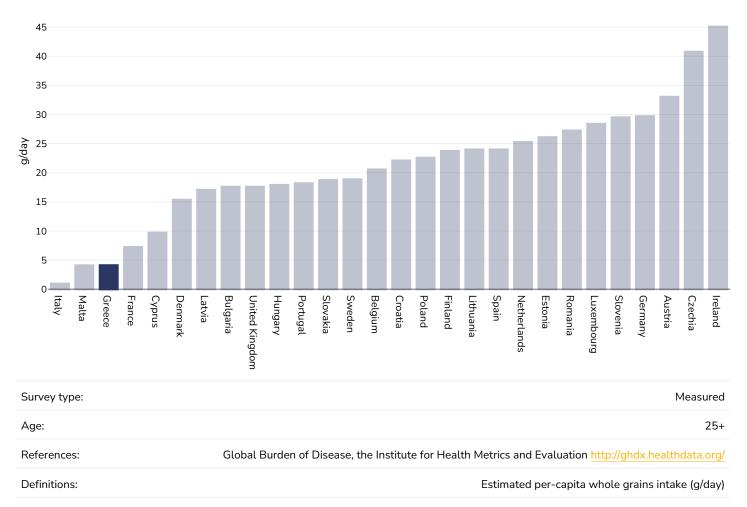
#### 20 15 yday 10 5 0 Sweden Croatia Portugal Greece Poland Cyprus Hungary Romania Austria Bulgaria Slovakia Ireland Malta Finland Spain Belgium France Latvia Germany Czechia Italy Estonia Slovenia Denmark Netherlands Lithuania United Kingdom Luxembourg Measured Survey type: Age: 25+ Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation http://ghdx.healthdata.org/ **References:** Definitions: Estimated per-capita processed meat intake (g per day)

#### Adults, 2017

48



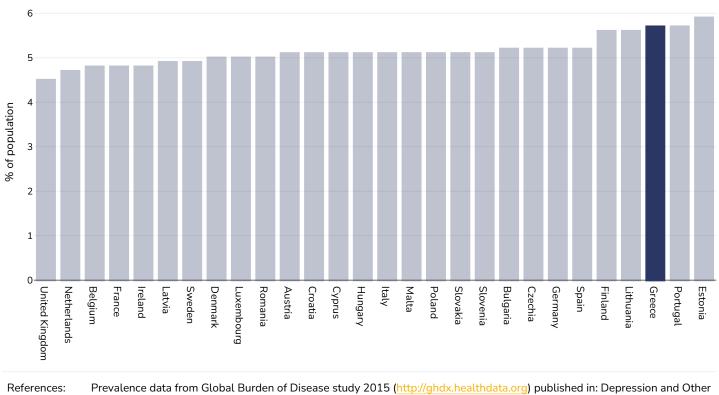
#### Estimated per capita whole grains intake





#### Mental health - depression disorders

#### Adults, 2015



Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva:World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

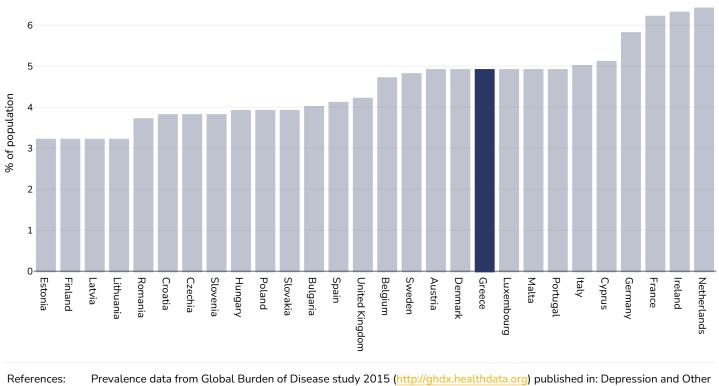
Definitions:

% of population with depression disorders



#### Mental health - anxiety disorders

#### Adults, 2015



Common Mental Disorders: Global Health Estimates. Geneva:World Health Organization; 2017. Licence: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

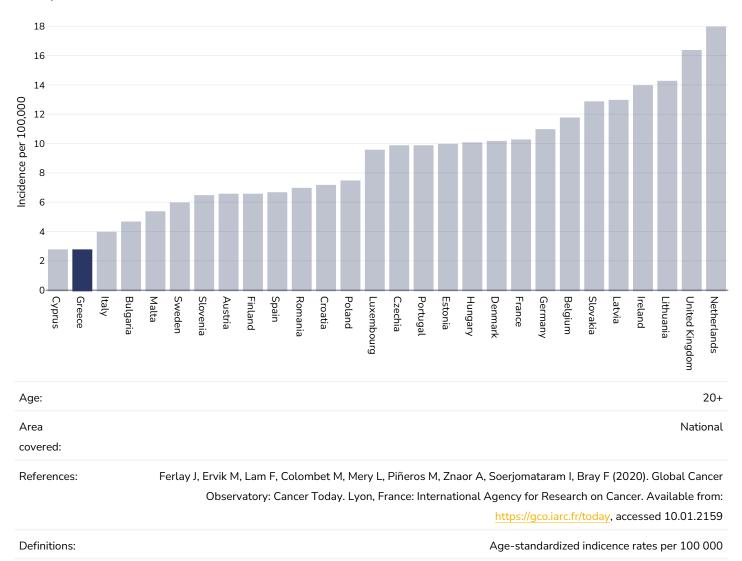
Definitions:

% of population with anxiety disorders

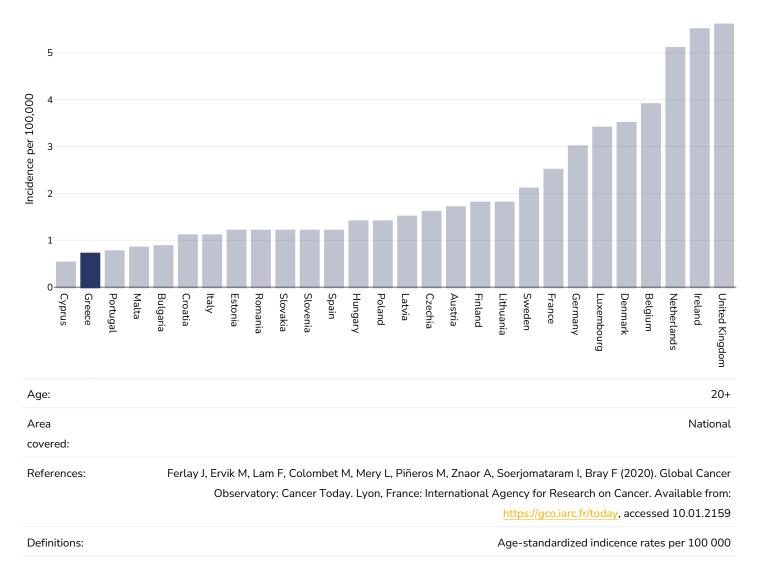


#### **Oesophageal cancer**

Men, 2020

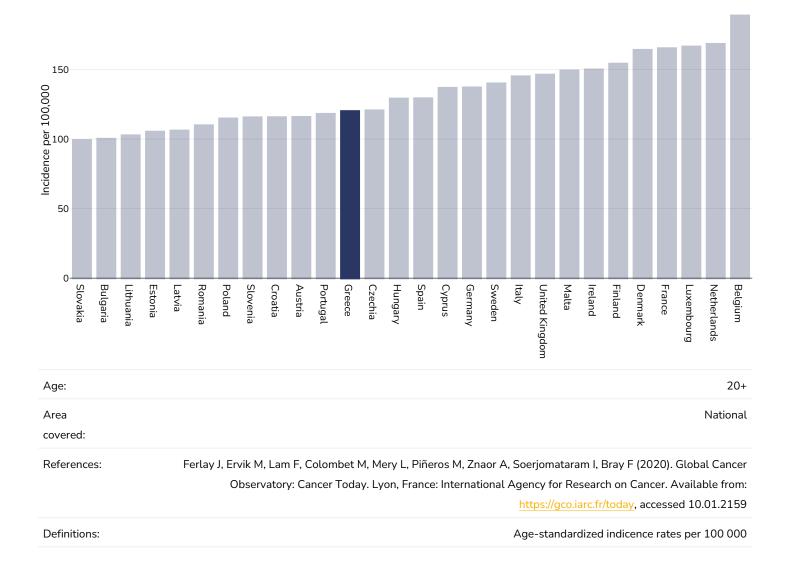








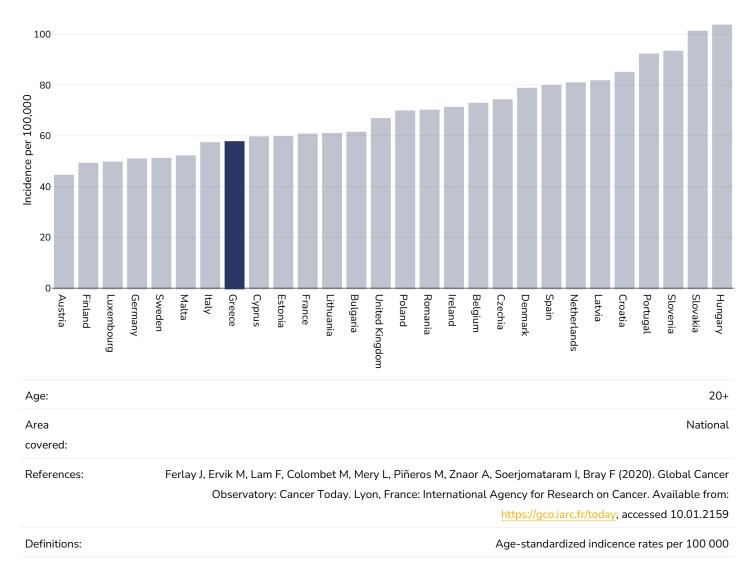
#### **Breast cancer**



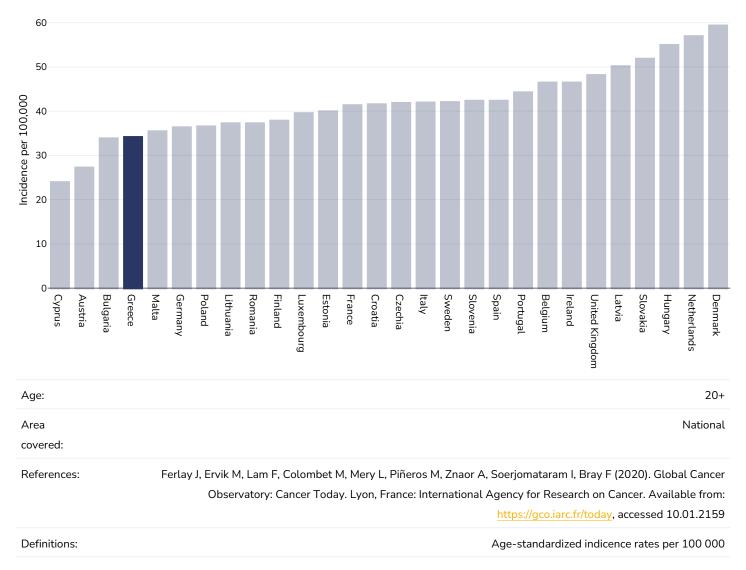


#### **Colorectal cancer**

#### Men, 2020



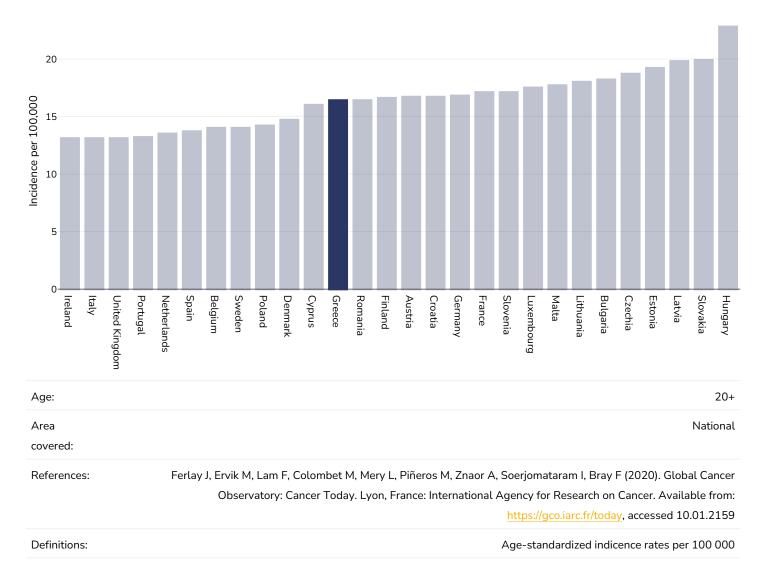




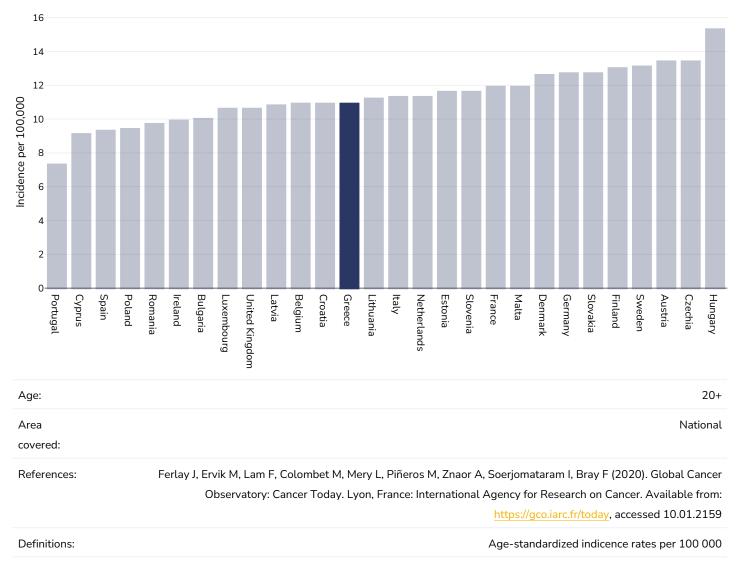


#### Pancreatic cancer

#### Men, 2020



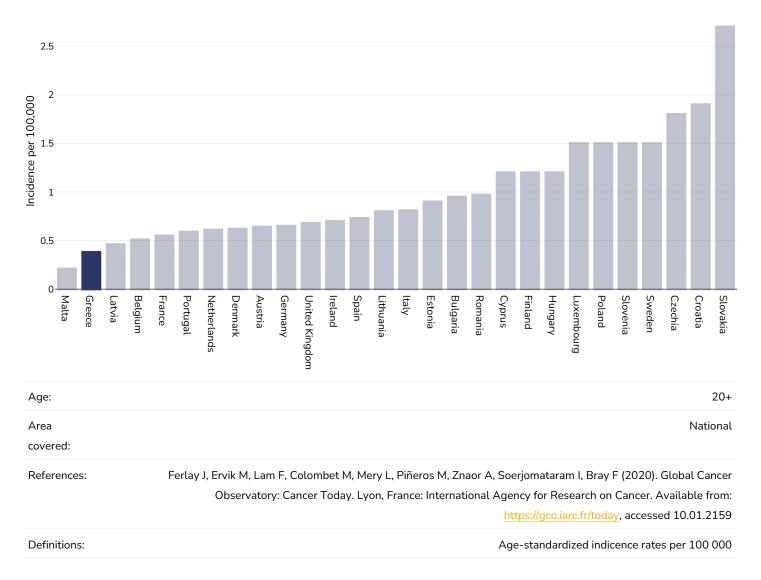
# 



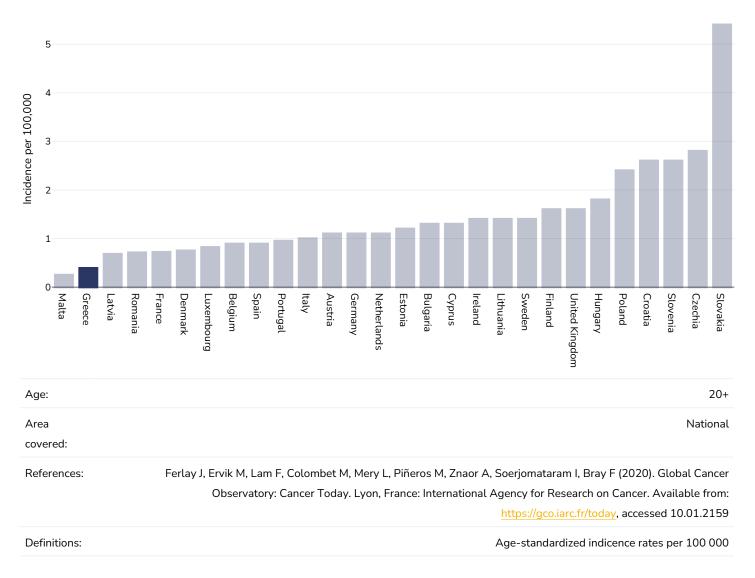


#### Gallbladder cancer

#### Men, 2020



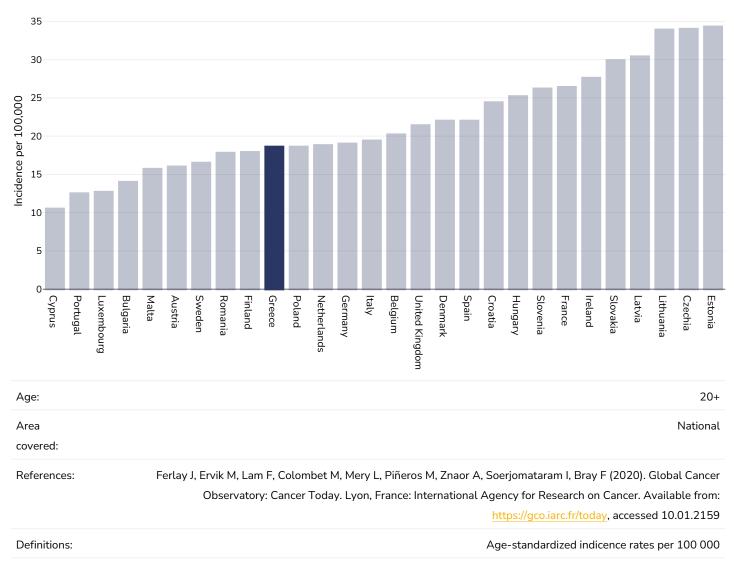




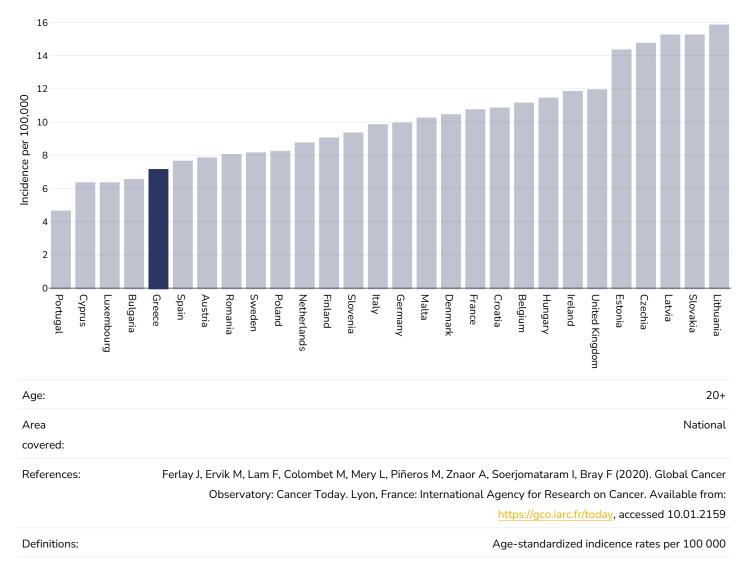


#### **Kidney cancer**

Men, 2020

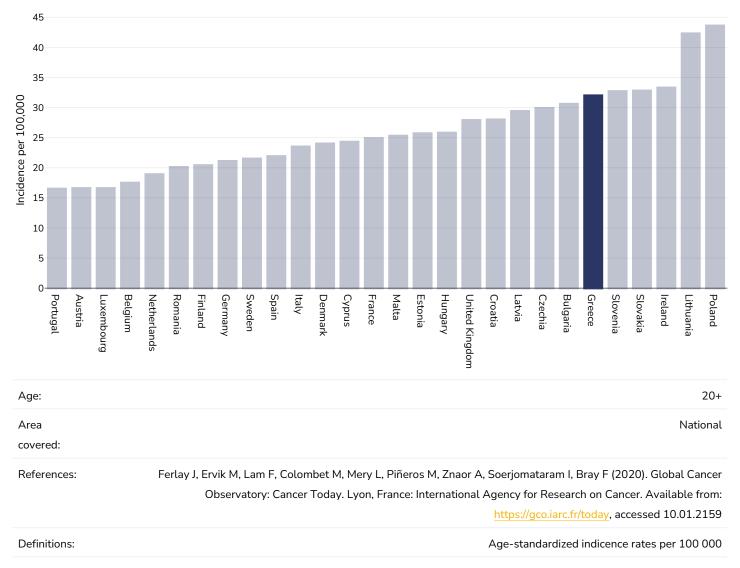


### WORLD ØBESITY



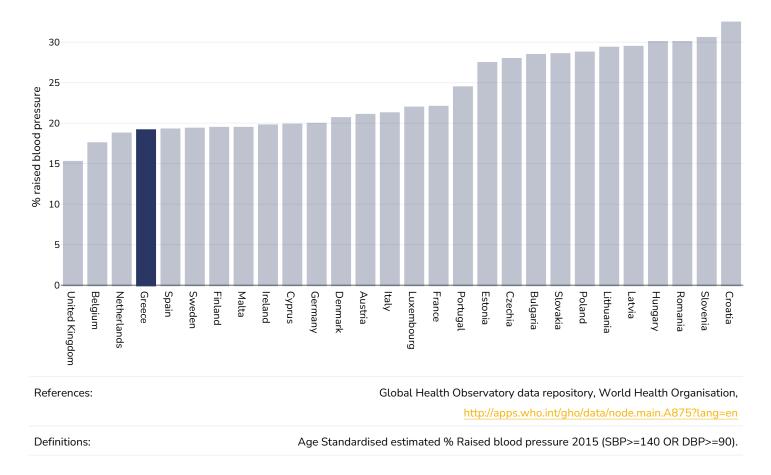


#### Cancer of the uterus



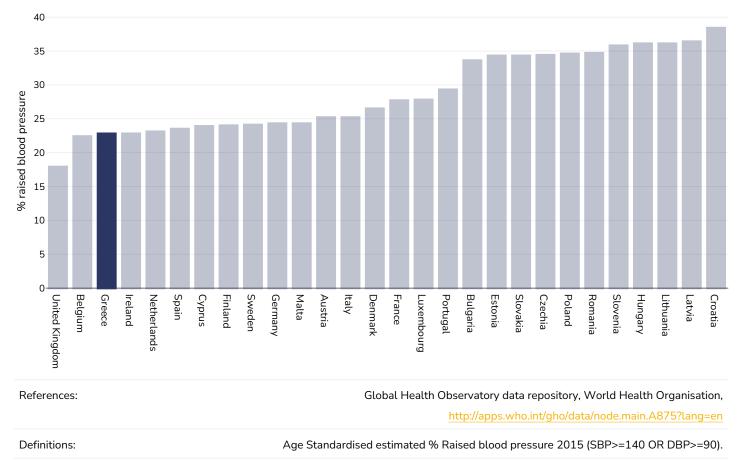


#### Raised blood pressure

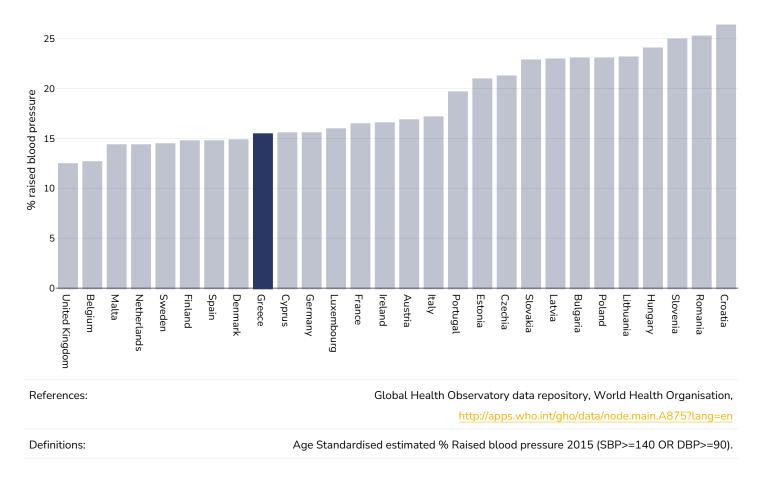


### 

Men, 2015



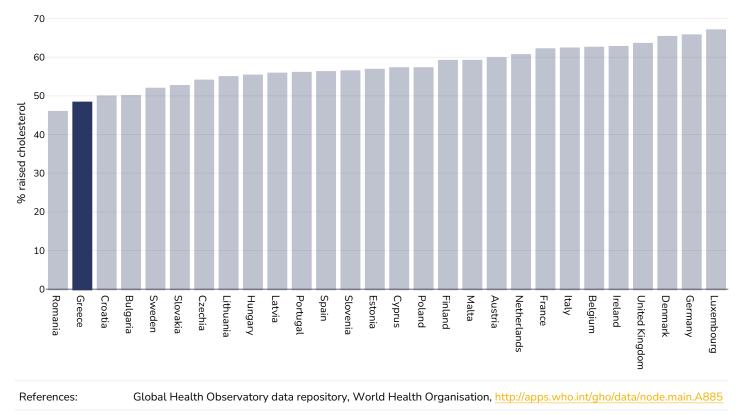






#### **Raised cholesterol**

#### Adults, 2008

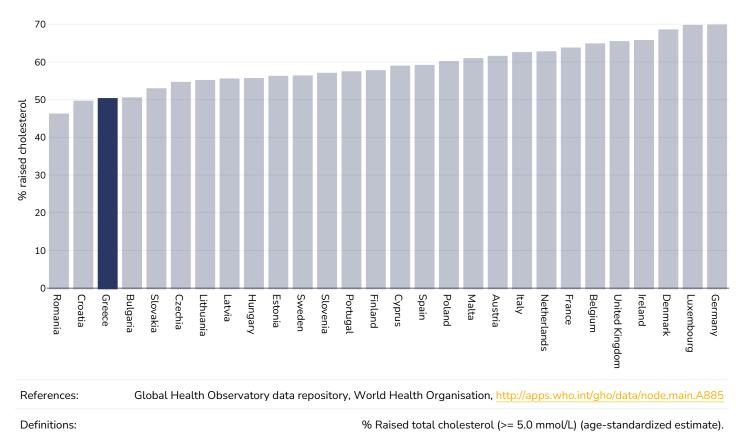


Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).

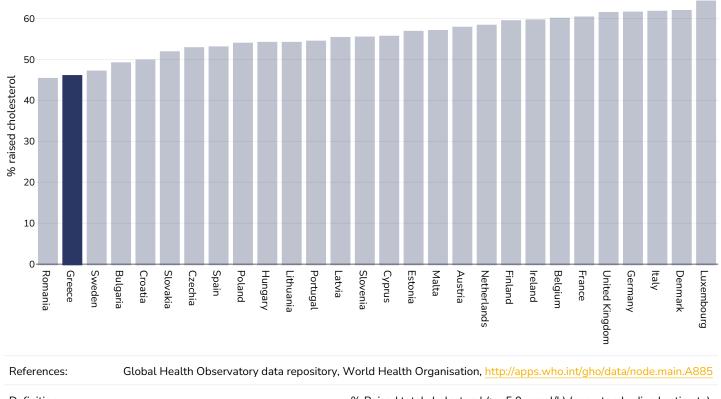
## 

Men, 2008





#### Women, 2008



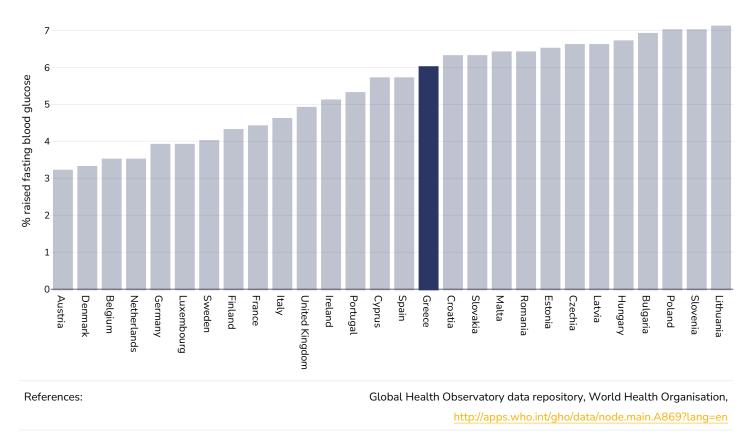
Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



#### Raised fasting blood glucose

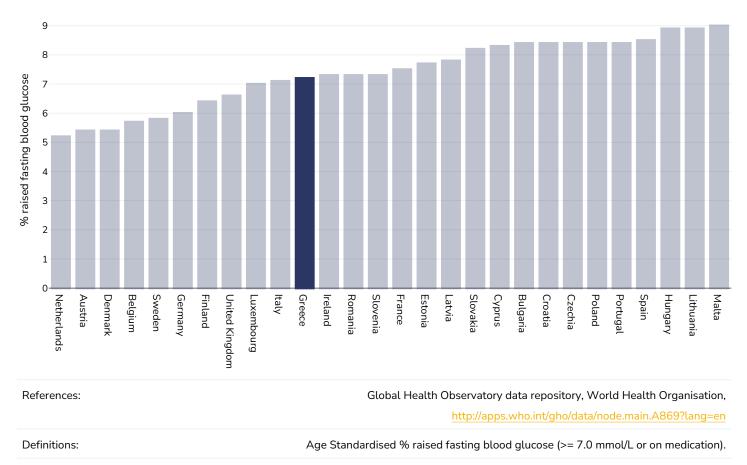




Definitions:

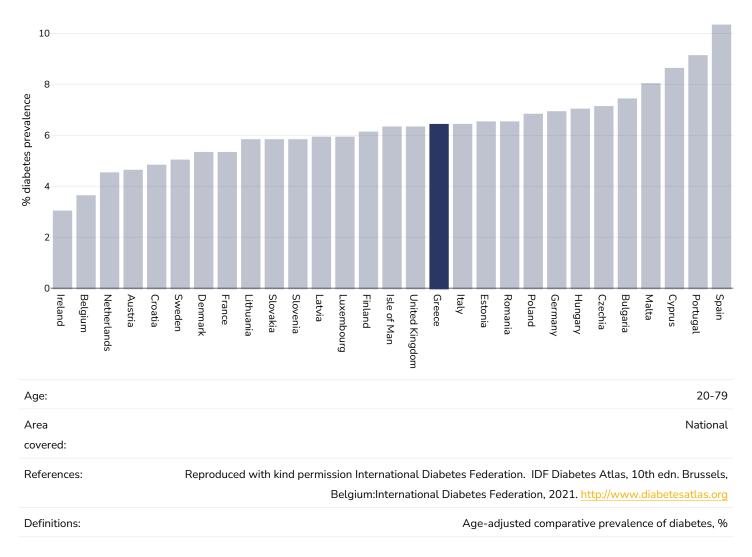
Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).

# 





#### **Diabetes prevalence**





#### **Contextual factors**

**Disclaimer:** These contextual factors should be interpreted with care. Results are updated as regularly as possible and use very specific criteria. The criteria used and full definitions are available for download at the bottom of this page.



#### Labelling

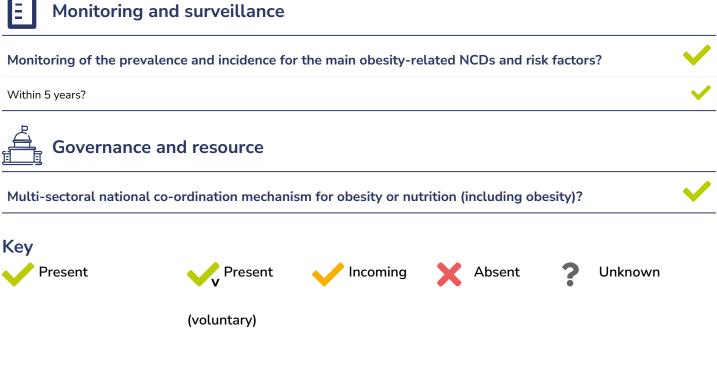
Is there mandatory nutrition labelling?	✓
Front-of-package labelling?	×
Back-of-pack nutrition declaration?	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
Color coding?	×
Warning label?	×

# 

Regulation and marketing	
Are there fiscal policies on unhealthy products?	X
Tax on unhealthy foods?	×
Tax on unhealthy drinks?	×
Are there fiscal policies on healthy products?	X
Subsidy on fruits?	×
Subsidy on vegetables?	×
Subsidy on other healthy products?	×
Mandatory limit or ban of trans fat (all settings)?	$\checkmark$
Mandatory limit of trans fats in place (all settings)?	~
Ban on trans-fats or phos in place (all settings)?	×
Are there any mandatory policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to	×
children?	
Mandatory restriction on broadcast media?	×
Mandatory restriction on non-broadcast media?	×
Voluntary policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to children?	V
Are there mandatory standards for food in schools?	$\checkmark$
Are there any mandatory nutrient limits in any manufactured food products?	$\checkmark$
Nutrition standards for public sector procurement?	×



National obesity strategy or nutrition and physical activity national strategy?	$\checkmark$
National obesity strategy?	×
National childhood obesity strategy?	×
Comprehensive nutrition strategy?	<ul> <li></li> </ul>
Comprehensive physical activity strategy?	✓
Evidence-based dietary guidelines and/or RDAs?	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>
National target(s) on reducing obesity?	×
Guidelines/policy on obesity treatment?	×
Promotion of breastfeeding?	<ul> <li></li> </ul>
ر شم ا	



Last updated June 30, 2023

PDF created on June 25, 2024