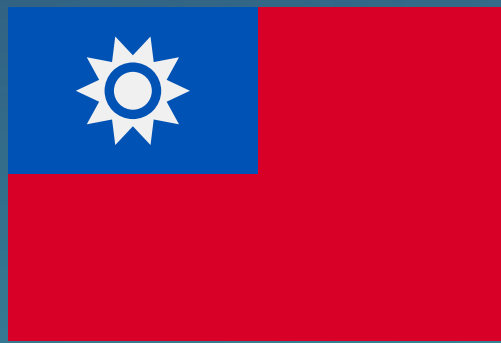




# Chinese Taipei



## Country report card - adults

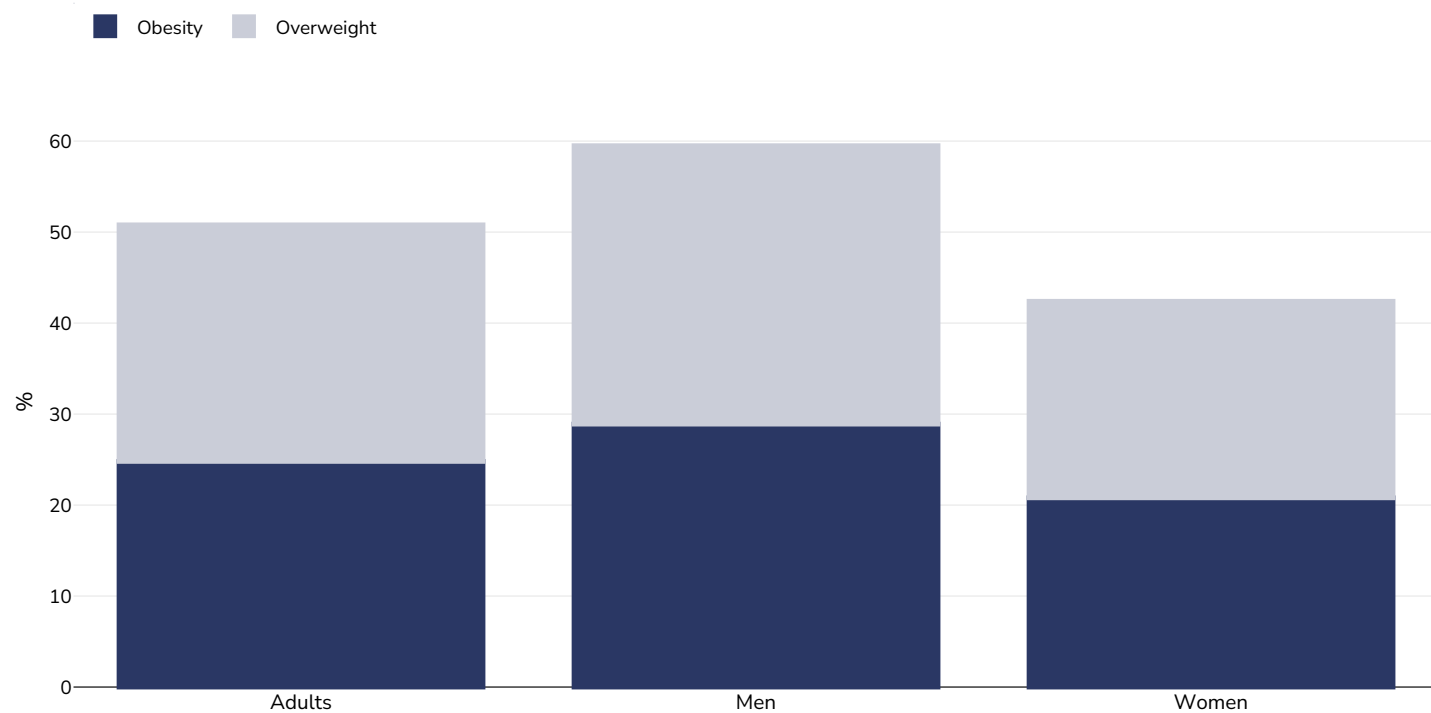
*This report card contains the latest data available on the Global Obesity Observatory on overweight and obesity for adults. Where available, data on common and relevant obesity drivers and comorbidities are also presented.*

*View the latest version of this report on the Global Obesity Observatory at <https://data.worldobesity.org/country/chinese-taipei-211/>.*

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Double burden of underweight & overweight	14
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## Obesity prevalence

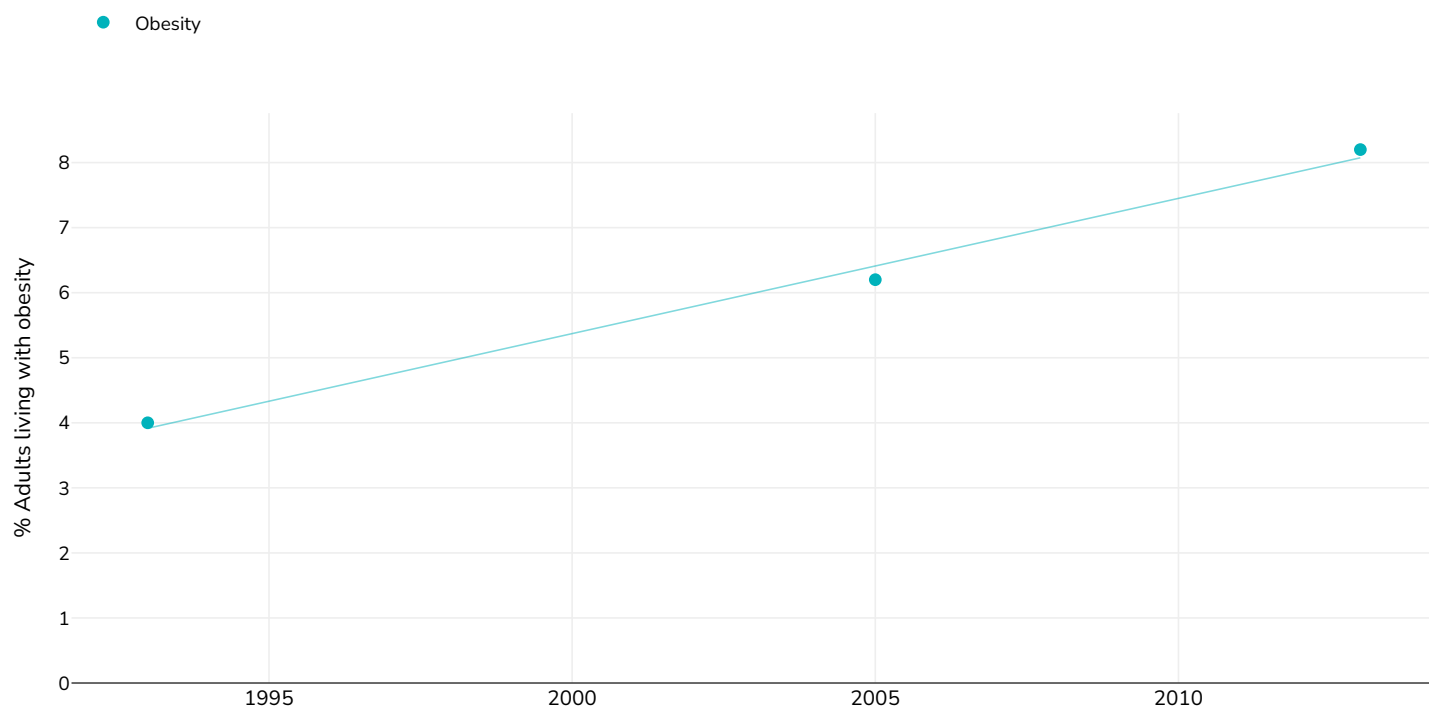
### Adults, 2018-2022



Survey type:	Measured
Age:	18+
Sample size:	4856
Area covered:	National
References:	Statistics of Health Promotion 2022. Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, R.O.C (TAIWAN), 2024. <a href="https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&amp;pid=18598">https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&amp;pid=18598</a> [Accessed 01.08.25]
Notes:	Data from Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan 2018-2022. Health Promotion Administration.
Definitions:	Overweight: $24 \leq \text{BMI} < 27\text{kg/m}^2$ ; and obese: $\text{BMI} \geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$
Cutoffs:	Taiwanese cutoffs

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

## % Adults living with obesity in Taiwan 1993-2013



**Survey type:** Measured

**References:** Chang HC, Yang HC, Chang HY, et al. Morbid obesity in Taiwan: Prevalence, trends, associated social demographics, and lifestyle factors. PLoS One. 2017;12(2):e0169577. Published 2017 Feb 2. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0169577

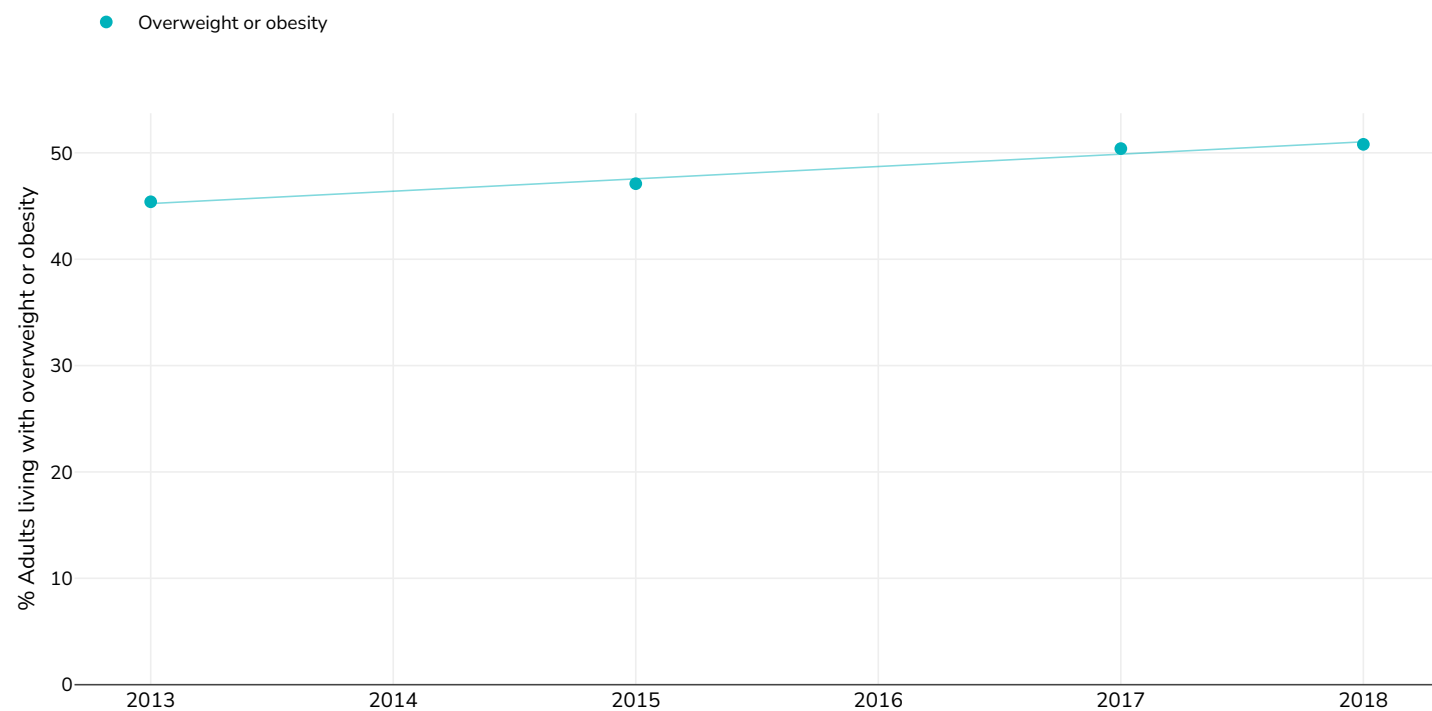
**Definitions:** Other Cut offs available

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

## % Adults living with overweight or obesity in Taiwan, 2013-2022 (Taiwanese cutoffs)

### Men and women



**Survey type:** Measured

**References:** Statistics of Health Promotion 2022. Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, R.O.C (TAIWAN), 2024. <https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&pid=18598> [Accessed 01.08.25]

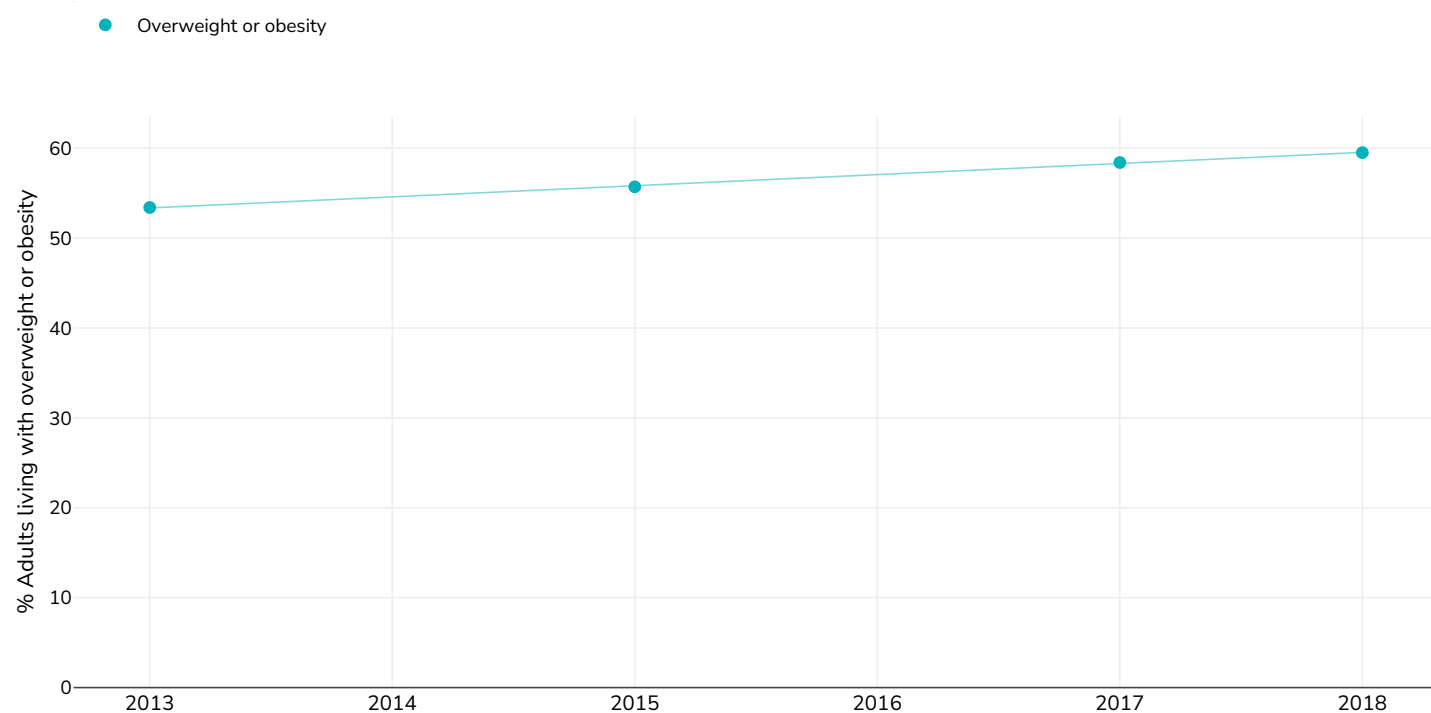
**Notes:** Data from Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan, HPA, 2013-2016, 2015-2018, 2017-2020, 2018-2022

**Definitions:** Overweight:  $24 \leq \text{BMI} < 27 \text{kg/m}^2$ ; Obese:  $\text{BMI} \geq 27 \text{kg/m}^2$

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

## Men



**Survey type:** Measured

**References:** Statistics of Health Promotion 2022. Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, R.O.C (TAIWAN), 2024. <https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&pid=18598> [Accessed 01.08.25]

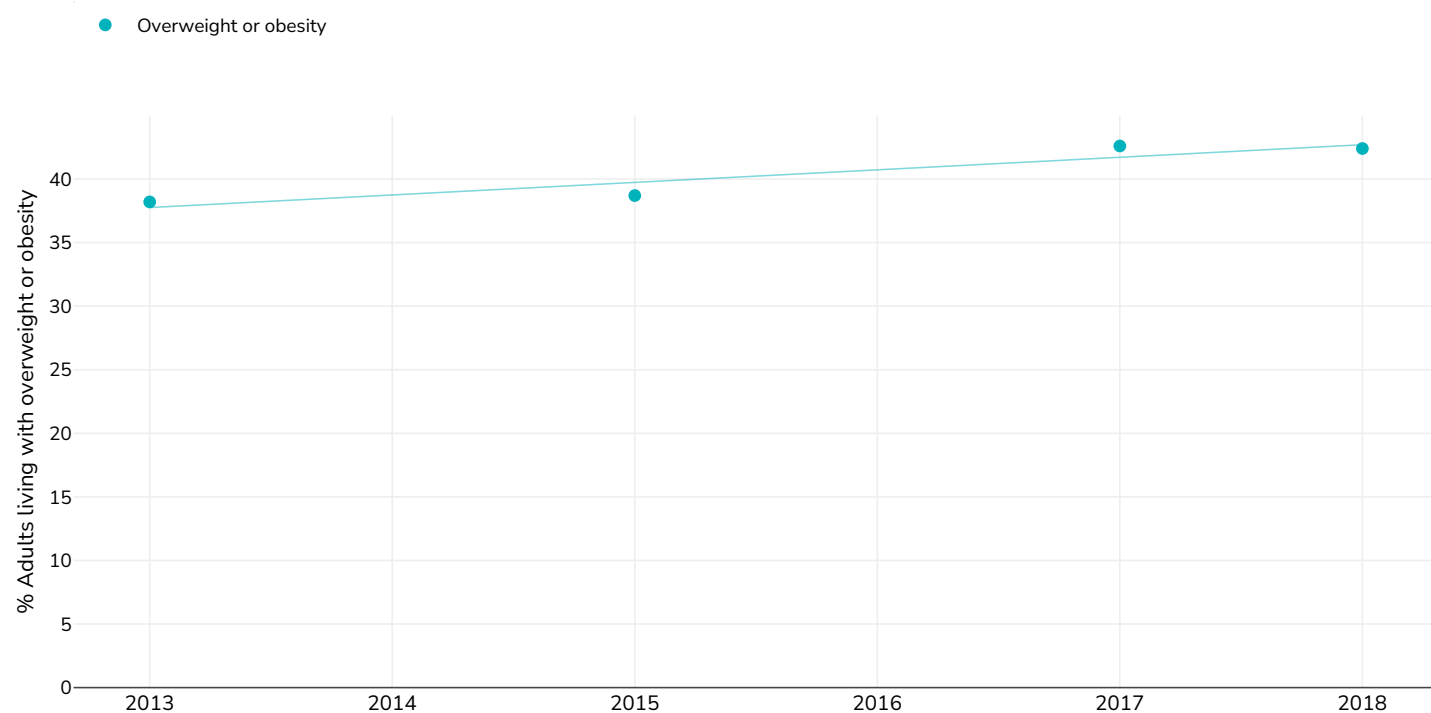
**Notes:** Data from Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan, HPA, 2013-2016, 2015-2018, 2017-2020, 2018-2022

**Definitions:** Overweight:  $24 \leq \text{BMI} < 27\text{kg/m}^2$ ; Obese:  $\text{BMI} \geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

## Women



**Survey type:** Measured

**References:** Statistics of Health Promotion 2022. Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, R.O.C (TAIWAN), 2024. <https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&pid=18598> [Accessed 01.08.25]

**Notes:** Data from Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan, HPA, 2013-2016, 2015-2018, 2017-2020, 2018-2022

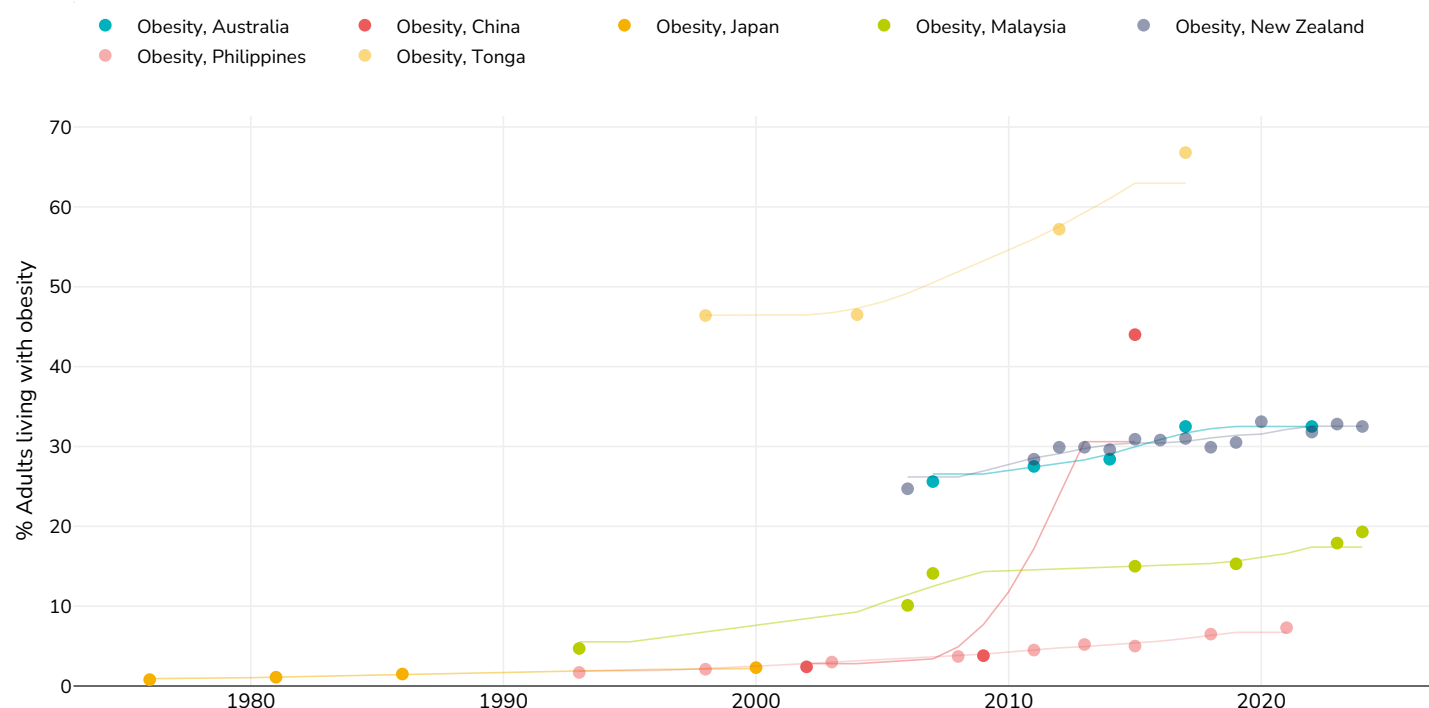
**Definitions:** Overweight:  $24 \leq \text{BMI} < 27\text{kg/m}^2$ ; Obese:  $\text{BMI} \geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

**% Adults living with obesity in selected countries in the Asia/Oceania  
Region 1975-2019, selected countries**

## Men



**References:**

1976, 1981, 1986: Yoshiike N, Seino F, Tajima S, Arai Y, Kawano M, Furuhashi T, Inoue S. Twenty-year changes in the prevalence of overweight in Japanese adults: The National Nutrition Survey 1976-95. *Obesity Reviews* 2002;3:183-190

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1995, 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. *EJCN* (2000) 54:247-252

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2003: <http://www.fnri.dost.gov.ph/files/fnri%20files/nns/factsandfigures2003/anthropometric.pdf> (last accessed June 14th 2011)

2004: Tonga STEPS Survey 2004

2005, 2013: Chang HC, Yang HC, Chang HY, et al. Morbid obesity in Taiwan: Prevalence, trends, associated social demographics, and lifestyle factors. *PLoS One*. 2017;12(2):e0169577. Published 2017 Feb 2. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0169577

2006: Gerritsen S, Stefanogiannis N, Galloway Y, Devlin M, Templaton R and Yeh L. A portrait of health: key results of the 2006/07 New Zealand Health Survey.

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2011: New Zealand Health Survey 2011/12. <https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2023-24-annual-data-explorer/> (last accessed 19.11.25)

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2014: New Zealand Health Survey 2014/15. <https://www.health.govt.nz/publications/annual-update-of-key-results-202324-new-zealand-health-survey> [Last accessed 19.11.25]

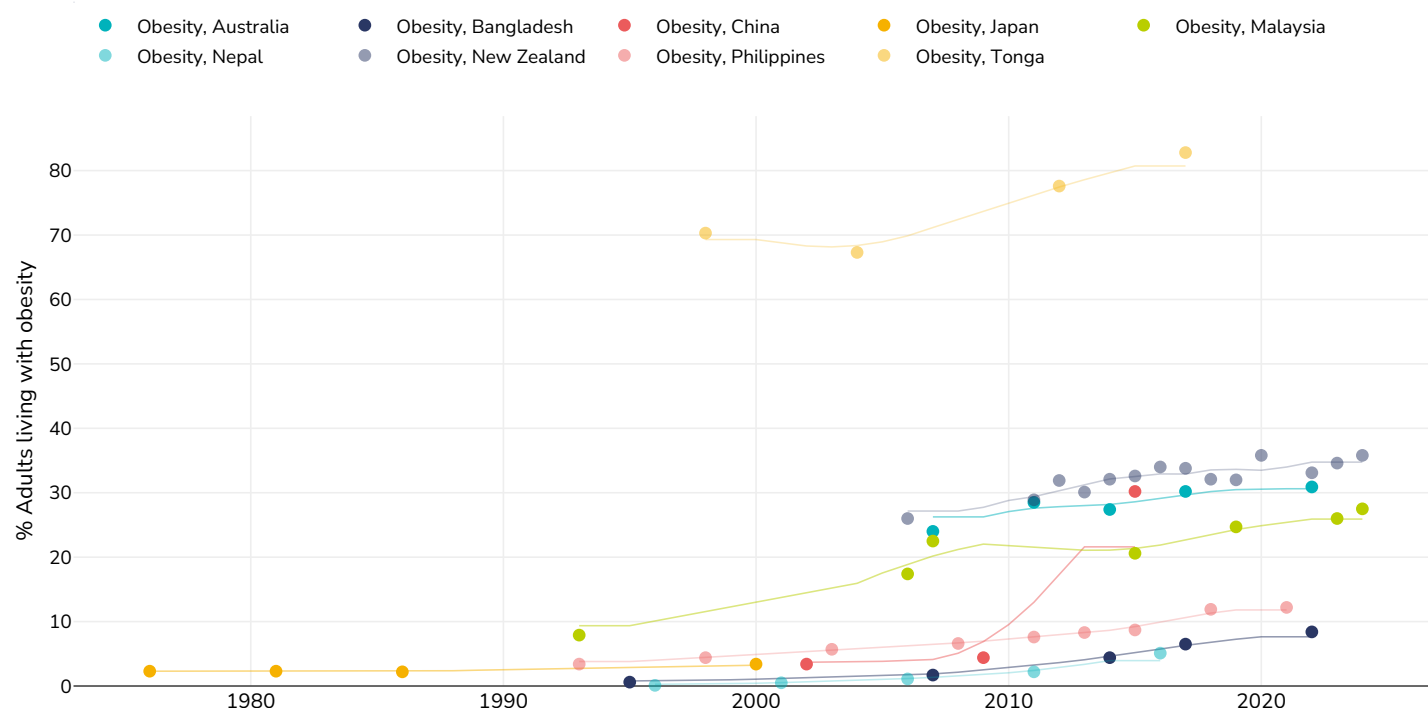
2015: Li, Y., Teng, D., Shi, X., Teng, X., Teng, W., Shan, Z., Lai, Y. and China National Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders Study Group, 2021. Changes in the prevalence of obesity and hypertension and demographic risk factor profiles in China over 10 years: two national cross-sectional surveys. *The Lancet Regional Health-Western Pacific*, 15, p.100227.

2016: Ministry of Health. 2018. Annual Data Explorer 2017/18: New Zealand Health Survey [Data File]. URL: <https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2017-18-annual-data-explorer/> (last accessed 19.11.25)

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

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## Women



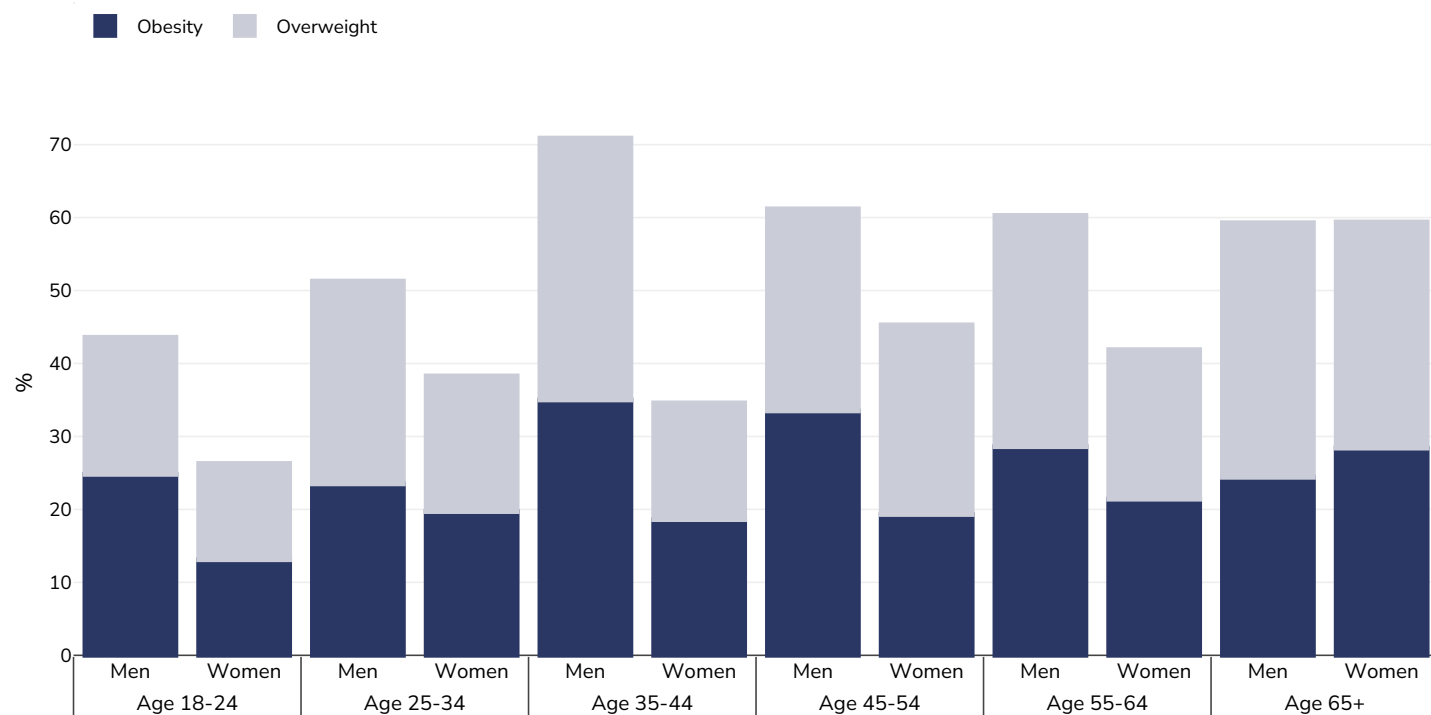
- References:**
- 1976, 1981, 1986: Yoshiike N, Seino F, Tajima S, Arai Y, Kawano M, Furuhashi T, Inoue S. Twenty-year changes in the prevalence of overweight in Japanese adults: The National Nutrition Survey 1976-95. *Obesity Reviews* 2002;3:183-190
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  - 1995, 1996: Martorell R, Khan LK, Hughes ML, Grummer Strawn LM. Obesity in women from developing countries. *EJCN* (2000) 54:247-252
  - 1998: Data provided by the Philippine Department of Health, Dr C. Barbu, data reanalysed by Dr Charmaine Duante.
  - 2000: Asia Pacific Cohort Studies Collaboration. The burden of overweight and obesity in the Asia-Pacific region. *Obesity Reviews* 2007;8:191-196.
  - 2001: SCN (2004). 5th Report on the World Nutrition Situation. Nutrition for Improved Development Outcomes. Appendix 11
  - 2002: Report of the 2002 China National Nutrition and Health Survey. 2004. (In Chinese). Chinese Ministry of Public Health (CMPH).
  - 2003: <http://www.fnri.dost.gov.ph/files/fnri%20files/nns/factsandfigures2003/anthropometric.pdf> (last accessed June 14th 2011)
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  - 2006: Gerritsen S, Stefanogiannis N, Galloway Y, Devlin M, Templaton R and Yeh L. A portrait of health: key results of the 2006/07 New Zealand Health Survey.
  - 2007: Mohamud WN, Musa KI, Khir AS, Ismail AA, Ismail IS, Kadir KA, Kamaruddin NA, Yaacob NA, Mustafa N, Ali O, Isa SH, Bebakar WM. Prevalence of overweight and obesity among adult Malaysians: an update. *Asia Pac J Clin Nutr*. 2011;20(1):35-41.
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  - 2009: Yan, S., Li, J., Li, S., Zhang, B., Du, S., Gordon-Larsen, P., Adair, L. and Popkin, B. (2012), The expanding burden of cardiometabolic risk in China: the China Health and Nutrition Survey. *Obesity Reviews*. doi: 10.1111/j.1467-789X.2012.01016.x
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  - 2012: New Zealand Health Survey 2012/13. <https://www.health.govt.nz/publications/annual-update-of-key-results-202324-new-zealand-health-survey> [Last accessed 19.11.25]
  - 2014: New Zealand Health Survey 2014/15. <https://www.health.govt.nz/publications/annual-update-of-key-results-202324-new-zealand-health-survey> [Last accessed 19.11.25]
  - 2015: Li, Y., Teng, D., Shi, X., Teng, X., Teng, W., Shan, Z., Lai, Y. and China National Diabetes and Metabolic Disorders Study Group, 2021. Changes in the prevalence of obesity and hypertension and demographic risk factor profiles in China over 10 years: two national cross-sectional surveys. *The Lancet Regional Health-Western Pacific*, 15, p.100227.
  - 2016: Ministry of Health. 2018. Annual Data Explorer 2017/18: New Zealand Health Survey [Data File]. URL: <https://minhealthnz.shinyapps.io/nz-health-survey-2017-18-annual-data-explorer/> (last accessed 19.11.25)

*Different methodologies may have been used to collect this data and so data from different surveys may not be strictly comparable. Please check with original data sources for methodologies used.*

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## Overweight/obesity by age

### Adults, 2018-2022

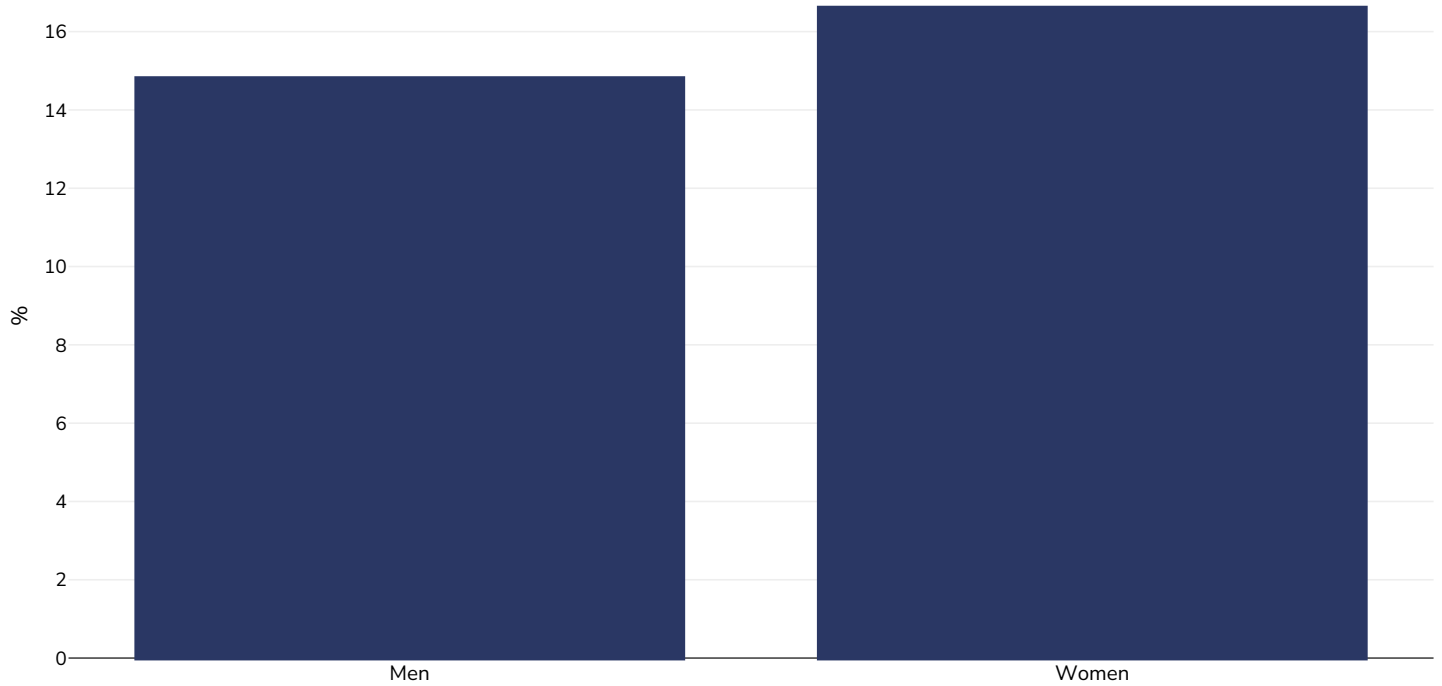


<b>Survey type:</b>	Measured
<b>Sample size:</b>	4856
<b>Area covered:</b>	National
<b>References:</b>	Statistics of Health Promotion 2022. Health Promotion Administration, Ministry of Health and Welfare, R.O.C (TAIWAN), 2024. <a href="https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&amp;pid=18598">https://www.hpa.gov.tw/EngPages/Detail.aspx?nodeid=3850&amp;pid=18598</a> [Accessed 01.08.25]
<b>Notes:</b>	Data from Nutrition and Health Survey in Taiwan 2018-2022. Health Promotion Administration.
<b>Definitions:</b>	Overweight: $24 \leq \text{BMI} < 27\text{kg/m}^2$ ; and obese: $\text{BMI} \geq 27\text{kg/m}^2$
<b>Cutoffs:</b>	Taiwanese cutoffs

*Unless otherwise noted, overweight refers to a BMI between 25kg and 29.9kg/m<sup>2</sup>, obesity refers to a BMI greater than 30kg/m<sup>2</sup>.*

## Double burden of underweight & overweight

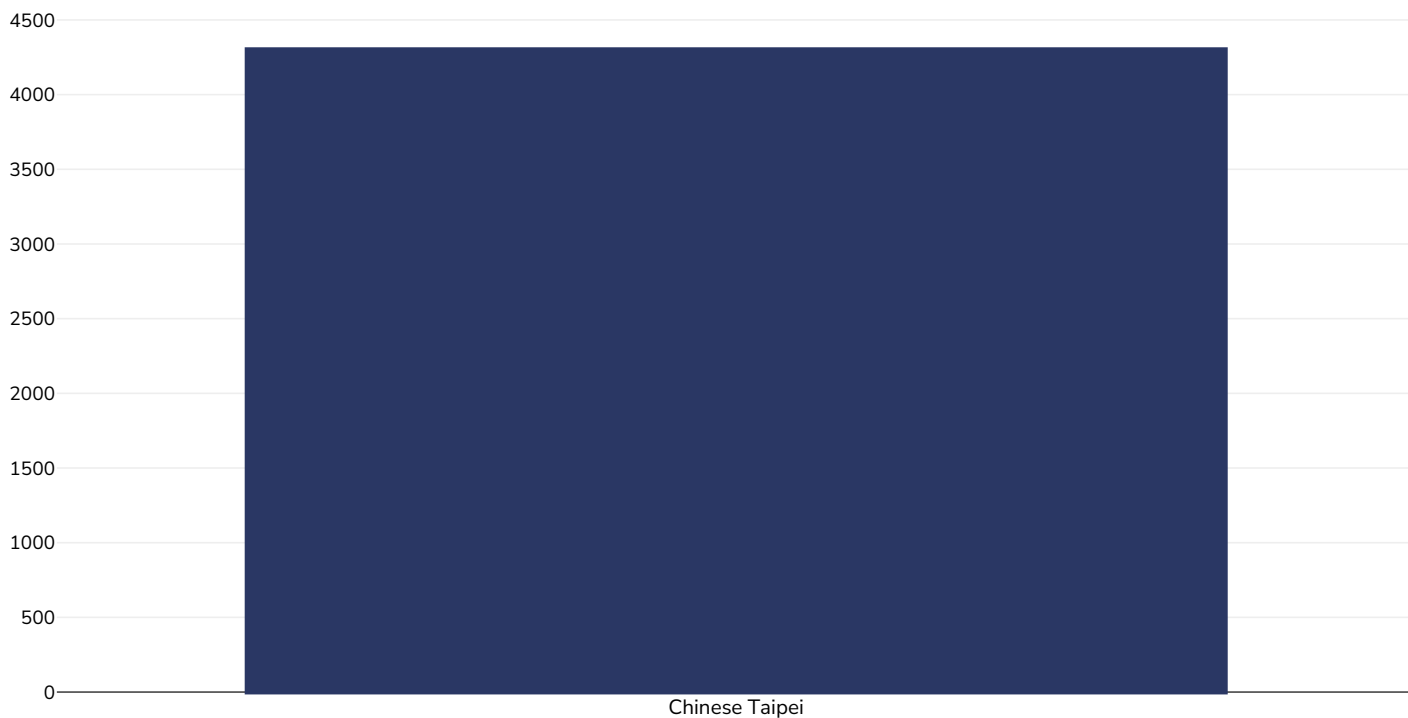
Adults, 2022



<b>Survey type:</b>	Measured
<b>Age:</b>	20+
<b>References:</b>	NCD Risk Factor Collaboration (NCD-RisC). Worldwide trends in underweight and obesity from 1990 to 2022: a pooled analysis of 3663 population representative studies with 222 million children, adolescents, and adults. Lancet 2024; published online Feb 29. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2">https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(23)02750-2</a> .
<b>Notes:</b>	Age Standardised estimates
<b>Definitions:</b>	Combined prevalence of BMI<18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> and BMI>=30 kg/m <sup>2</sup> (double burden of underweight and obesity)

## Mental health - depression disorders

### Adults, 2021



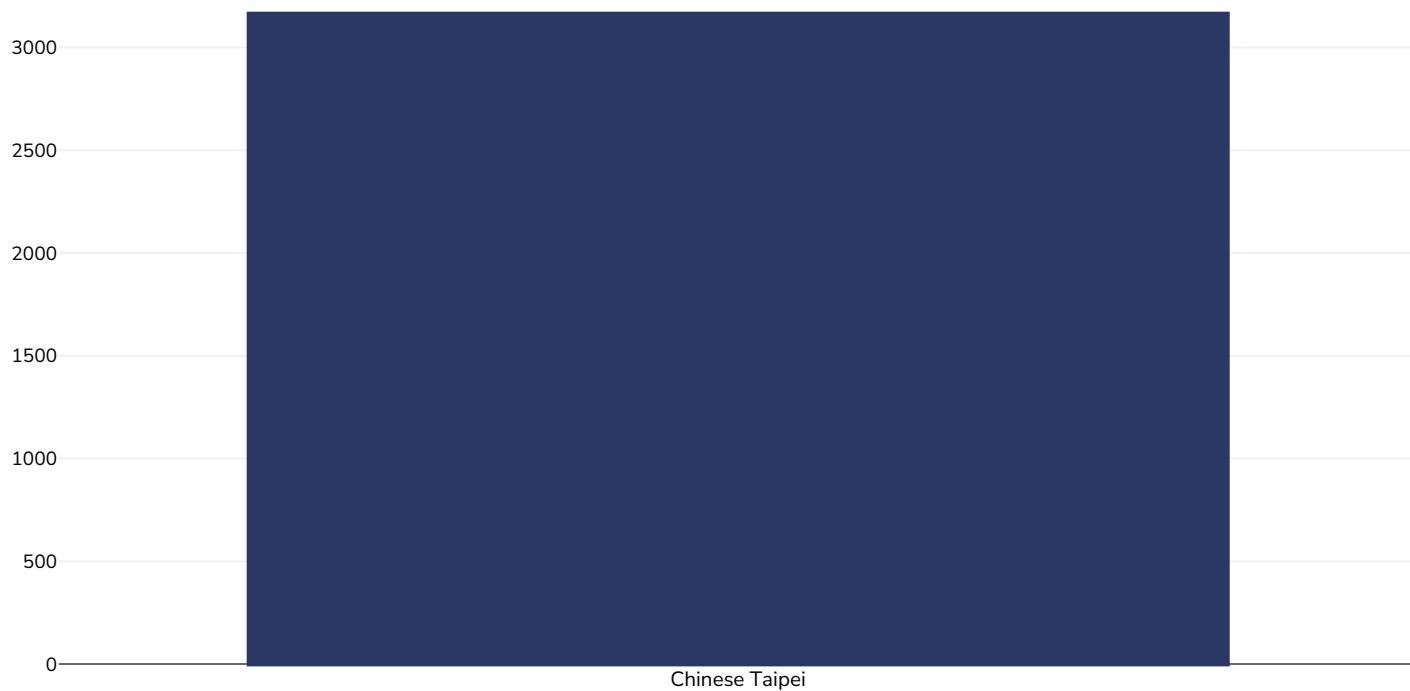
Age: 20+

Area covered: National

References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare>. (Last accessed 23.04.25)

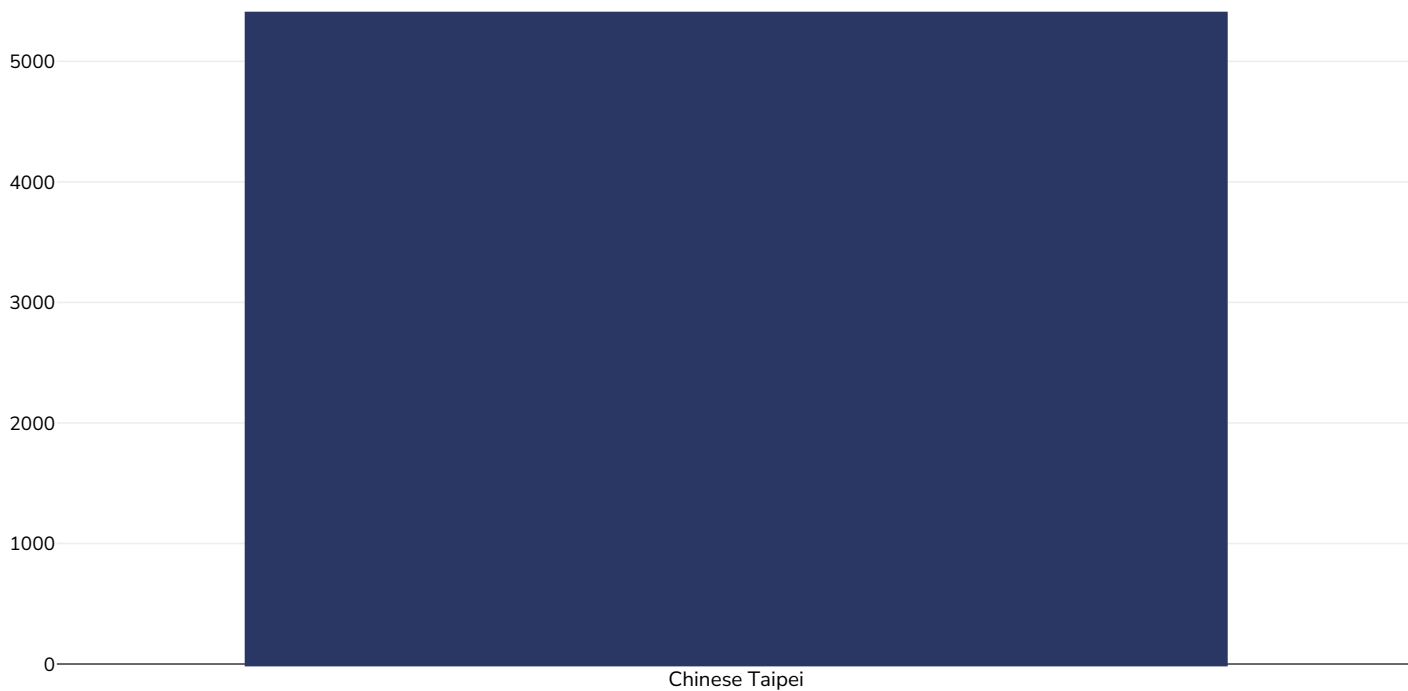
Definitions: Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

## Men, 2021



<b>Age:</b>	20+
<b>Area covered:</b>	National
<b>References:</b>	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> . (Last accessed 23.04.25)
<b>Definitions:</b>	Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

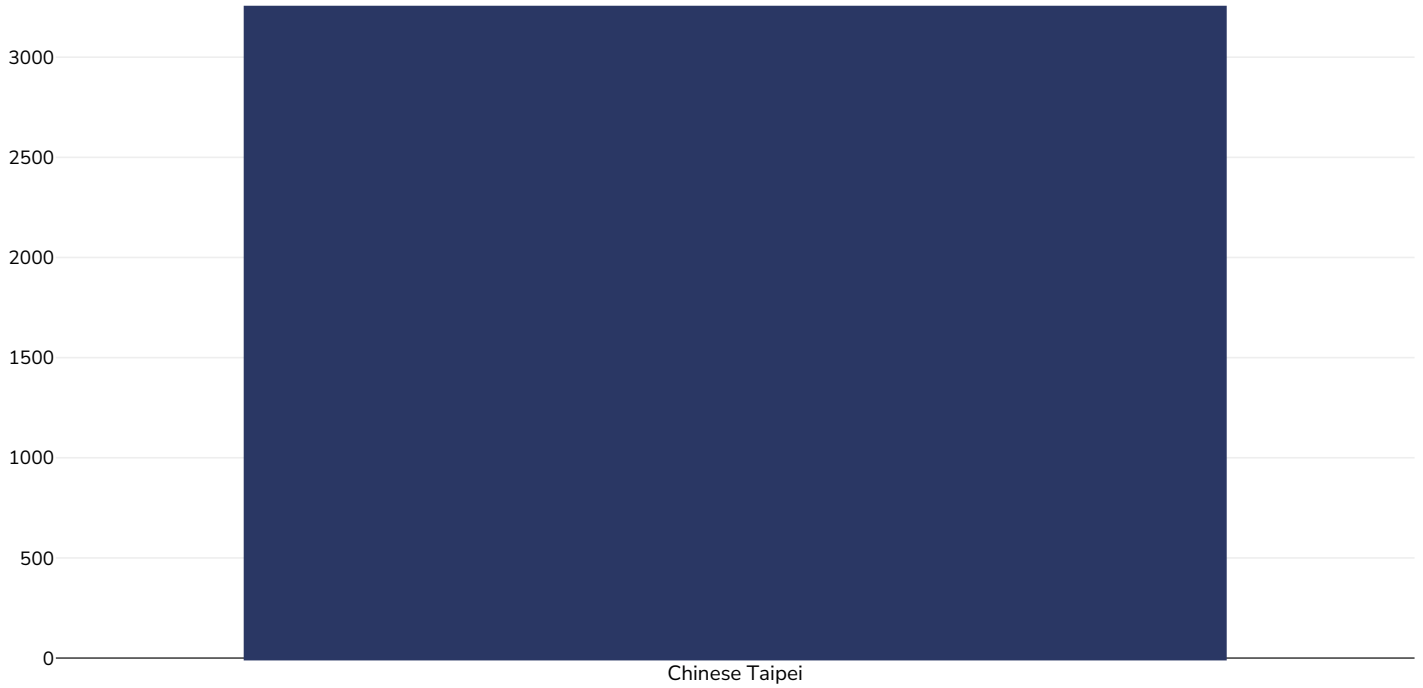
**Women, 2021**



<b>Age:</b>	20+
<b>Area covered:</b>	National
<b>References:</b>	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2021. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2023. Available from <a href="http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare">http://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare</a> . (Last accessed 23.04.25)
<b>Definitions:</b>	Number living with depression per 100,000 population (adults 20+ years)

## Mental health - anxiety disorders

Adults, 2023

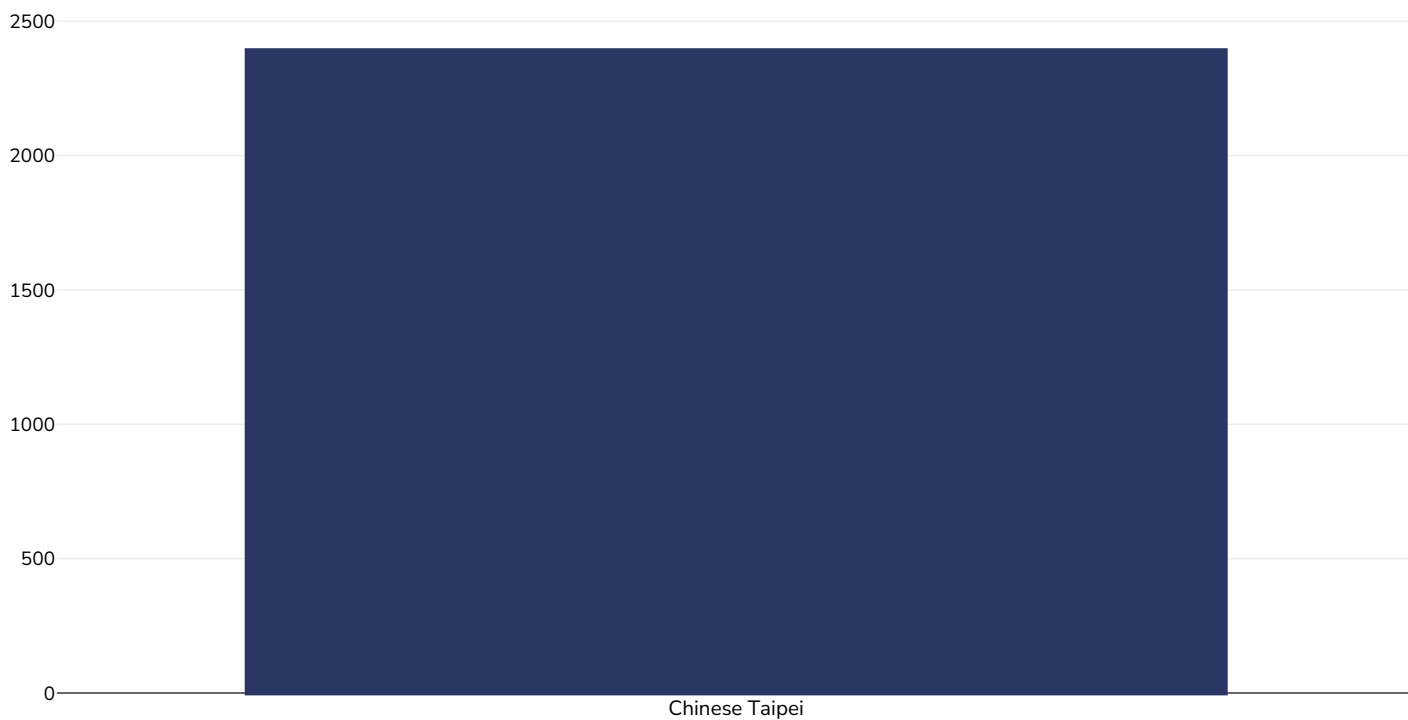


Age: 20+

References: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2023. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2025. Available from <https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare/> [Accessed 17.03.26]

Definitions: Number living with anxiety disorders per 100,000 population

### Men, 2023

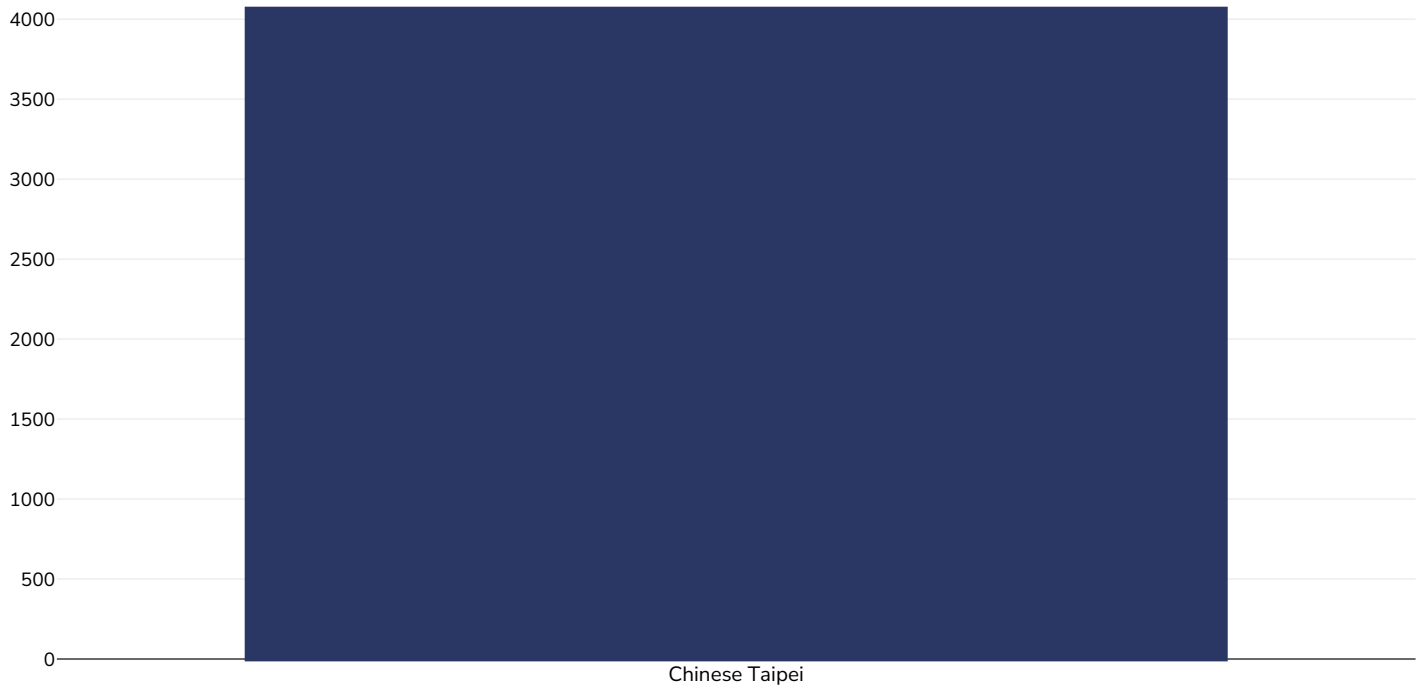


**Age:** 20+

**References:** Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2023. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2025. Available from <https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare/> [Accessed 17.03.26]

**Definitions:** Number living with anxiety disorders per 100,000 population

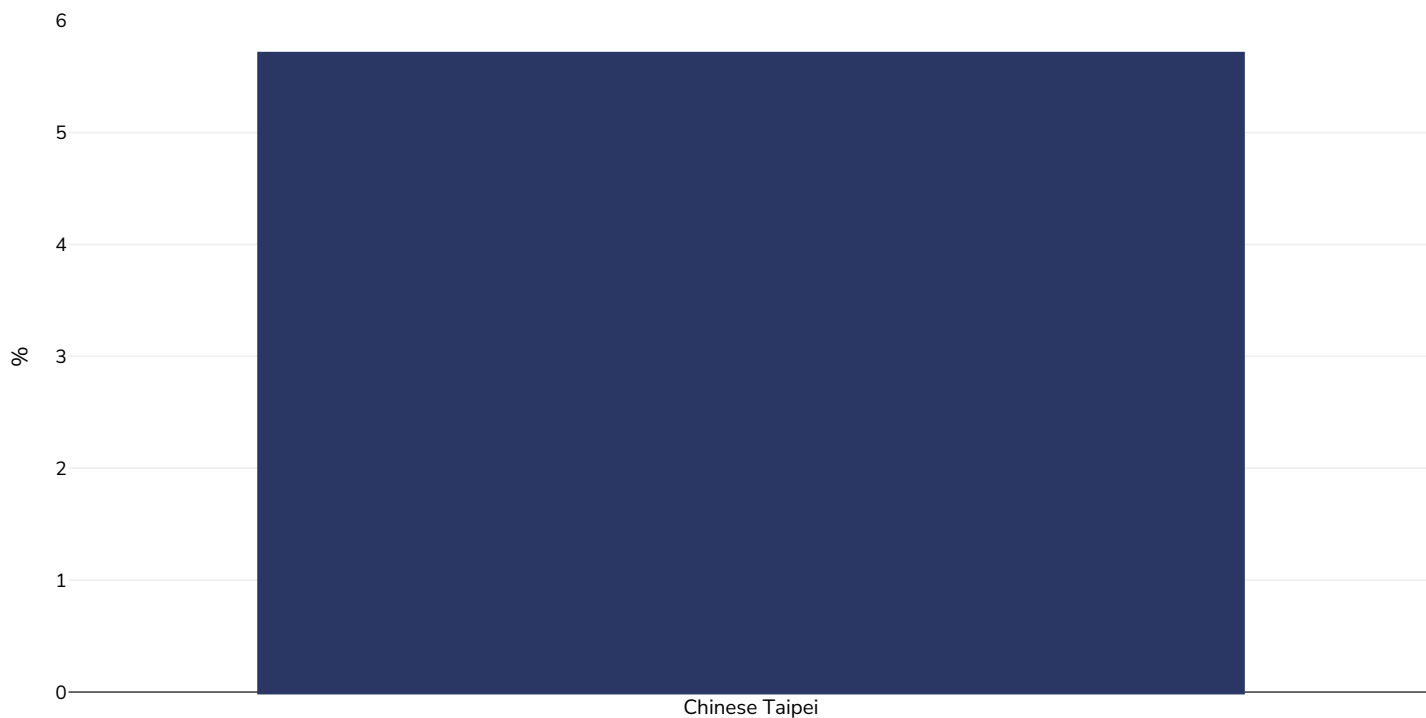
## Women, 2023



<b>Age:</b>	20+
<b>References:</b>	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (IHME). GBD Compare Data Visualization. Global Burden of Disease (GBD) Study 2023. Seattle, WA: IHME, University of Washington, 2025. Available from <a href="https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare/">https://vizhub.healthdata.org/gbd-compare/</a> [Accessed 17.03.26]
<b>Definitions:</b>	Number living with anxiety disorders per 100,000 population

## Percent of population who cannot afford a healthy diet

Adults, 2024-2024



Area covered:

National

References:

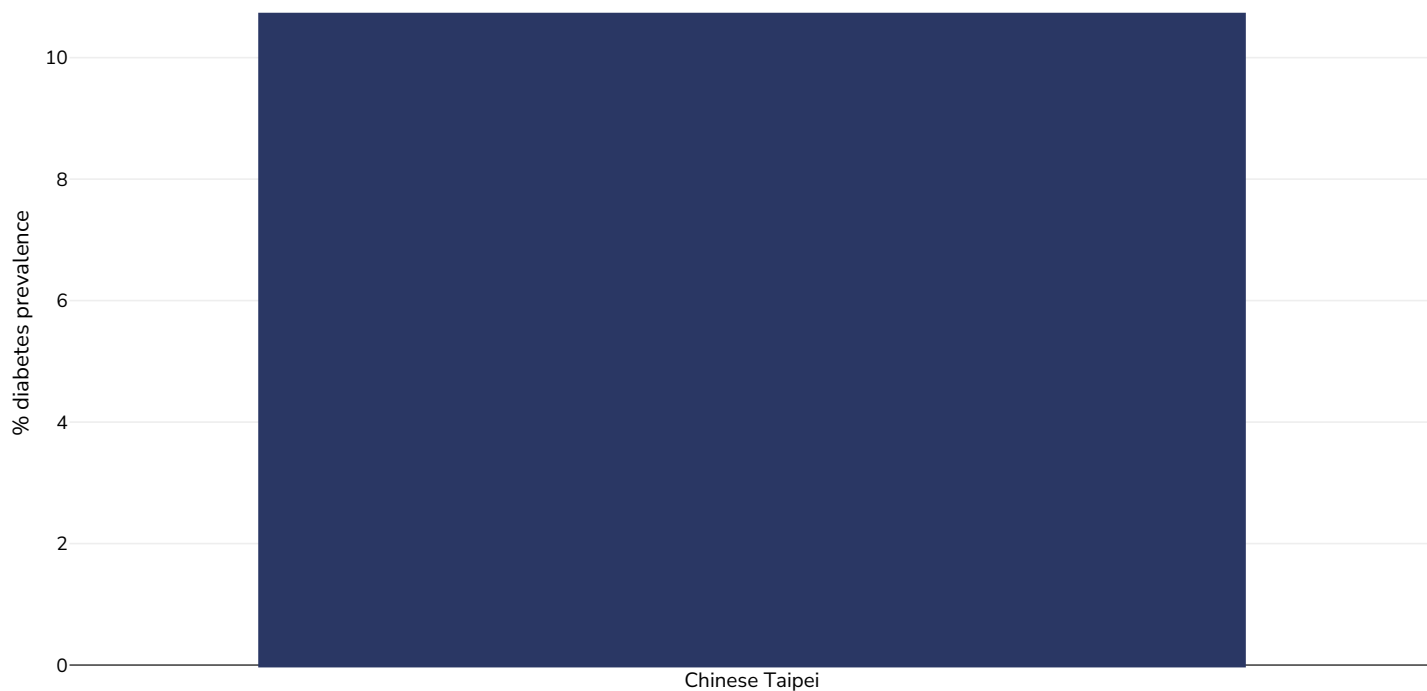
FAO. 2025. FAOSTAT: Cost and Affordability of a Healthy Diet (CoAHD). <https://www.fao.org/faostat/en/#data/CAHD>. Licence: CC-BY-4.0. [Last Accessed 15.10.25]

Notes:

The percent of the population whose food budget is below the cost of a healthy diet.

## Diabetes prevalence

### Adults, 2024



**References:** Reproduced with kind permission International Diabetes Federation. IDF Diabetes Atlas, 11th edn. Brussels, Belgium:International Diabetes Federation, 2025. <http://www.diabetesatlas.org>

PDF created on April 30, 2026