

Report card Cook Islands



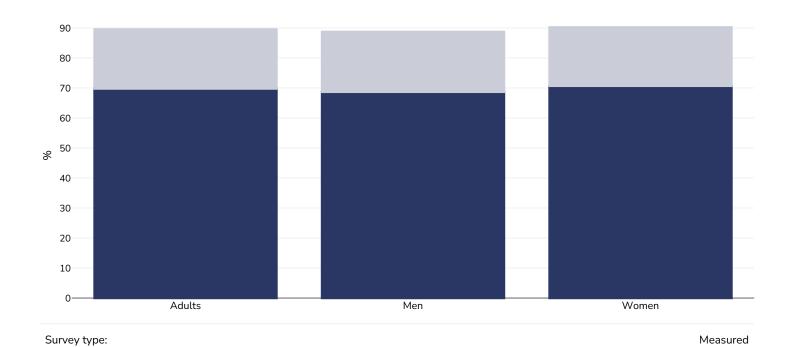
Contents	Page
Obesity prevalence	2
Overweight/obesity by age	4
Insufficient physical activity	6
Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption	12
Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption	13
Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption	14
Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption	15
Raised blood pressure	16
Raised cholesterol	19
Raised fasting blood glucose	22
Diabetes prevalence	24
Contextual factors	25



Obesity prevalence

Adults, 2013-2015



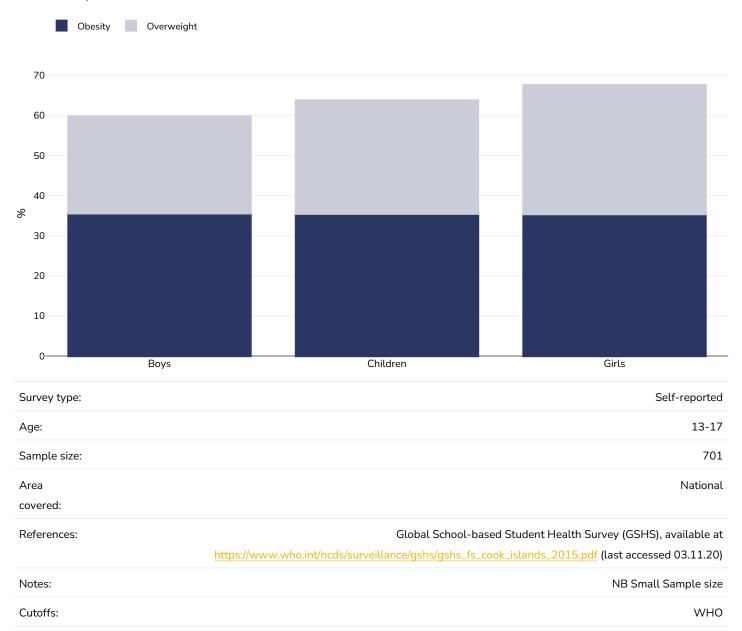


Age:	18-64
Sample size:	918
Area covered:	National
References:	STEPS Survey Cook Islands 2013-15, available at https://extranet.who.int/ncdsmicrodata/index.php/catalog/611 (last accessed 16.10.20)

 $Unless \ otherwise \ noted, overweight \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ between \ 25kg \ and \ 29.9kg/m^2, obesity \ refers \ to \ a \ BMI \ greater \ than \ 30kg/m^2.$



Children, 2015



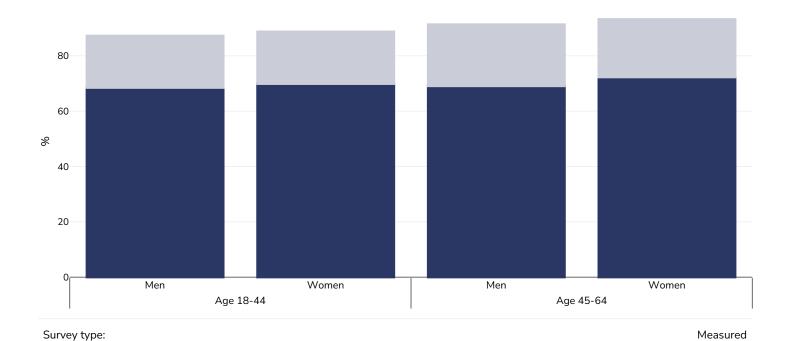


Overweight/obesity by age

Adults, 2013-2015

Survey type:





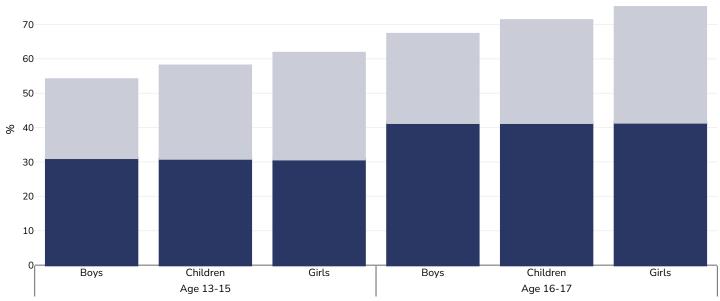
Sample size:	918
Area covered:	National
References:	STEPS Survey Cook Islands 2013-15, available at https://extranet.who.int/ncdsmicrodata/index.php/catalog/611 (last accessed 16.10.20)

Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/ m^2 , obesity refers to a BMI greater than $30kg/m^2$.



Children, 2015





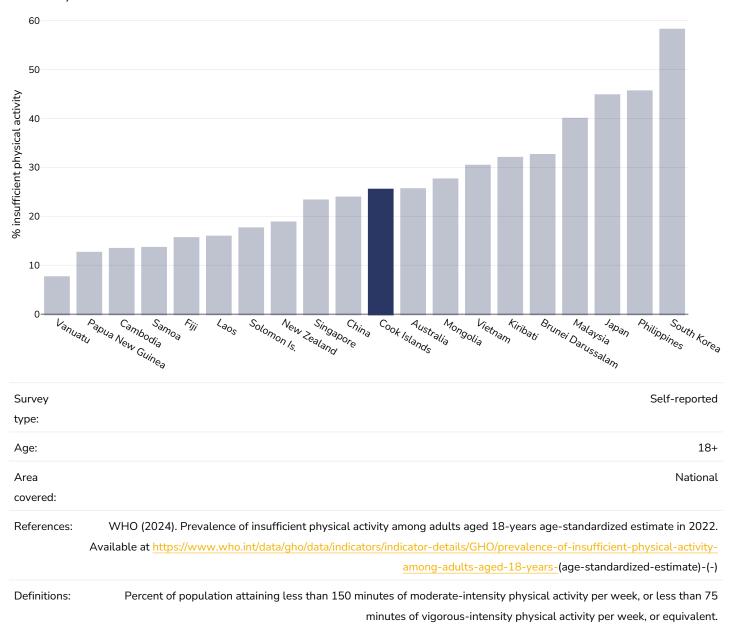
Survey type:	Self-reported	
Sample size:	701	
Area covered:	National	
References:	Global School-based Student Health Survey Cook Islands Factsheet 2015. Available at: https://cdn.who.int/media/docs/default-source/ncds/ncd-surveillance/data-reporting/cook-islands/gshs/gshs-fs-cook-islands-2015.pdf?sfvrsn=b6b57041_3&download=true.	

Cutoffs: WHO



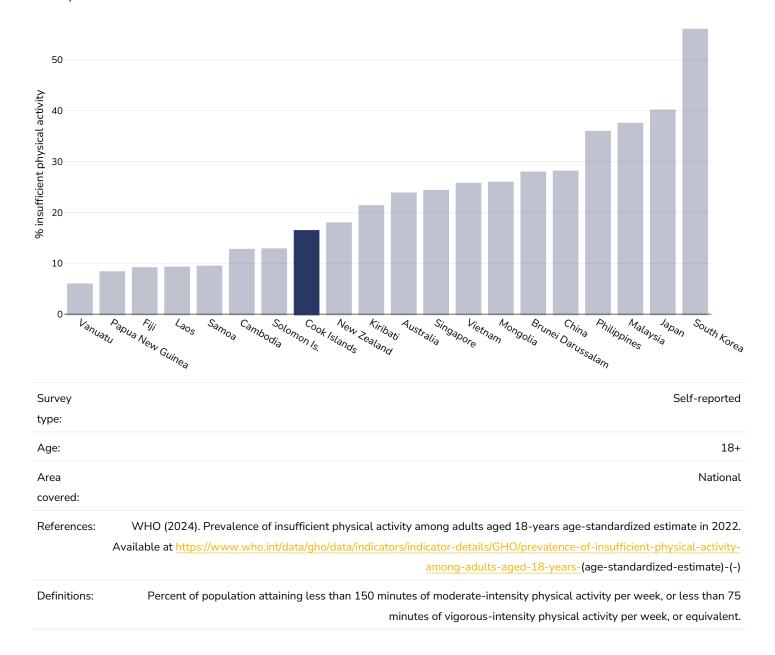
Insufficient physical activity

Adults, 2022



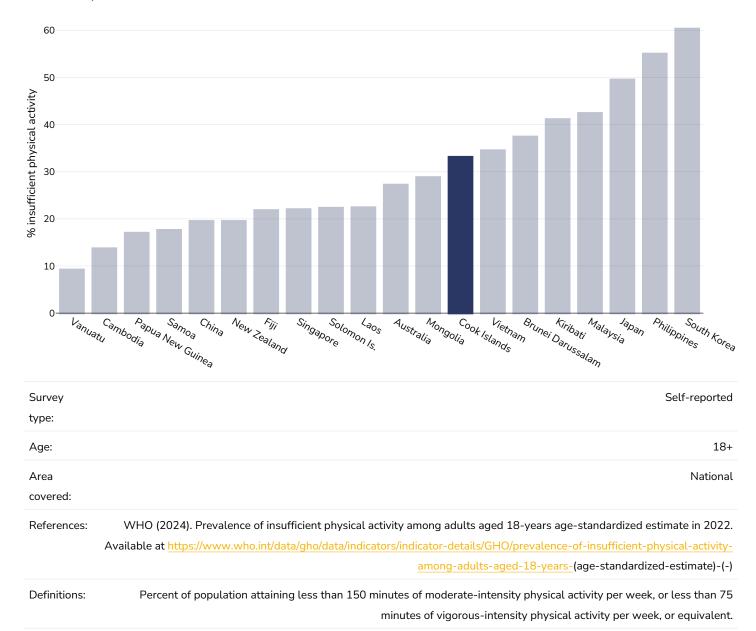


Men, 2022



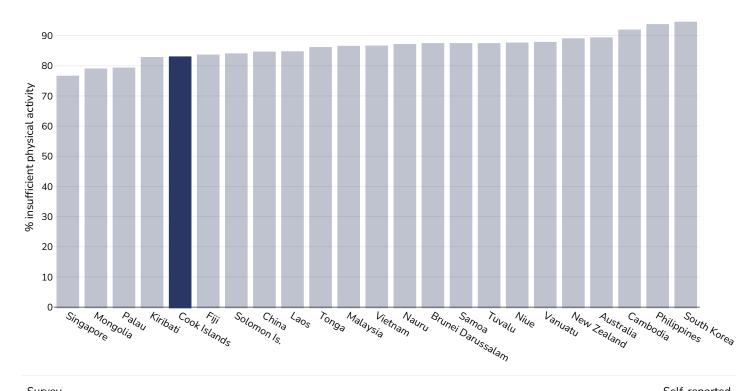


Women, 2022





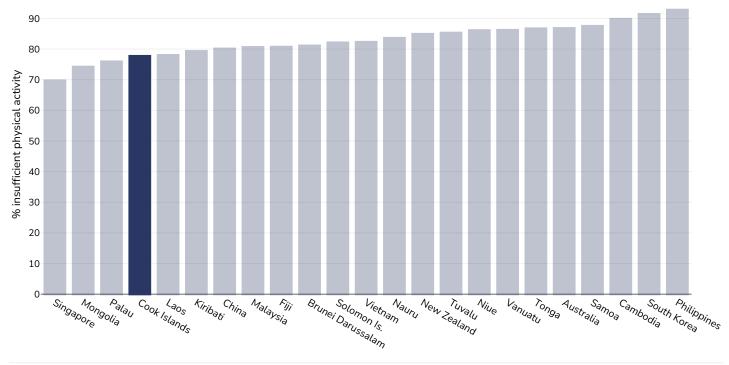
Children, 2016



Survey	Setr-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.
Definitions:	% Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Boys, 2016

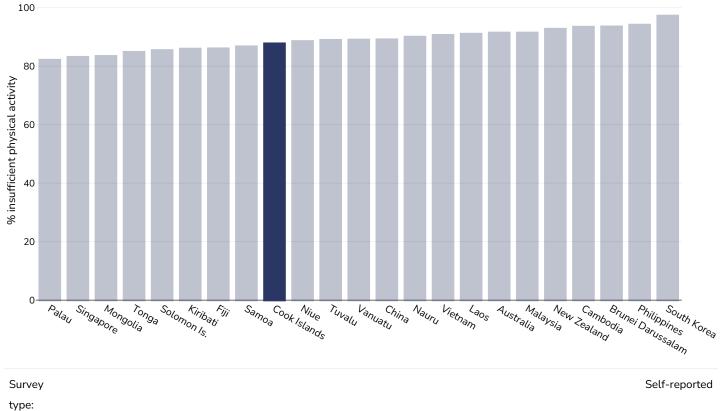


Survey	Self-reported
type:	
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)
Notes:	% of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Girls, 2016



Survey	Sett reported
type:	
Age:	11-17
References:	Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

https://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A893ADO?lang=en (last accessed 16.03.21)

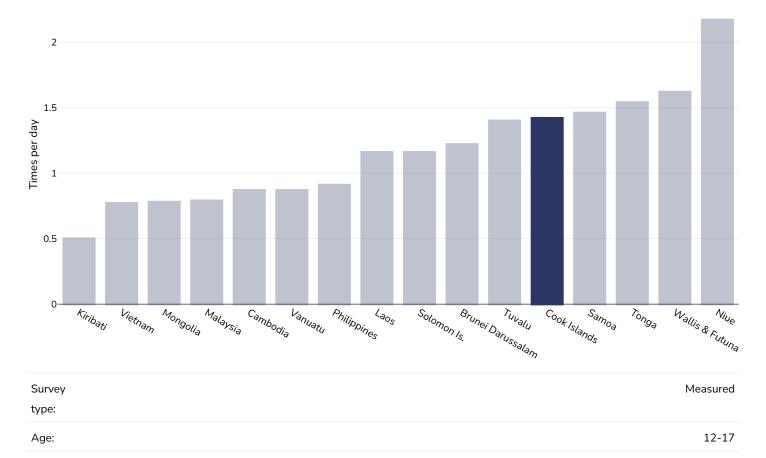
Notes: % of school going adolescents not meeting WHO recommendations on Physical Activity for Health, i.e. doing less than 60 minutes of moderate- to vigorous-intensity physical activity daily.

Definitions: % Adolescents insufficiently active (age standardised estimate)



Average daily frequency of carbonated soft drink consumption

Children, 2010-2015



References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

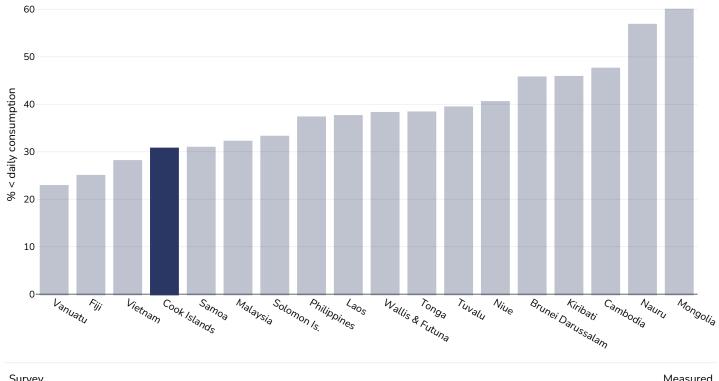
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system



Prevalence of less than daily fruit consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Survey Measured

type:

Age: 12-17

References:

Global School-based Student Health Surveys. Beal et al (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287. Sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system

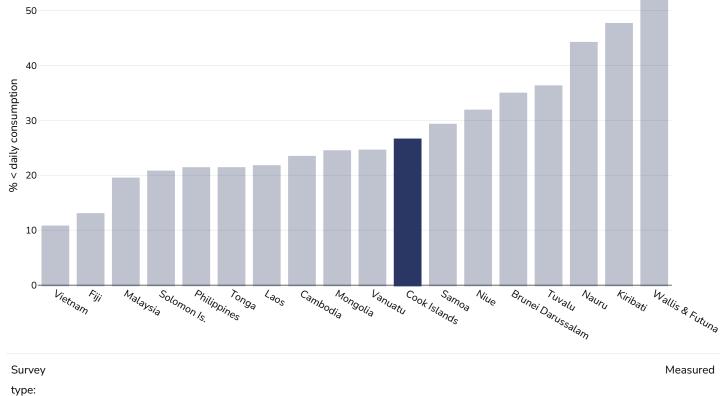
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily fruit consumption (% less-than-daily fruit consumption)



Prevalence of less than daily vegetable consumption

Children, 2010-2015



12-17

References:

Age:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system

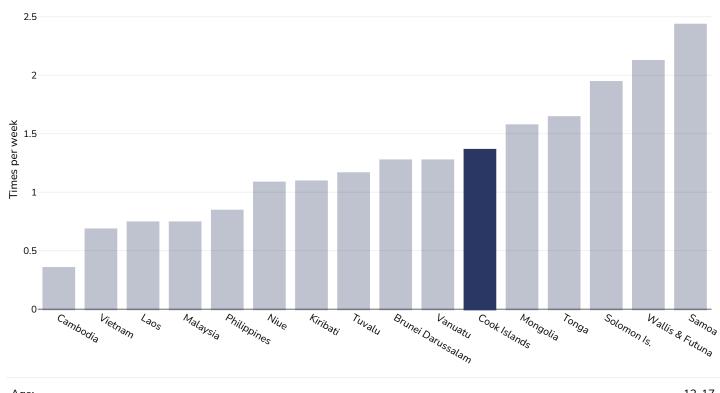
Definitions:

Prevalence of less-than-daily vegetable consumption (% less-than-daily vegetable consumption)



Average weekly frequency of fast food consumption

Children, 2010-2015



Age: 12-17

References:

Beal et al. (2019). Global Patterns of Adolescent Fruit, Vegetable, Carbonated Soft Drink, and Fast-food consumption: A meta-analysis of global school-based student health surveys. Food and Nutrition Bulletin.

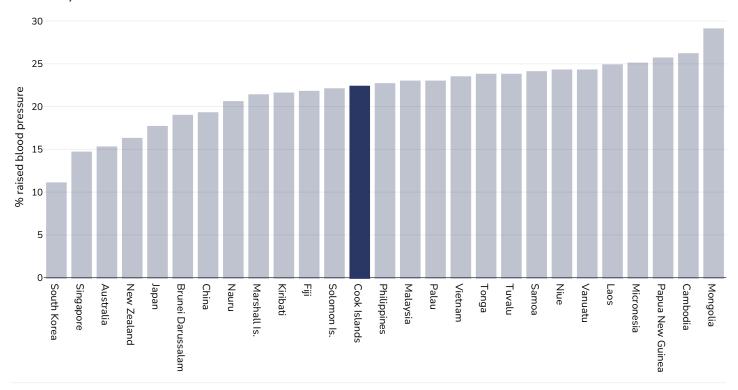
https://doi.org/10.1177/0379572119848287 sourced from Food Systems Dashboard

 $\underline{\text{http://www.foodsystemsdashboard.org/food-system}}$



Raised blood pressure

Adults, 2015



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

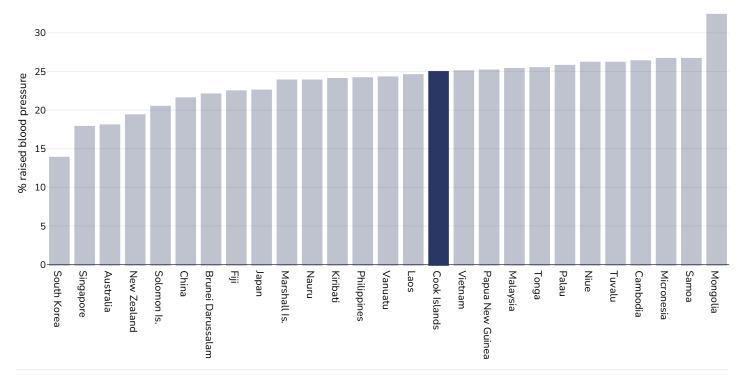
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



Men, 2015



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

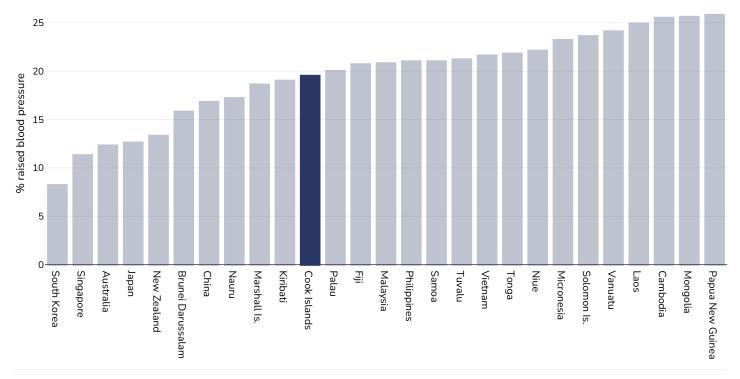
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



Women, 2015



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A875?lang=en

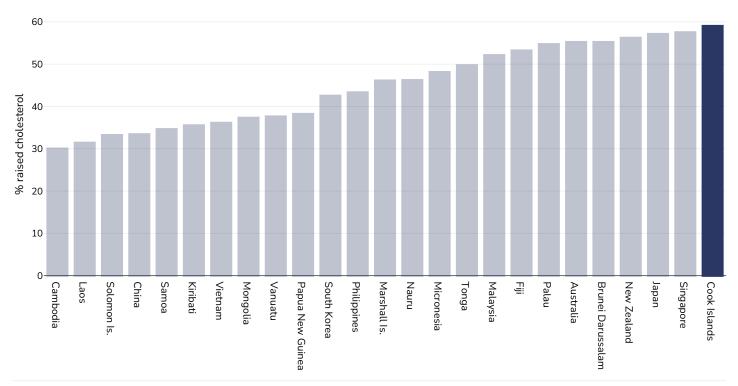
Definitions:

Age Standardised estimated % Raised blood pressure 2015 (SBP>=140 OR DBP>=90).



Raised cholesterol

Adults, 2008



References:

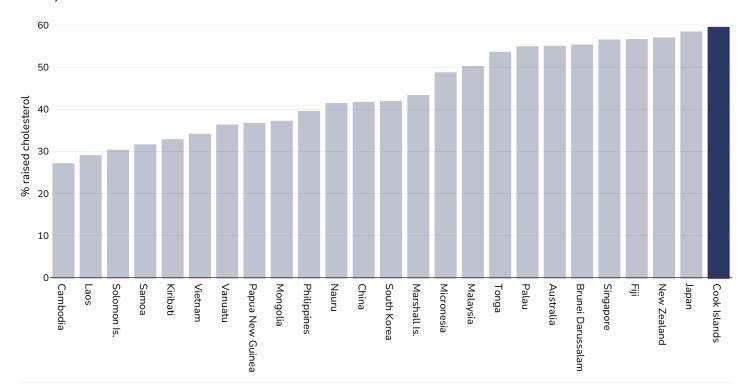
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



Men, 2008



References:

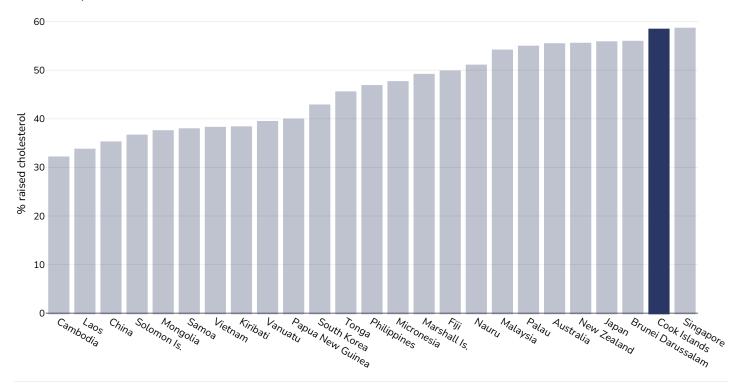
Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation, http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885

Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



Women, 2008



References:

 $Global\ Health\ Observatory\ data\ repository,\ World\ Health\ Organisation,\ \underline{http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A885}$

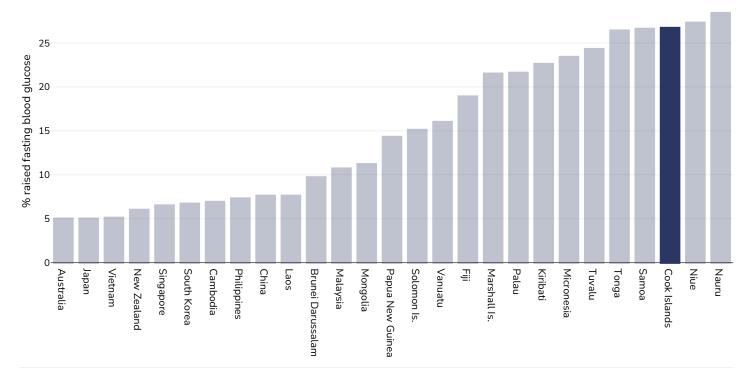
Definitions:

% Raised total cholesterol (>= 5.0 mmol/L) (age-standardized estimate).



Raised fasting blood glucose

Men, 2014



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

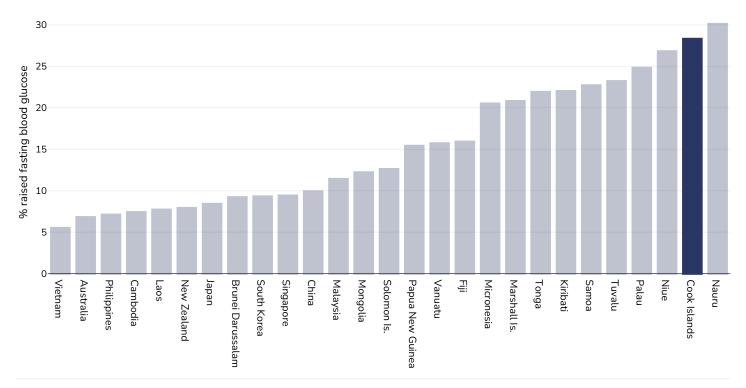
http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (>= 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).



Women, 2014



References:

Global Health Observatory data repository, World Health Organisation,

http://apps.who.int/gho/data/node.main.A869?lang=en

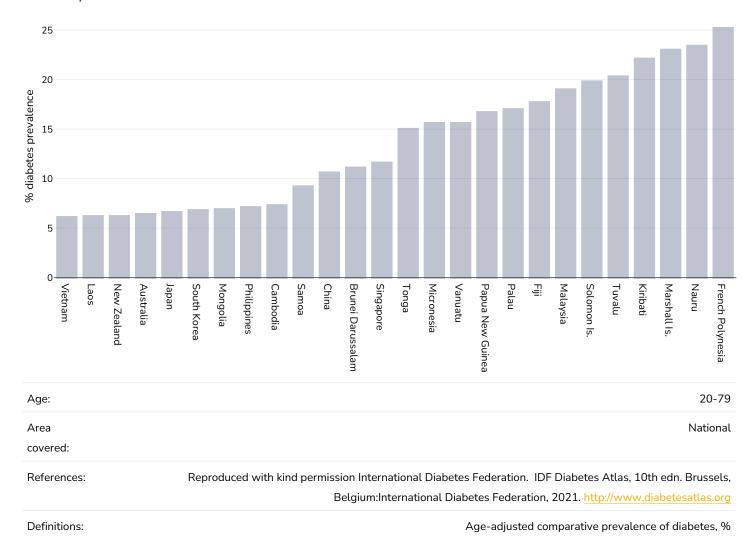
Definitions:

Age Standardised % raised fasting blood glucose (\geq 7.0 mmol/L or on medication).



Diabetes prevalence

Adults, 2021





Contextual factors

Disclaimer: These contextual factors should be interpreted with care. Results are updated as regularly as possible and use very specific criteria. The criteria used and full definitions are available for download at the bottom of this page.



Labelling

Is there mandatory nutrition labelling?	✓
Front-of-package labelling?	×
Back-of-pack nutrition declaration?	✓
Color coding?	×
Warning label?	×





Regulation and marketing

Are there fiscal policies on unhealthy products?	\
Tax on unhealthy foods?	X
Tax on unhealthy drinks?	~
Are there fiscal policies on healthy products?	?
Subsidy on fruits?	~
Subsidy on vegetables?	?
Subsidy on other healthy products?	?
Mandatory limit or ban of trans fat (all settings)?	?
Mandatory limit of trans fats in place (all settings)?	?
Ban on trans-fats or phos in place (all settings)?	?
Are there any mandatory policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to children?	~
Mandatory restriction on broadcast media?	~
Mandatory restriction on non-broadcast media?	~
Voluntary policies/marketing restrictions on the promotion of unhealthy food/drinks to children?	?
Are there mandatory standards for food in schools?	?
Are there any mandatory nutrient limits in any manufactured food products?	?
Nutrition standards for public sector procurement?	?





Political will and support

National obesity strategy or nutrition and physical activity national strategy?	?
National obesity strategy?	?
National childhood obesity strategy?	~
Comprehensive nutrition strategy?	?
Comprehensive physical activity strategy?	?
Evidence-based dietary guidelines and/or RDAs?	?
National target(s) on reducing obesity?	~
Guidelines/policy on obesity treatment?	~
Promotion of breastfeeding?	~
Monitoring and surveillance	
Monitoring of the prevalence and incidence for the main obesity-related NCDs and risk factors?	~
Within 5 years?	X
Governance and resource	
Multi-sectoral national co-ordination mechanism for obesity or nutrition (including obesity)?	~
Key Present Present Voluntary)	own

Last updated January 16, 2023



PDF created on September 2, 2024